The Times

VOL. V. NO. 132. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1870 PRICE 3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

...OOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

...nform my customers and the public ...hat I am now receiving my Fall Stock of Foot Wear which will be ...le in every department, representing

...ATEST AND BEST STYLES

...dies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

...ck as usual is chosen with great care, ...rranted to give satisfaction, and at ...DEFYING COMPETITION.

...supply of Lumbermen's Wear always ...

...taken for all sorts of work. Only the ...men employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

...S WHELAN,

...39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

...G OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...es, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...merous other articles necessary to complete stock.

...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...ite fresh and cheap.

...EE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...DIES—Cognac Brandies; Renault & Co, Hen...per's and other brands.

...LAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood ...

...ES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

...and avor, at extremely low rices.

...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...'s Irish Whiskey.

...'s Old Irish Potteen.

...and London Porter, pts and qts.

...and other Ales.

...and Syrups, all grades.

...lers' prices.

...AD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...LING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

...ober ... 1105

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...ed under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

...FFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...PS, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...OND, Manager. 1141tf

...ANT TO ...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI... STORES AND OTHERS.

...give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ... of trade during the last four years ...pected me to enlarge my manufactory ...led to make the wholesale trade my ...rpose. ...I have now is undoubtedly the largest ..., and the question of quality is readily ... making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ... comparison with any imported. ...that and important fact is that being ... manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expen... enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...

...advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... who may favor me with their orders. ...S NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ... PostOffice, Ottawa. ... Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1196y

...H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

..., Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

...dvanced on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

...DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...more gentlemen can be accommodated ...ortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommo... the day or week at moderate rates. This house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 2191f

...VATE BILLS.

...rties intending to make application ... Legislature of Ontario for Private ... are hereby notified that they are ... by the 51st and following Rules of the ...e Assembly, (which are published in the ... Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the ...tion (clearly and distinctly specifying its ... object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and ... newspaper published in the County or ... Counties affected; such notice shall be ... in each case for a period of at least ... during the interval of time between the ... next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and ... notices to be sent to the Private Bill ...

...titions for Private Bills must be present... in the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the ...

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

...15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

...TICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit,

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the ...OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL ...DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI ... in and for the said County of Carleton, ...holden at the Court House in the City of ... on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, ... at TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ...ers, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and ... concerned, are required to take notice ... themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 6dwtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st,

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ment o West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter "city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, ... 23 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No. 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870 until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

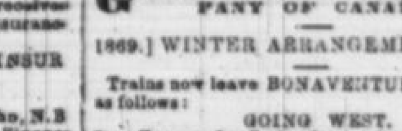
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do .... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express from Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

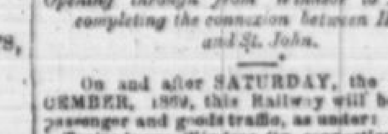
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Express* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1150y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway New York or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
Agents,
Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against FIRE, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker
and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1291 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, ... open for such subscriptions at the ... places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, st. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superseded all others

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON
Commission Merchant,
Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

1318 3m

Special Notices.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another *preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 40. 1006-4y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES.

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 300 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq. A R McMaster Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ready to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

THOROUGH BRED STOCK FOR SALE.

Several young short horn Durham BULLS and HEIFERS; Also Hampshire Down SHEEP, Berkshire PIGS, and BRAHMA POOTRA FOWLS, all from Stock imported by me from England and the United States.

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road, Ottawa.

1295 12 3awk

OTTAWA LITERARY CLUB.

The course of stated Lectures before the Club, will take place at Webster's Hall on the evenings indicated

Thursday, Feb. 17—BENJAMIN SULTE, Esq—Subject: "The Newspaper Press of Lower Canada."

Thursday, Feb. 24—CARROLL RYAN, Esq—Subject: "The Knights of Malta."

Thursday, March 3—H BEAUMONT SMALL, Esq—Subject: "The Language of Nature."

Thursday, March 10—CHARLES SANGSTER, Esq—Subject: "Canadian Poetry."

Thursday, March 17—A. J. CHRISTIE, Esq—Subject: "Reminiscences of Ottawa."

Thursday, March 24—GEORGE HENRY MACAULAY, Esq—Subject: "Commerce, Ancient and Modern, briefly reviewed and compared."

Thursday, March 31—HENRY JAS MORGAN, Esq—Subject: "A Few Pages from Canadian History."

Thursday, April 7—REV. Æ. McD. DAWSON—Subject: "The Late Thomas D'Arcy McGee."

Tickets of Admission may be obtained from any member of the Club.

The Lecture to commence each evening at 8 o'clock.

W McKAY WRIGHT,
President.

A J CHRISTIE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, January 24, 1870. 1264tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5uc, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
78 Sparks street.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby Directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death toook place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawk

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Mails	Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon.	9.00		11.50	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc	7.00	12 Noon.	9.00	8.00	11.50	
Halifax, N. S., every Monday and Thursday by steamers "Chase" and "Carlotta" from Portland						4.30
St. John, N. B.; daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor		12 Noon.				
United States	7.00	12 Noon.	8.00		11.30	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		4.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					3.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage			6.00	8.00	11.30	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00	12 Noon.			11.50	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00					6.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m

Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GEN. SHERIDAN IN DEFENCE OF THE PIEGAN EXPEDITION.

Headquarters, Military Division of Missouri, CHICAGO, Ill., March 18.

Gen. W. T. Sherman, Commanding United States Army, Washington, D. C.

GENERAL.—The further report of Col Baker in reference to the punishment of the Piegan Indians, has not been received. It seems strange that there should be such a want of knowledge of the position which Army Officers have to maintain in reference to Indian affairs. I have in my command at least 5,000 miles of frontier settlements, my chief and only duty being to give protection to the families residing on these long lines against the outrages of Indians. The Government has invited these settlers, by opening the lands to them for preemption and improvement. The number of men, women and children on his extended frontier is very great, and there is not a day, from one year's end to the other, that these families are exempt from the fearful thought of being murdered in the most fiendish manner—the men scalped, the women ravished, and the brains of the children dashed out When I said, in a previous letter, that 800 had met that fate since 1862, I was below the figure, and should have said 1,200. My duties are to protect these people. I have nothing to do with Indians but in this connection. There is scarcely a day in which I do not receive the most heart-rending appeals to save settlers from the cruel fate which may come upon them and I am forced to the alternative of choosing whether I shall regard their appeals, or allow them to be butchered, in order to save myself from the hue and cry of the people who know not the Indian, and whose families have not the fear, morning, noon and night, of being ravished and scalped by them. The wife of the man at the centre of wealth, civilization and refinement, is not more dear to him than is the wife of the pioneer of the frontier. I have no hesitation in making my choice. I am going to stand by the people over whom I am placed, and give them what protection I can. We have not the troops to place at each man's house to defend it, and have sometimes to take the offensive to punish for crimes already committed, in order to prevent the perpetration of others. In taking the offensive, I have to select that season when I can catch the fiends, and if a village is attacked, and women and children killed, the responsibility is not with the soldier, but with the people whose crimes necessitate the attack. During the war did any one hesitate to attack a village or town occupied by the enemy because women or children were within its limits? Did we cease to throw shells into Vicksburg or Atlanta because women or children were there? If the women and children were saved in these places it was because they had cellars to go into, and should any of the women or children of the Piegans have lost their lives, I sincerely regret that they had not similar places of refuge though I doubt if they would have availed themselves of them, for they fight with more fury than the men. The soldiers do not want to kill Indians. After long years of Indian frontier service, I am satisfied that they are the only good, practical friends the Indians have. We cannot avoid being abused by one side or the other If we allow the defenceless people on the frontier to be scalped and ravished, we are burned in effigy, and execrated as soulless monsters, insensible to the sufferings of humanity. If the Indian is punished, to give security to these people, we are the same soulless monsters from the other side. This is a bad predicament to be in, but, as I have said, I have made my choice, and I am going to stand by the people the Government has placed me here to protect. The reservation is the last ditch to the wild Indians, but to get him there he must be forced on by the troops. Those who think he can be induced to go there by other means are mistaken. When on the reservation he will have to be kept there by the presence of the troops, and thus become tangible for the good work of civilization, and he can only be protected in his rights by the troops keeping off the emigrants who encroach on his land. All these points are practically exhibited each year. The Cheyennes, Arrapahoes, Comanches, Kiowas, and Apaches have just been forced on by the troops. During the last year, as soon as I withdrew the troops from the Sac and Fox Reservation, the immigrants took possession A flood of emigration, almost 10,000 strong moved in solid mass and occupied the Osage Reservation, because there was no troops to keep them off All the other reservations on which the Indian may yet be placed will be lost in the same manner unless guarded by the military.

Yours, truly,

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieut.-Gen.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—In the House of Lords last night the Bill for the protection of life and property in Ireland, which has already passed the Commons, was read the first time. The other business was unimportant.

In the Commons the Marquis of Hartington, Postmaster General, in reply to a question of Mr. Oglivie, member for Dundee, said that owing to the recent reduction in the United States postage, steamers heretofore carrying the American mails had now refused them, consequently contracts had been made with German and other lines. Discontent with the present system had been officially brought to the notice of the American Postmaster General.

Mr. Otway, Under Foreign Secretary, said nothing had been done to procure the revision of the commercial treaty with France.

Lord Melton asked for the correspondence relative to the design of General Harvey to invade British territory on the Pacific Coast in 1859.

Mr. Monsell, Under Colonial Secretary, promised that the Government would produce all documents which could safely be made public.

Mr. Childers, First Lord of the Admiralty, defended the navy from the criticism made on its strength, and on the distribution of the fleets.

Mr. Newdegate moved an enquiry into the number and character of conventual and monastic institutions in the United Kingdom, and the manner in which taxes were assessed and collected therefrom. The motion was agreed to by two of a majority.

A motion for investigation into the causes of the removal of Dr. Madden from his position as magistrate gave rise to a heated debate which lasted until the adjournment.

A grand banquet was given last night at the residence of Mr. Motley, in honor of the Queen of the Netherlands. Among the guests were Charles Dickens, Wilkie Collins, Thos. Hughes, Robert Browning, Mrs. Caratone Norton, George Croke, and many other celebrities.

In the House of Commons, the House went into Committee on the Irish Land Bill.

A motion to adjourn the debate on the subject for a week was negatived.

Mr. Needham moved a continuation of the Ulster custom for compensating outgoing tenants.

Mr. Gladstone opposed the amendment, which was at length rejected.

Mr. Samuelson, member for Banbury, moved to extend the Ulster Custom throughout the kingdom.

Mr Gladstone opposed this also, as did the Attorney-General, and it was rejected on a division by 283 majority.

Subsequently the amendment for legalizing the amendment in Ulster itself was lost by 279 majority, when the House adjourned.

Mr. George Phelps has been appointed Attorney General.

The British Columbia correspondent of the London *Times* sounds the alarm at the quantity of American railroad bonds coming to this market.

In the House of Lords this evening Lord Dufferin moved the second reading of the Bill for the preservation of the peace in Ireland. He made a speech justifying the wisdom and necessity of the measure.

Lord Cranmore deplored the release of the Fenian convicts as a ministerial mistake.

The House, after some further discussion adjourned.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* accepts as semi-official the New York *Tribune's* defence of Secretary Fish for suppressing Lord Clarendon's comments on the *Alabama* claims. The correspondence says neither here nor in America can the excuse be satisfactory.

The new ironclad *Captain* has been ordered on a cruise, in company with the ironclad *Monarch*.

The Cuba cable fleet is now nearly ready to sail. It is the most perfectly appointed expedition of the kind ever despatched.

The practice of the University boat crews is improving.

Merry's black colt *McGregor*, by *Maccaroni*, out of *Necklace*, is now the favourite for betting on for the Derby.

The *City of Washington*, from New York, has arrived at Queenstown.

The *Ville de Paris* has sailed for Brest.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—During a lecture of Dr. Jardien yesterday, the students hissed and insulted the Professor, on account of a deposition made by him at Tours in favour of Prince Bonaparte. Dr. Jardien was obliged to quit the hall. While retiring, he declared he should resign his chair, and the announcement was received with bravos.

M. Tibaldi, a political prisoner at Cayenne, has been set free, and was expected in Europe at an early day.

The affairs of Isabella and her husband have been compromised, both parties have signed documents consenting to separation.

Ledru Rollin has arrived in Paris.

The police made a domiciliary visit to the residences of Louis Noir, Barbieux, and Chas. Hugo, editors of the *Rappel*, who have been prosecuted for articles on the trial at Tours.

The journals to-day announce that the Emperor has requested Prince Bonaparte to leave the country. It is reported he will go to America.

The conspiracy affair is assuming more importance. Orders were issued for the arrest of twenty persons, including Joseph Mazzini, Jesliz Ryal, Louis Blanc, and others not now in the country.

Despatches received from Rome state that the Council yielding to the representatives of the European Powers, will adjourn the discussion on Papal Infallibility until the latter part of May.

The Catholic laity of Switzerland are dissatisfied with the ultimatum of their bishops in the Council.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—The Count of Java, who fled from Spain a year ago, after having killed Senor O'Cosaga in a duel, has received indulgence from the penalties incurred, and is expected back soon.

It is generally supposed that this was done to pave the way for indulgence in the case of the Duke of Montpensier, who recently killed Don Henri de Bourbon. The Duke of Montpensier, however, has remained in Madrid since the duel.

In the Cortes Senor Rivero read the draft of a law for the levy of 40,000 fresh troops. The introduction of the measure has created a sensation.

The projected law for the preservation of public order is strongly opposed, because it gives the Government exceptional powers.

CUBA.

HAVANA.—Captain General De Rodas, on his arrival at Puerto Principe, issued a proclamation to the insurgents, in which he said:—Although you are rebels, I do not seek your lives, and advise you to submit in time to save yourselves, for as soon as operations have commenced in this Eastern Department, they will be prosecuted with energy. All those who surrender their arms to any legitimate authority will be well received, and their lives are hereby guaranteed; but from the benefit of this offer, your principal leaders and the officers of the so-called Government are excluded."

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sale of Ordnance Land—E. Parent.
Millinery and Mantles—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

One of the members of the House of Commons received a letter, of which the following is an extract: "Hon. Mr. Howland, the leader of the Government of Prince Edward Island, has returned from Washington, and has entered into a treaty with the American Government, so that all kinds of their produce is admitted into the United States market on the most favourable terms. Mr. Howland states that if the British Government refuse to ratify this arrangement they are determined to carry it on independent of any impediment from England."

SPY SHOOTING.

There is no feature in the war of American Independence so touching as the death of Andre. His conference with Arnold, his capture, his youthful appearance, his rare accomplishments, and his whole general conduct and character elevate the "spy" to the rank of a hero. It seems a pity that Washington could not have spared Andre's life. The desertion of Arnold, the vigorous, dashing, talented continental officer to the side of King George could not have been checked by the destruction of the spy, whose honied words and well-timed representations changed Arnold from a rebel into a loyalist. But the rules of war exacted the death penalty, and Washington, with stern justice, inflicted it. The war between the King's troops and the Continental army had existed, for a long time, with varying success, before the treachery of Arnold, through the instrumentality of Andre. Long before this took place Arnold had distinguished himself before Quebec in concert with Montgomery, and had shown with what zeal he could conduct an attack from boats on Lake Champlain. There was actual strife and positive armed organization on the side of the Continental rebels. How different is the condition of matters at Red River, where a Mr. Scott has been, it is alleged, shot, with the approval of Riel? There is no war at Winnipeg. Fort Garry is not besieged. The people who ordinarily inhabit the territory are yet unmolested. With the exception of a volunteer raid or two there has been no warlike demonstration, and why should Riel, in full, and at present, undisputed possession, kill, in cold blood, only one man. The killing was of so solitary a character as to make the killing a crime. Had Scott been shot in the act of aggression and while accompanied by others like himself, his death would not have been considered in any other light than that of an accident. The chances of war would have decided his fate, and there the matter would have ended. But this unfortunate man is slain because he did a wrong against the people of Fort Garry, as the people of Fort Garry imagine. This man Scott promised to remain quiet by a solemn obligation and neglected to do so. Now, it was clearly wrong for Mr. Scott to break his pledge, but it was also clearly wrong in Mr. Riel to exact it. Who gives Riel his authority? Has he by virtue of the vote of a public meeting any legal right to take the life of a fellow creature who differed from him in political opinion? That is the point to be considered. There was no tyranny to be resisted in the death of Scott. His death cannot be supposed to influence the fate of the Red River settlement, but it may very seriously influence the fate of Riel. It weakens the moral power, which Riel possessed. Before this happened he stood in the representative position of a number of persons requiring a certain amount of consideration. He is now in the position of a man, believing that he is strong enough to do as he pleases, and yet without the ability to do so. A single death, politically speaking, is now a matter of very little consequence. The Duke de Montpensier and Prince Pierre Napoleon slay without disturbing to any great extent, the current of human affairs. But those great personages had a seeming necessity for doing so, while Riel could have had neither necessity nor justification for shooting Scott. It is a wanton destruction of life. There was no need for it. The territory is not yet invaded and the slaying of Scott without any real reason for it is one of those deplorable mistakes which are no sooner committed than repented of.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

The adjourned debate on this Bill was resumed yesterday at noon. Sir George E. Cartier in the Chair. Hon Mr Abbott submitted replies to Mr. Holton's queries of the day before, showing that the capital stock *bona fide* subscribed was $800,000 on which the first call of 10 per cent. or $80,000 had been paid in and expended, and an advance of $20,000 had been paid in and out upon the second call, not yet due, making $100,000 expended. Twenty-eight and a half miles were under contract, at the moderate price of $17,620 per mile for a broad gauge road, with a rail weighing 63 lbs. per yard. The iron was contracted for, amounting to 3,250 tons, at a cost of $189,000, was shipped and would arrive in May. Locomotives to the value of $36,000 were also under contract. About 300 men and over fifty horses were now at work, and this force will be increased as rapidly as the melting of the snow will permit. The Directors are Hon. John Hamilton, (Inkerman); Hon J. J. C. Abbott, M.P; L. Beaubien, Esq, M.P.P.; R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P.; Alderman Rodden, Montreal; D. Stark, (Managing Director and Chief Engineer), and John Ashworth, Esquires, Ottawa; Messrs. Rivers and Lowe, of Brockville; and the President, John G. Richardson, Esq. The pledges of municipal aid which had been made to the Canada Central and the Northern Colonization Company Mr. Abbott showed amounted to about two millions of dollars. Mr. Holton rose and expressed himself perfectly satisfied with the exhibit, and Sir George E. Cartier made the remark that he had been in the Committee since 1851, and had never before seen a new enterprise brought before it under better auspices.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald then violently attacked the original corporators as a set of "land" sharks, and censured the successive Parliaments of old Canada which had from time to time mollified the conditions of the first charter, though apparently without effect. He also accused Bolkow & Vaughan of taking up the scheme only to get hold of the land, whereupon Mr. Abbott made the important announcement that any land earned by the completion of the Carleton Place and Ottawa section would not be the property of Bolkow & Vaughan, and would not even accrue to the stockholders on this section only, but be the property of the Canada Central Company, and thus be applied to the whole line. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald complained that the Legislature had allowed the company to make the detour to Carleton Place, and to get land on this mileage. Sir Francis Hincks replied forcibly to the Ontario Premier showing that a much greater detour exists in the Grand Trunk, between Montreal, and Quebec, via Richmond. That no land was, or could be, obtained until the road was built, and that the very principle of the legislation for so many years was *that any one who would build so many miles of railway in any of the sections covered by the charter* was to receive a corresponding amount of land, and that no better use of the land could be made. Mr. Dorion spoke strongly in favour of the road and the absurdity of the niggardly policy now proposed with reference to the land, with which he declared the committee had nothing to do. He shewed that the Quebec Government were selling the pick of their lands at 2s. per acre, and at this rate the value of the 12,000 acres per mile was only $5,000. Mr. Mackenzie, of Lambton, doubted whether the company had not forfeited their right to further extension by past delays, arguing that they had waited till the lands had increased in value and the difficulties in construction had diminished, a statement which was perfectly true, but which appears to us the strongest justification for the delay complained of. If the land grant had been such a prize as is now contended the company would never have let it slip through their grasp to the extent they have done. The naked fact is, that there must have been either a greater quantity of land given in the first place, or that the relations between the value of lands and cost of construction should be so improved by lapse of time as to make it possible for the company to proceed.

This is evidently by far the most important measure which has yet come before the Committee and the deep interest taken in it is evinced by the crowded attendance, and by the insignificant presence of Mr. Brydges who with his solicitor Mr. John Bell were in the room throughout the proceeding. Mr. Brydges arrived last night, Mr. Bell watched the proceedings during the first day and both were in frequent communication with the Premier of Ontario. A part which has created deep anxiety in the minds of the friends of the Bill. No one can blame Mr. Brydges for desiring to see this project stifled in its birth. Doubtless his constituents look to him to offer it the most strenuous opposition. A direct railway between Ottawa and Montreal will undoubtedly take some traffic from both the G. T. Railway and the St Lawrence, and Ottawa and it is perhaps to be regretted that no great public good can be effected without influencing unfavourably some existing interests. The excitement is increasing and there will evidently be a great struggle for the mastery, as the Premier of Ontario insisted on further adjournment until noon to-day, to enable him to make further efforts and to marshal his forces against the Bill. We await the result with much anxiety, but confident that the committee will do justice in the premises and not destroy the only hope of an Ottawa Valley Railway without at the same time substituting some other equally efficient machinery for securing what every one admitted was a great public necessity.

THE PRINTING CONTRACT.

With reference to the Printing Contract Mr. Taylor has consulted the most eminent lawyer in the city, who advises that he is entitled to be paid for composition under his contract as Parliamentary Printer at 20 cents, and under the Departmental contract at 12½ cents, which makes 32½ cents for one composition. Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co., under the previous contract, received 28 cents. A journeyman's wages for composition is 25 cents, so that it appears that Mr. Taylor, in obtaining double pay, only makes a profit of 7½ cents per 1,000 ems, which does not appear to be too much for the use of type, rent of office, light, taxes, firewood, and other contingencies. Until now the different tenders for the printing have not been made known. We have not seen them, but understand from several members who have made the calculation that the tender of Mr. Taylor was not the lowest. We shall take the pains of investigating the whole matter and speak of it to-morrow. This, of course, will be a subject on which the Joint Printing Committee of both Houses will require to be satisfied upon if Mr. Taylor succeeds in establishing his legal right to double pay, his contract is a good one. If, on the contrary, he only receives pay upon one contract, it will be a losing business with him.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

On motion to go into Committee on the Banking Bill Hon. Mr. Holton made some remarks condemnatory of the scheme as a compromise between incompatible systems. He held that no exception should be made in favour of the Bank of British North America. And he condemned the clause which insists on Banks keeping one-third of reserves in Dominion notes.

Hon Sir G. E. Cartier stated his individual opinion that Government issues were better than Bank issues, in that they were based on the credit of the whole country. It was especially desirable Government should issue notes of small denomination which went into the hands of the poor people. The wealthier classes and merchants could understand better the credit of Banks issuing large notes. The Bank of Montreal has seen more clearly the effect of the Provincial Notes Act than other Banks, and had availed itself of it.

Mr. Cartwright said the other Banks had seen clearly enough the effects of that measure in the interest of Banks, but in Ontario they saw that availing themselves of it would have caused great inconvenience to the public.

Mr. Mackenzie condemned the issue of Dominion Notes as a mere mode to get money from Government.

Mr Jones approved of the Government issue of notes, and held that the Finance Minister was greatly to be applauded for the issue of fractional notes, to do away with the silver nuisance.

Messrs. Street and Gibbs warmly condemned Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier for saying that Dominion notes were better than Bank notes. Nothing could be better than Bank notes, redeemable in gold.

Mr. Cartwright said he had an amendment to move, to exempt Banks from holding part of reserves in Dominion notes, provided they withdrew from issue of circulation.

Hon. Sir F. Hincks said the Government would utterly oppose the amendment, which was moved in the interest of the Bank of Montreal. It would introduce in another form an evil they sought to cure, namely, a system that was not uniform

Mr. Cartwright would not move till the concurrence in the report of the Committee came up.

Mr. Mackenzie moved to strike out the exception respecting the Bank of British North America. The Ministry and several members of the House resisted. The amendment was withdrawn to be moved again at concurrence.

The Bill passed through the Committee, and also the Dominion Notes Bill.

Mr. Chipman, member for Kings, Nova Scotia, was taken to the Protestant Hospital yesterday afternoon, labouring under an attack of small pox. Since the panic of 1854 which seized upon the members of the Canada House of Assembly when Mr. Terrill died of cholera, there has been no such consternation as that which prevailed among the members of the House of Commons on Mr. Chipman's illness being made known.

Speech by William Jacobs before His Excellency.

We have come as a portion of the Six Nations to lay before you the regulations we have so long existed under. There are many of us who still adhere to those regulations. It is a long time since we have had the pleasure of appearing before the representative of Her Majesty. We have always adhered to the treaty made by our forefathers in keeping the grass and bush from growing between us. We adhere strongly to the belief of the great spirit, although we are called Pagans. When we came to this country, our regulations or agreement was shown us; our nation was strong, and the agreement was strong, and we still wish it to remain so; that you keep in your ship, and we in our canoe. It never was expressed or understood we were to abandon the rules of our forefathers. The late Act passed in 1869 conflicts with the agreement made with the British Government and our forefathers. We were never consulted, and think it will not work satisfactory. We beg the repeal of said Act. I never was contemplated we should be governed the same as the whites. We prefer living as our forefathers did. I speak on behalf of the Cayugas, Onondagas and Senecas. Should any of our people remove from the reserve, they are still a part of the Six Nations, and entitled to all benefits, let them be where they will.

Dr. Oronhyatekha.

We are pleased to learn that the New England Company have instructed Dr. Oronhyatekha to proceed at once to the Six Nation Indians reservation and deliver a series of lectures on Physiology.

The Indians generally expose themselves so much, and are so apt to disregard the ordinary laws of health, that we apprehend great benefit will result from these lectures. The doctor being a thorough master of his subject, will be able no doubt to fully explain the laws of Physiology to his Indian brethren and as we learn that the doctor will deliver these lectures in the Mohawk language, the Indians will be able to comprehend them to their advantage. Due notice of the time and place of these lectures will be given by proper posters.

Nothing can be more gratifying to every philanthropist than to note the great interest the New England Company manifest in everything that concerns the welfare of the Indians, and its readiness at all times to promote whatever measures are calculated to better their condition.

The doctor is also, we believe, commissioned to explain the objects and intentions of the Hon. Mr. Langevin's Indian Act, and to ascertain what amendments (if any) are desired by the Indians, with the view of having them submitted for the consideration of the Government.

The Rev. R. J. Roberts, the Company's missionary agent at Kanyeagch, has been desired to pay the doctor for his troubles and expenses.—*Brantford Courier.*

The Case of Distress.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

Dear Sir—Since the last acknowledgment the following donations have been received by me in behalf of this *Widow Cox and family*. The whole amount to this date is the not very large sum of $40. If the Ordnance Department insists on the payment now due, $26 must go to Government, and the balance left is but a poor thing to fall back upon for four months to come, and see the Widow through her confinement. I can assure the public that Mrs Cox is now doing all that woman can do to help herself, and is well deserving of sympathy. Surely the ladies of Ottawa might make up at least $50 for a poor sister so sadly and suddenly bereaved.

Yours &c.,
T. BEDFORD-JONES.

March, 30 1869

A Friend	$1 00
H. Chepmell Esq	1 00
Mrs. Curtis	1 00
"G"	2 00
Private	1 00
Friend R. S. D.	1 00

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—In your issue of the 15th inst., a letter from the Rev. Dr. Jones appears, headed "A case of urgent distress," the object of the reverend gentleman's sympathy being the widow and children of the late William Cox.

The Doctor's appeal on behalf of this bereaved family is as commendable as it is urgent, but in his anxiety to promote the welfare of others, he has inadvertently fallen into error.

William Cox, in his lifetime, was a member of the Ottawa Unity Protestant Benefit Society, but, as he had only been on its roll ten months, his family was not at the time of his decease entitled to any of the benefits of the Association referred to. *The Society, however, defrayed the expense of his medical attendant,* and, in addition to this, a sum of $25 was subscribed by certain members of the Society, and was handed over to Mrs. Cox.

I have ventured to seek the insertion of the above facts in the columns of your paper, in justice to the Society, of which I am a member.

I am, Sir,
Your Obed't Serv't,
W. MILLS,
Honorary Secretary,
Ottawa Unity Protestant Benefit Society.
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 12414

Is Health Worth Having?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business.

Hon Mr. SEYMOUR moved the consideration of the second report of the Select Committee on Contingent Accounts.

The report recommends the payment of a salary of $400 per year to Mr. Todd, Librarian of the House of Commons, with the object of making him also an officer of the Senate, and securing to the Senators better service and attendance in the Library.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU said, two years ago, the Library Committee adopted a report recommending that, in consequence of the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Adamson, then Librarian of the Senate, the other officers attached to the Library and who had been appointed by the House of Commons, should be formally recognized as being also on the staff of the Senate, and required to render such services as might be appropriate to the positions they respectively occupied. In consequence of the additional duty and responsibility thus imposed upon them, certain allowances were recommended to be made, out of the contingencies of the Senate, to Messrs. Todd, Lajoie and Laperriere. That report, I think, was adopted without any opposition by the Committee; but when it was subsequently presented to this House, one of the hon. gentlemen representing the Government suggested a postponement of the consideration of the report, intimating that it would be desirable to adopt certain arrangements by which the members of the Senate would be placed with regard to the Parliamentary Library and all the officers of the Library, on the same footing as the members of the House of Commons. The suggestion appeared so just, that the adoption of the report was postponed *nemine contradicente*. The Session was closed without a word more being said about it. It was generally expected that the subject would come before this House during the following Session that is, the Session of 1869; but no; the whole Session passed without any further step being taken on the part of the Senate. It is only at the beginning of the present session that our Committee on Contingencies, not the Committee of the Library, came with a report, declaring that it was desirable to secure for the Senate the services of the Librarian of the House of Commons, which report was followed by the report which is now submitted, recommending that four hundred dollars be granted annually to Mr. Todd, out of the contingencies of this House, for his services to the Senators, in connection with the Library. Now, it seems to me that this is not the proper step to be taken. If Mr. Todd is the Librarian of the House of Commons, and of the House of Commons only, we have no right to buy his services, without a previous consent from his employers. There is a more fair, more regular, more natural course to be pursued. It is not a question of money for the Senate, it is a question of dignity. The Library being a joint Library, let all the officers of that Library be declared officers of both Houses. If we adopt this report as it is, without any other remedy being afforded, the officers of the Library, except Mr. Todd, must be considered as the servants of the House of Commons only, and will have a right to refuse their services to the members of the Senate. If they serve us, it will be by mere courtesy and because their time is not then required by any member of the other House. Is not this humiliating for us? Suppose that Mr. Todd might be there to answer every demand, and at any time, which is hardly possible, what will be the position of the Senators who do not speak the English language, since it is well known that Mr. Todd does not speak French. Is it to be supposed that such members will never have any enquiries or researches to make. I understand perfectly well the motives which have prevented the Committee on Contingencies from securing the services of all the officers of the Library; they have been afraid of paying a few hundred dollars more. They have not remarked that if part of Mr. Todd's time is employed in giving explanations to Senators, in his capacity of constitutional and Parliamentary adviser, his duties of Librarian will have to be, during that time, performed by his assistants. And, in that case, is it not just that they should receive compensation? I am ready to acknowledge Mr. Todd's merits; he is always attentive, polite, obliging, and certainly one of the most able public servants. I will see with pleasure his salary increased. But at the same time I don't think it just to neglect his assistants. Mr. Todd receives already from five to six hundred dollars more than Mr. Lajoie. Mr. Lajoie, it is true, does not pretend to be at all acquainted with Parliamentary law; but in all the other branches of knowledge, he is certainly Mr. Todd's equal. He is besides familiar with both the French and English languages, and he has followed a classical course of studies, which is certainly of some value in a large library as our national library. He is particularly familiar with Canadian history, and has sometimes occasion to render good service in that line. In reading recently one of the works of the great American historian—*Parkman: Discovery of the great West*—I remarked with pleasure that he was thanking M. Lajoie for the assistance he had received from him in his enquiries. Mr. Lajoie has very likely occasion to render many services of that kind, but which are left unknown. He is called Assistant Librarian, but if he is Assistant for the English part of the Library, he is, in fact, chief Librarian for the French, which forms, I think, one-third of the whole Library. When, in the year 1856, Mr. Lajoie, who was then one of the French translators of the Legislative Assembly, was appointed by Mr. Speaker Sicotte, Assistant Librarian, there was no catalogue of the Library. To prepare a good catalogue of a general Library the knowledge of both French and English languages is indispensable. In the following years were published those enormous volumes containing the catalogue *raisonné* of our collection of books, as it was then. Mr. Lajoie was not alone to prepare that catalogue, but none had a larger share in its preparation. The same thing may be said of the other smaller catalogues, published from time to time since 1858. In fact, his attention has always been entirely devoted to the Library, and if we possess now a Library as complete as any on this continent, a Library which we can show with pride to *savants* and strangers, Mr. Lajoie's name may be associated with that of Mr. Todd in the honour which our country will receive from it. Now, I ask you, hon. gentlemen, is it not strange that Mr. Lajoie who, when he entered the Library in 1856, was receiving £400 a year, is now receiving only £393. Yes, after fourteen years service, when the Library has become twice as large, when life has become dearer, his salary has been reduced for the sake of saving a few pounds to the Exchequer. Is it the treatment that faithful and able public servants have a right to expect from the representatives of the country? For my part, I have no objection to pay our Librarians liberally. Their attendance in the Library is required the whole year round. To perform their functions satisfactorily, they must have acquired by close application and study, more than ordinary notions in all the branches of human knowledge. They must be remunerated for their services, not like mere copyists, but like at least ordinary professional men. In speaking of Mr. Todd's assistants, I have mentioned only Mr. Lajoie's name, because I know him personally, but I am told that Mr. Laperriere who has been attached to the Library for nearly twenty years, deserves also to be rewarded for his industry and for the services which he renders. He has been for several years compiling our Parliamentary debates, and the excellent index which he has made for every volume is extremely useful. Besides that, he is continually engaged with some work or other under Mr. Todd's direction, copying, making researches, taking notes, cataloguing, classifying books, addressing circulars, &c., &c. I have no doubt that Mr. Todd would be the first to bear testimony to his usefulness and industry. It must be observed that although Mr. Todd's assistants are almost exclusively entrusted with the French part of the library, most of their time and labours are spent in connection with the English part. It has been spoken of dividing the Library into two distinct parts, and of appointing a French as well as an English Librarian. There will certainly result very good advantages from such an arrangement, and I can only say here that no one would more readily consent to it than the French officers of the Library.

After considerable discussion the report was adopted.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of Seamens Clothing better protection Bill.—Carried.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Official Arbitrators' powers extension Bill.

Hon. Mr WILMOT in the chair.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he had made enquiries, his attention having been called to the matter for by the Hon. Letellier de St. Just the other day, and found that the Bill did not provide for or give the privilege of appeal from the arbitrators, award, and this was contrary to the provision in the Board of Works Act. It had been in found practice that such a provision was practically useless, for, among other reasons arbitrators did not keep a record to go before the Appeal Court. But this would not be an injustice to parties who had arbitration cases with the Government for, as a general rule, the awards were made against the Government and in favor of contractors.

After some discussion the Committee rose and reported the Bill with one or two verbal amendments.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Militia Commissioners Signing Bill, which simply provided that the Governor General's signature may be stamped instead of written on Militia Commissions.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that a telegram had been received from the New York agent of Messrs. Inman in respect to the landing of a case of small-pox at Halifax from the *City of Brussels*, which stated that the master called at the port for 450 tons of coal, his vessel having encountered heavy weather, and that having a case of sickness on board, he took the opportunity of landing the passenger as a matter of duty. It would thus be seen, therefore, that the vessel was driven to the port in quest of coal to complete the voyage, and not for the purpose of landing a passenger there to evade quarantine at New York.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY was understood to say that the master of the vessel, on arriving at the port, denied that his case of sickness was one of small-pox, and to say, also, that the pilot who took the vessel into port was censurable.

After some remarks from Hons. Messrs. HAZEN and MITCHELL the matter was dropped, and the House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3.20.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER presented a petition from the members of the Legislative Council of Nova Scotia and Bankers and Merchants of Halifax, praying for the imposition of a duty on coal.

Mr. MAGILL presented several petitions in favour of protection.

The Committee on Banking presented their fourth report, reporting the Bill to incorporate the Sun Insurance Co. of Montreal.

Mr. MACFARLANE introduced a Bill to enable Railway, Tunnel and Bridge Companies to settle their differences with other companies by arbitration.

The Census Bill was read a third time.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved that the House go into Committee on Banks and Banking.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that he had not had an opportunity previously of expressing his opinion on this measure, and he would therefore make a few remarks upon it now. The first thing that struck him on looking at the scheme was its incompleteness—especially when compared with the scheme of last year—which, whatever other faults it had, was certainly in itself most complete. The present scheme was a petty one—a mere composition of shreds, rags and patches—the offshoot of a combination between the hon. gentlemen opposite and some of the leading Bankers. It was the result of narrow-minded ideas—a stealthy and sinister advance towards a system which the people of the country were not prepared to adopt. He characterised the compulsory keeping by Banks of a reserve of Dominion notes as a forced loan to the extent of fifty per cent on their capital. He had heard no valid reason for taking possession of the small note circulation nor could he see why the Bank of British North America should be exempted from the clauses of the Act to which it was proposed to subject all the other Banks.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the House must now be satisfied that they had got Achilles out of his tent, for if there was any question on which it was desirable to obtain the opinion of the member for Chateaugay it was this, as he had filled the position of Finance Minister for eight months, but he was in fact a born financier and understood by nature any questions connected with tariffs or Banking. It was a pity he only restricted his talents to criticism. Although the subject had been before the House for some time, yet they had heard nothing from the hon. member, due partly to an impediment in his voice now fortunately removed. If there was a leader of the camps opposite it was he, and he should not have limited himself to the criticism, that this was mere a wedge to introduce his favourite project of a Bank of Issue by the Finance Minister. True, he might say he was not bound to advise Her Majesty's Ministers, but he was supposed to hold an opinion, and when the Government of the day does not bring forward a satisfactory measure, it was the duty of the Opposition to place in the Speaker's hands a resolution affirming their policy. They had brought forward yesterday an amendment to embarrass the Government but it suited both parties and they engurgitated it easily. He did not think the taunts of the hon. gentleman right. The scheme was simply adopting partially the policy of the late Provincial Government when the Dominion note system was initiated, which proposed that the circulation of all the Banks should be assumed. The Banks then could not be deprived of their circulation without indemnity, which was authorised. Only one Bank, that of Montreal, accepted the scheme, and it was reduced to the purchase of the circulation of that Bank to an amount not exceeding $8,000,000. The Government to-day had to deal with the Currency and Bank Charters. It was quite another thing now from what it had been then. It was maintained that the Government was placing itself in contradiction to their former action, but he denied this. They had been accused of giving the Bank of Montreal a monopoly, but this was from their own fault, and when they applied for admission to the arrangement, it was found that the law of 1866 would not admit of this. The Government could do nothing to deprive the Bank of Montreal of the privilege it had secured when the benefits were problematical, and it had the right to resume its circulation by giving six months' notice. The difference between the law of 1866 and last year's, was that in the one the notes were to run in the name of the Government, and in the other in the name of the Banks, with Government guarantee. To the Bill of Hon. Mr. Rose, objections were taken by Banks, chiefly in Ontario, on the ground of the want of elasticity when it was necessary to save the crops, &c. He did not know how they could secure the elasticity they proposed to have, as their charters did not give it them. Of course the Banks had to be consulted in the matter, and the scheme had to be abandoned. He, as a shareholder, was willing to give the Banks all power for legitimate purposes, but not beyond that. By the present Bill it was proposed to give the power to banks to issue to a certain amount, but not below four dollars. It was necessary to secure Durrency for the country. He did not think any Minister of Finance would have dared to have proposed to give the Banks the right to issue any amount of promises to pay, which were not legal tenders. He knew that there were some so prone to advocate the cause of the Banks that they would be willing to give the Banks power to issue notes and declare them to be legal tenders. They were mere promises to pay.

Mr. MACKENZIE—What are yours?

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—They are promises to pay based on the wealth of the country, but the others might be shinplasters.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the Minister of Militia said the small Bank notes were shinplasters. Then why give them power to issue the larger notes? It seemed to him to be even more objectionable.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he was misunderstood. He said if the term shinplasters was applied to Dominion notes *a fortiori* it should be applied to notes of Banks. The Dominion had a power of solvency not possessed by the Banks. They knew the farmers were in the habit of having chiefly one and two dollar notes, while the larger notes were in the hands of merchants, who were better able to take care of themselves. Had the position been reversed the large notes would not have reached the poor people. It would have been better if the circulation had been all in the hands of the Government. Banking and the issue of notes were two distinct things although this was not well understood, they had adopted a mixed scheme in which they regarded the safety of the poorer classes as the first concern. He hoped the member for Chateauguay would go on and state his own view and what he would have done.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he remembered the reply of Sir Robert Peel when he was similarly challenged which was that it was unprofessional to prescribe until the physician was called in. Not having been called in, he (Mr. Holton) did not feel it incumbent upon him to prescribe for the patient which, in this case was a long suffering country.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT desired to correct the statement several times made that Upper Canada Banks were indiscreet in refusing to take Government circulation under Sir A. T. Galt's Bill. He pointed out that in the state of the money market at that time, and the proposal being of the nature of forced loan, it would have been most disastrous to Ontario to have accepted it, although it would have been advantageous to the larger Banks. He objected to the policy of forced loans, the last one being employed to cover up the deficit of the previous five or six years.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the Hon. Sir George E. Cartier had not met several of the points. Although Mr. Holton had not felt himself called upon to prescribe in this case, yet he (Mr. Mackenzie) would tell what he thought a proper system of Banking for this country. He believed the best system of Banking, including in the term the issue of paper as the representative of money, was one based upon commercial credit, entirely unconnected with the Government. The scheme of the hon. gentleman appeared to be one of raising forced loans in order to wipe off the floating debt of the Province. If the Banks were not capable of issuing small notes safely, the gentlemen opposite were not right in allowing them to issue large notes. If the hon. gentleman said the small notes of Banks were based on nothing, his shinplasters were based on big ones (laughter). He was glad to hear from the hon. gentleman that this was only the beginning of a scheme which would only be complete when the Government had charge of the whole issue of the country.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that was only his own private opinion. He had not spoken as a member of the Government.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the hon. gentleman could not divest himself of his ministerial responsibility. The Minister of Finance had also spoken in the same strain. He (Mr. Mackenzie) was afraid of the scheme resulting in an irredeemable paper Currency, and he washed his hands of any support of the measure.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had held, thirty years ago, the opinion that a Bank of issue was advisable, but still he had never felt it his duty to advance his theoretical opinions into effect. It was not fair for gentlemen opposite to bring up the question of his private opinions The subject before the House was the policy upon which the Government had agreed, not his own private theoretical opinions.

Mr. JONES (Leeds) thought that Banks supported by Government securities were much safer than those based upon mere commercial security. He was glad to see the Government doing its best to make the Banks safer.

Mr. STREET thought it a waste of time to discuss the Bill at this stage. The House was not now called upon to discuss the question of a Bank of issue. He thought the Minister of Militia had spoken rather unguardedly in his remarks as to the note issues of the Banks. The hon. gentleman believed the Banks to be perfectly safe, but he thought he should have been as guarded as he generally was in treating of other questions which he took up.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he had spoken with their consideration. He said if the bills of the Banks were safe, that those of the Government, based on the wealth of the country were safe.

Mr. STREET—Then he was bound to bring down a Bill to secure the utmost safety. He would be wanting in his duty if he did not, and he had no right to allow the public to be exposed to the risk of loss (Hear, hear). He himself was perfectly satisfied that the Banks were entirely safe, and never were more secure than under the present charters.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, reiterated what he had previously said; that no Bank notes could be as safe as a Government issue.

Mr. GIBBS regretted exceedingly the unguarded remarks of the Minister of Militia. The remarks of the member for Welland rendered it almost unnecessary for him to say anything,—they did credit alike to his head and heart considering the losses he was reported to have sustained. Were it not for the undoubted safety of the Banks, much damage might have resulted from what had fallen from men occupying important positions. He understood that there was to be no discussion regarding a Bank of issue yet it was evident from what had been said that it was the intention to legislate in that direction.

Mr. MILLS was opposed to the Government scheme as being at variance with the opinions of all the greatest authorities on such subjects.

The House then went into Committee, and passed four clauses.

On clause five,

Mr. CARTWRIGHT said he intended to propose the following amendment on concurrence. He would offer it now as a matter of form, but when the Speaker was in the chair he would take the vote upon it. He thought it was a reasonable proposition and that the Government should consent to it. He would move that the following be added to the clause:

"Provided always, that any Bank which shall discontinue the issue of its notes and shall have duly notified the Government, at least six months in advance of its intentions so to do, such Bank shall be exempt from the provision of this subject on."

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that, unquestionably the Government would not accept the amendment of the hon. gentleman. Nothing could be more objectionable than such a proposition, the practical effect of which would be to do the very thing the Government had been trying to put an end to—the placing of one or perhaps two Banks on a footing different from that of the other Banks of the country. The hon. gentleman who proposed this motion in the interest of one particular institution, knew very well the effect it would have—that it would place that institution in a position of advantage over other Banks (hear, hear). That was what the whole country had been crying out against; that was what had long been complained of, the Bank of Montreal being placed upon a different and better footing than other Banking institutions (cheers). The hon. gentleman knew well that under cover of this amendment the Bank of Montreal would be put in that position (hear, hear). It was the only Bank that was likely to avail itself of the provisions contained in the amendment, and if that privilege were given to it the utmost dissatisfaction would be caused throughout the country (hear, hear). He (Sir Francis) was astonished that an hon. gentleman who represented an Ontario constituency, should come forward with a proposition which would be justly offensive and objectionable to the whole public of that Province. Really and truly no proposition more objectionable to the whole people of Ontario could have been offered (cheers).

Mr. CARTWRIGHT denied that he had introduced the motion in the interest of the Bank of Montreal or any other Banking institution. He had brought it forward at his own instance, because he regarded the Government scheme as a measure of confiscation which could be made as little oppressive as the House could make it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the hon. gentlemen opposite had no argument to offer against the proposition. He had listened in vain for any reason to be urged against it. All they depended upon was the brute force of a majority to vote it down (cheers). They had not attempted to justify their claim to compel the Banks to hold their reserves in paper instead of gold, when they withheld the controlling power of issuing notes.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS, who was almost inaudible, stated that he was in the same position as the hon. member for Chateauguay when the debate first commenced. The hon. gentleman had declined to make a speech on that occasion, but now, after the full discussion of the subject, he was the main cause of occupying about two hours and a half in debate, which, to say the least, was irregular. As to what the member for Lennox had stated of this being a measure of confiscation, for nearly four years these notes had been legal tenders. As legal tenders they were equal to gold and did not see what inconvenience or hardship there was in Banks being compelled to hold them in reserve instead of specie. He (Sir Francis) had explained very fully when the resolutions were before the House the reasons of the Government for inserting this clause. He stated then that the Banks themselves were willing to hold these notes; but that Government wished to make provision against any possible combination of the Banks to make a sudden demand for gold, or against what might be the effect of an unexpected rise in price of gold in New York or a run for specie by Banks in the country desiring to use gold elsewhere. He did not say the Banks would enter into a combination wilfully to injure or embarrass the Government, but some contingency might arise when it would be to their interest to rush in for gold and make a sudden demand upon the Government. He had, therefore, conceived it to be expedient that Banks should be required to hold a portion of their reserves in Dominion notes. He had previously ascertained from the Banks themselves that there was no objecting on their part to the proposal. It was perfectly true that one Bank did object, but he did not think it was expedient to make a provision which would practically put that Bank in a position much more advantageous than the others (hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he would not press for further explanations in the present condition of the Finance Minister, but he denied he was out of order in raising a discussion on the subject. The amendment was lost on division and the clause adopted. Clause six was carried. Clause seven was allowed to stand over. Several other clauses were adopted, and the Committee rose at six o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The House went again into Committee, Mr. BLANCHET in the Chair.

Mr. MERRITT moved an amendment providing that in cases where the Bank capital is not paid up, it shall be a condition of the Charter that at least 20 per cent. thereof shall be paid up within a year.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had no objection to the amendment, which was then adopted.

Mr. STREET moved an amendment for the purpose of providing that, in the event of its being shewn upon application of any Bank for extension or modification of its charter, that the paid-up capital stock thereof has been impaired, provision shall be made in the Charter to be granted thereon from the reduction of shares of paid-up capital by an amount, at least equal to the sum by which the same shall appear to be so impaired, but the liability of the shareholders shall not thereby be lessened or interfered with, and in no case shall the reduction exceed 25 per cent. of the paid-up capital, nor shall the same be reduced below the sum of $200,000.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an amendment to the clause relating to the Bank of British North America. He said he had intended to make a motion which would have had the effect, perhaps, of bringing that institution to a sudden end. He did not think that this was desirable, as the Bank had been well managed and had been of service. He therefore moved, merely that the Bank come under the general working of the Act, not later than the 1st January, 1873.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said it was most unfair, without notice, thus to enact a clause which would have the effect of suddenly stopping a Bank which had been in existence for thirty years.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he had given notice.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said, yes, to the House and Government but not to the Bank. The hon gentleman would virtually wind up the Bank.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that the Bank of Montreal had been foisted on this country by an arbitrary exercise of authority on the part of the Imperial Parliament. Why should that Bank be placed under different circumstances from the other Banks. The amendment gave it three years in which to comply with the law or else to stop its operations.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had never heard so preposterous a proposition made in Parliament as to close suddenly the doors of any Bank.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD said that this Bank was the last relic we have of the old system of Imperial interference and irresponsible Government. He did not see why its English shareholders should be allowed to be exempt from the double liability clause when our Canadian Banks were forced to accept it. If the shareholders of the Bank did not like the law on the subject they could withdraw the capital they had invested. The Charter was a royal one, and could not be touched; but while … respected the Charter we should place … upon the same footing as our own.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said … corporate existence of this Bank had been recognised by several Acts of the Province of Canada. We had been trying to encourage English money holders to invest their capital in this country. The Bank had branches established throughout the whole Dominion, and even in British Columbia, and had carried out the system of what might be called Free Confederation. He would ask if it would be prudent to strike a blow at such a Bank—a Bank which was a model followed by our Banks. It was an ably managed institution, and its stoppage would be a great loss to the country.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said the Bank had a capital of over a million sterling. The shareholders were generally retired men, who were satisfied with a return of six per cent. on their capital. The Bank had branches established in British Columbia, California, and almost all over the world, and over the whole world there was but one opinion that the Bank was most admirably managed. It had the good fortune of never having incurred the displeasure of any of the other Banks. It never indulged in speculations, but carried on a straightforward regular business. It established the system of independent Banks. It built the most … buildings, and offered the best accommodation. All this was done under faith of a Royal Charter, and the hon. gentleman wanted to stop this. Why the Bank could not be made secure if it had a triple liability (hear, hear). The stockholders would not agree to the double liability; they would withdraw their capital. He had been told so by Mr. Patton, the manager of the Bank, a man whose word could be relied upon by any man … with commercial transactions … The hon. member for Lambton was desirous of taking upon himself the responsibility of shutting out a … capital from the country, and the member for Cornwall spoke as if the … such a capital was an interloper.

Mr. GIBBS thought that the … the resolution would not be to … capital out of the country. He … doubt the Stockholders would … the double liability.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said the hon. gentlemen opposite were fond of … Downing Street when it suited their purpose, as they did last night, and now it suited their purpose they … Downing Street interference. He … high terms of the management of … of British North America, and argued it was necessary that it should come … the double liability clause. He felt … dent that if it was brought under … clause it would be withdrawn from … country.

Mr. WORKMAN bore testimony to the high character the Bank of British North America had always borne in Montreal, and would regret exceedingly any action by this House that would tend to … it from the country. He believed the effect of this amendment would … drive this Bank from the country, … hoped the House would not, therefore, accept the amendment.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT hoped the amendment would be withdrawn or … modified. If it was carried he believed the result would be the withdrawal of the Bank. He suggested the amendment be changed so as to provide that the Bank be allowed five years of exclusive privilege and, that at the end of that time it would wind up unless an extension of time be granted by Parliament.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE spoke highly of the liberality and efficiency of the Bank of British North America in Nova Scotia, and expressed his opinion that the adoption of the amendment would depreciate the stock of that Bank.

Mr. MACKENZIE denied that he had said a single word derogatory to the Bank of British North America, and would be willing to admit that it had conducted its business in a better commercial spirit than any other Bank. He had lately been in communication with the manager of this Bank on this continent, and that gentleman had expressed to him his opinion that … no likelihood the shareholders would … continue business under double liability … that was all we knew of the feelings of the shareholders. These shareholders had … fortnight ago that this amendment would be brought up, and yet they had given no intimation of the withdrawal … passed. He thought as highly of the Bank of British North America as the hon. gentleman, but he wanted to be consistent in legislation. He did not intend to press … the Committee on amendment, but would bring it up formally on concurrence.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was a mistake to suppose that the amendment was introduced in hostility to the Bank of British North America. The fact that the Bank had been carried on so … without the double liability … argument against that clause. He had heard no answer to the question, why … clause should be applied to all … Banks in the country except this Bank.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS gave as a reason for opposing the amendment … he was convinced that the effect of it would be to cause the withdrawal of this Bank which would be inflicting great injury on the whole country.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the object of the amendment of the gentlemen opposite was to show that the double liability clause was of no value. If not of any value, it should be abolished; if of value, it should be made to apply equally to all Banks.

The matter was then dropped on the understanding that the amendment should be brought up in concurrence.

Some discussion arose as to the … of Trustees, Trusts and Church Corporations in the double liability clause.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS proposed to insert the words "in their private or … capacity."

Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD said that according to law, church corporations would be held liable the same as any other shareholders.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that … cases shares were purchased by corporations on the understanding that they were not liable.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that if the law under which a … incorporated, allowed it to become a holder in a Bank, it was … corporation liable to the … of the stock it held, but the … the corporation would not be liable in … private capacities or fortunes.

The words were then struck out of the clause, and the Bill reported … was fixed for to-morrow.

The Bill respecting the … was read a second time and referred to Committee of the Whole, Mr. … the Chair.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT gave notice of an amendment to the 7th clause, … that if the Dominion notes were not redeemed in gold, they shall … legal tender, and the Banks … required to hold any of them …

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN … amendment, and the Committee … reported.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD … the discharge of the Bill … Court of Divorce in New Brunswick. Carried.

The House went into Committee on the Bill respecting the Harbour … which was passed and read a third time.

The following Bills were … time:—

The Bill respecting the … certain offenders to the United …

The Bill respecting the Great … and Buffalo and Lake Huron …

The Bill to incorporate the … Champlain Junction.

The Bill to incorporate … Megantic International Railway.

The Bill to authorize the town of … to impose and collect Harbour … passed through Committee, … the Bill to amend the Act resp… Great Western Railway.

The Bill to incorporate a Comp… construction of a Ship Canal … the waters of Lake Champlain … St. Lawrence.

On motion of Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, the night sittings on … days were set aside for Gove… measures.

The House adjourned at 11.20.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for R…

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures teeth…

Mason & Russell's show room ope… display of novelties for the … place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

… of this season's Lettuce, R… Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & … Rideau street.

Worth seeing, the grand display of … and Mantles, and the crowds … admiring the Spring Fashions at … Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods … Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full … Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings … The largest stock of Ne… lowest prices in the city at … Mutchmor & Co.

Fire.—About noon to-day, Beave… end of the Deep Cut was disco… in fire. Before any assistance … rendered, the flames had gained on … such an extent, that all hope … were given up. The building … by a Mrs. Biggars.

The Ice.—The dark appearance … indicates the sudden approach of … breaking up on the Ottawa. The … and the winter season may … to be totally exhausted.

The Streets are in a horrid sta… walks are cleared of snow here and th… pools of water are to be found innum… every street in the city. Why c… be thrown in the centre?

The Aurora Borealis.—On W… night this variously colored mete… lighted the Parliament buildin… of the eastern block stood sple… midnight. No finer view could … the buildings fully lit up, and th… reflection from the sky above.

…—Patrick Slevin, one of … convicts, received his pardon … Penitentiary on Wednesday last. … young man, and testimonials … were given in his behalf by … Mr. Ferres, the warden of th…

…—Sober guardians and … avoid the store of Messrs. … Mutchmor & Co., if they look to thei… … ladies, aye, ancient ones wo… last dollar in reviewing the … of laces, flowers, and every … seductive article of wear. … becomes irresistable when … Coleman.

The Market.—Thursday.—The les… satisfaction over a splendid show … a fine market. At this seaso… there is seldom any change … "lightening" man must have … would not be slow to avail … a fine opportunity to sell his pa…

Civic Election.—Horace Lapier… returned by acclamation yest… Alderman for By-ward, vice Mr. Trav… resigned that position. Mr. Lapi… young lawyer of talent and promise, … think, be a useful member of … corporation.

School Examination.—The exami… pupils, under the care of the … Brothers, terminated yesterday. T… was entertained by musical and dra… performances. Manier's band assiste… occasion. The good Brothers have … made much progress in their missio… the youth of Ottawa.

Christ Church Readings.—The… Readings take place, at Gowan's … evening. The Committee have ta… to secure the volunteer services of … talent and experience. The audien… recognise the good taste exercise… selections, by giving an orderly at… the Readings.

For Release.—F. McNamee, E… … of the St. Patrick's Society, … with other delegates from Irish so… Canada, interviewed the Minister … yesterday, in the matter of the rele… Fenian prisoners in the Penitentia… will have an audience with the … General to-day.

M. Jacquard's Concert.—A sel… assembled to assist at M. Jacquard… … of Wednesday evening. … nothing more artistic could be g… performance on the violin… … so well esteemed in the … in the evening's entertain… their excellent respectiv… The duetto, by Miss Aumo… Plaisval, was in good spirit. … by Madame Gelinas, was su… can give. As a matter of … the concert was a success.

Readings.—We are very happy … announce that the committee of … Church and Chapel readings have d… close up for the season by giving … more, for the benefit of the … Home and the Protestant … evening the entertainment … the programme, when the Hon. Mr. … preside. We hope the atten… large as usual, so as to enable … to hand over a handsome co… most deserving charity. T… have been so popular during … we are sure the public will … substantial manner their appreciat… very thoughtful winding up in beh… charities. Admission ten cent…

The Abominables.—A number of … costume—war plumes, bucksin… the House of Commons, during … last night. One, apparently a Ch… front seat in the Ladies' Gallery. … looking fellow, and attracted … gaze of the fair occupants of t… it became whispered around tha… deputation was represented … brothers. Some said t… … Riel was in the gallery, … of members and officials … this favourite gallery. … returned disappointed on a…

Bill to authorize the town of Belle- to impose and collect Harbour dues, passed through Committee, as was the Bill to amend the Act respecting Great Western Railway.

Bill to incorporate a Company for construction of a Ship-Canal, to connect the waters of Lake Champlain and the St. Lawrence.

motion of Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, the night sittings on Wednesdays were set aside for Government measures.

House adjourned at 11.20.

LOCAL NEWS

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Magee & Russell's show room opening and grand display of novelties for the season place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Rees & Co's, 21 street.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people viewing the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

—About noon to-day, Beaver Hall, at head of the Deep Cut was discovered to be on fire. Before any assistance could be procured, the flames had gained on the building to such an extent, that all hopes to save were given up. The building was owned by Mrs. Biggars.

The Ice.—The dark appearance of the ice indicates the sudden approach of a general breaking up on the Ottawa. The river is , and the winter season may well be said to be totally exhausted.

The Streets are in a horrid state. Sidewalks are cleared of snow here and there; but pools of water are to be found innumerable in every street in the city. Why cannot the snow be thrown in the centre?

The Aurora Borealis.—On Wednesday night this variously colored meteoric light illuminated the Parliament buildings. The tower of the eastern block stood splendidly in the midnight. No finer view could be seen than the buildings fully lit up, and the glorious radiation from the sky above.

Pardoned.—Patrick Slevin, one of the Fenian convicts, received his pardon papers in the Penitentiary on Wednesday last. He is a young man, and testimonials of good conduct were given in his behalf by Dr. Dickson and Mr. Ferres, the warden of that institution.

Beware.—Sober guardians and parents should avoid the store of Messrs. Garland, Mutchmor & Co., if they look to their purses, as ladies, aye, ancient ones would give their last dollar in reviewing the splendid display of laces, flowers, and every fashionable and seductive article of wear. The show becomes irresistable when Mr. Wilson salesman.

The Market.—Thursday—The lessee spoiled its absolution over a splendid show. It was really a fine market. At this season of the year there is seldom any change in prices. The "lightening" man must have left town; he would not be slow to avail himself of such a fine opportunity to sell his panaceas.

Civic Election.—Horace Lapierre, Esq. was returned by acclamation yesterday, as Alderman for By-ward, vice Mr. Traverse, who resigned that position. Mr. Lapierre is a young lawyer of talent and promise, and will, we think, be a useful member of our city corporation.

School Examination.—The examination of the pupils, under the care of the Christian Brothers, terminated yesterday. The routine was entertained by musical and dramatic performances. Manler's band assisted on the occasion. The good Brothers' have evidently made much progress in their mission of educating the youth of Ottawa.

Christ Church Readings.—These popular readings take place, at Gowan's Hall, this evening. The Committee have taken pains to secure the volunteer services of persons of talent and experience. The audience should recognise the good taste exercised in the selections, by giving an orderly attention to the Readings.

For Release.—F. McNamee, Esq., President of the St. Patrick's Society, Montreal, with other delegates from Irish societies in Canada, interviewed the Minister of Justice yesterday, in the matter of the release of the Fenian prisoners in the Penitentiary. They will have an audience with the Governor General to-day.

M. Jacquard's Concert.—A select audience assembled to assist at M. Jacquard's demonstration of Wednesday evening. Certainly, nothing more artistic could be given than his performance on the violincello. The amateurs, so well esteemed in the city, who assisted in the evening's entertainment, fully sustained their excellent respective reputations. The duetto, by Miss Aumond and M. Le Plaisval, was in good spirit. "Le Souvenir," by Madame Gelinas, was such as she alone can give. As a matter of homage to that the concert was a success.

Readings.—We are very happy to be able to announce that the committee of the Christ Church and Chapel readings have determined to close up for the season by giving two readings more, for the benefit of the Protestant Orphan's Home and the Protestant Hospital. This evening the entertainment will be for the orphans, when the Hon. Mr. Archibald will preside. We hope the attendance will be as large as usual, so as to enable the committee to hand over a handsome contribution to this most deserving charity. These readings have been so popular during the winter that we are sure the public will mark in a substantial manner their appreciation of this very thoughtful winding up in behalf of those two charities. Admission ten cents.

The Aboriginals.—A number of Indians in full costume—war plumes, buckskin, &c., visited the House of Commons, during its sitting, last night. One, apparently a Chief, took a front seat in the Ladies' Gallery. He was a noble looking fellow, and attracted the admiring gaze of the fair occupants of the gallery. It became whispered around that the Red River deputation was represented in him and his tawney brothers. Some said that the redoubtable Riel was in the gallery, and a general rush of members and officials was made towards this favourite gallery. The excited crowd returned disappointed on ascertaining they were a deputation of the Mohawks, and not revolutionists.

Police Court, Thursday.—Alex. Cousineau had been summoned to answer a charge of having violated the provisions of the Masters' and Servants' Act. Not appearing, a warrant was issued for his apprehension.

The Munroe case was adjourned for a week.

A party was arrested wandering about the streets, on Wednesday night, by Constable Graham, and brought to the lock-up. The name given was William Wood. Shortly after some suspicion arose that the prisoner was a woman in man's attire. On inquiry the surmise proved to be true. She afterwards gave her name as Adeline Wood—an anglification of her proper name, Dubois. She stated that she had come from Minnesota to seek a relative, and had assumed the apparel of the sterner sex, thinking she could travel more safely. As she had a "drop on board," the story was scarcely credited. She was permitted to go on her way to Montreal, as she stated was her intention. Her easy manner in the strange garments would suggest that she had become habituated to wearing them.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, March 31.

Orillia has rejected a by-law granting a bonus of $10,000 to the Toronto and Muskoka Line and adopted one granting the same amount to the Port Huron Line.

It is said that the Muskaka Company will now build their line to Orillia.

The *Globe* of to-day, commenting on the death of Mr. Scott, the party shot by Riel says it can no longer be said that the Red River insurrection is altogether bloodless. The kid gloved handling and mealy-mouthed speeches of Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues have borne fruit. If, the *Globe* adds, any more trifling or tampering with this grave and pressing question may morally if not legally, bring home a charge of blood guiltiness to others than the insurgent Riel.

A telegram received to-day states that a frightful smash up occurred on the Buffalo & Goderich section of the Grand Trunk Railway this morning, near Carfield Station. A long cattle train started from Brantford for Buffalo this evening at 11 o'clock.

A second cattle train followed soon after, and ran into the first one, smashing nine cars into pieces, killing a number of cattle, and severely injuring a great many.

In the case of Kennedy *vs* Kennedy, in which, Mr. McNab, the Police Magistrate, excluded the reporters of the press, the reason for the exclusion is not generally known. Mr. McNab reserved his decision till Saturday. The wife of the defendant claimed protection. She has a private income of £300 per annum in her own right.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 31.

The Thistle Curling Club held their annual meeting on Tuesday afternoon next.

The Waterworks Department are calling for tenders for cast-iron hydrant valves, castings and lead piping.

The annual meeting of the Directors of the Montreal City and District Savings Bank will be held on Tuesday next.

The annual meeting of the Literary Society of McGill Normal School will be held this evening.

This evening Mr. Thomas D. King lectures in the Natural History Society's room, on "The Truth of Revelation as exemplified in Ancient Laws and Monuments."

One Jean Bapiste, 60 years of age, belonging to Lachine, was found drowned yesterday at Cote St. Paul.

The *Gazette* says one of the Government surveyors now employed on the head waters of Lake St. John continuation of the Saguenay, has written to the engineers of the Gosford Railway, stating that a possible railway route has been discovered between that lake and Quebec.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, N.B., March 31.

The Legislative Council has thrown out the Government Immigration Bill; also the Bill admitting females to vote, and reducing the qualification of members of the Assembly, both of which had passed the Lower House.

The Committee of Supply is nearly through with the public business.

The House will probably adjourn on Monday.

There was heavy rain and a severe gale on Monday and Tuesday.

The *Portland* steamer, due yesterday, has not yet arrived.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN

London.—At the Epsom races, the great Metropolitan stakes handicap of 25 sovereigns each, 15 forfeit, and only 5 if declared with 200 sovereigns added, the owner of the second horse to receive 50 sovereigns out of the stakes, about 2¼ miles, 85 subscribers, 15 of whom pay 5 sovereigns, was won by J. G. Hessey's B. C. *Sabinus*, by *Newminster*, out of *Vesta*, 3 years old, carrying 83 lbs., beating Kennington's B. C. *Jarnac*, by *Flying Dutchman*, out of *Joliette*, 3 years old carrying 83 lbs., and Count Batthyany's B. C. *The Briton*, by *Caractus*, out of *Plogne Royal*, 4 years old, carrying 94 lbs.

The welter handicap, 50 sovereigns added to a sweepstakes of 5 sovereigns each, was won by Fitzisaus *Sabinus*, who won the first race, is considered the best horse of the season, but is excluded from the great races this year, because he is too young.

It is believed that the general congregation of the Council at Rome has voted on and adopted a *schema de fide*.

The *Democratic Union Newspaper*, of Ravenna, publishes a letter from Mazzini, urging a revolt in Romagna.

The *Globe* intimates that John Bright will soon resign his seat in the Cabinet.

The University crews continue to improve in form. Misgivings are felt at the new Oxford boat, which is thought to be too small.

Mr. Ashbury, owner of the yacht *Cambria*, invites a communication to the *News*, in contemplation of the yacht race. He says of the six courses offered to Mr. Bennett, assuming the *Sappho* to be within ten per cent. of the *Cambria's* size, New York measurement, Mr. Bennett accepts the sailing for three heats, dead to windward and back in the channel, without any allowance. He also selects the 1st of May or thereabouts as the time of the race.

The steamers *Paraguay* and *America*, both from New York, have arrived, the former at Havre and the latter at Southampton.

The *Frankfort*, from New Orleans and Havana, has also arrived at Southampton, *en route* to Hamburg.

In the House of Commons this evening the Bill abolishing the forfeiture of the property of felons passed a second reading.

The Party Processions Bill was also read a second time.

The *Times* to-day comments on the naval policy of the First Lord of the Admiralty, and regrets his refusal to reduce the naval estimates, and ascribes it to the chronic error that England is responsible for the policies of the ocean.

The *Post* says the Government is preparing an expedition to repress the revolt in the Red River country.

A steamer service between Liverpool and Prince Edward's Island is organizing here. The first steamer of the new line, the *Lady Head*, will leave on 5th April.

FRANCE.

Paris.—The students of Le Cole de Medecine made another disorderly demonstration against Dr. Jardien on his re-appearance to-day.

Havre.—The ship *Martha Cobb*, arrived from New Orleans, passed the schooner *John C. Duker*, abandoned, with both sails and rudder gone.

SPAIN.

Madrid.—Reports of the recent battles near Monte and Katuris, Cuba, are discredited by the Government.

CUBA.

Havana.—A despatch has been received that Gen. Jordan has resigned the command of the insurgent army. It is asserted that he has already left the island and is at Tabos Key lighthouse.

The Dominicans have voted in the proportion of 30 to 1 in favour of annexation to the United States.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York.—It is rumored that one of the largest shipping houses on South street, having extensive western connections, has failed for $600,000. The suspension is owing to its inability to fulfill large contracts for delivery of wheat and breadstuffs.

The steamship *Java* arrived this morning. She brought the largest mail ever received from Europe. It comprised 268 bags, each bag containing an average of two bushels of mail matter each.

James Fisk was defeated last evening in his aspirations to be Colonel of the Ninth Regiment, Colonel Braine being elected by the officers.

New York.—The steamship *Hibernian* arrived at Liverpool to-day.

Late Cuban advices state that two battles have been fought in the Las Tunas district, both of which have resulted in the defeat of the Spaniards.

It was thought that Gen. Jordan commanded in the last fight.

The text of the address of the Spaniards in Cuba to the Spaniards at Home is published. It opposes vehemently the transfer of Cuba to any foreign power, and concludes with this declaration, "The Spaniards who are in Cuba may be conquered, but ceded or sold, never. Cuba shall remain Spanish, or we will abandon her when converted to ashes."

Washington.—The consideration of the San Domingo treaty was resumed by the Senate yesterday, but no action was taken.

Springfield.—Advices from Gainesville, Texas, dated March 5, have just been received of an extensive raid of Camanche Indians in Western Texas. Over forty families have been massacred. It is reported also that several houses have been burned and several hundred horses captured.

Chicago.—The Blue Earth City (Minnesota) *Post* of the 26th instant gives details of the freezing to death in the town of Seely of the wife and three children of A. C. Bates. The same paper gives an account of the freezing to death during the same storm of two brothers, named Coleman, living at Lake Bell, Martin Co.; also of a German, named Dunhardt, and a Norwegian, name unknown, at Spencer, Clay Co., Iowa; of three other men, names unknown, at Cherokee, Iowa, and another at Herron Lake, Jackson Co., Iowa.

The Mississippi river is open as high as Dubuque, and boats are running to that point.

RED RIVER.

Chicago.—Mr. Donald Smith, of the Hudson Bay Company, and one of the Canadian Commissioners, arrived at St. Paul, yesterday, from Fort Garry, having left there on the 19th of March. He says all has been quiet since the execution of Scott, and that all the political prisoners had been released, including Major Boulton, although preparations had been made for his execution on the 19th. He was only saved by the intercession of many influential citizens and Gov. Smith.

The *Press* says Gen. Hancock has had instructions from the War Department to establish a military post at Pembina, and will immediately send two companies of infantry there.

St. Paul.—Yesterday, Messrs. Driver, Linch, Letter and Mace arrived from Fort Garry, after a severe trip of over a month on the prairie. They left Fort Garry on the 2nd of February, and were more or less frost bitten on the road. They are anti-Riel men, and say that most of the people express contempt for President Riel, and do not sympathise at all with his revolutionary proceedings, and it was only for lack of arms that prevented the Canadian party from deposing him from his dictatorship.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping Grace's Salve in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

"Queen's birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

DIED.

In this city, on the 31st March, William Mooney, Esq., senior, aged 58 years. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend his funeral on Friday, the 1st April, from his late residence Hull, at one o'clock, p. m. without further notice.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 34, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321tf

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not. As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the Room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments.

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE, suitable for a private residence or hotel, with THREE acres of good land, situate on the Rideau Canal, one mile from the city limits. For particulars, apply to H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks street, Ottawa, or to J. M. DONNELLY on the premises. 1321 6

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GROOM and COACHMAN, apply to the undersigned,

N SPARKS,
1321 12 Albert street, Ottawa.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in lots, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 33 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 33, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at reasonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Patter's office, Chaudiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
1306tM1 Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River
Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

HOUSE TO LET.

To let on the 1st of May next, the HOUSE at present occupied by the Rev. Dr. JONES, Daly Street. Apply to

1318 3 J THORBURN.

NOTICE

HOUSE and LOT for sale on Maria street. For information apply at Rowe's Auction Rooms Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 13'8 f

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Heart's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

BEES FOR SALE.

ABOUT THIRTY HIVES.

Apply to

HENRY GRIST,
Patent Agent,
Elgin street.

Ottawa, March 29, 1870. 1393

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 ly Mosgrove street.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto. Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Mira,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H. F. McCarthy's Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.
1213-3m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR SPRING STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

The largest and most attractive we have ever imported will be complete and ready for inspection on

THURSDAY, the 10th INSTANT.

In Canadian manufactures we are offering for our own and manufacturers account the most desirable GOODS in the market, in great variety, and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

To the above announcement we invite the attention of our customers and the Trade.

WM J McMASTER & CO,
8 Bonaventure street.

Montreal, March 1870 1297 1m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

JUST RECEIVED

Bow Bell's and London Journal,
Godey, Frank Leslie
And Mad. Demorest's, for March,
Also, London Sunday Time
AT
HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOTS,
Sussex and Sparks Streets.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

TO BOOKBINDERS.

Wanted TWO or THREE GOOD HANDS Apply to A. MORTIMER, Bookbinder, Metcalfe street. 1315a

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new, and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,
1396 tf Auctioneer.

PROFITABLE BUSINESS.

Large Grocery Establishment for Sale.

be received by the undersigned to st APRIL, 1870, for the four years unexpired ase of the large and well fitted up store, No. 56 Sparks street. Also for the entire stock, fittings and all goods, of which an inventory has been taken and can be seen on application to D. T. BROWN on the premises, or at No. 16, Rideau street, Ottawa, or to EDWARD GRIFFIN, Esq., Russell House. 1312 tA1

A. ROWE, GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in his line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON }
To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT A

SESSION OF THE COUNTY COURT,

In and for the said County of Carleton, for the trial of issues of fact without the intervention of a jury, will be holden at the Court House, (City Hall), in the City of Ottawa, on

Monday, the 4th day of April, 1870,

1870, at the hour of ten o'clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff,
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
March 24th, 1870. 1318td

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, April 1, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 33	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 25	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos: CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs, Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja3-141-tf

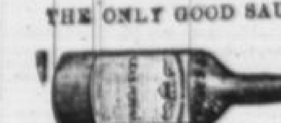
LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD

The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the song of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog, birds, beasts and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents; three for 50 cents; $1.25 per dozen.

T W VALENTINE, Box 372, Jersey City, N.J.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until

Thursday, the 31st day of March, inst.

at noon, for the supplies of iron and performance of Blacksmiths' work at Point Fortune, Ottawa Fitzroy Harbor, Arnprior, Portage-du-Fort and Pembroke, in connection with repairs of the Ottawa River Works.

Forms of tender and any further information may be obtained at the Department of Public Works.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Ironwork."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, March 1870. 1302 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic, Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1318 3

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved its use the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in case of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late PETER TOMKINS, of Gloucester, Esquire, are hereby requested to send in statements of the same to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment of the same immediately to the undersigned.

HENRY TOMKINS, CHARLES BILLINGS, Executors.

Billings' Bridge, PO, 15th March, 1870. 1306a12 3

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE, $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for the public.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,

The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1307 3

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAW & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q. (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. MCLEOD, W. MCK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1233-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. ... EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

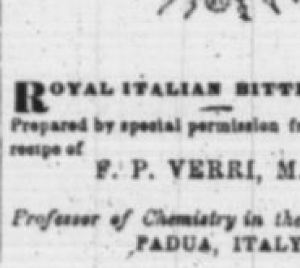
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 3s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

32 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS In tins.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

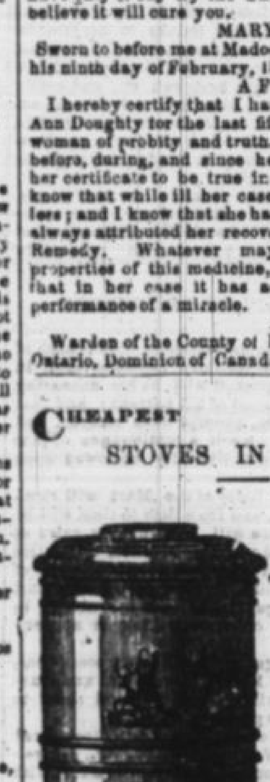
I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.



LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1373 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE.

Ottawa, January 21

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co's "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late Times Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allen. Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers		$5 00
Club of 10	"	8 00
Club of 20	"	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

75 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS, Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14. 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it; though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

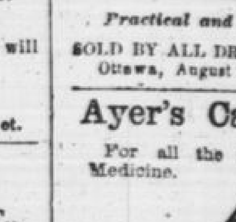
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a **Dinner Pill,** take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER.

Politics, Literature, Commerce, Industry and Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn that a paper bearing the above title is about to meet their wants. Aware of the necessity of such a newspaper, in both languages, in Ottawa, and which will afford, every day, the latest intelligence, I have not hesitated to take the publication of the *Courier*, and it will be my aim in doing so to fully anticipate the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising. Trade is brisk, and there is evidence of present and future prosperity. Her means of communication to and from the city, and the facility of establishing additional factories, afforded by its unrivalled water-power at our very doors, will do much to rapidly increase the city of Ottawa.

Confederation has strengthened the commercial ties between the English and French speaking inhabitants of the Dominion, and it shall be the aim of the *Courier* to draw them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the Federal government the proprietor of the *Courier* concurs, and will endeavour to give that measure of support which circumstances render necessary, carefully avoiding giving offence to such as may differ from us in opinion. We will cultivate a friendly feeling towards the traditions of the past and the actualities of the present, hoping to take a middle but a certain course, which cannot fail to be approved by the inhabitants of the entire valley of the Ottawa.

A young people should endeavour to raise themselves to the level of more advanced nationalities, and this they can only do by being made acquainted with what is doing in other parts of the world. This shall be our aim, and we shall also urge such improvements as tend to increase the means of developing the wealth of the community. Our attention will not, however, be confined to city affairs; the requirements of the husbandman will receive a full share of our attention, knowing that on the cultivation of the soil the merchant and mechanic very much depend. It shall, in fact, be our particular object to protect and advance the agriculturist, and at the same time all other industries, and to provide appropriate information for both, in leisure hours.

Correspondents will always find our columns open to them in which to express their views, or offer suggestions, provided the views expressed are consistent with morality and couched in moderate, though it may be plain, language.

Let it not be supposed, however, by anything that may have been said, that the columns of the *Courier* will be wholly devoted to local matters. The intelligence of the busy world from every quarter of the globe will find its way into our columns, the telegraph will be freely made use of, and the latest news will be furnished as early as possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety of matter which the *Courier* will contain, and the energy displayed in its management, the proprietor fully anticipates success and pledges himself to merit it.

The *Courier* will be published every evening at five o'clock, and the yearly subscription, payable in advance, is $4.

There will also be a weekly edition, the price of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON BUREAU, Editor and Proprietor.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1323. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

P

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

L BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

inform my customers and the public that I am now receiving my Fall Stock of Foot Wear which will be plete in every department, representing

TEST AND BEST STYLES

Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

as usual is chosen with great care, to give satisfaction, and at DEFYING COMPETITION.

supply of Lumbermen's Wear always

taken for all sorts of work. Only the workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

IS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.

Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

S PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

AS—Japan, Oolong, Congos, Imperial Young quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Henry Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WHISKEY, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

proof and over, at extremely low prices. and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and

Irish Whiskey.

Old Irish Potteen.

and London Porter, pts and qts.

and other Ales.

and Syrups, all grades.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. MOND, Manager. 1141tf

---

PORTANT TO

KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

give notice of my intention to supply mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

increase of trade during the last four years compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I decided to make the wholesale trade my purpose.

stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest made, and the question of quality is readily by making known the fact that I raise my tables from seed procured at any expense it is the best; they will therefore favorable comparison with any imported.

another and important fact is that being and manufactured in Ottawa thereby freight, packing, duty and other expenses enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than importer.

advantages, I think, cannot fail to who may favor me with their orders. JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box* 1, *Post Office, Ottawa.*

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau

Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected the highest prices given. 1198y

---

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

---

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least two weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

17, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all coroners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 d&wtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st,

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES STUFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccasins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 5s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 15 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH

FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A.M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

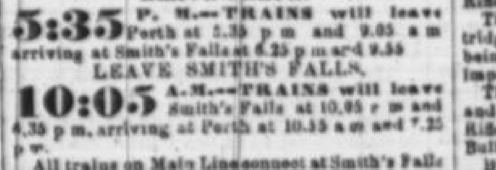
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 7.25 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

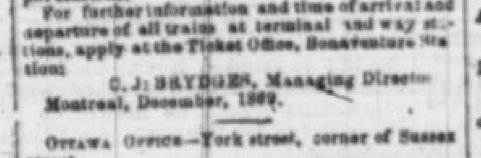
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 15 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or FERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1238.1

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
Agents,
Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH.

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½ Sparks street, Ottawa.
January 5, 1870. 1281 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superceded all others.

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselve

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON,
Commission Merchant,
Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 20. 1006-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES.

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

THOROUGH BRED STOCK FOR SALE.

Several young short horn Durham BULLS and HEIFERS; Also Hampshire Down SHEEP, Berkshire PIGS, and BRAMAH POOTRA FOWLS, all from Stock imported by me from England and the United States.

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road, Ottawa.

1295 12 3awk

OTTAWA LITERARY CLUB.

The course of stated Lectures before the Club, will take place at Webster's Hall on the evenings indicated

Thursday, Feb. 17—BENJAMIN SULTE, Esq—Subject: "The Newspaper Press of Lower Canada."

Thursday, Feb. 24—CARROLL RYAN, Esq—Subject: "The Knights of Malta."

Thursday, March 3—H. BEAUMONT SMALL, Esq—Subject: "The Language of Nature."

Thursday, March 10—CHARLES SANGSTER, Esq—Subject: "Canadian Poetry."

Thursday, March 17—A. J. CHRISTIE, Esq—Subject: "Reminiscences of Ottawa."

Thursday, March 24—GEORGE HENRY MACAULAY, Esq—Subject: "Commerce, Ancient and Modern, briefly reviewed and compared."

Thursday, March 31—HENRY JAS MORGAN, Esq—Subject: "A Few Pages from Canadian History."

Thursday, April 7—REV. Æ. McD. DAWSON—Subject: "The Late Thomas D Arcy McGee."

Tickets of Admission may be obtained from any member of the Club.

The Lecture to commence each evening at 8 o'clock.

W McKAY WRIGHT,
President.
A J CHRISTIE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, January 24, 1870. 1264.tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial coloring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Close A.M.	Close (Noon)	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., every Monday and Thursday by steamers "Chase" and "Carlotta" from Portland			
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B., daily, Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor			4.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States		11.50	5.30
11.30		4.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, Marsh, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	5.30
7.00	12 Noon		Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.50	5.30
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 1.

Judge Wilson gave his decision in the Caldwell case yesterday, and sustained the Police Magistrate's decision, remanding Caldwell for extradition. The Government warrant having arrived Caldwell left the city at noon yesterday, in custody of the Sheriff, to be delivered up. After the rendering of the decision in the Court of Common Pleas, Mr. Huson Murray applied in the Court of Chancery, before Vice-Chancellor Mowat, for another writ of *Habeas Corpus* and *Certorari*, which was granted, but some delay occurring in proving the papers filed in support of the application, the prisoner had left the city before the writ was issued.

Three hundred and fifty emigrants arrived here during March, 210 remaining in Canada.

The Vagrant Act is to be rigidly enforced. A number of Stanley-st., thieves and prostitutes have been summoned to attend the Police Court and show cause why they should not be committed to gaol as vagrants.

A special to the *Telegraph*, from St. Paul, Minn., dated March 31st, says Gen. Hancock, Commander of this military department, is about to establish a military post at Pembina. Two military companies will leave for that place as soon as the arrangements have been completed.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 1.

The funeral of Father O'Brien took place this morning. His remains were interred in the vault of the Parish Church, alongside of the late Father Bakewell.

The river crossing has become dangerous.

The annual convocation of the Medical Faculty of McGill, was held yesterday afternoon, Peter Redpath in the chair.

Prince Arthur, Col. Elphinstone, and Lieut. Picard were among the visitors.

The total number of students during the past session was 140, of whom there were from the Province of Quebec 62; Ontario, 65.

The Holmes' medal was gained by Alex. A Henderson, Fitzroy Harbour, Ontario.

The prize for the best examination in the final branches was awarded to Octavius H. E. Clarke, Montreal; and the prize for the best examination in the primary branches to John H. Matheson.

Two prizes given by Sir Duncan Gibb, M.A. M.D., of London, England, in clinical surgery, were awarded to Alexander A. Henderson, and Octavius H. E. Clarke.

Certificates for the best clinical report were given to Messrs. Backhouse, Cameron Baird and Barclay.

The Professors prize in clerical medicine was gained by John B. Backhouse.

In practical anatomy the demonstrators prize, consisting of two beautiful paper machie demonstrations of the anatomy of the head and neck, prepared by the demonstrator, were given in the senior class to Geo. A. Hart, Milton, O.; in the junior class to Wm. Waugh, London, Ont.

In the senior class the gentlemen deserving honourable mention were Messrs. Morran, Howard and Crain, and in the junior class Messrs. Hills, Copland and St. John.

The prizes awarded in Natural History are as follows:

Botany prize—T. J. Kelly.

Zoology prize—D. T. Sheppard.

The prizes having been distributed, Dr. Crain administered the oath to the graduates, who were then capped by the Principal, and at the same time received their diplomas.

Mr. John H. Mathewson read the valedictory on behalf of the graduates.

Dr. McCallum gave a lengthy and also a very excellent address to the students, full of just sentiments and containing much excellent advice, both general and professional. The Vice Chancellor then read an address, showing the University to be in good working condition and with good prospects in view.

Mr. Lavender's tender has been accepted for the Police clothing.

Mr. Taverner delivers to-morrow evening, in the St. Patrick Hall, a lecture on emphasis, being the first of a series on the art of reading.

The St. James' Hotel, in this city, has been leased by a Mr. Gerrikon. The present occupant, in conjunction with Mr. Doyle, has leased the Ottawa Hotel for a term of years.

The *Herald* says a rumor having been current for several days that the Government were about to organize a police force for Red River, the police court has been besieged with applicants for the position of guardians of *les sauvages.*

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 1.

The St. George's Society will give a Promenade Concert on the 23rd instant, in honor of their Patron Saint.

The Board of Assessors will give judgment this afternoon, in regard to voters' claims.

At a meeting last night, a resolution was adopted to start an Irish paper. Speeches were made on the occasion by Messrs. Hearn and O'Farrell.

An action of damages is to be taken against the Attorney General and the Beauport Asylum authorities, in connection with the recent case of the confinement of a clergyman's wife

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON.—The *Post* to-day says that the departure of troops and a steel battery, just organized, for operation in the Red River country, will be delayed for a few days. The reason for this is that the delegation from that settlement is now on their way here to lay an explanation of the situation of affairs before the Government authorities, and no action will be taken until the delegation can be heard.

The House of Lords this evening went into Committee on the Bill for the preservation of peace in Ireland.

The Marquis of Clanricarde repudiated any hostility to the Bill, but he regretted the haste the Government itself had introduced. He objected to giving further powers to the Irish constabulary, whom he described as a worthless body of men.

Lord Dufferin supported the Bill and defended the Irish police.

The Duke of Abercorn expatiated on the seditious tone of the press in the west and south of Ireland, and urged that measures of restraint were indispensable.

The Bill was then reported from the committee, and without further debate was passed by the House.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone made an explanation in regard to the salaries of suffragans, which he said were not paid out of the public money. He also announced that a reduction was to be made in the rates of inland postage.

Mr. Otway, Under Foreign Secretary, promised to introduce a Bill to amend the neutrality laws of England.

In the course of the evening Mr. Gladstone gave in detail the Government programme of business for the present session.

Mr. Disraeli objected to the morning session proposed by Mr. Gladstone, and to devoting so much time to Irish topics.

A protracted discussion on the order of business followed, Mr. Gladstone and others speaking.

The House took up the Irish Land Bill in Committee.

The Ulster Customs were considered and rejected.

Mr. Gladstone to meet the objection to the Local Legislation, moved to include all customs of tenure resembling that of Ulster.

A stirring debate followed on the motion, which was regarded as a departure from the rules of Parliamentary order. Without making further progress on the Bill the House adjourned.

The flow of specie to the Bank of England this week is unusually heavy, the amount on hand to-day being greater by £552,000 than at the corresponding time last week.

A cargo of horses, cattle and sheep arrived a day or two ago from the Argentine Republic, and was sold at Falmouth yesterday. The prices realized were very unsatisfactory. The animals were young, but in poor condition on account of the long confinement. The transportation was a mere experiment.

The four oared boat race between the Renforth Tyne crew and the St. John's, N. B. Paris crew, which was negotiated by Walter Brown, has been definitely fixed to come off at the close of July, on the St. Lawrence near Montreal. The Tyne crew agree to row without a coxswain, the New Brunswick also adopting the same American system in rowing.

The House of Lords have decided against Mrs. Howard's claim to the earldom of Wicklow.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—M. Emile Ollivier has received the Grand Cross of the order of Charles III. of Spain. This is his first and only decoration.

The first number of the new religious journal, *La Concorde*, of which Pere Hyacinthe is chief editor, appeared to day.

The police are actively pursuing their investigations into the alleged conspiracy against the Emperor and state nearly all the parties lately arrested in connection with this affair are workmen.

It is asserted here that the Ecumenical council will immediately commence the discussion of infallibility. In that case the French ambassador will not return to Rome

The amount of specie in the vault of the the Bank of France to-day was 200,000 francs greater than last week.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—The Government has officially announced its determination to abstain from all interference with affairs of the Pope, and the Ecumenical Council. In the constituent cortes yesterday. Senor Rivera in reply to a question assured the deputation that no telegrams from New York in relation to the war in Cuba were to be trusted, founded as they were on fact information.

HAGUE.—Animated debates have occured in the Chambers recently on the question of ministerial concessions of special privileges to one or two rival cables to America. The ministers were at length instructed to equalise the terms.

ROME.

ROME.—At a meeting of the Council to-day, the *Schema de Fide* was promulgated. The Holy See granted three days for the dissentient Americans to submit to its authority. That time has expired, and as the American have shown no signs of yielding, a major excommunication will be pronounced against them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gabriel's Preparations for the Teeth.
Gowan's Hall—Ottawa Philharmonic Society.
Rink Music Hall—Delave Combination Troupe.
House to Let—W. H. Pennock.
Notice—W. Horace Lee.
To Let—R. Hardy.
Important Sale—I. B. Tackaberry.
Solemn Benediction of the Church Notre Dame, Hull.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

THE QUEEN OF NATIONS.

It is very easy to point to England as an example. It is very easy to say that England rules the waves, and, in a word, is the monopolist of the ocean; do as she does. To do so is not so easy. She has underlaid every sea with telegraph cables, and her ships cover the whole ocean's surface. England is the centre of commerce, the hub of the earth. There is nothing done without England. She is really the supreme power in the world. She buys up all the produce of the world. The flax of the North Sea Nations, the cotton of the Southern United States, the corn of Egypt, of the Baltic, of the Black Sea, and of the Northern United States and Canada, the coffee, tallow, and sheepskins of Brazil, the wines of France and Spain and Portugal, the fruits of the Grecian Archipelago, the silks and pearls of the East, and the wool of the Antipodean Islands are all bought by the British merchant and retailed at a profit to the rest of the world. There never was so absolute a nation as England now is, and to her Canada is directed to look for an example of the efficacy of free trade? There never was anything half so monstrous as this idea. England's superiority consists less in manufacturing ability than in trading power. People buy where they sell. The United States selling their breadstuffs and cottons to England buy in England, and Russia disposes of her tar, and pine, and wheat, and flax to England also to buy in England, and so it is with every other country. England has all kinds of cheap goods, from iron-clads to Jew's harps, to offer in exchange for wheat, oil, pitch, lumber, and skins, or gives cash to some nations to enable them to complete and keep in order their public buildings, and pay their public officers, the public buildings materials being, in a great measure supplied by England for a consideration. All this England owes to her ships. From the day that she destroyed the Spanish Armada until now England has covered the waters of the ocean with fleets, but never before has she been so supreme. France long contested the supremacy of the ocean with her, and so did the Dutch, and, afterwards the Americans thought they had taken a chief command on the ocean, when a double banked frigate had succeeded in squelching a six-gun British brig. That supremacy is now however, indisputable, and arises from the simple fact that in the British islands the inhabitants are naturally sailors, and ships of the largest size, best model, and with the most powerful steam engines to propel them, are built better and more cheaply in the British Isles than they can be anywhere else. This is not the result of free trade but the effect of an unlimited supply of coal at hand, and the very best iron at the mouth of the coal pit, while labour is cheap. In this it is impossible to take England for an example, England has wholly built up her manufactures by protective duties, and she builds so much better and so much more cheaply than other nations, that there is no possibility of bankruptcy as there is no possibility of competition. England carries for the world. Canada is dependent upon England for her support. No degree of political independence will ever produce commercial independence. That must grow with manufactures and with that pedlar's box a ship. It is the ship which creates wealth. The steam floating locomotives, which rush over certain sea roads with almost unfailing regularity and have their terminus in London—the great hub or concentration of ocean steampower—drag to one market for re-distribution all the good things of the earth, and these supplemented by long railway lines on every continent, bring raw material to the ship. Canada, to be wealthy, like England, must be selfish as England has been—determined to possess, and possessing. Canada, however, cannot be wealthy as England is. Canada has not quite enough seaboard for that, but she has as much or nearly as much seaboard as the United States, and the United States have no St. Lawrence. The possession of the St Lawrence is compensation for many drawbacks. That is a highway of which Canada may have a monopoly that she can keep and charge toll upon. That will be such a protection to Canada as to make a differential duty of a dollar upon every barrel of flour coming from the United States altogether unnecessary. A slight temporary protection to some particular and incipient manufactures might, however, be afforded to Canada, with benefit to all classes. It was not protection which damaged the United States, but the want of it. It is simply impossible to protect the industry of the United States against English encroachment. England has all the men and money and material necessary to maintain for her the character which she now bears, as the "Queen of Nations," and she will yet keep that character for at least another thousand years.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

The debate was resumed yesterday, Mr. Sanfield Macdonald going over the ground between Ottawa and Carleton Place, until the patience of the Committee was exhausted. Dr. Tupper replied vigorously, contending that the Dominion Parliament could not legislate *in any way* as to the land. The Premier of Ontario wanted to deprive the Company of the small portion of the whole grant which they will be entitled to on completion of the section now in progress. His object was clearly to destroy the Company, not only by preventing extension, and stipulating that this extension should not extend the land grant, but by repudiation by an endeavour to enact that no land whatever should accrue to the Company. Dr. Tupper showed that they could neither give nor take away, and the enactment being void, would show only to the English shareholders, who have invested on the faith of the charter, a will to break faith without the power. The preamble was then moved, when the irrepressible Sandfield started an amendment, and put up a friend to talk against time. Mr. Abbott thereupon consented to the amendment to avoid discussion, and also probably out of consideration of his friend's tender feet. The preamble being thus passed, it was thought the Opposition would cease. Mr. Brydges withdrew, but J. S. was determined to fight it out. After one or two clauses were passed—that relating to the extension of time for five years was reached. To this Sandfield moved an amendment compelling the Company to commence the whole work in one year, and go on steadily to completion or forfeit all rights. If this is carried, there will be a hope that a combination may yet kill the road. For political or financial difficulties—cholera—or the defeat of a Municipal by-law (which there would be so much encouragement to attempt) would expose the Company to failure of conditions and loss of charter. The ostensible reason for this restriction, in a case where there is no competitor for the charter, was that the charter now extended might stand in the way of a Canadian Pacific Railway. This, it is arranged between Mr Abbott and Sir George Cartier, is to be met by a clause empowering the Government, at any stage of the Company's existence, to assume the road as part of a Red River or Pacific line. This will get rid of the vicious attempt to place the Company at the mercy of its enemies, who, having failed in talking against time, now hope to kill an Ottawa Valley railway, by placing themselves in a position to work against time. As there was prospect of a good fight over this clause, the debate was adjourned until Tuesday.

If the *Times* alluded to the "insignificant" presence of Mr. Brydges, the allusion was in error, in fact, and typographically. The *Times* intended to have said the "significant" presence, &c. Assuredly there is nothing insignificant about Mr. Brydges but the very reverse His energy and talent, and zeal are felt and acknowledged throughout the Dominion and beyond it.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

On motion of concurrence on the Banking Bill Mr. CARTWRIGHT moved an amendment that the Banks which give up the right to circulation shall not be obliged to hold any portion of their reserves in Dominion notes.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the amendment did not go far enough. The clause obliging the Banks to hold any part of their reserves in gold should be struck out.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an amendment to the amendment in this sense. Lost; yeas, 36 nays, 104.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT'S amendment was then voted down. Yeas, 13; nays, 128.

Mr. YOUNG said he had voted for the first amendment but would vote against the second as he could not support any exception in favour of the Bank of Montreal.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he also voted against Mr Cartwright's amendment as he desired uniformity.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said, while he congratulated the Minister of Finance on his large majorities the Bill of Hon. Sir John Rose, last Session, which he could not carry, was a greater, better, and nobler measure. This had no principle. It was mere patch work.

Mr. MACKENZIE put an amendment to limit time of exception to double liability to 1865. Lost; yeas, 46; nays, 93.

Concurrence on the Domion Notes Act was also taken. Mr. CARTWRIGHT'S amendment that the Banks be not obliged to keep Dominion notes the moment there is a failure to redeem them in gold was lost.

Senate Bills respecting Light Houses, Buoys and Beacons, and certificates to Masters and Mates of Ships were read the second time and passed through Committee, the Opposition objecting, but the House sustaining the Bills.

One stage was taken in the Committee of Supply.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

At the Railway Committee the Canada Central Railroad question came under discussion.

Hon. J. Sanfield Macdonald strongly opposed the Bill, and read the original charters to show that this line would not carry out the intention of these charters, which was to open up the waste lands and settle the country, the road to be made being only subsidiary to this object. In the Bill of 1856 the road was to be continuous, and if it ran through any settled part of the country, the grants were to be made from the next available blocks. The road to Carleton Place was relied on as a basis for the claim, ran through a well settled part of the country, and any lands granted would be at a distance from the line and not benefited by it. He held that this Legislature had not the power to give the Company even the shadow of a claim. He was in a position to say that the present line formed no part of the Canada Central, and pointed out on the map that it went along two sides of a triangle and could not be, by any stretch, made out to be on a straight line to Lake Huron. It could not form any link in the chain of the Canada Central, when the Brockville and Ottawa stops its way from proceeding further. In fact the whole scheme was the work of the proprietors of that line to tap the Ottawa traffic There was no security that the Canada Central would go beyond that line, and he did not believe they would.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier said the road had been allowed by Parliament to deviate.

Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald said the whole Legislation showed that a continuous line was contemplated. The B. & O. line had asked leave at Toronto to sell the portion from Carleton Place to Arnprior, but he was not green enough to allow that, and let them raise a claim for the land in consequence. This Parliament had no right to legislate in advance of the policy which the Ontario Government might have with regard to railway legislation, and if they tried to make the Province of Ontario pay for that line, they would raise a storm that would astonish them. The proposal to take 28 times 12,000 acres of land to encourage a line, was in violation of all law and would not be submitted to. He had no doubt, that the Minister of Finance in return for the handsome treatment he had received at Pembroke would give them, at least, a show of supporting a line to that place. He was not opposed to it on personal grounds and would be willing to give the line every facility for the portion to Vaudreuil, Grenville Hawkesbury and other places requiring it; but he would not stand the pretext of the Brockville and Ottawa people. If they had expended $100,000 in opening a road towards Pembroke they might have been entitled to some consideration, but he trusted the Committee would decide, this was no portion of the road.

Hon. Dr. Tupper said the Premier of Ontario said he had no objection to the Bill, provided it were so guarded as to defend the public domain of Ontario. He would not touch on the question of large grants of public land to assist to bring foreign capital into the country, but he believed this Parliament should facilitate the entrance of foreign capital and not lead capitalists to fear that good faith would not be observed. The question was whether it was in the power of this Parliament to weaken the power of the Local Governments over the land, and he would oppose any attempt to interfere as most dangerous. The divergence had taken place under legislation, and was a question of eight miles to avoid engineering difficulties. With respect to the sneering remark of the Premier of Ontario in reference to the grand scheme of a railway to the Rocky Mountains, he as a Nova Scotian felt an interest in the first place in the short line to Montreal as shortening the distance to Nova Scotia, and looked forward to the time when there would be a railway first to Fort Garry and then to the Rocky Mountains. The real question was whether it was in the power of this Parliament to strengthen or weaken the claims of the Company or the Provincial Governments.

Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald asked if it was not competent for them to say whether this part of the line, when constructed, would form part of the Canada Central Company.

Hon. Mr. Anglin asked if that would be taken as evidence in a Court of law against the Province. He thought not.

Hon. Mr. Holton thought the only ground on which the Company could ask them to deal with the matter was, that it was of general interest, and an inter-Provincial work, when it was proposed to take powers to amalgamate with a purely provincial line. If it could be shown that by this there was a probability of accomplishing the work, he would go heartily into the matter, and consider the whole question fairly. He thought gentlemen connected with it should be heard.

Mr. L. J. Beaubien said he had been sent on the part of the Northern Colonization Road to amalgamate with the Canada Central, to come to an understanding on certain heads, and get the charter renewed. The charters give at present powers to both lines to run over the same line of country. The object of the amalgation was to give the public confidence that the line would run to Ottawa and even to Georgian Bay, and if both asked for a grant from Montreal, both would fail. In answer to Mr. Holton, he said that his Company expected no lands from Quebec, as they already had a money subsidy. He explained that the road to St. Jerome would be a branch probably with wooden rails; the main line was to run on a bee line to Ottawa.

Mr Duncan Macdonald said if the charter were granted, they would be prepared to break ground at the Montreal end by June next.

Hon. Mr. Holton understood Mr. Abbott to state that the lands claimed under the old charter would insure to the whole line, and not simply to the 28 miles under construction. Hon. Mr. Beaubien stated that they expected no lands for his line.

Hon. Mr. Abbott said the agreement was that the whole line was to form one enterprise, and to be known as the Canadian Pacific Company. The lands claimed now belonged to the Canada Central Company, and if amalgamated all their assets would be thrown into one mass.

Mr. Mackenzie asked if the amount from the 336,000 acres for the 28 miles might be expended in Quebec.

Hon. Mr. Abbott said it would equally subserve the object. There would be no distinction between Upper and Lower Canada in the work. The grant from Montreal would probably be spent in Ontario. The Quebec subsidy stood in place of the land.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier said Montreal money would be spent all along the line.

Hon. Mr. Wood, assuming that they were entitled to the grant to Carleton Place, would they not be entitled also for the grant from there to Arnprior.

Hon Mr. Abbott—That forms no part of the Canada Central. If they had gone over the mountains and across rivers, to as the Premier of Ontario insisted to get a straight line it would have taken 51 miles instead of 28. Originally the Brockville and Ottawa was recognized as part of the line, and by merely looking at the map Arnprior was hit upon as the beginning of that portion of which Pembroke was to be the terminus. The only difference now was that it strikes the Brockville & Ottawa a few miles further down. There would be no difficulty in making a running arrangement, but they had asked for amalgamation at Toronto and been refused, to get possession of that part of the Brockville & Ottawa over which their line ran.

Mr. Chauveau said the member for Cumberland had put the question whether the position of the Company could be impaired or strengthened by the Acts of the Dominion Parliament. He thought it could. The charter was expiring; and, so far, the Federal Government puts the Provincial Government in the position of holding the land in trust for the Company by reviving the charter. If by this step the Dominion Parliament puts this Company in a position to obtain possession of lands from the Local Government, it, at the same time, takes the liability to indemnify it for these lands. The question here was whether there had been a deviation from the original line, and whether the Legislature would sanction this, and so give rise to a claim. Confederation had placed the Local Government with no other means but the subsidy and revenue from Crown Lands. They had no other sources but these on direct taxation, and those who knew Quebec knew how hopeless it was to attempt to raise a revenue from the latter. He denied that the lands were within the jurisdiction of the Federal Parliament. The Local Governments had given aid by them for colonization purposes, and it should be remembered that this was to the detriment of local revenue, and to the direct benefit of that of the Dominion. The policy of Quebec was to preserve the timber from being destroyed, of which there was no denying there was great danger. They had, therefore, granted 21 year's leases of limits, and if they made grants for roads they would be immediately sued for indemnification. It was, therefore, cheaper to give money, even to the extent of the whole revenue of the land, than to give the lands themselves. He was prepared to give every facility to the undertakings that were for the general good, and for this reason he had given a subsidy to this line, and it had been agreed that they should ask for no lands in addition. He hoped that if they granted the extension that it would be without any condition as to the lands.

Hon. Mr. Anglin said the question was as to the claim that might be established by the charter. If this Parliament chose to declare that the whole of the G. T. R. formed part of the Canada Central it would have no effect on the claim. If the Bill was passed in Ontario Parliament it would be evidence as to the claim, as they had control of the lands, but here they had no right to deal with the question. The Premier of Quebec takes a different position. He says in effect that granting this might infuse such vitality as to enable the Company to complete large portions of the line before September next, so that they could claim the lands under the charter. In all probability one portion of the line might be completed by that time, but no part of the rest had been ever begun, and as the different sections must not only be begun but completed with superstructures, rolling stock, and equipment, it was clear that from the 1st of June till the 18th September such a thing was impossible. In his opinion the objections of both Premiers possess no merit whatever.

The preamble with verbal alteration was carried and further consideration deferred till Tuesday.

The heads of amalgamation between the two companies have been agreed on to the entire satisfaction of both parties.

Metropolitan Mendicity & Departmental Distresses.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—A graphic delineation of the hereditary ills, which through the operation of peripatetic solicitors, accompany a life at the capital, has recently appeared in the columns of the TIMES, from the finely pointed pen of the *Free Press* correspondent, London the little. The paternity of this article is ascribed by the *Evening Mail* to a gentleman in the Post Office Department, and, of course, something piquant was to be expected from a man of letters.

In the distribution of health, wealth, longevity, and elastic limbs, with the various concomitants which consummate the sum total of mundane felicity, it is greatly to be regretted that the blind goddess had not just possessed one single eye to our individual case. But we must accept our position. The decree is inflexible. "The poor ye have with you always," and quarrel with the appointment as we may, we can neither deny it nor change it. Overlooking the circumstance that there is no promise of unmixed good in this sublunary sphere. "Fag" votes a metropolitan residence an intolerable bore. Does he forget the width of our Dominion, and the fact that there is no precedent for compulsory occupation?

The gods sell all things at a fair price, and gentlemen having a *penchant* for the society of princes, prelates, honourable senators, and scarce less honourable M. P.'s, should just make up their minds to pay for the luxury without higgling.

Let us look for a moment at the terms and conditions of the contract. Instalment No. 1 is required in advance, to supplement the contingent fund of various associations—religious, benevolent, and philantrophic—and also to provide for some etherial structures in the lunar regions, for similar praiseworthy objects, for which, not so much as a half ounce phial of the etherial fluid is hypothecated in consideration—contribution very properly held in abeyance.

No. 2. Is another cash payment to a harmless man, contributed to aid him in the purchase of an antiquated nag wherewith to peddle water. This case affords the consolation that the patent procured at such heavy expenses to the City Corporation, for this unique and efficient system of hydraulics, through which our citizens are supplied with the aqueous fluid, in all its saw dust and pitch pine purity, as well as providing an ample supply for extinguishing fires, is not likely to be infringed upon by the municipalities of provincial cities.

No. 3. Is less flattering. Subject—an exclerk of the Departments, recently dismissed the service for his continued inebrity. Demand—for means to take him to the tavern or out of town. "Fag" may thank his stars that this is but a solitary case; for had this line of reform been but partially extended, quite a number of kindred souls might have been added. Gentlemen, who to this day are receiving salaries from the Government of $1,000 and $1,200 per annum, who during twelve years incumbency, have not soiled in the execution of their duty as much paper as will be required to prepare this article for the press. Surely the public interests would have suffered less, had such persons been born to the obnoxious occupation so unsparingly denounced by this assiduous moral reformer.

But the prince of bores and beggars himself must *bow in the presence of the Book Agents.* Like broken knee'd nags at Tattersalls, they are trotted out *seriatim* for public inspection. The junior aspirant to ecclesiastical dignity, the seedy Chaplain whose dignity has departed, Mark Twain's man, apparently the only man of mark, with a fine old mercantile fragment of humanity, are put upon their mettle by the spur of this equestrian rough rider, and forced to exhibit their prettiest paces—the master of the ring, assuring his audience that in the great Parliamentary contests, they have each carried off this season, prizes of $4, $5, and $7 respectively.

But this is only the prelude—like a [illegible] *dessert,* the grand *debutantes,* are reserved for the close; and we are now to be treated to a spice of the fancy. The scene suddenly changes, and a couple of imported Lady *artistes* of magnificent proportions, engaging manners and rare personal attractions, are now displaying their agility before us. Homer, himself would have given his ears for the sight; and who could resist the syren song of her

Whose rustling robes, the corridors have swept,
Whose tiny feet, enchanted ground has stepped
Her gaitered ancle, my tie blue conceal'd
Behold her victim prostrate on the field!
Five minutes serve to take entire control,
And paralyse the affections of the soul.
Shade of Mesmer, behold and be astonished!

And then to think, of such fascinating charms being like her book, in the market? The gentleman must have satisfied himself on this delicate point. Surely there was a fault somewhere. Bivalves and bulbs of [illegible] colour, are certainly none of the [illegible] specimens [illegible] dilate upon in botanical science, otherwise we might have had some account of the facility with which the fair one might have bounded from the monocotoledonous to the order cryptogamia and *vice versa*—*Mais n'importe.* In an extacy of fervour he clutches the volume, and forthwith $6.50 "for a work of her own devisement" is gracefully transferred from his table drawer, to the elegant *part monnaie* of the Lady in black.

Keep the cords out of reach

Now, Mr. Editor regarding the majority of those inopportune visitors to the capital, I have but little to say, save that even in the case of unprotected Ladies, I deem it more creditable to them to make even an out of the way sort of effort to provide things honest than to lean for support on either their friends or the public. Struggling students and seedy ministers, may not appear so despicable in the master's eye, as they do among some of their fellow men. The old gold ring and gorgeous apparel, are even in this Christian age no bad passports to what in Ottawa, is styled the best society, while those of less comely exterior, however gifted in moral excellence, understand the position they are expected to occupy in the social scale. But when we behold a wayworn pilgrim, either lay or clerical, with a shattered system, enclosed in seedy garments, but whose urbanity forces on us the conviction that his state is somewhat abnormal, would it not be charitable, perhaps just, to assume the possibility of a period in his past history, when, instead of being a troublesome visitor at the doors of the defenceless "Dove cote," his once plethoric purse might have been widely distended, in fostering the inception of some of the noblest institutions that adorn our age, when as yet there was none of them; and without whose existence it would be difficult to conceive how Canada could be what it is. The guardianship of these institutions is fast falling into the hands of another generation. Let us hope that the sentiments annunciated by "Fag" form no correct estimate of public opinion regarding them; and that the circulation of such excellent books, as those now found in the hands of some of those well abused agents, may be multiplied a thousand fold.

JUSTITIA.

Ottawa March 31, 1870

The Widow Cox.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—If Mr. Mills had waited for this acknowledgment he would have found full justice done to the Unity Protestant Benefit Society. It was after sending you my last note which appears to-day (Friday) in your paper that I received from the Secretary of the Society the first intimation I had of this contribution. I saw Mrs. Cox immediately, and found that, although her husband was not by the rules of the Society entitled to any benefit still the members had most generously opened a subscription list and made up $25. That I was not aware of this notwithstanding several conversations with Mrs. C. I regret much, as I should have gladly stated what speaks so well for the kind sympathy of our working men Indeed, so little did I know of their liberality, that on the day I wrote my last letter I made application to the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society. Mrs. Cox has promised to bring this money which she has received from the Unity Protestant Benefit Society, that it may be added to the amount now in my hands, and accordingly I put it at the head of my list of donations acknowledged to-day. I think this will satisfy all parties.

I am,
Yours &c.,
T. BEDFORD-JONES.

April 1, 1870.

Members of the U.P.B.S	$25 00
Norris Godard, Esq	5 00
John McCrae, Esq	1 00
Joseph Sleeman, Esq	1 00
A. H. Taylor, Esq	1 00
"G. W. W."	2 00

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

—For Colds, Coughs, Broncitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 12444

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 1, 1870

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. HAZEN moved an address for copies of any despatches from Her Majesty's Government announcing their determination to send a portion of Her Majesty's ships to support the authorities of the Dominion in protecting the fisheries from foreign aggression.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL could well understand that this was a matter of great interest to the people of the Maritime Provinces, but as the papers were of such a nature that they could not be brought down without prejudice to the public interest he was sure the mover would not press the motion. The motion was withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT moved the appointment of a committe to examine and report upon the public accounts, with the power to send for persons and papers. In support of his motion he referred to the practice of the House of Lords to show that that body had the power to examine the public accounts; and, he contended, the Senate of the Dominion, which was called upon to sanction the supplies should have the privilege of investigating into the matters of expenditure. Their Union Act was framed to protect the interests of minorities, and although the large Province of Ontario had a much larger representation in the popular branch than the Maritime Provinces, yet in the Senate the representation was equal. A feeling was entertained that the expenditure of the Dominion was exhorbitant. Without expressing an opinion one way or another on that he thought it the duty of the Senate to look into the matter. He then referred to some items in the Public Accounts, with the object of showing that some of the items were excessive.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL did not differ from the mover as to the power of the House to appoint select committees, but he did differ with him as to the power of such Committees to deal with the general public accounts and expenditure. The Senate could properly appoint a select committee for a specific purpose, say, for instance to examine into the expenditure on Rideau Hall, which had been alluded to by the mover, but they could not appoint a Public Accounts Committee. He had looked into the matter thoroughly, and could not find that the House of Lords had ever appointed a Public Accounts Committee. The Public Accounts Committee must be a Committee of the other branch of Parliament, for the Chairman of the Committee was the Finance Minister, who must have a seat in the other House, and such a committee had full power to vote expenditure, to inquire into it and to regulate it, but the Senate could not exercise such powers; therefore any Committee appointed by it would have no sufficient jurisdiction, and could only be a source of inconvenience.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN said he hoped the House would do nothing which could lead people to think that they (the House) were assuming to exercise powers denied them by the constitution and British practice. He was satisfied, so far as his researches had gone, that the Postmaster-General had correctly stated the practice of the House of Lords, namely, that that body appointed Select Committees to inquire into particular matters of expenditure, and not on public accounts.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD offered a few remarks, the purport of which was unintelligible to the reporter.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER de ST. JUST, readily admitted that the House had no right to infringe upon the powers and duties of the House of Commons. The House could not, perhaps, appoint a committee for the exact purpose stated by the mover, but they could appoint committees to examine into the expenditure of the different departments, and although they could not go so far as a committee of the other House, they could give an opinion that particular departments of expenditure had been excessive. He then reviewed certain items of expenditure, and contending they were excessive, thought the House should enquire into them. He would suggest that the motion be allowed to stand over, so that it could be altered to establish the right of the House to enquire into the expenditure of any particular department.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT was quite willing to do so.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought it would be better to withdraw the motion, and place a specific one on the paper relating to any particular department or matter of expenditure.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY thought it necessary that the House should proceed with great caution and he would press the withdrawal of the motion, and suggest its renewal in some other form; but he could not understand the position of the Postmaster General who had admitted the power of the House to appoint committees for investigation of Departmental accounts, in detail, but denied the right of the House to appoint a coommittee for an investigation of the general accounts.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN again supported the view of the Postmaster General, and urged the necessity of avoiding anything which would bring the House into collision with the other branch.

The mover then withdrew his motion, while notifying the House that he should renew it in some other form.

Hon. Mr. ODELL inquired why a reduction had not been made on Foreign Postage rates in New Brunswick since 1st of January 1870, and in other parts of the Dominion, equal to that then made on Ocean Postage, and when instructions to that effect will be issued.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said when instructions were issued for the reductions no exception was made—all the Provinces were included, but the ratification of the convention rested with the Imperial authorities, and correspondence had taken place on the point.

Hon. Mr. ODELL said he referred to the difference of postage in Canada and New Brunswick to foreign countries. For instance, a letter posted in Canada would be 11 cents, but if posted in New Brunswick it would be 17 cents.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL could not understand that, for the instructions issued to all Inspectors had been the same.

In answer to other questions by that member,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the Imperial Government imposed the rate of registration fee on ocean letters, and that the fee on money orders throughout the Dominion would be the same.

Hon Mr. HAZEN then moved for an address, notice of which he gave a few days ago, for a copy of the petition and remonstrance from certain Bankers and others of Halifax, Nova Scotia, against the adoption of the policy for assimilating the Currency. He contended that the circulation of Nova Scotia Currency in the Province of New Brunswick, especially in St. John, was a constant source of loss and inconvenience to the merchants and general community; that the assimilation of the Currency was a condition incident to union and which had reconciled the people of New Brunswick to Confederation. There was a strong feeling on the matter in New Brunswick which would be intensified if it was found that the Government had decided to postpone an assimilation for an indefinite period at the instance of Nova Scotia Bankers. His object was to find out what were the new reasons which had led the Government to drop their proposed measure, if not to reverse their policy altogether.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY said the mover had no authority for saying that members of that House and others had influenced the Government to reverse their Currency policy. The Speech from the Throne indicated that there would be a scheme for making the Currency uniform, but it did not follow that the Government were welded to any particular standard, and there was no reason why the standard of New Brunswick should be adopted any more than that of Nova Scotia. He and others thought that the British sovereign or the Nova Scotia Currency was the best standard that could be adopted, and there was certainly as strong reasons and arguments in favour of that as of any other standard or system. The mover had grossly exaggerated the loss and inconvenience arising from the circulation of Nova Scotia Currency. There was, of course, some inconvenience incident to a want of uniformity, but this inconvenience was as much to the prejudice of one Province as to another.

Hon. Mr. DEVER said, since confederation New Brunswick had lost a great deal of its foreign trade, and the trade between Nova Scotia and that Province had increased, hence the inconvenience complained of, and he read from a St. John's paper to show that the prospects of the postponement of the Currency Bill had created a strong feeling of dissatisfaction.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN had not charged the Government with reversing their policy, but that on the representations of Nova Scotians, they had dropped their measure apparently indefinitely. What he had asked for, was that the reasons advanced by the Nova Scotians to influence the Government, should be made known, but this had been evaded by the Nova Scotian members who had spoken.

Hon. Mr. RITCHIE did not know what course the Government intended to take towards assimilation. There were reasons, though, why no undue haste should be made in the matter. The Currency of Nova Scotia was almost identical in standard to that which had been proposed in Paris as a universal standard, and as that standard might be adopted, ere long it was a reason why the Nova Scotia Currency should be adopted by the Dominion. At all events, it would be a mistake to asimilate to any other standard in view of certain prospects, that another change would be called for, perhaps, in a short time.

After some remarks from Hons. messrs. Dever and Hazen,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said, there was no occasion for an address to pass, as there were no papers to be produced on the subject.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved a second reading of the New Brunswick Police Bill. carried.

The House then went into a Committee of the whole on the Seamen's Clothing better protection Bill. The committee rose and reported, and the House was then adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 1, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3.30.

Mr. O'CONNOR presented a petition against the introduction of Paper Currency.

The Committee on Private Bills reported the Bill to incorporate the Society of Canadian Artists.

The following Bills were read a third time and passed:

The Bill respecting the extradition of certain offenders to the United States.

The Bill respecting cruelty to animals.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the concurrence of the report of the Committee of the Whole of the Bill respecting Banks and Banking.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT moved an amendment to the effect that in case any Bank should wish to resign its circulation and all profits derivable therefrom, that Bank shall not be required to hold Dominion notes for part of its cash reserves, but may hold gold. He said that for the use of the Banks, Dominion notes were not as good as gold. Gold was better than the security of any country on the face of the earth. With the yearly receipts of the country at about thirteen millions, and our expenses as a first mortgage upon those receipts to the extend of two-thirds, were we in a position to say that our notes were as good as gold. He quoted from the public accounts to show that there have been large deficits every year—that of last year being nearly a million.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the proposition sound enough in itself, but it did not go far enough. The Finance Minister had not given any reason for this forced loan, which he was taking from the Banks. He (Mr. Holton) would rather see the whole clause struck out. The Finance Minister had shown throughout the whole discussion a reluctance to meet the arguments of his opponents fairly and squarely.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved in amendment to the amendment, to strike out the fifth sub-section of the first section, which provides that the Banks shall hold one-third of their cash reserves in Dominion notes. The members were then called in, and the amendment put and lost—yeas, 36; nays, 104.

Mr. YOUNG said that the amendment of the hon. member for Lennox, although of itself and abstractly considered a good one, would have the effect of placing the Bank of Montreal on a different footing from the other Banks. The House had, by a large majority, adopted a principle, and it would not be right to make fish of one and flesh of another.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT'S amendment was then put and lost—yeas, 13; nays, 128.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON congratulated the hon. gentleman on the passage of his "little Bill," whereas a much worthier and better Bill introduced last year had to yield to a motion of postponement. He said that it would now be better to allow the Bill to stand as it was until the Interest Resolutions were brought forward, or else a clause should be inserted to place the Banks under the same resolutions as to interest.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that he had voted against Mr. Cartwright's amendment because he was desirous of uniformity in the law relating to Banks. He would now bring forward the amendment he had spoken of respecting the Bank of British North America. The opinion of the hon. gentleman last night appeared to be that, while it was desirable that this Bank should come under the general law on the subject, yet it was desirable that it should not be unduly pressed for time. He had, therefore, modified his amendment so as to allow the Bank to remain in its exceptional position until the 1st of January, 1875.

The amendment was then put and lost—yeas 40; nays 93.

Mr. OLIVER moved to strike out the words which prevented Managers and Bank Officials from voting by person or proxy.

The amendment was lost on division and the Bill was ordered for a third reading on Monday.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS presented the estimates for the year ending 30th June, 1871, which were referred to the Committee of Supply.

The House took up the consideration of the Act respecting Dominion Notes.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT moved an amendment to the effect, that should the Dominion notes at any time cease to be redeemed by the Government in gold, they shall cease to be legal tender, and Banks shall not be required to hold them as reserves.

The motion was lost on amendment and the third reading was fixed for Monday.

The Bill respecting the Secretary of State's office (from the Senate) was read a first time

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of the Bill (from the Senate) to amend the Act relating to Lighthouses, Buoys and Beacons.

Some discussion arose, and at 6 o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Mr. CARLING moved the third reading of the Bill to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Great Western Railway.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said a uniform gauge of railways all over the country was necessary, but he was of opinion that a mistake had been made in adopting the broad gauge.

Mr. DREW pointed out that if the Great Western change its gauge, the Hamilton, Grey and Bruce Railway could not connect with that line, and could, therefore, be shut out from Hamilton. If it was proposed to have a narrow gauge for the Grand Trunk it ought to be announced so, that railways now under construction could conform to it.

Mr. OLIVER was not opposed to a change of gauge on the Great Western, but thought that that change ought not to take place till a similar change was made on the Grand Trunk. He was of opinion that the American trade would get all the benefit of a narrow gauge on the Great Western at the expense of the local trade. He did not desire to throw anything in the way of the passage of the Bill, but thought the gauge should not be changed till a uniform narrow gauge was adopted for the whole country. He would, therefore, move to strike out the clause referring to a change of gauge.

Mr. CAMERON [Huron] thought a change of gauge on the Great Western, would materially injure the section of the country he represented. It would necessitate transhipment at the Paris station of all freight, brought from all parts on the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway west of Paris. If the Great Western Railway Company would agree to pay the cost of this transhipment, he would have no objection to allowing them to change their gauge.

Hon. Mr. CARLING said the Great Western had always done all they could to accomodate local traffic, and it would be a great hardship to it to compel it to keep up the expense of a third rail.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD quite agreed with the member for Chateaugay that an error was committed in establishing a broad gauge at first. It was a mistake to call this a Government measure, but they would throw no obstacle in the way of bringing it fairly before the House. In the present condition of the Grand Trunk it was not to be expected that it would incur the enormous expense of changing its gauge, and it would be a bold Government that would propose a money grant to enable any railway to change its gauge. Therefore he thought it would be impossible to establish now a uniform narrow gauge.

Mr. JACKSON said that municipalities had voted considerable sums to the proposed railway from Guelph to Lake Huron on the understanding that it would be a broad gauge so as to conform to the Grand Trunk and Great Western. If the Great Western gauge was to be changed, it might be considered as a want of faith with these municipalities.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the railway referred to by the member for Grey, had power to make either a broad or a narrow gauge. The only real difficulty in the way of the Bill was in reference to the Buffalo and Lake Huron, and he thought an arrangement might be made with the Great Western to overcome this difficulty. It was a matter which should engage the immediate attention of the Government, whether a narrow gauge should not be adopted on the Intercolonial Railway. This should not be left an open question; the Government should have a united and definite policy upon it.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS did not see that a change of gauge on the Great Western would necessarilly involve a change of gauge on other railways. To establish a uniform narrow guage all over the country would cost an enormous expense, and could not be entered into now.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said whatever the policy of the Governmet might be in the matter of gauges generally, it made little difference what the gauge of the Great Western might be, as it had very little connection with other railways of this country. Hamilton was the only place where parties above Paris would want to reach by the Great Western. With reference to the Wellington, Grey & Bruce Railway, it was a project of the Great Western. His opinion was that the Grand Trunk gauge would soon be changed so as to conform with the gauge of American lines with which it was connected.

Mr. SPROAT agreed with the remarks of the member for Grey, with respect to the injury this Bill would inflict upon the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said if the Minister of Finance had lost some of his old combativeness, he had lost none of his old audacity, as was evident from his statement that the gauge of the Great Western was not a matter of any consequence to the gauge of other lines. It was that hon. gentleman who fastened the present gauge upon the Great Western, and if his statement just made was correct, why did he fetter the Great Western these fifteen years past with broad gauge? He believed that gentleman was wise in insisting upon a uniform gauge, but erred in selecting the broad gauge.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said at the time the broad gauge was first established between Montreal and Portland, he was not in Parliament. At that time the Great Western was considered to be part of the main line. But his hon. friend from Chateauguay contrived to get a railway from Toronto to Guelph made of the Grand Trunk. (laughter)—and that led to the change of the Great Western from part of the main line to an almost entirely American line.

Hon. Mr. DORION said the Minister of Finance was in the Government at the time the line from Toronto to Guelph was made part of the Grand Trunk, and was, therefore, as much responsible for it as the member for Chateaugay.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER explained that the Great Western Railway had the choice in 1851 of either accepting the broad guage with a guarantee, or the narrow guage without one, so that the broad guage was not fastened upon it by the Government.

Mr. OLIVER explained, with reference to his former remarks, that all he meant was, that the Great Western gave preference to American over local traffic.

Mr. CARLING assured the hon. gentleman that the Company were just as anxious to get Canada traffic as traffic from the United States, but they were dependent upon the United States for two-thirds of their traffic, and of course did everything they could to accommodate that traffic.

Mr. OLIVER'S amendment was lost on division.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) moved that all freight requiring transhipment in order to pass over the Great Western Railway, shall be so transhipped by the said Railway with the same facilities, and at no greater cost than now.—Lost on division.

The Bill was read the third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. RYAN (Montreal West) moved the third reading of the Bill to incorporate a Company for the construction of a Ship Canal to connect Lake Champlain and the River St. Lawrence.

Mr. BENOIT objected to the terminus fixed upon for this Canal, as it would take trade away from Montreal. He thought Longueuil was much a more preferable place for the terminus.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER thought it would have been better not to have limited the point of departure by the Bill; but the Committee had determined otherwise, and he did not think it advisable to oppose their decision.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

The House then took into consideration the amendments on the Act to authorize the town of Belleville to collect Harbor dues, &c., which were agreed to.

The Bill was read a third time.

The Act to incorporate the Sun Insurance Company of Montreal, was read a second time and passed the Committee.

Mr. MACKENZIE understood the Bill abrogated the functions of the Board of Works, as far as Light Houses in the Gulf, &c., that this was to be under the Secretary of the Navy.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD ... ter call him first Lord of the ...

Mr. MACKENZIE said his ... to having two departments ... the same work. It was ... Minister of Marine to have ... Horse and Foot Marine. The ... the Public Accounts the ... $2.0, and in the next line, ... (laughter). He asked wh... of Marine intended to do ... artillery. He intended to ... amendments if this obnoxious ... be passed.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN ... regard to Light House ... after Confederation certain ... to be removed from the Public ... placed under the charge of the ... Marine, under whom the ... work and expenses could be ... cheaply. As to the build... Light Houses, the Bill does ... they shall be built by the ... Marine, but only that they ... structed, and only those ... Department which could be ... built than otherwise. In answer ... tion as to the building of ... Nova Scotia, the delay ... from the inability of the ... taken at the time. The Bill ... money to the Dominion.

Mr. FORTIN said, the Bill ... troy the Trinity House ... Lambton asserted. ... would not vote for it. ... very arduous and important ... form, were in charge of the ... other work of a similar ... Minister of Marine could ... The navigation of the port of ... also under its control and ... a long distance. He saw ... ines about the Bill. That ... echo of a certain newspaper ... da which had been ... against all the officers ... Fishery Department, and ... study the subject more.

Mr. MACKENZIE said, he ... had made a mistake in ... Gulf with the Dominion ... had spoken of the Lakes ... The Bill was simply the ... too many heads of Departm... ded to divide duties and ... to the injury of the ...

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE ... the Department of Marine ... tended rather than curtail... were large Maritime Provinces ... which a fresh water Govern... not be suited. He was prepar... halfway all advances towards ... but if the Upper Canadians were ... pared for this, he would meet ... way they liked.

Mr. M. P. RYAN did not ... Bill. He was afraid that ... to do away with, not ... Board of Quebec, but ...

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CA... is not the case.

Mr. RYAN said he was ... was. The general fear arising ... from the charges made ... Boards of extravagance, which ... unfounded.

Mr. SIMPSON would support ... the old system of Lighthouse ... expensive, but they were ... Under the Board of Public ... almost impossible to get ... and they were attended with ... for surveys. There had ... houses erected on Lake ... pense of $220,000, while ... Lighthouses would have ...

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MAC... cused Mr. Mackenzie for ... measure of the Government ... what it was, which weakened ... his censures. He seemed ... up as a watch tower of Zion, ... try did not believe all his ... He had now brought up the ... about the number of the Ministers ... had always considered that ... required, except, perhaps, ... always been considered necessary ... the Receiver-General and ... Council. It was absurd to ... the duties of the Minister of ... be thrown on the Board of ... which now, more than ... amount of labour thrown ... pointed out the duties of ... Marine as of a most important ... and requiring to be superintended ... department. They would, ... that even with the ... Minister of *Public Works* ... Department were fully employed ... would be most unwise for a ... economy to starve the public ... would venture to predict that ... member for Lambton was ... would have an equal number ... The only one he could leave ... the Receiver General, but even ... ber for Chateauguay admitted ... desirable to have Ministers in ... holding comparative sinecures ... the Minister of Marine and ... necessary and his duties were ... not be done by the Board of ... It was his duty to select ... Lights, and who could more ... he throw out the Light ... expensive character. The ... the Public Works was ... some of these Lights ... have to be sent to do the work ... were officers on the spot ... to the Trinity Boards ... institutions which he would ... see abolished, and all the ... from them were those in the ...

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said ... these Boards covered the ...

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MAC... that the duties did not ... Scotia, New Brunswick or the ... and it was thought better to ... under one jurisdiction, which ... sense.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that ... opposed all the Government ... There was one great Bill he ... that relating to ... Did he intend that the ... was to have a corps of ... sistants as the Bill ... plate.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MAC... the policy of the Government ... away with the expensive ... Houses and substitute for ... en erections. As to stone ... pensive works those would ... charge of the Board of ... no intention to have a ...

Hon. Mr. HOLTON ... ister of Marine must ... istence, and he was at a ... how they could supply ... versatile a genius who had ... so many of the departments ... tifarious duties. They ought ... consider this.

The Bill was read a second ... House went into Committee ...

The Bill was reported and ... third reading on Monday.

The Bill respecting certificates ... ters and Mates of ships were ... ond time.

On motion of Hon. Sir ... HINCKS the House went into ... of Supply, and passed ... respecting the Governor ... ment.

In answer to Hon. Mr. ...

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS ... would be able to make his ... ment by Thursday, if not before.

The Committee rose ... and obtained leave to sit again ...

The Bill respecting Bills ... and Promissory Notes was read ... time.

Resolutions respecting Raw ... Leather was adopted and ...

LAWSON, the Bill founded on them was introduced.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

MAGEE & RUSSELL's show room opening and general display of novelties for the season takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

THE MARKET.—Friday—Was a very good one Citizens lively in purchasing. No change in prices.

ALL FOOLS DAY.—More than a hundred persons were sold by a statement that a halibut, weighing 433 lbs., was on exhibition at Moses Lapointe's fish-market. A rush was made—Lapointe sold a good deal of fish, and the surrounding saloons reaped some profit from the hoax.

POLICE COURT.—Friday—Julia Ring had just been released from gaol, and went on a jollification. She was brought up, and got two weeks after a touching appeal to the Cadi.

Emma Welch, drunk, got two weeks.

James Yates, too much whiskey, received two days in gaol.

Michael Hares, drunk, case dismissed.

OPTICS.—Mr. Tackaberry, Stewart's Block, Rideau-st., one of our prominent Auctioneers, will offer a large assortment of Optical instruments for sale to-day, Monday and Tuesday. —See Advertisement.

CAME TO THE WRONG HOUSE.—A young fellow named Alberte came to Constable Banning's house on Thursday night, and asked permission to warm himself. He represented that his father and mother had both lately died, and attracted the sympathies of the women of the house. Banning was awakened, and discovered a young criminal in the youth. The young fellow tried to make off, but Banning brought him to his father's, and made further discovery that he had possessed himself of some $3, and had absented himself from home since Monday last.

BOATING.—The special attention of our boating friends is called to a meeting to be held at the "Queen" Restaurant, on Monday next, at 4 p.m. We understand the principal object of calling the meeting is to devise some plan for keeping up and maintaining the very convenient and commodious boat-house of the late Ottawa Rowing Club. The boathouse is now in the hands of two or three active members of the late club, who have up to the present time, at a considerable sacrifice, prevented the property from falling into other hands. It now remains for those who tested the advantages last season, of having a convenient and comfortable mooring and landing-place, and others who may be interested in boating, to organize some sort of a joint stock concern, and keep up the boat-house, or it will be sold, as the present proprietors have had an offer to purchase.

THEATRICAL.—The Officers of Her Majesty's 60th Rifles, as already advertised, will appear in the Rink Music Hall to-night, and we anticipate an excellent evening's entertainment. Every care has been expended in the preparation of the "bill," and from the success which has always met the efforts of our military friends, we have no doubt but they will again have a crowded audience; the charitable objects of the performance alone will attract many. Several lady amateurs will assist on the occasion, and the excellent band of the Battalion will furnish an important addition to the programme, some of the pieces to be performed being quite new to Ottawa. The celebrated "Irish Tiger" will be brought out, in all his native ingenuousness, and to any one who has not witnessed his playful mistakes we should recommend not to lose such an opportunity.

CHRIST CHURCH READINGS.—These select Readings were well attended last night. The splendid singing of Miss Aumond called forth storms of applause. The Readings were intended for an intelligent auditory, and the unseemly tramping of some persons near the entrance was not desired. Below we give the tout ensemble:

Chairman—Hon. Mr. Archibald.
Piano Duett—Mrs. Austin and Miss Patterson.
Reading—Mr. Tulman.
Song—Mr. Sinclair.
Reading—Mr. Waltcher.
Song—Miss Aumond.
Reading—Mr. Meredith.
Song—Miss Smith.
Reading—Mr. Small.
Reading—Mr. A'amson.
Chorus—God Save the Queen.

AMERICAN NEWS.

ST ALBANS. For weeks past an unusual supply of money orders and drafts from Philadelphia and New York, have been received at Burlington, payable to men known as Fenians Lately there has been a mysterious movement of loaded teams from this point to Underhill and Westford, some seventeen miles east, and on the railroad. A week ago last Sunday night, several double teams freighted with boxes and casks passed northwardly through the village of Fairfield, some ten miles east of St. Albans, and the same thing was repeated Sunday night in Fairfax, which lies between Westford and Fairfield. Six of these teams were seen, all bound north. Fairfield is largely inhabited by Irishmen, most of whom are Fenians, and it is only about ten miles from the Canada line.

NEW YORK.—A large meeting of coloured people was held to-night, to rejoice over the adoption of the 15th amendment.

The Irish republicans renewing their pledges to support the constitution and welcoming the 15th amendment.

The New York Yacht club, gave a dinner to James Gordon Bennett, Jr., at Delmonico's this evening. Mr. Bennett sails for Europe on Saturday.

MONROE, La.—J. H. Wesner, Sheriff of the parish of Washita, was murdered here last night by fifteen or twenty armed men, who came for the purpose of releasing a man named Beaver, who was in custody, charged with murder. The mob also killed a colored man named Johnston, a witness against the prisoner. After releasing Beaver they set fire to the jail to prevent the escape of the other prisoners, and then retired.

J. Wumberly was killed last evening in a difficulty with Dr. Donkgrave.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE AGE.—Forty thousand dollars' worth of French mirror plates have been ordered by the Leland Brothers, for their new Union Hotel at Saratoga. The other appointments of the new hotel are said to be on a similar scale of magnificence.—*New York Tribune, Jan. 12th.* 1260

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonee Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SWem

—Each year adds almost innumerably to the list of Inventions. The fruitful ingenuity of thousands of intellects, thus contributes to the convenience, comfort, and profit of mankind. But amongst the numberless preparations for improving the condition of the teeth and gums, there has yet been nothing to compare to those specially manufactured by Messrs Gabriel, the celebrated Dentist of London, whose Coralite Tooth Paste, Royal Tooth Powder, and Odontalgique Elixir are unequalled for cleansing, beautifying and preserving the teeth, and imparting a delicious fragrance to the breath It will give our readers great satisfaction to learn, that these world renowned articles can now be obtained in this neighborhood For further particulars we refer them to Messrs. Gabriel's advertisement, which appears in another column.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Broncitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M D.

St. John, N.B.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev H POLLARD Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church—Daly Street.
Rev Dr BEDFORD JONES, Rector; Rev C F STREET, M A, Assistant Curate.
(All seats free and unappropriated.)
Services to-morrow—Holy Communion, 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, Sermon, 11 a m; Evening Prayer, Sermon, 7 p m.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev H POLLARD, Curate
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M. A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.—St. Bartholomew.
Rev. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A.
Matins at 11; Evensong at 3.30. All Festivals observed. All seats free.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER,
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a.m.

St James Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev JOHN JOHNSTON
Divine Service at 7 to 4 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev B. LANE, B.A.,
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.

Bank Street Church—Upper Town.
Rev Mr MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street 11a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.
Mass and Sermon for the military, in the Crypt of the Cathedral, at 10 a m. Military Chaplain Rev Æ McD Dawson.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Mornings, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass —8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m., from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

—Queen's birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

BIRTH.

On the 18th March, at The Elms, near Bristol England, the wife of C. B. Charlewood, Esq., H. 30th Regiment, of a son.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS,

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the Room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments.

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, PATENT LAMPS &c.

Mr. TACKABERRY will sell by AUCTION at his Rooms, Stewart's Block, Rideau street, a special consignment of OPERA, MARINE GLASSES, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS MAGIC LANTERNS, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, and a large assortment of other Scientific Apparatus.

Sale—Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, and following days at 7 p. m.

No Reserve.
Terms—Cash in Bankable Funds.

I B TACKABERRY,
1313 4 Auctioneer.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4,

And continue until further notice.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE

THE HANLONS IN THE SHADE.

THE GREAT FEMALE FLYING TRAPEZE, LILA AND ZOE.

From the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, Paris,

The Troupe comprises the following first-class Artists:

Miss LILA and ZOE, who stand unrivalled and alone as the two "Queens of the Air"

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist, and the only successor of Blondin, will ascend from the back of the stage to the extreme end of the theatre, carrying on his shoulders Mlle A. Zoe—together with all his astonishing feats, never attempted by any other performer.

Mlle. CODONA, the Queen of Beauty, in her classic tight rope performances.

Mons. CODONA, the Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist and daring Gymnast.

Mons. DELBRA, the Boneless Man,

YOUNG AMERICA, the Boy Wonder, and a host of others too numerous to mention,

New and Startling Feats Every Evening.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.
Tickets may be had at Orme & Son's.
Doors open at 7. To commence at 8.
Seats can be secured, without extra charge from

J E NOBLE,
1323 5 Advance Agent.

SOLEMN BENEDICTION

OF THE

New Church of Notre Dame, Hull,

ON SUNDAY, 3rd of April, at 9½ o'clock A.M., will take place the benediction of the new Church of Hull.

At 3 o'clock of the same day, a grand retreat and jubilee for the Parish of N.D., Hull, will be commenced by the Rev. Father Royer Superior of the Oblats in the Bishopric of Ottawa.

The citizens of Ottawa are requested to assist at this interesting ceremony.

P.S.—The new music band of the Ottawa College will be present at the benediction.

April 2, 1870. 1333-1

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

This Society will give its Third and last

CONCERT

For the Season at

GOWAN'S HALL,

—ON—

MONDAY EVENING, the 4th APRIL, 1870

The PROGRAMME will embrace Operatic Choruses, Solos, Duets, &c.

Tickets 25 cents each, to be obtained at Orme and Son's Music Store, H. & J. Gowan's, Sparks Street, and at the door.

Doors open at 7.30 p. m. Concert to begin at 8 p. m. precisely.

N. B.—MR. DE PLAINVAL has kindly consented to lend his valuable assistance.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1333 2

NOTICE.

A MEETING of all who are interested in BOATING will be held at "The Queen Restaurant" on MONDAY NEXT at FOUR (4) o'clock, to take into consideration the propriety of forming a JOINT STOCK COMPANY to maintain the BOAT HOUSE during the coming season.

1333 2 W HORACE LEE.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE, suitable for a private residence or hotel, with THREE acres of good land, situate on the Rideau Canal, one mile from the city limits. For particulars, apply to H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks street, Ottawa, or to J. M. DONNELLY on the premises. 1321 6

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GROOM and COACHMAN, apply to the undersigned,

N SPARKS,
1321 16 Albert street, Ottawa.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
14 2 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at resonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £28 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2a

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 tM1

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
1306M1 Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

NOTICE

HOUSE and LOT for sale on Maria street. For information apply at Rowe's Auction Rooms Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1308tf

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.
Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 540 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1621tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Conac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now a mixed to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmen and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H F. McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city. N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.
1213-3m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR SPRING STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

The largest and most attractive we have ever imported will be complete and ready for inspection on

THURSDAY, the 10th INSTANT.

In Canadian manufactures we are offering for our own and manufacturers account the most desirable GOODS in the market, in great variety, and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

To the above announcement we invite the attention of our customers and the Trade.

WM J McMASTER & CO,
8 Bonaventure street.
MONTREAL, March 1870 1297 1m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 16, 1870.

JUST RECD

Bow Bell's and London Journal,
Godey, Frank Leslie
And Mad. Demorest's, for March,
Also, London Sunday Time
AT
HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOTS,
Sussex and Sparks Streets.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

TO BOOKBINDERS.

Wanted TWO or THREE GOOD HANDS. Apply to A. MORTIMER, Bookbinder, Metcalfe Street. 1315a

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and he public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,
1396 tf Auctioneer.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 1y Mosgrove street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be complete for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made, out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. A ROWE.
1496 tf

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz,

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Land Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, April 2, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring "	1 00	@ 0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 33	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@ 0 19
No. 2	0 18	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 25	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@ 10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides.		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, is well in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they affect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have ever used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can impare a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,
Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,
With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jc2-141-tf

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD

The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the song of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog, birds, beasts and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents; three for 50 cents; $1.25 per dozen.

T W VALENTINE,
Box 372, Jersey City, N.J.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 1aw

---

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SESSION OF THE COUNTY COURT,

In and for the said County of Carleton, for the trial of issues of fact without the intervention of a jury, will be holden at the Court House, (City Hall), in the City of Ottawa, on

Monday, the 4th day of April, 1870,

1870, at the hour of ten o'clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff,
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, March 24th, 1870. 1318td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in case of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late PETER TOMKINS, of Gloucester, Esquire, are hereby requested to send in statements of the same to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment of the same immediately to the undersigned.

HENRY TOMKINS,
CHARLES BILLINGS,
Executors.

Billings' Bridge, PO,
15th March, 1870. 1386a13 3

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure,* and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to sell.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAY & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).
Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.
M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.
Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1233-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 993y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 306tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

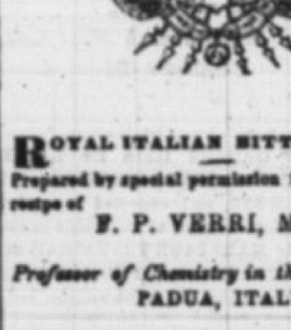
HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1023tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

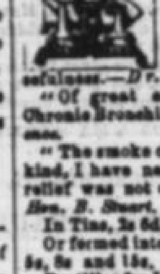
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s and 10s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 11s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
37-3m Russell Hotel, Ottawa City.

Medical.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

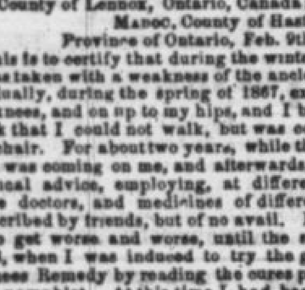
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P Q County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

Ottawa, January 21 T. BAJOTTE.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

384 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Oawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks treet,
Ottawa

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

they were painfully afflicted, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

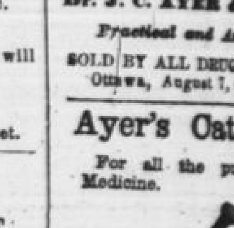
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



tried it, know that it cures; those that have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

PROSPECTUS

— OF THE —

OTTAWA COURIER,

Politics, Literature, Commerce and Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to hear that a paper bearing the above title is about to be started to meet their wants. ...such a newspaper, in both languages, is needed in Ottawa, and which will afford them the latest intelligence. I have been induced to take the publication of the Courier, and it will be my aim in doing so to fill the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising; trade is brisk, and there is evidence of a great future prosperity. ...to and from the city, and the establishing additional factories, ...unrivalled water-power at our doors, will do much to rapidly increase its prosperity.

Confederation has strengthened the commercial ties between the English and French speaking inhabitants of the Dominion, and it shall be the aim of the Courier to make them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the government the proprietor of the Courier concurs, and will endeavour to give that measure of support which will be rendered necessary, carefully avoiding giving offence to such as may differ from his views. We will cultivate a friendly feeling with the traditions of the past and the ...of the present, hoping to take a share in a certain course, which cannot but be approved by the inhabitants of the ...of Ottawa.

A young people should not confine themselves to the level of their own nationalities, and this they can ...made acquainted with what goes on in other parts of the world. This ...we shall also urge such ...tend to increase the ...wealth of the community ...not, however, be confined to the requirements of ...full share of our attention ...cultivation of the soil ...very much depend ...particular object to ...agriculturist, and ...industries, and to ...information for ...

Correspondents ...open to them in ...offer suggestions ...pressed are ...couched in moderate ...language.

Let it not be supposed ...that may have ...the Courier will ...matters. The ...quarter of the globe ...columns, the telegraph ...of, and the latest ...possible obtained.

Indeed, from the ...Courier will contain ...in its management ...pates success and ...The Courier will ...at five o'clock, ...payable in advance ...There will also be ...of which will be ...

NAPOLEON ...

THE TIMES is printed ... The OTTAWA TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, ... Centre Town, ...

VOL V.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE ...

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the general public that I am now receiving my Fall and Winter Stock of Foot Wear ... found complete in every department, ... the LATEST AND BEST STYLES ... Ladies', Misses, Children's ... and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with care, ... is warranted to give satisfaction, ... PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION ... A large supply of Lumbermen's ... on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work ... best workmen employed.

GEORGE ...

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand) ... offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES ... a well selected stock, comprising ... Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry ... Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, ... Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also ... *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED ... LABR. HERRING

... the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Golong, Congou, Imperial, Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Henessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, ... quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and M... all prices, in wood and bottle, Imp... HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, ... WHISKEY,

high proof and ... flavor, at extremely ... Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey, ... Old Tom.

Deville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, ... Allsop's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
... refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM ... SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST ...

... is the time or bar ains.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH ...

Incorporated under Chapter LX ... Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S ... Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, ... ; E FOOTE A THOMSON, ... DRUMMOND, Manager.

IMPORTANT TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS ... SION STORES AND OTHERS

I hereby give notice of my intention ... PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale ... The increase of trade during the last ... having compelled me to enlarge my ... have decided to make the wholesale ... special purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly ... in Canada, and the question of quality ... satisfied by making known the fact that ... vegetables from seed procured at ... made in it is the best; they will ... favorable comparison with any ... And another and important fact is ... packed and manufactured in Ottawa ... avoiding freight, packing, duty and ... I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent ... importer.

These advantages, I think, ... satisfy those who may favor me with ... JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and R... Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or ... No. 1, Post Office, Ottawa.*

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of ... River.

Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles ... and the highest prices given.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, ...

OTTAWA,

End of Little ...

Cash advanced on goods consigned ... private sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. ...

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. ... visiting the Capital will find superior ... station by the day or week at moderate ... N B—This house is situated in the ... vicinity of the Parliament Buildings ... several banks.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make ... the Legislature of Ontario ... Bills are hereby notified that ... required by the 51st and following ... Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE ... application (clearly and distinctly specifying ... its object) in the "Ontario Gazette" ... also in a newspaper published in the ... Union of Counties affected; such notice ... continued in each case for a period ... six weeks during the interval of time ... the close of the next preceding Session and ... consideration of the Petition. Copies of ... each notices to be sent to the ... Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must ... within the FIRST THREE WE...

CHARLES T GI...
Clerk of ...
15, 1870. 1309 ...

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a Court of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County ... will be holden at the Court House ... Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day ... at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m. ... all coroners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, ... and all others concerned, are required to ... and govern themselves accordingly.

W F P...

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 18...
1312 d&wtd.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1324. OTTAWA, MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Fall and Winter Stock of Feet Wear which will be found complete in every department, representing

LATEST AND BEST STYLES Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

DENNIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Henault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtsaw's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Bass's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. ... tradesmen's prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Note the time or our line. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—J P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... R FOOTE, A SHOMSON, T H DUNN, DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

IMPORTANT TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c., wholesale. The increase of trade during the last four years having compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my special purpose. The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest in Canada, and the question of quality is readily settled by making known the fact that I raise my vegetables from seed procured at any expense providing it is the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported. And another and important fact is that being raised and manufactured in Ottawa thereby avoiding freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than any importer. These advantages, I think, cannot fail to satisfy those who may favor me with their orders. JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box No. 1, Post Office, Ottawa. Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau River. Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected and the highest prices given. 1196y

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases. W. H. Easton. R. M. Easton.

MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

... 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit,

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all coroners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 d&wtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING Now open for Sale and Inspection at O'MEARA & CO'S., 50 Sparks-st, CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ... ment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter "city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDER-SHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c., to which we invite the attention of the LUMBERING COMMUNITY who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS, Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES, from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, very cheap.

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c. &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO. October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY, COMMISSION MERCHANT FORWARDER, GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c., No. 3, St. Peter st. QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE

Finance Department, Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.

No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bormingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons in Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

GEO. HAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, Back street, Centre Town, BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE! P. BASKERVILLE & BRO, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS of all descriptions, and a general assortment of GROCERIES suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO, A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits. Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city. GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 00
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 03	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 05 p. m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6 25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

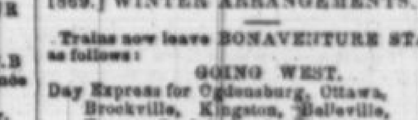
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 8.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

E. ABBOTT, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do .... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 3 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

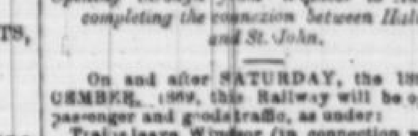
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 a m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	36 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York. or ERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869. 1336 1

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders FOR MESSRS. GOODERHAM & WORTS, OF TORONTO, FOR HIGHWINES, ALCOHOL, OLD RYE WHISKEY, MALT WHISKEY, TODDY WHISKEY, FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO., Agents. Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 12-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON. WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c., shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON, Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superceded all others.

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa, J P MACPHERSON, Commission Merchant, Bange Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M. HOUSE, Attorney. 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR. Nature's Crown You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS. BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES, To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager. 1298tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

OTTAWA LITERARY CLUB.

The course of stated Lectures before the Club, will take place at Webster's Hall on the evenings indicated

Thursday, Feb. 17—BENJAMIN SULTE, Esq.—Subject: "The Newspaper Press of Lower Canada."

Thursday, Feb. 24—JARROLL RYAN, Esq.—Subject: "The Knights of Malta."

Thursday, March 3—H. BEAUMONT SMALL, Esq.—Subject: "The Language of Nature."

Thursday, March 10—CHARLES SANGSTER, Esq.—Subject: "Canadian Poetry."

Thursday, March 17—A. J. CHRISTIE, Esq.—Subject: "Reminiscences of Ottawa."

Thursday, March 24—GEORGE HENRY MACAULAY, Esq.—Subject: "Commerce, Ancient and Modern, briefly reviewed and compared."

Thursday, March 31—HENRY JAS MORGAN, Esq.—Subject: "A Few Pages from Canadian History."

Thursday, April 7—REV. Æ. McD. DAWSON—Subject: "The Late Thomas D'Arcy McGee."

Tickets of Admission may be obtained from any member of the Club.

The Lecture to commence each evening at 8 o'clock.

W McKAY WRIGHT, President.

A J CHRISTIE, Secretary.

Ottawa, January 21, 1870. 1264 tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75c, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

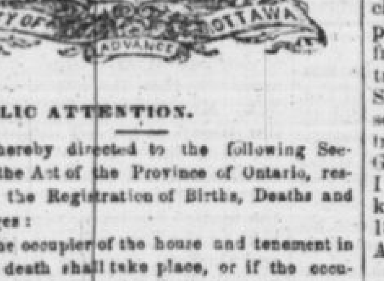
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 75c; very good for common purposes, 50c

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Teas Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 78 Sparks street.



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawk

CUSTOMS UNION.

Speech of Hon. Mr. Howe in the House of Commons.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said:—Mr. Speaker, I am afraid, after the able and very eloquent speech of the hon. gentleman who opened this debate and the discussion which followed, that there remains little for me to say, but yet the question involved in the discussion is so difficult that I feel strongly that it is necessary that the whole subject should be debated out (hear, hear); and it is of so much consequence that every public man who wishes not to be misunderstood should state his opinions on this occasion, that I would ask the the House to indulge me for a short time while I express the views which occurred to my own mind while listening, as I have attentively, to those gentlemen who have taken part in this interesting debate. Now, sir, I will say to the Hon. member for Shefford that it is not my intention to indulge animadversions upon either his loyalty or his conduct in this Parliament. Sir, during the long history of these British American Provinces, from time to time there have been collisions, and sometimes convulsions in them all. I find that men of the fairest intentions have been misunderstood and some times have had their efforts laughed at, but it is not necessary to impugn the loyalty of either my hon. friend the member for Shefford or the hon. member for Sherbrooke (hear, hear). But I must say at once to my hon. friend the member for Shefford, that I regretted exceedingly that in bringing forward a question of this magnitude and importance that he has made it a party question. The hon. gentleman said it ought not to be and should not be treated as a party question, and I wish that he had followed out that rule, and had debated it upon its merits, but my hon. friend will allow me to say that he prefaced his speech by a party attack on the Government, and if he will allow me to turn his attention to a few of his arguments and statements, I will shew him how very unfair and unjust many of them were. Both in his resolutions and in those of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, we can easily see there is an attempt to beguile—if I may so term it—men of all parties, and of all opinions (laughter), and among the men who are to be beguiled there are to be some of the hon. members who represent the Province of Nova Scotia as well as myself, (hear). My hon. friend told us that Nova Scotia had been misunderstood. Well, sir, I am not going to dispute that at this time of the day, but this my hon. friend knows, that if he was misunderstood by gentlemen sitting on this side of the House, he was equally misunderstood by the gentlemen who sit on that side, (laughter). And if Confederation was illegal, and the mode in which it was carried was unjust and unfair to Nova Scotia, then those who are sitting on that side of the House cannot throw a stone at us on this side, (hear). I well remember that when I sat on that side of the House, with the single exception of the hon. member for Shefford, whose chivalry I have always admired, with the single exception of my hon. friend, I got no sympathy on that side, and I have always thought that one great mistake made by hon. gentlemen on that side was this, that calling themselves Liberals and Reformers they did not come forward during those forty days, and say: "Your country has been hardly treated, and it ought to have an opportunity of expressing its opinions on this question." If they had come forward and sympathised with us, and aided us in getting justice, they would have stood in a very different position then from what they do now. My hon. friend might then have fairly taunted the Ministry and gentlemen on this side with having misunderstood Nova Scotia, (hear). Now, let me say to my hon. friend that in throwing that taunt at gentlemen on this side, he acted very unfairly and unjustly, and did not deal out that equal justice which from a gentleman of his open manliness we had reason to expect. Now, what did my hon. and learned friend the leader of the Government? Why, sir, he may have equally misunderstood Nova Scotia, but the moment a fair opportunity offered, he came forward, and so far as he could within the limits of the Confederation Act, offered us justice, and went, I think the gentlemen on the other side will admit, as far as the very verge of the opinion of this Parliament will admit in endeavouring to right the inequalities and injustice of which Nova Scotia complained, (hear.) Well, what more? Why, during the last nine months that I have had an opportunity of daily intercourse with my hon. and learned friend, I may say this, that there has been no question in which Nova Scotia was concerned, that touched her welfare or affected her honour, but I have had the sympathy, the assistance, and the support of my hon. and learned friend, always, of course, within the limits of the Confederation Act, (hear). So much, sir, for that. Now, sir, my hon. friend said the other day that nothing had been done towards conciliating Nova Scotia, that the Local Government and Legislature were still opposed to us, but my hon. friend ought to have remembered this, that that Local Parliament was elected with my assistance, that I traversed the country from end to end to put these men in their seats, and he ought to have remembered also, and to have stated fairly, that both myself and my hon. friend the member for Colchester, have both run since that time, and have gained our seats, notwithstanding the most determined opposition the Local Government could bring against us, (hear, hear), and that as yet not one of these men have gone back to their constituencies. Next year they have to try the question between their policy and mine, and I will say that I look forward to that contest without apprehension, and without fear, (hear). Now, sir, the hon. and learned member for Shefford charged the Government with being inefficient since 1864, and spoke about their petty procrastinations. Will my hon. friend allow me to say that if that was all true, that I think the hon. member for Shefford may be very fairly charged with some share of the incapacity, for my hon. friend from Sherbrooke was member of the Government till the celebrated forty days. I don't know why he left, but this I do know, that till I came here in the fall of 1867, he had always been a member of the Administration.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—The hon. member was mistaken, though I do not suppose that he wishes to misstate the facts. I resigned office in 1866, and did not take office again till July, 1867, (hear).

Hon. Mr. HOWE—I entirely acquit my hon. friend, and am glad to be corrected. I remember that Mr. Rose took office while I was here, and I supposed that my hon. friend had resigned just before. Will my hon. friends allow me to say this: that the hon. member for Sherbrooke had been for a long time the companion of these men—that he had sat in Council and in the House with them, had acted with them, and had known them all, and therefore I think that the hon. member for Sherbrooke must have known of it, and if they had kept on procrastinating in this way that he would not have staid there so long. And when the hon. member for Sherbrooke resigned it was upon no change that his friends had in doing these things, that the hon. member for Shefford says, but it was on some dispute—not about Nova Scotia, nor about procrastination, but it was some dispute about the Bank of Upper Canada, so that in point of fact if the hon. member for Sherbrooke did know all that the hon. member for Shefford says about my colleagues, he never raised his voice nor let the world outside know his thoughts. Now, let us look at the personnel of the Administration. Although I did not know the gentlemen with whom I am now associated, except by reputation, as I had known all the public men of Canada, I did not at any time know them very intimately until I was associated with them, but for the last ten months I have had an opportunity of observing their daily public life, and I have no hesitation in saying to my hon. and learned friend, the member for Shefford, that a more laborious, more energetic, a more well-intentioned (loud laughter) body of men I have never had the happiness to meet (renewed laughter and cheers). The hon. member for Shefford may laugh! Why, with the eloquent tones of my hon. and learned friend, the leader of the Government ringing in his ears, and from what is known of him on both sides of the House, I think, hardly any one will deny that if the Opposition were called upon to select a leader to-morrow, I will not say that they cannot find his equal, but they cannot find his superior (cheers and counter cheers). Now, then, I take my hon. friend, the Minister of Militia, who sits beside him, with his courage and industry (laughter), and I do not believe that anybody will find on that side of the House anybody who possesses so large a measure of the confidence of the House—of one section at all events of the House—as my hon. and learned friend (hear). I will not go through all the other heads of the departments (ironical shouts of "go on" and great laughter), and therefore my hon. friend will allow me to pass on. But I will say this: That I challenge gentlemen on that side (a voice, "oh, don't do that!" and uproarious laughter) to form on paper to-morrow an Administration possessing more public confidence, and exhibiting more energy and ability, than the gentlemen sitting here.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—That is very easily done (hear).

Hon. Mr. HOWE—The Hon. member for Chateauguay says that it is very easily done, and I have no doubt that they would make a great effort to do it.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—Give us a chance, that's all.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—The Hon. member for Shefford then told us that the North West troubles were well known, but it seems to me that hon. members must have been strangely negligent of their duties in that, when we were passing the Bill last session there was not one man rose in the House who told us what was going to occur.

Hon. Mr. LeVESCONTE said, himself and another member had done so.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—As regards that matter, this is not the time to go into a discussion, nor was it his intention to do so in the absence of the hon. gentleman who was so interested in that discussion. Now, my hon. friend talked about the ballot and simultaneous voting, and seemed to think that all these blessings were imperilled, but I would like to ask the hon. member, supposing his independence resolutions were carried to-morrow—supposing they became an independent nation, would they have four Provinces and four different representation Acts, would they not then have a uniform general system such as is now proposed, and in which some interests are necessarily sacrificed? The hon. gentleman has referred to the celebrated free trade mission and he pronounced it a failure. Well, if it was so, again I say to him, that the hon. member for Sherbrooke was member of that mission, if I recollect aright.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—The scheme was a good one, but you did not carry it through.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—Now, let me say this to him. My hon. friend is extremely anxious that the Government should assume the power of direct negotiations with foreign states, if I understand aright? The hon. member for Shefford has modified his resolutions to-day with a view of making it more acceptable to the majority of this House, and still assumes that if we were to assume higher and larger powers, we should be more likely to obtain general trade relations with all the world. Now, I put it to my hon friend from Shefford, after the Confederation Act was adopted, my hon. friend the hon. gentleman who seconded the resolutions to-day—Hon. Mr. Smith—I beg his pardon for naming him—and the other members from Nova Scotia went over to Washington, and they were there some weeks while I was there. In point of fact, they were exercising, before the Confederation Act was passed, very much more of the same power which we will exercise now. My hon. friend and others went down to Washington and negotiated directly with the Committee of Ways and Means and in connection with all the Secretaries of State, with the exception of the Foreign Minister. He then brought all his powerful influence and ingenuity and talent to bear to make that negotiation successful. My hon. friend did not fail from any fault of his own—he was there in direct communication with the Committee on Ways and Means and with the public men at Washington; it is true he was acting in conjunction with the British Minister at Washington at that time, and perhaps if there were time for it, and it was germane to this matter, I might go fully into this matter and show that the mission did not fail for want of any power to exercise direct influence on public men at Washington belonging to the leading Departments and on the Committee of Ways and Means. Now, sir, if the hon. member for Sherbrooke will allow me to say so, we have not failed to reach foreign nations. It is true that the Government have done all that could be done, but after all how little is done by Government interference in matters of this kind? I will tell my hon. friend how we reach foreign nations—we reach them through our Maritime Marine, our super cargoes, our mates our mariners (hear). We are carrying at this moment the flag of this Dominion to all foreign nations. Why, I see gentlemen sitting opposite from the Maritime Provinces who know what I say is true—that there is hardly a foreign port on the face of the Ocean that our ships and mariners do not reach now, and if my hon. and learned friend the member for Shefford will see how the trade of the Dominion is extending—if he will turn to the returns and see the number of ships that we are building in the Maritime Provinces at this moment with a view of gaining and carrying on that foreign trade—he will see that we have the means of reaching foreign countries to an extent that the upper parts of Canada do not sufficiently appreciate (hear, hear). The hon. gentleman made a statement which I think I am in a position to contradict. He asserted to that we had not made any proper efforts get reciprocity, and my hon. friend the member for Hochelaga (Mr. Dorion), argued at length upon that part of the subject and endeavoured to convince the House that in some way or other the interests of this great Dominion had been entirely lost sight of from the neglect and incapacity of the Government. Now, sir, there are gentlemen sitting in this House who are accustomed to rely on any statement that I may make seriously (a laugh); and they will believe me when I say that from the moment I took a seat in the Cabinet, in Ottawa, down to the present hour, this Government have exercised all the means in their power to obtain Reciprocity with the United States, and if they have not succeeded it is not their fault, and it is not my fault, and I

therefore say to my hon. friend from Shefford, that it is unfair to speak as he has done without having the papers relating to this before the House, and these he knows we cannot bring, and therefore we are not in a position to defend ourselves from that accusation, (hear). My hon. friend ought not to hazard the accusation which I, speaking as a member of the Council and as a man of honour, declare is not founded on fact. Every honourable, every fair exertion, which this Government could make, without lowering the dignity and sullying the honour of this Dominion, and forfeiting the confidence of this Parliament, has been made to obtain Reciprocity, and up to this moment communication is not entirely closed (hear, hear), and therefore I say to my hon. friend from Shefford that upon that point he might just as well have spared his animadversions. Now, where have been the difficulties about Reciprocity? Mr. Speaker, I am speaking here in the hearing of men who were at the Detroit Convention, and you must go back to that celebrated meeting to get at the key of American diplomacy upon this subject. Why, sir, at that meeting there were 500 American merchants there, there were 500 representatives of Chambers of Commerce and of the leading mercantile establishments of this Dominion. We were all in favour of Reciprocity, and the vote on that question was unanimous. I knew then what interfered and interposed to prevent the wishes and desires of that large body of American capitalists and merchants from being carried out? Well, I will tell my hon. friend. At that meeting in an adjoining room, to which we were holding the convention, we had Consul Potter, who was sent there—I presume by the State Department to which he belonged—and what was his errand? To negative the determination of that Convention if he could, and his advice to those men there assembled was: "Do not yield Reciprocity to those Canadians!" What was his advice? I did'nt go to hear him, nor in any observations that I made did I enter into any controversy with him. But I heard what he said: "Don't yield reciprocity to these Canadians. We have got a higher policy, and that is to coerce them to come into this Republic (hear, hear). Give no encouragement to the Canadians; give no aid to the discussion of Reciprocity; and by and bye we will have these British North Americans so humbled, so hampered, that they will be compelled, in order to live, to come in and form part of the great Republic." From that day, there is no doubt in my mind, that the American Government, acting through their consular agencies in all parts of the Dominion, have done what they could to carry out that policy. And I will say to my hon. friends opposite, that in order to prevent them from carrying out that policy this country and this Parliament ought to occupy a position as unanimous as may be on the question? Let it go forth that we are broken up into fragments; that we are continually discussing this question; that we are not united on anything like a British American policy, then it is not very likely that we shall succeed in bringing our influence to bear upon the final settlement of this question. Let it be understood at Washington that we are divided, and the Washington Government would be encouraged to keep up their policy a few years longer, in the hope that we would be compelled to unite with them politically. And we know that a Mr. Walker published a paper ten columns long, arguing the question with us, and trying to persuade us that the best thing we can do is to throw away our old notions of separate existence, and come in and form part of the great Republic; and in some parts of the Dominion men were in communication with Mr. Walker; and scattered about here and there in the Dominion there have been individuals doing all they could to encourage the idea across the border that they have only to hold out, to continue their policy a year or two longer, and ultimately the Dominion will be glad to accept whatever terms the Republic chose to give, and to throw overboard all ideas of a separate Confederation, or, if you will, a separate nationality. My hon. friend complained that we had no canal policy, and said we ought to build the Bay Verte Canal, and enlarge the St. Lawrence, the Ottawa, and the Welland Canals; and he holds out this as a sort of bait, as if the adoption of these resolutions was going to give us these canals. At the present moment what have we got on hand? The Intercolonial Railway has to be completed, and when it is completed the weight of it has to be adjusted upon our backs. The Nor'-West is certainly upon our shoulders also. Would not anybody with common sense, with a reasonable idea of the importance of maintaining the credit of the Dominion, feel inclined to pause till these two great objects are accomplished, before he would embark us in a series of enormous expenditure, the end of which no man can see?

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—Does the hon. gentleman wish us to understand that we are to have no canal policy till those works are completed?

Hon. Mr. HOWE—Not at all. I think the hon. member for Shefford ought to indicate the number and cost of the canals he wants to construct before he presses the matter upon us. He told us there was a free trade party in the United States, and we know there is. Well now, I put it fairly to that hon. gentleman, assuming that there is a large free trade party in the United States, as I believe there is, how are we going to help that party? Is it by being weak-kneed ourselves? by being broken into fragments upon a question like this? or, is it by taking a determined stand and saying to them—

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Sterling protection.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—That question will come up by and bye.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—It is here now.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—No, it is not here now. Hon. gentlemen will be very much surprised—of course I am going to disclose the secrets of the Government now—surprised to find that a great many of the fears and apprehensions of gentlemen on that side have not much foundation. I take it for granted, the Finance Minister will come down with a policy suited to the present circumstances and condition of the Dominion. What we ought to do for our own interests, we ought to do independently of what other countries may do. The hon. member talked to us about the *Alabama* claims. He said the question of Reciprocity could not be settled till the *Alabama* claims are settled. What is his remedy for that state of affairs? Why that we should have nothing at all to do with our mother country, and go in for separate negotiations, leaving Great Britain to settle the *Alabama* claims as she can. Now I think that was hardly honourable. He knows very well Great Britain has offered fair terms for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims. The late foreign Minister signed a treaty by which these claims were to be finally settled, and my hon. friend knows that if they are not in course of settlement now, the fault is not Great Britain's. Why are those claims not settled? Because Mr. Summer made a speech in the Senate in which he amplified and enlarged those claims beyond all reasonable compass; and demanded of Great Britain terms which would have lowered her in the face of the nations of the world had she accepted them as the price of peace with the United States. Now, I do not think that the people of British America ought to lend themselves to the American Government to assist them in any way in forcing such terms upon Great Britain as foreshadowed in Mr. Sumner's speech.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—I think the hon. gentleman will allow me to say that he is misrepresenting me. I certainly did not place myself here as the defender of Mr. Sumner, or as opposed to the policy of Great Britain on the *Alabama* claims. I quite concur in the remarks of the Secretary of State on that point.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—I am very glad to hear it; but I think my hon. friend said something like this—that the diplomacy of England was inadequate to protect her commercial interests.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—I don't think I said that, what I said was—and I think it is important it should be understood, as the hon. gentleman is evidently speaking under the impression that I was echoing Mr. Sumner's great speech in the Senate—that it would facilitate negotiations relating to the commercial interests of this country if they were not encumbered with difficulties like the *Alabama* claims which existed in British diplomacy.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—I certainly understood the hon. gentleman to say that British diplomacy was inadequate to the protection and extension of our foreign trade.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON—I don't think I said that.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—If the hon. gentleman thinks he did not say it, I will imagine some body else on that side did say it; and I will give him my answer. The diplomacy of Great Britain has for a series of years been in the hands of Lord Russell and Lord Clarendon. I look around upon the benches on that side, and this, not excepting my hon. friends of the Ministry, and I don't think I can find on either side of this House a man of superior attainments and powers of mind and general knowledge of diplomacy in questions of this kind to the gentleman I have just named. Why, look at it. Within a very few years, what have we seen resulting from the foreign diplomacy of England? We have that great treaty with France which has contributed largely to the trade of both countries. We have seen China opened, and Japan opened; and if now our vessels of the Maritime Provinces can go to these great countries and carry on trade with millions all over the world, it results from the admirable diplomacy of the men who have been entrusted with the great interests of the Empire in that respect. The hon. gentleman told us that free trade on this continent was indispensable. Well, I think it is very desirable, and I wish we had it. But if it can only be obtained by dishonourable acquiescence in what we believe would be compatible with our honour and our relations to the Empire of which we form a part, then I would rather be without free trade than accept it upon those terms. My hon. friend talked to us about the lumbering interest. I could not help smiling when he got into that branch of his argument. I will not yield to my honourable friend in respect for the enterprise and energy of the men who are conducting that great branch of industry. I don't care where they come from, they are entitled to the respect of the Legislature and the community for their enterprise in developing so large a material interest in this country. But the argument ought to have been the other way. These gentlemen have come in from that great and prosperous country, where everything seems to be happy and prosperous, and have settled here in this degraded land of ours, where we have no power to manage our own affairs in the direction of extending our foreign trade; and what do we see? Why, that even many of them are growing wealthy day by day. Why, some of the men over by the Chaudiere Falls are making more money in a year than would buy up the whole Ministry put together (loud laughter). I don't envy them. I wish them joy of it, and still further development of their trade. But, after all, we can hardly look upon them as suffering individuals; as being "cribbed, cabined, and confined" in their trade, for the want of markets. I don't believe that any legislation that we can enact will very materially increase or diminish their gains, and I am glad of it. My hon. friend from Shefford has expressed himself in favour of a Zollverein. I need hardly dwell upon that point, because the leader of the Government, as well as the member for Sherbrooke has shown that such a scheme is impracticable. Then what becomes of my hon. friend's policy? All shattered and gone to the winds. He knows that we could not enter into a Zollverein with the United States, without raising our duties so high above what they are now, that our country would be borne down by taxation. And besides that, we would be called on to do that which would be a stain upon our Legislation—namely, to give advantages to our neighbours across the lines, at the expense of England. I will not discuss this matter from a sentimental point of view, I pass over all reference to the old flag, to the old sentiments and associations, I put everything aside with what we have been, accustomed to stir each other's hearts, and I will speak of this question only as a question of interest. I consider it evident that a Zollverein could only be maintained at the cost of our connection with the British Empire. Let us suppose that we were to declare our independence to-morrow. What position would we occupy in the face of the world? We would be a country something like Mexico, having about as much influence and independence as Mexico, and nothing more. Have we an army to defend our frontier? Have we a navy to protect our commerce? I say to my friends from the Maritime Provinces, it will be all very well to frame resolutions for the purpose of winning a party triumph upon a question like this, that ought not to be mixed up with party considerations; but they should consider how we stand now, and how we would stand if cut adrift from Great Britain. Now our ships traverse the ocean in all directions, protected by the great navy of England. I would like the member for Shefford to answer me this question. If we were independent to-morrow, have we a ship to send to sea, or can we have enough for the next half century to come to give to our commerce anything like the protection which it now enjoys? Let us look at it in another aspect. I admit that if Great Britain and the United States were to guarantee the neutrality of this Dominion we might occupy a position that would be safe. But who believes they would do that? And suppose they did not, and we were left independent and unprotected by any such guarantee, don't we know very well that there may come a time when there may be a war between Great Britain and the United States.

A MEMBER—No.

Somebody says "No." I wish he was correct. But looking at the history of the world, and considering the general feeling that exists in the United States towards Great Britain, I say the time may come when there shall be war between the two nations. And if it does come, what then? Can we keep out of it? I don't believe we can. I believe pressure can be brought to bear upon us, and that we could be involved in the war in less than three months. Then I say to the hon. member for Shefford if there be a war I would rather fight under the old flag than under the new (hear, hear). But suppose his policy was carried out to its full extent, and all the great Provinces of the Empire were to become independent, I don't think the spectacle would be a very pleasing one to us, to see the two little British Islands left isolated, and her sixty or seventy great colonies all cut adrift. Why, sir, chaos would come again, and this great Empire, which is now a source of strength, and protection, and civilization to the whole world, would be shaken to pieces. We would be shaken out of it, and what would become of us I don't know; but I doubt if our position would be half as good as it is now. Supposing we adopted the idea of the hon. member for Shefford and established a Zollverein with the United States, we would have the trade of some 36 millions of people on this continent, but what would we lose? That free commercial intercourse we have now with millions scattered all over the world, whose commodities coming to and fro over the face of the waters with the British flag flying, and under the protection of the navy and power of England. Now, let us turn for a moment to the source of a great deal of apprehension in the minds of men when these questions are discussed. It is a common thing to contrast these North American Provinces and the United States, and say that the latter have made more progress than we have. But it should be remembered that these Provinces have had self-government only about a quarter of a century, while the United States have had it for nearly a whole century, and having a boundless continent to fill up, they have advanced, we all admit, in a degree that is perfectly marvellous. But the true way to form a contrast is to contrast the United States with the British Empire, and when we do that is there anything that a British American or an Englishman ought to be ashamed of? I think not. Within the last 18 or 19 years we have seen the population of the British Islands, though millions have emigrated from them, to other parts of the world, increased largely, and they now contain within a few millions as much as the entire United States. Within the last 70 or 80 years we have founded and peopled the Austrian Colonies, New Zealand, the African Colonies, the Mauritius and Ceylon, and now the sceptre of Great Britian rules over some 60 or 70 great Provinces and Dependencies, filled with hundreds of millions of human beings, and the great trade that they have created is open to the commerce of this Dominion. Then I don't see that there is very much to be gained by our shaking ourselves clear of the British Empire, and setting up for ourselves. I will not at this late hour waste the time of the House in quoting figures, but a few will be necessary in order to illustrate the argument I am conducting.

When the United States declared their independence the whole revenue of Great Britain was nine millions, and now it has grown to 64 millions. The imports of Great Britain at the time of the revolutionary war were valued at only 15 millions of pounds sterling; now the imports are 275 millions. And so with the exports at that time, 15 millions, and now 236 millions. We have heard a great deal about the growth of New York, Chicago, and other large American cities—why London, that old central city, the old home and tomb of our forefathers, within my memory, has more than doubled its population. When I first saw it, it had a million and a half of people, and now it has increased to upwards of three millions. And so Belfast has grown; so Liverpool has grown, so Dublin has grown, so Glasgow has grown, until nothing that we see upon this continent is equal to the growth and expansion of the population and industry of this old island. Why, we see their spindles and other machinery in operation so that the sun rises—though some days the sun does not rise at all (laughter) upon a busy hive of industry. My hon. friend will allow me to say that it is a great advantage to the colonies to have intercourse with England, with her territory running over one half the globe, and I am of the opinion that connection with England is worth something if we know its value (cheers). When I was in England two or three years ago, I had the curiosity—for at that time, as at all times, questions of national relations had an interest for me—I took the trouble to ascertain the probable growth of some foreign countries. I took the trouble to go where maps were made to measure the coast lines of England, France and the United States. Now, sir, I look for seamen always towards the sea; mariners always grow upon the coasts. When I came to contrast England, France and the United States, this was about the result: France and the United States put together made a coast line of about 11,600 miles; whereas Great Britain has a coast line of 39,000 miles; so that in point of fact Great Britain has connection with the sea three or four times as great as that of France and the United States put together. Now, sir, that being the case, let me say to my hon. friend that I believe that with labour cheaper, with coal cheaper, with iron cheaper, with everything that is required to build up a navy, I believe that in the event of a war Great Britain can so cover the ocean with her iron-clads as to make her power upon the ocean supreme, and I am not afraid of the maritime development of either France or the United States, or both of them put together. I believe that Great Britain will be able for a century, at least, to command an influence upon the Ocean which will make it wise for us, as a maritime people, to adhere to her flag (cheers). Now, I think that if our trade with the United States for the last 18 years has been developing, so has that with the British Empire. If the United States is now a respectable and influential power, Great Britain is not less respectable and influential; and I think it would not be difficult to show that, in a military point of view, the ancestral bravery and manhood of our race has not degenerated in any sense. Let me say to my hon. friend that we are at the present time perhaps choosing our future; we are trying—upon both sides of the House—to urge forward this Confederation measure, that we are now weighted with the responsibility which this Act imposes upon us all. I would say to my hon. friend from Shefford, that instead of endeavouring to weaken the chances of success, the wisest and best thing he can do is to try this experiment fairly before he rushes into others of great danger to the country. I, for one, as most of you all know, had no part in framing this Confederation measure; it was not for a time acceptable to me, but having come here and having accepted it, I feel that my hon. friends from Shefford and Sherbrooke would act more wisely if, instead of making the great interests of this Confederacy a party question, they were to endeavour to combine upon some policy that would have for its object the success of this experiment, in the only way it seems to be practicable (cheers). Now, sir, something has been said of Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, I would say to the hon. gentlemen opposite, if they want Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland to enter the Confederacy, is it likely they will come in when they see that in questions of this magnitude we cannot sink our party feelings, and cannot consider it as a question touching our commercial relations with other nations. If my hon. friend therefore would be content to look at this question merely as one touching our commercial relations, in order to secure the success of this great experiment of Confederation, I think it would be much more wise than the course they have taken. Now, Mr. Speaker, I feel I have treated the subject at greater length than I intended, and have thrown out observations which occurred to me during the course of this debate, and I can only say that as the matter has been made a party question by the hon. members for Sherbrooke and Shefford, they can hardly expect that we can allow it to give him a party triumph (hear, hear). My hon. friend does not suppose we are quite so soft as to allow him to choose the ground upon which to fight a party fight, and therefore the result will prove that the hon. member for Shefford will have no other choice but to accept the consequences of the course he has taken.

ELECTRIC SEWING MACHINES.—The latest phase of Yankee ingenuity is that of making shirts by lightning. A small electric battery has been applied to ordinary sewing machines, and has been found to operate them very successfully. Two small battery cups furnish sufficient power for all ordinary machine work, while three drive the needle with astonishing rapidity through any thickness of material. The expense of operating by this means is said to be about five cents a day, which is certainly a very cheap substitute on the tax on the lower limbs required by the present method. A little further combination of the mechanical powers, and we shall have shirts turned out from an electric battery as rapidly as newspapers from a Hoe's steam press.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dominick Fox, General Commission Agent.
Just Received at Hauser's Leading Library.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

WHAT MAY BE DONE FOR KINGSTON.

Military posts—garrison towns especially—do not make such progress as other places. The people of a garrison town live upon the military and have no other visible means of living. They do not manufacture on a large scale. They do not trade extensively. The trades people supply only the requirements of the troops and the upper classes simply fraternise with the officers. A garrison town is as much a speciality as a fishing village. There are several mixed garrison and commercial cities in Canada, while there is only one garrison town, pure and simple, within the Dominion and that is Kingston. All the other places such as Halifax or Quebec or Montreal or St. John or Fredericton, have back countries and water outlets for commerce. Halifax has a West India Trade. St. John deals in lumber and staves to the United States and England, Quebec sends home flour, and pork and squared timber, and Montreal, sends off the bulk of the produce of the West in every possible direction. Kingston has no back country, and sends off nothing. Kingston is simply a military post. She is the key or rather the door of the Lakes. In a military sense, the influence of Kingston lake-wise is very great. But she has no water-power, no farms within easy distance, nor is the harbor other than a military harbor. Her military character has borne her up in spite of these drawbacks. This character is, however, to be destroyed, and must Kingston, therefore, decay? On the contrary, the removal of all reliance upon the military will have the effect of giving Kingston quite a new character. It will arouse a vigorous commercial spirit, and trade will stimulate the people into enterprise and self-reliance. There is no reason why Kingston, instead of being merely a builder of pleasure boats for the military gentlemen and their civilian friends, should not become a ship-building city. Ship-building on a large scale—of vessels suitable for lake and ocean navigation—will revive Kingston, and give it a new character. A demand for farm produce would stimulate production and the receipt of produce would create transport. When the military go, Kingston must find a substitute. It matters little what that substitute is, but a substitute must be found for the loss sustained by the withdrawal of military expenditure. The best substitute is the introduction of capital for manufactures which will create around them regiments of teeders, male and female. Kingston was once famous for beer. There is no reason why she may not again become famous in something. Politics cannot do anything for Kingston, but energetic private action may yet contribute towards making Kingston a city of not less importance, commercially, than Toronto. Kingston may be made a kind of railway centre, and might be brought into direct railway communication with Ottawa advantageously. It would give new life to Kingston were there direct railway communication, finding a port terminus there, from the capital city of the Dominion. Such a road would more than supplement the Rideau Canal in the way of giving life and activity to Kingston, and such a road reviving Kingston would stir up all the places with which she now does business into increased activity.

THE DEATH OF SCOTT.

The Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, whose head-quarters are at Lachine, Mr Smith returned from Red River on Saturday and left on the evening of that day for Montreal. From Governor Smith we learn the particulars of the fate of Mr. Scott. Governor Smith was present at the trial, condemnation, and execution of Mr. Scott, and, it is almost superfluous to add, used every exertion that man could use to prevent the perpetration of the murder. Mr. Scott's offence against the Riel party consisted in this, that having been made a prisoner, he got out of the fort where he was confined, and by the exercise of wonderful ingenuity passed all the sentries, but being missed, followed, and recaptured, he unwittingly, in his anger, expressed contempt for Riel and his associates, speaking of Riel especially as a usurper and imposter, entirely forgetting in whose hands he was, and seemingly indifferent as to the consequences. It was for this language that a "court-martial"—as it is termed, was held before whom Scott was brought. He was still defiant, denied Riel's authority, and repudiated the legality of the court. To be brief, he was adjudged to be worthy of death, and was sentenced to be shot. Governor Smith, determined, if possible, to save Scott's life, waited upon Riel. Governor Smith had heard that on the day after that fixed for the execution, Bishop Tache would arrive at Fort Garry, and he accordingly urged upon Riel, the expediency of at least respiting Scott, until the Bishop had arrived, whose influence with Riel's associates might induce them to forego their intention of putting Scott to death. Riel was so far moved towards delaying the execution, that he sent for his "Adjutant General."—Advocate General he possibly meant—and consulted with him as to the expediency of waiting the arrival of Bishop Tache before depriving Scott of his life. The Advocate General, in accordance with Riel's seeming wishes, laid the matter before the members of the Court Martial, numbering six persons, but the Court, fearing that if Bishop Tache arrived his influence would be such as to save Scott's life, were inexorable, and insisted upon the execution taking place in accordance with their sentence, of which Riel had approved. It was in vain that Governor Smith, after this, pointed out to Riel, that except in the case of one man, whose death was rather accidental than intentional, there had been no bloodshed. It was in vain that in God's name, he asked Riel only to grant a reprieve. Riel sheltered, as he supposed, by the attitude of his creatures, had now become obstinate, and determined to revenge the insults, which Scott had heaped upon him. The day of execution came. Seven men were detailed as executioners, of these six fired together upon the unfortunate Scott, who was brought outside the fort to be shot at. Scott fell, but not being dead, the seventh man walked up to him and with a revolver blew his brains out. This is the account of Scott's death as told to us. It was inhumanly cruel. Riel had no right to kill anybody, under any circumstances, and there is no colourable excuse for the murdering of Scott. A few hours would have saved his life. The influence of Bishop Tache, even with the barbarians of the court-martial, would have prevented blood-shed, and of this influence Riel was afraid, and meanly sacrificed the life of a man, who would scarcely have been wrong, if in addition to stigmatizing him as a usurper, he had added the word coward. It was cowardly as well as cruel to slay Scott. Even if he had escaped, what mischief to the Riel cause, would such escape have been? The death of Scott was cowardly because unnecessary, and it is murder because it was in violation of the laws of God and man. With regard to Riel, there is now only one course to be pursued. He at least must be hunted down. Against him must the hand of every man be. On him is the brand of Cain ineffaceably stamped, and it is the duty of the English law to protect the lives of British subjects wherever they may be placed. This duty England has never yet neglected, not even in the case of men, only nominally her subjects, imprisoned and treated cruelly in Abysinnia, and there is not the shadow of a doubt that our own Government, acting in the name of the Queen, will take the most efficient and determined measures to bring all concerned in this outrage to justice.

DUAL REPRESENTATION.

Until very recently we have been doubtful as to the expediency of dual representation. Of course it was a matter for the consideration of constituencies. There could be no moral wrong in permitting a member of a lesser Legislative Assembly to be a member of the House of Commons any more than in a mayor of a city, or an alderman holding the position of a member of a Legislative Assembly. It seemed to us, however, to be of doubtful expediency. Recent debates in Committee have gone a long way towards ridding us of any such doubt. In the first place, only men of brains are likely to be doubly elected by the people to serve in a double capacity. Besides, it is an assistance to that decentralization in Government, which peculiarly belongs to peoples, who have representative institutions. It places the men who are influential in smaller governing circles, trusted by the people in lesser capacities, and with other experiences of popular requirements in a position where they can afford such information as may be of great service in the local legislation. Mr. Ferguson, as a warden, is not less serviceable as a member of the House of Commons, than if he were, so far as personal experience of the working of county politics are concerned, quite uninformed, while the ample knowledge and experience acquired by the Hon. Mr. Carling, as Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works in Ontario, cannot fail to be turned to useful account in connection with the interests of London in the House of Commons. The same may be said of Messrs. Sandfield Macdonald, Wood and Blake. The presence of the Premiers of Ontario and Quebec in the Commons is invaluable. In fact, all gentlemen so situated can give that information to a committee, which otherwise it would be necessary to obtain by the employment of special counsel—to whom a fee must be paid—to plead the interests of a lesser body when they are imperilled. The debates of the last week in committee, in which the Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald and the Hon. Mr. Chauveau took part, went far to show how necessary dual representation is, and it has, at all events, had one effect, that of convincing us that Mr John Sandfield Macdonald made a mistake in consenting to the law for doing away with dual representation, so far as members of the Ontario Government are concerned. Scotch to the chin; it is no easy matter to induce Mr. Sandfield Macdonald to retract; but if only for a moment he could relent in his Scotch stubbornness, we are convinced he will assent to the repeal of the law for the abolition of dual representation, so far as the Government of Ontario is concerned. He must confess that he has made a mistake. He must admit that there may be some members of the Ontario Government in the House of Commons usefully employed in preventing the passing of measures prejudicial to Ontario interests, and he will doubtlessly, arrive at the conclusion, that after all the good common sense of a constituency is the best guidance in the matter of dual representation as it is ordinarily is in the selection of the man of their choice under all and any circumstances.

A telegram from Kingston mentions that all opposition to Mr. Kirkpatrick, the son, and business partner of the late member for Frontenac, has been withdrawn, and that that gentleman will be permitted to walk the course. A young gentleman of excellent acquirements, and of good standing in the legal profession, it is more than probable that Mr. Kirkpatrick will do himself credit as a member of the House of Commons.

The following is from the London *Herald*, late the *Prototype*:—

An immense amount of square timber is now being shipped from the Strathroy station Great Western Railway, for Quebec. The cars are loaded by a speedy and novel process, in which the locomotive is called into requisition, and are sent through by the Grand Trunk Railway, without tran-shipment, to Quebec. The timber will afterwards find a market at Liverpool, to which port it will be shipped in the spring. The shipper is Mr. E Roach, of Strathroy, and the timber is brought in from the townships of Adelaide, Metcalfe, Brooke, &c.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR—You mention in your paper of this morning that much consternation had been manifested among the members of the House of Commons, in consequence of another gentleman of that body having been taken ill with small-pox. It is a well-known fact that this loathsome disease prevails largely in some portions of this city, and having now, as it may fairly be presumed, found its way into the Commons, it is hard to say where it may end. It would not be surprising to hear at any moment that any number of gentlemen in both houses had been striken down by the contagion. The consternation, thereof, of the House of Commons is quite justifiable. Besides the warm season is approaching when the probability of the disease spreading will be far greater than it is at present, and the chances of recovery from its attacks, far less. If small-pox gets among members of Parliament who come from every section of the Dominion, there is a frightful risk that it may be taken home by these gentlemen to their families and friends, and thus become scattered abroad over the whole face of the country. Under these circumstances, a great responsibility rests on the Government in keeping Parliament in Session a day longer than the most urgent business of the country absolutely demands. In the face of the impending danger, the administration would be perfectly justified in taking such authority as might be necessary to sustain the public credit, and carry on the public business, until it would be safe to bring the Legislature again together. This might be conveniently done in September or October, when the large accumulation of important measures now before Parliament might be got rid of, before the next regular annual session. These suggestions are well worthy of consideration, and I hope will engage the serious attention of Ministers. At any rate, the idea of extending the session beyond the Easter Holidays will surely not be entertained in any quarter. The fact of this dreadful pestilence having made its appearance a second time in the House of Commons will, by the time this letter has met the public eye, be known in every part of the Dominion, and we can all realize the anxiety and pain the report will cause among the families of all those gentlemen who are now here attending it may be said, at the risk of their lives, to the public business. I trust, I have said enough to draw the attention of the authorities and all others interested to this painful subject.

A. MEMBER.

OTTAWA, April 1, 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—One who knows, and who attended at the last day's debate in Committee, upon the Canada Central Railway Bill, desires to address you on the subject, with reference to the opposition offered to the petition of that Company.

It seems to me, Sir, a great pity that a gentleman in the exalted position of the Premier of Ontario should be so chronically disposed to array himself against every enterprise (in the shape of railways at least) calculated to advance the welfare of his country.

But for this unfortunate circumstance the Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald is a man worthy the admiration of, and who would deserve well of that country.

No man possessing knowledge of this section of it, can endorse his views.

Why, Sir, throw obstructions in the way of a work so important, and so beneficial in its results; and why base the motive of those obstructions upon the adopted location of the line between this city and Carleton Place?

In my own opinion, every new railway begun in Canada should be built with a view to colonization as much as anything else, and I meet the hon. gentleman on his own ground, when I tell him that the line from Ottawa to Carleton Place, as constructed (which it soon will be) is precisely, with such an object, in its proper position. It runs through the heart of a district capable of furnishing an amount of local traffic, which is well deserving of development, and which exists both north and south of the line, and in its immediate proximity.

The hon. gentleman desires to blot the scheme of the present members of the Canada Central Railway Company from the face of the earth, because he calls them a *bogus* Company. Now, Sir, I who know, wish just to tell you that it is *not* a bogus one, for the simple reason that every farmer between the City of Ottawa and Carleton Place, obtained from the Company a contract for the clearing and fencing of his own property, that those contracts are complete (or nearly so) and that if Mr. Sandfield Macdonald went out with a paper in his hand to-morrow to obtain abettors of his assertion, he would return without a single signature. This I engage for.

Now, Sir, Mr. Macdonald would throw a line accommodating the extent of country I have described, into the teeth of direct competition, with as fine a line of steamers as exist in the Dominion, and which already afford ample accommodation to the population on both sides of the Ottawa River as respects either their through or local traffic (those of the Union Forwarding Company) and thus cut its throat, as its location along the very margin of the St. Lawrence has done that of the Grand Trunk. Well, he cannot or ought not to be borne out in the attempt where a *navigation* exists, and capable of so much improvement as that of the Ottawa River a railway should run in the interior as much as possible or all the cost of building it is incurred without the effects desired, which are, the developement of the country, and the consequent future returns to its builders.

I am one sir, who believe that the saving of eight miles of distance in view of *my own ideas* upon the subject, is a contingency which should never receive a thought.

The country between Ottawa and Carleton Place by the route of the railway is but sparsely settled, and the line is nearly all in woods. If I was of a revengeful disposition, which I trust I am not, and wished to inflict, or had the power of inflicting penance upon the Premier of Ontario for attempting to deprive us of the Canada Central as we are now likely to have it, I should just request him to take one drive with me over its corduroy roads, the only means of transport we possess and to which he would apparently condemn us for ever, I should be satisfied.

Yours truly,
GOULBOURNE.

Extraordinary Case of Alleged Lunacy.

From the Hamilton Evening Times.

The following extraordinary case, the parties concerned in which were formerly residents of this city, is reported by telegraph from Quebec. Dr. Irvine was formerly pastor of Knox's Church in this city, and married a widow lady by the name of Williamson. Some four or five years ago he accepted a call from Philadelphia, and remaining there for some time, he accepted a call from Montreal, where he still remains. The case is a painful one, and has caused considerable excitement in Montreal; but as we know nothing more of the facts of the case than are given in the telegram below, we forbear comment. We may, however, remark that the circumstances remind one forcibly of the *Lettres de Cachet*, in French history:

QUEBEC, March 30, 1870.

A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Mr. Justice Taschereau on Monday last on the application of Mr. Langlois, Advocate, addressed to the keeper of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, ordering that official to produce the body of a lady who was then under detention in that institution, as being a person of unsound mind. The writ was returned into Court, yesterday, and in the compliance with the order, the lady in question also appeared. Upon the explanation of the circumstances surrounding the case it would appear that the lady is the wife of a Rev. Dr. Irvine, residing in the city of Montreal, and had been brought to the Asylum about a month ago as a person of unsound mind upon an order in writing from Mr. Attorney-General Ouimet, and upon which she was obtained as a patient.

Medical gentlemen connected with the Asylum discovering, on examination, that the unfortunate lady was not insane, wrote to her husband in Montreal, and also to the Attorney General, acquainting him with the facts, and that she must be discharged unless the proper legal documents necessary in such cases were placed in their possession to justify her detention. To these letters, most extraordinary answers were returned, and without documents sought for. The lady, feeling the humiliating position in which she had been placed, refused to leave the premises unless by means of a writ of *habeas corpus* which she obtained upon petition, as above mentioned.

The Judge, after hearing the evidence of the medical gentlemen under whose care she had been placed, ordered her instant discharge.

It is unnecessary to say that this case gave rise to considerable indignation when it became known that a lady of education and good family had been detained in the Asylum as insane during a period of one month, upon the simple order of the first law officer of the Crown in the Province, and this order unsupported by affidavit or other legal formality. A rigorous investigation is called for.

Don Piatt laments the degeneracy of the race as seen in the spindle shanked whiffets, with blue ties and slim umbrellas, who walk with a long stride, suggestive of cranes. He declares that a Washington girl "graduates half fledged into full fashion, and becomes a leader of society, to curn up, night after night, bad champagne, sour ice cream, and indigestible cake, in round dances, until she captures a whiffet, and becomes the weakly mother of whiffets."

Libel Suit Against Premier Gladstone.

Mr. Leonard Edmunds, in his declaration in an action at law which he had brought against Mr. Gladstone and the other Lords of the Treasury, alleges that the defendants falsely and maliciously printed and published, in the several morning and evening papers of the 18th of January last, in London, a paper purporting to be a Treasury minute, in which they distinctly charged him with felony and other high crimes and misdemeanors. The declaration, as framed, makes it incumbent on the defendants to plead a justification, and the *onus probandi* under this plea, will lie upon them. By the terms of the declaration they are also required to give exact particulars of dates and sums of money in justification of the several libels in the minute—namely that Mr. Edmunds had put his hand into the till of his office and helped himself to sums of public money; he was guilty of malversation, and that he had been in the habit of appropriating sums of money that belonged to the public.

The venue is laid down in the city of London, and the cause will come on for trial at the next sitting.

From the Quebec Chronicle.

We publish below the return of Dr. Landry, one of the physicians attached to the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, to the writ of *habeas corpus* issued upon the petition of a lady from Montreal. With this return we also publish the correspondence which passed between Mr. Attorney-General Ouimet and the doctor, upon the subject of her detention in that institution. The documents require but little, if any explanation. It will be observed that the first communication of the Attorney General is dated first March in which he states that the necessary papers (we presume he means the magistrate's warrant authorizing her detention in the asylum as a person of unsound mind) will be immediately forwarded and to use his own expression, "undoubtedly signed." We have here a positive assertion in writing, under the signature of the first law-officer of the Crown, that a certain thing will be done, and now let us see what follows. Sixteen days later, the same Attorney-General (fortunately we have only one in the Province) forwards another communication upon the subject, in which he again assures the "Dear Doctor," as he has been pleased to title that gentleman, that the necessary authority will be forwarded; but in the mean time a citizen of sound mind, under the protection of the law, remains incarcerated in a building set apart for the confinement of insane people. Our readers will, no doubt, ask with us: Can it be possible, in a British colony, where we exercise the greatest freedom, that a lady of high position and rank, can be torn from the bosom of her family, and locked up in an asylum with mad people? Some centuries back such a privilege did exist, in countries where the liberty of the subject was not held as sacred as in Canada, but it is with great surprise that we learn this privilege has again revived in the person of a Provincial Attorney General. It might be considered a presumption on our part to point out the law upon this subject to an officer of his rank, but it cannot be pleaded as an excuse, that he was ignorant of the fact that, before any citizen can be deprived of his, or her liberty, a magistrate's warrant must first issue founded upon the affidavit of some responsible person. Why this course was not followed in the present instance we cannot explain. To offer further comment upon this disgraceful occurence is unnecessary, the documents speak for themselves. It is to be hoped, however, that a searching investigation will be ordered, and full particulars elicited.

RETURN OF J. E. LANDRY, ESQUIRE, TO WRIT OF "HABEAS CORPUS."

In answer to the present writ, I, Jean Etienne Landry, say as follows:

Mrs. ——— was admitted to the Beauport Asylum on the 2nd instant, upon an order addressed to one of the proprietors of the establishment by the Hon. Attorney-General Ouimet.

A short time after Mrs. ——— was placed in the Asylum, I wrote to her husband, ———, at Montreal, that his wife was *compos mentis*, and as well as she could be in six months or a *year*.

I wrote at the same time to the Attorney-General, who answered that it was important that the lady should be detained.

I had some conversation with Mrs. ———, and promised soon to procure her release from the Asylum otherwise than by an order of Court, and I really intended to do so as soon as I should have obtained the papers promised by the Hon. Attorney-General, that is to say, as soon as Mrs. ——— should have been acknowledged by the Government as having been sent to the Asylum by them.

J. E. J. Landry, M.D., said, I further add that the said Mrs. ——— was detained in the Asylum upon the order of the Honorable Attorney-General Ouimet, expressed in two letters, dated respectively, the 1st and 16th of March instant, and of which I produce copies. Her detention would have terminated very soon, for I should have opened the doors of the establishment to her, in case the Attorney-General did not succeed in getting the order we were waiting for, on the part of the Government, and if he did not succeed, it would have been my duty to inform the Government officially that Mrs. ——— was perfectly sane. In the latter case, the Government would have sent me an order to set Mrs. ——— at liberty. I had told Mrs. ——— what I have mentioned above. In my opinion the said Mrs. ——— is perfectly sane.

(1st Letter.)

CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT,
Montreal, March 1st, 1870.

To the Commissioners of the Beauport Asylum.

GENTLEMEN,—Be pleased to admit Mrs. ——— into the Asylum, while waiting for the papers to be signed. They will undoubtedly be signed. This lady requires the greatest attention, and it is a very urgent case.

Yours, &c.,
GEDEON OUIMET,
Atty.-Gen.

DR. ROY,
Beauport.

(2nd Letter.)

MONTREAL, 16th March, 1870.

MY DEAR DOCTOR,—I have just read your letter. The necessary authority will be sent you. I have written to His Excellency and to Mr. Delery on the subject.

It is important that Mrs. ——— should be detained sometime in the Asylum. Her husband is a man much esteemed and well spoken of here. He is extremely unfortunate, but I am informed that his conduct is irreproachable. He regrets that the protestant chaplain of the Asylum should have thought it his duty to take upon himself to write to the husband, about things with which the chaplain had nothing to do. Let him preach at the Asylum, but outside of that, let him understand that he will get nothing for his pains. I make these remarks to you, and hope you will take them in good part. Moreover, I believe Mr. ——— has answered him. I flatter myself that everything will be prepared and done for the best in this affair.

Receive, my dear Doctor, the assurance of my highest esteem.

GEDEON OUIMET.

DR. LANDRY,
Quebec.

JUDGMENT.

The said Mrs. ———, being present in Court, it is ordered that she be discharged and set at liberty, inasmuch as the reasons for her detention, at the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, in charge of Dr. J. E. Landry, are illegal.

J. T. TASCHEREAU,
J. S C.

Quebec, 29th March, 1870.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

The Currency.

The Amherst Nova ... excellent article on the ... currency. We hope it will ... tion of Dr. Tupper and ... the West of Nova Scotia ... some time ago professed ... are now endeavoring to ... assimilation. The *Gazette* ... Scotia currency had better ... same standard as that of ... Ontario, Quebec and New ... is the same. It says:—

We can understand unprincipled ... papers opposing every measure ... ernment introduces, and Halifax ... posing every measure that ... but we cannot understand ... of this Province opposing the ... depreciated currency to the ... our neighbors.

We thank the *Gazette* for ... advocacy of the good ... *Daily Telegraph*.

Girls Captured by Indians.

A letter from Washington ... 1869, gave an account of the ... little girls from Indian captivity ... The particulars of their ... butchery of their parents, have ... hand.

The parents of the girls ... names are Alice and Susan ... Jefferson and Martha Fitzpatrick ... lived on Clear Creek ... south east of Montague, Texas ... sons of moderate circumstances ... of January, 1868, a neighbor ... Parkhill, arrived at their ... gence that a band of Kiowa ... a raid near by, killing ... fell into their power ... Mr. Fitzpatrick, with ... and an infant boy of about ... accompanied by Mr. Parkhill ... started for the home of ... a mile distant, closely ... the Indians. They had ... when the savages came up ... and attacked them. The ... with the greatest desperation ... overpowered, killed and ... bodies horribly mutilated ... was scalped alive and stabbed ... back, the Indians leaving ... their departure she wrapped ... dress, and endeavoured to reach ... house. She walked a short ... When found she was dead ... curred about five o'clock in ... the bodies of the three victims ... covered and brought in until ...

The babe was carried by the ... half a mile, when the wretches ... brains, and hung the corpse ... girls, however, were borne off ... ing consigned to the care of ... soon as information reached ... the presence of Indians, they ... and started in pursuit, but the ... cold and sleet falling heavily ... repeatedly lost. *The dead bodies* ... in one grave, *besides a number of* ... had lost their lives at the hands of ... band of savages.

The *Globe* says: The man ... farcical Court martial, ... native of the North of Ireland ... Canada six years ago. He ... as a gold miner in Madoc ... to Red River last summer, ... pect for gold further West, ... might present itself. His brother ... Scott, is in the employment of ... Young, grain dealer, Wellington ... Toronto.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still ... display his usual tact and ... exalted position to which ... raised him. We once heard ... his popularity would one day ... know that when a man's ... result of his own intrinsic ... tion is fixed and effulgent, ... Great Shoshones Remedy ... diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. ... all druggists.

DIED.

At Richmond on the 25th ult., ... hasset Ægar, son of R. E. ... Ardinane, County Kerry, Ireland ... ted by a large circle of friends ...

Garland, Mutchmor ...

MILLINERY AND M...

☞ SHOW ROOM OPEN...

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & ...

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROO...

With a magnificent display of the ...

PARISIAN AND LONDON ...

—IN—

Bonnets,

Hats,

Jackets,

Flowers,

Feathers and ...

Ornam...

G. M. & Co. to meet the ... business have enlarged their ... removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT ... stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND ...

FASHIONABLE ST...

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ...

AT A MODERATE ...

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED ...

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to ... FASHIONS whether wishing to ... As large a portion of the goods ... be displayed on Tables and ... they can be seen while ... Room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS ...

Full Lines in all the ...

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	
12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., every Monday and Thursday by steamers "Chase" and "Carlotta" from Portland			
12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor			5.30
7.00 12 Noon	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30	3.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00		Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc. and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30		Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.			5.00
	6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
7.00 12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00		Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00		Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—*A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M.* Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

FRASER'S Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

MAGEE & RUSSELL's show room opening and *general display of novelties* for the season takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bues & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

THE MARKET—SATURDAY.—There was a pretty good show on the square considering the state of the roads. Prices about the same.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL HOUSE, MONDAY READINGS.—Readings will be given this evening by Mr. W. H. Johnson, Mr. Whitcher, Mr. Meredith and Mr. Grant Powell. Music and songs.

THE SIDEWALKS.—The occupants of houses on our principal streets are having the sidewalks, in front, cleared of ice. Never too late to mend. Who will give the public a clear path in front of vacant lots?

THE ICE.—We would advise parties going down the river with teams to avoid the ice at the head of Kettle Island. It is in a miserable condition, and not only horses but several persons have been drowned there at this season, for years back.

DELAVE TROUPE.—Youth, beauty, vigor, agility! Get these all associated in the fair sex. We will bet our last dollar the Rink Music Hall will be filled to-night to view "the daring young girls on the flying trapeze." The Misses Dila and Zoe have a world-wide reputation; so has the boneless man.

THE 60TH THEATRICALS.—The Rink Hall was crowded to excess on Saturday night. The performance went off excellently, if we except the drawbacks incident to amateur performances. The ladies exhibited confidence, and taste. Capt. Young, and Mr. Yates seemed at home behind the footlights.

SMALL POX.—Quite an alarm has been raised among our legislators regarding the small-pox, which has been foolishly pronounced to be epidemic in the city—only a few cases have transpired. "A weak invention of the enemy!"

MR. JOHNSON.—Some ass attached to an evening contemporary alludes to our making use of the patronymic Jackson, instead of Johnson, when narrating an insignificant interview with one of the "big injins" lately here. The printers, public, or Mr. Johnson—*alias* Onjwagick awargoranyotherman, don't care about it. Is that all our contemporary has to talk about?

THE last concert of the Philharmonic Society for this season, is to be given to-night at Gowan's Hall, and we trust the audience will be so large as to put a handsome sum into the Treasurer's hands, and thus encourage the Society to go on next year, and do still better than before. Among the many attractions of this evening's programme, we are to have the pleasure of hearing Mons. Plainval, a baritone of eminence, who took part on Wednesday last in Mons. Jacquard's concert, and the well known Ottawa favourites Miss O'Brien and Miss Lee. Go by all means and fill the Hall.

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—Jonathan Collins, charged with being drunk and disorderly, his extremely violent conduct drew on him the strong penalty of $15 and costs.

James Haberlin, drunk and disorderly, fined $3 and costs, or one week in gaol.

Edward Wright, drunk and disorderly, fined $3 and costs, or two weeks in gaol.

Margaret Cooney, vagrancy, two days in gaol.

Leon Nadon, for receiving four dollars under false pretences from Jonathan Collins, whom he had been driving as a carter. He elected to be tried by a jury, and was sent up to the Assizes.

Alex. McQuade, charged with depositing night soil and other rubbish on Theodore street. Case adjourned.

Strict orders were given to the police that parties driven by carters be not overcharged by them.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 2.

Mr. Brydges has authorized the issue of return tickets from any part of the Province, over the Grand Trunk, for the use of parties coming here to witness the return of the first detachment of the Papal Zouaves, who are expected on Wednesday or Thursday next.

All along the line of march great demonstrations are promised, also imposing ceremonies at Notre Dame.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur was out with his company yesterday for some time, being instructed in arming drill, and judging distance from the wharf. A temporary target had been erected upon the ice out on the river.

A dividend of 4 per cent. upon the paid up capital stock of the Mechanics' Bank has been declared for the current half year.

Rev. H. J. Colwell, Minister of the Eastern Congregational Church, has been presented with an address and a purse of $60 by his friends of the congregation.

THREE RIVERS.

THREE RIVERS, April 2.

At ten o'clock last night a fire broke out in the workshop of the American mills, owned by Stoddard & Co., which were totally distroyed. The fire then communicated with the new mill, which also fell a prey to the devouring element. Fortunately through the exertions of the fire brigade the large mill was saved, but sad to say the wind carried the burning flakes into the piles of sawn lumber and some outbuildings which are now burning, and it is impossible to say where it will end. The fire commenced to subside after burning fifteen million feet of sawn lumber, one mill, workshop, stables, dwelling, offices, &c. It is reported that the property was insured in the Royal Insurance Company for one hundred thousand dollars.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 2.

The steamer *New England*, from Portland, arrived at four p. m. to-day. It is the first trip of the season. There will now be two boats per week each way.

The House of Assembly has passed a Bill incorporating the Quebec and New Brunswick Railway Company.

Large quantities of ice came through to-day, and the river is open for some distance up.

The Educational Bill and the Bill abolishing imprisonment for debt have been postponed till next session.

The Government have appointed a perfect army of new magistrates in view of the coming elections.

Flour market unchanged.

Weather fine and warm.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The University boat crews are out two or three times a day on the Thames. The practice of the Oxford men is still better, but the Cambridge crew is fast improving.

The popular discontant in Ireland increases.

The evening papers of this city to-day publish a long list of outrages which have been committed. A Protestant Church in Cork County, was entered by evil disposed persons, the wall and furniture defaced, and the building itself nearly destroyed.

The Dublin correspondent of the *Evening Post* says that emigrants from Ireland to the United States has increased to a remarkable extent within the past few days, and that is altogether due to the probable passing of the obnoxious Bill for the preservation of life and property in Ireland.

QUEENSTON.—The steamer *Samaria*, which was compelled to put back on account of a broken shaft, completed her repairs at this port and sailed at noon to-day for New York with the remainder of her passengers.

The House of Commons to-day, in Committee, considered the Irish Force Bill as returned from the House of Lords with amendments, and engaged in a protracted debate mainly on the technical and legal features of its coercive clauses.

Mr. Ball and Mr. D'Israeli accused Mr. Gladstone of introducing amendments which altered the principle on which the Bill was based.

Mr. Gladstone warmly resented the charge and argued the entire cogency of the Modifications he had suggested. He moved all the amendments made in the House of Lords, except one, he agreed to, which was carried.

The consideration of the Irish Land Bill was resumed. The Solicitor-General for Ireland, and Mr. Ball, discussed the technicalities of the Bill.

Mr Fawcett moved that the House, approving of the plan of unsectarian and indenominational teaching in Ireland, is in favor of remodelling Trinity College, so as to remove religious disabilities. Mr. Fawcett supported his motion with cogent arguments.

Mr. Plunkett, as member for Trinity College, angrily reprobated interference with that institution. He predicted that the adoption of the motion would produce the results effecting, not that college alone, but all the educational establishments of Ireland.

LONDON.—A Committee has been appointed to make arrangements for the visit of an English delegation to the World's Conference of the Evangelical Alliance at New York, next Autumn. The delegates will probably be the Rev. Dr. Jobson, Prof. Blackie, Canon Freemanville, Dean Wescott, and Rev. Messrs. Dale, Hoare, Canne and Alexander.

S. Morgan & Co., have introduced the mortgage bonds of the St. Louis bridge into this market.

Mr. Gladstone reminded the gentleman that the abolition of the University test was one of the proposed measures of the session, and in the present discussion that fact must be kept in view. He referred to the imputation of Ultra-montane tendencies to the Ministry. He deplored the necessity of introducing a measure tending to convulse the country, but declared emphatically that the trust confided by the people to the Whig party would never be abandoned. His duty was unmistakable if he were assured that the Government was on a wrong course he would acknowledge it, but feeling he was right he would stand where he stood.

Mr. Beresford and Mr. Hope urged Mr. Fawcett to withdraw his motion.

Mr. Ball made a speech in support of it.

Without taking any action the House then adjourned.

In the House of Lords the Irish Force Bill was again received from the House of Commons, with all the Lords' amendments concurred in except one. The *Examiner* finds, in the disconnected and contradictory discussions on Irish affairs in the House of Commons, proof of the wisdom of the American system, which leaves local affairs to local legislatures.

The Atlantic Cable Company, after considering the proposed bill for the consolidation of the Anglo-American with the French Transatlantic Cable Company, have given it their approval, three fourths of the stock supporting it.

A resolution to this affect has been adopted at a meeting of the Company.

It is reported at Rome that all attempts to conciliate the opposition in the Council of Ministers have been abandoned.

Cialdini insists on the resignation of the Cabinet.

Advices from Rome report a remarkable scene at a recent sitting of the Council. Cardinal Schwarzenberg and Bishop Strossmeyer endeavoured to urge a policy of conciliation, and while speaking in favourable terms of Protestants, and objecting to the anathemas directed against them, as arrogant and profane, they were silenced by the angry uproar of the assembly.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—Despatches from Madrid state that preparations are being made for a great demonstration in that city on Sunday.

The Ministerial journals defend the *senatum consultum*, while all the other papers pronounce it sufficient.

The *Presse* announces that Prince Bonaparte has gone to America, and his family has been sent to Switzerland.

Other papers say that the Prince has not left France, but soon will.

Another manifestation was made to-day by the students of the Ecole de Medecine against Dr. Jardien. They refused to allow the Professor to proceed with his lecture. They refused to allow the Professor to proceed with his lecture. There was much disorder, but the police did not interfere.

The *Gazette des Tribunaux* announces that at least six weeks will be required for the proper examination into the affair of the conspiracy, although the magistrates are diligently at work.

The *Gazette* adds that every day something new and important comes to light in regard to the matter.

Charles Hugo, of the editorial staff of the *Rappel*, has been condemned to six months' imprisonment, and a fine of 3,000 francs, and the managing editor of the same paper, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment and a fine of 2,000 francs, for violating the Press laws.

Rochefort is to be married to the daughter of the late M. Proudhon.

ROME.

ROME.—It is asserted that the Papal Court has rejected the overtures made by Ali Pasha in favor of the Armenians.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—Senor Morea, who replaces Becarra as the Minister for the Colonies, is the intimate friend of Admiral Topete, the last Minister of Madrid.

It is understood that the new Minister favors the new constitution for Porto Rico, and will carry it through the contest.

A sharp discussion took place in the Constituent Cortes yesterday afternoon between Senor Robelda, one of the Deputies from Porto Rico, and Senor Becerra, Minister for the Colonies, in the course of which the honor of the former was called in question. An exciting debate ensued, which was followed by the withdrawal of Senor Becerra from the Cabinet.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—J. C. Loley, U. S. N., arrested here to-day with despatches from San Domingo, was accompanied by Mr. Coben, commissioner for the exchange of ratifications of the treaty. The latter says that the vote in favor of annexation was conducted in the most peaceable way, all over the country; that the agricultural districts were almost unanimously in favour of annexation, the people only wishing for quiet, that they might devote themselves to industry.

NEW HAVEN.—A terrific boiler explosion occurred at the factory of the New Haven Folding Chair Company this afternoon. The boiler was thrown over 30 feet. Five years ago an explosion in the same factory killed five persons.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Every item of business connected with the lumber trade attended to with promptness, and care. 1324 tf

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G. Fullerton; Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's Daughter, by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christo, by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1870,

And continue until further notice.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE

THE HANLONS IN THE SHADE.

THE GREAT FEMALE FLYING TRAPEZE, LILA AND ZOE.

From the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, Paris.

The Troupe comprises the following first class Artists:

Miles LILA and ZOE, who stand unrivalled and alone as the two "Queens of the Air."

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist, and the only successor of Blondin, will ascend from the back of the stage to the extreme end of the theatre, carrying on his shoulders Mlle A. Zoe—together with all his astonishing feats, never attempted by any other performer.

Mlle. CODONA, the Queen of Beauty, in her classic tight rope performances.

Mons CODONA, the Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist and daring Gymnast.

Mons. DELBRA, the Boneless Man,

YOUNG AMERICA, the Boy Wonder, and a host of others too numerous too mention.

New and Startling Feats Every Evening.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Doors open at 7. To commence at 8.

Seats can be secured, without extra charge at Orme & Son's.

J E NOBLE, Advance Agent.

1323 5

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows,

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

14 3

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

This Society will give its Third and last

CONCERT

For the Season at

GOWAN'S HALL,

—ON—

MONDAY EVENING, the 4th APRIL, 1870.

The PROGRAMME will embrace Operatic Choruses, Solos, Duets, &c.

Tickets 25 cents each, to be obtained at Orme and Son's Music Store, H. & J. Gowan's, Sparks Street, and at the door.

Doors open at 7.30 p. m. Concert to begin at 8 p. m. precisely.

N. B.—MR. DE PLAINVAL has kindly consented to lend his valuable assistance.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 2

NOTICE.

A MEETING of all who are interested in BOATING will be held at "The Queen Restaurant" on MONDAY NEXT at FOUR (4) o'clock, to take into consideration the propriety of forming a JOINT STOCK COMPANY to maintain the BOAT HOUSE during the coming season.

1323 2 W HORACE LEE.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK.

REGISTERED ONLY BY.

MESSRS. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GROOM and COACHMAN, apply to the undersigned,

N SPARKS,
1321 6 Albert street, Ottawa.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 25, 1870. 1317 td

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, PATENT LAMPS &c.

Mr. TACKABERRY will sell by AUCTION at his Rooms, Stewart's Block, Rideau street, a special consignment of OPERA, MARINE GLASSES, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS MAGIC LANTERNS, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, and a large assortment of other Scientific Apparatus.

Sale—Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, and following days at 7 p. m.

No Reserve.
Terms—Cash in Bankable Funds.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer.

1323 4

MILLINERY SHOW DAY

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at reasonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £38 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2a

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
1306 M1 Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290 tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

NOTICE

HOUSE and LOT for sale on Maria street, For information apply at Rowe's Auction Rooms Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1308 tf

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE, suitable for a private residence or hotel, with THREE acres of good land, situate on the Rideau Canal, one mile from the city limits. For particulars, apply to H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks street, Ottawa, or to J. M. DONNELLY on the premises. 1321 6

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319 b

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises, Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruit in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H. F. McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city. N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first-class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1213-3m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR SPRING STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

The largest and most attractive we have ever imported will be complete and ready for inspection on

THURSDAY, the 10th INSTANT.

In Canadian manufactures we are offering for our own and manufacturers account the most desirable GOODS in the market, in great variety, and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

To the above announcement we invite the attention of our customers and the Trade.

WM J McMASTER & CO,
8 Bonaventure street.

MONTREAL, March 1870 1297 1m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

JUST RECEIVED

Bow Bell's and London Journal,
Godey, Frank Leslie
And Mad. Demorest's, for March,
Also, London Sunday Time

AT

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOTS,

Sussex and Sparks Streets.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1366 tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1296 tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1y Mosgrove street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1 East End, Sappers' Bridge

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expedition delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. A ROWE. 1.96 tf

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, April 4, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 33	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 25	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, foweil in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 13, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos: CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs, Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms, and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1053tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD

The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the song of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog, birds, beasts and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents; three for 50 cents; $1.25 per dozen.

T W VALENTINE, Box 372, Jersey City, N.J.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper* and *bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oil-men universally. 52y1236 law

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SESSION OF THE COUNTY COURT,

In and for the said County of Carleton, for the trial of issues of fact without the intervention of a jury, will be holden at the Court House, (City Hall), in the City of Ottawa, on

Monday, the 4th day of April, 1870,

1870, at the hour of ten o'clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL, Sheriff,
By W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, March 24th, 1870. 1318td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1318 3

GUYOT'S TAR, CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in case of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris; L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL.

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late PETER TOMKINS, of Gloucester, Esquire, are hereby requested to send in statements of the same to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment of the same immediately to the undersigned.

HENRY TOMKINS,
CHARLES BILLINGS,
Executors.

Billings' Bridge, PO, 19th March, 1870. 1308a13 3

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for t ... able

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1307 3

CHAUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAW & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

N. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1233-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KINSER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KINSER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

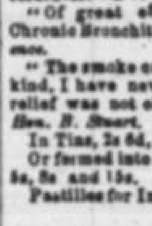
REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

FOR ASTHMA. and Chronic Bronchitis



DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 4s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 4s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Osgoode Hotel, Osgoode Station.

15-6m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in town.

TRADE—MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

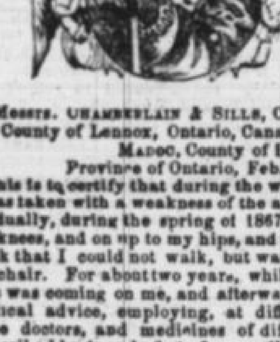
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway, P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE.

Ottawa, January 13

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with *EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.*

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. PFLPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$	5 00
Club of 10 "		8 00
Club of 20 "		14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO., CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES, AND EYE GLASSES, mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true, THAT ESMONDE BROS. IS THE *CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE* TO Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS, Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE, STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE.

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No, 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.

... tried it, know that it cures; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS OF THE OTTAWA COURIER

Politics, Literature, Commerce, and Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants ... will, doubtlessly, be pleased to ... paper bearing the above title ... to meet their wants. Aware of ... such a newspaper, in both languages ... Ottawa, and which will afford ... latest intelligence, I have ... take the publication of the Courier ... be my aim in doing so to fully ... requirements and wishes of the ... Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is ... brisk, and there is evidence of ... future prosperity. ... to and from the city, and the ... lishing additional factories ... unrivalled water-power at our ... do much to rapidly increase the city ...

Confederation has strengthened the ... commercial ties between the English ... speaking inhabitants of the Dominion ... shall be the aim of the Courier ... still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of ... government the proprietor of the ... concurs, and will endeavour to ... measure of support which ... render necessary, carefully ... offence to such as may differ ... We will cultivate a friendly ... traditions of the past and the ... present, hoping to take a middle ... tain course, which cannot fail ... by the inhabitants of the ... Ottawa.

A young people should ... themselves to the level of ... tionalities, and this they can ... made acquainted with what ... parts of the world. This ... we shall also urge such ... tend to increase the ... wealth of the community ... not, however, be confined to ... requirements of the husbandman ... full share of our attention ... cultivation of the soil ... very much depend. ... particular object to ... agriculturist, and at ... industries, and to ... information for both ...

Correspondents will ... open to them in which ... offer suggestions ... pressed are ... couched in moderate ... language.

Let it not be supposed ... that may have been said ... the *Courier* will be ... matters. The intelligence ... quarter of the globe ... columns, the telegraph ... of, and the latest news ... possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety ... *Courier* will contain, and ... in its management, the ... pates success and pledge ... The *Courier* will be ... at five o'clock, and ... payable in advance ...

There will also be a weekly ... of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON ...

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES ... ING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town ...

VOL V. N

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE ... YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the general that I am now receiving my Winter Stock of Feet Wear which is complete in every department, ...

LATEST AND BEST STYLES ... Ladies', Misses, Children's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care and is warranted to give satisfaction. PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION. ... large supply of Lumbermen's Wear ... on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work ... best workmen employed.

GEORGE MU...

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ... LISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand) ... offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES ... and well selected stock, comprising ... Teas, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry ... Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms ... Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also ... Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ... numerous other articles necessary ... a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy's & Martell's, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman ... bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Port ... quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira ... all prices, in wood and bottle, improved ... HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY.

High proof and flavor, at extremely low ... Jameson's and Stewart's Scotch Whisky ... Tom.

... ville's Irish Whiskey.

... Old Irish Potteen.

... and London Porter, pts and qts ...

... and other Ales.

... and Syrups, all grades.

... urefiners' prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... the time of her sins. 11

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY

... under Chapter LXVII ... Consolidated Statutes of Canada

... OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S ... Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON ... FOOTS A THOMSON, T H ... MUMMOND, Manager. 11

IMPORTANT TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, ... ON STORES AND OTHERS.

... give notice of my intention to ... LES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

... increase of trade during the last four ... compelled me to enlarge my manufactory ... decided to make the wholesale trade ... purpose.

... stock I have now is undoubtedly the ... and the question of quality is ... by making known the fact that I ... from seed procured at any ... it is the best; they will the ... favorable comparison with any imported ... weather and important fact is that ... and manufactured in Ottawa ... freight, packing, duty and other ... full 40 per cent low...

... advantages, I think, cannot ... those who may favor me with their ... JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail ... Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct ... Post Office, Ottawa.

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the ... Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles ... highest prices given. 11

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex

... advanced on goods consigned for ... sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

... EASTON S. H. ...

... DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... more gentlemen can be accommodated ... with board and rooms. Gentlemen ... will find superior accommodation ... by the day or week at moderate rates ... This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings ... books. 21

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills ... are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the ... Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the ... Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE ... (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette" and in a newspaper published in the County or Counties affected; such notice shall be published in each case for a period of at least ... during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the notices to be sent to the Private Bills ...

Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS ...

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House ...

... 15, 1870. 1309 td law

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a COURT OF OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and ... in and for the said County of Carleton ... at the Court House in the ... on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of ... the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ... magistrates, bailiffs, constables ... concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 d&wtd.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1325. — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Fall and Winter Stock of Feet Wear which will be complete in every department, representing

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

JAMES WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Salt, Coarse and Fine salt. Also,

Bordeaux and their Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hen ..., Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines at prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Jameson's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Tom.

Kinahan's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Porteen.

Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Allsopp's and other Ales.

Syrups and Syrups, all grades.

... prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... 1165

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... DRUMMOND, Manager. 1146f

---

IMPORTANT TO

HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years has compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my ... purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest ..., and the question of quality is readily ... by making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ... favorable comparison with any imported.

Another and important fact is that being ... and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expenses ... enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ... porter.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ..., Post Office, Ottawa.

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

The Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1198y

---

G. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

... advanced on goods consigned for treatment ... Prompt returns in all cases.

G. EASTON. S. H. EASTON.

THOS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... more gentlemen can be accommodated ... private board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommodation ... the day or week at moderate rates. ... The house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ... banks. 219tf

---

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of their applications (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and in a newspaper published in the County or United Counties affected; such notice shall be published in each case for a period of at least ... weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill ...

Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

... 15, 1870. 1399 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON,
to Wit,

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the COURT of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1382 d&wtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st,

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ... ment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter city and country trade.

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c. to which we invite the attention of the LUMBERING COMMUNITY who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccasins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, very cheap!

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c. &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufacturer and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) ... graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons in Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, ... 775y

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH—FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 55 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 40
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

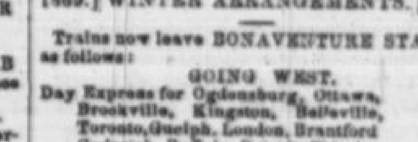
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 4.35 p m. arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.21 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

E. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do ... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 am, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7.00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 9:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

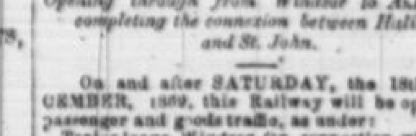
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.55 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1138y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100
Halifax ... 20
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30
Halifax ... 15
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 32

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 30, 1869. 1236 t

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
Agents,
Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 90, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 4½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1291 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B. & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1314 3m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superseded all others

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON
Commission Merchant,
Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1733y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it! GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 20. ...

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Called Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all"

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS' UNION.

Speech of the Hon. Dr. Tupper in the House of Commons.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said, challenged as I have been by the very frequent references made to myself by the gentlemen who have taken part in this discussion. Challenged as I have been in reference to the commercial policy that I have advocated I think it necessary Mr. Speaker that I should make a few remaks in reply. I may say in the first place that I think it necessary to refer to the very dangerous character that has been ascribed to the views and opinions which I hold in reference to our trade relations. It will be remembered that the hon. member for Shefford called the attention of the House to the great danger that he considered would arise to this Dominion if we took the position that our fishing grounds ought to be protected from the encroachment of all foreigners. I think it ought to relieve me from any apprehension in holding erroneous opinions on this question, when I hear such views expressed by the first public men in the country. If the member for Shefford has to warn the people of this country against the dangerous opinions which I hold on this question be will have to visit his anathemas on others more respected and honoured by himself than I am. If he will take the trouble to look at the *Globe* of the 14th inst., he will find an article on this question laying down the principles which I have advocated in the clearest, tersest and most forcible language that it is possible to employ. The anathemas of the hon. gentleman fall with tenfold power on the journal which he professes so much to respect. The hon. gentleman will be much relieved when he finds that in the action which I have taken in this matter I am following in the footsteps of the hon. member for Sherbrooke.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Could you give me my language on the subject?

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—Yes. For no language I could use could give expression to the sentiment more strongly than is here given. I will now read an extract from an order in Council drawn up by the member for Sherbrooke: "The Committee would also respectfully submit to Her Majesty's Government that any apparent hesitation to assert an undoubted national right will certainly be misconstrued, and be made the ground for other, and more serious exaction till such a point is reached as neither country can recede from with honour." Will it be possible for the hon. member, notwithstanding his great command of language with both tongue and pen to give expression in clearer terms to the impolicy of allowing that right to be infringed?

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Read the whole of the minute.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—I will read another sentence.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—It is on the Journals of the House.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—If it is not on the Journals of this House, it is on the Journals of the House in Nova Scotia. I shall be extremely glad if the hon. member for Sherbrooke move that it be brought down to the table of the House. Every line of this production bears out emphatically what the hon. member himself says, and what I still continue to hold.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Oh.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—I shall read an extract:

"The system of license will continue for the current year; but it is proposed to notify the fishermen in all cases, that it will not be renewed for the future, being only adopted from a desire to avoid exposing them to unexpected loss, their arrangements having been made before the expiry of the treaty for this season's fishing."

It is proposed to notify the American fishermen that their licences will not be renewed for the future, and where would be the possibility of giving a stronger corroboration of the intention of the Government? Was it surprising in relation to a question that involved the business of a large portion of the inhabitants of British America—a business worth from four to five million dollars a year—for such is the value of the British fishermen—was it surprising that the hon. member for Sherbrooke should think that he was not striking a fatal blow at a great branch of British industry, and that we would have been recreant to our duty on that occasion, if we had not stood up for our rights? The hon. member for Sherbrooke would be not only striking a blow at an important branch of industry, but at the same time he was doing all he could to strike down the occupation and business that enables us to give employment to 20,000 seamen, hardy mariners, who at the time they were prosecuting a profitable branch of industry were forming the neucleus of a navy which may one day be of benefit to the Empire. If the hon. member for Sherbrooke knew me better, he would not express any anxiety in respect to the sentiments I hold towards the United States. During the whole of the desperate struggle that convulsed that country, no public man in British America maintained more unflinchingly the right, the duty, the necessity of standing aloof from a struggle with which we had nothing to do. If he knew more of my history as a public man he would know that I have the honour of advising the representative of the Crown in a most delicate matter involving international relations, calculated to produce difficulties between the United States and ourselves during the war. When the *Chesapeake* was seized in the harbour of Halifax by an American man-of-war, when the prisoners were liberated, the manacles struck off, and the honour of the Crown vindicated, the duty was discharged in such a manner as to gain the hearty approval of the Parlament of Nova Scotia, the approval of the Crown, and the thanks of the United States Government. When the President of the United States fell by by the hand of an assassin, I had the honour of proposing the first vote of condolence proposed in the civilized world, and both branches of the legislature were abjourned to show the feeling of Nova Scotia. Who is there can look at the great progress of the United States—its enormous commercial power—its growing and rapidly increasing property, and the gigantic struggle through which they passed—the patriotic manner in which the sons of that country maintained its national greatness—who can remember all these things without an intense admiration for the men who gave such an example to the world? But that is no reason why the people of British America should adopt a policy of humiliation and debasement, and allow their commerce to be destroyed, and not have the courage to adopt a national policy—a Canadian policy such as is calculated to win respect (hear, hear). Does any man who is capable of appreciating the high spirit the Americans have shown, think they are not capable of exhibiting the same respect for the sons of British America, who may adopt the measures they deem necessary to promote their progress and advancement.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Hear, hear.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—When this Reciprocity Treaty was repealed, when the United States declared they would no longer continue that system of commercial intercourse which ten years had proved most advantageous to both countries, who is there who will say we were not free to use all the means in our power to make up for the disadvantage. I would like if the gentleman who spoke of a defiant policy—and I cannot but remark on the disingenuousness of the hon. member for Shefford—I would like he would take my sentiments from my own lips and not from a gentleman who speaks another language. There is nothing defiant or retaliatory in our policy. What are the facts? A treaty was arranged between the United States and the British American Colonies, in which it was agreed that certain duties and imports should be omitted or certain articles, now, when that treaty was abolished, not by any act of ours, I would like to ask is their anything retaliatory in saying we are anxious for the freest commercial intercourse. We believe such intercourse is not only calculated to promote and foster friendly feelings, but we are able to show by ten years' experience that it has done the largest possible amount of good. As a member of this House I will venture to say that under these circumstances when the United States refused any longer to trade with us, it would not be right or politic, or manly on our part to do anything else than we now propose. The member for Sherbrooke calls the policy of the Government a defiant and retaliatory policy. But he himself was one of the very first men to adopt that policy. He once said in plain, unmistakeable language, "if you are going to take back free commercial intercourse, you must relinquish the fishing grounds; if you impose duties the Parliament of Canada must act in the same manner; this is not retaliation but necessity." The same hon. member came down as Finance Minister and asked the House to adopt the policy of putting fifty cents per barrel on flour and tax many other articles previously passed out of the United States into Canada free. I was still more reluctant than the hon. member for Sherbrooke to enter upon such a policy, but I followed his influential lead in adopting the license system. I did not hesitate to say on the floor of the Nova Scotia Legislature, that I deplored the effect of the treaty being abolished, but that we had no alternative left than to re-impose the duties which had previously existed. There was no person to talk of retaliation, and I am happy to say nobody was found to make such an unfounded suggestion to the Government and people of the United States. The hon. member for Shefford tells us there is a great number of people in the United States who are agitating the country for free trade. Does the hon. gentleman know the most powerful argument on which the free traders of the United States rely? It is, that Canada will necessarily shut the American fishermen out of our waters, and impose the same duties on their products as they impose on ours. Is it politic, then, on our part to deprive the free trade party of the United States of the most powerful argument they can use? In Nova Scotia, in a single year, the imports from the United States fell from four millions to two and a half millions. There are gentlemen who say that they despair of obtaining a treaty; they may well despair if they take up the position that the United States can take everything from us, and we can offer no counter policy. I may now call the attention of the hon. member for Shefford to an article written in the Toronto *Globe*. The *Globe* says:

"The Americans cannot expect to both eat their cake and have it, and it would be extravagantly absurd for them to object to a plan of international intercourse which they have themselves inaugurated and declared to be the very best possible."

I want to know if anything can be said by any person, more concisely or effectivly than what has been said in the extract I have read. I believe the *Globe* has views in opposition to mine in many respects, but in this point we agree. I may say that people recently went to Washington from my Province and came back with the statement that the United States wished to favour none of our Provinces so much as Nova Scotia. I give this to my friend, the member for Sherbrooke, as a proof that the policy I pursued has not resulted in any injury to Canada as far as Nova Scotia is concerned, and to show that the very Province that has taken the strongest ground on this point is now declared to be standing in the highest favour. The member for Bothwell expressed his fear that we were going to make every thing in the country too dear. But this country is so geographically situated, and so various in its products and natural resources, that nature has placed it in our power to protect ourselves by a policy not retaliatory or vindictive, but by a national policy which shall encourage the industries of our country. By a proper attention to the development of our resources we shall have an interchange of products and in two years I believe we shall be utterly indifferent, as to whether we have a treaty or not. There are 283,000 tons of coal which come annually from the United States to Canada, and nearly two million dollars worth of breadstuffs are imported by Nova Scotia. It does not follow that flour will be dearer in Nova if it comes from Canada—for the value of flour is governed not by the consumption in Nova Scotia, but by the English market. What makes it so dear in Nova Scotia? It is the large freight chargeable on the transport of the article into Nova Scotia. But if you send a fleet of colliers by the St. Lawrence to replace the coal of Pennsylvania, the flour will go back to Nova Scotia at half its present freight. The result of this state of things will be that you will get new vitality throughout all your industries, the great canals of the West will carry produce to the East; you will have employment for shipbuilders; you will be creating an additional field of operation for the sailors of the country, and all this will be accomplished at an insignificant cost. The coal of Nova Scotia will go to Toronto, at half the present freight, and the interchage of the products by the West will give the vessels a freight for the Maritime markets.

Mr. MILLS—But no duties are required.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER—The difference of the reduction in freight, corresponding to the duty, will give the market of Ontario to the mines of the East. Everybody knows the mineral resources of Nova Scotia could supply the civilized world. We are now opening by the Intercolonial Railway a new coal mine of enormous extent, and a celebrated geologist, Sir Wm. Logan, says that there is no coal mine on this continent, and only one in England, to compare with it, and that for the manufacture of gas, or iron, or the production of steam, it is of the highest quality. I would ask whether the policy which will bring people into the country, which will stimulate every industry in the country, is not one that is worthy the attention of this House, irrespective and irregardless altogether of its effect upon the United States; and I have no hesitation in saying, that under the effects of a policy such as this, that would restore greater prosperity in this country than we had, under Reciprocity, and that we shall not need to go to other countries nor to the United States for a renewal of Reciprocity or improved trade relations, because they will be coming and seeking it at our hands. The hon. member for Shefford looked for the discontinuance of the bonding system, as one of the results of adopting a national policy, but he had not got very far in his speech, and when he referred to the fact that even the very proposal of the policy of enlarging the canals lead to the postponement of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty for a year. I think, therefore, that the Government might well be trusted to adopt a policy which would be sufficient to meet this emergency. Now, I would like to ask with such mineral sources as we have in Nova Scotia, with such mines of coal and iron, which will compete in its adaptability to the manufacture of steel with the best Swedish, and with the various manufactures that are scattered throughout the different parts of the Dominion, whether the time has not come when, cut off by the prohibitory tariff of the United States, it is not worth while to try how far we may increase these native enterprises, and give prosperity to the country, by adopting a policy which will meet the unfair opposition which the Canadian manufacturer is met by other countries. The hon. gentleman says that British capital will not come into this country. What is the reason? He knows that manufactures in the United States are kept alive by English money; he knows that they experience little difficulty in obtaining it; he knows that they depend to a very large extent upon capital coming in from England—well, then, what is the reason? Why, the want of a policy such as I have indicated, which will give to our people in this country the facilities which are afforded elsewhere, and which contribute so greatly to this result. But when I tell the hon. gentleman that British capital does not come to this country for this cause, stimulated by the belief and impression of a pledge from the late Finance Minister, who declared that if they postponed the consideration of the subject another year, that Government would be prepared to give the most serious consideration to the necessity of inaugurating a national, a Canadian policy (hear). Stimulated, I say, by these circumstances, $600,000 of capital from the State of New York is now being spent in constructing a railroad in Nova Scotia, to open a coal mine; and if the hon. member for Shefford would turn his back upon these unfortunate delusions to which he has given up his great mind and intellect—and I say instead of looking across the borders, he would look to the means by which we can set up the great interests of this country. I believe that he would be adopting a course which would go far to elevate him in the opinion of this House, and give him a high position in the esteem and opinion of the country. I may say, sir, that it is remarkable that the hon. gentlemen never rises to his feet without exhibiting some considerable alarm about the people of Nova Scotia. My hon. friend the Secretary for the Provinces has relieved his mind to some extent, but I may tell him that this Canadian policy—this national policy, this rational policy—will stimulate the enterprize of all our Provinces, and will aid and assist in building up this great Dominion. And I may further tell the hon. gentleman that so friendly is Nova Scotia to this policy of building up our own interests that there has not been but one single newspaper out of the eleven newspapers published in Halifax has raised any objection to it, and several have come out warmly in its support. (The hon. member read an extract from the *Acadian Recorder* strongly advocating protection.) Now, sir, I give that to my hon. friend as the views, the language, and the sentiments published in the county by a gentleman who is under the control of the Local Government, and who cannot discuss for a single day a question of public importance in opposition to the views of the Local Legislature without placing his office, which is one of some emolument, in jeopardy. I give that extract to him to relieve his anxiety, and must ask him never again to do anything so unpatriotic as to hold up to the country and the world the fact that Nova Scotia is in a state of intense dissatisfaction. Even were it true, nothing could be more unpatriotic. I say if it be true, that there is no language that could be held on the floor of this House more calculated to prevent free reciprocal trade, and retard the promotion of the best interests of the country than the propounding of such views, (hear, hear.) Why, sir, what do we find? When I was at the Red River I asked some of the insurgents how they could hope for success? "Why," they said, "there is Nova Scotia ready to revolt!" (hear). I shall, therefore, again ask the hon. member for Shefford, on patriotic grounds, never to make such a statement again on the floor of this House. It would be bad, if it were true, to make such a declaration, but the hon. gentleman makes it in the face of the evidence that it is without foundation. I may say, opposed as that country was to Confederation—excited as that country was by fears that they were not going to obtain fair play at the hands of the Government—and excited as the prejudices of the great mass of the people were on the question, resulting in in the entire condemnation of the scheme, there never was a country in the world which gave evidence more clear, more unqualified and more conclusive since the change in the constitution of the country, of their desire to do all in their power to aid in its successful accomplishment. Why should the hon. member compare the deliberations of the Local Legislature now to what they were two years ago. Why, sir, he will find that the talk of repeal, which has before done so much injury in the United States, is not heard now. Why, sir, he would know that the representitive of the leading city in the Legislative Council is making the best of the Union so day, and assiting the policy of the Secretary of State for the Provinces; the hon. gentleman would know that side by side with him sits one of the foremost merchants of Halifax representing the metropolitan constituency of the country, who from being hostile to the whole question is now prepared to promote any question which is calculated to give the new system the best trial; and another representative of one of the counties, returned an Anti-Confederate, has declared his intention of giving the best opportunity of working out this question (hear). And while you look at these declarations of their representatives on this question, look also at the aspect of the constituencies themselves. Look at the elections of Yarmouth, Inverness, Hants, Richmond and at Colchester; and the result of every one of those elections, although there were cases in which persons opposed to Confederation have been returned. I say in every one of those appeals to the people have resulted in giving evidence of the great change in favour of giving this Confederation a fair trial. I ask the hon. member for Shefford whether in the face of these circumstances, and looking round as he does and hearing the words of those who come into this Parliament opposed to Confederation that they owe it to Nova Scotia and to this Dominion, to forget the past and to aid the Government or any party in carrying out this great problem in such a way as shall not only be advantageous to Nova Scotia but to the whole Dominion (hear). I ask the hon. gentleman whether in the face of such evidence he thinks it patriotic or honest to stand up and endeavor to weaken our position in the face of the world by intimating that Nova Scotia is still determined in its efforts to weaken this Dominion, whose success we must all desire (hear). Now, sir, I need not say much about the resolutions of the hon. member for Shefford—in fact the treatment he has received at the hands of the House, and of his own particular friends is such as to make him and his resolutions an object of commiseration. I must say that as the hon gentlemen proceeded my surprise was increased when instead of hearing him *ore rotundo*, as he usually does, and instead of listening to the torrents of eloquence that usually flow from his lips, I saw him seemingly in doubt as to how to proceed—first apologising to those behind him, and then those who were before him. I thought that the hon. gentleman was in a position

requiring the commiseration of the House, but I did not then suppose that his colleague—if I may call him so—the hon. member for Sherbrooke—was about to desert him and leave him in a minority of one. I say it requires very few observations from me, I suppose the hon. member found that he would have to look in other directions to that part of the Dominion, Nova Scotia, for aid, to carry such a resolution. But I have no hesitation in saying that the men from Nova Scotia would not have voted for the resolutions—I have no hesitation that the men who would advocate a policy which would involve this Dominion in additional direct taxation to the amount of five millions as proposed by this resolution, would not be elected there. Why sir, one and a great objection Nova Scotia had was a small imposition of $100,000—of stamp taxes—of direct taxation. And I ask, under these circumstances, how are you going to ask the people to adopt this policy—for if the hon. gentleman's policy is carried out—since, although, he says there is to be no discrimination against England, his policy will involve the levying of five millions of direct taxation, I say whenever the country is prepared to accept that policy then I think it will become a legitimate subject for discussion. Now sir, I come to the resolution of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, and I may say, that although there are not even the same objections to that—although I may say it is whittled down almost to the thin end of nothing—(a laugh)—there is enough left to make it objectionable. I must say that I listened with great pain to the declaration of the hon member for Lambton that he intended to give that resolution his support, for I have no hesitation in saying that whoever is indifferent to the success of this great scheme of Confederation, whoever is indifferent to the preservation of those relations between the Imperial Government and this country, which we all trust may long continue, I believe that that gentleman stands pre-eminent for his devotion to the Crown and his devotion to those British institutions which we enjoy (hear, hear.) Therefore I listened with great pain to his declaration of assent to the resolutions of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, which are calculated to do more harm and be more injurious to the interests of the Dominion than any proposition to which at the present junction of affairs could be introduced. Now sir, I object to these resolutions that they are not only uncalled for but that they are injurious. There is not a single gentleman who has advocated the principle of having our own ambassadors and making our own treaties, who has not declared that there is now no difficulty in the matter—that the policy had not been already conceded. The hon. member for Sherbrooke is proof personal of the fact, that there was no difficulty in giving effect to the opinion of these Provinces, even before they were united, and now there is no man that can tell us that in any measure which touched the commercial relations of this country on which we would not receive the fullest and heartiest co-operation from the Imperial authorities, (hear). Then sir, I say that it is uncalled for, but I go further, and I say that it would be mischievous. I would like to ask the hon. member for Sherbrooke what the first element of success in a treaty is, in all negotiations, in all ordinary business transactions between merchants? "I tell him that the first element is, that which the passage of his resolution will sweep away for ever, and that is the power of giving effect of doing what they say. What does this resolution conclude with, that after you have spent months, and thousands, in bringing the treaty, the negotiation, to a successful completion, without having the opportunity of carrying the Crown along with you and meeting the difficulties as they present themselves, and having the combined weight of the Imperial Government along with that of the Dominion, after it is all done, the men, the party who has negotiated with you, knows that the treaty is waste paper, and that according to your own system of government it has to be sent to the Imperial authorities, who are away from the spot and without the explanations and aid which had accompanied the actual negotiations, in connection with the treaty, (hear). Therefore the very first element, the very means of success, you are left without, in this matter. The Hon. Minister of Justice asked this question, and was met with a totally unsatisfactory answer by the hon. member for Sherbrooke, that if a treaty had been made and was rejected by the Home authorities, what would ensue? He was reminded of the *Alabama* case, but that is no parallel for that arose between two powers who had the power of negotiating and who had the confirmation of the State behind them. You would not require the humiliation of the rejection of the treaty or negotiation over which so great an amount of care and attention had been expended. I say you would not require that, because there is no power on the face of the globe that is prepared to enter into negotiations with a State which is unable to ratify those negotiations or make treaties only with the prospect of having them deliberated and decided upon by a distant power. No, would any power reduce their policy to paper in such a case. I regret that the hon. member for Lambton did not give this question that examinat on which he usually gives to all questions of this important character submitted for consideration, because I feel sure that if he had regarded it with more consideration; he would not have been disposed to join parties in this House who stand before the country in a position so unlike his own whose soul and heart and energy is given and devoted to the promotion and success of the country, and its institutions; I regret to see him give his aid and co-operation to men whose opinions are the most directly opposite, and who stand pledged to the House and to the country to do everything that lies in their power against that which the hon. member for Lambton in common with every loyal and patriotic subject of the Crown feels and desires—the perpetual connection of the Crown and the Dominion (hear). Sir, the hon. member for Sherbrooke on a former occasion charged me with having treated him unfairly in holding him responsible in reference to his views on the question of Independence. He stated for the first time that his views on Independence were the views he had always held. He has stated in his letter to His Excellency the Governor General that he believed that Confederation was carried out by the Imperial authorities with reference to the ultimate separation of the Dominion from the Empire. I say my honourable friend the member for Sherbrooke must excuse me if I join issue with him on that point. I will prove that he had no such views or sentiments when at the Conference of Quebec, he stated that the people intended to build up a great British nationality on this continent to remain in connection with the British Crown. I will prove that his views for which I now challenge him were not only concealed if he held them then at all, but that he has given us proof of what I allege. The honourable member when he challenged me, explained to the House that he looked forward to Confederation as a means of making separation inevitable, and that that separation would inevitably be brought about. Now, sir, I have said that I would prove from the honourable gentleman's own lips my assertion that he was as loyal to Canada at the Quebec Conference as any other gentleman that sat around that table, and that it is only recently, when dissatisfied with his own colleagues that he has gone off at a tangent (a laugh). It is well known that at a comparatively recent date the honourable member for Sherbrooke expressed great dissatisfaction with the Imperial authorities for not having suitably marked the services which he performed in the Confederation of the Provinces. That is a matter of history given to the country over the hon. gentleman's own signature, that in return for the work he had performed in promoting Confederation that his services had not received that marked consideration to which they were fairly entitled at the hands of his Sovereign. Now, sir, I ask if that be the case—if the hon. member was in a position to complain of the Imperial authorities for not meeting out that reward to him to which he was justly entitled, I ask him what change came over the spirit of his dream when that decoration was tendered to him that he was obliged to say that as a man of honour he could not accept it until he had made some explanation (hear). Sir, it is clear that the idea is a new one, for when the hon. leader of the Government in submitting the Quebec resolutions declared his views on this great question of public policy exactly in antagonism to the supposed present views of my hon. friend, though a member of the Government, he was bound and sworn it to the Parliament in which he sat and to the country to which he belonged to set himself right and state his opposition to these sentiments. Now, sir, when I look at the speech on Confederation of the hon. gentleman to his constituency, I am unable to find a single line that would give his constituents any idea of his present views, but I do find the declaration that the people of this country would be better able to do their duty "as subjects of the Crown" under the new arrangement (hear). One of the reasons for Confederation was that the people would be better able to do their duty to the Crown in the form of a new country, and that Confederation was required to enable them to do so. The hon. member said, that they certainly would enjoy more practical freedom in connection with the British Crown than they would enjoy under democratic institutions (hear). There is nothing to be found in any of the public utterances of the hon. member for Sherbrooke at the time Confederation was under discussion, that would warrant the impression that the thought had then entered his mind that he believed Confederation would lead to our severance from Great Britain. I take up the Confederation debates, and I find the leader of the Government, of which the member for Sherbrooke was a leading member, that venerable and patriotic statesman, the late Sir E. P. Tache, making this declaration as the ground on which he asked Parliament to unite these Provinces:—

"He would, then, first address himself to what he considered the intrinsic merits of the scheme of Confederation, and he would therefore say that if we were anxious to continue our connection with the British Empire, and to preserve intact our institutions, our laws, and even our remembrances of the past, we must sustain the measure."

That was the view the leader of the Government of that day took of Confederation. And another of the colleagues, at that time, of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, the present Minister of Justice, stated the whole case in the branch of the Legislature of which he was a member, and left no doubt in the minds of the people of this country, as to the views and sentiments which the Government of that day held with regard to the results of Confederation. He said:—

"In the first place, by a resolution which meets with the universal approval of the people of this country, we have provided that for all time to come, so far as we can legislate for the future, we shall have as the head of executive power the Sovereign of Great Britain (hear, hear)."

Now, I ask the hon. member for Sherbrooke, if it was just to his colleagues of that day, knowing their views as thus expressed, for him to have held the opinion which he now says he then held, and say nothing whatever about it; I say, therefore, under these circumstances I deeply regret—no member regrets it more—the course which the hon. member for Sherbrooke has taken. Knowing the great powers which he possesses, I look upon him with feelings of the deepest sorrow—(laughter)—for I feel that a great standard-bearer has fallen—that a man of the highest attainments, with a persuasive eloquence which it would be my highest ambition to rival—that such a man should turn his back upon the principles on which this Confederation was founded, and upon which the people of this country were asked to sanction it, is, I repeat, a matter of the deepest regret. I tell that hon. gentleman that the organ of disaffection in Nova Scotia, unable to defeat Confederation, secured by discontent, mortified by defeat, doing all it can to undermine British institutions in this country—the organ of the annexation party in Nova Scotia, the *Morning Chronicle*, has claimed him as their leader, and looks forward with some confidence to the day when he will grapple, they hope successfully, with this question of independence, and ultimately bring about what they wish infinitely more—annexation. What do our opponents say?—"Where is your Confederation now, when one of the men who was in the front ranks in securing that measure has already turned his back upon the Dominion of Canada as an appendage of the Crown, and is now seeking for a complete radical change in the new constitution of the country. It is no wonder that under these circumstances I feel that the time has come when it is necessary to the interests of this country, that this House should understand what are the springs of action that are moving the public men of this country. And that is the reason why I deplore that the member for Lambton should have given his sanction to the resolutions of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, which will not pass because I know the sentiments of loyalty that animates this Parliament is too great to permit it, I use the term loyalty in no offensive sense, I use it in the sense of loyalty to one's country. Holding the views I do, I would be the direst traitor to my country, as well as to my own convictions, if I was to hesitate, even at the cost of personal friendship, to denounce a measure which I feel indicates a desire for independence, strikes a blow at the first principle of all loyalty to the Dominion of Canada. It is alike disloyal to the Empire for any man, I care not how high his position, to lend his aid to anything that tends to the severance of this country from the Crown of Great Britain. When England loses her magnificent colonies, instead of being a power that we can all look upon with pride and admiration, instead of standing in the foremost ranks of the civilized power of the world, she will sink to a position of insignificance that will render us, unwilling to own that we had drawn our lineage from such a country. At present we have a position which which is possessed by no people on the face of the civilized globe. We have a degree of security for life and liberty and property, which challenges the admiration of the world. Every British subject has the shield of the mightiest power thrown around him, even in the wilds of Abyssinia. I say under these circumstances the man who is willing to imperil that position of power which we now occupy, and place us in a position dependent for security upon the passing current of sentiment that may run through a neighbouring country, such a man I say is disloyal, not only to the best interests of this country, but also to those of the Empire. Under these circumstances I have no hesitation in saying, that coming as this resolution does from the member for Sherbrooke—from a man whom the Annexationists will claim as their leader—and considering as well the intrinsic objections to the resolution, I trust that it will not receive the sanction of any considerable number of the members of this House. It is, perhaps, just as well that the classification of this House and this country should take place. Every day will define more clearly the position of parties. In the first place, we have the old Confederation party—the party that brought about Confederation, and that is still strong to carry out that great project. There is also the party that opposed Confederation, but who, now that the measure having been carried, feel that their duty to their country demands that they should give it a fair trial. But there is still another party—I do not class the member for Sherbrooke with this party—who, having reluctantly seen this Confederation adopted, are lying in wait ready to do everything they can to paralyze and weaken us in the eyes of the world, at home and abroad. Is it to the interests of this country that any support should be given to such a party as that. I do trust that the decision of this House will be not only such as will prevent the adoption of a policy most injurious to the interests of this country, but as will give assurance to the country, that the friends and supporters of Confederation are determined to go unflinchingly forward in the path first marked out, and to do everything in their power to make that measure as successful as it can possibly be accomplished.

Dominick Fox, General Commission Agent.
Insolvent Act—Charles Baillie.
St Patrick's Literary Association—John Kelly.
Nurse Wanted—Protestant Hospital.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Housing Matter see first Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

General Lindsay has arrived at Portland in the *Peruvian* yesterday, and, without doubt, brings with him instructions "from home" concerning Red River.

A SHEER FABRICATION.

Sensational stories are well enough in their way, but there really ought to be some regard to truth in making such announcements as the the resignation of a Minister of State. It is, quite unnecessary to say that the statement in the *Evening Mail Extra* of last night concerning the resignation of Sir George Cartier on account of some difference of opinion with respect to the action to be taken in connection with the murder at Red River was altogether untrue. There was not the shadow of foundation for it. Sir George Cartier never shrinks from any difficulty. Knowing his duty to his Sovereign and to the country, he is always prepared to stand by both. His pluck is indisputable, and with regard to the murderous business at Red River, Sir George is fully prepared, as he is determined to maintain the law, and will do so at all hazards, and at any cost. When Sir George Cartier resigns his position as Minister of Militia and Defence, it will not be in the face of any difficulty such as that at Red River. Where his honour is concerned, he never yet cared for supporters, and he knows that, in this matter, decisive and energetic action will bring him the support, not of a party only, but of the whole country.

TORONTO VS. OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

It seems to be an odd kind of reproach, that "ever since the Upper Canadian trade has been worth having at all, Montreal has been unremitting in her efforts to secure to herself alone—to make herself the only transshipping point—the head of ocean navigation for the whole Province of Ontario." Montreal, it seems to us, deserves more than ordinary credit for this selfishness. It is, indeed, a great pity that other cities have not followed her example. Not naturally the head of salt water navigation, by deepening Lake St. Peter, Montreal has become so. Not naturally the foot of inland river navigation for large vessels, a series of canals have made her so. In spite of the Toronto *Telegraph's* assertion that Montreal has no right to be the trans-shipping point, it is clear that she has such a right. There is no impediment of lockage to prevent Montreal from going and coming direct in steamships to or from the ocean. The impediments to ship-navigation are all above Montreal. The great lakes are indisputably navigable for the largest class of ships—even for the *Great Eastern*—but such a class of ships cannot be got into or out of them at present. It would be as expensive and as difficult to make a really useful ocean ship canal into Lake Ontario from Montreal as to make a feasible canal for vessels suited for inland navigation by the Ottawa. The St. Lawrence route will not let up ships, and there is no necessity, therefore, for very deep harbours in Ontario, and if the Ottawa route will never let anything but small schooners pass—therefore it will suit Montreal, which will still be the head of navigation.

As for the expense, any one who has seen the surveys of the Ottawa route, and noticed the vast beds of solid granite which have to be removed, knows that the work can only be done by an outlay which will quite incapacitate Canada from doing anything more for many years. There will be no national profit in it—nothing to pay for its cutting. All the trade it will do we can do now. Except, indeed, it will open up some back country to Montreal, which that city should do at its own expense, if it wants it. The St. Lawrence route, well opened, will give Canada the commerce of the world.

And to make matters worse, if this Ottawa route, which is to cut off much trade from us, be built, we shall actually—as Ontario pays far the greatest share of the public revenue—have to pay for it ourselves. We shall have to pay for a canal to injure our trade. It is to be hoped that our Ontario members will have the determination to stand united against this scheme. Let our canals—the St. Lawrence and the Welland—be enlarged. When that is done, Canada will have no use for this Ottawa canal, but will be able to do well and profitably the carrying trade of the far west.

CAPTAIN EYRE.

"On a review of the facts disclosed, we are inclined to believe that the judgment of the court was perfectly fair and suitable in the circumstances."—*Citizen.*—Comments on sinking of the U. S. Corvette *Oneida.*

It is very absurd to even attempt to defend the conduct of Captain Eyre of the *Bombay* for his cool indifference to the fate of the crew of the U. S. Corvette *Oneida.* It is quite immaterial so far as Captain Eyre's humanity or inhumanity is concerned whether the collision which caused the dreadful catastrophe to the *Oneida* was the fault of the officer of the latter vessel or not. It is enough to know that the steamship *Bombay* cut into the *Oneida*, and that the master of the *Bombay* knowing this, did not wait to render that assistance, which he knew from the serious character of the collision, was necessary. The *Bombay* passed on notwithstanding signals of distress, and recklessly left a whole ship's crew to their fate. It was a most unfeeling and unjustifiable act. It was thoroughly un-British. It was an act such as any sailor of any nation would repudiate in shame and sorrow. If the disaster had been caused by a sailing vessel there might have been some excuse for not waiting to see the issue of the collision, but the *Bombay* was a steamship, and perfectly controllable. Captain Eyre's indifference to the fate of those on board of the *Bombay*, was not only negligence but criminal negligence. Had the collision occurred even as an act of war-humanity would have prompted the saving of human life on the sinking of the ship. There is only one excuse that should have been offered by Captain Eyre, or that can be offered for him, and that is that he did not anticipate that loss of life would have been caused by the sinking of the ship. He may have satisfied his conscience that there were boats enough on board of a vessel of war for the escape of the crew from such a danger. If he imagined, for an instant, that a single life would have been lost through his heartlessness, and then been indifferent to such loss, he was guilty of murder. The conduct of Captain Eyre was barbarous in the extreme. He is a perfect disgrace to his profession, and we sincerely trust, may never again be entrusted with the management of a ship. If Captain Eyre had pleaded and believed that he went on believing that the collision was not so serious as it turned out to be, nobody would have blamed him. He, however, admits that he was aware of the serious nature of the accident, and nevertheless proceeded on his voyage. It is no justification of Captain Eyre to tell us that the *Oneida* turned her helm the wrong way, and produced the collision. The wrong consists in this, that after the collision, Captain Eyre turned his helm the wrong way.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

OTTAWA, April 4, 1870.

SENATE.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr McCULLY inquired if it was true that the British Government were making preparations to suppress the insurrection at Red River.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL could not give the information sought for without prejudice to the public service, but stated in reference to the murder of Scott in cold blood by Riel that before long there would be order and security in the Territory.

The House went into Committee on the New Brunswick Police Force Bill, rose and reported progress.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said there was no prospect of Parliament being prorogued before Easter.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine,

Hon. Mr. WOOD introduced a special Bill conferring a patent for a new mode of treating oils, invented by B. B. Osler, which was referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked the leader of the Government whether he was prepared to place any information before the House, regarding recent events at Red River.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD was not surprised at the inquiry respecting the murder which had taken place at Red River. Mr Smith, who had arrived here on Saturday, and had left on the same day to be with his family over Sunday, would soon return, when his official statement in writing would be made. The Commissioners and others were sent out with a view to conciliation, and a threat accompanying an attempt at conciliation would have been merely a *brutum fulmen.* All the prisoners, he believed, he believed, would be discharged—half had been so when Mr. Smith left. The delegates from Red River may be expected to arrive at any time, but he was not exactly aware under what circumstances they were to come. The fact of Judge Black being one of them, gave yet a hope of matters being settled. He could not give further information, but on the arrival of Mr. Smith to-morrow, his first duty would be to prepare a report; and the facts in full detail, will be submitted to the House

Mr. MACKENZIE hoped that there would be no concealment as the time for that had gone by.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER desired to know if the Minister of Justice had received his information concerning the murder from any person who had been a witness of it?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—No.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER had no hesitation in saying that he would not believe in the murder until the information had been obtained from some one who had seen it committed, the more especially as one Goldie was reported to have been shot, while the general belief now was that he was not shot. He added that Capt. A. Cameron, from whom he had received a letter, stated that Scott's life had been actually taken. Should the murder prove to be true he congratulated the statements of Mr. Mackenzie and trusted that there would be a uniform feeling throughout the country of asserting the authority of the Crown at all hazards, and in the most effectual manner.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD had received a note from a friend in the Reporters' Gallery stating that the *New Nation* of the 4th March contained an account of the execution.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER conceived that the report in the *New Nation* did not weaken the view he took, that the alleged shooting might have been circulated for the effect it might have in strengthening Riel's power.

The subject dropped.

Mr. WORKMAN enquired what had been done with the $40,000 of copper coin, which the late Province of Canada had purchased from the Bank of Upper Canada?

Hon Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that the greater portion of this amount was deposited in the Bank of Commerce at Toronto—that the Government recently had received information that some of this coin was getting irregularly into circulation. He had adopted the necessary steps to prevent this, and would do everything in his power to retain the property against a counter claim set up by another person

In reply to a question,

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was the intention of the Government this session to introduce a Bill to alter the law which fixed the salaries of the Judges.

Mr FORBES moved for a return of monies expended on public piers since 1st July, 1867. Those in Nova Scotia had been suffered to fall into decay.

A lengthened debate took place on this question, Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald pointing out that there were no public wharves or harbours in the whole of Ontario.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that the matter alluded to by Mr. Forbes had not escaped the attention of the Government.

Mr. BODWELL moved for correspondence relative to the resignation of the officers of the 7th Battalion of the Canada Militia.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that such correspondence was not given, as a matter of course.

Mr. BODWELL complained of the refusal of the Minister of Militia to bring down the correspondence.

Mr. FERGUSON thought these matters should be brought up when the estimates were being considered.

Mr. BODWELL thought the management of the Militia ought to be investigated.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that no case had been made out.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the conduct of the Militia Department was worthy of credit. There had been a conspiring of the officers of the Battalion against their Colonel, on the ground that he was a painter. The case was investigated and the Adjutant General had given them time to apologize or send in their resignations. There should have been no opportunity for resigning. They ought to have been at once dismissed.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER contended that no case had been made out to justify the production of the correspondence. One of the officers had slapped Colonel Lewis on the face and for that he was dismissed.

The motion was lost.

Mr. FORTIN moved for correspondence relating to appointment of Judges of Counties of Gaspe and Bonaventure. He complained that the sittings of Court at the Magdalen Islands were very irregular, and since the appointment of the new Judge, it was no better. He also complained that Judge Winter did not reside at the *Chef Lieu* of the country.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said, if Judges Maguire and Winter had neglected to perform their duties they were liable to be punished for such neglect by removal, but that could only be done by address from both Houses of Parliament.

This afternoon on the motion for the second reading of the Bill for the incorporation of the Society of Canadian Artists, Mr. BODWELL objected to the clause authorising the disposal of pictures by lottery.

Mr. WORKMAN and Hon. Mr. MOWAT replied, shewing that the proposed method of disposing of pictures was used by such associations in Great Britain and the United States.

On Mr. WOOD's motion declaring the two Provinces of Ontario and Quebec justly responsible for the Land improvement fund in Ontario,

Mr. CARTWRIGHT raised the point of order that the resolution should originate in Committee of the Whole, and that it must be preceded by a message from the Crown.

After some discussion the Speaker decided the first objection well taken, and thought the other probably good also.

Mr. WOOD asked the unanimous consent of the House to strike out the portion of the resolutions imposing a change, but it was decided he could not do so.

Mr. MCCARTHY moved a Committee of Inquiry into the payment of seignorial dues in the seignory of Sorel, contending that they were unjustly levied, seeing that the grants were made in free and common soccage, and no such dues paid till 1821, and licence fees have only been exacted since 1854.

Sir GEORGE CARTIER replied, and the SPEAKER called attention to the fact that no action of this House could affect civil rights in Quebec.

After some further discussion, the motion was lost on a division.

Mr. BODWELL moved for an address respecting the resignation of certain officers of the 7th Battalion of Volunteer Militia.

Sir GEORGE CARTIER and Mr. MACKENZIE thought no case for it was made out. The officers in question had been guilty of gross insubordination. Motion lost on a division.

Mr. WALSH moved for a Committee respecting the appointment of weighers of grain. He did so, he said, because farmers felt that they did not get fair play, and were defrauded in the grain markets.

A general and desultory debate on the subject ensued, the committee being finally granted, the resolution agreed to and the bill introduced.

Mr. ROSS, of Dundas, moved for a Committee of the Whole upon resolutions respecting the interest on money, urging that it was urgent to go on now, or it would be too late.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS felt it too late in the night to go on.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved to postpone it until Monday next.

After further routine business,

Concurrence was taken in the three items passed in Committee of Supply, and the House adjourned at 1:10 o'clock.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonee Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Brockville Assizes.

REV. E. P. ROCHE VS WM. PATRICK, EX-M. P.

It is pleasing to notice by the following account of the matter in the British *Whig* that the Rev. Father Roche, who is essentially a gentleman and a scholar, with tact and liberality has withdrawn his action for libel on receiving a satisfactory apology, he having no other object in view than the vindication of his character for the aspersions cast upon it:

This great libel case, arising out of political complications at the last Elections, has been amicably settled, and the developments anticipated by the public are to remain on the dusty shelves of the lawyer's offices, and will not now see the daylight.

On Thursday last, at the urgent solicitations of the numerous friends of both parties, an arrangement was entered into, reduced to writing, and signed by counsel in a formal manner in open Court. Of course Father Roche required, and demanded, a retraction on the part of the defendant by a withdrawal of his pleas of justification, and such an apology as his Counsel would sanction; having stated publicly, that he required no pecuniary indemnity; in fact, all he ever desired was a withdrawal, on the part of the defendant, of any imputations affecting his character as a priest, a gentleman, and a man of honor. That being offered, it was easy to settle the minor details. The following is a copy of the retraction and apology:

The pleas of justification shall be withdrawn, and the defendant declare that it a matter of regret that such a pamphlet should have been circulated, while he denies that he had any part in its circulation; that the jury shall be withdrawn; that each party pay his own costs, and no further suit be proceeded with against the defendant.

Over one hundred witnesses were subpoened to give evidence on Thursday, the day fixed for the trial to come off. A quarter dollar could not be borrowed from any person in Prescott; for those who had a quarter to spare went off to Brockville, to be present at the trial. A large array of counsel had been retained. The Hon J Hillyard Cameron, Q C, Mr James O'Reilly, Q C, Mr McNeil Clark, M P P, and Mr E J Senkler for the plaintiff. The Hon A N Richards, Q C, Mr D McMichael, of Toronto, and Mr C F Fraser for the defendant.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Whereas a week ago you did me the honor to reproduce (as well as to highly approve) a letter I had addressed to the London *Free Press* on the ample opportunities afforded the citizens of Ottawa for relieving the distressed and contributing to the erection and disenthralment of churches and benevolent institutions of other communities; but more especially of subscribing for books, we would very much rather not buy, and which if we wanted to buy we could easily procure at our convenience; and whereas, I have been further honoured with complimentary notices from one of your contemporaries and two or three correspondents, will you allow me through the *Times* to return them my acknowledgments. The letter which caused the pleasant excitement, and which you yourself seemed to enjoy, was of course public property after it issued from the office of the publishers, but as it was only intended to afford a little amusement to the denizens of London the wee (not very wee by the way in its own estimation but entitled to talk to Ottawa in the paterfamilias style) it is somewhat in the nature of an assumption for distinguished individuals who pursue the book business in the peripatetic fashion to allege I wrote it on their account. They may be, and no doubt are very respectable and amiable persons but I am not under any obligation that I know of to afford them, more than other people special entertainment. It appears to me they attribute more consequence to themselves than they have a right to do. One writer tells the people of Ottawa in effect that if they are not prepared to receive every body who chooses to come to the city to beg, to bore, or to sell books, they had better leave the place, but it seems to me that the people of Ottawa may tell him with at least equal propriety that if he is not prepared to submit to the strictures which the press may make upon the unconscionable invasion of the place by these itinerant nuisances, he also is quite welcome to depart. Why should he not be held bound to give me the toleration he claims for himself. If he be a book vendor of the monastic school as I suspect he is, I am prepared to make allowance for his ill-humour, but I am not prepared to make allowance for his misrepresentations. There was nothing injurious in my letter, but I know there was a great deal of truth, and that many persons who had no idea I was the author, have said in my hearing that the evil had become oppressive and needed a check; while on the other hand I have heard but one solitary opinion of a contrary character, and that was not from a disinterested party. If the books offered were in every case valuable contributions to literature or art, as in that of the "Life of St. Paul," recently sold here, and of which I bought a copy, one might be disposed to put up with the loss of time necessary to receive the proofs from the lips of the eloquent or charming agents, but it is not always so, and in fact very seldom so, but nevertheless you must listen to an interminable amount of babble, or affect some pretence of rudeness to get rid of the importunities. Now, let us suppose that every other branch of business adopts the itinerant method and sends round venerable men of refined manners with samples of wines and harder liquors, or enchanting hours with specimens of sugar, honey and other sweeties, &c., &c., &c., will the regular traders who pay taxes put up with it? And will the work in the public offices or any other offices be much advanced by such a system? I have not time to pursue the subject, but you can see, Mr. Editor, what a field the imagination would have in dealing with it, and yet there is, so far as I can see, no greater impropriety in selling one thing in this way than another thing. When I have more time, and we have got rid of the sensitive chapmen and chapwomen going about, I may perhaps work up the topic into a little innocent fun.

FAG.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

At the time of the last election in North Renfrew, for many reasons I felt very much opposed to the return of Sir Francis Hincks, but when I afterwards read his circular intimating the issuing of a Government proclamation fixing the rates at which American silver coins were to pass current, and be legal tenders in sums of ten dollars; and his able and exhaustive reply to the Montreal Board of Trade, I said to myself, here is the first Minister of Finance who has had the pluck to grapple with this silver nuisance, and provide a remedy, which, if properly carried out, will effectually cure this evil of such long standing, and rid the country of a depreciated foreign coin. It is announced that the Government had received and exported one million of dollars, and will doubtless receive another million before the 15th inst. But there will still remain a large quantity of American silver in the country, and unless Parliament passes an Act making it a penal offence to pass this coin at more than proclamation rates, there will still be, I fear, confusion, loss and annoyance to the public. Traders finding that they can dispose of the coin at from 4 to 6 per cent. discount, will naturally be willing to take it at less than 20 per cent. discount. One may give 23 cents for the quarter, one 24 cents, and still another anxious to make the highest bid for popular trade, will give twenty-five cents. If it were against the law, no matter how trifling the penalty attached, the respectable merchant and trader would refuse it, except at legal rates, and in fact it would not be offered except to brokers, and all difficulty and doubt be ended.

I trust the Minister of Finance will not be content with half doing his work, and should he persevere till he has provided a safe and reliable currency he will render a great service to the country at large, and from being one of the most unpopular, will become the most popular, statesman in the Dominion.

The public generally are preparing to carry out the Government Proclamation, and have quite made up their minds to the change, only are fearful lest Sir Francis and the Government should be deterred by the opposition manifested by brokers, produce speculators, large employers of labor, and others who have profited by this traffic in foreign coin so many years at the expense of the producing and industrious classes.

There is not a farmer, mechanic, or labouring man in Canada, who understands the nature of the question, and who is not prejudiced by the false cry-out against shinplasters, but is delighted at the prospect of getting a circulating medium that will be worth its face value in gold.

YOURS,
LEGAL TENDER.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR—The Bill for the extension of the Street Railway from its present terminus on this side of the Suspension Bridge to the Village of Hull was withdrawn by the Company in Committee to-day, on the announcement by the Hon. Mr. Langevin, Minister of Public Works, that the Government could not consent to the use of that Bridge by the Company, and without such use the extension could not be carried out.

The Company supposed that consent would have been given; because Suspension Bridge's are used for Street Railway purposes in the United States; and the Engineer who constructed this bridge has expressed his opinion that no objection exists to the use of it as proposed here.

I am sir,
Your obdt. servt.,
ROBT. SURTEES,
Secretary.

Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company,
Office, New Edinburgh April 4, 1870.

The End of Four Great Men.

The four conquerors who occupy the most conspicuous places in the history of the world are Alexander, Hannibal, Cæsar, and Bonaparte.

Alexander, after having climbed the dizzy height of his ambition, with his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of millions, and wept that there was not another world to conquer, set a city on fire, and died in a scene of drunkenness.

Hannibal, after having, to the astonishment and consternation of Rome, passed the Alps, and having to put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, and stripped "three bushels of gold rings from the fingers of the slaughtered knights," and made her fountains quake, fled from his country, being taunted by those who once exultingly united his name to that of their God, and called him Hanni-Baal; and died at last by poison administered by his own hand, unlamented and unwept in a foreign land.

Cæsar after having conquered eight hundred cities, and dyeing his garments in the blood of one million of his foes, after having pursued to death the only rival he had on earth was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friend, and in that very place the attainment of which had been his greatest ambition.

Bonaparte, whose mandates kings and peoples obeyed, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name—after having delighted Europe with tears and blood, and clothed the world in sackcloth—closed his days in lonely banishment, almost literally exiled from the world, yet where he could sometimes see his country's banner waving over the depot, but which did not and could not bring him aid.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30.00, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it notequally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

☞ SHOW ROOM OPENING. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not. As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The disorders at La Ciotat increasing, and additional troops have been sent there. The journals this evening publish telegrams from La Ciotat affirming that the troubles there are breaking out afresh. The price of money, &c., from other countries.

Prince Pierre Bonaparte is still in Paris. It is said he will go to Belgium.

Queen's Birthday was kept in the loyal style last month, and her subjects of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and old queen, but recovered loyalists still feel that it would be too short to celebrate all by the use of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the Great SMOKING REMEDY, now on sale by the druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.* "Globe" says:—"Various impostors and factorcrs have attempted to obtain a market for their prepared Cocoas, but we find that any thorough success has been achieved by Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the delicacy qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Their perfect system of preparing it, and of all species of the Theobroma, has produced an article which superseded all other Cocoas in the market. Entire absence of acate aroma, and a rare concentration of purest elements of nutrition, distinguish Maravilla Cocoa above all others. Invalids and invalids we could not recommend more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also we had Taylor Brothers, Original, Eng. Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Sole Depots, Brick Lane, London, Eng.

I have no hesitation in recommending Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to patients who suffer from General Debility, disease of the Lungs, knowing that every other utterly hopeless it affords relief.

E. G. ARNOLD.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst those used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Cough and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

A. LUCAS.

St. John, N.B.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to those in any way from disease or weakness of the Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Field ointment.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice, having annulled the Contracts for Sections 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00 12 Noon	9.00	8.00	11.30	
Halifax, N. S., every Monday and Thursday by Steamers "Chase" and "Carlotta" from Portland	12 Noon				5.30
St. John, N. B., daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor	7.00 12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
United States	11.30				
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	5.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa					
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.	7.30				5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage		6.00	8.00		5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00 12 Noon			11.30	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00			11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00				6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

For Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

For direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

Note.—*A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at* 11.30 A.M. *Unregistered letters* prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Leave........8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive........4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Magee & Russell's show room opening and special display of novelties for the season takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bass & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Market—Was miserably poor. Small stocks, and few purchasers.

Commission Agent—We would call attention to Mr. Dominick Fox who has opened a commission agency on Clarence Street. Mr. Fox is well, and favorably known among our lumbermen. We wish him success.

Returning Single—A large number of drivers are returning daily with a single horse attached to a double sleigh. The horses killed this season double in number those made away with in the trade for years back.

Readings—This evening, the Readings as usual in the spacious School Room of the Episcopal Methodist Church, York street. Several ladies and gentlemen have kindly consented to assist in the evening's entertainment. Chair to be taken at eight o'clock, punctually.

St. Patrick's Literary Association.—We would call the attention of the members of the above association to the advertisement given elsewhere. This being the evening for the election of officers for the current year, every member is requested to be present.

We beg to remind such of our readers, as are members of the St. George's Society, that the annual meeting for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of general business, will be held at Simon's Hotel, York street, this evening at 8 o'clock.

The Delave Troupe.—This troupe of artistes were greeted with a full house, last evening at the Rink Music Hall. The entire performance is more than interesting; it is amusing. The manner in which the clown in the pantomine got into, and out of that barrel was exquisitely funny. They are worthy of success; and we wish it them.

Almost Lost.—A male child, a fine little fellow—was picked up in front of the Grand Trunk Ticket office, York St. by Mr. Taylor, a kind hearted agent. After feeding the child with cakes, and failing to discover his name, Constable Graham was called in and asked him who his father was. The youngster said his father was a soldier. He was restored to his parents.

Police Court.—Monday—Aveline Sipras, drunk on the public streets, fined $2 and costs.

George Candell, drunk and disorderly, $3 or two weeks.

Dawson Benebic, drunk and disorderly, fined $5 or three weeks.

Joseph Sabourn, drunk, discharged.

Anne McCrea was brought up on a charge of vagrancy, she cried piteously, and pleaded hard to be let off, promising to be a "good girl" in future. The inexorable Cadi gave her a month in gaol at hard labor.

The Philharmonic.—The third concert of of this interesting association was given last evening. The programme was a good one and as far as executed, claimed successful applause. Mr. De Plainval was loudly *encored*, and gave a passage from "La Grande Duchesse," with fine effect, Mr. Cunningham was, as is usual, good in "The Monks of old." Some short-comings occurred; but they were well got over by the fine execution, and good baritone of Mr. De Plainval who executed his Programme by two songs.

City Council.

The regular meeting of the City Council took place last evening.

Minutes of meeting read.

Several communications and petitions were read and referred to the several committees.

The Report from the Finance Committee was submitted, recommending the payments of Officers' Salaries, Police and Street Salaries—Carried.

The Report of the Board of Works was submitted, containing a recommendation to close Albert street, south of the jail wall, and selling said street to the County Council—Carried after considerable discussion, and finally was amended by referring the question to the City Solicitor for his opinion, before any further action be taken by the Council.

A motion to grant $80 for an extension of a drain in Elgin street, to be deducted out of the Ward appropriation, was carried; also a motion on the Street Railway, referring it to the City Solicitor.

The Council adjourned.

County Court.

The first sittings of this Court, under Chap. 7, 33 Vic. of Ontario the Legislature, wherein "issues of fact" are tried and determined by the County Judge, without the assistance of a jury, were opened yesterday, at the City Hall. His Honor Judge Armstrong presided. The following cases were disposed of:—

Campbell *vs* Graham *etal*—A L Christie for pliff; W A Ross for deft.; judgment for pliff $359.59

Smart *vs.* McMahon—W H Walker for pliff.; J Butterfield for deft.; judgment for pliff $129.05.

McEdward *vs.* Brigham—W H Walker for pliff; A L Christie for deft.; judgment for pliff $252 76

Satchell *etal vs.* Mulligan—W H Walker for pliff; Albert Parsons for deft.; judgment for pliff $169.07.

Patterson *vs* Keays—W H Walker for pliff; Geo Tallion for deft.; judgment for pliff $80 10.

Moss *etal vs.* Lafromboise—D O'Connor for pliff; H Lapierre for deft.; judgment for pliff. by consent $295.60.

Royal Canadian Bank *vs* Wood *etal*—D O'Connor for pliff.; Wm Chisholm for deft.; judgment for pliff. $391.63

Griffin *vs* Parsons—W A Ross for pliff. W H Walker for deft.; judgment for pliff. by consent $107.80.

McGuire *vs.* Eastman—W A Ross for pliff. Geo Tallion for deft.; judgment for pliff. by consent $224 50.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 4.

A meeting was held on Saturday, at which it was resolved to hold a public indignation meeting to give expression to popular feeling with respect to Scott's murder, and also to express sympathy for Messrs. Mair and Setter, Drs. Schultz and Lynch, &c., who have been forced to leave their homes in Red River.

A Committee was appointed to make arrangements.

It is expected that Lynch and Schultz will arrive on Wednesday. The *Globe* contains three articles on the situation, and denounces the blunders and do-nothing policy of the Government in the strongest terms.

The *Telegraph* comes out in mourning for Scott's death.

Joseph Taylor and James Ward contested the pigeon shooting championship on Thursday last. Taylor shot 38 birds out of 50 towards Ward's 37, and won the championship.

Col. J. Robertson Ross, Adjutant General of the Canadian Militia, Major General Adams, and Col. Sterling, of the United States army, are in the city.

Navigation is now fairly opened. The schooner *Magdala*, with grain and lumber, yesterday sailed for Oswego, and the schooners *Australian* and *Clarke* have arrived here from that port.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 4.

In answer to a telegram sent from Montreal to-day, Sir Francis Hincks sent the following prompt reply:—

"Noon, Ottawa, April 4.

"Silver will not be out for some time; the dies are being made. Fractional notes will soon be ready at the Banks, even before the fifteenth.

"(Signed.) F. Hincks."

A young man was fined at the Recorder's Court this morning, $20 for assault on his father.

The Queen *vs.* Nagle and Coyle, for conspiracy to defraud, has been postponed, owing to the absence of material witnesses.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur on Saturday evening gave a Children's Ball, at his residence, Rosemount. About 200 were present. It was a brilliant affair.

On Saturday a woman informed the Police Magistrate that a Mr. Crawford, who died about the end of January from *delirium tremens*, as was alleged, had been foully dealt with, and that his death was occasioned by ill-treatment received from persons with whom he was living. The case is being investigated, and a *post-mortem* examination will shortly be held.

The closing lecture of the present season will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Taylor in the Erskine Church, corner of Peel and St. Catherine streets, on Wednesday evening next. Subject—"A Vindication of Presbyterian Politics."

Last Sunday evening no less a personage than the uncle of Riel, the Red River murderer, was arrested by the police for being drunk in St. Lawrence Main street. When taken to the Police Station he gave his name as Jean Riel, aged forty-five years; Canadian by birth, a stone cutter by trade, and that he resided at Lachine. He is the uncle of Riel, of Red River, where the prisoner in question resided for nine years previous to the last spring, when he came to Montreal.

Yesterday divine service was held in St. Andrew's Church, for the first time since it was burned. It is only the basement that is yet finished, but it makes a spacious and comfortable audience room.

Some newsboys have found a parcel of $70, Union Bank bills, the printing of which is complete, though there are no signatures.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, April 4.

The Mother's Christian Association for the religious instruction of children, formed throughout the different Protestant Churches, holds its first meeting on Wednesday next.

The third Brother of Cardinal has been arrested in connection with the Lorette murder case.

Five men have just crossed over the ice on foot from Point Levi.

The jury, in the Plante case, censured Doctor Deman for not having been more careful in weighing medicine, but it was the medical opinion that the fracture alone would have caused death, a female quack having mismanaged the case before professional gentlemen were called in.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London.—The Rev. Dr. Pusey publishes a communication in the *Record* to-day arguing against the revision of the recognized version of the Bible.

An unusual number of promotions have recently been made in the army. To effect this many senior officers were transferred to the retired list.

The *Spectator* laments the utter aridity of the debates in Parliament lately. The same paper thinks that colonial independence would divert the tide of emigration now running so strongly from Great Britain to the United States.

The Irish Force Bill has passed both Houses of Parliament.

The House of Lords met on Saturday to receive the message from the Queen approving the Bill, but it was not sent in till the House adjourned.

According to the *Broad Arrow* newspaper, the expedition to the Red River district will be 300 regulars, with a force of Canadian Militia, and will be under the command of Col. Wolseley.

Queenstown.—The steamer *Nebraska*, from New York, has arrived.

PORTLAND.

Portland.—The *Peruvian* arrived at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, bringing 40 cabin and 45 steerage passengers.

NURSE WANTED.

A NURSE for a gentleman in the Protestant Hospital.

One not afraid of the Small Pox would be preferred.

Good wages given.

Ottawa, April 5, 1870. 1335 3

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGENET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

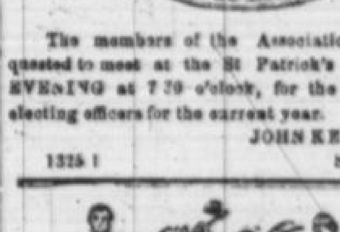
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324f

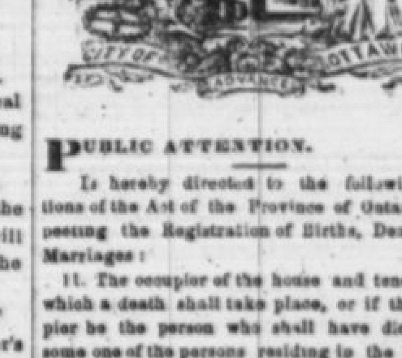
ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.



The members of the Association are requested to meet at the St Patrick's Hall THIS EVENING at 7 30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing officers for the current year.

JOHN KELLY, Secretary.

1325 1



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawk

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO., 218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

14 2

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GROOM and COACHMAN, apply to the undersigned,

N SPARKS, Albert street, Ottawa.

1331 6

RINK MUSIC HALL.

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, '70.

And continue until further notice.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE

THE HANLONS IN THE SHADE.

THE GREAT FEMALE FLYING TRAPEZE, LILA AND ZOE.

From the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, Paris.

The Troupe comprises the following first class Artists:

Miss LILA and ZOE, who stand unrivalled and alone as the two "Queens of the Air."

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist, and the only successor of Blondin, will ascend from the back of the stage to the extreme end of the theatre, carrying on his shoulders Mlle A. Zoe—together with all his astonishing feats, never attempted by any other performer.

Mlle. CODONA, the Queen of Beauty, in her classic tight rope performances.

Mons CODONA, the Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

Mons. DELAVE, the Great Ascensionist and daring Gymnast.

Mons. DELBRA, the Boneless Man.

YOUNG AMERICA, the Boy Wonder, and a host of others too numerous too mention.

New and Startling Feats Every Evening.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Doors open at 7. To commence at 8.

Seats can be secured, without extra charge at Orme & Son's.

J E NOBLE, Advance Agent.

1323 5

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awbfm

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, PATENT LAMPS &c.

Mr. TACKABERRY will sell by AUCTION at his Rooms, Stewart's Block, Rideau street, a special consignment of OPERA, MARINE GLASSES, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS MAGIC LANTERNS, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, and a large assortment of other Scientific Apparatus.

Sale—Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, and following days at 7 p. m.

No Reserve.

Terms—Cash in Bankable Funds.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer.

1323 4

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at reasonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £28 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2o

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouse For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1333 MI

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street.

1306 MI

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290tf

NOTICE

HOUSE and LOT for sale on Maria street. For information apply at Rowe's Auction Rooms Rideau street

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 13 8tf

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE, suitable for a private residence or hotel, with THREE acres of good land, situate on the Rideau Canal, one mile from the city limits. For particulars, apply to H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks street, Ottawa, or to J. M. DONNELLY on the premises. 1316

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON, Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city It has a great run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

Opposite H. F. McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1213-3m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR SPRING STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

The largest and most attractive we have ever imported will be complete and ready for inspection on

THURSDAY, the 10th INSTANT.

In Canadian manufactures we are offering for our own and manufacturers' account the most desirable GOODS in the market, in great variety, and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

To the above announcement we invite the attention of our customers and the Trade.

WM J McMASTER & CO, 8 Bonaventure street.

Montreal, March 1870. 1297 1m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

JUST RECEIVED

Bow Bell's and London Journal, Godey, Frank Leslie

And Mad. Demorest's, for March,

Also, London Sunday Time

AT

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOTS,

Sussex and Sparks Streets.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David,*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870. 1285.8 y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

1296 tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1304 1y

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesrooms, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. A ROWE. 1 9e tf

OTTAWA LITERARY CLUB.

The course of stated Lectures before the Club, will take place at Webster's Hall on the evenings indicated

Thursday, Feb 17—Benjamin Sulte, Esq—Subject: "The Newspaper Press of Lower Canada."

Thursday Feb 24—Carroll Ryan, Esq—Subject: "The Knights of Malta."

Thursday, March 3—H Beaumont Small, Esq—Subject: "The Language of Nature."

Thursday, March 10—Charles Sangster, Esq—Subject; "Canadian Poetry."

Thursday, March 17—A. J. Christie, Esq—Subject: "Reminiscences of Ottawa."

Thursday, March 24—George Henry Macaulay, Esq—Subject: "Commerce, Ancient and Modern, briefly reviewed and compared."

Thursday, March 31—Henry Jas Morgan, Esq—Subject: "A Few Pages from Canadian History."

Thursday, April 7—Rev. Æ. McD. Dawson—Subject: "The Late Thomas D'Arcy McGee."

Tickets of Admission may be obtained from any member of the Club

The Lecture to commence each evening at 8 o'clock.

W McKAY WRIGHT, President.

A J CHRISTIE, Secretary.

Ottawa, January 24, 1870. 1264 tf

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Teas we sell to give entire satisfaction If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c, Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G. Fullerton; Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's Daughter, by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christo, by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES

Times Office, Ottawa, April 5, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb in the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford t, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:
CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,
Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1633tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayton, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD

The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the song of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog, birds, beasts and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents; three for 50 cents; $1.25 per dozen.

T W VALENTINE,
Box 372, Jersey City, N.J.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SESSION OF THE COUNTY COURT,

In and for the said County of Carleton, for the trial of issues of fact without the intervention of a jury, will be holden at the Court House, (City Hall), in the City of Ottawa, on

Monday, the 4th day of April, 1870,

1870, at the hour of ten o'clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W M F POWELL,
Sheriff,
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
March 24th, 1870. 1318td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

W H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes its great efficacy. It is specially recommended for the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first dose. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late PETER TOMKINS, of Gloucester, Esquire, are hereby requested to send in statements of the same to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment of the same immediately to the undersigned.

HENRY TOMKINS,
CHARLES BILLINGS,
Executors.

Billings' Bridge, PO,
15th March, 1870. 1308a12 3

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer t[illegible]able

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAW & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street); and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. MCLEOD, W. MCK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

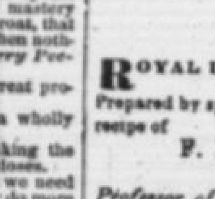
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has, given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secr'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s, and 13s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION.—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 11s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

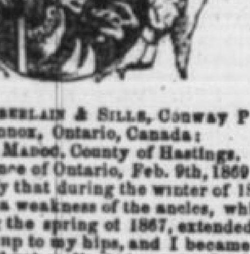
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. In [illegible]



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings- Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

Ottawa, January 21 T RAJOTTE.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game, etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY D. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-five Cents each, free of postage

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$	5 00
Club of 10 "		8 00
Club of 20 "		15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks treet,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

June14, 1869. S CHRISTIE

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No, 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869. S. CHRISTIE.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

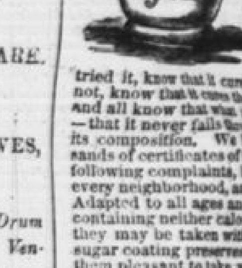
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic Medicine.



tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists,*
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER.

Politics, Literature, Commerce, Industry, Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn that a paper bearing the above title is about to appear to meet their wants. Aware of the necessity of such a newspaper, in both languages, in Ottawa, and which will afford, every day, the latest intelligence, I have not hesitated to undertake the publication of the *Courier,* and it will be my aim in doing so to fully satisfy the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising. Trade is brisk, and there is evidence of prosperity. Her means of communication to and from the city, and the facility of establishing additional factories, afforded by the unrivalled water-power at our very doors, will do much to rapidly increase the city of Ottawa.

Confederation has strengthened the commercial ties between the English and French speaking inhabitants of the Dominion; it shall be the aim of the *Courier* to cement them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the government the proprietor of the Courier concurs, and will endeavour to give it that measure of support which circumstances render necessary, carefully avoiding giving offence to such as may differ from us in opinion. We will cultivate a friendly feeling with the traditions of the past and the actualities of the present, hoping to take a middle but certain course, which cannot fail to be approved by the inhabitants of the entire valley of the Ottawa.

A young people should endeavour to raise themselves to the level of more advanced nationalities, and this they can only do by being made acquainted with what is done in other parts of the world. This shall be our aim, and we shall also urge such improvements as tend to increase the means of traffic and the wealth of the community. Our attention will not, however, be confined to city wants; the requirements of the husbandman will receive a full share of our attention, knowing that on the cultivation of the soil the merchant and artisan very much depend. It shall, in a measure, be our particular object to protect and encourage the agriculturist, and at the same time the various industries, and to provide agreeable reading and information for both, in leisure hours.

Correspondents will always find our columns open to them in which to express their views, or offer suggestions, provided the opinions expressed are consistent with justice, and couched in moderate, though it may be strong, language.

Let it not be supposed, however, by anything that may have been said, that the columns of the *Courier* will be wholly devoted to local matters. The intelligence of the day from every quarter of the globe will find its way into our columns, the telegraph will be freely made use of, and the latest news will be in every case, if possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety of matter which the *Courier* will contain, and the energy displayed in its management, the proprietor fully anticipates success and pledges himself to every effort.

The *Courier* will be published every evening at five o'clock, and the yearly subscription payable in advance, is $4.

There will also be a weekly edition, the price of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON BUREAU,
Editor and Proprietor.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa [illegible] Managing Director.

VOL V. NO. 13

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

[illegible]AL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

[illegible] inform my customers and the public that I am now receiving my Fall [illegible] Stock of Foot Wear, which will be [illegible] in every department, representing

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and warranted to give satisfaction, and at [illegible] DEFYING COMPETITION.

[illegible] supply of Lumbermen's Wear always [illegible] taken for all sorts of work. Only the [illegible] men employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

[illegible] WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

[illegible] sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large [illegible] selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy [illegible], Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

[illegible] PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

[illegible] numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young [illegible], quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES, Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood [illegible].

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine [illegible], Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines [illegible] prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

[illegible] proof and over, at extremely low rices [illegible] and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and [illegible]'s Irish Whiskey, [illegible]'s Old Irish Potteen [illegible] and London Porter, pts and qts. [illegible] and other Ales. [illegible] and syrups, all grades. [illegible]facturers' prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE [illegible] SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

[illegible] or bar also. 1105

[illegible] TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[illegible] under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

[illegible] OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange, Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]SEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treas [illegible] FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. [illegible]MOND, Manager. 1141tf

[illegible]PORTANT TO

[illegible] KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI[illegible] [illegible] STORES AND OTHERS.

[illegible] give notice of my intention to supply [illegible], mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE [illegible] KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

[illegible] increase of trade during the last four years [illegible] compelled me to enlarge my manufactory [illegible] enabled to make the wholesale trade my [illegible] purpose.

[illegible] stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest [illegible], and the question of quality is readily [illegible] by making known the fact that I raise my [illegible] from seed procured at any expense [illegible] is the best; they will therefore [illegible] favorable comparison with any imported, [illegible] another and important fact is that being [illegible] and manufactured in Ottawa thereby [illegible] freight, packing, duty and other expenses [illegible] enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than [illegible] porter.

[illegible] advantages, I think, cannot fail to [illegible] those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle [illegible], Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box [illegible], Post Office, Ottawa.*

[illegible] Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau [illegible].

[illegible] Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected [illegible] the highest prices given. 1195y

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

[illegible] advanced on goods consigned for transhipment or sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and [illegible] banks. 219tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills, are hereby notified that they are required by the Rules and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least [illegible] weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bills [illegible].

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

[illegible] 15, 1870. 1309 td law.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a Court of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of [illegible], at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables and all others concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870.
1312 d&wtd.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1326. | OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1870. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

...form my customers and the public ...at I am now receiving my Fall ...Stock of Foot Wear which will be ...in every department, representing

...EST AND BEST STYLES

..., Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

...as usual is chosen with great care, ...ranted to give satisfaction, and at ...FYING COMPETITION.

...pply of Lumbermen's Wear always

...en for all sorts of work. Only the ...en employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

...WHELAN,

RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

...early opposite the Old Stand,)

...le at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...lected stock, comprising Groceries, ...uors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...ese and Fine Salt. Also, ...rdeaux and their Vinegars.

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...erous other articles necessary to com...plete stock.

...pan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...the fresh and cheap.

...E— ...h Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...S— ...nac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Han... ...r's and other brands.

...AND GIN— ...e Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood

...S— ...Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ...urgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines ...s, in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...INES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

...oof and ...avor, at extremely low prices. ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...

...'s Irish Whiskey. ...Old Irish Pottees. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...and other Ales. ...and Syrups, all grades. ...rofessors' prices.

...D STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...LING AT TWENTY-FIVE ...RCENT BELOW COST.

... 1185

...S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...ed under Chapter LXVII of the ...olidated Statutes of Canada.

...OFFICE—G E DESMOND'S Exchange ...ffice, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...PH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea... ...FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

---

...TANT TO

...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI... ...N STORES AND OTHERS.

...y give notice of my intention to supply ...mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...KETCHUP, &c., wholesale. ...ease of trade during the last four years ...mpelled me to enlarge my manufactory I ...ded to make the wholesale trade my ...rpose. ...k I have now is undoubtedly the larges... ...and the question of quality is readily ...making known the fact that I raise my ...from seed procured at any expense ...it is the best; they will therefore ...vable comparison with any imported. ...ther and important fact is that being ...nd manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...freight, packing, duty and other expen... ...enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...

...advantages, I think, cannot fail to ...those who may favor me with their orders. ...ES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...PostOffice, Ottawa.* ...Manufactory on the bank of th Rideau

...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...highest prices given. 1179y

---

...R. EASTON & CO.,

...COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

...t, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

...advanced on goods consigned for trans... ...ale. Prompt returns in all cases.

...EASTON R. M. EASTON

...AS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...more gentlemen can be accommodated ...afortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ...g the Capital will find superior accommo... ...by the day or week at moderate terms. ...This house is situated in the immediate ...y of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 2091f

---

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application ...e Legislature of Ontario for Private ... are hereby notified that they are ...ed by the 51st and following Rules of the ...lative Assembly, which are published in the ...rio Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the ...tion (clearly and distinctly specifying its ...and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and ...in a newspaper published in the County or ...at Counties affected; such notice shall be ...ed in each case for a period of at least ...eeks during the interval of time between the ...of the next preceding Session and the con... ...ation of the Petition. Copies of the first and ...of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill ...

...Petitions for Private Bills must be present... ...within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the ...ion.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

...15, 1870. 1309 td law...

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } to Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the ...rts of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL ...AOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI ...RIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, ...ll be holden at the Court House in the City of ...tawa, on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, ...the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ...ll coroners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and ...ll others concerned, are required to take notice ...nd govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL.

Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870.

1312 d&wtd.

...TIMES is printed and publ... ...the OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING... ...COMPANY, at the Office... ...Centre Town, ...Sparks Street.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st,

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

"A large and varied ...ment o West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS.

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS.

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c. &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

October 8, 1869.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mean Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

U... LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons in Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, ...ne 23, 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Harrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 83 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 40
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 30	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 7.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 8.35 p m.

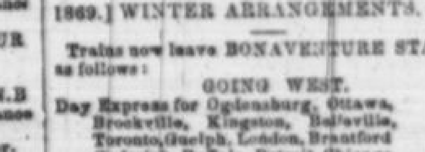
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do. do do do ... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 8 a m, 4:40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

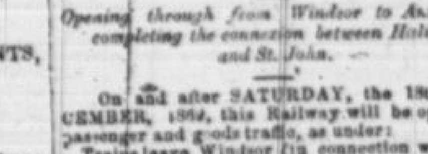
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 0

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 0

Halifax ... 20 0

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 0

Halifax ... 15 0

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 0

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway New York

or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1256.1

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

Agents,

Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES, of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c., shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superceded all others

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselve

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON

Commission Merchant,

Banga Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it.

GRAY HAIR

is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S A ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

MARCH 056-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Chilled Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank ... the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R' Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, hat they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had ...

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring of poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understan was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,

Division Registrar,

In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT,

Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,

Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,

Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	8.00	11.50	5.30
...	12 Noon	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	...
...	12 Noon	...	Halifax, N. S., every Monday and Thursday by steamers "Chase" and "Carlotta" from Portland	...	...	5.30
...	12 Noon	...	St. John, N. B.; daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor	...	11.50	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	...
11.30	...	5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	...	...	5.00
8.00	...	...	Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	...	...	5.00
7.30	...	6.00	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.	8.00	...	...
...	...	...	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	...	11.50	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	...	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	...	11.30	...
7.00	...	...	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	...	11.30	6.00
6.00	...	...	Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	...	...	...
...	...	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	...	11.30	...

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,

Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

Dr. Livingstone.

The Bombay *Gazette* states that the following news concerning Dr. Livingstone has been communicated to the press by the Government of India:—The date of the latest news received from Dr, Livingstone in July 9th 1869, near Lake Bangiveolo. He reiterates his belief that he has found the sources of the Nile between ten and twelve degrees south; that is to say, nearly in the position which Ptolemy assigned to them. The waters of the northern slope of the elevated plains which overlook the valley of the Cazembe are conveyed by a multitude of streams into the Chambeze. This river flows into Lake Bangiveolo, and, under the name of Luapula, unites it with Lake Moero. Again it changes its name after leaving this point, and becomes known as the Lualaba, as it runs on to Lake Ulenge. Into Lake Ulenge also flows the Lufira, a large river coming from the western side of the same great plain, the northern slope of which is drained by the Chambeze. The combined waters of the Lufira and the Chambeze is said by some of Dr. Livingston's native informants to enter Lake Tanganyika, and thence under the different names of Loanda, pass on to Lake Chambe, which he considers to be the same as Sir Samuel Baker's Albert Nynza; others maintain that the Lufira finds its way by the west of Tanganyika to Lake Chowmbe. These questions have still to be settled; and in this the interest of Dr. Livingston's onward movements centre. The lakes which Dr. Livingstone has seen are of considerable size, varying from five to ten days' march in length, and are overhung by high mountain slopes which open out in bays and valleys, or leave great plains which during the rainy season become so flooded that the caravans travel for days through water up to their knees, and with difficulty find high ground as a resting-place for the night. There are plenty of domestic cattle in the country, and an abundance of large game. The climate is declared to be healthy.

From the Montreal Gazette.

The brief discussion at the last meeting of the City Council, gave some idea of the desire of certain parties to secure a large grant of money to be expended on a short line of railway, terminating at either St. Jerome or Grenville, leaving it to mere chance to get the line extended to Ottawa and onward, hereafter, by the localities interested. Alderman Rodden expressed what is believed to be the opinion of the citizens on the future of the question: That is, if the road is to be merely a Colonization one, opening up the country back of Montreal, a much less sum will be required than the city might appropriate for the purpose of extending the road through, beyond Ottawa City, for the purpose of securing a share, at least, of the trade of that part of Canada, in accordance with the previously well understood views of the Council and the people of Montreal, as expressed years ago and more particularly at the recent Convention held at Ottawa city. A mere local road has its claims on this city, yet it will be acknowledged that what Montreal can afford to give to railways should be applied to the execution of the more extensive connection that will bring within our reach a large and important part of the country, that cannot be otherwise than advantageous to the business, of this city. The petitions of the two lines are now fairly before the people and being considered by the Council, and now is the time to say what can be given, and how it shall be applied. The points put forth in the former report of the Council on the subject are important, that is, to secure:—

1. A city station and harbour connection, as well as connection with the Victoria Bridge for a road into the forests at and beyond St. Jerome.

An extention of the line to Carillon or Grenville, and a connection with the Canada Central towards the Upper Ottawa.

The whole of Lower Canada, and a large part of Western Canada is interested in this work, especially Quebec, Montreal, and the whole of the North Shore, as well as the Ottawa Valley. The enterprise claims the best efforts of our citizens.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The consideration of the Irish Land Bill was resumed in Committee last evening.

Mr. Disraeli opposed the amendment proposed by the Government, extending the Ulster system over Ireland.

Mr. Disraeli submitted an amendment limiting compensation to the retiring tenant to damages for his unexhausted improvements and unfinished course of husbandry.

Mr. Lowe replied to Mr. Disraeli, in a speech irrelevant to the amendment under consideration.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy supported Mr. Disraeli's amendment.

Mr. Hardy, and Sir Roundell Palmer who followed him, both urged greater caution than the Government had exhibited so far, in the management of this measure.

The changes proposed were generally too ill considered and sweeping.

Mr. Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, repelled the charges made against the Government.

Mr. Charles S. Reed, member for South Norfolk denounced the Bill as revolutionary.

Mr. Broderick, Sir Patrick O'Brien and others followed, but presented no new arguments.

Mr. Gladstone explained that the point of the clause was compensation to the tenant, not the scale by which it should be awarded. He said the amendment proposed by Mr. Disraeli was intended not to modify, but to kill the Bill.

Mr. Disraeli replied to the various arguments which had been made to his amendment, and closed the debate.

The House then divided with the following result:—For Mr. Disraeli's amendment, 220; against it, 296; majority for Government, 76.

The House then adjourned.

In the House of Lords last evening Lord Penzance moved an Address to the Crown for a return of pardons granted during the past three years, and supported his motion with a speech, in which he severely censured the Government for its extreme facility in the exercise of the prerogative of clemency.

Earl Granville replied that such a return was inexpedient, and would be a violation of of the good faith of the Government.

Lord Lyveden and the Lord Chancellor also opposed the motion, which was finally withdrawn.

The House then adjourned.

LONDON.—Despatches from Calcutta state that Earl Mayo, Governor-General of India, is making a tour of the cotton growing districts of the country, urging upon the people the necessity of increasing the cultivation of cotton, in order to compete successfully with the United States.

The *Times*, commenting on the proposed reconsideration of the decision of the United States Supreme Court, recently rendered in the constitutionality of legal tenders, strongly hopes the views of the Chief Justice will be sustained.

In the House of Lords to-day the members of the House of Commons were summoned to the Bar, when messages were read announcing that the Royal assent had been given to the Bill for the enforcement of the laws, and the preservation of the peace in Ireland, and to the Coinage and Money Bills.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Gladstone said he thought no compensation was due to the widow of Worden, who was executed in Jamaica.

Mr. Monsell, Under Secretary for the Colonial Department said, the demand from the Canadian authorities for regular troops for the Red River expedition was under consideration.

Rumours that the new constitution of France is to be submitted to the vote of the people, have been gaining strength, and are now generally credited here.

The Prince of Wales presided at a meeting of the Society of Arts, held to organize educational departments, and to make arrangements for the several exhibitions next year.

The Prince spoke warmly in favor of the objects proposed by the society, and was followed by Sir G. Bakington.

Betting on the University boat race is very brisk. Partisans of Cambridge gain confidence, and odds of 11 to 8 in Oxford are freely taken.

GLASGOW—The new steamer *Italy*, of the National line was successfully launched at Greenoch to-day. She is two hundred tons burden and is said to be the largest screw steamer afloat, the *Great Eastern* alone excepted. The engines are six hundred horse power.

The Glasgow *Herald* has reason to believe that on Mr. Lowe's forthcoming budget the income tax will be reduced to four pence. The duties on sugar equalized; alterations made in Brewers' licenses; and coffee duties will be left untouched, and a million sterling will be kept on hands for special purposes.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—It is now tolerably certain that the solution of the question for submission of the new order of things to the vote of the people will be deferred for a time. The misunderstanding between the Ministry and the Assembly on this subject will therefore be avoided.

The strike at La Creuzot continues. No collision has yet occurred between the rioters and the troops.

The Radical party are working hard to insure the success of Ulric Fouville, who is a candidate for Deputy to the Corps Legislatif, from the City of Tyrus.

In the Corps Legislatif, to-day, it was announced that the Government had decided to make an appeal to the people on the question of the new Constitution.

M. Thiers has decided upon a vote of confidence, which though not yet introduced in the Chamber, has already been accepted by the Right Centre, but refused by the Left Centre.

The discussion on the interpolation of the Privy Council has begun, and the result is anxiously awaited.

A subscription paper, signed by 20,000 Radicals of Paris, has been presented to M. Ordinaire, Deputy to the Corps Legislatif, each subscriber contributes 25 centimes to go towards the indemnity to Rochefort, for the loss of his salary as Deputy.

Similar lists will be circulated throughout France.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—The Ministry having resigned, the Emperor has summoned Count Politsky to form a new Cabinet.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN.—The Prussian Government has appointed Chamberlain Silk a special envoy to Pekin, to return the diplomatic courtesies extended by the Burlingame Embassy. Mr. Silk will also proceed to Yeddo.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Brick House for Sale—Hamnett P. Hill.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see first Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

NOT ONLY A CRIME, BUT A BLUNDER.

There is only one opinion with regard to the death of Scott. It was an act of wilful and deliberate murder. Before even the TIMES became assured of the manner of Scott's death the killing of Scott was alleged to be a crime. It was however, not only a crime but a mistake. This distinction in crime the *Globe* seemingly does not understand. Let it be assumed that a murder is committed, with a view to plunder, and that nothing is gained therefrom. It is not too much to suppose that such a murder has been a mistake. Nothing is gained by it, and the object of the murder is frustrated. The crime is none the less in either case. The slaying of Scott is not only the most heinous of all crimes—deliberate murder—but it was an unnecessary and fruitless killing, and therefore a mistake. When Washington caused Andre to be executed he was then just as much a rebel towards the British Government as Riel is now. The parallel between the two cases must be quite apparent, except that Washington was then in the field opposed to a British army, while Riel has all the field to himself. It is not now the time to discuss the question of unauthorized meddling with Riel, or his associates, or of Riel's own attitude of resistance to Canadians, who assume to themselves the right to coerce him. It is quite enough to allege that our remarks upon "Spy Shooting" have been dexterously distorted and horribly mutilated by the *Globe* to suit the object which that very excellent newspaper has always in view—the misrepresentation of the Government and the deception of the people. The TIMES said that the killing of Scott in cold blood was not only a crime but a blunder, and illustrated the assertion by intimating that had Scott fallen while with others attacking the rebels, the slaying would have been rather the result of circumstances than of particular design, as regards Scott. There can be no doubt of this. Even in a riot, where there is firing on both sides, and death on both sides, the killing is less heinous than where life is deliberately taken in cold blood. The deaths of the unfortunates in the Black Hole at Calcutta were much more shocking than the solitary death of Scott, but the killing of Scott was, nevertheless, more particularly murder. Now, we shall go a little further, and say that the *Globe* is nearly as bad as Riel, and has committed a mistake. Repeatedly has the TIMES declared the slaying of Scott to be murder. There has been no mincing of terms. The TIMES, equally with the *Globe* or *Telegraph*, or *Witness*, or any other newspaper, or organ of opinion, deplores and condemns the murder of the unfortunate gentleman, who has fallen a victim to his loud expression of detestation of the conduct of Riel in setting himself up as the representative ring-leader of a few malcontents, who are dissatisfied with the course of policy of the British Government in the matter of a country in which the malcontents have been for years, and still are residents. The "chief organ of the Government" certainly looks upon the murder of Scott as most iniquitous, and as a very grievous mistake on the part of Riel. The chief organ did not say, or mean it to be understood that the slaying of all the prisoners in Fort Garry would have been a less heinous crime than the murder of poor Scott. That is simply a perversion of the *Globe*, and, we regret exceedingly to add, one which is not by any means of "a solitary character." In addition to being a perversion, it is a mistake, and one which should be repented of as soon as committed. The *Globe* cannot delude itself with the belief that that which we have broadly styled murder is supposed by us to admit of extenuation. On the contrary that journal must feel convinced that the death of Scott is regretted and deplored by all parties and by none more than those, who have been earnest in their endeavours to obtain possession of the Red River Territory without bloodshed, and with as little ill-feeling otherwise as possible.

COMEDY AND TRAGEDY.

Comedy and tragedy, like the sublime and the ridiculous, frequently meet. Shakespeare combines the former, Byron the latter. The *Evening Mail*—Herod's Herod. Comedy and tragedy, humour and the ridiculous are beautifully commingled in last night's issue of that paper. A Cruikshank, or a Doyle, or a Gilroy may yet spring up to illustrate the seeming comedies of the Ottawa *Evening Mail*, in which the sober reality of earnest opposition is drowned in a burlesque of it. Between the *Telegraph* and the *Mail*, the emblems of extravagant grief and burlesque rage, the earnest, crabbed, blatant, illnature of the *Globe* is completely swamped.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—"Fag," the factious, whose ill-timed (what he considers) wit, at the expense of virtuous and praiseworthy women, he would have us believe has been misunderstood by the English reading public, who have discovered in it much that is coarse, indelicate, and flippant, and very little that is amusing, again exercises his goosequill in this morning's issue of your paper.

Cacoethes Scribendi is evidently strong upon him. He considers it "an assumption for distinguished individuals who pursue the book business" to consider the article in question (his letter to the London *Free Press*) "written on their account." How lame how pitiable, how paltry? Yet has his quibbling effusion, one virtue consistency, and in this, writing under the infliction of Rev Dr Wood's letter introductory of one of these "pursuers of the book business, a lady, which he considered entailed the necessity of subscribing his name for four dollars (a sum which evidently affected his imagination and will doubtless haunt him until the next jubilee) he finds solace in the anticipated loss to his pocket, by striving in the dark to wound with his pop-gun shaft, and then, when discovered, and dragged forth into the light to evade the just criticism his "Fag"-ship has elicited, under the above quoted unmanly cover. Hear what he chooses to refer to as "strictures of the press." If it be a general sample, the press and in particular the "London Free," for which "Fag" corresponds, is entitled to and should have every honest man's sympathy—"But who comes next? Why a joyous, large-sized, youthful matron, ushered in by a friend with the assurance that you will feel marvellously gratified at the opportunity of making the lady's acquaintance, &c., &c.—Madame takes control of you, and in five minutes you are in a state of utter bewilderment. She has such eyes! such a winning smile, such good nature, such power of utterance, and is so well up in botany (of which you know just enough to tell an onion from an oyster) that you feel necessarily bound to buy any book she chooses to recommend; but she is only selling a volume of her own devisement, and it is only $6 50, why you get fifteen minutes excruciating entertainment—for the handsome lady, as I have intimated, is liberal of her enchantments—in the bargain. Her shadow has hardly departed and "her smile haunts you yet," when her sister, in the alamic bond, a lady of amazing plumptitude, is towed in by another gentleman friend, who immediately departs upon very urgent business, but sorry that he cannot stay. The gushing rotundity yields in no way to her predecessor in fascinations, and being yet, like her books in the market, claims as of right attentions you could not give to another man's wife. How near the creature comes to you, to be sure, and with what an air of *abandon* she accepts all your courtesies. She has a very pretty foot, and is exquisitely gaitered, the which of course makes absolutely necessary that she should wear a very short walking dress; for where would be the use of a neat pedal to a lady going through the country selling books to young gentlemen and middle-aged gentlemen if she trailed a long skirt. She knows her duty to herself better than that. "He should deposit strictures" of that stamp, where it is quite evident his education has been completed, in the Dead-letter office. It is customary to speak of tail-ends generally as "rag, tag, and bobtail," but the above quotation from the Press of London, the little, will warrant us to speak in the future of its *Special Correspondent* as the "Fag-tag and bobtail" of newspaper men.

Surely Fag has travelled and sported his susceptable nature in the *Holy-land*, since "houris" eyes have exerted such a chivalrous influence o'er him; at all events, it would seem he is not unfamiliar, with the "Stums" of London, where the chapmen and chapwomen he writes about "most do congregate."

In conclusion Mr. Editor, the public would prefer being protected from any more doses of this apparent hypocrisy.

The promised *fun* to be produced at his leisure must necessarily fall flat upon intelligent understandings, and the public will agree with me in thinking his *goose quill* might certainly serve the *public interest* better by a species of labor more in accord with his predilections and the public requirements and less offensive to the gallantry of the sex to which he belongs.

I am, &c.,
FAIR PLAY.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870.

The Widow Cox.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Permit me to make the *sixth acknowledgment* of donations received on behalf of Mrs. Cox and family.

We may surely see in this case the fulfilment of the promise, that He whom We serve, will be the "*Father of the fatherless, and the God of the widow.*" All praise be to His Holy Name.

I am, yours truly,
T. BEDFORD-JONES.
L.L.D.

April 5th, 1870.

Donations already acknowledged,	$75 00
"Old Horse"	1 00
Lady (Anon)	5 00
E J Boyd, Esq	5 00
"Phrend"	1 00
"Snob"	1 00
"H B."	2 00
—Ponsonby, Esq. A. D. C.	20 00

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 4.

An indignation meeting for the expression of the popular sentiment in connection with Scott's murder by Riel has been called by the Mayor's proclamation for Wednesday evening.

The public excitement still continues.

Threats of lynching the delegates from Riel, who are expected shortly here *en route* to Ottawa are freely made.

A Papal Bull reached Toronto last week constituting this diocese an Archiepiscopal See, and promoting Bishop Lynch to be Archbishop.

Eliza Wilson, a Stanley street prostitute was arrested yesterday afternoon for robbery. She attempted to poison herself in the Police station, but was saved by an emetic being promptly administered. She was committed for trial that morning.

The *Telegraph's* special from St. Paul says, the St Paul *Pioneer* publishes a long letter from Portage La Prairie, 2nd March, in which the writer says:

The recent rising against Riel has been very successful in moderating his cause.

Boulton, with his friends, were arrested by fraud and dishonorable means.

It appears that Riel has no supporters among the English and Scotch. All the Protestants unite against him, owing to his ill treatment of Goddy and Hallett; the present ruinous state of trade and other lawless proceedings.

The Indians threaten violence to the families of Riel and his advisers, and are bitterly opposed to his Government.

Riel keeps up a surveillance over correspondence leaving Winnipeg. The *New Nation* does not in the least represent the ideas and wishes of the community. Riel is becoming bloated and drunken, and totally unfit to be entrusted with any authority over life or liberty. Business is almost suspended, and traders are sending their goods across the line to prevent them falling into the hands of Riel's followers.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 5.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur was present last night at the meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The Hon. John Young has been elected President of the Montreal Board of Trade.

At the annual meeting of the St. Patrick's Society held last night for the election of officers, a scene of indescribable confusion occurred as to the merits of two candidates for the Presidency of the Society. B. Devlin, Esq., and Mr. O'Brien, of St. Ann's Market, were the aspirants. The meeting was postponed in consequence of the confusion till to-night.

Orders have been issued for the immediate clearing of the tracks of the Street Railway.

Mr. Nelson, of Toronto, gave his concert last night. It was poorly attended.

A public controversy between the Rev. Mr. Chiniquy and a Roman Catholic gentleman will take place on Thursday evening in the French Protestant Church.

Last evening a most extraordinary case of burglary was perpetrated in Notre Dame Street. A number of soldiers of the P.C.O Rifles while passing along Notre Dame Street and near Donegana building with sticks smashed in the plate glass window of the shop of Samuel Meigers pawn broker and stole some thirteen watches and a number of silver mugs and other articles of jewellery from the window. The police within half an hour succeeded in arresting three of the gang.

His Royal Highness Prince Arthur has been pleased to become an honorary member of the English Working Men's Benefit Society.

Last evening the annual meeting of the mercantile library Association was held. The President, Mr. Redpath, read the annual report, which showed a considerable falling off in the number of members, during the year. Mr. G. W. Stephens offered a gold watch to the party who should be instrumental in bringing the greatest number of members to the association.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 5.

The 69th marched out yesterday in summer costume. Their new shakkos looked very handsome.

Yesterday at a meeting of the Board of Trade a resolution was adopted tendering thanks to the Finance Minister for his management of the silver question. Henry Fry was re-elected President, and P. Garneau Vice-President.

The fires yesterday at St. Rochs were rapidly extinguished, but one house was completely gutted. It was insured in the British America.

Mayor Tourangeau refuses to sign the electoral lists as revised, and a writ of *mandamus* is about to be issued to compel him.

The Commissioner of Crown Lands leaves to-day for Montmagny for his Easter holiday.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—The Secretary of the Navy in response to a resolution has sent to the House of Representatives all information in his possession relative to the *Oneida* disaster. The report includes a sketch of the positions of the *Oneida* and *Bombay*, with attendant facts, and the report of the British naval commission.

Secretary Robison, in his accompanying letter says, from close examination of all the circumstances the disaster occurred through the bad navigation of the *Bombay*, and reckless disregard of human life, and the common obligations of humanity.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 5, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. LOCKE inquired if the Government had received any information from the British Minister at Washington, or from any other source, relative to a Trade Treaty having been entered into between the Government of the United States and that of Prince Edward Island?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the Government had no information.

Hon. Mr. REESOR inquired if the formal transfer of the North West had been made, and whether the Government intended to send troops there, and whether the Imperial Government and Hudson Bay Company, or either of them, had offered to bear a share of the expense? On referring to the feeling existing in the country in regard to the recent events in the North West, he expressed the hope that the country would be united on some reasonable means for restoring order, and trusted that there was no truth in the rumour that there was a division in the Cabinet.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said there was not the least foundation for the rumour which appeared in certain papers, that there was a division in the Cabinet on the North West question, and he hoped that the denial given would not be taken as a precedent for rebutting such idle rumours. With respect to the enquiry, he might say that no promise of transfer had taken place, no time having been fixed; and he could not, without prejudice to the public service, answer any other part of the question.

Hon. Mr. REESOR proceeded to say that it would some be satisfaction if reasonable assurance could be given that something would be done to restore order, when he was interrupted by a question of order.

After some conversation on the point, the matter was dropped.

The New Brunswick Police Force Bill was read a third time.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER moved the second reading of the Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway Bill—Carried, and referred to the Committee on Railways.

Hon. Mr. ROSS moved the second reading of the Belleville Harbour Dues Bill—Carried, and referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER moved the second reading of the Great Western Railway Company's Act Amendment Bill. In explaining the scope of the Bill, he said that the most important clause was that relating to the alteration of gauge, and for the information of hon. gentlemen from the Maritime Provinces, he might say that when the road was built, the Company had power to adopt any gauge, and that in consideration of receiving aid from Government the broad gauge was adopted. But this gauge was not suited to the western extensions of the line, and great inconvenience arose from break of gauge, and as the Company had repaid their obligation to the Government, it was thought no opposition should be made to the proposed change, especially as none of the other companies had entered a protest.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON said it should be considered that there were several branches connected with the Great Western, one to Guelph, and another to Port Stanley, all of which were laid with the five feet six inch gauge, and if the broad gauge was taken off the Great Western, it would necessitate the transhipment of freight at all the junctions or a change of gauge on all the branches, and it should also be remembered that the proposed Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway which had been promoted by the Great Western had been promised by the promoters the broad gauge, and that promise had induced municipalities to grant bonuses on the presumption that the broad gauge would enable farmers to reach markets both East and West. He thought the interests of the Provinces should be first considered, and that our railways should give the first consideration to local traffic. There should, he contended, be a general policy.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER said, the broad gauge was undoubtedly more expensive than the narrow, without affording any greater accommodation, and he hoped that the alteration of the Great Western was the first step which would lead to the adoption of the narrow gauge on all trunk railways, (hear hear.)

Hon. Mr. McMASTER thought the want or otherwise of a general policy should be no bar to the passage of the Bill; and he tendered his public acknowledgments to the Grand Trunk Company for the assistance they had given in promoting the object of the Bill.

The Bill was carried and referred to the Committee on Railways.

The House then went into Committee of the whole on the Halifax Juvenile Offenders Detention Bill.

The Committee rose and reported, and the Bill was ordered for a third reading to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER moved the second reading of the Collingwood Harbour Dues Bill.

Carried, and referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce and Railways.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 5, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER presented the fifth report of the Railway Committee with the Bill respecting the Canada Central Railway Company.

On motion of Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER the time for receiving reports from the Select Committees on Private Bills, was extended to Tuesday, the 12 instant.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the third reading of the Bill respecting Banks and Banking.

Mr. GODIN moved to refer the Bill back to Committee to amend its provisions so as to fix the maximum rate of interest on discounts made by Banks on loans at seven per cent. per annum.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS was glad to have one occasion on which his honourable friends opposite would vote with him.

Hon. Mr. DORION supposed in that case that the Minister of Finance would accept this amendment. Certainly it was but right that Banks should be placed on the same footing with regard to the amount of interest they might charge as it was proposed by the Government to put private individuals.

The amendment was put and lost—yeas, 49; nays, 82.

The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the third reading of the Bill, respecting Dominion Notes.

Mr. BODWELL moved that the Bill be referred back to a Committee of the Whole, to provide that no notes of a less denomination than one dollar be issued.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS thought it much to be regretted that the hon. member should have postponed his motion till this stage. There would not be any effort on the part of the Government to put this fractional Currency into issue. Any one who looked into the resolutions could see that the Government had no interest in putting this Currency into circulation. The Government were taking every possible step to hurry up the coinage of Canadian silver, now going on in the English mint. Three cable messages had passed between him and Sir John Rose, who had kindly offered to push forward the coinage. It was impossible for the Government to say how much silver would be required for the use of the country. The fractional currency would be issued only as a temporary substitute until the arrival of the Canadian coinage. The Government would be able to tell by the amount of paper currency issued, how much silver coinage would be required. The petitioners who had memorialised Parliament on the subject, seemed to think that there was a desire to introduce this fractional Currency as a permanent institution. This was quite a mistake. The Currency would be in only one denomination, twenty-five cents, and there would not be more than $500,000 of them issued. He defied any member to cite to the House a case in which a fractional Currency of this kind had ever been issued. The notes would be redeemable in gold, and would be just as good as larger Dominion notes, and redeemable in exactly the same way.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the Minister of Finance might have informed the House sooner that he intended to issue this wretched fractional Currency. If time had been given, the House would have been overwhelmed with petitions against it. He believed this fractional Currency would prove a great nuisance to the country.

Hon. Sir G. E. CARTIER said that early in the session in answer to the member for Chateauguay, the Minister of Finance had stated that he considered he had power to issue fractional Currency under the provisions of the Dominion Note Act. Therefore it could not be urged that this provision had been thrust suddenly upon the House.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the Minister of Militia had called on him to vote for this in the interest of his constituents. He generally voted for their interests as well as for those of the whole country. The hon. gentleman had called his constituency wealthy and intelligent. No better proof of this could be afforded than their having shown confidence in him (Mr. Holton) in spite of the personal efforts of the Minister of Militia (laughter). His first return had been gained by only a bare majority; on the second occasion, owing no doubt, to the superhuman efforts of the Minister of Militia, he had been returned by an overwhelming majority. He was not afraid of any threats of the consequences of his acting as it was his duty to do as a representative, not as a delegate. The Minister of Militia had dexterously begged the question, and assumed that the proposal of the Minister of Finance was for the interest of the whole country and of his constituents. If true, he was responsible for the evils of having the silver in the country if he had the power, as he believed he had since 1866, to take steps to stay the evil. Why had he not done so then, instead of waiting for four years till 1870. For by his own showing, all the legislation necessary, existed in the Dominion Note Act of 1866. The Finance Minister complained that the discussion had not come up sooner. That might have had some ground if there had been no notice of a similar kind, but he had given notice respecting the Currency, and clearly this subject of silver might more appropriately have come up on the discussion respecting the silver, than on that regarding Dominion Notes. He (Sir Francis Hincks) appeared to be disposed to shirk the Currency discussion, and therefore this subject had been brought up now. The Minister of Finance, no doubt, held views on the subject of Currency, but it seemed as if he had not the courage to support them before the House. He (Mr. Holton) was not prepared with the tables, not being aware the present question would come up, but he would ask the House if there could be any greater absurdity proposed by any man on the subject of Currency than this was. The Minister of Finance took on himself to declare that the silver coin of the United States shall be debarred from all legal Currency, by placing on it a discount of 20 per cent. on all payments, while the American dollar was intrinsically worth 93 to 94 cents on the dollar.

Mr. MACKENZIE—One issue was 96 or 97.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the half and quarter dollar coins were worth 93 to 94, and these it was proposed to reduce to 80. By Statute the British shilling, which is worth a fraction less than the United States quarter is to be current at 24 cents, while the American quarter is to be reduced to 20 cents. He could not help admiring the wisdom of the Government in dealing with the silver nuisance, the inconveniences of which had no doubt been felt, but which were decreasing every day. If it was necessary to deal with it to-day, was it not still more so five years ago, and why then had they waited till they had caught this waif from the tropics, when on their own showing they had full power to deal with it. As the Finance Minister had not ventured to proceed with the Currency resolutions, when something would have been heard respecting the silver, the motion of the member for South Oxford came up fairly and logically.

Mr. DUFRESNE regretted that the hon. member had not proposed his amendments on the second reading of the Bill. He congratulated the Minister of Militia for having spoken in French, he was thankful to him for having done so. The honourable member for Chateauguay seemed to blame the Government for bringing up a measure which would protect our Currency. He was glad to see this long discussed question settled, especially as the plan adopted by the Government was the one that he had suggested two years ago to the then Finance Minister, Hon. Mr. Rose. Every fraction of the dollar would have the same value or worth as gold itself. He thought no one could deny, but that the Currency system proposed by the Government was preferable to the existing state of things.

Mr. WORKMAN said that before the Government commenced to deal with the silver question, silver was 2½ per cent, and was gradually going down, now it had gone up to 5 and 5½ per cent, and this difference is lost by holders of silver. If the Government had left the matter alone the natural demand of trade would have remedied the evil without any action on their part. The proposition to reduce by proclamation the dollar to 80 cents, when it was intrinsically worth 93 to 94 cents, was a perfect absurdity, and he could not imagine how any man in his senses could make it. The proclamation would not be carried out by the traders and merchants of the country, they would not part with their silver for 80 cents on the dollar. Before sitting down we could not help expressing regret at the selection of the agent to carry out the scheme in Montreal. He was perfectly justified in saying that that man could not get credit for $5 from any Bank in Montreal.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT objected to the fractional Currency as being more liable to forgery than larger denominations, as was evident from what had taken place in the United States, where forgery of fractional Currency was in some cases one third, and in some cities one half of the circulation. He commented on the delay in the matter till gold had come to ten or twelve premium, as the medicine men did who would not make rain till they saw some signs of its appearance. There was every appearance of a resumption of specie payment in the United States. He agreed with the member for Montreal that the proclamation could not effect the reduction of silver to 80 when it was worth 93.

Mr. STREET saw no objection to the fractional Currency, and thought that the mere temporary nature of the measure did away with the fear of forgery. He thought the measure was not clearly understood, as it was supposed that the notes were irredeemable, whereas they were redeemable in gold. He agreed that the rate of 80 was too low, but he saw no difficulty in the matter so long as the Banks were authorised to take it at 95, and he hoped when the 15th of April arrived the Finance Minister would extend the time for receiving silver at 95.

Mr. M. P. RYAN differed from his colleague from Montreal and showed the disadvantages attending the fluctuations on the silver Currency. He knew that Brokers who made a living out of exchanging, and manufacturers who paid their men in silver had an interest in maintaining things as they were, for which the working man had to suffer. He defended the character of the gentleman employed by the Finance Minister and said that shrewd business men from Montreal to Sarnia had entrusted him with large sums in the effort to get rid of the silver nuisance.

Mr. WORKMAN reiterated his statement respecting the Finance Minister's agent and said it was a question with the Banks, when they received the first letter nominating him whether they should answer it, and ultimately did so only out of courtesy to the Finance Minister.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had been selected, not on account of his wealth but because he had been for several years engaged in the work for which he was required and for which no other man that he knew was capable. He denied that any of the Banks had refused to act with his agent except one.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he had received three very strong letters on the subject of Mr. Weirs character. The first he had shown in confidence to the Finance Minister and had written to make enquiries, the answer being that Mr. Weir was not fit to be trusted with any business some of his acts having been criminal. He knew nothing of him personally but felt bound to tell what he had been informed of.

Mr. OLIVER supported the efforts of the Government in endeavouring to put an end to the silver nuisance. It was true that discount on silver was from five per cent, but it would be better to lose that percentage now, than to be continually losing on this silver nuisance. There were three petitions to the House last year, asking for the removal of the silver nuisance, to one this year, against the fractional Currency. A twenty-five cent note would be just as safe as a dollar note. The hon. member for Lambton had said that the country could take care of itself. The experience of the last few years shewed that on the silver question they could not do so. The city of Toronto was the only place where a price was fixed on silver and adhered to. He defended Mr. Wier who, he said, had done great good to the country.

Mr. METCALF regretted the Government had condescended to issue notes for such an insignificant sum as twenty-five cents.

Mr. YOUNG said the feeling was universal against the issue of these shinplasters.

Mr. McCALLUM said that American silver had not come into the country at par, and was not so great a nuisance as was complained of.

Mr. WALSH approved of the action of the Government.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) complimented the Government on their action in this matter. He said that the member for Montreal Centre, opposed the scheme because it would interfere with the profits derived by the rows of "shaving" shops there (hear, hear).

Mr. GIBBS said that the discussion would be productive of a good deal of good. When the country knew that these fractional notes would be redeemable with gold, and would only be of the denomination of twenty-five cents, the great deal of doubt about them felt in Western Canada would disappear. If they were printed on good paper and would not be mutilated like the small shinplasters there could be no objection to them.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—They will be printed on paper as good as the best note in the land (hear, hear).

Mr. GIBBS said the prejudice against them would be greatly done away with. When he was at home he had entirely removed all the objection felt by the persons who had signed the petitions against the notes, by telling them that they would be redeemable in gold. The members were then called in and a division taken when the amendment was lost.—Yeas, 38; nays, 105.

The Bill was then read the third time and passed.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the third reading of the Bill to amend the Act relating to Light-houses, Buoys and Beacons, (from the Senate).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON called attention to the fact that the Bill made provisions for the expenditures of monies by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries not previously authorised by Parliament. It was not in the province of the Senate to originate measures relating to the expenditures of monies. The Bill clearly gave power to the Hon. Minister to contract obligations without the previous consent of the House.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD never heard any objection with less foundation made in Parliament. The Bill did not give power to expend a cent of money without a vote.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it gave power to contract obligations.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it merely gave the machinery by which voted money should be expended, in the same way as the Post Office Bill authorised the Postmaster General to make contracts for mail service.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that when the Post Office Bill was brought before the House he had made the same objection, and the Bill had been allowed to pass late in the Session under an entry in the journals, that it was subject to the privileges of the House.

Hon. JOHN S. MACDONALD said that in his Province they were not so troubled by the interference of the Senate which appeared to have little to do except to register the proceedings of the House. They were not troubled by such merely technical objections as that raised by the honourable gentleman. It was not customary for the honourable gentleman at the head of the Government to criticise carefully the mode in which Bills relating to the Departments belonging to Ministers in the Senate. He would be glad to see the honourable gentlemen of the Senate exercising their powers more fully in criticising the Acts of this House. He took the opportunity of saying a word in favour of the single Chamber system of Ontario. He said there was less legislation of that Province which had to be corrected in future sessions, than in almost any other Parliament. If the House would look at the legislation of the last three sessions it would find that all the Bills were correctly drawn, and had not been objected to with the exception of the privilege Bills concerning which he had freely expressed his opinions. He referred to the Jury Laws, Election Laws, and Privilege of Parliament Law, all of which were very important measures, and in none of which amendments had been made.

Hon. Sir JOHN MACDONALD—They are well drawn Bills.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD thought the objection taken by the honourable member for Chateauguay was a merely technical one.

Mr. MACKENZIE charged the hon. member for Cornwall with inconsistency, and with not attending to the duties of this House. It was quite evident if we were to conduct our business in an orderly way, we would have to do it in a very different way from the system pursued by the hon. gentleman at Toronto, and several of whose Bills the Imperial authorities had disallowed.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD—How often?

Mr. MACKENZIE—No one can tell how often as long as the hon. gentleman remains at the head of the Government. The question now, was, whether the Bill implied an expenditure of money, and be referred to the jealousy in England respecting the House of Lords originating anything that would be a charge upon the people.

The SPEAKER ruled that, as there was a clause which provided, that no money could be expended without the previous sanction of Parliament, the objection of the hon. member for Chateauguay could not be sustained.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON acquiesced in the decision, though he did not quite agree with it, but the ruling would render the Bill worthless, and no contract, could be made without the special consent of the House.

Mr. WORKMAN corrected the grave charge made in the previous debate, that 25¼ per cent of revenue was spent in salaries. The fact was that for four Light Houses and one hundred buoys the salaries were only $3,100.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD defended himself from the remarks of Mr. Mackenzie respecting the inattention to business of this House, and if guilty of some inattention, now, he had given a great deal of time before the hon. gentleman (Mr. Mackenzie) had left Scotland, and he (Mr. Macdonald always had the confidence of his constituents. He denied that, he was led by the hon. gentleman opposite (Sir John A. Macdonald).

Mr. MACKENZIE said the hon. gentleman always had no sympathy with any one not born in Glengarry (laughter). He (Mr. Mackenzie) was born in Great Britain.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Take it back (laughter).

Mr. MACKENZIE almost regretted that he had not been born in Glengarry, and proceeded to reply to the remarks of the hon. member for Cornwall.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said we must not have the dual (*duel*) system in this House (laughter).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—And between two Scotchmen speaking Gaelic (great laughter).

The Bill was read the third time and passed.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee on the resolutions respecting interest, Mr. ROSS (Dundas) in the chair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he did not intend to take up the time of the House with a general disquisition on the subject. On theoretical grounds his opinions were so well known that it would be vain to make a pretence to step forward to declare himself an advocate of any stringent measure against usury. It was now a great many years since he had taken part in a discussion of this kind, and recollected when the same stringent provisions as now existed in Nova Scotia. It might be supposed that he had come down tied up to advocate these resolutions. All must admit that there was less concurrence in the opinions of the Government on this than on any other subject in a theoretical point of view. Even on the former occasions he had claimed a right, as a member of the Government, to advocate a relaxation of stringent usury laws and the first Minister, although usually setting opposite to him, had co-operated with him on such in obtaining a modification, and some years after greater modifications had taken place till almost all the usury laws had been repealed. Now Confederation had come and it must be borne in mind that the law in other Provinces was different from that in old Canada, the law in Nova Scotia being as stringent as it was there 25 or 30 years ago, and that in New Brunswick had been modified only to a small extent. In Nova Scotia penalties were exacted, while in New Brunswick only the forfeiture of anything in excess of six per cent. was exacted.

Hon. Mr. SMITH—Provided law proceedings be taken only six per cent. can be recovered.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said exactly. Then it must be admitted that it was desirable to have uniformity, and that there always had been a party in Quebec strongly opposed to any modification. He thought, therefore, there should be a compromise, and the Government had agreed, while differing theoretically as they did, to recommend the proposition now laid before the House, which would modify the stringent laws of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and might be acceptable to Quebec. Although there might be many who would object in Ontario, they must remember that it was not many years since propositions as liberal would have been considered a great boon. The resolutions were the same as those introduced by his predecessor last session which the Government had then and now agreed on. There was no doubt they would not meet the views of the extreme opponents of Free Trade in money, who supported stringency in the usury laws, nor would they meet the views of those on the other side. But he thought they would satisfy all reasonable men as a fair compromise. They afforded considerably latitude, and would prevent the considerable evils that had been experienced in Quebec from usurious interest not for a short time, but for considerable periods or loans secured on real estate.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the matter had been placed solely on the ground of its being a compromise; no principle was involved, nor any reason given for a change being made.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had stated the reasons that Nova Scotia had different laws, and it was desirable there should be uniformity. He thought sufficient grounds had been given for a compromise.

Mr. MACKENZIE said other laws were not uniform. It was a mere excuse for introducing a bad measure.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was quite evident that in introducing the measure, the Finance Minister himself did not approve of it.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS denied this.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON, well he might approve of it as a compromise, but certainly not as a principle. It was a measure which not only he (Sir Francis) did not approve of, but which he hoped would not carry. Of course the same farce would be enacted as took place last session, when at the heel of the session and with the assistance of the members who usually voted with the Government, supported by those who usually voted against it, it had been moved that the committee rise without reporting, and the Government measure had been treated with a degree of indignity which was not creditable. The Minister of Finance should not at so early a stage of his re-entry into public life have introduced a measure so contrary to his own convictions. He thought he should have refused to have introduced it as a Government measure, and much as he (Mr. Holton) was opposed to open questions, yet, knowing the difference of opinions that existed in the Cabinet it would have been infinitely better and more respectful to have treated it as such. The Minister of Militia, might then have taken the lead, and with those who usually acted with him secured a straightforward and vote and if defeated he could have accepted the defeat. The Ministers of Finance and Justice who must be opposed to the measure would then have been free to act according to their judgment. Coming to the question itself, the Minister of Justice said he would not go into the question of principle. He could not do so as his principles had always been well known and declared both as a public man and as a public writer. If it had been maintained that they had gone a little too fast in relaxing the usury laws of the country and that evils had arisen in consequence, he could have understood this, although the argument would not have the same effect now as it would have had a few years ago. Although a trader in money himself yet he had been convinced the change did produce temporary evils, as for instance when the Seigniors who held the bulk of the debts in the Signiories insisted in their debtors immediately paying up or in legalising new contracts at high rates of interests. But like the rest of the country they had adapted themselves to it.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said if the member for Chateauguay attributed motives to him, motives might also he attributed to himself. He (Hon. Mr. Holton) had no right to charge him with insincerity. He had no doubt, if he had applied to have the question made an open one, he and other members of the Government would have had perfect liberty to do so, but he was sincerely desirous to effect a final settlement. The Government also was sincere, and would do its utmost to carry the measure. The differences of opinion on this subject were not confined to political parties, members of the Reform party being some of them the strongest supporters of a stringent usury law—the Conservative party being more generally in favour of relaxation, and he had stood alone when a member of the Baldwin-Lafontaine Government. He instanced the cases of Baldwin, Judge Aylwin, Hon. Mr. Price, and W. Lyon Mackenzie, as all strongly supporting the maintenance of usury laws.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) objected to allowing corporations the privileges respecting charging interest which private individuals enjoyed. The result would be to drive capitalists to invest their money through corporations, and thus enterprises would be checked.

Mr. CAMERON (Peel) thought no one could hesitate to say that the measure was a retrograde step. The principle of allowing corporations to charge what interest they pleased, while private individuals were limited to eight per cent., was particularly objectionable. It was entirely unnecessary to have a uniform rule in this matter in all the Provinces. Looking to the history of the past, it would be found that in the absence of the usury laws, there was not that injustice that many people imagined. He had been connected with two large money-lending institutions, and as a general rule they were well satisfied with 7 per cent. He believed it would be found that on the whole less interest was charged under the free system, than under the system of a limited rate of interest. What he considered would have been a proper law, was that in cases where no agreement or stipulation had been entered into, as to the rate of interest to be paid, 6 per cent. should be the rate recoverable. In cases where an agreement had been entered into for a higher rate of interest, and that interest had been paid, then it should not be repaid. Finally, in cases where a higher rate than six per cent. had been stipulated for, but had not been paid, it should not be recoverable by law.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it was a mistake to suppose that Lower Canada was the cause of measures of this kind being brought before Parliament. In 1857 the Government of which he was a member proposed a law in the direction of the abolition of the usury laws, and yet, that law met with the most opposition from the members from Upper Canada. And subsequently Mr. Benjamin, a member of the Reform party of that day, introduced a Bill to repeal that law, and contended that the abolition of the usury laws was a misfortune to the country, and he was supported by the majority of the members from Upper Canada. He did not think this rate of interest had much to do with the introduction of capital into the country. The security of a reasonable amount of interest was what capitalists required. But it was a scandal for law to sanction an exorbitant charge of 25 or in some cases 50 per cent., which was sometimes charged by money shavers. He was perfectly in earnest with regard to this measure, and he called on those who desired to restrict the rate of interest to vote for it and attempt to get a lower rate of interest which would be impossible.

Mr. YOUNG spoke against the resolutions. Experience in Ontario has shown that the usury laws had not a beneficial effect, making money scarce and increasing the rate of interest. When the usury laws were abolished money flowed in and the rates of interest decreased, and now as much money as required could be obtained in Western Ontario at 8 and even at 7 per cent. interest. He had no special objection to the first resolution, but the third resolution would give rise to a good deal of litigation, and if the resolutions were adopted he hoped the last one would be considerably altered, as at present it was very objectionable. If this retrograde step were to be taken he hoped corporations and private individuals would be placed in the same position. He trusted the good sense of the Committee would not agree to such a blot being placed on the Statute Book, and he would move that the first resolution be not now adopted, and that the Committee do now arise, and if his motion was carried he thought the Hon. Minister of Justice and Militia would not shed many tears about it.

Mr. ALBERT SMITH (New Brunswick) said in New Brunswick the legal rate was six per cent., and if 8 per cent. were declared the rate, the money now lent would be called in and the consequences would be serious. He did not think the corporations would be allowed to take a higher rate of interest than private individuals, but rather the reverse.

Mr. DUFRESNE thought that it would be impossible to agree on the question of fixing the rate of interest. Money was in proportion with the wants of a population. The only just principle to adopt was to establish the value of money on individual wants. He could not vote for the resolutions. There were two different principles, on the question of interest—the legal rate and the conventional rate; and he was opposed to the latter. He thought that 6 per cent. was the most equitable rate to adopt, the present rate of six per cent. was the ... he would decidedly vote against the resolutions.

Mr. MILLS maintained that the people had already been decided ... tenths of the people of the ... that there should be free trade in ... To maintain this view of the case ... into a long argument.

Mr. STREET did not think it advisable to fix a rate of interest ... cent., and held the people should have the benefit of free trade in money.

Mr. WORKMAN thought this was of a retrograde nature, would take us back to the dark ages ... might as well attempt to fix the price of a barrel of flour or a bushel of ... fix the price of money. There should be free trade in money as well as in every-thing else.

Motion for Committee to rise ... and lost, 42 to 46.

Two resolutions were then ...

Mr. Mills moved that the Committee rise.

Mr. BOWELL thought it was manly to allow the Committee to rise and then have a fair and ... the merits of the question. He ... on to argue in favour of protection ... matter.

After some debate, the motion was put and lost, 152 to 66.

Mr. BODWELL moved to strike out ... second, third and sixth resolutions ...

Motion lost.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved in amendment to the second clause, that the rate of interest be seven in place of eight per cent.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved in amendment to the amendment, that it be reduced to six per cent.—Lost.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER'S amendment was then put and lost.

The remaining Resolutions were ... The Committee rose and reported ... for the Acts going into force on the first January next.

The House then adjourned.

The Trade of the West to ... the St. Lawrence.

The observer of last year's ... doubtless noticed that the trade between Chicago and Montreal ... points on the St. Lawrence, has ... increased, and that the imports ... Chicago have also increased. The breadstuffs from the Canadian ports increased in the same proportion ... receipts of the same at Buffalo ... creased. The defeat of this bill will ... direct effect of diverting the foreign ... Chicago to the St. Lawrence, and ... do so, through the St. Lawrence, ... too, without stopping at Port Huron ... are, of course, certain classes of goods ... will not admit of any delay in the ... tion, and which will have to be ... now, under tolls to New York, or ... to its Custom House. But ... iron, salt, hardware, glass, ... drugs, dyes, and a variety of ... portation by the St. Lawrence ... thence direct to Chicago, will ... largely increase. An importation of ... 000,000 of goods during the coming ... that route will not only add ... the Lawrence steamship lines, but ... this city to sell its imported goods ... rates he can be purchased in New ... To attempt to make this trade ... the little villages on St. Clair River ... long as we can import directly from ... and have the goods landed here ... ing through any other American ... freights from Liverpool and London ... treal, and thence to Chicago, will ... from the same points to New York ... the same steamers will always ... obtain full return cargoes of ... provisions. Next to the obstancy ... York Legislature in damning the ... by excessive tolls, the defeat of ... Congress will tend to build up a ... between Chicago and Europe in the ... of commodities through the St. ... River.—*Montreal Herald.*

A St. John's letter to a Boston ... rary, contains the following interesting particulars:

Our merchants and other ... are very uneasy at the determination ... Home Government to remove the ... troops which has always been kept ... here. This determination of the ... Government, it is thought, ... at in consequence of the ... in which the Confederate question ... the polls. Had the question been ... met by the people, the ... have looked out for the defence of ... now we shall have to bear the ... defence on our shoulders. Not ... $100,000 per annum, it is thought, will ... quired to maintain the necessary force ... a sudden invasion of some of your ... Fenians, who may consider this Island ... place to attack. There is no doubt ... force of marauders might do incalculable ... jury to our people before sufficient ... could be got together to punish ... ital is very sensitive, and great ... tained lest some of our merchants ... refuse to leave their wealth ... by the presence of regular troops ... little enough capital here now, and ... spare any of that here invested.

THE LEGISLATIVE DEADLOCK.

The Legislative business of the ... been entirely suspended since ... February 24, on which day it was ... to appoint a committee to take ... ation the petition of Messrs. ... Lemessurer, to declare the seats of ... Cartier and Evans vacant, the former ... ing they had a majority of the ... the late election. There were only ... bers present at the hour set down ... forward the matter, and the House ... to the following Thursday. The ... the Controverted Act declares that ... hour fixed in the notice, the ... members present shall be called, and if ... be less than 20 present, the House ... journ from day to day until two-thirds ... members shall be in attendance. The ... cannot take up any business until ... posed of.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES ... —I am happy to say I have not had a ... of Bronchitis, from which I suffered ... since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

The Poor Man's Friend.—... too long for a poor man's pocket, ... them may be avoided by keeping ... in the cupboard. It is the "... ointment," curing burns, cuts, ... wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, ... housewives will save their husbands' ... money by purchasing a box of this ...

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, ... tion, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' ... Healer is a certain and reliable ... by druggists.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, ... or pain of any description? Dr. ... vantor will soothe away your ... Rheumatism, and banish your pain ... druggists.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph operator through the ... enced by a remote operator ... the mind is impaired by age or ... are made to perform strange ... but if the nervous system is diseased, ... of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs ... Organs, are sure to suffer, ... produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the ... Lungs and General Debility, ... panying trains of evil and ... A Diseased Nervous System, ... Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs ... Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, ... becomes clear and powerful, ... Dyspepsia a disease of the past, ... lar action is restored, ... lungs strong, and all the functions ... brought up to a hearty standard.

We are enabled to state the above ... convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 ... or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, ...

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co. ... Agents, Montreal.

Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is fast increasing amongst the remedies ... Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, ... of the Chest, and I have no ... S. Z. EARLE, M.D. ... the use of Fellows' Compound ... to all who suffer ... weakness of the Lungs, ... general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

THE MARKET, TUESDAY.—Owing to the state of the roads, the market was poor.

MAGEE & RUSSELL's show room opens. General display of novelties for the ... takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co., Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of ... and Mantles, and the crowds of ... admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on view, Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a specialty. The largest stock of New Goods and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A meeting of this body took place in the City Hall ... evening. Business of importance was transacted.

KILLED.—A man named McNab was killed near lake Dore, in the county of Renfrew, by the falling in of a shanty-stable while attending to his horses.

KICKING OVER THE TRACES.—A carter ... his team yesterday with a crack of his whip. One of the animals got furious, and began a series of kicking till he got almost out of his harness.

CORRECTION.—In "Fags," communicated yesterday the word "monastic" was printed in lieu of "nomadic." As the writer has no quarrel with the monastic orders he desired us to make the correction.

THE RINK MUSIC HALL.—The performance of the Delave Combination, last night was as perfect as that of the previous evening. Owing to the disagreeable weather, the attendance was not so large, as it would otherwise have been.

A private letter received from His Lordship the Right Rev. Dr. Horan, Bishop of Kingston, describes the winter at Rome as being most disagreeable. His Lordship is in the enjoyment of good health, but has suffered somewhat from rheumatism.

IN TOWN HALL.—At a meeting of the Township Council on Monday, the Town-hall ... voted down. The indignation meeting ... its effect. One of the councillors ... maker, exercised such pertinacious ... ence, that he has been honoured with the ... sobriquet of Cartier.

FAREWELL.—The "lightening" man stand ... on a waggon with four horses splendidly caparisoned, took an affectionate farewell of ... public on the market square yesterday. He claims to have sold 25,000 bottles of the ... and thinks it his duty to do the "Samaritan" elsewhere. As a matter of course he bev... the entire crowd; but not with his oil.

POPULAR READINGS.—Don't forget that this is the last night of the Readings for the season, at St. Patrick's Hall. We expect to see, as usually do, the hall crowded. The following select programme speaks for itself: Readers—Messrs. Tubman, Seymour, McCarthy, and Hon. M. Cameron. Songs will be given by Mrs Miles, Mrs. Quinn, Mrs. D... and Mr. Walsh.

DEBRIS CLEAN THROUGH.—Yesterday afternoon a tolerably well dressed man, whose coat was, however, somewhat covered with street mud, not the most agreeable this season of the year, came down Sparks street, and endeavoured to steer up Elgin. It was hard work ... took the poor fellow several minutes to steer round Hope's corner much to the amusement of the ladies and gentlemen who were passing.

POLICE COURT, TUESDAY.—The station was crowded last night; about a dozen unfortunates found disagreeable lodgings in the city ... Alexander Faucher, drunk and disorderly; fined $3 and costs. F. Xavier Aubichon, drunk and disorderly; $3 and costs. Patrick Roach, drunk on the public streets; fined $3 and costs. Pierre Tulbault, drunk on the public streets; fined $2 and costs. Joseph Guertin, drunk and disorderly; discharged. John Powers, drunk and disorderly; remanded. Henry McInlay, drunk and disorderly; $3 and costs; committed. ... Goulet, furious driving, &c.; fined $2 and costs. ... Detraigue, assault; fined $1 and costs, or one week. He paid the money.

St. Patrick's Literary Association.

At a meeting of the above Association, held at St Patrick's Hall last evening, Wm. ... Esq., 1st vice president occupied the chair, in the absence of Thomas Guerin, Esq., ... at present in Montreal. The following ... were elected for the current year, viz: President—Thomas Guerin. 1st Vice President—Wm. Kehoe. 2nd Vice President—P. Baskerville. Treasurer—P. A. Egleson. Corresponding Secretary—John Kelly. Recording Secretary—W. D. O'Brien. Assistant—John Casey. Librarian—John McStravick. Grand Marshal—Michael Starrs. Trustees—Messrs. W. Kehoe, P. E. Ryan, ... P. Quinn, W. Slattery, J. Casey, ... M. Starrs, F. Ryan, J. Kelly, ... M. Finan.

WONDERS OF THE AGE.—Forty thousand ... worth of French mirror plates ... ordered by the Leland Brothers, for the ... Hotel at Saratoga. The ... of the new hotel are said ... scale of magnificence.—

... we read there has ... George Washington Nutt, ... inches shorter than ... and that P. T. Barnum has ... for three years for $30,... It is not a great thing ... equally as great to ... that can be depended upon for ... burns, bruises, summer ... if we get at once a supply ... Pain Destroyer," at the nearest ...

LOCAL NEWS

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

THE MARKET, TUESDAY.—Owing to the bad state of the roads, the market was poor.

MAGEE & RUSSELL's show room opening and general display of novelties for the season takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A meeting of this body took place in the City Hall last evening. Business of importance was transacted.

KILLED.—A man named McNab was lately killed near lake Dole, in the county of Renfrew, by the falling in of a shanty-stable roof, while attending to his horses.

KICKING OVER THE TRACES.—A carter started his team yesterday with a crack of his whip. One of the animals got furious, and began a series of kicking till he got almost out of his harness.

CORRECTION.—In "Fags," communication yesterday the word "monastic" was printed in lieu of "nomadic." As the writer has no quarrel with the monastic orders he has desired us to make the correction.

THE RINK MUSIC HALL.—The performance of the Delave Combination, last night was as perfect as that of the previous evening. Owing to the disagreeable weather, the attendance was not so large, as it would otherwise have been.

A private letter received from His Lordship the Right Rev. Dr. Horan, Bishop of Kingston, describes the winter at Rome as being most disagreeable. His Lordship is in the enjoyment of good health, but has suffered somewhat from rheumatism.

NO TOWN HALL.—At a meeting of the Templeton Council on Monday, the Town-hall was voted down. The indignation meeting had its effect. One of the councillors, a shoemaker, exercised such pertinacious eloquence that he has been honoured with the sobriquet of Cartier.

FAREWELL.—The "lightening" man standing on a waggon with four horses splendidly caparisoned, took an affectionate farewell of his public on the market square yesterday. He claims to have sold 25,900 bottles of the oil. He thinks it his duty to do the "Samaritan" elsewhere. As a matter of course he beverages the entire crowd; but not with his oil.

POPULAR READINGS.—Don't forget that this is the last night of the Readings for the season, at St. Patrick's Hall. We expect to see, as usually do, the hall crowded. The following select programme speaks for itself. Readers—Messrs. Tubman, Seymour, McCarthy, and Hon. M. Cameron. Songs will be given by Mrs Miles, Mrs. Quinn, Mrs. Dr. Robbie, and Mr. Walsh.

CAUSE CLEAR THROUGH.—Yesterday afternoon a tolerably well dressed man, whose coat was, however, somewhat covered with street dirt, not the most agreeable this season of the year, came down Sparks street, and endeavoured to steer up Elgin. It was hard work, and it took the poor fellow several minutes to get round Hope's corner much to the amusement of the ladies and gentlemen who were passing.

POLICE COURT, TUESDAY.—The station was crowded last night; about a dozen unfortunates found disagreeable lodgings in the city lock-up.

Alexander Faucher, drunk and disorderly; fined $3 and costs.

Xavier Aubichon, drunk and disorderly; $3 and costs.

Patrick Roach, drunk on the public streets; fined $3 and costs.

Pierre Thibault, drunk on the public streets; fined $2 and costs.

Joseph Guertin, drunk and disorderly; discharged.

John Powers, drunk and disorderly; remanded.

Henry McInlay, drunk and disorderly; $3 and costs; committed.

Goulet, furious driving, &c.; fined $2 and costs.

Toussaint Detraigue, assault; fined $1 and costs, or one week. He paid the money.

St. Patrick's Literary Association.

At a meeting of the above Association, held in St Patrick's Hall last evening, Wm. Kehoe, Esq., 1st vice president occupied the chair in the absence of Thomas Guerin, Esq., who is at present in Montreal. The following officers were elected for the current year, viz:

President—Thomas Guerin.
1st Vice President—Wm. Kehoe,
2nd Vice President—P. Baskerville.
Treasurer—P. A. Egleson.
Corresponding Secretary—John Kelly.
Recording Secretary—W. D. O'Brien.
Assistant—John Casey.
Librarian—John McStravick.
Grand Marshal—Michael Starrs.
Trustees—Messrs. W. Kehoe, P. E. Ryan, Egleson, P. Quinn, W. Slattery, J. Casey, McStravick, M. Starrs, F. Ryan, J. Kelly, Byrne and M. Finan.

EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE AGE.—Forty thousand dollars worth of French mirror plates have been ordered by the Leland Brothers, for the new Union Hotel at Saratoga. The appointments of the new hotel are said to be on a similar scale of magnificence.—*New York Tribune, Jan. 12th.* 1269

TOM'S ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a dispute between the New York showmen to the possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him, for three years for $30,000 and expenses. Is it not a great thing for a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for cuts, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

FACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used for incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.
St. John, N.B.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer or are from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

ELECTRIC SEWING MACHINES.—The latest phase of Yankee ingenuity is that of making shirts by lightning. A small electric battery has been applied to ordinary sewing machines, and has been found to operate them very successfully. Two small battery cups furnish sufficient power for all ordinary machine work, while three drives the needle with astonishing rapidity through any thickness of material. The expense of operating by this means is said to be about five cents a day, which is certainly a very cheap substitute on the tax on the lower limbs required by the present method. A little further combination of the mechanical powers, and we shall have shirts turned out from an electric battery as rapidly as newspapers from a Hoe's steam press.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11385W6 m

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

MARRIED.

On the 25th of March, 1870, at the residence of the bride's mother in Mono, County of Cardwell, Adam Hunter, Esq., of Amaranth, near Orangeville, Ontario, to Sarah Jane, daughter of the late Moses Harshaw, Esq., J. P. for the County of Simcoe, and G. niece of the Rev. Dr. Freeland, Aylmer, Province of Quebec, and Dominion of Canada.

DIED.

On Monday, April 4th, Levi Frederick, only child of Robert and Kate P. Young, aged 15 months and 12 days.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, Loyd street, Chaudiere, at 2 o'clock, p. m., Wednesday, 6th. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the store.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
1326a Post Office Block.

A. ROWE, GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. A ROWE. 1296 tf

OTTAWA LITERARY CLUB.

The course of stated Lectures before the Club, will take place at Webster's Hall on the evenings indicated

Thursday, Feb. 17—BENJAMIN SULTE, Esq.—Subject: "The Newspaper Press of Lower Canada."

Thursday, Feb. 24—CARROLL RYAN, Esq.—Subject: "The Knights of Malta."

Thursday, March 3—H BEAUMONT SMALL, Esq.—Subject: "The Language of Nature."

Thursday, March 10—CHARLES SANGSTER, Esq.—Subject: "Canadian Poetry."

Thursday, March 17—A. J. CHRISTIE, Esq.—Subject: "Reminiscences of Ottawa."

Thursday, March 24—GEORGE HENRY MACAULAY, Esq.—Subject: "Commerce, Ancient and Modern, briefly reviewed and compared."

Thursday, March 31—HENRY J. MORGAN, Esq.—Subject: "A Few Pages from Canadian History."

Thursday, April 7—Rev. Æ. McD. DAWSON—Subject: "The Late Thomas D'Arcy McGee."

Tickets of Admission may be obtained from any member of the Club.

The Lecture to commence each evening at 8 o'clock.

W McKAY WRIGHT, President.
A J CHRISTIE, Secretary.
Ottawa, January 24, 1870. 1264tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

NURSE WANTED.

A NURSE for a gentleman in the Protestant Hospital.

One not afraid of the Small Pox would be preferred.

Good wages given.

Ottawa, April 5, 1870. 1335 3

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
14 2 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A GROOM and COACHMAN, apply to the undersigned,

N SPARKS,
1321 6 Albert street, Ottawa.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
1298f Manager.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G ... Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's D... by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christ... by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS,

PATENT LAMPS &c.

Mr. TACKABERRY will sell by AUCTION at his Rooms, Stewart's Block, Rideau street, a special consignment of OPERA, MARINE GLASSES, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS MAGIC LANTERNS, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, and a large assortment of other Scientific Apparatus.

Sale—Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, and following days at 7 p. m.

No Reserve.
Terms—Cash in Bankable Funds.
I B TACKABERRY.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, '70,

And continue until further notice.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE

— THE HANLONS IN THE SHADE.

THE GREAT FEMALE FLYING TRAPEZE, LILA AND ZOE.

From the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, Paris,

The Troupe comprises the following first class Artists:

Misses LILA and ZOE, who stand unrivalled and alone as the two "Queens of the Air."

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist, and the only successor of Blondin, will ascend from the back of the stage to the extreme end of the theatre, carrying on his shoulders Mlle A. Zoe—together with all his astonishing feats, never attempted by any other performer.

Mlle. CODONA, the Queen of Beauty, in her classic tight rope performances.

Mons CODONA, the Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist and daring Gymnast.

Mons. DELREA, the Boneless Man,

YOUNG AMERICA, the Boy Wonder, and a host of others too numerous too mention.

New and Startling Feats Every Evening.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.
Doors open at 7. To commence at 8.
Seats can be secured, without extra charge at Orme & Son's.

1323 5 J E NOBLE, Advance Agent.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awkém

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be; to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quite safe, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

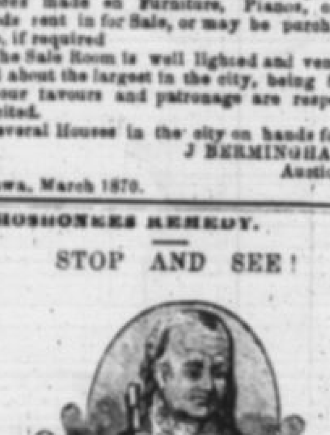
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Cosecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, March 2*, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at reasonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £28 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2a

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.
Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 tMI

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
1306tMI Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

NOTICE

HOUSE and LOT for sale on Maria street. For information apply at Rowe's Auction Rooms Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1318tf

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE, suitable for a private residence or hotel, with THREE acres of good land, situate on the Rideau Canal, one mile from the city limits. For particulars, apply to B. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks street, Ottawa, or to J. M. DONNELLY on the premises. 1311 6

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.
Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 580 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises,

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa
3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

Opposite H. F. McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.
1312-3m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR SPRING STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

The largest and most attractive we have ever imported will be complete and ready for inspection on

THURSDAY, the 10th INSTANT.

In Canadian manufactures we are offering for our own and manufacturers account the most desirable GOODS in the market, in great variety, and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

To the above announcement we invite the attention of our customers and the Trade.

WM J McMASTER & CO,
8 Bonaventure street.
MONTREAL, March 1870 1297 1m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

JUST RECEIVED

Bow Bell's and London Journal,
Godey, Frank Leslie
And Mad. Demorest's, for March,
Also, London Sunday Time

AT

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOTS,
Sussex and Sparks Streets.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1266tf. JONES & HOLLAND.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,
1296 tf Auctioneer.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications.

THE OTTAWA "TIMES"

BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE

38 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

BOOK WORK,

CIRCULARS,

BILL HEADS,

BILLS OF FARE,

CARDS, *all colors*

PROGRAMMES, *all sizes,*

HAND BILLS,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,

COLOURED PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

executed in the latest style and at the lowest rates.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned executors offer for sale South half of LOT No 22, the 5 concession, R. Front, Township of Nepean, situated on the Macadamized Road to Richmond, about 11 miles from Ottawa, consisting of 100 acres, more or less, 60 of which are cleared, in a good state of cultivation, and well fenced, with a good comfortable house frame barn and sheds thereon. In the immediate vicinity of this property are two churches and two schools.

For further particulars, as to terms, &c., apply, if by letter postpaid, to the Executors at Bell's Corner's, Nepean, Ont.

JAMES DAVIDSON,
ROBT PARK, Sen., Executors.
DANIEL CRAIG.
Ottawa, March 23, 1870. 14 1m

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited, at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Court of Revision for the Township of Fitzroy will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the Hall of the said Township, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on SATURDAY, the 7th day of MAY next.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, April 6, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY ... consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS S .—That is all who have other used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cincinnati Scientific Advocate*.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double, Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:
CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines' Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,
Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,
PIANOS FOR HIRE,
With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870 1264 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD

The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the song of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog, birds, beasts and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. Is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquism can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents; three for 50 cents; $1.25 per dozen.

T W VALENTINE,
Box 372, Jersey City, N.J.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A

SESSION OF THE COUNTY COURT,

In and for the said County of Carleton, for the trial of issues of fact without the intervention of a jury, will be holden at the Court House, (City Hall), in the City of Ottawa, on

Monday, the 4th day of April, 1870,

1870, at the hour of ten o'clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff,
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
March 24th, 1870. 1318td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL.

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes its great efficacy. It is specially recommended in the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first dose. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late PETER TOMKINS, of Gloucester, Esquire, are hereby requested to send in statements of the same to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment of the same immediately to the undersigned.

HENRY TOMKINS,
CHARLES BILLINGS,
Executors.

Billings' Bridge, PO,
15th March, 1870. 1328d2

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

GAY & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street). Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.
M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.
Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 482y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 997y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 368tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 383y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FARMS FOR SLAE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 6th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In town.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

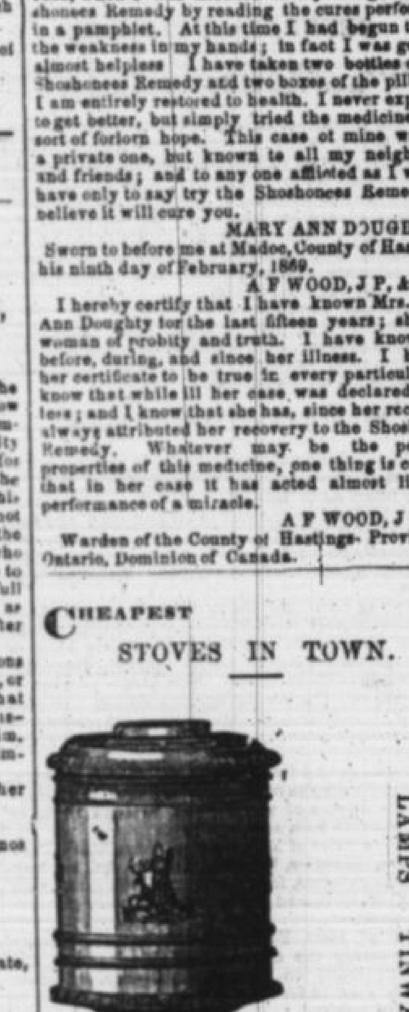
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN.



LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

Ottawa, January 21 T RAJOTTE

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices; ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc..daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 25, Sparks Street,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

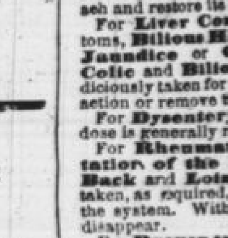
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER

Politics, Literature, Commerce ... Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants ... will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn ... paper bearing the above title is ... to meet their wants. Aware of ... such a newspaper, in both languages ... Ottawa, and which will afford ... latest intelligence, I have ... take the publication of the Courier ... be my aim in doing so to fully ... requirements and wishes of the ... Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising ... brisk, and there is evidence of ... future prosperity. ... to and from the city, and the ... lishing additional factories ... unrivalled water-power ... do much to rapidly increase the ...

Confederation has strengthened ... commercial ties between the English ... speaking inhabitants of the Dominion ... shall be the aim of the Courier to ... still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of ... government the proprietor of the ... concurs, and will endeavour to ... measure of support which ... render necessary, carefully ... offence to such as may differ ... We will cultivate a friendly ... traditions of the past and ... present, hoping to take a middle ... tain course, which cannot fail ... by the inhabitants of the ... Ottawa.

A young people should ... themselves to the level of ... tionalities, and this they can ... made acquainted with what ... parts of the world. This ... we shall also urge ... tend to increase the means ... wealth of the community ... not, however, be confined ... requirements of the ... full share of our attention ... cultivation of the soil ... very much depend. ... particular object to ... agriculturist, and ... industries, and to ... information for both ...

Correspondents will ... open to them in which ... e offer suggestions ... pressed are ... couched in moderate ... language.

Let it not be supposed ... that may have been ... the Courier will be ... matters. The intelligence ... quarter of the globe ... columns, the telegraph ... of, and the latest news ... possible obtained.

Indeed, from the ... Courier will contain ... in its management ... pates success and ...

The Courier will be ... at five o'clock, and ... payable in advance ...

There will also be ... of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON ...

THE TIMES is printed and ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa ...

VOL V. NO. 1...

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

... inform my customers and the public ... that I am now receiving my Fall ... Winter Stock of Foot Wear which will be ... complete in every department, representing

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

... Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, ... is warranted to give satisfaction, and at ... DEFYING COMPETITION.

... large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always ...

... taken for all sorts of work. Only the ... workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

... WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

... for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Henry, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood ...

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age ... WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY

... and ... at extremely low rices. ... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Irish Whiskey. ... Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... prices.

... STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... 1165

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY

... under Chapter LXVII of the ... Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange, ... Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer, ... FOOTS & THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... BOND, Manager. 1141tf

... TANT TO

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI... STORES AND OTHERS.

... give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

... of trade during the last four years ... induced me to enlarge my manufactory ... to make the wholesale trade my ... purpose.

I have now is undoubtedly the largest ... and the question of quality is readily ... knowing the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ... favorable comparison with any imported. ... and important fact is that being ... and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expenses ... sell 40 per cent lower than ...

... advantage, I think, cannot fail to ... those who may favor me with their orders.

... NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ... Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ... Post Office, Ottawa.*

... Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

... Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1196y

... E. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

... advanced on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.

E. M. EASTON

... DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... more gentlemen can be accommodated ... comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommodation ... the day or week at moderate terms. ... house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application ... Legislature of Ontario for Private ... are hereby notified that they are ... by the 51st and following Rules of the ... Assembly, (which are published in the ... Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the ... (clearly and distinctly specifying its ... object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and ... newspaper published in the County or ... Counties affected; such notice shall be ... in each case for a period of at least ... during the interval of time between the ... preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and ... notices to be sent to the Private Bill ...

... for Private Bills must be presented ... the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the ...

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

... 1870. 1309 td lawk.

... NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the ... Oyer and TERMINER and GENERAL ... DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS ... for the said County of Carleton, to be holden at the Court House in the City of ... on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, ... at TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ... magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and ... concerned, are required to take notice ... themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

... Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870.
1312 d&wtd.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1327. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1870 PRICE 3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

…AP

…BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

…AL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

…inform my customers and the public …that I am now receiving my Fall …Stock of Foot Wear which will be …plete in every department, representing

…TEST AND BEST STYLES

…es, Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

…as usual is chosen with great care, …ranted to give satisfaction, and at …DEFYING COMPETITION.

…supply Lumbermen's Wear always …

…taken for all sorts of work. Only the …men employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

…S WHELAN,

…9 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

…OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

…ale at VERY LOW PRICES a large …selected stock, comprising Groceries, …iquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy …oaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, …Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, …*Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

…PORK, PICKLED SALMON, …LABR. HERRINGS,

…rous other articles necessary to con… …omplete stock.

…apan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young …ite fresh and cheap.

…OFFEE—…resh Coffee ground and roasted daily on …

…DIES—…Boonac Brandies; Renaut & Co, Hen…'s and other brands.

…AND GIN—…De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood

…RIES—…sherries of all grades, Ports of fine …gundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines …es, in wood and bottle, approved by age …INES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY …oof and flavor, at extremely low prices …s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and …

…'s Irish Whiskey. …Old Irish Potteen. …and London Porter, pts and qts. …ed other Ales. …ed Syrups, all grades …ers' prices.

…D STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE …LING AT TWENTY-FIVE …PERCENT BELOW COST.

…1165

…TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

…under Chapter LXVII of the …lidated Statutes of Canada

…OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange …ffice, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

…, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea… …FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. …OND, Manager. 1141tf

…TANT TO

…KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI… …STORES AND OTHERS.

…give notice of my intention to supply …mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, …TCHUP, &c. wholesale. …ase of trade during the last four years …pelled me to enlarge my manufactory I …to make the wholesale trade my …pose.

…I have now is undoubtedly the largest …and the question of quality is readily …aking known the fact that I raise my …from seed procured at any expense …it is the best; they will therefore …able comparison with any imported. …and important fact is that being …manufactured in Ottawa thereby …freight, packing, duty and other expen… …enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than …

…advantage, I think, cannot fail to …who may favor me with their orders. …NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle …Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box …Post Office, Ottawa.* …Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau …

…Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected …highest prices given. 1196y

…H. EASTON & CO.,

…MMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

…Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

…advanced on goods consigned for imme… Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

…DUIGNAN'S,

…PARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

…re gentlemen can be accommodated …fortable board and rooms. Gentlemen …the Capital will find superior accommo… …the day or week at moderate terms. …This house is situated in the immediate …of the Parliament Buildings and the …anks. 319tf

…VATE BILLS.

…arties intending to make application …Legislature of Ontario for Private …re hereby notified that they are …by the 51st and following Rules of the …ve Assembly, (which are published in the …Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the …s (clearly and distinctly specifying its …object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and …newspaper published in the County or …Counties affected; such notice shall be …in each case for a period of at least …during the interval of time between the …last preceding Session and the con… …of the Petition. Copies of the … and …notices to be sent to the Private Bill …

…itions for Private Bills must be present… …the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the …

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

… 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

…TICE.

…UNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit.

…LIC NOTICE is hereby given that the …MINER and TERMINER and GENERAL …DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI … in and for the said County of Carleton, …holden at the Court House, in the City of … on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, …hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which …ners, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and …concerned, are required to take notice …ern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

…'s Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 d&wtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st.

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied assortment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter "city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS.

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF, O'MEARA & CO.

October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons in Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere.

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ton bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 03	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

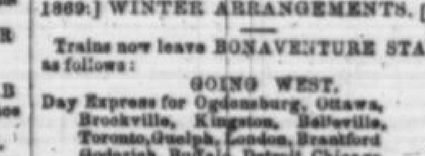
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

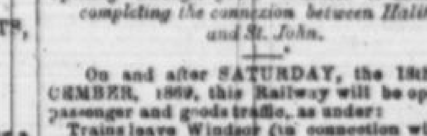
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 5.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 1.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or SERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236 t

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

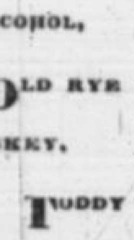
MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO., Agents, Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Enider Enfield of 577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of 450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of 500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON, Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, st. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY's office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1314 2m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superceded all others

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON. Commission Merchant, Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1218 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March … …ood-ly

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

(AND)

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and very good for common purposes, 50c

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal,

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 38, Sparks street, Ottawa.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
…	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	…	11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
…	12 Noon	…	Halifax, N. S., Daily			
…	12 Noon	…	St. John, N. B.; daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor	…	…	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa		11.30	5.30
8.00		…	Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30		…	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.			5.00
…		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
7.00	12 Noon	…	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	…	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	5.30
6.00		…	Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m

Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 4.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. McCULLY enquired whether the British Government is preparing to send one thousand soldiers and a battery of steel guns to enforce British authority in the Red River territory as intimated by the press, and whether there is reliable authority to justify expectations that the British Government are making preparations to enforce order and security for life and property at Red River. He called attention to reports which had appeared in the leading Canadian and American papers on the authority of an English paper that such a force was to be sent, and the report, he said, had created a strong feeling throughout the country.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL could not give the information which was sought without prejudice to the public service. Referring to the murder of Scott, and referring to Riel, he said he trusted that before long there would be order and security in the Territory.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST enquired whether the Government of the Dominion had made overtures or proposals to the American Government for the ratification of a Reciprocity Treaty.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the negotiations had been wholly of a confidential character, and their nature could not at present be made known. He said also that negotiations were still going on.

The following Bills were read a third time and passed:—Official Arbitrators' Powers Extension Bill; Militia Commissions Signing Bill; and the Seamen's Clothing Bill.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Halifax Juvenile Offenders Detention Bill.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER moved the second reading of the Detroit River Tunnel Company's Bill. He said that gentlemen from the West would remember that when the Great Western Railway was first constructed the freight and passengers were conveyed across the river to and from Detroit by ordinary steamboats—a system attended with much delay and great expense, which rendered a change an absolute necessity. A powerful steam-barge was therefore constructed, capable of taking an entire train over the river without breaking bulk. This had been in operation for some years, but although much superior to the former system, the present one was attended with many inconveniences, and especially in winter from accumulation of ice and other causes. Under the circumstances those interested in railways terminating at Windsor and Detroit deemed it advisable to take steps for the purpose of testing the practicability of tunnelling the river. The eminent engineer who constructed the celebrated tunnel at Chicago had sunk shafts in the river, and after investigating the matter thoroughly had pronounced the project to be quite practicable, and the object of the Bill before the House was to organize a Company to construct and manage a tunnel under Detroit River. The measure conferred no exclusive powers, but the tunnel might be available to all Companies, terminating either at Windsor or Detroit on precisely the same terms. He therefore moved the second reading of the Bill, and that it should be referred to the proper Committee.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER moved the second reading of the Grand Trunk and Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Bill.

The Bill was read and referred to the Committee on Railways.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the New Brunswick Police Force Bill. The Committee rose and reported, and the SPEAKER having resumed the chair,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said, in answer to a question, that there was certainly no prospect of Parliament being prorogued before Easter.

The House then adjourned.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The House of Commons in Committee continued the consideration of the Irish Land Bill.

Mr. Gladstone offered an amendment, giving the tenant compensation for loss of holding the amount of damages to be assumed by a Court.

Mr. John Walker, (Liberal member for Berks,) objected to the amendment as an advance on the Premier's original demand.

Lord John Manners opposed, and Mr. Osborne supported the amendment.

Mr. Ball, Member for Dublin University, deplored the change made by the Ministry in the Bill, and charged the Government with timidity and vacillation.

A general discussion followed, in the course of which Mr. Fortescue spoke in favour of the proposed amendment.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy opposed it on the ground that landlords were made answerable for the tenants maintenance.

The division was taken, and the amendment was carried by a vote of 292 to 182.

The House then came out of Committee, and Mr. M. P. Taylor, member for Leicester, asked leave to propose a Bill providing for the payment of members of Parliament.

Mr. Gladstone regretted the inability of poor men to serve in the House of Commons. He ardently wished the representatives of the working classes present, and hence he had approved of Mr. Fawcett's Bill to reduce the expenses of Parliamentary elections.

The News venders held their annual dinner this evening, Charles Dickens presided, and in taking the chair in response to vehement cheering said such enthusiasm was unaccountable on any other theory than that all present believed he had once ridden in the Lord Mayor's coach, a vehicle which he, however, in common with his friends, had only admired from the pavement. His position to-night was less of a speaker of himself than the cause of speech in others; or, he was like the tobacconist, gorged with snuff, pointing wayfarers to reserves in-doors. There was no better proof of the university of the newsman's vacation, than that no toast would be offered to-night. None might, could, would or should be offered any where, which would not have connection with some of the topics of human interest, reported by him daily.

Other speeches and toasts followed, and the company broke up at a late hour

DUBLIN.—The Waterford *Mail* announces the passage of the Irish Force Bill, and appears in mourning for the death of the liberty of the press.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—A telegram from La Creuzot is more favourable. No collisions between the operators and the troops have occurred. The mines are deserted, and the iron works partially. Mr. Schneider, one of the largest proprietors has petitioned the Government to withdraw the troops, as their presence tends to keep alive discontent among workmen.

The *Constitutionel* says that Plebiscitum will bear on two points not contained in the constitutional Acts of 1870 viz: Ministerial responsibility and division of the Legislative power between the two Chambers. It adds it is evident that Plebiscitum must precede discussion of the new Constitution, and that a proclamation is expected from the Emperor, which will explain the real character of the national votes.

The Bordeaux Chamber of Commerce resolved to impose a duty of half a franc per ton on vessels with cargo, on entering or leaving the harbour, and a quarter of a franc per ton on those entering in ballast.

Another demonstration was made by the students against Dr. Jardien. The tumult was greater than on the three previous occasions.

It is reported that the Ecole de Medicine will be closed for fifteen days.

The Corps Legislatif to-day had a stormy session.

M. Greevy declared that he would resist any plebiscitum which was not first discussed by that Chamber.

M. Ollivier formally announced the plebiscitum would be submitted to the people.

M. Picard supported M. Greevy in his demand for its discussion by the Corps Legislatiff.

The Deputies of the Left Centre advised Ministers to see that a plebiscitum would not be needed.

M. Jules Carre made a violent attack on the Senators consultum, which would add greatly to personal power. The proposed alterations of the constitution he denounced as the *ultima ratio* of despotism.

The speech of M. Favre created great excitement in the Chamber.

Demands were made to set the question aside.

This was opposed, and a vote was taken, when it was decided by 151 to 4 to proceed with the discussion.

Owing to the lateness of the hour the sitting *was adjourned*, and it is expected that the debate will be resumed, and come to a result shortly.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN.—The North *German Gazette*, says, in view of the demands and threats of Denmark with respect to North Schleswig, that resolutions of friendship with Prussia is impossible.

AMERICAN NEWS.

CINCINNATI.—Indications are now pretty clear that the Bible *men have carried* the School Board of this city. It is estimated that 1000 votes were cast by coloured men in this city. They voted nearly all solid republican, and in favour of the Bible in Schools.

NEW YORK.—The members of the Stock Exchange have voted to build a new Exchange, which will probably be in Park Row, near the Post Office. Negotiations are said to be pending for the purchase of property in that locality.

WASHINGTON.—In the Senate House a joint resolution, directing an enquiry into the loss of the *Oneida*, was taken from the table on motion of Mr. Martin.

Mr. Stewart regarded the conduct of Capt. Eyre as an instance of shocking inhumanity, and believed it the duty of the Navy Department to institute a thorough examination as an act of justice to those who were lost, and to enable the world to know the facts that the retribution of mankind might be visited upon the guilty.

NEW YORK.—The large Hall of the Cooper Institute, was filled last night, by an enthusiastic audience to express sympathy with the Cubans in their struggle against Spanish tyranny. Mayor Hall, Chairman delivered an address, announcing the policy of the Government with regard to Cuba.

Resolutions were adopted expressing admiration of the bravery and perseverance displayed by the Cubans, declaring the justice of their fight for freedom, demanding recognition of their belligerent rights by the United States, and condemning the base and timid yielding of Spain, which has characterised the State Department.

Speeches were also made by Governor Solomons, of Wisconsin, and John Mitchell, after which the meeting adjourned with three cheers for free Cuba.

DAVENPORT, IOWA.—The Pennsylvania House, two large brick boarding houses, all joining, and several small dwellings, were burned yesterday. Loss $50,000; insurance $42 000.

HAVANA.—San Domingo advices state that the chief opponents of annexation are the priesthood

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—New Stock—New Premises—G. P. Dorion, Sparks-st.
Tenders—K Arnoldi
Fresh Ground Coffee—India and China Tea Company
Seeds For Sale—S Christie
House To Let—Mrs T A Cumming
Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—G Kennedy.
House To Let—S Christie

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see first Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

The Railway Commissioners are busy opening and classifying the new tenders for contracts on the Intercolonial Railway, but the Chairman is of opinion that it will not be possible to tell who the successful parties are until next week.

THE SUPERANNUATION SCHEME.

It is certainly both humane and expedient to make provision against the inroads of age, or to guard against the consequences of accident. All men, in whatever situation in life they may be placed, owe this to themselves. The soldier and the sailor in the Royal Navy look forward to a pension after they have become unfitted by accident, age, or infirmity from the active exercise of their calling, and a somewhat similar provision ought to be made for those, whose whole lives are spent in the civil service of their country, and who, by reason of such employment, while they have seldom more than enough to live upon from day to day, being unable to save money, are almost wholly helpless, when the mind and body begin to decay. Pensions, however are contrary to the genius of new countries. New countries are especially averse to the creation of a pension list, which is so apt to be abused, and many would rather pay better salaries and suggest saving, than suffer employees to look forward to a retiring allowance. The plan of a Superannuation Fund, kept up by the employees themselves, does not, however, admit of complaint. It simply makes it imperative upon all the employees to provide for themselves, in old age, by the contribution of a percentage of their salaries to be employed in making provision for such as are worn out. Sir Francis Hincks, with his usual foresight, has undertaken the establishment of a Superannuation Fund to provide for the retirement of officers of the Civil Service at sixty years, or if previously incapacitated to have a retiring allowance for ten years of ten-fiftieths, and a further addition of one-fiftieth for each year up to thirty-five, when the retiring officer will receive thirty-five-fiftieths for any service beyond that time. The service must have been continuous, and any one appointed to office for particular aptitude, late in life, may have ten years added to his service to enable him to count service towards superannuation. The fund is to be provided by a deduction of four per cent. from all salaries over $600 and two and a half below that sum, and shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue. The abatement is only to be made during thirty five years of service. The full superannuation allowance only to be made to those who have contributed to the fund for ten years. An allowance to be subject to a diminution of one-twentieth for each year less ten per cent. in which it has not been paid, except in case of any person retiring within three years after the passing of the Act. The diminution shall not exceed twenty per cent with power to the Governor in Council to reduce it to any sum not less than ten per cent., to be compulsory on any person offered superannuation allowance to retire, and that such an offer shall not be considered as implying censure. No person to be considered to have an absolute right to the allowance, it being granted only in consideration of good and faithful service and it shall not affect the right of Government to dismiss from the service any one constrained to retire from infirmity before the time at which he would be entitled to the allowance, may have allowed him a gratuity not exceeding one month's pay for one year's service, and if constrained by severe bodily injury received without his own fault in the discharge of his public duty, he may be allowed a gratuity not exceeding three month's pay for each year's service, or a superannuation not exceeding one-fifth of average salary during the last three years. If removed by abolition of office, such gratuitous superannuation allowance may be granted as will fairly compensate for loss of Office not exceeding [illegible] allowance as any one was entitled on retiring from infirmity with ten years added to the actual service. Every one retiring under sixty and not disabled shall be liable to serve in a public office not lower in rank than that which he held under penalty of losing the allowance. The resolutions apply to all branches of the civil service. The allowances are to be payable out of the consolidated fund.

This may not be the best possible scheme, but any scheme is better than none. Time will point out the defects when they will be remedied. It seems hard to make the contributions compulsory and the benefits capricious. There should be no *may* in the matter. There should be nothing doubtful or left to favour or chance. The rewards of honest service should be obvious. Why should a person, who contributes for 35 years, for instance, towards a Superannuation Fund not have an absolute right to an allowance. Why should a person constrained by bodily injury "received without his own fault" in the discharge of his public duty be in doubt as to his receiving either gratuity or superannuation allowance? There will be ample funds at the disposal of the Government to meet all emergencies obtained by deductions from the salaries of the employees alone. In the Department at Headquarters the salaries amount to $322,607—$280,279 at four per cent. yielding $11,211, and $42,328 at two and a half, affording $1,058 per cent., or $12,269 annually, which at 6 per cent. would give $736, and which at the end of eleven years, when the system would begin to take effect, except in the case of officers, who must now be allowanced without having contributed anything, and who could not be reasonably required to do so, would amount to $193,964, yielding an annual rate of interest of $12,000. It is the scale of remuneration to which objection seems most natural. The lower salaried officers would be terrible sufferers, if, in the event of accident, they could only receive, as a favour, say a third of their incomes. Small salaries should not only be required to contribute less, but proportionally they should receive more when unfit for duty, by no fault of their own, than the more highly paid officials. We are, however, quite convinced, that, in this matter, Sir Francis Hincks will be guilty of no injustice.

THE RED RIVER MURDER.

According to the Montreal *Herald*, which cannot be looked upon as the especial organ of Sir John A. Macdonald. Riel has only assumed a very grave responsibility in taking the life of another. All that "we mean is, says the *Herald*, that such deeds may be merely necessary parts of an action, which has to be judged as a whole, and may, when necessary, occasion no special obloquy." The following, however, is the article from the *Herald* in full. It contrasts most favourably with the violent rubbish of the Toronto press:—

THE RED RIVER MURDER.—There can be little doubt that the murder of poor Scott by Riel will arouse a feeling throughout the country that will sanction any measures which may be required for putting down a usurpation, whose first act is one of bloodshed. A large number of persons, undoubtedly, felt at the beginning of this affair that the people of Red River by which we do not mean French or English, but the people as a whole had good cause of complaint against the manner in which they had been turned over to the Canadian authorities. Nor was there much sympathy for the disappointment of Mr. McDougall, who is generally regarded as an adventurer and an upstart. The respect of outside observers was, moreover, by no means increased by the abortive movements of Colonel Dennis and Major Boulton, and on the whole Riel was looked upon as the chief actor in a farce, of which men at once contemptible and ridiculous were the victims. Of course, everybody understood that at last, right or wrong, the British Government or the Dominion Government must put down the Provisional Government; but if there had been *only fair fighting in the way of resistance, a certain amount of respect would still have accompanied the resolution to suppress armed opposition.* This wanton murder however, puts the perpetrators of it outside the pale of any lenity, either of opinion or act. There were no active hostilities to excuse the crime as an act of war, and certainly whatever right well established governments may have to support their authority by executions, Mr. Riel's reign is altogether too young and rests on too weak a basis to permit him to proceed to such high handed measures. There can be no treason in any reasonable sense of the word against such an authority, and the sole excuse which Riel could have for exercising the power of life and death was some pregnant danger to the new order of things excited by his prisoner. We, of course, do not say that even this would have been a justification. If revolutionists have to take their own lives in their hands, and Riel must, no matter under whatever circumstances, have assumed a very grave responsibility in taking the life of another. *All we mean is, that such deeds may be merely necessary parts of an action which has to be judged as a whole, and may, when necessary, occasion no special obloquy.* But the actual occurrence appears to have been utterly destitute of the poor excuse, and to have arisen from cold-blooded barbarity or from a design to commit the insurgent party so far as to make it impossible for them to draw back. Some very embarrassing questions in a legal point of view may now come up. The Dominion Government has by its despatch to Mr McDougall repudiated any claim to jurisdiction, having indeed informed him that any bloodshed caused by an attempt to sustain his authority would have been an act of murder. Its position is not apparently altered since that time, and it would seem to follow that it is still legally powerless to act. The Hudson Bay Company's authority again is at least in abeyance, and at worst may be said to be annihilated for want of power for its enforcement. The Imperial Government has the right to exert its dominion; but notwithstanding the telegrams received from the other side, we hesitate to accept as true, representations utterly opposed to the policy which Her Majesty's administration has so recently announced and so resolutely adhered to in the case of New Zealand. There is nothing known here of any expedition such as that mentioned by the *Broad Arrow*, and there is, therefore, no other reason for believing the statement than the great fitness of Colonel Wolseley for the command of any expedition which may be sent to the North West, whether it be an Imperial or a Provincial one, and the certainty that some such operation must be undertaken. In the natural indignation which will be felt all over the country, the people may probably determine to punish the wrong-doer and to brush aside all nice distinctions as to the authority which is to take charge of the duty of inflicting the merited chastisement.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Mr. MORRISON moved for a Committee to enquire into the state of Brock's monument.

Mr. STREET supported this motion.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD said the Ontario Government voted one thousand dollars for its repair, and contended that the matter should be left in their hands.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, after some further discussion, recommended the withdrawal of the motion. He had no doubt that the Ontario Government would attend to the matter.

The motion was withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. RYAN addresses were passed for names of persons appointed in the Montreal Post Office, Custom House, and Excise Office since 1856.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved his resolution respecting sums payable in Eastern Townships, under the Municipal Loan Fund Act of 1859. He contended that the law authorized the settlement of this claim on payment of seventy-five cents in the dollar.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER replied that he had totally misunderstood the law, and in this view he was supported by Sir A. T. Galt and Messrs. Dorion, Scatcherd, Cassault, Dunkin, and others.

The debate on Hon. Mr. Wood's motion stopped with recess.

Hon. JOHN HILLYARD CAMERON asked the Government what they intended to do in the case of the murder of Scott.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD announced that the Government had put themselves in communication with the Imperial Government with respect to the murder. That the two Governments were in accord as to the policy to be pursued to vindicate law and order.

Hon. Mr. Morris' ferry resolutions passed through Committee.

The remainder of the evening was consumed by a discussion of the rates of interest.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—When such papers as the Ottawa *Times* and the Montreal *Gazette* endorse my views, I can well afford to allow Messrs. Justitia, Fair Play *et al.* (the same genius probably under new masks) to howl.

FAG.

University Boat Race.—Cambridge Victorious.

By Telegraph to the Times.

LONDON, April, 6.—The Cambridge have won the boat race by one length, in 19¼ minutes. Length of race 4¼ miles.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is, protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 6, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST moved an Address for a statement of the number of advertisements in Canadian and other papers, and amounts paid or due for same.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN enquired if any steps had been taken for the protection of fisheries, in the waters adjacent to Campo Bello and the lower ports of the Bay of Fundy, in the immediate neighbourhood of the United States?

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said one of the vessels which the Government proposed to charter would be placed in the locality referred to in the enquiry.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN enquired if instructions had been issued by the Department of Marine for the erection of weirs on the shores of any part of the Dominion, or as to the protection of the proprietary rights on such shore?

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL was understood to say that such instructions had been issued.

A debate then arose with reference to the rule of the House, and the practice of the House of Lords in respect to discussion on notices of motion and questions.

The Halifax Juvenile Offenders Detention Bill was read a third time.

The fifth report of the Joint Committee on Printing was adopted.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Quebec Harbour Management Bill.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON moved the discharge of the order, for two weeks, respecting the consideration of the report of the Joint Committee on reporting and publishing the debates of Parliament.

The sixth report of the Joint Committee on Printing was adopted.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 6th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

The Committee on Banking and Commerce reported the Bill respecting the *Banque du Peuple* with amendments.

Mr. MORRISON (Niagara), moved the appointment of a Select Committee, on the subject of the monument on Queenstown Heights, to the memory of the late Major General Brock.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked for explanations.

Mr. MORRISON said the monument had fallen into a state of decay. He referred to the action of the previous Parliaments with respect to it. It had been suggested that it should be handed over to the Ontario Government, but the Dominion Government had not the right to do so without the sanction of this House, as this monument was a national one.

Mr. STREET seconded the motion. He thought a good deal of information on the subject could be obtained from the report of Mr. Tully, an architect employed by the Ontario Government, though he was at a loss to know why that Government had appointed an architect to enquire into and report on the state of that Monument. However, he would be glad if the monument was repaired and taken better care of, no matter from which Government the money might come. The Ontario Government had voted $1,000 for that purpose, but that was not enough to do all that was required in the way of protecting the grounds and repairing the fences around the monument. These grounds commanded one of the finest views in the country, and should be kept in proper order. At present there was no person to take care of them, and they were now in a state of disrepair. Some time ago an old and faithful servant had been appointed to do that duty, but since his death no other person had been appointed, as the Commissioners did not feel that they had any further authority in the matter. The structure was a noble one, and was erected to the memory of one for whom Canada was justly proud, and it was a shame to allow it to go into decay. The land on which the monument was placed was the property of the Dominion Government, and therefore this was a matter, he believed, to be attended to by that Government, though no doubt this House would have no objection to allowing the Ontario Government to assume the responsibility, if they would.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD said the best way to meet this question would be for the Government to bring down the correspondence on the subject with the Ontario Government. The facts of the case are these:—His very able colleague in the Ontario Government, the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and member for Niagara, had called the attention of the Government to the decayed state of the monument, and suggested that steps be taken to have it repaired and the grounds taken care of. Money was required for that purpose, and before bringing down his estimates, he (John Sanfield) telegraphed to the Minister of Justice, stating that if the monument was put under the control of his Government, they would ask for a vote of $1,000 to repair it. The reply of the Minister of Justice was, that the Ontario Government might have the control of the lands and monument, provided they kept them in repair. The $1,000 was cheerfully voted by the Ontario Legislature, and if more had been asked for, it would have been as cheerfully granted. But before the Government architect, Mr. Tully, had been entrusted to inquire into the subject and report, and it was on his report that the $1,000 were asked for. If the hon. member for Niagara was so anxious about this matter, why did he not bring up before. He had been the representative of Niagara for a number of years, but yet it was only now he had found out the necessity for repairing the monument. Why bring up the question now when it was already in the hands of men who are able and willing to attend to it. The reason was obvious. His hon. friend from Niagaria was jealous of his colleague the Commissioner of Crown Lands. The Ontario Government were prepared to take proper care of the monument, but if the Dominion Government desired to take the matter out of their hands he had no objection to let them have it.

Mr. MORRISON said that for several years past he had urged the Dominion Government to attend to this matter, but the answer he had always received was that it was impossible to tell who owned the property. If the member for Cornwall thought he was jealous of his colleague from Niagara he was very much mistaken. The very reason why he moved in this matter was that his constituents had no faith that a single cent of the $1,000 voted by the Ontario Legislature would ever be expended. The very idea of transferring this property to the Ontario Government by telegraph was absurd. He had no jealousy of his colleague the Commissioner of Crown Lands, nor did he move in this matter in order to gain personal popularity. He believed his popularity with his constituents was as great as that of the Commissioner. He had no need to mention particular cases, but the member for Cornwall would remember how that gentleman was elected.

Mr. MACKENZIE hoped the hon gentleman would tell them something more about that election; it would enable them to judge better on the question of popularity. He saw no need for this committee. He believed the matter was practically settled, as he was willing to trust the member for Cornwall that he would expend the $1,000 he got a vote for. It was impossible to suppose that the Ontario Government would ask for a vote of $1,000 without the intention of spending it. The appointment of this Committee would be practically a vote of want of confidence in the Ontario Government, and he would not like that (laughter). He was exceedingly jealous of the honour of that Government, and especially of its leader, and it was too bad that one of the supporters of the gentlemen opposite should be bringing up a motion of want of confidence in it.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD—I don't think I would retire even if the motion did pass.

Mr. MACKENZIE felt very much relieved by that statement.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD hoped the mover of the motion would be satisfied with having elicited so explicit a promise for the leader of the Ontario Government, and also an expression of confidence in that gentleman from the member for Lambton. No doubt it would be very dishonest if the Premier of Ontario did not apply that $1,000 to the purpose for which it was voted, and in like manner it would be exceedingly improper if the member for Lambton did not carry out his pledge that he had every confidence in the Premier of Ontario and a deep interest in the honour of his Government. The member for Niagara ought to be satisfied with that explanation and withdraw his motion. The lands on which the monument was placed was no doubt the property of the Dominion Government, and would remain so. His hon. friend being a Glengarry man and the son of one of the heroes of the last war, had offered to take charge of the monument and keep it in repair, and the Dominion Government had gladly accepted that offer.

Mr. MORRISON said $1,000 was not enough, but if the member for Cornwall would pledge his honour—

Mr. MACKENZIE—Pledge his what?

Mr. MORRISON—To supplement that amount by an additional grant next session, he would not press his motion.

Mr. MILLS asked if an item of that kind was in the Supply Bill of Ontario, would not the Minister of Justice in order to be consistent with himself have to advise its disallowance (laughter.) The motion was withdrawn.

Mr. RYAN moved for statements and names of persons appointed to and now employed in the Montreal Post Office, Excise Office, and Custom House, with the salaries and dates of appointment. He said that the expenses of the Custom House had increased immensely for the last several years, and that he could support the Minister of Customs in his attempts to make reductions in this great expense, but he said that these reductions were being carried on unfairly—that the old servants of the Department were been discharged, while those who had been recently employed were retained, because it suited the gentlemen in charge of the Custom House to keep them.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the return would be brought down, when discussion could be had on the subject.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved certain resolutions on the subject of the sum payable under the Municipal and Seignorial Compensation Loan Fund Act of 1859 on benefit Townships, Lower Canada. He said that in 1859 an appropriation had been made to abolish the Seignorial Tenure in Lower Canada. Compensation had, as alleged, been given to Upper Canada by what was called the Upper Canada Compensation Fund. But there were other portions of Lower Canada not in the Seignories which, while contributing to the general funds of the country, received no part of the compensation. It was, therefore, provided by an Act of 1859, that as the population of the Seignories was to the population of the Townships, so should be the proportion of the compensation to the Townships as compared with that to the Seigniors. By that Act the compensations were fixed at $756,710, but that the Legislature gave a reserved right to discharge the capital by an immediate payment of 75 cents on the dollar. If the Governor in Council did not choose to do, there was then to be made an annual payment at six per cent. on the capital. That did very well till Confederation took place. But now came the question of the debt of the old Province. This amount had been placed in the Public Accounts at 100 cents on the dollar, while they had the power to discharge the debt at 74 cents on the dollar.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said they could not.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said then language meant nothing. The matter was left in no doubt whatever. It might be said that the Townships must pass by-laws, but this was enacted so that the by-laws might be approved of by the Governor in Council to secure that the money was used for public purposes. No one except he had the ingenuity of the Minister of Militia, could say otherwise, and no one could rest an argument to show that absolute power did not rest with the Governor in Council. The question involved a matter of $200,000, and he had tried to bring up the matter in Committee, but the member for Chateauguay because he happened to belong to the other side from Ontario, (order, order), well some one said that it was a legal argument; I therefore should be decided by the House. He sought to disabuse the mind of members that he sought to fasten any claims against the Dominion. It mattered not whether the amount was $600,000, but it was the duty of the House to fix what it should be. Two acts had been passed at the same time—one, the Municipal Loan Fund, and the other the Seigniorial Act. One of the Acts had been passed to extinguish the Seigniorial rights, and a fund had been created for the purpose, but it had not been sufficient, and an additional Act had been passed in 1859. It was considered that these Seigniorial claims were mere local matters, a question between landlord and tenant; and that, therefore, it was not right to take money out of the general funds to settle the differences between private individuals. Having read the clauses of the Act which he relied on for his argument, as to the payment of the capital, at the rate of 75 per cent. When the Act established the power of the Government to settle with the Seigniors, it provided that that should only be done with the consent of the Seigniors, but no such provision was made in the case of the Townships although it had been expressly provided in the case of the Seigniors, in the clear face of the Act which he held controlled. He could not see how they could resist the position he had taken up. The plain meaning of the Act, as he understood it, and he could not see how any one could think otherwise, was that the Government was to approve of the by-laws passed by the Council for the appropriation of the money, of course by-laws had to be passed for the appropriation of the interest, which must be expended for public purposes, but these did not require the approval of the Governor in Council although he was told that the words of the Act applied to such payments and it was stated that a legal opinion had even been obtained to that effect. He thought it must be a curiosity in its way and wondered how it would get over the clause authorizing him to intimate that he was ready to pay the capital to the Townships. They might leave the capital lying at six per cent. but when it was to be paid up the question arose as to the amount then payable. It was desirable to get quite rid of the whole difficulty, and he thought his Province would have no objection to lend the money to pay off the obligations at 75 cents on the dollar.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER objected to the proposition of the hon. member. It was not a matter to be submitted to the decision of this House, for the Confederation Act had provided for the settlement by arbitration of all matters between the late Provinces of Canada and the Dominion. He considered the hon. gentleman was entirely wrong with regard to the legal part of the question. The Act of 1859 provided for the indemnity to Seigniors, and the Government were authorised to pay Seigniors the capital for their ground-rent, provided they would consent to the deduction of 25 per cent, and the same provision was extended to Townships if they chose, by the by-law, to take 25 per cent. discount of the yearly sum the Government had to pay them in proportion to their population by the census of 1861. But townships could not be forced, as the hon. member (Mr. Wood) maintained, to accept 75 per cent. in the dollar. The clause was merely directory, and authorised the Government to pay the capital at a reduction of 25 per cent., if the municipalities passed a by-law to that effect. To have forced this reduction would have been dishonest on the part of the Government. It would be remembered that Upper Canada was paid at the rate of 100 cents in the dollar, but now the hon. member for Brant wants 25 per cent. reduction from the amount paid to the Townships in Lower Canada. This would not be legal, nor would it be just.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT, entirely agreed with the remarks of the Hon. Minister of Militia. It would be in the highest degree unjust, to attempt to reduce the compensation without the consent of the Seigniors or Townships who were entitled to receive an annual sum; and it could not be contended that after the Government had given its consent to the obligation to pay 100 cents, it would be an equivalent to pay at the reduction of 25 per cent. The Act was passed to indemnify different persons who had Seigniories, and Upper Canada got its indemnity at 100 cents to the dollar. By the first Act, Townships got no indemnity whatever, but by the second Act, their rights were recognized, and they were to receive an annual sum gains equal in proportion to their population to that paid for the redemption of the Seigniories. It is true, the clause was put into the Act allowing the payment to the Seigniories and Townships by their own consent, at 75 cents on the dollar, if they desired it. It would be most unjust to deprive the English population in Lower Canada of the indemnity to which they were entitled, and he would not accept the decision of the House if it went against the principles of justice.

Mr. WEBB considered that the clause which reduced the amount to 75 cents on the dollar was itself very unjust, and he had never heard any arguments in favour of it. The question was, can the Government compel Townships to accept 75 cents on the dollar.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER.—No no.

Mr. CASSAULT said it would be most unjust to the Townships of Lower Canada to make this reduction when Upper Canada received 100 cents on the dollar. Even as a principle of law he did not approve of the course taken by the Treasurer of Ontario, and it would not be fair to submit the question to the House, not altogether composed of men versed in law. He thought it was rather late for the hon. Treasurer of Ontario, to question the indemnity made by Parliament for the rights of Seigniors, while Upper Canada received indemnity as well as Lower Canada.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said there was no equivalent given to Upper Canada for $756,000 for Seigniorial indemnity.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said, most undoubtedly it had.

Hon. Mr. WOOD maintained it only got $215,000.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT contended that both Provinces were placed on precisely the same footing, and in fact Upper Canada got a great deal more than Lower Canada, and at first the Townships got no indemnity at all.

Hon. Mr. WOOD was prepared to discuss the merits of the case, though he had purposely avoided doing so.

Mr. CASSAULT said the clause in the Act peremptorily declared the interest should be paid to the Townships, but when it came to speak of redemption of principal, it was simply permissive. The Government was obliged to pay the interest, but need not pay the principal unless the Townships agreed to it, and until a by-law was passed by the Townships agreeing to accept the reduction, the Government had no power to enforce those terms. He contended that the amount ought to be put in the Public Accounts, at 100 cents in the dollar, as there had been no order in Council for a reduction of 25 per cent. He then referred to the return made to the House on the 30th March last, respecting the statement of the debt of the late Provinces of Canada, a copy of one of the statements of which had been sent to the Treasurer of Ontario. He did not like the way in which some of the figures were put; and he made another statement, in which he admitted the first statement was correct, except some small amount, and by his own figures the Seignorial indemnity was placed at $750,710 (hear.) He admitted pointedly—speaking for his Government, and not expressing his own political opinion—that this sum was due, that it was correctly stated in the account as against the late Provinces of Canada. The law and his own admission is against the hon. member, and the House would not hesitate in voting against his motion.

Mr. SCATCHERD said that in 1859 when the Act was passed, a portion of Lower Canada was held in Seignorial tenure, but as a large portion of the inhabitants held their lands direct from the Crown, he considered it unfair after they, who were contributing to the revenues of the country, had been granted compensation they should attempt to pay off their claim with 75 cents on the dollar. The Act states that it shall be lawful to pay off these claims at 75 per cent., but does not state that it shall be necessary to have the consent of the Townships. The Minister of Militia says the Townships were entitled to receive the full amount. But by the Act of 1859 the proportion to which they were entitled could not be ascertained till the census of 1861, and till that time they were to receive six per cent. on the capital. The member of Bellechasse says that that payment was not to be made without the consent of the County Council. But that only applied to the Counties in which there were Seignories, but in Counties in which there were no Seignories if the County Council did not pass a by-law within twelve months then the Local Councils could do so to obtain the money. The Government did not elect to make an immediate payment at 75 per cent., and he thought it most unjust now to say they must pay at that rate. If they did not avail themselves of that provision at the time, and it was altogether beside the question to say whether they had acted rightly or wrongly, they could not fall back on it now. No doubt the difference in the provisions as to the payment, was, that the rights of the Seigniors were regarded as private rights in which the consent of both parties was necessary, while the Township rights, not being private, it was considered that they could be paid off at the smaller rate without obtaining their consent. He believed they were entitled to the whole amount, and he thought it most improper that they should now be called on to decide whether the Government ought to have paid at the time or not. If there were any question respecting the debt, that was a matter for the Board of Arbitrators which was the proper tribunal. This was not the legal tribunal to decide the matter, one way or the other, for if they could decide on reducing the amount they might as well decide to wipe the claim off altogether.

Hon. Mr. DORION said, what was owing was the interest on the amount at 6 per cent., not on 75 per cent., but on the total capital. The statute evidently put the Townships on the same footing as the Seigniors. The clause was merely an enabling clause, to enable the Government to effect a compromise, but there was no wording to compel the Townships to accept less than the whole amount. If any Township applied for immediate payment of the capital, the Government were enabled to settle the claim at 75 per cent. It would be perfectly unjust to maintain otherwise, when the object of the Act had been to place the Townships on the same footing as the Seigniors, and other inhabitants of Lower Canada. He agreed with the preceding speaker (Mr. Scatcherd) that the matter could not be decided here. The amount of debt was a matter before the Arbitrators, and he did not know if any decision here would be binding on that body.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said it was refreshing to see that the members generally agreed that such questions ought not to be brought before this House. It was a wise provision that secured this, as it was bad enough that, at the time of the Union any questions should have been left unsettled. It was judicious therefore that the settlement of them should be left to another tribunal, as tending better to secure Union among the several Provinces. As to the clause relied on it, was merely permissive, and had not been put in force in any Township for the redemption of the claims. In fact all received the amount as an annual indemnity. Not one of them was prepared to ask payment of the capital at 75 per cent. As to the plea that the Government should force them to receive this, he thought it were for the interest of the country that the money should be spent annually in local improvements, as it was most dangerous to allow a small knot of men to organize attempts to obtain possession of capital at a reduced rate to be squandered away without effecting any good.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said the plain fact was, that whoever had the right to take up this matter the mover had none, having accepted the decision as to the state of this account at the time of the Union. They had in this House no kind of authority to decide to cut down the amount. The question might come up before the Arbitrators as to the equity of the claim, but as to any danger arising from that, Lower Canada need not be frightened. The 5th section of the Act stated that there shall be yearly payments on certain portions of the Townships and that the capital may be paid at 75 per cent. The consent of the Seigniors was clearly required to this, and the Act showed that the consent of the Townships, through the County Council was necessary. Each of the Townships had to determine to appropriate a yearly sum or the capital or a portion of it to public improvements. The consent of the Governor in Council was to be given to the appropriations, but that must be done equitably. Nearly all the County Councils had decided to appropriate a yearly sum, and that had been done certainly for a term of years, the Governor in Council confirming. At the time of the Union the amount of the claim arising from this had not been set down in the statement of debts at 75 per cent. but at the full amount, and it was so stated at every meeting held on the subject by the members of the two Local Governments. His honourable friend had been present and he (Mr. Dunkin) together with the respective Premiers, and no one doubted then as to the amount, nor dissented from what had been done. Afterwards the Treasurer of Ontario (Mr. Wood) had officially stated that the assent of his Government had been given to this claim which he now argued again.

Mr. WEBB said that the member for Quebec objected to the principal being paid lest it should be wasted, but if any public improvements were contemplated the sum was so small that it was impossible to do anything with the interest, and they would be compelled to apply for the capital.

Hon. Mr. WOOD contended that this was a question for the Dominion Parliament to deal with, and not the Arbitrators. Their duty was to divide the excess of the debt. If this matter was within their jurisdiction, then they would have it in their power to increase or decrease that excess of debt by some $200,000. All Acts of the late Province of Canada not repealed since Confederation, were still in force as regards the Dominion. No one would deny that the Government of the late Province of Canada had the right to pay the Eastern Townships 80 cents on the dollar any time they pleased, and the Dominion Government succeeded to that right.

The House rose at six.

AFTER RECESS.

The following Bills were read the third time and passed.

Mr. MORRISON (Niagara) To provide for the Amalgamation of the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the President, Directors and Company of the Gore Bank.

Mr. WORKMAN—To incorporate the Society of Canadian Artists.

Mr. BODWELL moved an amendment to strike out the clause empowering the Society to dispose of Works of Art by lottery. He argued that this clause would encourage a species of gambling. Lost on division.

The following Bills were read the second time:—

Mr. MORRISON (Niagara)—To incorporate the Ontario and Erie Ship Canal Company.

Mr. BROWN—To revive the Charter of the Grand Junction Railway Company.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT moved the second reading of the Canada Central Railway Company Bill.

Hon. JOHN S. MACDONALD said he would propose certain amendments when the Bill went into Committee, and would then take occasion to express his views on that kind of legislation, which did not insist upon any security that the work would be done. These schemes prevented honest companies from building Railways. He did not expect to succeed in his opposition, as no doubt the Government would support this scheme as all Government's did Railway schemes.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said he would be prepared to answer the hon. gentleman when the Bill went into Committee.

The Bill was read the second time.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON (Peel) said, I am exceedingly anxious to know from the Government whether they have had any additional intelligence from Fort Garry, and whether they are in a position to give to the House any further information in respect to the barbarous murder which has so short a time since taken place there. I am also desirous of knowing whether the first Minister is in a position to inform the House what the Government intend to do in reference to that matter, as there has been no subject since Confederation, or for many years before, which has so agitated the whole of the Dominion, and more particularly that portion of it from which I come, than the whole question of the North West particularly connected with the great tragedy so recently enacted. I am quite aware that the Government of the Dominion must necessarily have certain difficulties in reference to the question, and there must be probably a certain amount of reticence connected with it. That we can all understand and appreciate, but there are certain things which the Government must be enabled to tell this House, and which I shall expect and the country will expect they will tell this House. It is clear that the country still belongs to Great Britain in an Imperial sense, and has not been ceded over to us in the manner, which, at one time, it was supposed it would be ceded. It is therefore clear that the British Government are in the first instance the parties who are interested in bringing to a close any revolutionary movement, which may have taken place there, and therefore we can naturally understand why it would be that this Government should desire that the Imperial Government would in the first place explain very clearly and distinctly what it intends to do before the Dominion Government should state in the most explicit manner what its views would be in reference to the question; but although that is the case, and although we know that the territory belongs to the Imperial Government there are certain responsibilities which attach to our Government, and which Government cannot by any possibility ignore, and which we, the representatives of the people of the Dominion, demand that they shall not ignore in which we are all interested as Canadians, and which require that we should adopt a certain and determined course (hear, hear). There can be no doubt whatever, there can be but one feeling, not merely amongst all members of this House, but amongst all the inhabitants of this country, that a barbarous murder has taken place in that territory, (hear, hear). That a man who has gone forth from here under the belief, no doubt that he would be as protected there as in any other part of Her Majesty's Dominions, has suffered with his life, because he has been loyal and true to the flag of his country, and we cannot help feeling that whatever the connection may be between the British Government and the Dominion Government in relation to the manner in which what has taken place here shall be accounted for. That we ourselves and the Government have resting upon us, the responsibility which the people of this country must require at their hands, totally irrespective of any action by the Imperial Government. Not that I would for a single moment interfere with the Imperial authority, but we must all recollect the position which our Government has taken. We must remember that we sent an agent out to that Western Territory, with all the preparations, and with a Commission to take the place of the Government of that Territory. We must remember that large numbers of persons knowing perfectly well that that Territory was soon to come under our jurisdiction, went there with the full belief that they would be as safe out in that Western Territory, as they would be in the City of Ottawa, Montreal or Toronto, and that, therefore, our Government and we ourselves did assume to those people certain responsibilities, which by no possibility can we get rid of (hear, hear). Now, Sir, what one desires to know is this,—what are the views of our Government in respect to this matter. If the British Government are still possessors of the territory because we have not paid over the three hundred thousand pounds that we contracted to pay, if they are still responsible for the due administration of law and the protection of life in that country, if they are the persons to put down insurrectionary movements, then, of course, it is quite right that we should have an opportunity of understanding and knowing that. If they require that we should pay the three hundred thousand pounds and that we should take upon ourselves the responsibility, I say for one that I am prepared to take my portion of the responsibility in saying that in the dawning birth of this new Dominion that the life of one of our people was worth three hundred thousand pounds (cheers), and that we should not for one moment allow, if it becomes necessary to assert our authority, and if any question arose with reference to our position with regard to that and to whether the expenses were to be borne by the Imperial Government or ourselves that we should be prepared to show that we are enabled as a people—as we know in the opinion of some people, almost an independent people—that we are ready to take our part in defending not merely the property, but what is of more importance, the lives of our people, against any attempt which may be made by any insurrectionary party which may spring up in any part of the country (hear, hear). And what I think we ought to have, and what I think we may fairly ask for, I and a gentleman on this side of the House who are in the habit of supporting the Government, believing that they have the interests of the Dominion at heart, what we really require from them is to know whether when those people have gone to that territory under the idea that they were to be protected, whether when these insurrectionists have taken up arms in the manner that they have done, whether when the difficulties have arisen that have culminated in the barbarous murder of this man, when all these things have taken place we would desire to know whether the Government are determined, whatever may occur, to endeavour so far as in their power to meet the exigencies of the case and to exercise whatever influence and power the Dominion may have, in order that they may be so met, and we would desire to know very clearly and distinctly, whether any difficulty whatever is to be thrown in the way, in reference to that; whether these people who have gone out there are to consider themselves as protected; whether Government if they are in a position to state so, are so ready to assume the responsibility which may be cast upon them; whether they are prepared to follow up what must necessarily take place in reference to this matter, and whether if these self styled deputies should come down here to treat as if they were the Ambassadors of a civilized country, whether they are to be treated after the manner truculent rebels who have not merely demanded what they call a Bill of Rights, which of as their fellow countrymen would be perfectly willing to give them if they have any grievance under what they suffer, but who have dared to steep their hands in the blood of an unoffending man who came from this country. If these men up there fancy that they have rights in the soil, that the are entitled to have all that property, that they have a right to do with it as they please and that we are not to go there and that we have no right in it whatever, and they are sending down people to treat with us as if they had the right to treat with us in a manner in which they might say they would have if they were fairly coming before us with claims which we might make, but if these men are delegates from those who with a self-styled and so-called court-martial have dared to doom a man to death and thereby murdered him, I say I hope that our Government will be in a position to say that although prepared to concede, as we all hope that they will concede everything honourable and just to the people of that territory, that they will take care not to treat with men who come here with their hands red with blood, red with the blood of an unoffending fellow citizen; a man who went there with the guarantee of the Government, under the belief that everything would be rightly and properly conducted, and who has laid down his life because he believed that the same power which protected the poor captive in Abyssinia, would protect the free man in Red River. Now, I hope that the hon. Minister will give us an answer that will get the feelings of the people at rest, knowing as he does that the feelings of the people of the country is excited to a red hot heat (cheers.)

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—My hon. friend commenced by his remarks by asking the Government and myself whether we had any later news to give relating to this deplorable event, the murder of this man, than we had when I addressed the House last on the subject. I hope simply to state that we have no further intelligence, but the intelligence is complete as to the fact of the man having been shot by a party of men calling themselves a Court Martial. That the man was murdered there can be no doubt. I stated that I would have full information from the Commissioner, who was sent on behalf of the Government on a mission of conciliation, and for the purpose of assisting Governor McTavish to restore order. That gentleman is now in this city, and is preparing a report, and so much of it as can be properly laid before this House will be laid on the table. I suppose that will be done in a very short period. So much for the information. The hon. gentleman asks me to give further information as to the course the Government is about to pursue, I can only say to my hon. friend and to the House, and both he and the House will fully appreciate the reticence which I feel it my duty to observe in the matter, I can only say that the Government are fully aware of, and appreciate the gravity of [illegible] position, and have been so throughout the whole of this winter, and since the [illegible] which occurred about the [illegible] they understand and fully appreciate the responsibility that rests upon them. [illegible] have been in constant communication with Her Majesty's Government on the subject, and I may say that the two Governments are acting in accord [illegible] —(hear, hear)—and with the [illegible] view, that of retaining that [illegible] portion of Her Majesty's Dominions, of restoring law and order there, [illegible] are acting in complete unison [illegible] Majesty's Government, and the [illegible] of conduct has been settled. [illegible] What that line of [illegible] may be, must be for [illegible] present withheld from the House; [illegible] would simply be giving information at an improper time, and it would [illegible] at improper questions. But I [illegible] say that Her Majesty's Government are acting in accord with us, and have [illegible] our suggestions and have approved [illegible] course we have devised, and that [illegible] am sure will be carried out to a [illegible] completion at no distant day. [illegible] cannot say. It would be improper [illegible] to say any more, and I am quite [illegible] House will not ask nor expect [illegible] more. With respect to the delegates [illegible] hon. gentleman has spoken of, [illegible] say that if they arrive here [illegible] received and heard, and there [illegible] tentive consideration [illegible] whatever they may say [illegible] ter. One hon. gentleman [illegible] —and I see the press [illegible] in the same sense, as if [illegible] were coming from the persons [illegible] instigators and accessories [illegible] of this man, and therefore [illegible] received. I do not [illegible] there are any such persons [illegible] (hear, hear.) There was a meeting [illegible] the House and country know [illegible] composed of representatives [illegible] resident inhabitants with [illegible] French. That meeting was [illegible] purpose of conferring—you [illegible] conference in fact—as to the [illegible] country, and what their claims [illegible] before assenting to come into [illegible] That body I believe was elected [illegible] people and was composed of [illegible] body of men as a whole. The [illegible] understand were selected by [illegible] and you will at once see [illegible] no assassin among them [illegible] you that Judge Black is [illegible] head, a gentleman who has [illegible] the court there of the largest [illegible] and civil jurisdiction, and who [illegible] confidence and respect of all [illegible] even of the persons who are [illegible] gents. He is at the head of the [illegible] tion, and any imputation or [illegible] that he could in any way countenance such outrage as *that spoken of* [illegible] course, out *of the question.* I [illegible] further, in order to show the character [illegible] the delegation, and how it is esteemed [illegible] the people there, that when Judge [illegible] thought at first that he could not [illegible] here in consequence of private and personal matters, it was settled [illegible] glican Bishop of Rupert's Land [illegible] Macrae, should go in his place [illegible] from his position it would be [illegible] that he is a gentleman of the highest [illegible] racter, and I believe he is regarded [illegible] honour to his Church and his [illegible] However, Judge Black found it [illegible] come, and, I believe, he will be [illegible] the rest. They will be heard; [illegible] importance, I may say, is attached [illegible] fact that this body is coming [illegible] body of *quasi* ambassadors—that [illegible] ford Northcote, who is Governor [illegible] Hudson Bay Company, is coming [illegible] for the very purpose of meeting [illegible] They will be heard, and their [illegible] tions will receive every consideration [illegible] possibly the result or the [illegible] be the subject of discussion [illegible] before the end of the present [illegible] do not know that it is necessary [illegible] would be proper or expedient [illegible] say anything more in answer to [illegible] friend. If there is anything I have [illegible] I will be very glad to supplement [illegible] sent statement.'

(TO BE CONTINUED)

A Murderous Blunder.

London Free Press.

If Riel had thought fit to [illegible] means of defeating his own [illegible] gering his own life, he could [illegible] a more effectual one than [illegible] poor fellow Scott to be shot. [illegible] Scott do se that he should [illegible] may have proved inconvenient [illegible] there were plenty of places in [illegible] have been kept from harm. [illegible] cause he was obnoxious, [illegible] tioned in the *cause of law and* [illegible] ordered him *to be shot, and then* [illegible] die in agonies in his coffin. [illegible] is horrible, and one can [illegible] long ere his, some [illegible] pluck to stir up to Riel and [illegible] out on the highway. [illegible] be done but to put down [illegible] rebellion by the sword. [illegible] scarcely hold official communication [illegible] representatives of a [illegible] lous but [illegible] Riel is the [illegible] [illegible] fate is to be [illegible] now a feeling of determination [illegible] law first, and indulge [illegible] prevalent. With the [illegible] for this matter will be [illegible]

DEATH OF MR JOHN DONAGHUE.—[illegible] feelings of profound regret [illegible] death of John Donaghue, Esq. [illegible] proprietor of the *Evening* [illegible] months past Mr. Donaghue [illegible] from consumption, and his death [illegible] expected—though not [illegible] friends. Since 1818 he has [illegible] with journalism in this city, [illegible] honour to whatever came [illegible] was a free and fearless [illegible] the influence which he [illegible] the community in which he [illegible] staunch Irishman, and [illegible] offered to them with a [illegible] how deeply rooted within [illegible] for the home of his fathers [illegible] was a native of this city, [illegible] knowledge of its trade and [illegible] tics and trade of [illegible] subjects were highly [illegible] instruction which they [illegible] make all [illegible] was opposed, he was [illegible] nent. His death is [illegible] circles, for he was a [illegible] father, a good citizen [illegible] *bec Chronicle.*

[LO]CAL NEWS

[F]raser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheuma[tism]...

...'s Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

[M]arket, Tuesday.—Owing to the bad [state of] the roads, the market was poor.

... & Russell's show room opening and ... display of novelties for the season [t]ake place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

... of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, [&]c, &c, &c, at J. B. Bass & Co's, 21 ... street.

...[wor]th seeing, the grand display of Millin[ery], Mantles, and the crowds of people ... the Spring Fashions at Garland, [Mutchm]or & Co.

... 150 Packages new Goods on view at [Garland], Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in ... Department.

... and House Furnishings made a ...ty. The largest stock of New Goods, [lo]west prices in the city at Garland, [Mutch]mor & Co.

[Corr]ection.—In "Fags," communication ... the word "monastic" was printed in ... "nomadic." As the writer has no ... with the monastic orders he has ... us to make the correction.

[The] Ice.—Several teams sunk through the ... the Upper Ottawa. Experienced per[sons] pronounce the ice no-where safe.

... Lectures of the Ottawa Literary Club ... postponed till after the Session of the ... Parliament.

[The] Market—Wednesday—About a dozen ... was all that could be found on the ... Two dead porkers, and a case of ... hens and roosters remained till noon ... a purchase.

[Pol]ice Court—Wednesday—Leon Couture ...k—fined $2 and costs.

...ophas de Chamb...ult—assault—dis[missed].

...ge Leb...—assault—fined 20 cents.

[The] Delave Troupe.—This combination [of gymn]asts, and pantomimists gave their last [entert]ainment yesterday. They proceed to ...ott, where they will show Friday and ...day. On Monday they open in Ogden[sburg].

[St.] Joseph's Orphans Home Concert.—A [concer]t will be given on next Sunday even[ing for] the benefit of the above named Insti[tution]. Among other fine voices, the splen[did vo]ice of M de Plainval will give inter[est to] the evening.

[Disapp]ointment.—The public will learn ... that Mrs. Miles was accidently ... injured after having made pre... to sing at the St. Patrick's Hall last ... Mrs. Miles is deservedly a favourite ...ity, as her talents are always at com[mand] for any beneficial, and charitable ob[ject].

[Coff]ee.—By reference to our advertising ...s it will be seen that the India and [China] Tea Company have received at their ..., Bangs Block, Elgin Street, a fur[ther] supply of fresh ground coffee. This [comp]any claims to give better value in teas [and] coffees than any other establishment in [the c]ity. By all means give them a trial.

[St.] Patrick's Hall.—Last night being the [last] of the Readings for this season at the above ..., the hall was crowded to its utmost capaci[ty]. The entertainment throughout, was exceed[ing]ly good, and the programme well sustain[ed]. Miss. M. A. Smith, by special re[quest], delighted the audience with one of her [exq]uisite piano solos. Miss Poulin's singing [was] greatly admired. The other performers [are] too well known to an Ottawa audience [to ne]ed us to sound their praises.

St. George's Society.

The annual meeting of the above society [was] held at Salmon's Hotel, on Tuesday even[ing] last. There were about eighty members [pr]esent. T. H. Kirby, Esq. 1st Vice-Presi[dent], occupied the chair. After the trans[action] of general business a very interesting [rep]ort was read by the secretary.

The names of the gentlemen elected to hold [du]ring the current official year are as follows:

Pr[es]ident—Dr. Sweetland.

1st Vice President—Thos. Birkett, Esq.

2nd do do —H. Gough, Esq.

Secretary—W. Mills, Esq.

Treasurer—Thos Starmer, Esq.

Chaplain—Rev. H. Pollard.

Physician—Dr. Hill.

Solicitor—E. P. Remon, Esq.

Committee of Management—Geo. Bartlett, [W]. Meadows, Geo. Bott, F. Hallandale, F. Champness, E. W. Stevens, B. Huckell.

Auditors—Jas. Slocombe, Hy. Pace.

Stewards—J. Curtis, B. Dyke, T. Huckell, W. E. Troman.

We understand that the approaching anni[v]ersary is to be celebrated by Divine Service [i]n the morning, after which the members will [l]unch together. In the evening a concert will be given.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manu[fa]cturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordin[ar]y qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have pro[du]ced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a deli[ca]te aroma, and a rare concentration of the [pur]est elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoe[o]paths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual ... style last month, and next month the ... of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate [t]he birth of their new and rising existence; ...recovered invalids still feel that a public holi[day] would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of [tha]t celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Sho[shonees] Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

The mind governs the muscles through the ner[vous] system, as the telegraph apparatus is influ[enced] by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accom[pa]nying trains of evil and resulting diseases:

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypo[p]hosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regu[lar] action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a hearty standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

Agents—Francis Caudill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1270 6b

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 6.

The building of the Emigrant Sheds on Garrison Common was commenced to-day

It is expected that Mr. Cameron, Rev. Dr. McCaul and Rev. Punchon will address the indignation meeting to-night. Dr. Schultz telegraphs from Windsor that he will be here though much wearied and suffering from injuries sustained by a fall.

The *Globe* says the British Minister at Washington, has intimated to our Government that the American executive have received warning of a projected Fenian raid along the frontier, from Port Huron to St. Albans. The American authorities have been put on the alert to stop the threatened invasion.

HALIFAX.

Halifax, April 5.

The Inman Steamship, from England arrived at 3 p. m,

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

Extracts.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M D., Gagetown, N.B

Tom Thumb Eclipsed.—we read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,-00, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a smallman! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at he nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The next REGULAR MEETING will be held in the LECTURE ROOM, Sparks Street, on FRIDAY, 8th April, at 7½ p. m. At 8 o'clock a paper will be read by James H. Rowan, C. E. subject, "The Great Pyramid, the most recent theories and deductions as to the object for which it was built. The date of its construction. Its Builders, illustrated by numerous drawings made from actual measurement."

Admission free. The public generally are invited to attend.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

1327 2

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect, Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE,

At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large hed," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Pr of of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits. P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321tf

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well. 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 4 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned executors offer for sale South half of LOT No. 22, the 3 concession, R. Front, Township of Nepean, situated on the Macadamized Road to Richmond, about 11 miles from Ottawa, consisting of 100 acres, more or less, 60 of which are cleared, in a good state of cultivation, and well fenced, with a good comfortable house frame barn and sheds thereon. In the immediate vicinity of this property are two churches and two schools

For further particulars, as to terms, &c., apply, if by letter postpaid, to the Executors at Bell's Corner's, Nepean, Ont.

JAMES DAVIDSON, ROBT PARK, sen., DANIEL CRAIG, } Executors.

Ottawa, March 23, 1870. 14 lm

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Court of Revision for the Township of Fitzroy will hold its first sitting for the current y... H 1 of the said Township, at 2 o'clock, p m. on SATURDAY, the 7th day of MAY next.

W P TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office, Fitzroy, 29th March, 1870. 1422A

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodified the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS, of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to S CHRISTIE, No 38 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.

1317tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £28 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2a

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street.

1306 1M

TO L[ET].

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290tf

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON, Crown Hotel, 58 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 29th, 1870. 1119b

RINK MUSIC HALL.

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, '70,

And continue until further notice.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE

THE HANLONS IN THE SHADE.

THE GREAT FEMALE FLYING TRAPEZE, LILA AND ZOE.

From the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, Paris,

The Troupe comprises the following first class Artists:

Miss LILA and ZOE, who stand unrivalled and alone as the two "Queens of the Air."

Mons. DELAVE, the great Ascensionist, and the only successor of Blondin, will ascend from the back of the stage to the extreme end of the theatre, carrying on his shoulders Mile A. Z— together with all his astonishing feats, never attempted by any other performer.

Mlle. CODONA, the Queen of Beauty, in her classic tight rope performances.

Mons. CODONA, the Clown, Acrobat, and Pantomimist.

Mons. DELAVE, the great Aerobatist and daring Gymnast.

Mons. DELRRA, the Boneless Man,

YOUNG AMERICA, the Boy Wonder, and a host of others too numerous too mention.

New and Startling Feats Every Evening.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Doors open at 7. To commence at 8.

Seats can be secured without extra charge at Orme & Son's.

J E NOBLE, Advance Agent.

1323 5

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

NURSE WANTED.

A NURSE for a gentleman in the Protestant Hospital.

One not afraid of the Small Pox would be preferred.

Good wages given.

Ottawa, April 5, 1870. 1325 3

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 28, 1870. 1317 td

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precautions adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1308 tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at resonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

1326a

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all's ortment,

KEESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL, BLYTH & RUSSELL,

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

Opposite H. P. McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1272 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1266tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

[Ot]tawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's D u by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christ y Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from "Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W. W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1301 ly

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death toook place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

24. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

[Ci]ty Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313 6wlawz

THE OTTAWA "TIMES"

BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE

38 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

BOOK WORK,

CIRCULARS.

BILL HEADS,

BILLS OF FARE,

CARDS, *all colors*

PROGRAMMES, *all sizes,*

HAND BILLS,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,

COLOURED PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

executed in the latest style and at the lowest rates.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook; a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, April 7, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 75	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	5 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and ensuring the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. In any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security that law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

Coughs and colds.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Are you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 124-4

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,
With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1254 3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Road, Ottawa City.

LEA & PERRINS'

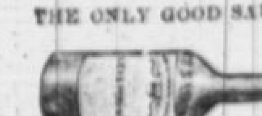
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, label, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL. LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awsfm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jul-141-tf

---

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingles No 1 and Extras.

MAY & ROBINSON

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 360tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

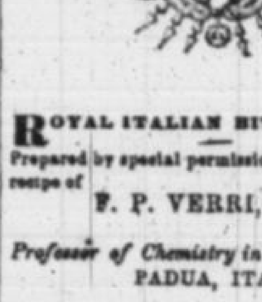
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor, Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P,
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa,
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 9s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
14 3 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Medical.

TRADE—MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS in town.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste, and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

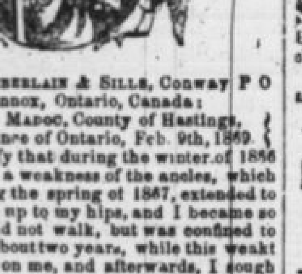
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O, County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS, TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

B. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietary interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

FARM FOR SALE.

To be sold 80 acres of the South half of Lot No 23, on broken Rideau Front, Township of Gloucester, 30 acres cleared, being situate on the bank of the River Rideau, near Long Island Locks. The soil is good clay. A good Log Barn and Stables on the premises.

Terms—Will be sold to suit purchasers. Title indisputable.

For particulars apply at the office of MESSRS MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c, Rideau street, City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 29, 1870. 5 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

25 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY
AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

...they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases without exciting a suspicion of its presence. It seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the Liver, and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

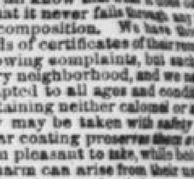
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings,** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER.

Politics, Literature, Commerce, Industry, Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn that a paper bearing the above title is about to appear to meet their wants. Aware of the necessity of such a newspaper, in both language of Ottawa, and which will afford, every day, the latest intelligence, I have not hesitated to undertake the publication of the *Courier,* and it shall be my aim in doing so to fully satisfy the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising. Trade is brisk, and there is evidence of great future prosperity. Her means of communication to and from the city, and the facility of establishing additional factories, afforded by the unrivalled water-power at our very door, will do much to rapidly increase the city's growth.

Confederation has strengthened the commercial ties between the English and French-speaking inhabitants of the Dominion, and it shall be the aim of the *Courier* to bind them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the Federal government the proprietor of the *Courier* concurs, and will endeavour to give it that measure of support which circumstances may render necessary, carefully avoiding giving offence to such as may differ from us in opinion. We will cultivate a friendly bearing towards the traditions of the past and the actualities of the present, hoping to take a middle but independent course, which cannot fail to be approved by the inhabitants of the entire valley of the Ottawa.

A young people should endeavour to raise themselves to the level of more advanced nationalities, and this they can only do by being made acquainted with what is done in other parts of the world. This shall be our aim, and we shall also urge such improvements as tend to increase the means of developing the wealth of the community. Our efforts shall not, however, be confined to city interests; the requirements of the husbandman will receive a full share of our attention, knowing that the cultivation of the soil the merchant's prosperity very much depend. It shall, in fact, be our particular object to protect and encourage the agriculturist, and at the same time the other industries, and to provide agreeable and useful information for both, in leisure hours.

Correspondents will always find our columns open to them in which to express their views or offer suggestions, provided their writings be expressed are consistent with morality, and couched in moderate, though it may be forcible language.

Let it not be supposed, however, by anything that may have been said, that the columns of the *Courier* will be wholly devoted to local matters. The intelligence of the leading events in every quarter of the globe will find its way into our columns, the telegraph will be brought into use, and the latest news will be in every case, where possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety of matter which the *Courier* will contain, and the energy displayed in its management, the proprietor [illegible] anticipates success and pledges himself [illegible]

The *Courier* will be published every [illegible] at five o'clock, and the yearly subscription payable in advance, is $4.

There will also be a weekly edition [illegible] of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON BUREAU,
Editor and Proprietor.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, [illegible]

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1328. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT THE [illegible] BOOT AND SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

[illegible] inform my customers and the public that I am now receiving my Fall Stock of Foot Wear which will be [illegible] in every department, representing [illegible]EST AND BEST STYLES [illegible], Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear. [illegible] as usual is chosen with great care, [illegible] to give satisfaction, and at [illegible] DEFYING COMPETITION. [illegible] supply of Lumbermen's Wear always [illegible] for all sorts of work. Only the [illegible] employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

[illegible] WHELAN, [illegible] RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA. OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT ([illegible] opposite the Old Stand,) [illegible] at VERY LOW PRICES a large selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy [illegible], Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, [illegible] and Fine Salt. Also. [illegible] Bordeaux and their Vinegars.

[illegible] PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, [illegible] numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

[illegible] Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young [illegible], fresh and cheap. [illegible] Coffee ground and roasted daily on [illegible].

[illegible] BRANDIES; Hennessy & Co, Henry's and other brands. [illegible] GIN— Kuyper's and Hostman's, wood [illegible]. Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine [illegible], Sauterne and Madeira Wines, in wood and bottle, improved by age. [illegible]NES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, [illegible] and flavor, at extremely low prices. [illegible] and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and [illegible] Irish Whiskey. Old Irish Potteen. [illegible] and London Porter, pts and qts. [illegible] other Ales. [illegible] Syrups, all grades. [illegible] prices.

[illegible] STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE [illegible] AT TWENTY-FIVE [illegible] CENT BELOW COST. 1105

[illegible] TELEGRAPH COMPANY [illegible] under Chapter LXVII of the [illegible] Statutes of Canada. [illegible] OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange [illegible], 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: [illegible] Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; [illegible] A THOMSON, T R DUNN. [illegible] Manager. 1141tf

[illegible] TO [illegible] KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI[illegible] STORES AND OTHERS. [illegible] notice of my intention to supply [illegible] otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. [illegible] of trade during the last four years [illegible] led me to enlarge my manufactory I [illegible] to make the wholesale trade my [illegible]. I have now is undoubtedly the largest [illegible] the question of quality is readily [illegible] making known the fact that I raise my [illegible] from seed procured at any expense [illegible] is the best; they will therefore [illegible] comparison with any imported. [illegible] and important fact is that being [illegible] manufactured in Ottawa thereby [illegible] freight, packing, duty and other expenses [illegible] enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than [illegible]. [illegible] advantages, I think, cannot fail to [illegible] who may favor me with their orders. [illegible] NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle [illegible], Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box [illegible] Post Office, Ottawa. [illegible] Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau [illegible]. [illegible] Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected [illegible] highest prices given. 1126y

[illegible] OTTAWA COURIER.

[illegible] H. EASTON & CO., [illegible] COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, DEALERS IN Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. [illegible] advanced on goods consigned for immediate [illegible]. Prompt returns in all cases. E. H. EASTON

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S, [illegible] PARKS STREET, OTTAWA. [illegible] more gentlemen can be accommodated [illegible] comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen [illegible] the Capital will find superior accommodation [illegible] the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate [illegible] of the Parliament Buildings and the [illegible] banks. 219tf

[illegible] PRIVATE BILLS. [illegible] Parties intending to make application [illegible] Legislature of Ontario for Private [illegible] hereby notified that they are [illegible] by the 51st and following Rules of the [illegible] Assembly, (which are published in the [illegible] Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the [illegible] (clearly and distinctly specifying its [illegible] object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and [illegible] newspaper published in the County or [illegible] Counties affected; such notice shall be [illegible] in each case for a period of at least [illegible] during the interval of time between the [illegible] next preceding Session and the consideration [illegible] of the Petition. Copies of the first and [illegible] notices to be sent to the Private Bill [illegible]. [illegible] for Private Bills must be presented [illegible] the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the [illegible].

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House. [illegible], 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

[illegible] COUNTY OF CARLETON, to Wit. [illegible] PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the [illegible] OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL [illegible] DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI [illegible] in and for the said County of Carleton, [illegible] holden at the Court House in the City of [illegible], on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, [illegible] hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which [illegible] magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and [illegible] concerned, are required to take notice [illegible] govern themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL, Sheriff. [illegible] Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1313 [illegible]

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st, CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied [illegible]ment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter "city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS DRAWERS, &c, &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO. October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ton bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 65 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:10 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 am

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 pm via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m. for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3[illegible] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.36 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connection between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.30, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $90 00

Halifax ... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00

Halifax ... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or SHRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand

Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1236.t

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO., Agents, Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt [illegible] Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 59 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON, Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent, Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 5, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superseded all others

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON Commission Merchant, Bangs Block, Elgin Street,

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country. legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S A ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 20. [illegible]

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES

counted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 36, Sparks street, Ottawa.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 24, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Mails	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily. Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor			
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States		11.50	4.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		5.00
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.50	4.30
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MR. EDITOR,—I perceive by the TIMES of the 5th that the recognized organ of public opinion is again in print. A business engagement beyond the city limits has prevented me acknowledging his courtesies till the present moment.

In the varied train of cerebral diseases, now so alarmingly on the increase, and so perplexing to the skill of the practitioner in therapeutic science, there is none to compare with a malignant type of *cacoethes scribendi.* The unfortunate patient is truly to be pitied—he exhibits a state of continue drestlessness, with an eager desire of setting every thing around him, as he supposes, to rights. In a fruitless endeavour to accomplish this arduous duty, he frequently becomes the victim of severe personal injuries. Your correspondent "Fag" appears to afford an illustration of such an unhappy case.

His nasal organ, keen of scent, penetrates not only the cuticle of that naughty business, the book agencies, but as I am credibly informed, frequently invades most ruthlessly the sanctities of domestic life; and instead of an itinerant, he is pretty generally looked upon in the community as a perpetual standing nuisance. Not only has he constituted himself mounteback, in general to the great metropolitan hippodrome, but also conservator general to the public weal. In the exercise of his high functions in this department, his communication of yesterday opens with the imposing stereotype of a Royal Proclamation.—*Whereas,* our right trusty and well beloved cousins, with the approbation and concurrence of our loyal subjects generally, throughout our Dominion, have seen fit to approve and commend our recent strictures on the audacious conduct of a pernicious troop of peripatetic book agents, who some time since made a raid on the sacred precincts of our august presence, thereby doing indignity to, and shewing contempt for, our Royal person and authority. "*And Whereas,*" it is expedient, and necessary, to visit such violation with some suitable token of our Royal displeasure, "Now Know Ye," &c., &c., &c.

But returning to my subject. "Fag" says "there was nothing injurious in his letter." If he were morally responsible for his actions, the quotation of a rusty old proverb—"It is as sport to a fool to do mischief," might be sufficiently appropriate.

I certainly do think the readers of the TIMES must be already nauseated with the subject which, like a Nemesis, he intimates his intention to agitate *ad infinitum,* till the intolerable nuisance of book distribution by Agency, is once and for all time terminated. The principle of reciprocal rights does not appear to be clearly understood by "Fag." As Lord Dundreary has it—"I don't see why Bishop Colenso should not have a book on the Pentateuch, any more than I should not have a book on the Darby."

The days of class legislation are nearly numbered, and the peripatetic pauperhood, even now, enjoy a laugh at the fulminations of the penny-a-liner.

They don't seem at all inclined to submit tamely, to the strictures of the "Press," *alias* Fag, nor to turn their back on the city, because the beagle barks. They are in no wise remarkable for their retiring habits. But can any one tell who this incessant scribbler is, that talks of the assumption of distinguished itinerants, in supposing for a moment that his diamond pointed pen, could be sullied, by condescending to make them the subject of his notice. Save the mark!

I have an opinion there are at least some of the peripatetics, who would most signally fail to appreciate the honour conferred upon them by being engaged [in] polemical discussion with an opponent [of] such eminence. It is generous in him, to make allowance for a view of ill humour; but as I never write, and try to avoid speaking under such influence, the remark does not apply. He is unsparing of misrepresentation, there I am at one with him. It is indeed probable, that my letter in Saturday's TIMES which evidently called forth his last epistle, may have contained some morsels not adapted to the constitution of dyspeptic subjects; but I hold myself responsible for the truth of every word of it. In fact, every single expression contained in it, was set forth with a moderation, which, as judicious friends informed me, failed to do justice to the merits of the case. "Fag," is certainly no adept in classifying commercial commodities. The enchanting Houris, with West India molasses and honey in one hand, and "Horae Paulina" in the other, however dexterous in driving a bargain, would yet be in great danger of daubing the thing. In short, the course of domestic economy which he so warmly advocates is entirely unsuited to the requirements of the age. So long as the world lasts it is bound to support us; and there is no danger of its fruits failing to realize for us, throughout all time, the precious promise of our daily bread.

JUSTITIA.

OTTAWA, 7th April, 1870.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE AGE.—Forty thousand dollars' worth of French mirror plates have been ordered by the Leland Brothers, for their new Union Hotel at Saratoga. The other appointments of the new hotel are said to be on a similar scale of magnificence.—*New York Tribune, Jan. 12th.* 1260

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11385W6m

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—New Stock—New Premises—C. P Doion, Sparks-st.
Alkahasr from Constantinople.
House to Let—Kennedy & Christie
Carleton House—M E Cochrane
Rooms to Let—Apply at the Times Office.
Canada—Granville.
New Enterprise—R L James & Co
Saw Mill and Timber Limits For Sale—Wm Breakney

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see first Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

THE CAUGHNAWAGA CANAL.

It is scarcely surprising that local interests could, to some extent, warp men's judgments, in regard to matters of general concern. The scheme, which for the past quarter of a century, the Honourable John Young, of Montreal, has persistently entertained that of connecting the waters of Lake Champlain with those of the St. Lawrence, by means of a canal at Caughnawaga is only now opposed by the merchants of Montreal. When the scheme was first mooted, it was more particularly opposed by the people of Quebec. To the latter it seemed like turning off the waters of the St. Lawrence, so far as the interests of their trade was concerned. The people of Montreal are now similarly impressed. Both Quebec and Montreal overlook the fact that the canal will bring trade as well as take it away from them—if it should even avert any trade that they now possess, or are likely to possess. The Canal would bring Albany or Troy some hundreds of miles nearer to Liverpool via Quebec than these cities at present are, and it would permit of the opening up of new branches of commerce in connection with inland navigation. Rivers are seconded as well as [illegible] and [illegible] canals. Where the merchant [illegible]. All places above Montreal must be obviously benefited by the increased commerce, which the construction of the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain Canal will create, and the Western section of this Dominion can be made prosperous without its prosperity affecting all the other portions of the Dominion. Every additional ship or even scow placed upon the waters of Lake Ontario both directly and indirectly will benefit Montreal and Quebec. Were the Caughnawaga Canal open for traffic to-morrow it will not take from Montreal, or Quebec either any business that there cities now possess. The ships that come to Quebec with merchandise or in ballast for lumber must be loaded, and so at Montreal. The great rafts of the Ottawa or of the Trent are not likely to be shipped at New York after a water communication only, at the best, suitable for vessels built for river navigation, has been established. The Ocean Steamships are nearer the sea at Montreal than at New York, or rather nearer Liverpool and other British ports. The canal, while it will prove of much commercial advantage to this city, and to all the towns and cities on Lake Ontario, cannot be in any degree prejudicial to the trading interests of the chief seaports of this Dominion. We feel pleasure in transferring to our columns the following remarks of the able parliamentary correspondent of the Toronto *Leader*.

Among the measures relating to public improvements that have been introduced this session, there is none, perhaps, which has so much interest attached to it as the bill to connect the St. Lawrence with the waters of Lake Champlain. Nearly a quarter of a century ago Hon. John Young, of Montreal, conceived the project of attracting down the St. Lawrence a portion of the grain trade of the Western States. For this purpose he originated the scheme of constructing a canal on the south shore of the St Lawrence, opposite to Lachine, and carrying it south-eastward in the direction of Lake Champlain. By means of this artificial channel he proposed to convey the breadstuffs of the west into the heart of the New England States; and to bring them there at far less expense for carriage than if they were transported to their final destination by way of such ports as Oswego and Buffalo. The scheme was opposed on local grounds. The merchants of Montreal who wants foresight while they possess enterprise, imagined that a canal which should tap the St. Lawrence seven miles above their city would leave the warehouses empty and desolate. On the other hand, a number of wealthy French Canadian landed proprietors in the eastern section of Montreal wished the canal to commence at Longueuil village fully two miles from the centre of business of the city. These gentlemen cared little for the objection that grain vessels to reach the canal they contemplated would have to descend the Lachine canal paying lock dues, tonnage and other incidental expenses. Against all these difficulties Hon John Young had to contend; and [illegible] longest through a quarter of a century, have [illegible]. It [illegible] be a question whether he be not too sanguine in his expectations; for this seems to [illegible] more or less extent is the characteristic of all projectors. But be this as it may the persistent efforts which Hon John Young has made have deserved the reward which has been accorded to them. It now remains for the future to prove whether his expectations will be realized; or whether, if realized, they will be worth the labour, time and thought he has expended on the project of wedding the water of the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain.

MERE MOONSHINE.

While the Deputy Adjutants General of Militia are being summoned by telegram to Ottawa on important public business, the Toronto *Telegraph* devotes four and a half columns to a review of the "Singular Report on the defences of the Dominion," by the Adjutant General. This admittedly able and gallant officer, among other things, is charged with the heinous offence of not writing English. Colonel Robertson Ross, it is reasonable to suppose, is quite capable of expressing himself in his native language, which we take for granted is English, although he may not be able to make himself clearly understood by the *Telegraph* at all times. Colonel Ross may not at any time be able to express himself in such particularly elegant terms as the *Telegraph* is accustomed to use. There is a knack in writing English, which is peculiar to the *Telegraph*. The *Telegraph* takes exception to the use of "intelligent" as applied to drill and substitutes "intelligible" for it. Now it seems to us that there is a wide difference in the terms as so applied and that *intelligent* drill has a signification which *intelligible* drill has not. It is not very intelligible to us what object the *Telegraph* can have in pointing out the shortcomings of Colonel Peacock at Liveridge, just now. Nor is it very intelligible to us, why the *Telegraph* should endeavor to create jealousies between the regular and volunteer services. However, it is all a matter of taste, and, like the threatened Fenian raid, pretty much a matter of moonshine.

DUAL REPRESENTATION.

The following remarks, from the Ottawa correspondent of the leading Liberal paper of Lower Canada, the Montreal *Herald*, on the necessity of dual representation, are worthy of attention, and support the opinions we lately expressed on the same subject. The discussion referred to is that on the extension of the charter to the Canada Central Railway:—

"One thing this discussion has very forcibly convinced me of, and that is the almost absolute necessity of the Local Governments being represented here effectively if the dual system is to be abolished. It is not necessary to discuss whether the land policy of the Local Government be wise or unwise. It has been adopted and it is believed that an attempt has been made to infringe on the constitution in this respect. Set aside, however, any particular subject and look at the abstract question. Suppose the Dominion Parliament should from mere thoughtlessness or from outside pressure, attempt to override a local government on any particular matter with which it had only incidentally to do, and which only incidentally, but no less certainly, its legislation would injuriously affect, there would be no one in the House to make any particular examination of the bill and thus, possibly unwittingly, mischief might be caused and ill-feeling engendered which it would be difficult to allay. For my own part while I see certain disadvantages connected with the system of dual representation, I cannot blind myself to the fact that it possesses counterbalancing advantages that have been too much overlooked. Besides, the power I think may very safely be left in the hands of the people to decide when they are well served. If any serious evils arise they may speedily be checked by the constituencies."

THE CANAL AT SAULT ST. MARIE.

A correspondent wishes to know whether the steamers carrying troops from Collingwood or any other port on the Canadian side will be allowed to pass through the American canal at the Sault Ste. Marie, even should such steamers land the troops and munitions of war at the Ste. Marie, and take this over land route (over a half mile) to Lake Superior and re-embark. Would not the United States authorities make some objection to letting the steamer through?

It is impossible to answer positively this query. This we know. Two American steam-sloops of war were permitted to pass from Lake Ontario through the St. Lawrence canals to the sea, by the British authorities some 20 years ago, and common courtesy would suggest a return of the compliment on the part of the American authorities. Great Britain is not at war with the United States, and it is not all likely that any difficulty would [illegible].

AN INTERESTING LEGAL CASE.

Among the cases to be tried at the approaching Assizes there is one which will probably excite a good deal of interest in the community. It is an action for damage brought by W. A Maingy, Esq., of New Edinburgh, against the Corporation of Ottawa, for injuries received by a fall into what has been described as a "Man-trap"—a hole four feet deep, made by removing a portion of the sidewalk in front of McLaren's Mill. According to Mr. Maingy's statement, the place was left entirely unguarded; the corporation foreman on the other hand maintains that it was properly protected. However this may be, Mr Maingy, as he was going home one dark night fell into this hole, sustaining severe external injuries, and also an internal shock from the effects of which, as we understand, he is still suffering. We confess we are at a loss to account for the conduct of the Corporation, for unless they were prepared to set aside facts which it is difficult to believe can be set aside, unless they are prepared to show either that Mr. Maingy never fell into the hole at all, or that he plunged into it of malice prepense, clambering over barriers in order to do himself an injury, or else that although the place was left unguarded, and he did fall in, owing to its being left in that state, he yet received no injuries entitling him to damages; unless, we say, the Corporation is prepared to prove one of these three things, it was manifestly its duty to have tendered to Mr. Maingy fair compensation under the circumstances. Speaking generally, a case like this, where there is no deliberate attempt at fraud, should not be allowed to come to trial. We regret very much that the city is going to be involved in the expenses of a law suit in such a matter.

"Justitia's" letter—see first page.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon Sir Francis Hincks stated that he intended to increase the revenue to the amount of one million one hundred thousand dollars. His chief source of increase was an addition of 5 per cent. to the amount of duties collected. That is, under this arrangement, articles paying 15 per cent would pay 15¾. He made an increase on some items now in the free list. He stated in reply to Mr. Holton that wheat might be ground in bond for exportation free.

Hon Mr Holton characterised the scheme as petty, and a departure from the free trade principles of Mr. Hincks.

Hon Sir A T. Galt contended that the statement of the financial position of the Dominion was bad and insufficient.

After the debate resolutions imposing increased duties were passed through committee, Government taking possession of the telegraph wires, and permitting no message till this was done.

On the item relating to the duty on imported salt, Mr. Fortin, member for the County of Gaspe, and Mr Robitaille, the member for Bonaventure, both strongly opposed the proposition, and advocated the interests of their respective constituencies, they begged the Government to amend they proposed duty.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier said that there would be a drawback in the duty on salt imported from foreign countries, for the packing of fish, &c.

With regard to our remarks yesterday on the employment of Canadian Militia out of the Dominion, we have since found that the 61st clause of the new Militia Act, 31 Vic., chap. 40, authorizes the Governor-General to employ volunteers, etc., "either within or without the Dominion.

A recent number of the *Army and Navy Gazette* intimates that, at least, three regiments will be retained under the new arrangements, in Canada, but that they will be severally reduced to a service establishment of 500 men. One of the regiments at Halifax will be relieved in the course of the summer by the 1st Battalion of the 60th Rifles now quartered in Ottawa. The Rifle Brigade and the Artillery stationed here are also under orders for home, and the force stationed in the country will consist of the 69th at Quebec, and the 78th and the 1st Battalion of the 60th at Halifax. The relief will probably be delayed until the fall, as it is now all but certain that the Head Quarters are not to be transferred from Montreal to Quebec until October or September.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

(CONTINUED.)

OTTAWA, 6th March, 1870.

Mr. MACKENZIE—There are one or two points upon which I would like further information. When I asked the Government two days ago the questions that have just been more fully asked by the hon. member for Peel, I said I was led to believe from the letters received, and from information in the newspapers, that there were still more prisoners confined there, and that I had some apprehension for the safety of these prisoners in the hands of such desperate men as seem to have control of affairs there at present. I have seen stated that this unfortunate gentleman who was murdered, asked leave before his murder to take a farewell of his fellow prisoners, and that at that time there were forty-seven persons in prison. Now, the hon. gentleman has not stated whether he has any further information as to the fate of the forty-seven, who were undoubtedly in prison when this man was murdered. I asked that question two days ago.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—It was my impression that I had answered it.

Mr. MACKENZIE—The answer given was, that there would not be any definite information until they had the report from Mr. Donald A. Smith. I am very glad to here that this Government and the Imperial Government are in accord in the determination to assert the supremacy of the British Crown in that territory. But I have noticed a statement in the telegraphic reports this morning that Mr. Monsell, the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, stated in his place in the English House of Commons on Monday night, that the demands made upon the Imperial Government for Imperial troops to go to Red River, were then under consideration of the Government (hear,) So that it is quite evident that on Monday night, at least, there is some discrepancy between Mr. Monsell's statement and the one the hon. gentleman opposite just made. Of course I accept the statement just made, but I mention this to show that there is some misunderstanding.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No, no (hear).

Mr. MACKENZIE—Very well, I am very glad to hear it (hear). With reference to the delegates I am bound to take the statement of the hon. gentleman, that Judge Black is coming, as I have no information from the papers or otherwise, but I fully endorse the sentiments of the member for Peel regarding the two other persons who are coming here and who were so intimately connected with the persons in rebellion, and I think they ought no to be received. We have first to vindicate the British law and supremacy in that country before we can hold communication with the people in rebellion. I have seen it stated that Riel has been issuing decrees and assuming supreme power—not assuming the functions of a Provisional Government but the functions of a permanent Government, and acting as if no election of delegates had taken place. I have seen it stated that two of the delegates were appointed actually by force, that the inhabitants present were overawed by those who had power at the moment, and that the whole proceeding was merely to gain time until they could obtain assistance from the filibusters and others in the United States, with whom we know they have been in active communication since the beginning of the insurrection. I wish to know further from the hon. gentleman whether any delay is to take place in forwarding the preparations that must be made—for there must be no squeamishness in this matter—until these delegates should come here, until Sir Stafford Northcote should come here, until there should be ample time to discuss these matters with these people, such delay as would prevent the departure of the forces necessary, in order to enforce order there. It is known now sir, that navigation will open on the upper Lakes, and within three or four weeks it will be possible for vessels to traverse Lake Superior to Thunder Bay; and I trust nothing will prevent the execution by the Government of everything necessary to forward forces there at the earliest possible moment (hear). This is a matter of course, in which, I am aware the Government have difficulties to contend with; and I am quite disposed to make every allowance for those difficulties; and I hope nothing will prevent the Government adopting an energetic course (hear).

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—With regard to the statement in the telegraphic news respecting the statement of Mr Monsell, I can merely say that the telegraph is not usually very accurate. I do not know what explanations he may have made in the House of Commons, and can only repeat what I have said, that the two Governments are quite in accord as to the policy pursued, and that policy is one of action (hear).

Mr. MACKENZIE I am very glad to hear that.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—With regard to the prisoners, I can only repeat the statement I made before. Mr. Smith understood that half of them had been discharged or where to be discharged as soon as he left, and the remainder in a day or two.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Have you any positive information that they were discharged?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I am sure they are all discharged by this time.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Then does the Government intend to delay active proceedings in the meantime.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I have told my hon. friend that the two Governments are quite in accord, and that our policy is one of action—(cheers)—and I think my hon. friend ought to be satisfied with that. Judge Black was coming down at once, and asked Mr. Smith to make arrangements for him, and Mr. Smith did make arrangements for him, sending conveyances *en route*. Mr. Smith left on the 19th of March, and Judge Black was shortly to follow him, but he did not make any arrangements for the others, as they did not ask him. He had made arrangements for conveyance to St. Paul, and from St. Paul still further this way.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Has any information been received of Judge Black's arrival at St. Paul. Mr. Smith left St. Paul a number of days ago, and it is possible that these gentlemen hearing of this deplorable event, will not now come at all. I think while this House is in session, it is absolutely necessary that the Government should before the House closes, put the House in full possession of the course it proposes to take. I can quite understand that a certain amount of reticence is absolutely necessary and is desirable, but at the same time when the representatives of the people are here assembled, I think the Government cannot with any propriety ask that this question should remain over until Parliament rises, for we are told that Parliament may rise shortly, and that the Government intend to bring it to a close as speedily as possible. I think we should have the assurance that whatever course is pursued, this House should be informed of it. I think there can be no doubt whatever that the Rubicon has been passed, by the execution, the homicide of Scott, and as these individuals have appealed to force, my conviction is that force must be resorted to. For my own part there is no one more willing to meet any reasonable complaint or remove any reasonable misapprehension that these people may be labouring under, but I do think that when, without any provocation, as far as we can judge from the information before us, they have slain men, the responsibility now rests with our Government, with the Imperial Government and with us (hear), and that we cannot divest ourselves of that responsibility by simple acquiescence with what the Government may consider right (hear.) I think the Government should give the House an opportunity of affirming or disapproving the policy they may see fit to adopt (hear).

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Of course the Government is in the hands of the House, and any hon. member can bring this subject up whenever he pleases. We can make such efforts as we think it our duty to do, we must take such a course and abide the consequences of approbation or disapprobation.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—I hope the hon. gentleman does not misunderstand me. I only wish to know if the Government would announce their policy before the House rises.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I really hope and believe that before this Parliament rises, matters will be in such a state that the Government can, without injury to public interests, but rather in promotion of public interests, take, as it were, the House into our confidence, if I may use such an expression, and show what the policy of the Government is (hear). Of course events changing every day may change the course this Government now think fit to pursue. I think if the Government do not make a full statement to the House before the prorogation, they are bound to make such a statement as will meet the approbation of the House (hear).

The matter was then dropped.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS moved the House into Committee to consider the resolution on the subject of Ferries. He explained that there was no Statute regulating the granting of licenses to ferries between any two Provinces and between any of the Provinces and the adjoining country. What he desired was a law providing certain regulations to be observed by all parties applying for such licenses, and the result would be to do away with existing evils and promote the public interest.

Mr. MACKENZIE advocated as little interference as possible with the ferries. He called attention to the policy with regard to the American ferry steamers which was attended with great practical inconvenience both to their own citizens and ours, as from the restrictions placed on our steamers in their ports, their ferry boats knowing that they could obtain all the traffic, and took towing and other work.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the mover should have been a little more explicit. He desired to know what was proposed to be done with the ferry opposite Ottawa, and with such ferries as those at Detroit, Sarnia and Ogdensburg.

After some further discussion the resolutions were agreed to, and the Committee rose and reported, and Mr. Morris introduced a Bill founded on the resolutions.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee on the resolutions to empower Banks in Nova Scotia to issue notes between $20 and $4, they being at present prevented from issuing any under $20.—Resolutions reported.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said to-morrow he would move the House into Committee on the Supreme Court Bill.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved concurrence on interest resolutions—first resolution passed.

On the second resolution,

Mr. YOUNG moved that no corporate body be allowed to charge a higher rate than private individuals. He was opposed to the restriction on money, but as the House had affirmed a contrary principle, he believed they were bound to carry out the principle so as to secure uniformity.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) was opposed to the Government measure, which was not only unnecessary but impolitic. Petitions had been received from various leading bodies against any change, and all experience of the usury laws showed how thorough a failure they had been.

Mr. JOLY pointed out the distinction between commercial and non-commercial loans, to the latter of which he believed the law might properly apply.

Mr. MILLS said in England there were many cases in which rights of individuals were restricted, but there were no good reasons in the present case why corporations should have rights not enjoyed by individuals. He could understand a pressure for usury laws in an unenlightened state of society, but in our case we had for many years enjoyed the benefits of having no usury laws, and he could not see any reason for the Government proposing a measure which could only be justified by the requirements of a less advanced state of society. He believed experience would show, that since the abolition of the usury law in this country, more people had been shaved by too high prices of goods charged by shop-keepers than by the high rates of interest charged by money-lenders. It was said this measure was for the protection of artless persons against sharpers. If that was so it ought to go further and protect them against the injudicious use of money, for more persons suffered in this way than by being obliged to pay a high rate of interest. There was as much propriety in the Government interfering with private judgment of persons with regard to the management of their business with regard to the rate of interest they shall pay for money to invest in their business. In every business there must be risk, and the money-borrower must bear his share of the risk. He believed the tendency of the measure would be to drive scrupulous men from the field and leave the business of money lending in the hands of unscrupulous men, who would find means of evading the law.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) said that experience had shown that many cases of hardship had occurred under the absence of usury laws, and it was in the general public interest to have a fixed rate of interest. He desired to see the question of a fixed rate of interest permanently settled. He thought Government should consent to put now corporations on the same footing as individuals.

Mr. MAGILL said there never was a time when money was more easily obtained than now, and, therefore, he argued, there was no necessity for such a measure, even supposing it would effect that which has been claimed for it. He believed the measure was an impertinent interference with the private judgment of individuals.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the Government should announce whether they would consent to the suggestions of so many members and put corporations and individuals on the same footing.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the policy of the Government could be found in the Resolutions.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it seemed to him preposterous to legislate to restrict private individuals in their contracts, while the corporations that did by far the largest amount of money lending were left practically unrestricted.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Trust and Loan Companies, with which he was acquainted, only charged eight per cent., payable half-yearly.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that the borrower had to pay the preliminary enquiry expenses, which were always very great.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the expenses were not less than if the money were borrowed from the mortgage drawn up by a private individual. The only corporations that could be said to be excepted by the resolutions from the general rule were the Building Societies. The House should remember that, not only were borrowers to be considered, but it should consider the case of those persons interested in these societies, which no doubt would, under the general rule proposed, have to be wound up. If these resolutions were now put into an account the Building Societies would, no doubt, consider this discussion ample warning that next session they would be included in the general working of the Act.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON (Peel) said that the Banks could not, under the present law, charge more than seven per cent. If they did so, [illegible] charged more than that rate could recover the difference. The Banks would not be in any better position under the resolutions than they are now. The remarks of the Minister of Justice, respecting the closing of the Building Societies, could not be upheld, because the resolutions proposed only to apply to a future case, and agreements now made would still remain good. The resolutions offered a premium to Building Societies to put up their stock to the highest figure, and charge the highest rates of interest. The resolutions were a delusion and a snare, and were giving exceptional legislation in favour of a class against which provision should be made.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD was in favour of a fixed rate of interest, which would apply to all institutions as well as private persons. He was in favour of the sense of the amendment proposed, but would vote against it, because he was in favour of the first five resolutions. He moved, an amendment that the resolutions be referred back to Committee, with instructions to strike out the sixth clause.

After some remarks from Hon. Col. GREY, Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD'S amendment was put and carried.—Yeas, 103; nays, 21.

The House then went into Committee—Mr. ROSS (Dundas) in the chair, and adopted the amendment, striking out the sixth clause, and rose and reported.

The first and second resolutions were concurred in. On the third resolution,

Hon. Mr. CAMERON (Peel) moved that it be not concurred in, but be referred back to the Committee of the Whole to consider the amendments as follows:—

That the rate of interest recoverable by suit on contracts, where no rate of interest is agreed on, or in cases where interest is recoverable by law, shall be six per cent. per annum, unless by an agreement the rate of interest is to be greater than six per cent., where such greater rate of interest, but to the extent of eight per cent. only, shall be recoverable by law.

2.—That on any contract, where the rate of interest is greater than six per cent. per annum, as agreed to be paid, and is actually paid, no part of such interest shall be recoverable back by the party paying the same.

Mr. JOLY moved, in amendment to the amendment, that when parties stipulating a higher rate of interest than eight per cent. they shall forfeit the whole of the interest as penalty; and if any higher rate than eight per cent. be paid the whole of the amount so paid on interest shall be recoverable by the parties paying it, provided the action for recovery be brought within six months of the payment.

After a few remarks, Mr. JOLY withdrew his amendment, and Hon. Mr. CAMERON'S (Peel) amendment was put and lost.—Yeas, 44; nays, 78.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON (Peel) moved in amendment that no person or corporation shall take or receive more than eight per cent. per annum, by way of interest, on any contract, and no such rate of interest shall be payable in advance, either in whole or in part. Lost.—Yeas, 37; nays, 82.

The third and fourth resolutions were concurred in.

On the fifth resolution Mr. MACKENZIE moved in amendment that the Province of Ontario should be exempted from the proposed restrictions on the rate of interest. Lost.—Yeas, 40; nays, 74.

Mr. GIBBS moved an adjournment, which was lost.

The fifth resolution was concurred in.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved for leave to introduce a Bill founded on the resolutions.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON objected to the first reading of the Bill, as only the title was laid before the House.

After some further objection, on the part of Mr. MACKENZIE, the Bill was read a first time.

The House adjourned at 2:10.

OTTAWA, April 7, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. RYAN (Montreal West,) presented the petition of Thomas Fraser, Sinclair Jack, and 90 other citizens of Montreal, for an Act providing for the inspection of fish and oils.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the concurrence in the report of the Committee of the Whole on resolutions providing that Chartered Banks in Nova Scotia may issue notes of a denomination as low as four dollars, but not below that.—Carried.

On motion of Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS a Bill based on these resolutions was introduced.

Hon. Sir John A. MACDONALD moved that the House go into Committee on the Bill respecting Masters and Mates of vessels, and explained that the Government was to provide that the certificates of Masters and Mates granted in Canada shall be of equal force to those granted in England. Examination in Canada would be equally as stringent as in England, and the same qualifications would be required.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was evident from this Bill that the Government intended to establish some kind of Marine Schools. He would not now express any opinion as to the advisability of establishing such schools, but it ought to be brought up before Parliament, and the Government ought not to take upon themselves to establish such schools without having the whole subject discussed in Parliament.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the object was to assist seamen to prepare for an examination.

Mr. McDONALD (Lunenburg) said there were two systems which might be adopted. One was to establish Training Schools, which might prove very expensive; the other was to aid by money grants Private Schools established for the same purpose. In England this class of Private Schools were self-sustaining, but they could not be expected to be so in this country, and, therefore, he thought the best plan would be to grant them pecuniary aid from time to time.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said this Bill was the most important to the Maritime Provinces of any Bill introduced into this Parliament. The Legislature of Nova Scotia six or seven years ago passed an Act similiar to this one, but as it was negatived by the English Board of Trade. He believed it would be well for the Government to establish or assist Training Schools in one or two places in the country.

Mr. SMITH said this was a measure of great utility. Money spent on these Training Schools would be, he was assured, well spent.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER said this was a matter Mr. Macdougall and himself was empowered to bring before the Board of Trade in England. He had a conversation with Mr. Bright on the subject, and explained to him the difficulties under which our seamen laboured. Mr. Bright appreciated these difficulties, and approved of the course the Government had proposed in this measure.

Mr. FORTIN said no measure would be received with more pleasure by the people of the Maritime Provinces than this. It had been wanted for many years, and it was now expected it would become law. He pointed out the great difficulties under the present system, which would be removed by this measure. He urged on the Government the importance of securing properly qualified persons to compose the Board of Examiners. In England high qualifications were required, and examinations for certificates of competency were very stringent. He hoped the same system would be followed here, for it was of great importance that our standard should be as high as the standard in England. With regard to certificates of service, he did not see that they would be of much value; and he was afraid they would tend to lead seamen not to go further and obtain a certificate of competency. The Board of Examiners would be useless without some kind of Marine Schools, and therefore the establishment of these schools was a necessary part of this measure, in order to make it effective. He believed that in the present infant state of our Marine, private Schools could not be self supporting, and therefore it was the duty of the Government to come to their assistance with a money grant.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was a mistake to suppose that he was opposed to the Bill in regard to the examination of Masters and Mates. But the Government were asking for power to establish Marine Schools. No information was given to the House as to where these Schools were to be established, in what connection, how conducted, how many of them, and the probable cost. All this information should be given before the House was asked to pass the measure. This Bill evidently ought to have been introduced by resolution, and unless some portions of the Bill were struck out he might feel it his duty to raise objection to its being proceeded with on account of the irregularity of its introduction.

Mr. McCALLUM thought the Bill should be extended to the Upper Lakes, though perhaps the same standard of qualification might not be required as on the seaboard, and he hoped this would be done at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. WORKMAN expressed his satisfaction at this measure, and believed it would tend to promote the commercial interests of the Dominion. The elevation of the standard of education of our seaman was of great importance to this Dominion, and he hoped the Bill would become law this session.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Bill was not introduced before because any certificates granted by Canada would have been useless until an Imperial Act was passed recognizing them. The Government did not intend to ask a grant especially for schools of instruction, but the Bill might be extended next Session.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that it was wrong to commit a blunder as to this kind of general legislation which might result in a perfect farce, such as the Nautical College some time ago established in Quebec.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the clause was insisted for the purpose of supplying facilities to Captains and Mates who now have no place to go to prepare themselves to take out certificates.

After some further discussion the House went into Committee, Hon. Mr. LeVesconte in the chair.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked who were to examine the examiners? Was the Minister of Marine to do so? That gentleman's department was turned into a common sewer into which was thrown the work that none of the other Heads of Departments would undertake.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the examiners would be under the Boards of Trade.

The Bill was amended in some respects and the Committee rose and reported.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee of the Whole on Ways and Means.

Motion carried, and Col. GREY called to the Chair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS then proceeded to open his Budget for the year. He commenced by adverting to the peculiarity of the financial statement being made in the Committee on Ways and Means. It was strictly in accordance with the constitutional practice in England for the Finance Minister to make his statement in Committee of Supply, after many of the votes had been taken, but unfortunately considerable delay had taken place here this year in preparing the public accounts for 1868-9, and the estimates for the year had to be delayed till they were brought down, and referred to the Committee of Supply. He could not charge himself or the Government with any laxity in preparing the public accounts or estimates, because the delay had arisen from circumstances which they could not entirely control, but the consequence was he had to proceed to make his statement before any important votes had been taken in the Committee of Supply. He did not intend to occupy the time of the Committee in any lengthy remarks on the general position of the country. He believed there was no reason to doubt that the country was in a state of prosperity, or that it was amply able to meet all its obligations, and he would hardly have adverted to the subject at all, were it not that during the present session remarks had been made which he much regretted, and which seemed to indicate a doubt as to the ability of the Dominion to meet its engagements—some hon. gentlemen speaking as if there were a constant deficit in the revenue as compared with the expenditure, and as if altogether the country was in a very bad financial position. He believed nothing of the kind. (hear, hear). He believed the country was in a state of prosperity, that it was perfectly able to meet all its obligations, and that there was no cause to complain of excessive taxation (hear). In submitting his statement for the year, he did not intend to trouble himself with anything that had taken place prior to the Union of the Provinces. He apprehended it was then chiefly that these deficiencies had occurred to which reference had been made on more than one occasion during the present session. But with regard to the means of the country, its ability to meet its liabilities and its taxation, he would just desire to draw a comparison between its condition and the condition of other countries with which we were acquainted. He found that the debt of Great Britain was about $135 per head of the population, that the debt of the United States was about $60 per head, and that the debt of Canada was about $22½ per head (hear, hear). The taxation of England was about $10 per head, of the United States $9¼, and of Canada about $3¼ (hear). This being the case, he did not think the people of this country need be afraid of any slight increase of taxation, which might be necessary in order to remove any apprehensions as to deficiencies in the future. He found, too, that taking the Customs Revenue of the United States, it was about $4½ per head of the population, while in Canada it was about $2; and taking the Internal Revenue it was $4 in the United States, whereas it was only 67 cents per head in Canada. He might add while referring to other countries that he had lately resided in a country where certainly the people, taking them altogether, did not in any way compare in wealth and intelligence with the people of this country, and yet in that country, the colony of British Guana the people paid considerably more than double the rate per head of taxation paid in Canada, and they paid it cheerfully without the slightest difficulty (hear, hear). He then proceeded to state the result of the operations of the last financial year, ending 30th June, 1869. The revenue for 1868, was $13,835,460 and his predecessor (Sir John Rose's) estimated revenue for 1869, was $15,114,000. But after several months of the year had elapsed, when Sir John Rose came to make his financial statement, he found that this estimate of revenue, which the hon. gentlemen would observe was considerably in excess of the actual results of the preceding year, would very likely be in excess of the sum realized, and that if he based his expenditure upon it, there would be a considerable deficiency. He then made the revised estimate of the revenue for 1869 and put it at $13,744,656. In that estimate he included the item of $500,000 received from the Great Western Railway Company. He (Sir Francis) justified the placing of that item in the revenue for the year, and read a speech made by Mr. Gladstone, who had put the unexpected payment received from Spain in the ordinary revenue of the year, being precisely the same mode of treating it as in this case. Now, although the revenue of 1869, according to Sir John Rose's revised estimate was put down at $13,744,686, the actual receipts were $14,485,139, from which, however, had to be deducted $551,982, which was the amount arising from transactions in Intercolonial Railway Loan, and which, not being calculated upon, had not formed part of his estimate. That sum being deducted, left a balance of $13,934,057, showing a surplus of $190,331.

Mr. MACKENZIE—That is taking credit for the whole of the Great Western payment.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Certainly.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The hon. gentleman does not mean a real surplus, but a surplus above Sir John Rose's revised estimate.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the hon. gentleman would find he had no desire to keep anything back. He would be happy to answer any questions if the hon. gentleman would first allow him to finish his statement. Well, upon that estimate there was a surplus of $190,331, which was in fact actual surplus of revenue. He would now consider the expenditure which was, he supposed, what the hon. gentleman opposite desired to call his attention to. He was sorry to say the expenditure was not as low as Sir John Rose had calculated upon. He had calculated, when he prepared his revised estimate of expenditure, upon making considerable reductions in the expenditure of the various Departments, but he (Sir Francis) was afraid it was a very difficult thing, indeed, for a Finance Minister to accomplish so large a saving as he estimated he would be able to make. The expenditure, according to Sir John Rose's original estimate, amounted to $14,320,000, and according to his revised estimate $13,758,000, making an estimated saving of $562,000. Well, the actual expenditure was $14,144,049. From this, however, he (Sir Francis) deducted the specific charges upon the Intercolonial Railway Loan, which was deducted from the other side of the account, and which amounted to $13,973,408 as the actual expenditure, being a saving upon the original estimate of no less than $502,000 (hear, hear). He then went on to remark that from what he had heard in another place he supposed exception would be taken to some items in the Public Works account, which had not been charged to the ordinary revenue of the year. There had always been some difficulty in regard to public works in settling what portions of them should be charged to ordinary revenue and what charged to capital accounts. But for his part, he thought it exceedingly desirable when the estimates were being rated what particular works are to be chargeable to ordinary revenue and what to the capital account. There could be no doubt that such works as the Intercolonial Railway, the proposed works connected with the feeding of the Welland Canals and other works of that sort were properly chargeable to capital. In the estimates for the present year there had been an attempt to separate these two classes of public works, and the Government were anxious to charge to ordinary revenue every work that could reasonably be so charged. However, he was scarcely prepared to go the length of his hon. predecessor, in this respect, as expressed in his Budget speech of last Session, because he did not think it desirable always to postpone indefinitely public works of considerable general importance, on account of the inability to go on with them. Out of the ordinary revenue for any one year, especially if it was a time when Ways and Means to go on with such works could be found without unduly burdening the people.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it would be desirable before his hon. friend passed from his reference to financial affairs of 1868-9, for him to show the actual surplus or deficit during that period, and not merely the variations between Mr. Rose's estimates and the actual expenditure.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—That depended altogether upon the way the account was considered. As he regarded it, there was a surplus of $341,000, including a part of the revenue of the Great Western Railway debt, and the profits arising from transactions connected with the Intercolonial Railway Loan. With regard to the latter item he would say that profits of this class had always been regarded as ordinary revenue, though last year the amount was much larger than usual, owing to the large amount of the transaction. The actual amount of profits arising from that transaction was $380,000, so that deducting that, there would be a deficit of $39,000.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—That leaves the Board of Works untouched.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Including the salaries of the Toll Collector and other officers connected with the Welland Canal?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Including all those found under the head of Public Works.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Which amount to $555,000.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—But his hon. friend must bear in mind that under that head were included the Intercolonial Railway and other items, which it could not be disputed were chargeable to the construction account. Perhaps there were some items under that head that might more properly be charged to ordinary expenditure, but the great bulk of them could not reasonably be expected to be met out of ordinary revenue. Altogether there was no cause of despondency as to the financial results of last year. There was a small deficit, but that was more than met, as he had shown by the profits arising from the Intercolonial Railway Loan,

It being six o'cloke the House rose.

Sir H. Light.

We copy the following obituary from the *London Illustrated News* of March the 19th:

"Sir Henry Light, K. C. B., died at Falmouth, on the 3rd inst., in his eighty-eighth year; his wife, Lady Charlotte Light, having, by a strange fatality, predeceased him only a few hours. Sir Henry was born in 1783, the son of William Light, Esq., of the Madras Civil Service, by his wife, a daughter of Chevalier Alexandre de Luders, Knight of the Holy Roman Empire. Having received his education at Rugby, and at the Military College, Woolwich, he entered the army in 1799, and served in the artillery till 1824. In 1836 he was appointed Lieutenant Governor of Antigua; and in 1838 Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Guiana, which post he held till 1848, when he retired, and was created a K. C. B. He married, in 1819, Charlotte, daughter of Richard Parry, Esq., of Warfield, in the county of Berks (which lady shortly predeceased him, as above stated), and leaves one son, Alfred, Lieutenant Colonel, Royal Horse Artillery, and two daughters, the elder of whom married the late Sir William Holmes. Sir Henry Light was one of the early explorers of Egypt and Nubia, and was author of 'Travels in Egypt,' 'Views in Sicily,' &c."

NOTE—Sir Henry Light was a brother of the late Colonel A. W. Light, late of the 25th Regiment, who settled at Woodstock, Ontario, and uncle of Mr. Alexander Luders Light, C. E., one of the Intercolonial Railway Engineers.

The Woodstock and River-du-Loup railway may now be looked upon as a *fait accompli*. The New Brunswick Legislature has given it a magnificent land grant, fully sufficient, with the stock already subscribed, to ensure its speedy construction. It will follow the valley of the St. John, and will, undoubtedly, prove a powerful competitor to the Intercolonial. The respective distances by both routes from Montreal to St John are; Intercolonial, 757 miles; Woodstock, 625.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's [illegible], 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

[illegible] The indignation meeting [illegible] night, in the St. Lawrence Hall. [illegible] the time arrived the Hall was crammed, and, owing to large [illegible] being unable to obtain admittance, [illegible] was adjourned to the open air, [illegible] City Hall, where a crowd of [illegible] 10,000 assembled. Mayor Harman [illegible] and in his opening speech [illegible] first considerable hesitation [illegible] the meeting for fear anything [illegible] which might look like a want of [illegible] the Government; and [illegible] being assured by the requisitionists [illegible] meeting was to be non-political.

Hon. M. C. Cameron moved the resolution, in an effective and [illegible] "Resolved that this meeting [illegible] come Dr. Schultz and the others [illegible] Red River, who fearlessly, and [illegible] of their liberty and property, [illegible] sisted the usurpation of power by [illegible] Riel, and that we heartily sympathise [illegible] them and recognize fully their [illegible] interests of Canada and [illegible] by Dr. Canniff, and carried with [illegible] and hearty demonstration.

Mr. J. J. Setter of [illegible] Red River Territory, was then [illegible] some account of the condition [illegible] Territory, stating that all [illegible] loyal except those in arms, [illegible] down because Riel had all the [illegible] in his possession.

Mr. Charles Mair gave a [illegible] cumstances attending the [illegible] account of the various movements [illegible] the blame for the failure of [illegible] Prairie movement on the Scotch [illegible] refused to rise and march [illegible] which, had they shown more [illegible] could easily have been captured.

Dr. Schultz was received with cheering. He said a Fenian [illegible] Fort Garry. He cautioned his [illegible] fall into the very general error [illegible] ing all the French half-breeds [illegible] such was not the case. Riel [illegible] single Indian to join him, as the [illegible] loyal. He spoke highly of the [illegible] country.

Alderman Dickey moved the [illegible] lution:—"That the state of anarchy and rebellion prevailing in the North West [illegible] calls for prompt and energetic action by [illegible] Dominion Government, and [illegible] respectfully urge upon the city [illegible] importance of their active co-operation [illegible] the Government, with a view to [illegible] of decisive measures in suppressing [illegible] ing revolution, and afford speedy [illegible] to the lives and property of all loyal [illegible] in the North-West."

Mr. H. H. Howland in a few words [illegible] ed the resolution, which was carried.

Capt. Bennett moved, seconded by T. Dennison, Jr., "That this meeting [illegible] presses the strongest indignation [illegible] blooded murder of poor Scott, [illegible] pathises deeply with his relatives [illegible] and considers that it would be [illegible] tice to the loyal inhabitants of [illegible] humiliating to our national [illegible] trary to British tradition for our [illegible] to receive, negotiate or treat [illegible] delegates of those who have [illegible] prisoned and murdered loyal [illegible] whose only fault was loyalty to [illegible] tutions, whose only crime was [illegible] old flag."

In moving the resolution Capt. [illegible] the Riel emissaries should never be [illegible] to pass through Toronto. If they [illegible] come here they should meet the fate [illegible] The resolutions were carried amid [illegible] plause.

Ald. Medcalf and W. H. Boulton [illegible] the meeting, the latter reading [illegible] ved from Arch Deacon McL[illegible] bome touching the arrest and [illegible] ecution of his nephew Major Boulton [illegible] greatest enthusiasm prevailed during [illegible] tire proceedings. Drs. Schultz [illegible] and the others are guests of the [illegible] Queen's Hotel. They arrived [illegible] last evening.

The rooms of the Young Men's [illegible] Association, are being enlarged.

Weather mild and pleasant.

The Deputy Adjutants General [illegible] the country have been summoned [illegible] by telegraph to-day, to consult with [illegible] ernment, either with regard to the [illegible] expedition or the anticipated Fenian [illegible]

Mr. Durie, of this city, [illegible] and Mr. Taylor, of London, [illegible] *route*.

The *Tribune's* special from St. [illegible] says that Fathers Richot and [illegible] delegates from Riel's Government [illegible] this morning for Canada, and [illegible] at Chicago on Friday afternoon, [illegible] Saturday.

MONTREAL.

[illegible]

Four young burglars have been [illegible] the Police stealing compressed [illegible] cartage department of the Grand [illegible] way.

There is on view in a shop [illegible] picture of Montreal taken in [illegible] the fortifications as then existing.

A picket of the Rifle Brigade [illegible] streets last night, to prevent [illegible] the watch robbery or such [illegible] conduct.

QUEBEC.

[illegible]

Rev. Mr. Doherty and [illegible] arrived at noon, and [illegible] Levi by the 9th Battalion of Volunteers [illegible] at Quebec by Vicar-General [illegible] Mr. McGauvran. A *Te Deum* was [illegible] the Notre Dame des Victoires [illegible] Cathedral.

The campaign seems to have [illegible] one with them.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The ship [illegible] ock for Quebec has [illegible]

Two of her life-boats [illegible] have reached the north shore [illegible] third boat has not been heard of.

London poured in its [illegible] sands of people to witness the [illegible] Cambridge and Oxford, and [illegible] were increased by excursion [illegible] country, brought by trains [illegible] tions.

Among the spectators were the [illegible] Wales, Prince Teck, the [illegible] of Egypt, and many Lords and [illegible] Parliament.

Bets, which at one time were [illegible] Oxford, were so eagerly taken by [illegible] Cambridge, that shortly before [illegible] odds had reached 5 to 4 on Oxford.

The excitement of the waiting [illegible] became intense as the hour for the [illegible] proached.

At exactly five o'clock the Oxford [illegible] put from their boat house at P[illegible] received an ovation equal to that gi[illegible] Oxford four, when they came out a[illegible] Baryards last year.

The men rested on their oars in [illegible] nearly 8 minutes, when the Cambr[illegible] their appearance, and took their po[illegible] the Middlesex side of the river.

They also had the most enthusiast[illegible] tion from the multitude, and were in [illegible] condition.

An even start was effected, and [illegible] went off with a strong tide in their [illegible]

At the aqueduct, 50 yards, the C[illegible] crew began to gain, and when the[illegible] Craven Cottage, three quarters of a [illegible] were half a length ahead. Her[illegible] spurted, and kept up for some dista[illegible] friends on shore wildly cheering t[illegible] without effect,—the momentary [illegible] was in favor of Cambridge, th[illegible] latter were evidently rowing with [illegible] strength, and at Hammersmith Bri[illegible] bridge was clear of Oxford.

Under the arch the Oxonians agai[illegible] and succeeded in reducing the ga[illegible] opponents to half a length.

A sharp struggle followed in th[illegible] Reach, but as they passed the Isla[illegible] 2½ miles, the Oxonians began to [illegible] Cambridge men, who were still tre[illegible] drew in front, and won the race.

The time of the race has been var[illegible] ported at 20 and 30 minutes.

Notwithstanding the great pressu[illegible] to bear upon the Conservatory of the [illegible] to allow private steamers to follow [illegible] none but the official steamers wer[illegible] to do so.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAIL[illegible]

Depart............. 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p[illegible]
Arrive............. 4.30 p.m., 11.00 a[illegible]

The above trains connect at Presco[illegible] with Grand Trunk Railway for all p[illegible] east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE.—York street, corne[illegible] street.

A & A H TAYLOR

LOCAL NEWS.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures [illegible]

MACGEE & RUSSELL'S show room [illegible] general display of novelties, for [illegible] takes place on Thursday, the 31st [illegible]

First of this season's Lettuce, [illegible] Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss [illegible] Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display [illegible] and Mantles, and the crowd [illegible] admiring the Spring Fashions at [illegible] Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods [illegible] Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full [illegible] every Department.

[illegible] and House Furnishing [illegible] quality. The largest stock of Ne[illegible] lowest prices in the city at [illegible] Mutchmor & Co.

ARRIVAL.—Sir Clin on Murdoch [illegible] day afternoon, and is now sto[illegible] Russell House.

[illegible].—Last evening person[illegible] Sparks street, opposite t[illegible] House, were agreeably attracted [illegible] somewhat novel, and very tasteful [illegible] ladies' wares, in a new store w[illegible] has been opened in Bang's bl[illegible] is kept by Messrs. R. L. James [illegible] The idea is new, and no doubt will [illegible] fair customers.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer [illegible] County of Carleton General Prot[illegible] gratefully acknowledges the receipt of th[illegible] following sums in aid of the institution [illegible] the Rev. Wm. Lochead, $5; Messrs [illegible] and Orme, the proceeds of a conc[illegible] their superintendence, $88 80.

POLICE COURT, THURSDAY.—Only [illegible] Dumas Roy, not our popular city [illegible] of name, was charged with a bre[illegible] peace, and fined $2 and costs.

A WEDDING.—Yesterday morning [illegible] interesting, and a somewhat dem[illegible] ceremony took place at the Chape[illegible] Sussex street, Miss Tilley, da[illegible] the Hon. the Minister of Custom[illegible] united with A. F. Street, Esq., of Fr[illegible] N B The service was performed by [illegible] Messrs. Lauder and Pollard. Sir [illegible] Macdonald and Sir George E. Carti[illegible] large number, witnessed the ceremo[illegible] happy couple left by the afternoon [illegible]

THE CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—At a [illegible] L'Institut Canadien Français de [illegible] Ottawa" held last night at the Hal[illegible] following gentlemen were elected offic[illegible] for the current year, viz:

President—Stanislas Drapeau, E[illegible]
1st Vice-President Horace L[illegible]
2nd Vice-President—Dr. F X [illegible]
Recording Secretary—Telespho[illegible] ...rse, Esq.,
Corresponding Do.—E. D'Aute[illegible]
Treasurer—Eug. Tetu, Esq.
Librarian—J. F. N. Dubonnevill[illegible]
Managing Committee—Messrs [illegible] Fauchy, C. Leduc, B. Bocque, B. [illegible] E. Paré, A. Blais.
Committee of the Library—Me[illegible] [illegible]lle, Carseau, Jackson, Steckel.

Board of R. C. Separate Scho[illegible]

OTTAWA, 5th April [illegible]

Present:—Messrs. D. Egan, J. [illegible] [illegible], Champagne, J. Larose, [illegible]

In the absence of the chairman, [illegible] was called to the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting [illegible] and adopted.

Several accounts and a petition [illegible] and laid on the table, also Report N[illegible] Finance and Assessment, and a re[illegible] the Special Committee appointed to [illegible] into the complaint preferred by [illegible] against teacher P. G. Ley[illegible]

[illegible] of D. Egan, seconded by J. C[illegible] report of the Finance and Assessme[illegible] just read was received and [illegible] Report No. 2.

Board of R. C. Separate Sch[illegible] Finance and Assessment Comm[illegible]

Ottawa, 1st March, [illegible]

To the Board of R. C. Separate Sch[illegible]

Your Committee having had unde[illegible] consideration the several petitions referre[illegible] they would beg leave to recommend [illegible] remittance to the following pers[illegible] Mrs. Margaret Burns, taxes for 18[illegible] Widow Coughlan, taxes on lot [illegible] street south; Mrs. Widow Coughlan [illegible] Alexis Phillion taxes on Carding [illegible] Nicholas street north; Louis Turpi[illegible] Queen street south.

Respectfully submitted.

Signed,

JOSEPH LA[illegible]
[illegible]
LEON DAV[illegible]
P. DUFOU[illegible]
THOS. COF[illegible]

On motion of L. David, seconde[illegible] Champagne, the petition of Mrs An[illegible] the accounts of Messrs. N. Ger[illegible] [illegible], and Annabale were referre[illegible] Committee on Finance and As[illegible]

Cambridge, that shortly before the start odds had reached 5 to 4 on Oxford.

The excitement of the waiting multitude became intense as the hour for the start approached.

At exactly five o'clock the Oxford crew shot out from their boat house at Putney, and received an ovation equal to that given to the Oxford four, when they came out against the Harvards last year.

The men rested on their oars in mid-stream nearly 8 minutes, when the Cambridge made their appearance, and took their position on the Middlesex side of the river.

They also had the most enthusiastic reception from the multitudes, and were in splendid condition.

An even start was effected, and the boats went off with a strong tide in their favour.

At the aqueduct, 50 yards, the Cambridge crew began to gain, and when they reached Craven Cottage, three quarters of a mile, they were half a length ahead. Here Oxford spurted, and kept up for some distance, their friends on shore wildly cheering them, but without effect,—the momentary struggle turned in favor of Cambridge, though the latter were evidently rowing with all their strength, and at Hammersmith Bridge Cambridge was clear of Oxford.

Under the arch the Oxonians again spurted, and succeeded in reducing the gain of their opponents to half a length.

A sharp struggle followed in the Conney Reach, but as they passed the Island of Ait, 3¼ miles, the Oxonians began to fade; the Cambridge men, who were still fresh, rapidly drew in front, and won the race.

The time of the race has been variously reported at 20 and 30 minutes.

Notwithstanding the great pressure brought to bear upon the Conservatory of the Thames to allow private steamers to follow the boats, none but the official steamers were permitted to do so.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

MAGEE & RUSSELL's *show room opening and general display of novelties for the season* takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, at lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

ARRIVAL.—Sir Clinton Murdoch arrived yesterday afternoon, and is now stopping at the Russell House.

ENTERPRISE.—Last evening persons passing up Sparks street, opposite the Russell House, were agreeably attracted towards a somewhat novel, and very tasteful display of ladies' wares, in a new store which had just been opened in Bang's block. The store is kept by Messrs. R. L. James and Co. The idea is new, and no doubt will be backed by fair customers.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of the following sums in aid of the Institution:—*From the Rev. Wm. Lochead*, $5; Messrs. McLean and Orme, the proceeds of a concert under their superintendence, $86 80.

POLICE COURT, THURSDAY.—Only one case. Dumase Roy, our popular city carter of ... of same, was charged with a breach of the ... and fined $2 and costs.

A WEDDING.—Yesterday morning quite an interesting, and a somewhat demonstrative ceremony took place at the Chapel of Ease in Sussex street. Miss Tilley, daughter of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, became united with A. F. Street, Esq., of Fredericton, N. B. The service was performed by the Rev. Messrs. Lauder and Pollard. Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier, with a large number, witnessed the ceremony. The happy couple left by the afternoon train.

THE CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—At a meeting of L' Institut Canadien Francais de la cite d'Ottawa, held last night at the Hall, the following gentlemen were elected office bearers for the current year, viz:

President—Stanislas Drapeau, Esq.
1st Vice-President—Horace Lapierre.
2nd Vice-President—Dr. F X. Valade.
Recording Secretary—Telesphore C. Larose, Esq.,
Corresponding Do.—E. D'Auteuil, Esq.
Treasurer—Eug. Tetu, Esq.
Librarian—J. F. N. Dubonneville, Esq.
Managing Committee—Messrs. J. W. Peachy, C. Lefur, B. Rocque, R. Bonneau, E. Paré, A. Blais.
Committee of the Library—Messrs. Frigolle, Carreau, Jackson, Steckel.

Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

OTTAWA, 5th April, 1870.

Present:—Messrs. D. Egan, J. Quain, L. David, S. Champagne, J. Larose, and J. W. Peachy.

In the absence of the chairman, Mr. Larose was called to the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several accounts and a petition were read and laid on the table, also Report No. 2, of the Finance and Assessment, and a report from the Special Committee appointed to enquire into the complaint preferred by Mr. Felix Steele against teacher P. G. Leyden. On motion of D. Egan, seconded by J. Quain, the report of the Finance and Assessment Committee just read was received and adopted.

Report No. 2.

Board of R. C. Separate Schools.
Finance and Assessment Committee.
Ottawa, 1st March, 1870.

To the Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

Your Committee having had under consideration the several petitions referred to them would beg leave to recommend a remission of taxes to the following persons viz:—Mrs. Margaret Burns, taxes for 1869; Mrs. Widow Coughlan, taxes on lot on Perry street south; Mrs. Widow Coughlan taxes for 1869; Alexis Philion taxes on Carding Mills on Montreal street north; Louis Turpin taxes on lot on Queen street south.

Humbly submitted,

Signed, JOSEPH LAROSE, Chairman.
LEON DAVID.
P. DUFOUR.
THOS. COFFEE.

On motion of L. David, seconded by S. Champagne, the petition of Mrs Ann Stacey, and the accounts of Messrs. N. Germain and Oliver, and Annabale were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of D. Egan, seconded by L. David, the Chairman was authorized to sign a cheque in favour of the Secretary Treasurer, for the sum of twenty-five dollars, being for one quarter's allowance ended on the 31st March last.

On motion of L. David, seconded by D. Egan, the report of the Special Committee just read was received and adopted.

Ottawa, April 5th, 1870.

To the Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

The undersigned members of the Special Committee appointed to enquire into the complaint preferred by Mr. Felix Steele against Mr. P. G. Leyden, one of the teachers under the Board, have the honor to report that they have enquired into the matter complained of, and have found that the explanations offered by Mr. Leyden are satisfactory, and that there is, therefore, no necessity for taking any further action in the matter.

Humbly submitted,
JOHN QUAIN, Chairman.
DENIS EGAN,
LEON DAVID.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY, Sec.-Treasurer.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce *Dyspepsia*, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a hearty standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1278 6

MARRIED.

At the Chapel of Ease, Sussex street, April 7th, by the Rev. H. Pollard, and Rev. J. S. Lauder, Alfred F. Street, Fredericton, N. B., to Louisa, eldest daughter of Hon. S. L. Tilley, Ottawa.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following announcements.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted.

The test of value is quality as well as price, and customers will be convinced that our GOODS are CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
—AND—
BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
ONLY ONE PRICE,
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1329y

D. Mikubasar

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 13..d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street.............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2.00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

VALUABLE SAW MILL
—AND—
EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements.

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY, At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO. City of Quebec,

April 5, 1870. 1332 6

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,
opposite
THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS, of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors, Elgin Street. 132. 1m

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $250 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 8 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a TWO STORY HOUSE (frame) containing ten apartments, on the Rochester property. Rent £28 a year. No taxes. Apply to W. H. PENNOCK, Esq., or S. WOODLAND, Butcher, Wellington Street. 1323 2a

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1333 1M

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to MR. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chaudiere Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street. 1306tM1

TO LET.

On the 1st May next, Nos 1 and 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace 1266

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The next REGULAR MEETING will be held in the LECTURE ROOM, Sparks Street, on FRIDAY, 8th April, at 7½ p. m. At 8 o'clock a paper will be read by James H. Rowan, C. E. subject, "The Great Pyramid, the most recent theories and deductions as to the object for which it was built. The date of its construction. Its Builders, illustrated by numerous drawings made from actual measurement."

Admission free. The public generally are invited to attend.

G KENNEDY, Secretary. 1327 2

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $3?, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines improved.

GEO DAWSON, Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK. Elgin Street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Pr of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 131?tf

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Manotamined Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 4 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

WM HALPENNY. 15 6m

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

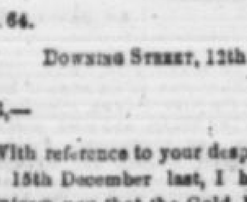
A ROWE, Auctioneer. 1266tf

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect, Metcalfe Street. 1327 8



CANADA,
No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 153 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B., G. C. M. G., &c., &c., &c. 1338 2

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Frest Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at resonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block. 1300a

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

Opposite H P McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to show a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed. BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1213-3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1306tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G; Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's D, by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christ by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

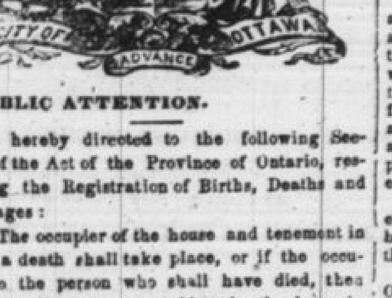
It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager. 1298tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street. 1304 1y



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

21. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

THE OTTAWA "TIMES,"

BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE

38 *SPARKS STREET,*

OTTAWA.

BOOK WORK,

CIRCULARS,

BILL HEADS,

BILLS OF FARE,

CARDS, *all colors*

PROGRAMMES, *all sizes,*

HAND BILLS,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,

COLOURED PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

executed in the latest style and at the lowest rates.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

DR. ROBILLARD,

Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, April 8, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 50
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 13	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 18
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
Hides—per 100 lbs No. 1, insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2 do Inspected	5 00	@	0 00
No. 3 do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

[illegible] indiscretion ... supposed to con... [illegible] frequently in this country is cleared ... [illegible] the ... illusion ... from the increased facilities of communication, which, like the great Shoshonees Remedy, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections ... [illegible] has passed into a proverb in the United States, where these marvelous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition, and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over [illegible] thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet*, *Schenectady*.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244-4

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

ROGAN.

St John, N B. November 2nd.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 13, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,
Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason & Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

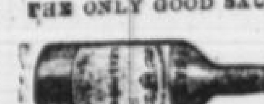
Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 1, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 5 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
[illegible]

36 6m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper*, *labels*, *stopper and bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

---

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS
MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awly6m

---

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

1318 3

GUYOT'S TAR,
CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proven it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1603tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

---

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases, should make application to F. MARTIN Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to [illegible]

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

1307 3.

CHAUDIERE
STEAM PLANING MILL,
Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

[illegible]

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

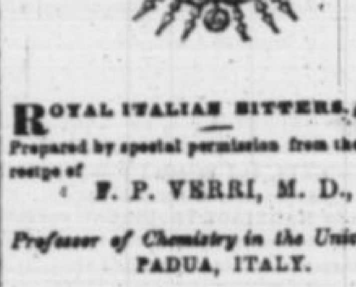
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,
York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

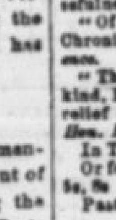
The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P,

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker*.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science*.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart*.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
191 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

14 2

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in Ottawa.

TRADE—MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

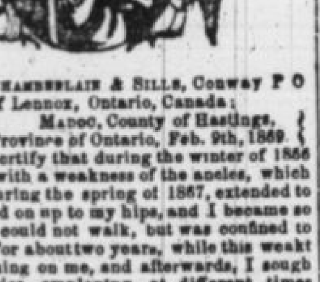
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings- Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST
STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS:

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T [illegible]

Ottawa, January [illegible]

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co's "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 4, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. PHIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 25, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

FARM FOR SALE.

To be sold 80 acres of the South half of Lot No 23, on broken Rideau Front, Township of Gloucester, 30 acres cleared, being situate on the bank of the River Rideau, near Long Island Locks. The soil is good clay. A good Log Barn and Stables on the premises.

Terms—Will be sold to suit purchasers. Title indisputable.

For particulars apply at the office of MESSRS MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c, Rideau street, City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 22, 1870. 5 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages.

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

36 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Ruton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled, Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!
NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!
THE PICTORIAL
PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,
A FIRST-CLASS
FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organisation, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December [illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire*, *Rose or Erysipelas*, *Tetter*, *Salt Rheum*, *Scald Head*, *Ringworm*, *Sore Eyes*, *Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia*, *Dropsy*, *Heart Disease*, *Fits*, *Epilepsy*, *Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

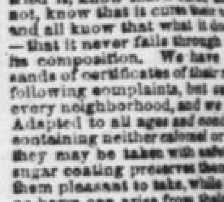
Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites*, *Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints*, *Torpidity*, *Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless*, *Despondent*, *Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion*, *Listlessness*, *Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache*, *Sick Headache*, *Jaundice* or *Green Sickness*, *Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism*, *Gout*, *Gravel*, *Palpitation of the Heart*, *Pain in the Side*, *Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
OTTAWA COURIER

Politics, Literature, Commerce, Industry, Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn that a paper bearing the above title is about to meet their wants. Aware of the need of such a newspaper, in both languages in Ottawa, and which will afford, every day, the latest intelligence, I have not hesitated to undertake the publication of the *Courier*, and it shall be my aim in doing so to fully meet the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising, brisk, and there is evidence of great future prosperity. Her means of communication to and from the city, and the facility of establishing additional factories, afforded by her unrivalled water-power at our very doors, will do much to rapidly increase the city.

Confederation has strengthened the commercial ties between the English and French speaking inhabitants of the Dominion; it shall be the aim of the *Courier* to render them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the Government the proprietor of the Courier concurs, and will endeavour to support every measure of support which circumstances may render necessary, carefully differing from any offence to such as may differ from him. We will cultivate a friendly bearing towards the traditions of the past and the aspirations of the present, hoping to take a middle but certain course, which cannot fail to be approved by the inhabitants of the entire valley of the Ottawa.

A young people should endeavour to raise themselves to the level of more advanced nationalities, and this they can only do by being made acquainted with what is going on in other parts of the world. This shall be our aim, and we shall also urge such improvements as tend to increase the means of producing the wealth of the community. Our attention will not, however, be confined to supplying the requirements of the husbandman, but a full share of our attention, having regard to the cultivation of the soil the prosperity of which very much depends. It shall be a particular object to protect the interest of the agriculturist, and at the same time of other industries, and to provide useful and reliable information for both, in literature.

Correspondents will always find our columns open to them in which to express their opinions or offer suggestions, provided that they are expressed in moderate, though it be forcible language.

Let it not be supposed, however, from what may have been said, that the politics of the *Courier* will be wholly devoted to local matters. The intelligence of the whole world, quarter of the globe will be found in its columns, the telegraph will be freely used, and the latest news will be given as early as possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety of matter which the *Courier* will contain, and the [illegible] in its management, the proprietor anticipates success and pledges himself to [illegible]

The *Courier* will be published every day at five o'clock, and the yearly subscription payable in advance, is $4.

There will also be a weekly edition of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON BUREAU,
Editor and [illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, [illegible]

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1329. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

[CH]EAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

[CAPI]TAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

...uld inform my customers and the public ...al that I am now receiving my Fall ...ter Stock of Feet Wear which will be ...plete in every department, representing

LATEST AND BEST STYLES ...Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

...stock as usual is chosen with great care, ...warranted to give satisfaction, and at ...DEFYING COMPETITION. ...supply of Lumbermen's Wear always ...

...taken for all sorts of work. Only the ...orkmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

...S WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ..., Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ..., Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ..., Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...S PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary to con... a complete stock.

...—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ..., quite fresh and cheap.

[CO]FFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...premises.

[BRA]NDIES—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hen... Piper's and other brands.

[HO]LLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Hostman's, a wood ...ttle.

[WIN]ES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ..., in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

...proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... ...'s Irish Whiskey. ...'s Old Irish Potteen. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...and other Ales. ...and Syrups, all grades. ...Bankrupt prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...LING AT TWENTY-FIVE ...PERCENT BELOW COST.

...dise or bargains. 1105

...'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...ed under Chapter LXVII of the ...Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

...OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange ...Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea...; ...FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN, ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

---

...ANT TO ...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI...N STORES AND OTHERS.

...give notice of my intention to supply ..., mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ...ease of trade during the last four years ...pelled me to enlarge my manufactory I ... to make the wholesale trade my ... With each ... I have now is undoubtedly the larges..., and the question of quality is readily ...making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ...able comparison with any imported. ...er and important fact is that being ...and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...freight, packing, duty and other expen... enabled to sell 40 per cent lower than ... advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... favor me with their orders. ...NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...Post Office, Ottawa. ...Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...highest prices given. 1198y

---

...S. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

...t, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

...advanced on goods consigned for sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

...DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...more gentlemen can be accommodated ...comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommo... the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 2191f

---

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application ... Legislature of Ontario for Private ...are hereby notified that they are ...d by the 51st and following Rules of the ...ive Assembly, (which are published in the ..."Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the ...on (clearly and distinctly specifying its ...and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and ... newspaper published in the County or ...Counties affected; such notice shall be ...d in each case for a period of at least ...during the interval of time between the ...of the next preceding Session and the con... of the Petition. Copies of the first and ...such notices to be sent to the Private Bill ...

Petitions for Private Bills must be present... the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the ...

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

...13, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
to Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the ...OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL ...L DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI ...S, in and for the said County of Carleton, ...e holden at the Court House in the City of ..., on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, ...hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ..., magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and ...concerned, are required to take notice ...themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

...'s Office Ottawa, March 16, 1870. 1312 ddawtd.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st.

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ... ment of West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter city and country trade."

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. &c. to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccasins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturer and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 934tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1118tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons in Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 773y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

Note—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do. do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 am 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 am

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 am

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 pm via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.30 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

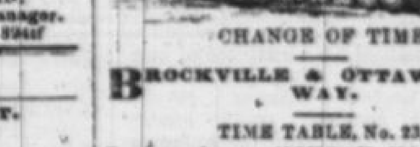
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

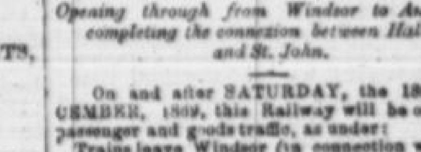
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamer *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1436.1

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

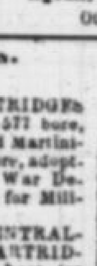
MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
Agents,
Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against risk, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavor, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superseded all others.

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON
Commission Merchant,
Bangs Block, Elgin Street,

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere: desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,

1318 5m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

MARCH 10, 1030-ly

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1113

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS,

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

☞ No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

☞ Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do. 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,
Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			4.30
	12 Noon.		St. John, N. B.; daily, Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor			4.30
7.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30		4.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00	11.50	4.30
7.00	12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	4.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			6.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

The Comparative Cost of the English and American Army and Navy.

(From the London Correspondent of the N. Y. World.)

LONDON, March 21.

I commend to earnest attention the fact that while the navy of the Republic last year cost the country $24,500,000, and will not cost much less this year, the British navy last year cost $55,785,000, and this year will cost $46,250,000. The American navy including all its vessels, in and out of commission, old hulks, and even torpedo boats and yachts, consists of 188 vessels; the British navy consists of 763 ships, of which 249 are in commission. The number of men and boys, including marines, in the American navy, is only 8,000; the number in the British navy is 61,000. The building of ships in the American navy has ceased; but in the $46,250,000 which the British navy is to cost this year is included, the expense of completing a number of vessels; of building a first-class turret ship able to cross distant seas, carrying guns of the largest size, an unmasted ship of the Thunderer class, a frigate of the Inconstant class, one of a smaller size, and two small ships for service in the Persian Gulf; and of commencing six other vessels. In order to make it plainer I place the figures in the following tabular form:—

	British Navy.	*American Navy.*
Whole number of ships	763	188
Ships in commission	249	89
Seamen, boys, and marines	61,000	8,000
Ships to be built this year	6	None
Ships to be commenced this year	6	None
Whole cost for this year, including the new ships	$46,250,000	$21,000,000
Average cost per each vessel in commission	185,742	202,500
Average cost per each man in the service	758	2,625

There is no mistake about the figures. Those relating to the British navy I have taken from the statement made by Mr Childers, the First Lord of the Admiralty. The figures relating to the American navy I have taken from the report of the Secretary of the Navy and the "Naval Register." It is scarcely necessary to add a single word as to the comparative strength of the two navies. You have seen the Monarch, and she is only one of the many. Judge of the British navy by that ship, and you will not be wrong in the belief that in case of a conflict between the two nations your ships would be swept from the seas like leaves before a gale, and your coasts ravaged from Portland to San Francisco. Happily there is no danger of a row, unless the United States provokes one; but it may in the event of war it would not be the country that would get the worst of it. This, however, is not the point to which I am anxious to direct the attention. The point is the amazing fact that the British navy is proportionately so very much cheaper than the American navy, and incomparably more efficient. How does this happen? It does not arise from the fact that the compensation paid to officers and men in the British service is less than that in the American navy. The pay of the British officers is as high as that of the American line, and there is not a great difference in the pay of the men. For the pay of the 61,000 men and boys in the British navy this year, the sum of £2,692,731 has been voted. This is an average of a little more than £44 ($220) for each man and boy. A first-class seaman in the American navy gets $240 per year; first-class ... receive $..., seaman, $...; landsmen, ... $... to $96 per year. The average ... than is paid in the British navy, and when the superior purchasing power of the money in which the British ... is paid, and the greater cheapness of its clothing are taken into account, it will be found that he is better paid than his American fellow. How is it, then, that your ships, miserable as they are, cost $262,500 for each one in commission, while the British ships ... as they are, are kept in ... at an average cost of $185,000 each? Where are the leaks? There must be men in Washington who can answer this question.

Mr. Cardwell, Secretary for War, has made his annual exposition of the army estimates, and a review of his statement will also be found deeply interesting. For the last fiscal year the American army consisted of certainly not more than 55,000 men, cost $87,000,000 in round numbers; while for the same year the British army, consisting of more than twice as many troops, cost only $70,000,000 (£14,111,900) The American army is now reduced to 40,000 men, and the estimates of its cost for the fiscal year is 50,000,000. The British army is also reduced to 109 225 men, and Mr. Cardwell stated that the total charge for the army for the next fiscal year would be only £12,975,000 ($64 875,000.) It should be understood, also, that in the British estimates the sums paid for pensions are included, which form a separate charge. Here is another amazing contrast. Look at the figures again:

	1869.	1870.
British army, number of men	129,000	109,225
American army, number of men	55,000	40,000
British army, whole cost, including pensions	$70,000,000	$64,000,000
American army, cost excluding pensions	87,000,000	50,000,000

Why should these Britishers be able to keep up their army at a cost of $600 per man, while the United States maintains their little standing force at the enormous cost of $1,250 per man? I leave this question to be answered by gentlemen in Washington. Mr Cardwell explained that the policy which the government foreshadowed last year would be fully carried into effect this year. The army would be concentrated at home, and withdrawn from the colonies. There would be at home 86,225 troops, and 23,000 in the colonies. The home army would consist of 19 regiments of cavalry, 105 batteries of artillery, and 68 battalions of infantry. These regiments and battalions would be reduced in size—a regiment of cavalry, consisting of 24 officers, 51 non-commissioned officers, and 407 privates, in all 482. The infantry regiments would consist of 30 officers and 500 men. The total force provided for the defence of the country would be 376 602 men—regulars, 109,225; army reserve, 20,000; militia, 63,600; yeomanry, 15,300; and the uniformed volunteers, 168,477. This was exclusive of the Irish militia. The kingdom is to be divided into nine military districts, each commanded by a General, who is to have command of all the military forces, regular and auxiliary, within his district; and, having thus consolidated the whole of the military establishments of the country, having a standing army of 109,000, and a reserve of all kinds, of 267,000 men. Mr. Cardwell indulged the hope that "the country will be prepared to stand forward as one man in defence of our rights and liberties."

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma they have produced an article which supersedes every other cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M.D.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—New Stock—New Premises—C. P Dorion, Sparks-st.
New Enterprise—R L James & Co
The Red River Route Map—P G Laurie.
Musical—H B Fripp.
Musical Tuition for Beginners—H B Fripp.
Canadian Institute—Grand Charity Concert.
Auction Sale of Real Estate—H McLean.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see first Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

THE INDIGNATION SCOTT-MURDER MEETING AT TORONTO.

The meeting at Toronto to give vent to the general feeling of indignation felt by all classes, at the murder of Thomas Scott, at Fort Garry, was attended by upwards of 5,000 persons. Several of those who had shared the same cell with the unfortunate Scott were present, and there was an unanimous demand for justice. The "rights" of the insurgents were not, for a moment, taken into consideration. The barbarously cruel and wanton murder of poor Scott had wiped out every particle of sympathy for the insurgents. One violent act had destroyed any claim which Riel ever possessed towards consideration in the minds of those present. There was a demand rather for vengeance than justice. Justice could scarcely be thought of in connection with a proceeding, which did not savour of anything approaching to what is understood by that word. The feeling seemed to be, and not incorrectly, that Riel had placed himself beyond the reach of even that consideration, which an ordinary murderer would receive. But even he will be treated with stern justice. When the moment arrives, as come it must, for Riel to say whether he is guilty or not guilty of all that is now laid to his charge he will receive a fair trial. When in the dock, everything that he has to urge in his own defence will be carefully weighed. Now that he is at large and defiant, there is only one feeling—vengeance. The Mayor of Toronto was right in saying that the power "which had been able to make itself felt at Lucknow and Delhi will be sufficient to put down the miserable creature who attempts to usurp authority at Fort Garry, and establish again the supremacy and glory of the British flag." There can be no doubt of this. The Mayor, too, acted wisely in asserting that the meeting had no political object, but was merely designed "to strengthen the hands of the Government in dealing with this matter." In deprecating the feeling of vengeance, His Worship also evinced good taste and sound common sense. The Hon. M. C. Cameron made the position of Riel appear still more presumptuous, and the cruelty of his conduct greater when he said that "it did seem to him a gross sort of impudence on the part of those men, led by Riel, to resort to arms, to control the affairs in Red River to set the British Government and the people of Canada at defiance." It was most certainly a gross kind of impudence. There is no other word which could half as well convey the idea of the cowardly conduct of these Red River insurgents. They had shot a man, like a dog, for asserting the very rights and freedom that Mr. Riel claimed he had a right to maintain. Here is proof that the shooting of Scott was not only a crime, but a blunder, and it was little wonder that the hon. gentleman said that to him, "it was a matter of utter astonishment that any man could be found, who had so little sense, so little knowledge of the Government of the country to which they were to be joined, that they should have risen in arms to assert their rights by force." The remarks of the returned prisoners, however interesting in some respects, had not nearly so much force as these utterances of the Mayor and Mr. Cameron, as regards the attitude of Riel and the other insurgents, and it is no disparagement to the French character to say that Frenchmen have an aptitude for falling into the modes of savages, which Englishmen have not. Adaptation to the manners and acquiescence in the feelings of others, however, rude or barbarous they may be, is only a proof of a high civilisation, which it is to be regretted some Englishmen cannot obtain. Even Livingston found it no disgrace to have an aptitude of falling into the modes of savages. Riel's fault, or crime, rather, does not consist in having fallen into the modes of the savages, but in having aped a peculiarity of civilized warfare in the trial by court martial and carrying the sentence into effect after the manner of civilization. Scott met the death of a Ney, not that which might have been expected from a savage enemy. Riel's errors consist in too great a knowledge of civilization, and in a burlesque imitation of civilized resistence. Had the Fort Garry emeute not ended tragically it would have been ridiculous. The same speaker—one of the imprisoned—Mr. Charles Mair, asserts that Riel "went to Fort Garry and was the life and soul of public meetings, acting under the influence of the priests, who held the crucifix up before the people, and told them that if they fought against Riel, they fought against that?" Now this is evidently untrue. There is not a man, in his senses be he Protestant or Catholic, who will believe that the priests did any such thing. The crucifix is an idea much too sacred in the eyes of the Roman Catholic priesthood to be trifled with in any such manner or for any such purpose. It would be the grossest kind of blasphemy. It is glaringly untrue, and no good can by any possibility accrue from so grossly reckless an assertion. It was not needed to arouse the people of this country to a sense of the wrong inflicted by the scoundrel Riel. This would, indeed, be an excuse for Riel. He, according to Mr. Charles Mair, is not responsible for his acts—the responsibility rests with the priests and the crucifix. This is maudlin stuff, and needed not to have been pawned upon 5,000 people of Toronto as an excuse for the atrocities of Riel. The next speaker, at any length, was Dr. Schultz, who stated that the Fenian flag floated from the flag-staff at Fort Garry. Already there are two reasons given for the attitude of Riel—priestcraft and Fenianism. But there seemed to be some sensible people among the five thousand of the meeting. It was perceived that Mr. Mairs story and the story of the Fenian orator Dr. Schultz did not agree. When Dr. Schultz stated that at least 400 French half-breeds were loyal, a voice put the question—"what did Mr. Mair say?" and Mr. Mair said "his remarks had been misunderstood, and that a considerable portion of the French people, who were industrious and in comfortable circumstances, were loyal."

There can be nothing more silly, it seems to us, than to attempt to make this Red River business a party matter. The ultimate acquisition of the territory concerns the whole of Canada, and it is the honor of Great Britain which is more especially compromised in the recent diabolical proceedings. One thing is, however, certain, both the Imperial Government and that of Canada will do their duty towards the protection of the lives and liberties of British subjects, wherever such subjects may be, and under whatever circumstances they may be placed. No honest subject of England's Queen will ever have reason to blush on account of his nationality, or to fear that wrong done to him anywhere is unsusceptible of redress.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee for providing a Superannuation Fund for Civil Servants. Fund to be obtained from percentage of salaries.

Mr. MACKENZIE approved of the principle, and, after a discussion, the resolutions were carried.

Mr. JOLY gave notice that he would move an amendment on concurrence that the Superannuation Fund subscription should not be compulsory on those whose lives were insured.

The House went again into Committee on the Senate Bill, respecting Masters and Mates Certificates, and so continued up to recess.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT gave notice he would move a resolution to take the building of the Intercolonial Railway out of the hands of the Government, and give it to private parties.

The House went into Committee of Supply, and passed a number of items.

Mr. YOUNG complained on the item for Queen's Printer, that he was not four days in a month at Ottawa, and had not recommended really the lowest tender for Departmental Printing, which was Mr. Cotton's.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—My learned and very severe critic with the view apparently of diverting public attention from the hawking of literature has intruded into the discussion the very relevant subject of noses! A person I english is inclined would have dismissed it with "O! you be blowed," but being content to leave slang, wrath and malice to those who prefer them, and being moreover of an obliging disposition, I am willing to let the peripatetic business "stand" and to address myself to the text. As many persons in the city have "paid through the nose" for books, who knows but they may relish a chapter on that useful and sometimes highly ornamental member the human nose divine. My "nasal organ" friend (not meaning by any means that he is a nosologist) is probably a high authority on the functions and prerogatives of the smeller. He certainly writes like a man of experience, and I am quite ready to believe that his nose knows how to distinguish between Morton's proof and printers' proofs. Some time ago a silly innovator upon recognized physiological principles attempted to maintain that the special and chief intent and purport of a nose was to be pulled, and however absurd the idea may appear when applied to noses, in general it cannot be denied that from occasional specimens the inference might be drawn that, they at least if they could and would speak could tell of many a tweak. Then there are fine gay noses, red like roses, especially towards the apex, and of so bright a hue that introduced in nosegays they cannot fail to impart to them warmth and magnificence. But most of us, Mr. Editor, have seen noses, which in the arrangements of Fire Assurance Companies, ought to be treated as rendering risks extra hazardous. A spoiled son of Ham, who wanted to have his master's chair was observed to be greatly interested in the tentative efforts of a fly to settle upon the cut wart of boss. At last it did just touch it, but was off again. Hereupon Old Ned broke out into an uncontrollable fit of laughter, and when asked the cause said, "O! golly, I knowed him would burn him too!" I suppose it was a nose of of the same appearance opposite to him at an hotel table, which so rivetted the attention of a nice lad, and so filled his mind, that in lieu of asking the gentleman who owned the proboscis to pass him a potato, "he wished he would have the kindness to help him to a nose." Now, Sir, conceive if you can the fearful danger of permitting a blazing sneezer of this class to go in and out where there are loose and highly combustible materials lying about! Why an unintentional sternutation might scatter missiles infinitely more mischievous than ever flew from a blacksmith's anvil, or a steamer's funnel. Suppose such a man passed by a powder magazine and his torpedo exploded, where would we all be? Why, on the other side of the Styx, before you could say Jack Robinson. But these illuminated promontories are not, after all, without grand uses, and no doubt Mr What's-his-name, knows all about it. They have eminently useful missions these same ingoes. Like faithful beacons, warning the over confident mariners of hidden dangers, they proclaim in flaming characters "Beware!" The man, then, who owes a flumbau of this class, may well consider he has been instrumental of good, and instead of thanking his stars, will thank his nose. So much for the "nasal organ" question, and now if Mr. Choleric wishes to resume the main debate, I shall be happy to attend to him, and I dare say he will be as successful in the future as he has been in the past, which is saying a great deal, no doubt, he being the sole judge.

FAG.

We are pleased to learn from an English journal, that our fellow-townsman, Samuel Keefer, Esq., has recently been elected a member of the "*Institution of Civil Engineers*," of London, a distinction he has fairly earned for himself by his professional services in connection with the public works of Canada.

This Institution, established by Thomas Telford in 1818, and afterwards incorporated by Royal Charter in 1828 now numbers 1632 members and associates, embracing all the most distinguished Engineers of the present day.

It was during the time that Mr. Keefer was Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, that our system of inland navigation including the Welland and St Lawrence Canals, was carried into effect.

The Engineer ranks foremost among the true civilizers of modern times. His labours tend more to promote social and international good will, to break down artificial barriers, and to compel commercial relations betwixt adjacent communities, than all the efforts of statesmen and diplomatists put together.—*Brockville Monitor.*

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

ELECTRIC SEWING MACHINES.—The latest phase of Yankee ingenuity is that of making shirts by lightning. A small electric battery has been applied to ordinary sewing machines, and has been found to operate them very successfully. Two small battery cups furnish sufficient power for all ordinary machine work, while three drives the needle with astonishing rapidity through any thickness of material. The expense of operating by this means is said to be about five cents a day, which is certainly a very cheap substitute on the tax on the lower limbs required by the present method. A little further combination of the mechanical powers, and we shall have shirts turned out from an electric battery as rapidly as newspapers from a Hoe's steam press.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 8.

The annual examination of the students took place at the Veterinary College yesterday, and was followed by a dinner in the evening.

Drs. Schultz and Lynch, and Messrs Mansetter, Monkman and Dower, left last evening for Ottawa. A large crowd collected at the station to see them off, who were addressed by Messrs. Anderson, Fleming and T. J. O'Neill, who moved and seconded a resolution of sympathy with the Red River patriots, and that no representative of the rebellion should be allowed to pass through Toronto. The resolution was carried unanimously.

Three hundred emigrants arrived here yesterday, of whom 125 remained in the Province.

Mr. Joseph Hart, of the village of Hartsville, and in the Government of Toronto, formerly Reeve of the Township, has committed murder by hanging a farmer named Wright, in Vaughan township, and also hanged himself on Monday.

A special to the *Telegraph* from St. Paul says, Colonel Desalaberry, Colonel Rankin, Messrs. McCarthy, McArthur, and Rev. Mr. Fletcher have arrived from Red River.

The Delegate Scott disclaims being an American as reported, and says he was an Englishman.

One of the Red River Party who arrived yesterday says, the bulk of the population are opposed to Riel, and are waiting in anxious expectation of a movement of Canada for their protection. They are loyal throughout, but are forced to temporise and be silent, and sometimes acquiesce silently because they were unarmed and in the power of well equipped outlaws at Fort Garry.

The St. Paul *Pioneer* quotes the editorial in the *Telegraph* of the 4th instant, and says it is evident that the Red River Commissioners are going on a fruitless errand

The *Pioneer* strongly denounces the sensational reports manufactured and put afloat by Riel's agents, and published in the St. Paul press, and says that from the emphatic tone of the Toronto papers and the Ministerial organs of the Dominion, the indications are that a war on the Red River insurgents will be made one of unusual vigor; that its speedy issue will be successful; that it is evident the Government is thoroughly aroused, and Riel will soon be obliged to abdicate.

Col. DeSalaberry says he has not had an opportunity of knowing the statements of the whole community of Red River, but he thinks that Riel's demands will be accepted, and that Red River will become a Province of the Dominion.

More of the people favour annexation.

Other members of the party on the other hand say that two-thirds of the people are dissatisfied with Riel, but since the murder of Scott, they are afraid to express their opinions, and silently wait for the protection of the Dominion Government.

Nothing sustained Riel's so-called Government, but the fact that he holds all the arms and ammunition.

The conference of the English and French were forced to appoint Richot and Scott, who are in the interest of Riel.

The Hudson's Bay Company's furs and goods are in the possession of Riel, and he contemplates selling them to replenish the treasury.

Dr. Walter Brown, who was one of those who escaped from Dr. Schultz's house, at Red River, is out of the settlement safe and well.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 8.

The indignation meeting respecting the Scott murder was held last night in the Mechanics' Hall, which was crowded. The Mayor presided—John Leeming, Esq., moved the adoption of the first resolution which was as follows: "That unfortunately, no doubt, can now be entertained that Thomas Scott, a British American subject and loyalist, resident in the Red River Territory, has been put to death, pursuant to the sentence of a pretended tribunal, having no legal authority in the Settlement, and that the shooting of the said Scott must be regarded as deliberate murder.

A. W. Ogilvie, Esq., M. P. P. seconded the motion. The motion was then put by the Mayor and carried, amid loud and prolonged applause.

E. Carter, Esq., M. P. P., moved the second resolution. "That this meeting is profoundly concerned lest this crime should prove but the forerunner of others equally atrocious, and entertain the hope that the Imperial Government ever intending on maintaining unsullied the honor of the British flag, will in concert with the Dominion Government, speedily despatch a military force to the Red River settlement to enforce obedience to the Sovereign, and give confidence to the loyal inhabitants, and ultimately secure the peaceable transfer of the Territory to the Dominion of Canada.

Rev. Mr. Campbell moved the third resolution; "That this meeting deeply sympathise with the loyal inhabitants of the Red River Territory, for the losses they have sustained, and the privations and indignities they have endured, consequent upon the assumption of authority by the insurgents, and trust that upon the restoration of law and order the Government will, as in duty bound, secure to them ample indemnification.

M. A. Stevenson Esq., moved the fourth resolution be printed, and that copies be forwarded to the Dominion and Imperial Parliament.

The utmost excitement and enthusiasm prevailed during the meeting, and all the resolutions were carried unanimously with great cheering.

While the crowd were dispersing, a man called out "three cheers for Riel," and was kicked down stairs and out of the Hall in a manner more energetic than gentle.

The Montreal Boating Club House Company met yesterday, and resolved to erect the proposed building at Lachine.

A sad affair occurred last night about eight o'clock, on Notre Dame street, near Bonsecour. Cordilla Billette, aged 18, who had that morning been engaged as servant, fell from a three-story window, and though her fall was broken by a sunshade, was picked up dead. She was remarkably good looking.

This morning an inquest was held, and it was stated that she had been an inmate of a house of ill-fame on Jacques Cartier street, last year. The poor girl seems to have been endeavouring to reform, and lead a new life. The window she fell from is a basement, with the sill only twelve inches from the floor. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

Burrett, late of the Ottawa House, is to assume charge of the Russell House, Quebec.

Although the sad affair in Notre Dame street occurred early last night, not one of the morning papers had a line about it.

The Young Earnest Teetotaller's Concert was in every way a success.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—In the House of Commons Mr. Childers, First Lord of the Admiralty, said Capt. Lambert, of the man-of-war *Dephne*, now cruising in the Pacific, had been directed to use the utmost vigilance to arrest the depredations of South Sea Islanders.

Mr. Monsell, Under Foreign Secretary, in reply to an enquiry, informed the House that nothing had been done about the Red River difficulty since the 22nd of March, when the Government sent full instructions to the Canadian authorities.

The House resumed the consideration of the Irish Land Bill. In Committee, Signan, member for Limerick County, moved an amendment providing that evicted tenants be entitled to damages equal to ten years rent, but not to exceed ten pounds.

Mr. Gladstone opposed this, though he said he was willing to provide for free contracts after the provisions of the Bill had been observed for a given number of years, discretion thereon being left to courts. Mr. Gladstone proceeded to discuss and defend certain clauses of the Bill.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy admitted that the last objectionable features of the Bill had been removed.

Sir Roundell Palmer was averse to further changes.

Mr Grey thought the Bill a direct scheme for extorting long leases from reluctant landlords.

Mr. Hunt and Mr Cogan favoured seven years as the term of lease.

Signan's amendment and several others, were withdrawn or negatived.

Mr. Gladstone, after referring to concessions already made with reluctance, said that a denial of all compensation to all out-going tenants, denial of freedom of contract, and imitation of damages to 50 pounds, which were proposed in the amendment offered by Mr. Fowler, were equally arbitrary and unjust. He appealed solemnly to the Committee to accept the concessions made by the Government, already so extreme as to alienate many Irish supporters.

The House divided on Mr. Fowler's amendment, with the following result: For the amendment, 218; against it, 250; majority for the Government, 32.

Progress was then reported, and the House adjourned.

The paper makers of the north of England held a meeting at Manchester yesterday, and agreed to advance the price of all kinds of paper 10 per cent., owing to the dearness of rags.

The *Globe* intimates that an early retirement of the present Speaker of the House of Commons may be expected, and that the Right Hon. Edward Cardwell, the present Secretary of State for War, will probably be elected as his successor.

The *Globe* also announces that some changes are again contemplated in the Ministry, which are—Lord Northbrook to replace the Hon Mr. Cardwell, as Secretary of State for War; A S Egerton, Hon. Commissioner of Public Works, to be President of the Board of Trade, should John Bright withdraw in consequence of ill health, and Sir Roundell Palmer to succeed Lord Hatherly as Lord High Chancellor.

The *Times* to-day, in an editorial on the boat race, says: "Pluck and perseverance gave the Cambridge crew a victory This is gratifying to the public who have been weary of the Oxonians' success which had become monotonous by repetition.

The *Telegraph* says the victory is immensely popular. The public satisfaction is genuine and unbounded.

It is hinted to-day that Sir Stafford Northcote's contemplated visit to Canada has some relation to the Red River difficulty.

QUEENSTOWN.—A mason, working on a new cathedral in this place, was arrested to-day by the police as a Fenian. He had a revolver concealed on his person, which fact becoming known to the police, led to his arrest on suspicion.

DUBLIN.—The first instance of the enforcement of the Irish Coercion Bill occurred today at Dundalk, where the magistrates ordered the printer to suppress the edition of a *Farmers' Almanac*, containing seditious language.

The Queen has declined to inaugurate the Albert memorial at Belfast.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—It is reported that the opposition party will issue a proclamation concerning the plebiscitum.

There is a rumor that Count Daru, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and M. Buffet Minister of Finance, have tendered their resignations.

It is also reported that the Emperor was hurt to-day while mounting his horse. These rumors have an effect upon the Bourse, and have depressed rentes, which at this hour is quoted at 73f. 45c.

Mr. Olivier and Jules' Jamin have been elected members of the Academy of France.

The medical students to-day signed a protest against the closing of the Ecole de Medicine.

A plebiscitum will be submitted to the nation after the Senate have voted on the *Senatus Consultum*, probably about the 15th of May.

It is generally understood that the Government will allow both chambers to discuss the plebiscitum before it is voted on by the people.

A Moncton Ministerial journal accuses M. Rouher, of encouraging the strike of the workingmen at La Creuzot.

SPAIN.

MADRID—The popular opposition to the operation of the Military Conscription Act is not abated Yesterday a number of men entered Seville from the neighbring villages of Camas and Santiponce with banners flying, shouting "Viva Republic," and "down with Conscription." They were evidently sent out to test the disposition of the people for a general rising. The rioters were promptly arrested and groups formed round the guard, and for a time it was thought efforts would be made to rescue the prisoners. They were safely lodged in jail after some difficulty, and the crowd dispersed.

The news from Barcelona is highly important. Advises just received says that troubles have broken out with renewed violence. The rioters have congregated a short distance from the city, and are throwing up barricades.

The Captain General has notified the Government that he is not strong enough to attack them, and is awaiting reinforcements.

Gen. Prim has sent Gen. Baldrich to the scene, to take command of the national troops.

In the Cortes to-day a despatch from the Captain General of Cuba was read, announcing the flight of Jordan, the Commander-in Chief, the surrender of many rebels and the execution of others, and declaring the rebellion at an end.

The Cortes adopted a vote of thanks to the Captain General, army navy, and volunteers.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—The Upper Chamber has passed a resolution favouring the appointment of a Liberal Ministry.

The Lower Chamber has adopted an address to the Emperor, protesting against experimental changes in the constitution.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 8, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the first reading of the Bill, from Commons, relating to Banks and Banking.

The Bill relating to the Association of Canadian Artists was also read the first time.

Hon. Mr. ROSS moved the third reading of the Quebec Harbour management Bill.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER moved the third reading of the Collingwood Harbour Dues Bill, and a verbal amendment having been made, the Bill was returned to Commons for concurrence therein.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER seconded the reading of the Bill—an Act to provide for the amalgamation of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and the President, Directors and Company of the Gore Bank.

In moving the second reading, the hon. Senator said that the object of the Bill was to give effect to an arrangement which had been entered into, between the Bank of Commerce and the Gore Bank. It would be in the recollection of most hon. members from the Province of Ontario, that the Gore bank, which was an old and highly respectable institution, and had done good service to the country in its day, became involved in difficulties some time ago, but although its circumstances were somewhat critical and embarrassed, the Directors acted most honourably in making ample provision for the prompt liquidation of all liabilities, and the result of that action was that no one except the shareholders suffered loss in the smallest degree. When the difficulty became of pressing importance, a minute investigation of the character and amount of the assets was made, and the Directors came to the conclusion that the interest of the proprietors was not likely to be promoted by the Bank continuing in operation, and it was decided to make overtures to the Bank of Commerce with the view of effecting an amalgamation. To secure that object, various interviews took place between the representatives of the two institutions, and the final result was an arrangement, which, being submitted to the shareholders of both Banks, was, with some modifications, fully approved of and ratified. The simple object of the Bill, he repeated, was to give statutory effect to the arrangement. The Bill would be referred to the proper committee, and when at that stage he would submit all the documents connected with the arrangement between the Companies. He concluded by moving the second reading, and the motion being affirmed, he then moved the reference of the Bill to the Committee on Banking.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act of the Montreal Sun Insurance Company—Carried and referred to Committee.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST called attention to reports in the newspapers relative to the strong feeling in the country on the subject of the murder of Scott, and to the alleged danger to the delegates who were coming to the country. He was understood to say that safe conduct should be guaranteed to them.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that the delegates could not be held responsible for murder, as they had been appointed before that event, and although the feeling of the country appeared to be strong, he believed the delegates would go unmolested through the country.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 8, 1870.

The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Mr. HARRISON presented the fifth report of the Committee on Private Bills.

Mr. BROUSSEAU presented the report of the Committee on Printing.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee, to consider resolutions providing for a system of superannuation for officers of the Civil Service, and of permanent officers and servants of the Senate and House of Commons. He said the Government had adopted the English system respecting officers who held positions during good behaviour, but we have not that protection for civil servants which exists in England, and most of the British Colonies. It was necessary under such system, that there should be provisions for such officers as were getting too old to efficiently perform their duties. The Government did not desire to add to the burden of the people, and therefore we came down with a plan which would be self-supporting. This system was analagous to one prevailing in England for a great number of years, but the British Government had recently made more liberal provision. He had had the opportunity of observing the working of a self-supporting superannuation system, had seen its errors and could not provide against them. But it was not the duty of Government or Parliament to provide for widows and families of men who died in the service of the Government. It was only desirable that civil servants who had grown old in the service of the Government, should be got rid of. Some of the officers were over 80 years of age and it was not desirable that they should be longer in active service. He trusted that Parliament would support this self-supporting superannuation plan.

Mr. MACKENZIE thought there could be no serious objection to consider the resolutions, and they would rid the House from importunities of old officers, who would not retire because there was no provision for them. He thought the plan proposed was superior to that adopted by the Ontario Government, which had voted $20,000 to provide for the retirement of old officers.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said, this vote of $20,000 was not made upon general principles, but to provide for old and incompetent officers, whose services were not needed, and at the end of the year, it was found that there was an actual saving by this step.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT was glad the Government had taken up the matter. It was often impossible for the Government, having any feeling of humanity, to dismiss a servant who had grown old in the service. He did not see any specific amount asked for. He thought that provision should be made to allow of the dispensing with the services of some old employees now in the service.

Mr. STREET approved highly of the plan.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON did not find in it express provision for the cases of officers who should at once be allowed to retire.

Mr. JOLY was sorry to see that the scheme did not go far enough. It ought to make provision for the maintenance of the families of those employees, who were cut off when in youth and health. Many of them were in the receipt of such small salaries, that they could not afford to insure their lives. Some of them manage to do so, but this scheme would compel them to drop that insurance, to contribute towards the Superannuation Fund. Provision should be made for those cases.

Mr. JONES (Leeds) did not see why the country should be taxed for the benefit of any one class, especially at this time, when the House was informed that there would be increased taxation.

Mr. HARRISON said that the fund would be taken from the employee's own salary, not from the country.

Mr. FERGUSON explained that out of the $20,000 voted in Ontario last year, only $8,000 had been spent, and that this sum was less than the yearly salaries of the employees discharged.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS was gratified at the reception of the resolutions, and further explained their provisions.

The motion was then carried, to go into Committee on Monday.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER presented returns, giving the names of military school cadets; sums paid for barrack accommodation; statement of salary and expenses of the Inspector of Drill Sheds (Major Scoble).

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD asked if the Government intended to remove the *debris* from the drill shed at Toronto.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—I am expecting a report every day.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD hoped that under no circumstances would the drill shed be placed on the present site, the ammunition there caused a great deal of alarm in Toronto.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it was very likly the papers would be made out to-morrow, and perhaps the Government of the Dominion would be able to do an act of liberality to the Ontario Government. Probably the material of the drill shed would be handed over to his hon. friend (laughter).

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD—I don't care for the material (laughter).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—Provided he will receive it (laughter).

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT asked if the Government were prepared to bring down the correspondence respecting fisheries.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Not yet.

Mr. YOUNG asked if the orders in Council respecting the Departmental Printing were nearly ready.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they would be ready soon.

The House then went into Committee on the Bill respecting certificates to Masters and Mates.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD stated, that the third clause had been allowed to lie over on account of its being a money clause. He explained that in some cases it was difficult to draw the line, and here the fee of ten dollars was voluntary and not compulsary, This must not be allowed to go too far, however, and probably the best way might be to let it pass with a vote, that it was not to be a precedent.

Hon Mr. HOLTON said the second clause was more objectionable as fixing the remuneration from the consolidated fund.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said, that had been in brackets in the original Bill left out through error in the printing for the second reading.

A discussion ensued on the relative power of the Senate and Commons in originating.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he would consider the whole question, and thought possibly that a conference with the Senate might be desirable to settle some definite rule before a case should arise which might involve a conflict of jurisdiction.

On clause thirteen, objections were made to its passage.

Mr. FORTIN said it was the most important clause of the Bill. There was no use for a Board of Examiners, unless there were schools at which the men could be educated to pass. At present Colonial Shipmasters were looked on as inferior to British Shipmasters, and this should not continue. A large school like what was at Quebec was not wanted. It would be enough to have a teacher accustomed to teach navigation which might be established at each of the principal ports at small expense. He said great misapprehension existed as to the extent of shipping owned in the Dominion, and ridiculed the idea of comparing the tonnage to that of France. He believed that judicious measures of education would assist to increase the amount of shipping.

Mr. MILLS thought the education clause was not within the jurisdiction of the Government, that being relegated to the Local Governments. He thought that when examinations were made compulsory, a demand would grow up for schools, and the Local Government would be forced by the necessities of the case to establish them, if private enterprise did not do so.

Mr. FORTIN urged the importance of providing some means whereby seamen could qualify themselves for masters and mates. If this measure passed, no, seaman without a certificate of comptency, could get command of a vessel, and therefore these schools were absolutely necessary.

Mr. COFFIN said, there was no means in this country for seamen to qualify themselves for commanders of vessels. Seamen had to go to England to be educated in order to be qualified for a certificate of competency. Boards of Examiners would be quite useless without Marine Schools were seamen could qualify themselves to pass the requisite examination before the Board of Examiners. He hoped that such Schools would be established, so that our seamen could be properly educated for commanders, without being obliged to go to England.

Hon. Col. GREY thought the objection raised by the member for Bothwell was to be taken. The education of our seamen was a matter of Dominion interest, and it was properly a matter for the consideration of the Dominion Parliament.

Hon. Mr. WOOD supported the objection, that this question of establishing Marine Schools was not under the control of the General Legislature. He contended that navigation was taught in the existing Schools, and the establishment of Marine Schools was unnecessary.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he had heard young men preparing for certificates being asked questions on navigation, that not a member in this House could answer. It was not necessary that schools should be established to teach these young men.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the object of the clause was not to establish Schools, but to afford facilities to enable masters and mates to pass the necessary examination before 1872.

At six o'clock the Committee rose and reported progress.

AFTER RECESS.

Mr. CASAULT moved, before the Orders of the Day were called, that the returns submitted of the correspondence between the Governments of the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario and the Dominion Government, about the debt of the late Provinces of Canada, be referred to the Committee on Public Accounts on Monday next.—Carried.

On motion of Mr. BROWN, the Bill to restore the charter of the Grand Junction Railway Company, was read the third time and passed.

Mr. ANGUS MORRISON moved the House into Committee on the Act to incorporate the Ontario and Erie Ship Canal Company, as amended in Committee on Railways and Canals.

Mr. MERRITT thought there should be some explanation from the Government, and the hon. member for Niagara. He had heard something of this scheme every Session. The constituency of the hon. member (Angus Morrison) had always been faithful to the Government of the day, and he thought the House ought to know whether this Bill was to be the reward of the constituency for past services; and it was part of the great system of Canals that had been foreshadowed a few days ago. The House ought to know if the Government, feeling itself unable to grasp the great public works, intended to hand them over to private capitalists (hear).

Mr. MORRISON said the hon. gentleman had heard some explanations in Committee, all members of which were in favour of the scheme. He had no knowledge that any hon. member was against the Bill, and he was not satisfied that the hon. member himself (Mr. Merritt) was against it. The promoters of the Bill were men of the highest character (hear), who were worth millions. The capital could be obtained, and he would be the last man to introduce the Bill with the view to buncombe or to please his constituents (hear). The scheme had never been discussed at the late elections one way or the other He believed the time had arrived when capital could be found, and Canals must be constructed. The principle of the Bill had been adopted, not only by the Railway Committee, but also by this House. Every clause in the Bill was precisely the same as that to unite the waters of the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain, and he did not see why the Bill should not pass, as they did not ask any money.

Hon. Mr. WOOD suggested to put off the Bill for one year, when the general elections would take place (laughter).

The motion passed, and the House went into Committee, Hon. Mr. ABBOTT in the Chair.

The Bill was reported, and concurred in, read a third time and passed.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ABBOTT the House went into Committee on the Bill respecting the Canada Central Railway, Mr. MORRISON (Niagara) in the chair.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD thought it was due to the House that the promoter of this Bill should explain the object of the Bill. It had been before Parliament for ten years, without anything being done and it involved the giving away of three or four hundred thousand acres of land in Ontario and Quebec.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT explained the provissions of the Bill. The Bill had no effect respecting lands. If part of the road were completed by September, the next Company would have a claim for the land under the old Charter, if not they would have no claim.

Hon JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD said he was not Director of the Company like his hon. friend, and had no personal interest. He opposed the Bill on grounds of public interest only. In the old parliament four million acres of land were granted to the North Shore Railway, and the object of this Bill was to obtain possession of the tail end of that grant. The original intention of the grant was to open up a railway from Quebec to Ontario and Lake Huron in the most direct line. The capital of the original company was to be $30,000 a mile. He traced the history of the various projects, in connection with this line, the promoters of which had not a cent in their pockets, but who endeavoured to raise capital in England on the strength of the public lands. The charter was renewed from time to time, though not a dollar had been spent on the line. He knew the Government was opposed to him in this matter, and on a subject to which the Government were opposed, there was not much chance of getting a hearing in this House; but he appealed to the justice of the House not to allow the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario to be swindled as this Bill proposed to do. The original charter contemplated a direct line to Lake Huron, but in 1866 although not a dollar had been spent, the promoters of the Canada Central Railway, succeeded in obtaining permission to divert the line 25 miles out of the direct line, to connect with the Brockville and Ottawa Road at Carleton Place.

The time for considering Private Bills having expired the Committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again on Monday.

The House then went into Committee on the Bill respecting the certificates to Masters and Mates, Mr. MILLS in the chair.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the clause to which objection had been taken in the afternoon should be struck out, until the Government were prepared to submit to the House a scheme of Marine Education, if they meant to establish such a scheme, and if they did not, then this clause was superfluous. It was imprudent and unwise to legislate by Orders in Council.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD approved of the Bill, and said it would be time enough to discuss the project of Marine Schools when the estimates for it came before the House. He thought the Marine element in this New Dominion ought to be encouraged in every way.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON was as much in favour of the object of the Bill as the member for Cornwall, but the Government should come down with a general scheme, before asking for power to deal with this question. If this clause was acceptable to the representatives from the Maritime Provinces, he would withdraw his objection.

Mr. MACKENZIE said, even if this clause was passed, it could not be operative until a vote of money was passed for that service.

Mr. FORTIN explained that he had calculated that $10,000 would be received by 1872 from the fees from Masters and Mates, who would have to come before the Board of Examiners. This money could be expended on Marine Education.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER called the attention of the member for Chateauguay to the fact that the member for Shelburne, who was a gentleman who had the confidence of all the sea-faring men of Nova Scotia, had stated that he believed the measure would be regarded with great favour by the seamen of his Province. He (Hon. Dr. Tupper) was convinced the Bill would be productive of great benefit to the Maritime element, and hoped it would become law.

Mr. FORTIN wanted the Government to provide means of obtaining instruction even by employing examiners as instructors, and the ten thousand dollars which would be received for certificates would meet all expenses.

The Bill was adopted with amendments.

The Committee rose and reported the Bill read the second time with the amendments. The third reading was fixed for Monday next.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House again into Committee of Supply.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER suggested to take small items on which would be brief discussion.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said he understood the Finance Minister would move the House into Committee at an early hour on Tuesday, so as to give an opportunity for a full discussion, and he therefore acquiesced in the suggestion of the Minister of Militia. He gave notice that he would then move that the House do not go into Committee.

The motion passed and the House went into Committee, Mr. STREET in the Chair.

On item, $25,980 for the Department of Militia and Defence.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if the Minister of Militia could state if there was any retrenchment in his Department. The House was asked to vote $25,000.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that was caused by the transfer from one branch to another. There was no increase.

On item $21,587.50 for the Department of the Secretary of State, against $25,290 last year, and the Department of the Secretary of State for the Provinces of $15,670, against $5,200 last year.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS explained that it was owing to the Indian Department having been transferred.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the decrease in one was much less than the increase in the other.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the Queen's Printer had been transferred in addition to the Indian Department.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was impossible to account for it in that way, the salary of the Queen's Printer not being more than $2,000.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said the North West question necessitated extra officials.

Mr. MACKENZIE said there ought to be further explanations, and the items should be held over.

Mr. YOUNG said the Queen's Printer was very seldom in Ottawa, and he had recommended the tender for Public Printing that was not the lowest.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the tender was given to the lowest.

Mr. YOUNG contended that the manner in which the Queen's Printer had reported on the tenders, led to the result that the lowest tender did not get the contract, and proceeded to give details in the matter.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD referred to the economical ... which the Ontario Government ... the Public Printing. If the ... Government desired to retain the ... dence of the country they must ... ductions in expenses while they were ... paring to put on heavier taxes ... of extravagance must not be ... He had seen the benefits of ... management.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Under what ... does the Queen's printer come?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS ... that of the Secretary of State ... been voted.

Hon. Mr. WOOD thought ... not be much to do in the Department of the Secretary of State for the ... but their was a good deal of ... Indian Department.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said there ... deal more work in the Indian ... than he had supposed.

Hon. Mr. WOOD and Mr. ... said there were great complaints ... delay in the Indian Department.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the ... sible despatch was used in getting ... business.

Mr. BOWN said there was ... tice done by the frequent ... Indian Department.

Mr. MACKENZIE bore testimony ... ability and industry of Mr. ... Indian Department, but blamed ... tem for the delay, and some ... might have been caused by Mr. ... desire to protect the Government ... protested against the ... allowing perquisites ... to officials besides ... pear that Mr. Coffin, Chief Clerk ... Finance Department had ... as such while acting on ... mission, and he (Mr. ... for explanations of the matter.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. ... that the salary as Ordnance ... ducted from the allowance ... Intercolonial Railway Commission.

Mr. MACKENZIE pointed ... Coffin had received both allowances ... asked the Minister of Public ... Secretary of State, for explanation.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said ... Department was concerned ... been receiving a salary fixed by ... opinion of counsel had been ... subject, and Mr. Coffin had ... salary as Ordnance Clerk, as ... missioner—Items passed.

On the item of the Receiver ... Department, in answer to Mr. ...

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS ... office formerly filled by Mr. ... was filled by the promotion of ... clerks of that Department.

The item passed, and also items ... for the Finance, and $20,549 for ... toms Department.

On item $18,200 for Inland Revenue ... Hon. Mr. MORRIS explained that ... crease of $5,000 over last year's ... was caused by additional ... lection of hydraulic rents ...

On item $37,740 for Public Works ... JOHN S. MACDONALD ... how it was that no reduction ... made in the staff since Confederation ... although many public works had ... dertaken by the local authorities.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN explained ... the staff was too small because there ... many great public works in progress ... $49,940 Post Office, was passed ... $19,705, Agricultural Statistics ... Marine and Fisheries. On the item ... Treasury Board,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON protested against ... departure from the solemn pledge ... by the Government when this ... established that it would not ... additional charge on the Treasury.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD ... the Treasury Board had proved ... useful in discussing questions ... otherwise engage much of the ... cil. If the member for Chateauguay ... behind the scenes he would ... Board was very necessary, and it ... interfered with the ultimate ... of the Government.

In answer to Mr. MACKENZIE ...

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS ... otal salary of Auditor Langton ...

Item passed; also Finance Offices ... Scotia and New Brunswick $200 ... ion Offices, Nova Scotia, $10,600 ... Brunswick $6,500,

The Committee rose and reported progress.

In reply to Hon. Mr. HOLTON,

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD ... the present intention of the Government ... was to ask the House to adjourn ... day night next to the following ... but if the Government could spare ... day, they would ask the House to ... that day also.

The House adjourned at 12.25.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled— JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in ... royal style last month, and ... citizens of the Dominion of Canada will ... the birth of their new and rising ... out recovered invalids still feel that ... would be too short to celebrate all ... that celebrated Indian Medicine, the ... SHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the ... druggists in your locality.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S ... HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday ... and Friday, on and after MONDAY ... for the purpose of giving thorough instruction ... fundamental principles of music, ... plied to the study of the PIANO FORTE ... direction of Mr. H. K. FRIPP conductor ... wa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist ... Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral ... St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church ...

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two ... half. Application to be made to ... Each class to be limited to eight pupils.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

SUSSEX STREET

SUNDAY, 10th APRIL

GRAND CHARITY CONCERT

For the benefit of the

ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

Under the patronage of the LADIES of ... Institution.

MONS. LOUIS DE PLAINVAL, of ... and the most distinguished Amateurs of ... city will lend their valuable assistance ... occasion.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats ... cents,

MUSICAL.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN (whether members ... bers of the Philharmonic Society or ... who would like to devote an hour ... to the attention of music during the ... summer with a view to the study of ... posers seriatim, will by attending at Mr. ... Hall to-morrow, Saturday 9th, at ... oblige their obedient servant,

H. K. F...

The project of a series of matinees for ... music will be discussed.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, ...
Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, ...
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points east and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of ... street. A & H TAYLOR, A...

LOCAL NEWS.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for N...

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves be... immediately.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures tooth...

THE MARKET—FRIDAY.—A few loads ... a couple of waggons—nothing more.

POLICE COURT—FRIDAY—No case. T... too moral, or too mean to get up a r...

MASON & RUSSELL's show room open ... general display of novelties for the ... take place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, R... Rhubarb, &c, &c, at J. B. Bass &... Rideau street.

WORTH seeing, the grand display o... try and Mantles, and the crowds of ... admiring the Spring Fashions at G... Mutchmor & Co.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on ... Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full ... every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings ... speciality. The largest stock of New ... and lowest prices in the city at G... Mutchmor & Co.

RED RIVER ARRIVALS.—Among the ... at the Russell House, are Dr. Schultz, ... Lynch, Mr. Monkman and Mr. Dower, ... Red River notoriety.

MEETING AT THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S ... —Col. Robertson Ross, Cols. Jarvis, ... Atherly and Durie held a consultation ... adjourned to await the arrival of Ge... ray.

INDIGNATION MEETING.—A petition ... passed through the city, requesting ... Worship the Mayor to make the pe... of Ottawa indignant over Riel's ... They are sufficiently mad over the sid...

FLOODED.—The track of the St. La... and Ottawa Railway is flooded from the ... road to the railway bridge. The ... is rising rapidly, and the remaini... a sort of dam at the bridge, which ... affects travelling on the Glo...

ARRIVAL.—Yesterday afternoon Major ... Ottaway arrived, accompanied by Col. W... a guard of honor and the band ... the 60th Rifles, were at the stati... the commander. A military ... given, the national anthem struc... General proceeded to the Gove... residence in His Excellency's ... which was on hand.

—We direct attention to the ... ment in another column of the cl... instruction in music, to be opened on ... April by Mr. Fripp, whose conne... Christ's Church, as organist, ... As a teacher of some fifteen ... experience in this country, he has found ... an almost universal practice to en... young children, at the commencement of ... musical education, to some of the numbe... young ladies who, because they can exe... pieces, imagine themselves qualifie... and this of course they are willin... at a lower fee than that charged by ex... teachers, the result being that whe... master undertake their work, they have ... to teach than to teach. In order to ob... serious matter, Mr. Fripp propose... the instruction of as many be... as choose to avail themselves of ... so as to thoroughly ground the... elements of music—in classes whe... can be instructed at once, so the re... to the teacher being shared by ... may be to each small.

Board of School Trustees.

OTTAWA CITY, April 7, 187...

Present:—J. D. Slater, chairman; Less... May, Wills, Robinson, Alexander, Pratt, ... Moved and seconded that Mr. J. D. J... act as Secretary to this meeting.

The minutes were read and approved.

Mr. Birkett entered.

Communications from Miss Annie St... Mr. John Birkel, and from the Local Supe... ent were read, and a number of acco... counted.

Moved by Mr. Robinson, seconded by ... Alexander, that the petition of Miss St... received and placed on file, and that ... ring of Miss Steacy from her fo... ition, to that of which she now compl... is evidently an oversight, and in opp... of motion of this Board. Be it now ... ed that Miss Steacy resume her plac... Central School East, and Miss Wood take ... now occupied by Miss Steacy—Carr... Moved by Mr. LeSueur, seconded by ... that the Chairman be authorized ... a cheque for $6 85 in favour of ... Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Co... for premium of Insurance under pol... $900 on furniture in the Eastern C... school; also a cheque for $10 in fav... Mr. W. Cousens, for work done by ... to the water closets at the Bol... school.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by ... that the wood accounts from the ... persons just read be received, and p... cheque, signed by the Chairman. ... to the contrary to be suspended: ... paid by G. May to Michl. Bu...; ... paid by M. J. Mills to Thos. ... paid by Thos. Birkett to E. La... $4 40—$7 40. ... Robert Hinton $195 00. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Alexander, seconded by ... that the Furnishing Committee be ... and they are hereby authorized ... water founts for each class room ... Central School West.

Moved by Mr. Pratt in amendment, secon... Birkett, that all in the origi... expunged and the following ... that the Furnishing Committee ... to procure a stone fount for ea... department of the Central School W... not to exceed two dollars each.

Yeas—Messrs. LeSueur, Pratt and B...

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Robinson, W... May.

The original motion was then put ...

Yeas—Messrs. May, Wills, Robinson ...

Nays—Messrs. Pratt, Birkett, and ...

Mr. ... gave notice that he will at ... meeting of the Board offer a motion ... the motion just read authorizi... of water founts for the Cen...

Moved by Mr. Birkett, seconded by M... that the accounts of Messrs. Robins... Thomas Patterson, Curties Towns... Birkel, William Rodgson ... presented be receive... to the Chairman, be and is hereby ...

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

THE MARKET—FRIDAY—A few loads of hay a couple of waggons—nothing more.

POLICE COURT—FRIDAY—No case. The city is too moral, or too mean to get up a row.

MACEE & RUSSELL's show room opening and general display of novelties for the season takes place on Thursday, the 31st inst.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c, &c, at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

RED RIVER ARRIVALS.—Among the arrivals at the Russell House, are Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch, Mr. Monkman and Mr. Dower—all of Red River notoriety.

MEETING AT THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE—Col. Robertson Ross, Cols. Jarvis, Smith, Atcherly and Durie held a consultation and adjourned to await the arrival of Gen. Lindsay.

INDIGNATION MEETING.—A petition is being passed through the city, requesting His Worship the Mayor to make the population of Ottawa indignant over Riel's blunders. They are sufficiently mad over the sidewalks.

FLOODED.—The track of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway is flooded from the Montreal road to the railway bridge. The Rideau is rising rapidly, and the remaining ice forms a sort of dam at the bridge, which materially affects travelling on the Gloucester road.

ARRIVAL.—Yesterday afternoon Major General Lindsay arrived, accompanied by Col. Wolseley. A guard of honor and the band, both of the 60th Rifles, were at the station to receive the commander. A military salute was given, the national anthem struck up, and the General proceeded to the Governor General's residence in His Excellency's carriage, which was on hand.

MUSIC.—We direct attention to the announcement in another column of the classes for instruction in music, to be opened on the 20th April by Mr. Fripp, whose connection with Christ's Church, as organist, has ... As a teacher of some fifteen years experience in this country, he has found it to be an almost universal practice to entrust young children, at the commencement of their musical education, to some of the numberless young ladies who, because they can execute a few pieces, imagine themselves qualified to teach, and this of course they are willing to do at a lower fee than that charged by experienced teachers, the result being that when the latter undertake their work, they have more to unteach than to teach. In order to obviate this serious matter, Mr. Fripp proposes to undertake the instruction of as many beginners as choose to avail themselves of his services—so as to thoroughly ground them in the elements of music—in classes where as many can be instructed at once, so the remuneration to the teacher being shared by the many may be to each small.

Board of School Trustees.

OTTAWA CITY, April 7, 1870.

Present:—J. D. Slater, chairman; Lesueur, May, Wills, Robinson, Alexander, Pratt.

Moved and seconded that Mr. J. P. Joynt act as Secretary to this meeting.

The minutes were read and approved.

Mr. Birket entered.

Communications from Miss Annie Steacy, Mr. John Birket, and from the Local Superintendent were read, and a number of accounts presented.

Moved by Mr. Robinson, seconded by Mr Alexander, that the petition of Miss Steacy be received and placed on file, and that the transferring of Miss Steacy from her former position, to that of which she now complains is evidently an oversight, and in opposition of motion of this Board. Be it now resolved that Miss Steacy resume her place in Central School East, and Miss Wood take the place now occupied by Miss Steacy—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Le Sueur, seconded by Mr. May, that the Chairman be authorized to sign a cheque for $6 85 in favour of the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company, for premium of Insurance under policy No. 959,924 on furniture in the Eastern Central School; also a cheque for $10 in favour of Mr. W. Cousens, for work done by J. ... to the water closets at ... Bolton street school.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. ..., that the wood accounts from the following persons just read be received, and paid by cheque, signed by the Chairman. Any rule to the contrary to be suspended:—

Amount paid by G. May to Michl. Burke, $9 88.

Amount paid by M. J. Mills to Thos. Mulvey, $37 13.

Amount paid by Thos. Birkett to E. Larcy, $4 00, P. Parie, $4 40—$7 40.

Amount due Robert Hinton $195 00.

Carried.

Moved by Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr ..., that the Furnishing Committee be instructed, and they are hereby authorized, to procure water founts for each class room in the Central School West.

Moved by Mr. Pratt in amendment, seconded by Mr. Birkett, that all in the original motion be expunged and the following be inserted, that the Furnishing Committee be instructed to procure a stone fount for each of the departments of the Central School West at a cost not to exceed two dollars each.—

Yeas—Messrs. LeSueur, Pratt and Birkett.

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Robinson, Wills and May.

The original motion was then put and carried.

Yeas—Messrs. May, Wills, Robinson and Alexander.

Nays—Messrs. Pratt, Birkett, and LeSueur.

Mr. Pratt gave notice that he will at the next meeting of this Board offer a motion to reconsider the motion just read authorizing the purchase of water founts for the Central School West.

Moved by Mr. Birkett, seconded by Mr. Wills, that the accounts of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Thomas Patterson, Charles Townsend, Steward & Strickand, William Hodgson and Thomas Birkett just presented be received, and that the Chairman, be and is hereby authorized to sign a cheque in favour of each account, suspending any rule to the contrary.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Robinson, seconded by Mr. Alexander, that all after the word, that in the original motion, be struck out and the following inserted: that the accounts just read be referred to the Finance Committee, to report to this Board at the next meeting.

Moved by Mr. LeSueur, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that all the words after the word "that," in the original motion be struck out and the following substituted:—The Chairman be and is hereby authorized, suspending any rule to the contrary, to sign cheques for the following accounts:

Messrs. Robinson & Co............	$ 2 10
C. Townsend..............	7 80
Thomas Patterson............	4 80
" "............	5 44
....	50
Thomas Birkett............	7 45
" "............	35
" "............	13 65
Steward and Strickand............	341 19

Carried on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. Mills, May, LeSueur, Pratt.

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Robinson, Birkett.

Moved by Mr. LeSueur, seconded by Mr. May, that the Chairman be authorized to effect an insurance in the Royal Assurance Company, in the sum of $1,000 on the furniture in the Central School West.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. LeSueur, that the amount of money collected from non-resident pupils by Mr. Bribner, principal teacher of the Central School West, viz: $7 50, be paid to the City Chamberlain to be placed to the credit of this Board, and that Mr. Bribner's communication on the subject be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

JAMES JOYNT,
Secretary.

BIRTH.

At New Edinburgh, on the 6th instant, Mrs. W. Woodburn, of a son.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1329y

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c, including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)....	$1 00
" colored,............	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain,............	1 50
" colored,............	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS,

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE, GOODS, LUMBERING OUTFIT, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, auctioneer, and commission merchant, has received instructions from JOHN ASHFIELD, Esq., to sell by Public Auction at his store, LeBreton's Flats, on TUESDAY, the 12th APRIL instant, at 10 o'clock a. m., all his Stock in Trade, consisting in part of Tea, Coffee, Crockery, and Glassware, &c., &c., a quantity of Quarrying Tools, a large quantity of Blankets, Ropes, X-cut Saws, Axes, Lumber, Doors, Sleighs, Cooking and Parlor Stoves and Stove Pipes

—ALSO—

Lot No. 22, corner of Sherwood and Oregon Streets, in Block F. Le Breton's Flats, with a good Stone House thereon, containing six tenements.

The Real Estate will be sold at 2 o'clock p. m.

Terms made known at time of of sale.

N. B.—The shop and dwelling now occupied by him are to rent.

Ottawa, April 9, 1870. 1329td

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street.............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chandiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY,
At the Mills; or
MESSRS. ROSS & CO.
City of Quebec.

April 8, 1870. 1333 6

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1719b

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 34, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 550 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Pr of of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1318tf

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect,
Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ALHABASAY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1334

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors, Elgin Street. 1328 2aws 1m

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $220 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327td

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pattee's office, Chandiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

MILLINERY SHOW DAY.

MACEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at resonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1320

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder, "to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H F McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1212-3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1316tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G
Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's D
by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christ by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq A n McMaster Esq, H H Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq. M P, J S Crocker, Esq

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable

The test of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications Try it and you will not be disappointed. *For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.*

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1301 ly

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

20. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death toook place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

21. If any householder, head of a family clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LEIT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of Auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of these excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston. and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1896 tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

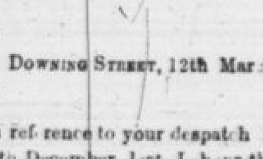
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870 1296 tf



CANADA,

No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 152 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B, G. C. M G., &c. &c., &c.

1228 2

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, April 9, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The cause is both illusions spring from the increased facilities of communication, which, like the great Sunstroke Remedy, is ... in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and curing the afflicted, has passed into a proverb in the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one million boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition, as what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Union, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stage of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Are you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 124-4

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I can say to-day I have no ... had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since using your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN,

St. John, N.B., November 2nd.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870. 1254 3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, ...

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1216 law

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK

SANCTIONED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the ... Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1323 Lawfm lawsdm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 12th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,

1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1032tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Bowser, Barristers, Ottawa. Jn3-141-tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases: Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to ... sale.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic., Cap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,

The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,

1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLeod, W. McK Wright, R. S. Lawlor.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HARRETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

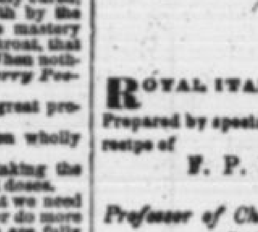
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

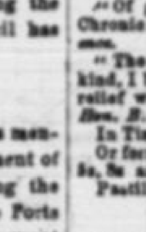
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 10s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N.Y., or
14 3 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS in the Dominion.

TRADE—MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

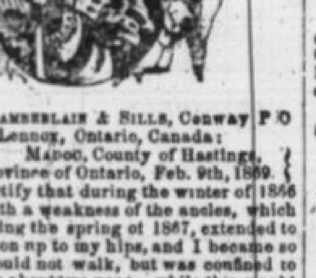
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS, TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,000), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. LAVOIE.

Ottawa, January 26

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietary interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairymen, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers		$5 00
Club of 10	"	8 00
Club of 20	"	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

FARM FOR SALE.

To be sold 80 acres of the South half of Lot No. 23, on broken Rideau Front, Township of Gloucester, 30 acres cleared, being situate on the bank of the River Rideau, near Long Island Locks. The soil is good clay. A good Log Barn and Stable on the premises.

Terms—Will be sold to suit purchasers. Title indisputable.

For particulars apply at the office of MESSRS MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c, Rideau street, City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 29, 1870. 5 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c.
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES. STOVES.

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 30th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870 a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminent tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anæmia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869.

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

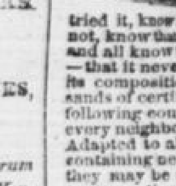
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER.

Politics, Literature, Commerce, Industry, Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants of Ottawa will, doubtlessly, be pleased to learn that a paper bearing the above title is about to appear to meet their wants. Aware of the necessity of such a newspaper, in both languages, in the city of Ottawa, and which will afford, every day, the latest intelligence, I have not hesitated to undertake the publication of the *Courier,* and it shall be my aim in doing so to fully answer the requirements and wishes of the inhabitants of the Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising. Trade is brisk, and there is evidence of progress and future prosperity. Her means of communication to and from the city, and the facility of establishing additional factories, afforded by her unrivalled water-power at our very doors, will do much to rapidly increase the city of Ottawa.

Confederation has strengthened the political and commercial ties between the English and French-speaking inhabitants of the Dominion, and it shall be the aim of the *Courier* to make them still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of the Federal government the proprietor of the *Courier* concurs, and will endeavour to give it that measure of support which circumstances may render necessary, carefully avoiding to give offence to such as may differ from us in opinion. We will cultivate a friendly bearing with all, ... traditions of the past and the actualities of the present, hoping to take a middle but certain course, which cannot fail to be approved by the inhabitants of the entire valley of the Ottawa.

A young people should endeavour to raise themselves to the level of more advanced nationalities, and this they can only do by being made acquainted with what is done in other parts of the world. This shall be our aim; we shall also urge such improvements as tend to increase the means of happiness and wealth of the community. Our efforts shall not, however, be confined to city matters; the requirements of the husbandman will receive a full share of our attention, knowing that the cultivation of the soil the merchant and artisan very much depend. It shall be a particular object to protect and encourage the agriculturist, and at the same time the industries, and to provide agreeable reading and information for both, in leisure hours.

Correspondents will always find our columns open to them in which to express their views or offer suggestions, provided the views expressed are consistent with morality and couched in moderate, though firm language.

Let it not be supposed, however, by those that may have been said, that the *Courier* will be wholly devoted to local matters. The intelligence of the world from every quarter of the globe will find in its columns, the telegraph will be freely used, and the latest news will be ... as early as possible obtained.

Indeed, from the variety of matter which the *Courier* will contain, and the energy displayed in its management, the proprietor ... anticipates success and pledges himself to ...

The *Courier* will be published every ... at five o'clock, and the yearly subscription payable in advance, is $4.

There will also be a weekly edition, the price of which will be $1 a year.

NAPOLEON BUREAU,
Editor and Proprietor.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1330. OTTAWA, MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

...form my customers and the public that I am now receiving my Fall Stock of Foot Wear which will be sold in every department, representing

...T AND BEST STYLES

Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

...s usual is chosen with great care, ...ted to give satisfaction, and at ...ING COMPETITION.

...y of Lumbermen's Wear always ... for all sorts of work. Only the ...mployed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

...RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...ENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...ESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...the numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Henley, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ...all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY

...high proof and ...avor, at extremely low prices. ...Jameson's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...Dunville's Irish Whiskey. ...Kinahan's Old Irish Potteen. ...Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts ...and other Ales. ...Syrups and Syrups, all grades. ...low and lowest prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

...the time ... 1185

...PLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...porated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

...OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...BOOTH A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...RICHMOND, Manager. 1141tf

IMPORTANT TO

HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

...hereby give notice of my intention to supply ...KLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...ATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ...increase of trade during the last four years ...compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I ...decided to make the wholesale trade my ...ial purpose.

...stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest ...ounds, and the quality of quality is readily ...by making known the fact that I raise my ...bles from seed procured at any expense ...ing it is the best; they will therefore ...favorable comparison with any imported. ...nother and important fact is that being ...and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...bottling, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...importer.

...These advantages, I think, cannot fail to ...those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...Pork street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...1, Postoffice, Ottawa.*

...Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

...Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...the highest prices given. 1198y

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

...15, 1870. 1309 td lawx.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } to Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of OYER and TERMINER and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, and of ASSIZE and NISI PRIUS, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of ..., on TUESDAY, the twelfth day of April, ... at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which ...lices, magistrates, bailiffs, constables, and ...being concerned, are required to take notice ...themselves accordingly.

W F POWELL,

Sheriff.

...Ottawa, March 16, 1870.

Dry Goods.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Now open for Sale and Inspection at

O'MEARA & CO'S.,

50 Sparks-st.,

CENTRAL OTTAWA.

A large and varied ... West of England Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, of the finest qualities for the fall and winter city and country trade.

We have now on hand a large supply of clothing manufactured under our own supervision expressly for shanty purposes—consisting of PANTS, COATS, VESTS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c, &c, to which we invite the attention of the *LUMBERING COMMUNITY* who will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing their winter supplies.

1,000 PAIRS BLANKETS,

Canadian and English manufacture, of all sizes and qualities, at prices lower than ever before offered in this city.

1,000 PIECES ETOFFES and SATINETTES,

from 50c to 70c per yard.

A LARGE SUPPLY of Woolen Socks and Mitts, Deerskin Mitts and Moccassins

5,000 SEAMLESS BAGS,

5,000 LINEN BAGS, *very cheap.*

A Complete Stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Merinos, French Reps, Lustres, Winceys, together with a large lot of Fancy Flannels, Kerseys, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c, &c.

In addition we have, as usual, a first class Tailoring and Cutting Establishment where gentlemen and youth's clothing can be made on the shortest possible notice in every style and quality, and a good fit ensured.

ALEX. DUFF, O'MEARA & CO.

October 6, 1869.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 7, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

U LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 5s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, ...ne 23, 1868. 775y

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

"Remember our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 35 Rideau street.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	5 40
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS

Superintendent. Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... a m, 4:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

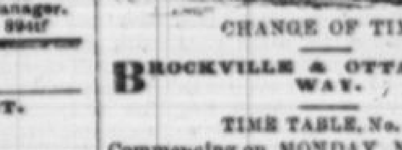
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6 25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p.m. arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

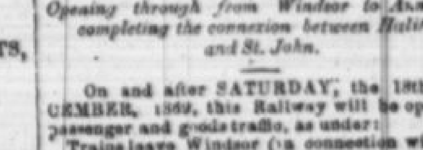
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Halifax ... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00

Halifax ... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York

or BERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236,t

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

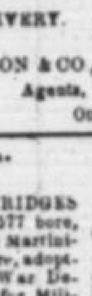
FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO,

Agents,

Ottawa.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, and all orders shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½ Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY's office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the choicest Teas and Coffees. The Teas imported by this Company are the finest the world produces, combining purity, strength and flavour, without artificial coloring. They have been selected for their DRAWING QUALITIES, and not merely for appearance as is usually the case.

Wherever they have been introduced they have superceded all others.

The finest Coffees constantly on hand.

Give them a trial and judge for yourselves

Agent for Ottawa

J P MACPHERSON.

Commission Merchant,

Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, February 1, 1870. 1233y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown:

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair, to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co. Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

BOOK

HR

LANG

PAINTING

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

ESTABLISHMENT

SO TO

PAINTING

HANDSOME WALL

AND

STYLISH SIGNS

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

... THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,

15 Sparks street.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 35, Sparks street,

Ottawa.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,

Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel,

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Mails	Delivered A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc. by Railway		11.50	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily, Saturday's Mail going by International steamer from Portland, other days by Bangor		11.50	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
7.30		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,

Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,

ED. CHANDLER.

C. J. BRYDGES,

A. W. McLELAN,

Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,

Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

SEIGNORY OF SOREL.

On this subject Mr. McCarthy, of Richelieu moved, seconded by Mr. Keeler, of Northumberland, that a Special Committee of this House be appointed to examine into the facts respecting the tenure of lands in the Seignory of Sorel, and whether the proprietors therein are liable to *rentes constituees*, or hold their properties in free and common soccage; said Committee to be composed of the Hon. Mr. Dorion, Messrs. Dufresne, Wright (Ottawa), Jones (North Leeds and Grenville), Gendron, Fortin, Caron, McDougall (Three Rivers), and the Mover, with power to send for persons, papers, and records. He stated, for the information of the House, that his application was based upon a petition presented this Session, signed by the leading citizens of Sorel and the occupants of the Seignory. In this petition, it was distinctly set forth that from a misconception of the actual terms under which these lands were held, rents, (*rentes constituees*) and mutation fines (*lods et rentes*) had been, for many years levied from them, although under the arrangements made in 1780 by Sir Frederick Haldimand, an Imperial guarantee was given to the United Empire loyalists who were induced to settle in that Seignory at the time, that these grants would be held "in free and common soccage" in the same manner as grants had been made to the same class of settlers in Upper Canada. When Sir Frederick Haldimand purchased the Seignory in 1780 for the sum of £3,300, it was principally on account of its position as a strong military post, and everything in the shape of Seignorial profits or the enaction of liabilities under Seignorial tenure, was distinctly ignored. From 1780 to 1821, the occupants held the land as really "in free and common soccage" under the Royal Letters Patent of 13th June 1811 and 21st December 1812, and in the year 1821 they were coerced in spite of Royal Enactments, to consider themselves liable to the payment of Seignorial liabilities. From that date till 1854, they were compelled to pay *lods et ventes* and *rentes constituees*. The hon. member then remarked that as a similar Committee had been granted to Mr. Perreault his predecessor in the representation of the County of Richelieu he trusted that no difficulty would be thrown in the way of his proposition.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—in reply to the hon. member, desired it to be clearly understood that the proposition of the hon. member could not be entertained for one moment. He held that the lands had never been granted "in free and common soccage," but that on the contrary they had been in the hands of the Jesuits, the British Government, and a *cadastre* was at last made under the Seignorial Act, which was clearly the proper mode. He insisted that nothing could be gained by the motion of the member for Richelieu and that at any rate, the Government could not feel justified in acceeding to the request. If the Committee granted to Mr Perreault, and did not report, it must have been because there were no grounds on which to base a report.

Mr. CASAULT (Montmagny), in a short but effective speech, justified the soundness of the application made by the member for Richelieu, and matained that a Committee was the proper tribunal to decide upon the merits of this petition. He held that as an act of simple justice, the data of the petition should be examined by a special Committee.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU briefly sustained the views of the last speaker, and held that the Committee could be granted, although the Government might think proper to resist the motion.

Mr. McCARTHY replied, shewing that on the 8th February 1865, the late Legislature of Canada passed the following resolutions:—

"Resolved, That a Select Committee "composed of Mr. Perreault, Hon. Mr. "Dorion, Mr. Taschereau, Mr. Joly and Mr. "Wallbridge, (North Hastings), be appointed to enquire into the administration of the Seignory of Sorel, since the "granting of lands in free and common soccage by the Imperial Government; to report thereon, with all convenient speed; "with power to send for persons, papers "and records."

Again on the 13th July, 1865, it was ordered on motion of Mr. Perreault "that "Mr. Denis, Mr. Archambeault, Mr. "Scatcherd and Mr. Morrison, be added "to the Committee."

This Committee granted at that time without objection, never made a report, as it appears by Mr. Todd's Index page 284.

The hon. member reported that the property never belonged to the Jesuits, and the feeling among his constituents was, that the principle admitted in 1865, should be sound in the Dominion Parliament in 1870.

After some conversation, and as the Government seemed so strongly determined to resist the motion if put to the vote, the motion was not withdrawn, but declared lost on a division.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa — For Breakfast — The Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœpaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ...Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist,

St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—New Stock New Premises—C. P. Dorion, Sparks-st.
Auction Sale of Real Estate—J. Bermingham.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—J Bermingham.
To Let—D. O'Connor.
Great Bargains—William McKay.
Sales This Day—J. Bermingham.
Farm Hand Wanted—J. Ashworth.
Meeting of Cricketers at the "Queen."
Phaeton For Sale—Mr. Humphries
Custom House Sale—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

ENGLAND AND HER STRENGTH.

It is impossible to tell what may or may not grow out of the present seemingly insignificant disturbance at Red River. The situation, however, is not free from difficulties and there are people silly enough to attempt to complicate them. Clearly the interference of the United States will not be permitted. Raids, under cover of Fenianism, or any other ism cannot take place without involving a disturbance of international relations. It will not be permitted to sympathizers to interfere with whatever operations may be considered necessary for the reduction of that part of British North America, known as the North West Territory, to order. Any grasping tendencies towards the extension of United States control will be firmly checked at whatever cost, and it can be done successfully. If the population of the Dominion is only 4,000,000 as compared with the 40,000,000 who inhabit the United States, the United Kingdom and her dependencies are inhabited by hundreds of millions and the population of the three Kingdoms alone, is within a few millions as much as that of the entire United States. Indeed, while at the time of the war of American independence, the revenue of Great Britain was nine millions, it is now 64 millions, and while the United States and France have together a coast line of 11,600 miles, England has a coast line of 39,000 miles. Therein lies the great strength of England. That the United States should attempt to equalize this coast line in some measure is not to be wondered at. That England, should for a moment, entertain the idea of diminishing her strength is surprising. Nevertheless it is true that England, seemingly now a-cur of commercial supremacy, is sacrificing the very means which has made her politically the "Queen of nations." The Americans are hourly becoming more aggressive. To use the words of the *Scottish American* "the excessive desire of the people of the United States to acquire new territory at any cost is well enough proved by many recent events." They have added to themselves St Thomas, San Domingo, Mexico, and Alaska. They look forward to the almost immediate possession of Cuba, and with the possession of San Domingo, according to some theories, the fate of the West Indies is linked. Fortunately Great Britain is yet in a position to check somewhat this aggressive attitude of the United States. The difficult and crooked path upon which the United States is entering must be well seen to. It is neither in the interest of Europe or that part of it called Britain, that the West Indies should fall into the possession of the United States, and that by a series of crooked manœuvres the highway to the riches of the East over the American continent should be monopolized by the United States. It will never be permitted. The supremacy of Great Britain upon the ocean must affect her supremacy on the land. England never was in better trim to protect her fisheries, to retaliate commercially, and to expand and increase the power of her distant possessions than she now is. She cannot safely allow too great an extension of Americanism upon this continent and the islands thereunto belonging. Better would it be to give a special Parliament to Ireland, than to sacrifice any portion of her sea coast, or suffer any encroachment on the line 45 deg, more than there has been. England cannot afford to lose, in a military sense, that which is particularly hers—the sea. England's home is upon the mountain wave, and it is a great consolation to us to know that there, at least, England has still room to grow. People are ignorantly afraid of the growing power of the United States. That power is, however, to be checked, not feared. England is expanding with a rapidity which is perfectly startling, but their is still cohesiveness, and the separate particles have a tendency to cling together. Forbearance must not be mistaken for weakness. The strong, however, only can afford to forbear. A little more rope will possibly finish Mr. Riel, and international difficulties may be completely overcome.

EASTER RECESS.

The most exacting cannot say that the members have not been kept sufficiently employed this session. With very few exceptions, the House has sat every night till mid-night and on till nearly two in the morning. It seems, therefore, not too much that the members seem disposed to ask, namely, that on Wednesday next the House shall adjourn till the following Tuesday. Very little time will be lost by this. Thursday is Holy Thursday on which, although not a Statutory holiday, many feel they should make fitting preparation for the solemnities of Good Friday. Monday is Easter Monday, which is, as well as Friday a *fete d'obligation* as our Lower Canadian friends call it, and on which no sitting can take place. It has been objected that the members of the Lower Provinces have no opportunity of spending their brief holiday with their families, and that, therefore, it would be unfair to them that there should be a single day taken beyond those fixed on by law on which the House cannot sit. But we understand that many of these gentlemen propose to visit Ontario, where they may be sure of a hearty reception; they are anxious to see something of the agricultural resources of the country as practically shown at the Easter markets. They will not be found unwilling, we believe, to take a little relaxation from which they will return braced up for the arduous work still before them. We would, further suggest, that as the trains do not usually reach here till the afternoon session is nearly closed, that it might be well for the House not to meet for business till half-past seven. It will give those desirous of being in their places an opportunity of being so, without compelling them to hurry back to catch the train arriving here in the forenoon.

EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND.

A succinct, earnest letter, with the caption of "Canada—A Field for Irish Emigration," appears in *Saunders's News-Letter*, over the signature of "James G. Moylan," Canadian Emigration agent in Ireland. Mr. Moylan informs his readers that he has not the slightest intention of misleading anybody. Canada is no place for the idle or dissolute, but it is the place above all others—the United States, Australia, or the Brazils—for the Irish emigrant. In Canada, his religion, if he be a Roman Catholic, is protected; the personal liberty of the man religiously and politically is guaranteed; there is room for honest labor everywhere, and the country is capable of producing every necessary and abundance of the luxuries of life; taxation is comparatively light, work plentiful, and food cheap. Such is Canada in a word. It is an available country to the steady, willing, poor man. It is in climate far more healthy, and decidedly more agreeable to the feelings than the climate of Ireland. The cold is an advantage, not a drawback, and it is a country in which no person need be left out in the cold. Mr. Moylan, we perceive, quotes a letter from Sir John A. Macdonald, in reply to a letter addressed to him by Mr. Moylan. Sir John says:—

"I observe what you say as to the efforts made in Ireland to dissuade the people from migrating. I am very glad for it, if the action taken is caused by the fact that Ireland has reduced its population to the proper amount consistent with prosperity. Canada is not so selfish as to desire to deplete Ireland unduly, but if there is to be an emigration we would prefer that it should be directed towards Canada, rather than elsewhere."

DEATH OF MR. CHIPMAN.

We regret very sincerely to have to record the death of William Henry Chipman, Esq., M.P. for the County of Kings, in the Province of Nova Scotia, who was attacked with small pox about ten days ago, and succumbed to the disease on Saturday night.

Mr. Chipman was a native of the fine county which he represented, and descended from one of the oldest and most respectable families. His uncle, the Hon. Samuel Chipman, represented the county in the Local Legislature for many years, and is now a member of the Legislative Council.

The deceased was a merchant in easy circumstances, and leaves a large family behind him. His son was telegraphed for, but we believe did not arrive in time to see his parent expire.

Mr. Chipman was an upright and worthy member of the society where he was best known. He was elected upon the Anti-Confederate interest, and was not easily reconciled to the change which he sincerely believed was injurious to his country. Those who knew him best highly esteemed him, and we who knew him but slightly, sincerely regret that he should have died away from his kindred and his home.

Transportation Facilities to and from the Great West.

From the New York Times.

Mr. Hatch, of Buffalo, in his late address before the Produce Exchange, says:

"The source of prosperity in foreign commerce is domestic commerce. The commerce which floats upon your lakes Ontario, Erie, Superior, Huron and Michigan is in value four times that of the commerce which is borne in ships from the seaports of this country to the Old World. The inland commerce of the United States is about seven times as great as the commerce between the United States and foreign countries. The great American problem of the day is its transit line from the West to the seaboard, and upon its wise solution depends the growth of your national wealth, national revenue, decrease of taxation and the commercial supremacy of our State and City."

The opening of more enlarged communication between Lakes Erie and Ontario is looked to as an important part of the grand scheme for relief in which so many others involved.

The Welland Canal as it now exists only permits the passage of vessels not exceeding 400 tons burden, drawing nine feet of water; and is the only effort that has been made to prevent the localizing of the great waters of Ontario. The number of years that would elapse and the great cost of a Niagara Ship Canal on the American shore, to say nothing of the selfish railroad opposition which overshadows our Legislature, and has for many years shut off all chance of making our Erie Canal what it should be, and also prevented the constructing of other most important waterways, led to the question being asked by many interested in this vital matter, what can be done on the Canada shore? How rapidly can facilities be there acquired? These questions are most satisfactorily answered by the report of the most distinguished engineer of Canada, made to the House of Commons at the expense and solicitations of numerous American and Canadian friends who are now pressing upon the Government at Ottawa this important need. He shows that without disturbing the present use of the canal, a lateral cut from the excellent harbour of Niagara to Thorold, and the deepening of the canal to Port Colborne can be finished within two years, at a cost of less than $8,000,000, so as to allow of vessels 350 feet long, drawing 12 feet, and carrying 2,000 tons, to unload at the docks of Oswego. The harbour of Niagara is superior in all points to Port Dalhousie, and was originally designed for the outlet, while only one lift lock at Allenburgh will be necessary beyond Thorold to obtain Lake Erie level. From Oswego, a short canal carries to the Hudson, and three great lines of railway stand waiting to complete the competition with all the rail lines, thus furnishing a short route to this city. This important improvement will do very much to solve the difficulties in the movement of produce, will bring the copper and iron ores of the lakes much nearer to our own ores and coal; will permit propellors of 2,000 tons to shorten the time so greatly between Chicago and Duluth and our city as to make it cost enough less in time and freight charges to almost pay for the improvement each year. The damage occurring from detention in the Welland Canal in its present inefficient state was nearly three hundred thousand dollars last year, and it is now utterly inadequate to do the business which presses upon it, to say nothing of the great needs of the future. Such an enterprise as that of this enlargement appeals so strongly to the great public of our State and city, appealing to the rich as affording the promise of cheaper labour and increasing opportunities for investment of capital, and to the poor by its assurance of cheap bread, to them the great necessity, and means of life and largely the life of the State, that it cannot want strong friends to make it soon a great reality. Efforts are now being made by its friends in this city to interest our people in its behalf, and signatures of some hundreds of our most influential men are following those from Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit and elsewhere to Ottawa, to show the interest we Americans have in every effort, though made by a sister country, to enlarge the field of our commerce and the opening up of a just market to our Western citizens. It needs encouragement, and should it want material aid, it will surely come. The New York Chamber of Commerce, awake to the importance of the enterprise, passed at its last monthly meeting the following excellent resolutions:

Whereas, This Chamber has heard with pleasure that the people of Canada are making efforts to secure at an early day such enlargement of the Welland Canal as will give a uniform depth of twelve feet, with locks 350 feet in length, thus providing for the passage of vessels of a large class, and greatly facilitating the transportation of grain from the West and the traffic between Lakes Erie and Ontario, and thus benefit the commerce of our State and city; therefore,

Resolved, That this Chamber express their gratification at the prospect of the enlargement of the Welland Canal, and will do all they can to secure for it the encouragement of our citizens.

Mr. Freeman Talbot, formerly of London, writes from Cleveland, Minnesota, to the London *Herald* on the affairs at Red River. In the course of a long letter, brimful of Canadian indignation, he makes the following remarks: "Here, in Republican America, I dare publicly and privately sympathise with young Hyman, Dr. Schultz, Boulton and scores of others, that as British subjects for the first time in my memory, have cried in vain to the constitutional authorities of their country for protection. I am glad that Mr Mackenzie has had the courage to speak out in his place in Parliament, and regret that his remarks were not received with much favor by the friends of the Government. Be wise in time; send out six hundred brave Canadian soldiers, and two hundred intelligent Indians, and I will promise you that Riel will not fire one shot. He has around him the wealth and intelligence of that country, detesting his arbitrary despotism, and ready, the moment Canada or England speaks one word of cheer, to hurl him and his ignorant tools into eternal obscurity. Again, what the emigrant aid society did in New England to make Kansas a free State, should be done in Canada at once. Raise money publicly and privately; fit out and equip 2,000 industrious young Canadians; send them out to cultivate the soil, to redeem the country, to gladden the hearts of those brave, loyal men, and those noble Canadian yeomen already there; send them through Minnesota, whose residents have but little sympathy for Riel, and no impediment will be thrown in the way of emigrants from Canada to Winnipeg.

A Plea for Lower Rates of Duty on Silk Goods.

From the New York World.

It is a mistake to suppose there is anything new in the contrivances by which the recently discovered custom-house silk frauds of Work, May, and others were perpetrated. Those same contrivances have been time and again resorted to since the era of enormous rates of protective duties on imports. The trick is this: Under our system advalorem duties are assessed on the foreign, not home value. This value is determined and reported to the collector by the appraisers, who bear the same legal relations to the former that assessors do to collectors of internal revenue. To provide for such determination and report of value, the import must, by order of collector, be sent from importing vessel to the appraisers stores. The law provides that an *entry* must be made, and lodged with the collector, by the owner of the merchandise, accompanied by the invoice, of which latter the former is in chief part a transcript. To secure a correct entry, the 67th section of the statute of 1799 punishes with confiscation of the goods, if, on examination of the packages, it is found they differ in their contents from the entry paper; that is, if the merchandise is entered by a false denomination. If an importer in his entry paper calls silk hose cotton hose, with intent to save duty thereon, the law confiscates the package. An importer enters fifty cases of cotton hose, and designates them in the entry paper by their various shipping marks, from 1 to 50, and declares the foreign value thereof, the rate of duty chargeable thereon, and the total amount. To obviate the necessity of sending *each* case to the appraisers, the law has provided that at least one case in ten shall be designated by the collector, *on the invoice*, to be sent to the appraisers, and the result in practice is that till recently the collector has rarely designated more than one in ten to be opened and examined. In fact, in this port it is impracticable to inspect a greater proportion, as a general rule. When the designation is thus made, those packages indicated are sent *from* the vessel to the appraiser, and the remainder go into warehouse, or are taken by the importer, under his penal bond and a deposit of estimated duties. Now, right here comes in the trick. Of the fifty cases, five would, under the rule, be opened by the appraisers. Suppose, then, that the fifty packages, instead of being all cotton hose, paying say thirty-five per cent. duty, as entered, are thirty of them silk hose, chargeable with sixty per centum, and the ten containing cotton go to the appraisers. Of course, silk hose are thereby imported as cotton hose, and the importer does a "big thing."

In the ordinary course of business the collector might, by pure luck, designate the cotton packages; or he might indicate half and half. That is possible. But in the present assumed frauds the broker swears that he asked the deputy collector to call for an appraiser's return on certain specified cases and sometimes it was done and sometimes not done, and when not done, the broker would take the papers to deliver to the next official in routine, but, instead of so delivering, would destroy them, await or make another invoice, and then try again till the desired cases were designated. There is no pretence or any evidence in the present cases that the deputy collector was bribed or paid, but that the broker, by falsely representing that since there were different grades of cotton goods, for example, on the invoice, the indicated packages should be sent to the appraisers in order to save a fair examination of the whole importation.

Since the first development of this transaction the collector has, we learn, ordered his deputies to send *all* the packages to the appraisers, whenever the person making entry indicates which of them he desires to be opened.

The point of this last exposure is the uselessness and immorality of existing rates of duty; useless, because frauds, impossible of prevention, as was blockade-running during the rebellion, make high rates productive of less revenue than would be low rates, which would not offer such temptations to smugglers and cheats generally; an immorality, because the present tariff by its temptations to dishonesty is demoralising importers, custom house officials, manufacturers, Congress, and consumers alike.

The present rate of duty on a staple article like black piece silks is sixty per centum in gold, and what is the consequence? Ask any honest dealer in this city, and he will say that he cannot and does not purchase abroad and import, for the reason that he can buy cheaper here. This is a universal fact. Black piece silks are saleable everywhere. They are as marketable as gold. Hence, on account of the high rates of duty, they come in illegitimately across the Texas border, through the southern ports, over the Canada border, as well as under the eyes and nose of Collector Grinnell. There are plenty of men under pecuniary responsibility who will contract to deliver them on the counter of a New York dealer for a percentage far below the rates of duty thereon. So it is with most of staple articles of great value on which the high protective rates of duty are imposed.

Moral: Abandon forever existing rates of duty.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I suppose it must be due to faulty caligraphy that typographical errors appear in my communications. My explosive friend has, I confess, reason to complain, but if this interesting discussion goes on, I shall endeavour to provide against the recurrence of similar defects. Instead of Uncle Ned wanting his master's chair, I had written "waited behind," and instead of burning him fool, "burning him foot." Then my poor "flamingoes" were ruthlessly demolished, the ornithology of the compositor not having apparently embraced that specimen.

FAG.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

St. John, N.B. S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office G. P. Drummond's Exchange Offices, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 9.

Jacob Castleman, of New Castle, who was recently run over by getting on a train when in motion, died yesterday.

A copy of Sir F. Hincks's new tariff was sent to the *Leader* from Ottawa, in advance of the other papers, and on Thursday evening was in the hands of a number of merchants and others, friendly to the Government, who were enabled to take advantage of others unaware of the change introduced. Considerable indignation has been evoked in consequence.

Another indignation meeting is called for this evening.

The oppositionists are pulling the wires to get up an excitement against the Government.

A special to the *Telegraph* from St. Paul says twelve more Canadians have arrived.

They left Fort Garry on the 13th March, and have been on the road ever since. Among them are J. Coombs, Wm. F. Allen, and Mrs. George Young, wife of the Rev. Mr. Young, who still remains in Fort Garry.

Mrs. Schultz is still at the lower settlement, in feeble health.

Mr Coombe says the half-breeds, who have been Riel's tools, are becoming suspicious of him, and feared he would sell all the Hudson's Bay Company's property, and leave his friends in the lurch.

Most of the party started for Canada to-day.

They denounce the shooting of Scott, and say there was no excuse nor plausible pretext for the crime.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 9.

Dr. Dawson left last evening for Europe. Large numbers of the students of McGill University collected at the Burnside Hall and proceeded to the Station to bid him farewell, and present him with an address.

The *Canadian Illustrated News* is out with a cartoon on the false report of the arrival of the *City of Boston*, well executed.

In the case of the young engineer, Charles Williamson, who was recently indicted for bigamy here, and whose trial was put off till next term of the Court of Queen's Bench, the Crown to-day admitted prisoner to bail, himself in £100, and four securities in £25 each.

A sea monster, in the shape of a preserved fish, which partakes much of the character of the whale, or reported sea serpent, is now on exhibition in St. James street. The monster was captured off Eastport, Me., in August last. It measures 33 feet long, and 21 feet in girth, and has four finlike feet, its estimated weight when caught was 11 tons.

The expected religious discussion did not take place on Thursday evening.

The party who challenged Mr. Chiniquy did not appear.

This afternoon a man named John Gallagher an old pensioner died suddenly, after ten minutes illness from intemperate habits: an inquest was held this evening.

The City Passenger Railway track is now nearly all cleared of ice, and cars again running.

Customs revenue from 1st to 9th of April inclusive $96,557 81.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 9.

One Holden, a trader, has decamped to parts unknown, taking in trusting friends.

Surveyor Gen. Bouchette is taking observations respecting the spots on the sun.

The Easter cattle show was held to-day, and was superior to those of previous years.

The Corporation this evening advertise that in terms of a legal opinion, they will advise the Mayor to sign the revised list for one ward, and make a special return in others.

Weather magnificent.

LACHINE.

LACHINE, April 9, 2:30 p.m.

The lake ice is still here, and not moving.

THREE RIVERS.

THREE RIVERS, April 9.

Lake clear of ice as far as Riviere du Loup. The Remainder is expected to break daily.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The House of Lords, after a brief discussion, in which legal Bills and other measures of secondary importance were considered, adjourned until the 28th inst.

The House of Commons continued the consideration of the Irish Land Bill.

In Committee Mr Kavanagh, member for Carlow County, moved to strike out the clause granting £100 damages to tenants for loss of holdings.

Messrs. Palmer and Fortescue favoured the motion, but Mr. Gladstone pronounced against it, and at the request of Mr. Disraeli the motion was withdrawn.

Other amendments of local interest were discussed.

The House, after recess, re-assembled at 9 p.m., and went into Committee for the consideration of local subjects.

Mr. Bruce, Home Secretary, in reply to a question from Mr. Moore, said the investigation into the condition of Fenian prisoners was in progress.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, and a public and long discussion followed.

It is said that Bombay cotton, sent by way of the Suez Canal, has been returned to India from Huddersfield, as yarn, in 45 days. The time usually required by the Cape of Good Hope is ninety days.

Mr. Inman, one of the proprietors of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia line of steamers, commonly known as the Inman line, publishes a communication in Mitchell's Maritime Register of this week, in which he expresses his disbelief that the steamer *City of Boston* foundered in a gale. He says the *City of Boston* and the *City of Antwerp* were iron vessels, and they both encountered the same gale—the latter without danger or serious difficulty. All things considered, he thinks the *City of Boston* collided with one of the icebergs so numerous to the north east of Cape Race, and went down when only two or three days out from Halifax.

SOUTHAMPTON.—The steamer *Dutchland*, from New York for Bremen, has arrived.

The Paris correspondents of the various London journals confidently predicts that the plebiscitum will be ordered early in May.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says as matters stand the Erie shareholders are unlikely to rescue their property or vindicate their principles. Their only hope is that American conscience and feeling may assert themselves, ere it is too late.

Underwriters ask twenty guineas premium on the *City of Boston*. The steamer is believed to be safe, as she had plenty of canvass.

Mr. Scott Russell, in a lecture at the Institute of Civil Engineers, argued the feasibility and predicted the early commencement of the work of a ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien, and declared that with a liberal employment of Coolie Labor, the enterprise could be completed at a comparatively early day.

The *Premier* remarks on the Irish Land Bill, that the legislation breaks down. It everywhere leaves proper business undone and blunders sadly over local work, and its official guides confess their inability to do better.

Elaborate preparations are being made in England for taking scientific observations of the next eclipse of the sun.

A commission has been appointed to investigate and draw up a report on the sale of promotions in the army.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The Emperor visited the public exhibition of horses to-day, and appeared quite well.

The question of submitting the *plebiscitum* to the Chambers before it is voted by the people is not settled.

The Emperor has not yet given consent to that order of proceedings.

The strike at La Creusot continues. It is reported that all mines in the Valley of the Caire will strike.

Jules Janvier and Emile Ollivier were chosen members of the French Academy yesterday. They received 26 out of 28 voices.

A serious revolt has broken among the operatives of the iron smelting furnaces and forges at Fourchambault, near the city of Tours.

The *Francaise* reproduces the recent opinion of Prince Napoleon to the effect that a *Plebiscitum* is the last alternative of the revolution.

A grand military review was contemplated yesterday, but at a late hour it was postponed till to-day.

It is rumoured that the Emperor had a long fainting fit last evening after ending the review at Place du Carroux. Rentes were materially depressed by the report.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, April 8.—The North German Parliament has adjourned.

The Chinese Embassy is preparing to go to Brussels, where negotiations for a treaty with the Belgium Government will be concluded.

After visiting Brussels the Embassy will proceed to Paris, Madrid, Lisbon, Florence, and will return to China.

SPAIN.

London advices of the 8th from Spain represent the country quiet.

The Duke de Montpensier was examined yesterday in regard to the late duel and admitted that he shot Prince Henri. The Duke is under arrest at his house, and it is understood, will be brought to trial on a civil not criminal process.

CUBA.

HAVANA.—Official despatches have been received here from Capt. Gen. Dekbodas, at Port au Prince, announcing a great reaction in the insurrectionary district in favor of the Spanish.

The presentation of persons to the Spanish authorities for protection still continues.

Two hundred Spaniards from the garrison of Porto Principe marched into the town of Santa Cruz, where they captured and executed three rebel Colonels named Recio, Cancia and Modena.

Spanish despatches report that the rebel Gen. Gordon has certainly fled; that the main body of the insurgents, 800 men, are commanded by General Agret.

Cuban families who surrendered to the Spanish authorities at Areneg, state that the President had escaped and abandoned the region of Lastunas, and retired with about a dozen of his followers to Camuagura.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Arizona advices up to March 29th have been received, that in Tucson the average number of deaths from small pox was five a day. A terrible mortality considering the population.

PHILADELPHIA.—The re-union of the members of the 6th Army Corps Legion was celebrated here yesterday.

The second annual re-union of the Potomac takes place to-day.

CHICAGO.—In a collision on the Sanabel and St. Joseph Railroad, on Wednesday night, between a passenger and freight train, both locomotives, baggage cars, and several freight cars were smashed.

Peter Dyhoff, Engineer of the freight train, was killed.

Mr. and Mrs. Ermumpton, near Colonia, Illinois, were murdered on the night of the 5th inst., by robbers who entered their house.

The North West Murder.

From the Toronto Leader, April 8.

At the request of a number of citizens the Mayor has called a meeting, to be held in the St. Lawrence Hall this evening, "for the purpose of expressing popular indignation at the death of Scott, and the treatment of all loyal subjects at Red River, and take advantage of the presence of Drs Schultz and Lynch, and Messrs. Mair and Setter, to express the popular sympathy with the cause which these gentlemen have represented in the North West." Perhaps it would have been as well if the objects for which the meeting has been called had not been made so general. So peculiar and tragic in its character was the murder of poor Scott that, we think, it would have been better to have confined the meeting to an expression of popular indignation at this wanton and cruel act than to have mixed up other matters with it, to which, possibly, a political complexion, not beneficial in its results, may be given, or regarding which we have but an imperfect knowledge. It is fortunate that we have among us at the present men like Dr Schultz, Mr Mair, and the other gentlemen named, who know so much of the North West. We trust an effort will be made to get them to the meeting, and to address the audience. But we have a strong suspicion that, so far as the passage of resolutions, it is better to make the meeting essentially one of indignation at the cruel murder which has been perpetrated, and at the outrageous assumptions of the men who presume to control the affairs of what they call the Provisional Government.

The caution used by the Postmaster-General in replying to a question put to him respecting the preparation of an Imperial force for the North-West, and by the Minister of Justice in answering the remarks of the member for Lambton, should have a corresponding effect upon every one who has at heart the success of the efforts which will unquestionably be made at the earliest possible period to crush out the murderous crew who have done so much to retard the growth and progress of the Red River Settlement. Let there be no mistake about it—no other question is receiving such serious attention at the hands of the Government as this one. The statement made by Mr. Monsell in the House of Commons shows that our Government some time since earnestly requested the co-operation of the Imperial Government, and the indications are of a kind which render it almost certain that a plan of joint operation is now in course of progress which will have the desired effect. We are solicitous lest anything like interference with the Government plans, now in course of completion, should by any possibility have the effect of retarding them. The best way is to allow the Government to pursue its own course unadvised and unmolested.

We have never doubted that the Imperial Government would lead in quelling the insurrection. It is their authority which has been set at defiance. Canada will assist. The whole force should be large enough to crush out the insurgents at once. The offer of Indian service which has been made should be availed of. The Indians of the North-West, as Col. Dennis and other have told us, are intensely loyal. So are those of Canada. They would be of great assistance to the regular troops and the volunteers. Mr. Riel hoists the flag of war and dares us to come on. He insinuates assistance from Fenian sources and Americans on the border. We do not fear much from either. General Hancock, of the United States army, has been ordered to establish a department at Pembina. His instructions, no doubt, will be to preserve the peace. Neutrality obligations will be faithfully preserved, we have no doubt, by the United States' Government. Let there be a strong manifestation of force and Mr. Riel will find himself on his back before he is well aware of it. And, it is to be hoped, that when he is found he will not be dealt with tenderly. The mere fact of insurrection can be forgiven. The act of murder lies at the door of his council; they must be held responsible for it. A foul murder has been committed. It must be fittingly and speedily avenged.

"Crowning the Edifice."

From the New York World.

For four or five years past there has been a world of empty laughter over the majestic figure of "crowning the edifice," in which the French Emperor described the liberty he predicted as the consummation of the imperial idea. The revolutionary party of France, and their sympathisers here, have ridiculed the conception itself and every thought of the possibility of its realisation. Would the French autocrat surrender any of the powers which he had usurped—any of the powers by which he maintained himself on the imperial throne? Would he give up his control of legislation, or of the national policy, foreign and domestic? Would he resign the sceptre of despotism which he had wielded with so much *eclat*? The thing seemed utterly preposterous to the hot-headed and irreconcilable revolutionists of Europe and America.

But it is a fact, nevertheless, that the work of "crowning the edifice" has been going on with quite as much rapidity of late as could well be desired by any one who has regard to the maintenance of the social order. The Emperor has voluntarily resigned powers which were regarded as among the most important of those he has held during his reign. He has of his own motion given up powers which have been considered essential to the maintenance of his authority. He has surrendered his right of interfering with the constitution, as well as the means by which he retained control of legislation. He has given up his position as dictator of France. At the same time he has offered the French people a constitutional government, a liberal ministry, an independent legislature a reformed administration, and a free press. It will not require much farther progress in this direction before everybody will be compelled to admit—excepting, of course, those who deny that liberty in France is possible without the assassination of the Emperor—that the Empire has realized the imperial prophecy indicated in the "crowning of the edifice."

These constitutional concessions have not been forced from the French Emperor. It is true enough that he held them back till they were demanded by the dominant sentiment of France, and till the condition of things was such that they could be granted with safety to the existing government. But it was fortunate for him to be able to show at the same time that he was absolute master of all the elements of disorder and revolution. His worst enemies had been admitted to the Corps Legislatif but it was seen that they were in every respect powerless against him. The irreconcilable party had made an attempt at revolution in the streets of Paris, but, notwithstanding their bombastic threats, it was utterly contemptible, obtaining no support from the populace and receiving its quietus from the Parisian police. The supremacy of his power was never, in fact, more strikingly demonstrated than it has been since he began to make the concessions which are now being wrought into constitutional law.

It is not at all difficult to find a satisfactory theory of the object of the Emperor in establishing a liberal parliamentary government for France. He is not the man to take such a step from any sentimental ideas about liberty or humanity, or anything of the sort. The step was taken, without doubt, simply because he saw that there was better assurance for the continued existence of the Napoleonic *regime* under a parliamentary system, than under the system of personal government which he established at the time of the *coup d'etat*. So long as he himself lived it was possible to maintain a Cæsarism, or a personal or military government; but he knows that such a government cannot be a permanency in modern Europe. He desired to organize the new system during his lifetime, and to pass it over to his son, freed from dangers attendant upon a period of transition. If he can leave the Imperial edifice to the young Prince, crowned with the liberty which he promised to crown it with years ago, there will at least be some chance of its endurance after his death.

More Work for Prince Pierre.

From the New York World.

There are princes and princes. A few weeks since we were visited by the mildest of fair-haired English princes. He had his day and passed away, and is to be succeeded, if we may believe a reiterated rumour, by the fiercest and most dangerous of princely celebrities. This time it is a French and, what is more, an imperial prince who is to bestow upon us the sweet boon of his presence. In his veins flows the blood of some one more or less nearly connected with the first Napoleon. There is no pursuit to which an idle Frenchman can devote himself, which compares, in point of profit and ease, with that of being a relative of the Bonaparte family. However distant Prince Pierre's connection with the great founder of the French imperial house may be, he has nevertheless for many years pursued the occupation of cousinship to Napoleon III. with eminent success; and yet he abandons it, and, heedless of the chance that while he is absent from France the trade of Bonapartism in all its branches may be totally and hopelessly ruined, proposes to cheer us with the sight of a real imperial prince, who, if he has not much of Napoleon the Great's blood in his veins, has a good deal of that of Victor Noir on his hands.

That he leaves France because of certain disagreeable legal proceedings in which he was recently interested does not diminish the joy with which we shall feast our democratic eyes upon his princely form. That his advent will be the occasion of rapturous delight no one can doubt. We have seen princes before. We have been blessed with genuine, if impecunious Bonapartes, and we have even looked upon one or two convicted homicides; but never until now has kind fortune favored us with a prince, a Bonaparte, and a homicide united in one and the same person.

But there is one man to whom the news of the landing of Prince Pierre, will be as the warning of an impending doom. That man is the Reverend John Abbott, of the numerous interrogatory initials. When this eminent exemplar of historical accuracy undertook the pleasing task of proving the Emperor Napoleon III. to be the most immaculate as well as the great of men, he was confronted by the incredulous smiles of those who professed to have drank and played with Napoleon while he sojourned in this city, many years ago. To these objections the many-initialed Abbott did reply that the scandalous stories they related were true, not of Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, but of one Pierre Bonaparte, a graceless youth, who had also visited New York. Thus did the pious Abbott confound these profane scoffers and triumphantly defend the virtue of his imperial friend.

But mark how inexorable fate brings retribution to the guilty. The French republicans whom Abbott delighted to abuse have become the instruments of his probable punishment. A republican pays a hostile visit to a princely Bonaparte, and is killed by the intemperate pistol of the latter. The Prince is tried and banished from France, and comes to New York with his princely mind in a naturally irritable condition. This is the Pierre Bonaparte upon whom the heedless Abbott laid the misdeeds of his now imperial cousin. What will not this hot-headed, angry, and homicidal Prince do to the detractor of his youthful reputation when he finds him within his reach? He is a prince accustomed to the pleasures of the chase, when the game is an enemy who has attacked him. Can he be expected to refrain from convincing with the aid of the persuasive pistol the panegyrist of the Emperor that it was a grave mistake to accuse an absent and unknown man of the misdeeds which uniform tradition imputed to another.

All humane men will sympathise with the sudden and unexpected danger which thus menaces the reverend biographer. The case, however, will be a wholesome warning to those just entering upon the downward road of partisan biography. When they are tempted to write in fulsome praise of Sheridan, let us say, and think to excuse his playful habit of summarily suppressing the aboriginal papooses by alleging that it was another man—some obscure captain or little-known colonel—who perpetrated the massacre in question, let them take heed lest the unexpected captain or the undesirable colonel suddenly appear and vindicate himself with clubs. The historically careless Abbott fancied that it would be perfectly safe to use Prince Pierre as an expiatory scape-goat; and lo, after long years, the Prince appears with a revolver in his pocket and the renown of recent homicide surrounding him. It is to be feared that the crisis of Abbott's fate is come. Unless he hastens into the shadows which wrap the vanquished Bailey, the avenging Prince will be upon him. And, though it is certainly desirable that justice should generally be permitted to take its course, the humane mind shrinks from the contemplation of the scene which would inevitably follow should the robust Prince succeed in overtaking the flying footsteps of the guilty Abbott.

Challenging for Favor.

From the New York World.

The preliminaries of the trial of McFarland, as of every other trial for an offence which has excited wide public interest and public discussion, show how cumbersome and obsolete, in this age of newspapers, are some of the accompaniments of the institution of trial by jury, and how much that reverenced institution stands in need of revision and modification. It is preposterous that days should be taken up in the selection of a jury from a panel of, as in the present instance, over six hundred persons generally competent to sit, who are held to be especially incapacitated from acting as jurors in the case in hand by reason of knowing something about it—for that is really what the disqualification of having "formed and expressed an opinion" amounts to. It would be unjust to deny a fair jury to a man on trial for his life; and if a fair jury were insured by no other than such a process of inquisition into the inmost recesses of the human mind as has been going on for two days, without being yet at an end, we ought not to complain of the waste of time and of money which is involved in it. But in fact a juror whose mind, as Mr. McFarland's counsel neatly put it, is "as though it was a sheet of white paper that had never been indented on its surface, except what might be written by the testimony of the witnesses," is, in a case which has attracted so much attention as that of McFarland, a phenomenal juror, and the wonder is that twelve of such phenomena can be called even from a thousand New Yorkers. And even if he is attained he is useless. For a mind which is utterly blank on such a subject is apt to be utterly blank on all subjects, and altogether unfit, in by far the majority of cases, to examine and decide the weight of evidence. A much shorter cut to a much more desirable consummation would be to restrict challenges of men whose prepossessions would forbid them to render a fair verdict, and abolish the custom and the privilege of asking a man if he has formed or expressed an opinion about matters upon which every intelligent human being in the community from which he is selected has formed and expressed an opinion—though an opinion subject to revision on full evidence.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 7.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST enquired from the Government what steps were to be taken in respect to restoring order in the North West.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said all the information that could properly be imparted had been given in another branch of the Legislature, and all he could do was to repeat it in substance,—namely, that the Government were in earnest and actively engaged in preparations to restore order, and that both the Imperial and Dominion Governments were earnestly in accord.

Another debate arose with respect to the rule of the House and practice of the House of Lords, in relation to debates on notices of motion.

The Grand Trunk, and Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Bill, was read a third time and passed.

The Detroit River Tunnel Company's Bill was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the first Census Bill. He said the Bill was very general in its provisions, and it had been thought advisable to place the matter in the hands of the Minister of Agriculture. It was proposed to take the census in the early part of the year before the first of May, but the exact date was uncertain and must depend on circumstances. The uncertainty arose from the fact, that in winter time some parts were unsettled, numbers in Lower Canada going to the States for work, and others in various parts of the country going into lumbering operations. He then briefly explained some of the details of the measure.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST was understood to say that on former occasions the census returns had been made with great carelessness in some parts, owing to the employment of utterly incompetent enumerators, and he strongly urged the Government to employ none but competent persons for such work.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL was certain that the Minister of Agriculture would take every possible pains to have the returns made accurate.

After some remarks from Hon. Mr DICKEY, the Bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. ROSS moved the second reading of the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway.—Carried, and referred to Railway Committee.

Hon. Mr. ROSS moved the second reading of the Champlain and St. Lawrence Ship Canal Bill. Carried, and referred to Banking, Commerce and Railway Committee.

The House then adjourned.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

ELECTRIC SEWING MACHINES.—The latest phase of Yankee ingenuity is that of making shirts by lightning. A small electric battery has been applied to ordinary sewing machines, and has been found to operate them very successfully. Two small battery cups furnish sufficient power for all ordinary machine work, while three drives the needle with astonishing rapidity through any thickness of material. The expense of operating by this means is said to be about five cents a day, which is certainly a very cheap substitute on the tax on the lower limbs required by the present method. A little further combination of the mechanical powers, and we shall have shirts turned out from an electric battery as rapidly as newspapers from a Hoe's steam press.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb and ½lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SW6m

DIED.

At Ottawa, Sunday morning, April 10, William H Chipman, Esq., M. P., Kings County, Nova Scotia. Aged 63 years.

Yesterday morning, in the Protestant Hospital, George Greenland, aged 18, a native of London, England.

The members of the St. George's Society are respectfully requested to attend the funeral which will take place from the Hospital, at half past three o'clock on Tuesday next.

Sales This Week.

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

On Tuesday, 12th, at 11 o'clock, a.m., Household Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Glass and China ware, at the City Auction Mart, York street.

On Wednesday, 13th at 11 [illegible] House and Lot on St. Andrew street, and lot in St. Joseph's [illegible]

On Saturday, 16th inst., at the Custom House, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock, Condemned Goods.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
FIRST OF THE SEASON

J. BERMINGHAM

Is instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Auction Mart, York street, near the [illegible] on

Tuesday, the 12th inst, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

A large quantity of Household Furniture, the property of persons leaving the city and others giving up housekeeping, [illegible] hardwood Bedsteads, Spring Mattresses, [illegible] Centre Tables, Trifle Tables, [illegible] sing Tables, Cane Seat Chairs, and a second hand Piano.

Cooking Stoves, Crockery, Glass and [illegible] ware.

Plated Ware in Dinner and Dessert [illegible] Table, Desert and Tea Spoons, Ladles, Knives, Butter Coolers, Tea bells, [illegible] Salvers, Pictures in Oil, &c. A [illegible] miniature Man of War Frigate. An English made Saddle and Bridle. A [illegible] double barrelled twist Fowling Piece ([illegible] make). A very fine Sewing Machine [illegible] & Co., encased in Black Walnut. A [illegible] artificial Flowers in vase, standing [illegible] feet high.

A large consignment of Carpeting, [illegible] Bankrupt Stock of a Carpet House in [illegible] and sent to the undersigned to be sold without reserve, consisting of Tapestry, Brussels, Wool three ply Stair Carpeting, [illegible] Oil Cloths, and a quantity of matting suitable for halls and passages.

All will be on view on the day previous [illegible]

☞ Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa April 9, 1870.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

House and lot in St. Andrew street, City of Ottawa, and a Lot in St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester.

The Subscriber will offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock a.m., Lot No. 15, South Side of St. Andrew street, 66 by 99, with dwelling and sheds thereon. This is a very fine lot, well situated, and joins Mr. Leclair's large brick house, corner of St. Andrew and Dalhousie streets.

At the same time and place, corner Lot No. 1 Village of St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester, having a frontage of 200 feet on St. Joseph street and 100 feet on Ottawa street. A valuable and excellent building lot.

☞ All must be sold, as the owner is leaving the country. A clear deed will be given to both lots.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 8, 1870.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE
—OF—
CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act, 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.

☞ Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!
ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Elgin street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to [illegible] their houses, and who wish to have the [illegible] on entering their homes, had better call [illegible] ately. The paper hangings are of Mr. McKay's own selection. The tints are neutral, and [illegible] that repose which is sought after by all [illegible] taste.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

CRICKET.

A meeting of CRICKETERS and those interested in the Game will be held at the [illegible] this (MONDAY) Evening at eight o'clock [illegible] are invited to attend.

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder, Daly Street.

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by [illegible] Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable head, [illegible] turns easily.

TO LET.

A first class residence, [illegible] containing twelve rooms, viz:—[illegible] Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and [illegible] Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, [illegible] Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 14, with [illegible] &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office [illegible] Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's building, [illegible] occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to D O'[illegible]
Office No. 1 [illegible]

Ottawa, April 7, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

...ESCOTT AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
...trains connect at Prescott Junction ...Trunk Railway for all points south ...west.
...OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

...ser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

...Magnetic Fluid relieves headache ...ly

...Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

...& RUSSELL's show room opening and display of novelties for the season on Thursday, the 31st inst.

...—Sensible people have given up ...kes, at any point on the river.

...—The Assizes will open to... the Rink Music Hall.

...of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 ...street.

...seeing the grand display of Millin... Mantles, and the crowds of people ... the Spring Fashions at Garland, ...or & Co.

...150 Packages new Goods on view at ..., Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in ...partment.

...and House Furnishings made a ... The largest stock of New Goods, ...t prices in the city at Garland, ... & Co

STOPPED—The cars on Saturday ...ceeded no further than the Montreal ...ssing—owing to the flood on the River.

...AN SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READINGS. ...will be given this evening, by Mr. ... Mr. White, Mr. Whitcher, Mr. Sin... Mr. McCarthy.—Songs and music.

BROKEN.—A boom containing a large ...of logs belonging to E. B Eddy, ...Hull, broke and the timber came ...Chaudiere with a rush, but only a ...will be lost.

MARKET—Saturday—was miserably ...of intending purchasers, but ...to buy. The women took refuge ...auctioneers to spend their money.

...AT THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S ...The consultation will continue to... General Lindsay and Colonel ...will attend.

...ROAD—A meeting of the Direc... Gatineau Road Company was held ...Messrs. Gilmour & Co., on Sa... a dividend of five per cent. was ...favour of the stockholders.

...CURRENCY.—There is on view ...of Mr. Drummond's exchange ...quantity of the new fractional cur... during Saturday was the source ...attraction, this being the first

...—In response to a requisi... Worship, the Mayor, has called a ...ing, to be held at the City Hall ...twelve o'clock, to consider the ... We anticipate tall talk.

...—Messrs. Ogilvie and McGaw... Montreal, are in the city as dele... the Montreal manufacturers, to en... prevent the construction of a new ...the Lachine Canal.

...—Wm McKay, Parlia... ...ecorator, has a large assortment of ...paper on hand, and offers every ...intending purchasers. Those who ...McKay's delicate taste in matters ...only send an order to secure

...THE EQUATOR.—Summer is com... those wishing to preserve meats, ... had better purchase one of J... ...'s Refrigerators. They are the ...fection of any article of the kind.

...—We learn that the ... Mr. Belcourt, postmaster of the ...Commons, will shortly be required ...West. To a knowledge of the ...English languages, Mr. Belcourt ...familiarity of the Indian tongue of that ... He is a relation of Bishop Tache.

...—The Satchell Bros. will ex... ...fed beeves to-day at noon, at ...House corner. One of the oxen ...a ton and a half. A prize heifer ...from Mr. Lewis, is one of the finest ...for some time.

...—A fine little boy, the son of a ...Crooks, living near the city, was ...in a ditch near his father's ... It appears the poor child (a little ...years of age) fell into the ditch, ...quite a deep one; and was borne ...by the rushing water. His body ..., after a long search, by his ...

...COURT, SATURDAY—Alderman Robin...

...drunk and disorderly, fined ... or 7 days in jail—sent up.

...cases of drunkenness was fined

...for loitering at street corners,

...desertion of employment, ...sent up.

...ly, assault, fine $1.

...—Two lads attending school in ...burgh, agreed to run away from ...Monday last. They accordingly ...after making a dozen of miles, ...them. A weary, and hun... brought them to their re... ...near midnight. One of them ...restored a purse, which ...owner, after much search

Flood and Ice-Jam on the Rideau River.

...evening the ice of the Rideau ...down to the vicinity of the ...water had risen to a somewhat ...—and the broad sheets in ..., struck the bridge at Sandy ...a couple of feet. The news ...that a too-often occurring ice... ...formed on this river. His Wor... ...was promptly on hand. Mean... ...had reached the railway bridge ...away two break-waters ...demolishing one of the ...standing on the city ...completely upturned, ...of the ice, ... Mayor was again ...morning, and procured half a dozen gallant fellows who saved the lower bridge, near McLaren's Mills, at the great peril of their lives. Two men named Flood, one named Kealy, and another named Bingham, called forth alternate feelings of admiration and terror from the coal daring they displayed while cutting the ice clear of the piers of the lower bridge. They used heavy crow-bars, and hooks, and the moment the ice was broken, they leaped for the pier. The bridge is not over a hundred yards above Rideau Falls, and the barest false leap would have sent them to eternity. Hundreds were around to view the flood, and the broad and massive sheets of ice topple over the precipice, which was a grand sight, but made terrific by the perilous position of the fine fellows at work near the bridge. Some four acres of jammed ice still remain above the railroad bridge. This is the tallest flood, and jam we have had for some years.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.
J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

☞ANNOUNCEMENTS.☜

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

☞GOODS ARE CHEAP.☜

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

☞We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the undamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tt

---

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminous of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)............	$1 00
" colored, ...	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain, ...	1 50
" colored, ...	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pr paid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞LANG'S BUILDING,☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL.

☞STOVES AND TINWARE,☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Brittannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Baskets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

☞Common and Best Refined Oils.☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your order. 1327 3m

---

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE, GOODS, LUMBERING OUTFIT, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, auctioneer, and commission merchant, has received instructions from JOHN ASHFIELD, Esq., to sell by Public auction at his store, Le Breton's Flats, on TUESDAY, the 12th APRIL instant, at 10 o'clock a. m, all his Stock in Trade, consisting in part of Tea, Coffee, Crockery, and Glassware, &c., &c., a quantity of Quarrying Tools, a large quantity of Blankets, Ropes X cut Saws, Axes, Lumber, Doors, Sleighs, Cooking and Parlor Stoves and Stove Pipes

—ALSO—

Lot No. 22, corner of Sherwood and Oregon Streets, in Block F. Le Breton's Flats, with a good Stone House thereon, containing six tenements.

The Real Estate will be sold at 2 o'clock p. m.

Terms made known at time of of sale.

N. B.—The shop and dwelling now occupied by him are to rent.

Ottawa, April 9, 1870. 1329td

CARLETON HOUSE.

57 Argyle street...........Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 to per day.

☞Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

"The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere; together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY,
At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO.
City of Quebec.

April 6, 1870. 1324 6

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

☞AYLMER CONVENT,☜

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

SEWING MACHINES.

G. W. GATES & CO.'s

SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Are the only low-priced machines which have earned the reputation of doing as good work as the high-priced machines. They are strongly built of the best material, simple in construction, and easily understood, never getting out of order when properly used.

Prices $25, $33 and $35.

The subscriber is sole agent for Ottawa and vicinity for these first class machines; also for Williams' Celebrated Singer and Howe Machines Improved.

GEO DAWSON,
Crown Hotel, 56 Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 28th, 1870. 1319b

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

☞COFFEE,☜

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Port of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 3', 1870. 1321tf

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst; by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect,
Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

DR. ROBILLARD,

Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ALKABASAY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1324d

---

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin street. 1326 3aw1 m1

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1326 1m

---

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327td

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 tM1

TO LET.

A good BRICK HOUSE on Maria street, near Bank street, containing ten rooms, good yard and garden. Apply to Mrs. MITFORD near Messrs. Perley & Pallser's office, Chaudiere

Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1321 tf

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—Large Red." White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

MILLINERY SHOW DAY

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received the greater portion of their MILLINERY, MANTLES, and FANCY GOODS, generally, will make their usual

SEMI-ANNUAL DISPLAY,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 31st OF MARCH,

—OF—

Millinery and Trimmed Straw Bonnets,
Trimmed Straw and Millinery Hats,
Dress Caps and Coiffures,
Flowers and Feathers,
Straw and Leghorn Hats,
Plain and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infants' and Children's Hats.

MANTLE AND UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Coloured Cloth Jackets and
Paletots Richly Trimmed,
Black Gros Grain do. do.,
Velveteen, Cloth and Tweed Jackets,
Waterproof and Fancy Cloakings,
Costume Cloths,
Ladies' White and
Coloured Skirts,
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Cloaks and Hoods,
Ladies' French Wove Corsets,
Children's Bands, &c., &c.

☞ORDERS taken for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STREET COSTUMES, MANTLES and JACKETS, and executed promptly, in the most stylish manner, at reasonable prices. Also, orders for MARRIAGE TROUSSEAU and BABY LINEN attended to under the same management, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

☞SHOW ROOM OPENING.☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT upstairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines is all the Departments

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

☞NO CITY TAXES.☜

Will be sold on to me to suit purchasers.
Apply on the premises or to
HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1326a

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Exivi Star from Spain, Gizelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, "Fine old stock," Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

☞Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unqualled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

RESSOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

Opposite H F McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N B—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

☞All fits guaranteed.

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1212-3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St David
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870 1294 tf

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratoi

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

☞LARGE PROFITS☜

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

JUST RECEIVED

For Hauser's Lending Library Sussex Street.

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G... Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's D... by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Christ by Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Snobs, a Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Mrs. Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY

of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.,

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A B McMaster Esq, H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid but when losses are being settled, and from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

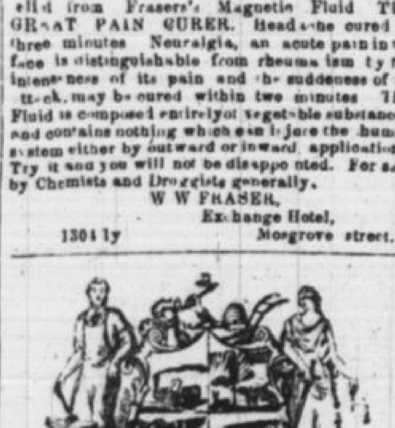
1298tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1304 1y



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death toook place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that it is constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods, sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hand for sale.

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of these excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round, ornate, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1296 tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End Sappers' Bridge

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in his line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

CANADA,

No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 153 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B, G. C. M. G., &c. &c., &c.

1228 2

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when here will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 11, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	0 00	@	0 00
No. 3 do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called ... the coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently in the country is cleared but such is not the case. In the same ... many suppose that crime is ... the increase as the country becomes older, but ... is one deception. The truth is both illusions ... from the increased facilities in communi... too, which, like the great ... remedy ... consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in ... Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections ... curing the afflicted, has passed into a proverb in the United States, where these marvelous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition, and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last ... years, until now the sales average over ... thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number ... that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. ... taken in season they affect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the ... stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

... SAYS SO.—That is all who have used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, heaves, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Baton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—Sentinel, Schenectady.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Are you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J Briggs' Allevantor will ... your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244d

... we ... your ... of Hypophosphites ... I had a symptom ... from which I suffered many years ... taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

... EGAN.

..., John N B November 2nd.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. A & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines' Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,

With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 18, 1870. 1354 3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 1, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

... 6m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1238 law

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK. SAMPSON ... ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

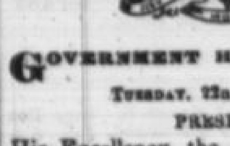
GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 3s. 1323 2awfm law6m



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouse and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & RUSSY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day. Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

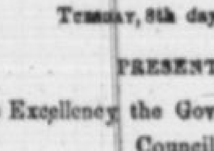
Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

TUESDAY, 8th day of March, 1870.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act 31, Vic Cap. 6 entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following

REGULATION.

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under authority of the said Act, the under mentioned Port shall be and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,

The Port of Hillsborough.

W H LEE,
1307 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle Bolt and Extras.

... LAW & JOHNSTON

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLeod, W. McK Wright, R. S. Lawlor.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

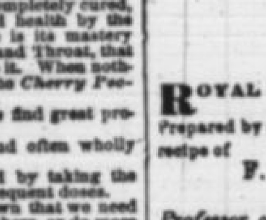
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c, Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

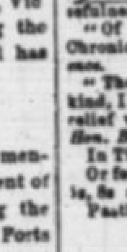
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s, 6s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 11s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N. Y., or
14 2 171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Medical.

TRADE-MARK VALLEY ... VIRTUE GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in town.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

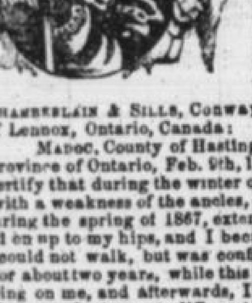
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, ...



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS, TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE.

Ottawa, January 31

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

FARM FOR SALE.

To be sold 80 acres of the South half of Lot No 23, on broken Rideau Front, Township of Gloucester, 30 acres cleared, being situate on the bank of the River Rideau, near Long Island Locks. The soil is good clay. A good Log Barn and Stables on the premises.

Terms—Will be sold to suit purchasers. Title indisputable.

For particulars apply at the office of MESSRS MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c, Rideau street, City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 20, 1870. 5 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

75 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FOR SALE.

A CHAIN CABLE and ANCHOR,
ALSO,
PORK "CHICAGO MESS,"
XXX and No. 1 FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS

S CHRISTIE

June 14, 1869

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in ... section of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most ... enemies of our race. Often, this ... tenant of the organism undermines ... and invites the attack of enfeebling ... without exciting a suspicion of its ... it seems to breed infection through ... then, on some favorable occasion ... into one or other of its hideous forms ... surface or among the vitals. In ... cles may be suddenly deposited ... heart, or tumors formed in the ... its presence by eruptions on the ... ations on some part of the body ... sional use of a bottle of this ... visable, even when no active ... appear. Persons afflicted with ... plaints generally find ... length, cure, by the use of this ... *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or ... Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head ... Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and ... visible forms of *Scrofulous* ... more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia ... Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy ...* and the various *Ulcerous* affections ... lar and nervous systems.

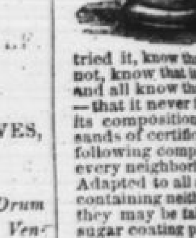
Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial* ... are cured by it, though a long time ... subduing these obstinate maladies ... But long continued use of this ... the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites ... Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases* ... monly soon relieved and ultimately ... purifying and invigorating effect ... tions for each case are found in our Almanac ... plied gratis. *Rheumatism and Gout* ... caused by accumulations ... in the blood, yield ... *Complaints, Torpidity ... mation of the Liver,* and ... as they often do, from the ... blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* ... storer for the strength and ... Those who are *Languid and ... dent, Sleepless,* and troubled ... *prehensions* or *Fears,* or ... symptomatic of *Weakness* ... relief and convincing evidence ... power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; ... not, know that it cures their neighbors, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions ... containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion*, *Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache*, *Sick Headache*, *Jaundice* or *Green Sickness*, *Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism*, *Gout*, *Gravel*, *Palpitation of the Heart*, *Pain in the Side*, *Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

OTTAWA COURIER

Politics, Literature, Commerce ... Agriculture.

The French-speaking inhabitants ... will, doubtlessly, be pleased to ... paper bearing the above title ... to meet their wants. Aware of ... such a newspaper, in both languages ... Ottawa, and which will afford ... latest intelligence, I have ... take the publication of the Courier ... be my aim in doing so to fully ... requirements and wishes of the ... Ottawa valley.

The future of Ottawa is promising ... brisk, and there is evidence of ... future prosperity. Her means of ... to and from the city, and the ... lishing additional factories ... unrivalled water-power at ... do much to rapidly increase ...

Confederation has strengthened ... commercial ties between the ... speaking inhabitants of the ... shall be the aim of the Courier ... still more strongly together.

In the views and measures of ... government the proprietor of ... concurs, and will endeavour ... measure of support which ... render necessary, carefully ... offence to such as may differ ... We will cultivate a friendly ... traditions of the past and ... present, hoping to take a ... tain course, which cannot fail ... by the inhabitants of the ... Ottawa.

A young people should ... themselves to the level of ... tionalities, and this they ... made acquainted with ... parts of the world. ... we shall also urge ... tend to increase the ... wealth of the community ... not, however, be confined ... requirements of the ... full share of our attention ... cultivation of the soil ... very much depend. ... particular object to ... agriculturist, and ... industries, and to ... information for ...

Correspondents ... open to them in ... offer suggestions ... pressed are ... couched in moderate ... language.

Let it not be supposed ... that may have been ... the Courier will be ... matters. The intelligence ... quarter of the globe ... columns, the telegraph ... ef, and the latest ... possible obtained.

Indeed, from the ... Courier will contain ... in its management ... pates success and ...

The Courier will be ... at five o'clock, and ... payable in advance ... There will also be ... of which will be ...

NAPOLEON ...

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

... ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENRY'S STONE BUILDING, ... Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. Always on Hand. ... 1236 ...

... WHELAN, ... RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) ... for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a ... well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

... MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ... numerous other articles necessary to ... a complete stock. TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial ... quite fresh and cheap. COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily. LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co., Piper's and other brands. HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, ... bottle. WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of ..., Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira ... prices, in wood and bottle, ... WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY, ... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey, ... Irish Whiskey, ... Irish Potteen, ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE, SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ... 1105

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY, ... under Chapter LXVII of ... Statutes of Canada. ... OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: ..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, T... ATHOMSON, T H DUN... Manager. 1141tf

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PRO... STORES AND OTHERS. ... give notice of my intention to sup... TOMATO SAUCE ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale, ... during the last four years ... to enlarge my manufactory ... to make the wholesale trade ... Wholesale and Retail Pickles ... Ottawa, or direct ... on the bank of the Rideau ... bottles ... 1196y

... COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS ... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. ...

... SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ... can be accommodated ... board and rooms. Gentlemen ... 219tf

Educational. DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. ... Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence ... 1148tf

... MUSICAL ACADEMY. ... SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral ...) ... of the Imperial Conservatory ... Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau ... 775y

... COPPER PLATE PRINTER, ... Centre Town, ... SPARKS & QUEEN STREETS. ... COMMISSION AGENT, ... next to the City Hotel ... OTTAWA. ... of the Lumber Merchants ... From his long experience ... his services in engaging ... while passing ... Walter Smith, Esq. ... W Cruice, Esq. ... GAME, POULTRY and ... is inform the public ... in season, a large ... will be sold as cheap ... in the city. ... NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

THE TIMES is published by The Ottawa Times Printing Company, at ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1331. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Sussex Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 30, 1869. 1238.1

JOHN WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,

Birdseed and Bird Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

TEAS—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—

French Coffee *ground and roasted daily on the premises.*

LIQUORS—

COGNAC BRANDIES; Henne'y & Co, Henne'y, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—

De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine body, *Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira* Wines in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WHISKIES, *OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,*

Proof and over, at exceedingly low prices.

Gordon and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Dublin's Irish Whiskey.

Kinahan's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Bass's and other Ales.

Syrups, all grades.

Strawberry prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

At the time of our sale. 1165

MAPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE—G P Dawnson's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

GEO. MAPLE, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ALEX ABBOTT A THOMSON, T H DUNN.

GEO. ROSEMOND, Manager. 1141tf

OTTAWA

HOUSE KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

We only give notice of my intention to supply Pickles, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I intend to make the wholesale trade my *specialty* purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest offered, and the question of quality is readily tested by making known the fact that I raise my Vinegar from the best procured at any expense and say it is the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported.

Another and important fact is that being made and manufactured in Ottawa thereby saving freight, packing, duty and other expenses I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than my competitor.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to induce those who may favor me with their orders.

Pickles, Sauces, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle Depot, Pork street, Ottawa, or direct Box 1, Post Office, Ottawa.*

Depot—Corner Sussex street and the Rideau Canal, on the bank of the Rideau River.

N.B.—Empty Pickle bottles collected and the highest price given. 1190y

R. W. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Oats, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

Depot—End of Little Sussex-st.

Produce stored on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. W. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Banks. 1191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mr. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Monday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa, September 8th, 1869. 1149tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, by attention to their orders for tuning more promptly to meet their views. Shall visit Ottawa once a month, and may be addressed at Mr. Birmingham's Auction Room, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. E. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Catholic Cathedral of the Imperial Conservatory of Music,) Teacher of Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 775y

W. H. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREETS.

THOMAS FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Queen Street, next to the City Hotel,

Ottawa.

Having the patronage of the Lumber Merchants resident on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging and despatching their rafts while passing down the River, to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

J. R. Booth, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

Geo. Hamilton, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1321tf

OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he always on hand, in season, a large stock of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. H. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 44½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Dukes-t., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$20,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO,

Agents,

Ottawa.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In LORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORKLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGENET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

CHARLES BAILLIE,

Assignee.

Montreal, March 23d, 1870. 1325b

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs S. A. ALLEN'S

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate It

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S SYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair: clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. S. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 30 Hamilton St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 4th, 1869—1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Hoarseness.—DR. BIRDSALL, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BURTON, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Inguinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Sleigh Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

No Benefits or Coal Oil used.

HIGH PRICES

LAYG

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

HARDGROVE WALL PAINTING

SIGNS

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To Depart at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 35, Sparks street,

Ottawa.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and remove a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. TUBE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Warehouse, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,

1296 tf Auctioneer.

J. BIRMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as many neighbors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that a constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Carts, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Carts sold by him during the past year, is evidence of his ability in this original branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advancement made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in lots, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 30. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hand for sale.

J BIRMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE		MAILS		DELIVERY
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
7.00	12 Noon.	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	9.00	4.00
7.00	12 Noon.	Brockville, Perth, Renfrew, etc.	9.00	4.00
7.00	12 Noon.	Gatineau—Wakefield, Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	11.30	3.00
7.00	12 Noon.	Prescott, Vankleek Hill, Alfred, Hawkesbury, Lachute, Saturday's Mail going by Lanarkshire steamer from Portland, other days by Image	9.00	4.00
11.30	4.00	Aylmer and Gatineau—North Shore Upper Ottawa.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Aylmer and Gatineau—South Shore Upper Ottawa.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Pakenham, Carp, March, etc.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Richmond, Kanata, Fitzroy Harbour, Carleton Place, Almonte, Pakenham, Clayton, Packenham, Lanark, Middle Road, Ferguson's Falls, Perth, Smith's Falls, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Kemptville—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Gloucester, Russell, and Line of R. R. Otters Railway.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Cumberland, Orleans, Vars, Sarsfield, Cantin's Mills, Navan, Bearbrook, Osgoode, Metcalfe, Vernon, Oxford Mills and Kemptville.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Gloucester, Russell, and Line of R. R. Otters Railway.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Cumberland, Orleans, Vars, Sarsfield, Cantin's Mills, Navan, Bearbrook, Osgoode, Metcalfe, Vernon, Oxford Mills and Kemptville.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Aylmer and Gatineau—South Shore Upper Ottawa.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Aylmer and Gatineau—North Shore Upper Ottawa.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Gloucester, Russell, and Line of R. R. Otters Railway.	11.30	3.00
11.30	4.00	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	11.30	3.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 7.00 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters prepaid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,

Ottawa, 23rd Feb., 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

☞ SHOW ROOM OPENING. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,

Hats,

Jackets,

Flowers,

Feathers and

Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST

FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

DR. ROBERTSON, Graduate, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Rowe's Drug Store, East end of Sappers' Bridge. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

SPEECH ON THE BUDGET

BY THE

HONBLE. SIR FRANCIS HINCKS,

MINISTER OF FINANCE

Delivered in the House of Commons, Ottawa, 7th April, 1870.

The House having resolved itself into Committee of Ways and Means, Col. Gray in the chair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS, Minister of Finance, addressed the Committee as follows:—

COL. GRAY,—Before proceeding to discharge the duty which devolves upon me of submitting to this Committee an exposition of the financial state of the Dominion, I think it necessary to advert very briefly to what I may almost call an irregularity, at all events a peculiarity of the position in which I am placed in having to go into Committee of Ways and Means and making my financial statement in this particular way. I believe it is in accordance with strictly constitutional usage in England for the Chancellor of the Exchequer to make his financial statement after the House has been for some time in Committee of supply, and after the supplies have been in great part voted. I have no doubt the hon. member for Chateauguay (hon. Mr. Holton) knows that to be the practice. Well, sir, unfortunately, considerable delay took place this year, as hon. members are perfectly aware and as I was frequently reminded in bring down the public accounts. I have no cause of complaint against hon. gentlemen opposite who expressed great anxiety about the public accounts for the year and found fault because they were not ready. I readily admit that they ought to have been ready earlier—that they should have been in the hands of hon. members on the opening of the session. I regret that they were not ready. I cannot charge myself, however, with any laxity in endeavouring to have them ready, nor can I charge it as a fault to the officers of the Department over which I preside, for considerable delay took place in the outside departments and the accounts were not ready as they ought to have been. That involved delay in the preparation of the estimates, and it was not thought desirable to bring them down until they were complete. Now, a practice has prevailed here which is contrary to the English practice, and which I think it expedient should be altered, namely, to delay bringing down the estimates until all of them, covering every branch of the public service, are ready, though it has been usual—and I dare say the usage will not be departed from—to bring down a supplementary estimate, (hear, hear). There are many reasons which render it impossible to bring down the entire estimates early in the session. I think it would be found more convenient, more conducive to the speedy despatch of the business of the House, to adopt the English practice not to wait till all of them are completed, but to bring them down as they may be ready, so as to go into Committee of Supply at the earliest possible period in the session. I have thought it necessary, sir, to make this explanation. Hon. gentlemen opposite for some time past have been enquiring when the financial statement would be made, and I am considerably indebted to them for allowing me to take several motions *pro forma*, thus enabling me to explain sooner than I otherwise would have been able to do, the financial position of the country. I have thought it advisable to make these few observations in explanation of the cause of the delay that has occurred in making this statement, and of the cause also why I now proceed to make it in Committee of Ways and Means without having taken any votes in the Committee of Supply—that is, any votes of importance.

It has been usual, sir, on occasions of this kind, I find on looking back, for the Finance Minister, in the course of his explanations, to review the general condition of the country. I do not propose to occupy the time of the Committee with any lengthy remarks upon that subject. I believe there is no reason to doubt that the country is in a state of prosperity and that it is amply able to meet all its obligations; and I would hardly have adverted to the subject at all were it not that on many occasions during the present session hon. members have made remarks which I very much regretted and which seemed to indicate a doubt as to the ability of the Dominion to meet its engagements, and have spoken as if there were a constant deficit of revenue as compared with the expenditure, and as if the country was in a very bad financial position. I believe, sir, nothing of the kind. I believe the country is in a state of prosperity, perfectly able to meet all its obligations, and that there is no cause of complaint of excessive taxation. With reference to this question of deficits I would like to call attention to some observations made in his speech last session by the hon. gentleman who preceded me in my present office. He said:

"We all know how serious, in the past, "was the effect of the deficits which arose "in the old Province of Canada for some "years previous to the Union: and, in adverting to them, I am far from seeking "to throw any reflection or blame on those "who occupied in those years the position "I now do, or to seek, by contrast, to laud "the present Government at the expense of "their predecessors. I know the peculiar "difficulties in which former Finance Ministers found themselves. Neither my "honourable friend opposite (Hon. Mr. "Holton), nor my honourable friend, the "member for Sherbrooke (Hon. Mr. Galt) "had that amount of support in the House "or the country which would have enabled them to bring down those measures of taxation which would have been "necessary under such circumstances. "Parties were so equally balanced, that "to have carried the measures necessary "to equalise the revenue and expenditure "would have been found a peculiarly "difficult task."

Now, I do not pretend to say—it would not be proper for me to say, not having been in the country at the time—whether that is a correct statement of the case, or whether the true cause for those deficits has been assigned; but that is the statement with reference to the past made by my predecessor in office. I do not intend to trouble myself or the Committee by adverting to anything that took place prior to the union of the Provinces; but I apprehend that it was then chiefly that those deficits occurred to which reference has been made on more than one occasion during the present session. But with regard to the means of the country,—with regard to its ability to discharge all its liabilities—and with regard to its taxation, I would desire to say a few words, and institute a comparison between its condition and the condition of other countries with which we are acquainted. I find, Sir, if we take Great Britain, that the debt of that country is about $135 per head of the population. The debt of the United States is about $60 per head. I may here observe that although the ratio of debt is lower in the case of the United States than in that of Great Britain, it would be unfair to estimate the burdens of the people according to the same ratio, for it is perfectly well known that the debt of England carries a very small rate of interest, while the debt of the United States carries a large rate. Now, Sir, while the debt of those countries is what I have stated, the debt of Canada is about $22.50 per head of the population. (Hear, hear.) Then, again, taxation in Great Britain is at the rate of about $10 per head, and in the United States about $9.25, while in Canada it is only about $3.50. I do not think, bearing these figures in mind, that we need be afraid of any slight increase of taxation which it may be necessary to impose upon the people in order that there shall not be the least cause to apprehend deficits in the future. (Hear, hear.) I find, too, that if we take the Customs Revenue of the United States, it is about $4.50 per head of the population, while the Customs Revenue of Canada is about $2. I may be permitted to draw attention to the remarkable point, that although our Customs contributions appear to be large in proportion to those of the United States, hon. gentlemen will see just now, when I draw a comparison between the internal revenue of the two countries, that the revenue from Customs approaches more nearly, although still very far below that of the United States, than the internal revenue does. And the reason of that is obvious. The United States have such high protective duties upon everything imported, that importations are much reduced, and the Customs revenue per head does not come up as in Canada, where on leading articles the duties are much lower. The internal revenue of the United States is about $4 per head of the population, whereas in Canada the excise revenue is only about 67 cents per head.

I have thought it advisable, sir, to preface the statement I am about to make in reference to the operations of the year now some months terminated, with these general remarks with regard to the position of the country and its financial condition, its ability to meet all its obligations, and with regard to the burdens imposed upon the people as compared with the burdens borne by the public in the countries to which I have referred. I might add while speaking of other countries, that I have lately resided in a colony where certainly the people, taking them altogether, do not in any way compare in wealth, intelligence or skilled industry, with the people of this country; and yet the people of that colony—the colony of British Guiana—which enjoys a great degree of prosperity, pay taxes at considerably more than double the rate per head paid in Canada, and they pay it cheerfully and without the slightest difficulty. (Hear, hear.)

I will now proceed to state the result of the operations of the last financial year—I refer, of course, to the year 1868-69. But first I will draw the attention of the committee to the previous year, ending on the 30th of June, 1868, which was referred to in his speech last session by Sir John Rose; and I do so merely to make a comparison between the results of that and of the subsequent year. The revenue of 1868 was $13,855,460, but in estimating the revenue of the following year, Sir John Rose put it at $15,114,000, of which he calculated the Customs would contribute $9,100,000, and the excise $5,114,000.

Last session, after several months of the year had elapsed, when he came to make his estimates, he found the estimate of revenue had been excessive, and that there was likely to be a very considerable deficiency; but he stated to the House that when he became aware of the fact that there was likely to be a very great deficiency every effort had been made by the Government to reduce expenditure in all the departments, so as to provide that the expenditure should not be in excess of the revenue. When he made the revised estimate of revenue for 1869, instead of taking the old estimate which was $15,114,000, he estimated it at $13,744,656. In this estimate, it may be observed, he included items which I shall probably, in my subsequent remarks have occasion to allude to—items which I have no doubt were not calculated at the time of the original estimate. If however, the $500,000 received from the Great Western Railway were not to be treated as revenue—there would be a very considerable difference in the result.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—(Hear, hear.)

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HICKS.—My hon. friend calls "hear, hear," and no doubt he will be prepared to shew at the proper time that this item ought not to be considered in the revenue of the year. But I don't know if I can take a better opportunity than the present for disposing of the question. I took the trouble to look up a precedent, and I hold in my hand an authority—for the transaction to which I am about to refer was of a very similar kind. The authority, I am sure, must be satisfactory to all gentlemen on the other side of the House, as it is to those on this—it is no less an authority than the present Prime Minister of England. There was an occasion in 1860, when he was in trouble with regard to the Budget, and found himself likely to be short and he annouced to the House that deliverance had come from a quarter not expected, for the Spaniards had remitted a debt of £500,000. I think that the deliverance which Mr. Gladstone was so happy to receive in the payment of this debt, is very analogous to the deliverance of my predecessor by the Great Western Railway when the revenue had fallen very short indeed, and he found he was likely to receive this amount. Many other precedents might be adduced of moneys which cannot be calculated as part of ordinary revenue of the year, being paid in and nevertheless treated as available ways and means.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Oh yes, but still it is not revenue.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—In the revenue which appears in Sir John Rose's revised estimates is included, of course, the Great Western Railway's money, the sum was $13,744,656, the actual receipts $14,485,139, from which I deduct an amount arising from the transactions in the Intercolonial Railway Loan, $551,082, leaving a surplus of $189,401.57.

Mr. MACKENZIE—This is taking credit also for the Great Western amount?

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The hon. gentleman does not mean the actual surplus, but the surplus upon Sir John Rose's revised estimates.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—I have no desire to keep anything back, but perhaps it would be better if the hon. gentlemen opposite would let me finish the whole statement, taking of course the amount of the Great Western money, for Sir John Rose calculated on this as part of his ways and means—we find a gross surplus of $396,333, viz.: on Customs, $268,517, and miscellaneous, $128,416, while the loss on Excise must be deducted, so that the net surplus on Mr. Rose's calculations was $210,258. There appears to have been some omission of figures in his reported speech, for the exact surplus was $189,401. We have now to consider the expenditure of the same year. I have shewn that the revenue of my predecessor was in excess of his calculations, but I am sorry I cannot say that his expenditure was as low as he calculated upon. But it must be borne in mind, and it is only fair to put this strongly before the Committee—that we are dealing now with what we may call his revised estimated expenditure, and not with the estimates that were voted by Parliament the previous session—and in the revised estimates he had gone over all the departments and done his utmost to bring down the expenditure to the lowest possible point. I am afraid it is a very difficult thing indeed for a Finance Minister to accomplish so large a saving in expenditure as my predecessor thought he was able to do. The expenditure, according to the original estimates, was $14,032,756; while the revised estimates stated it at $13,470,624; making an estimated saving of $562,131. The actual expenditure was $14,144,029; but from that, however, I have to deduct what honourable gentlemen will say I am justified in doing—namely, the specific charge on the Intercolonial Railway Loan, $170,641, and that being deducted, we have an actual expenditure of $13,973,408, shewing an excess of $502,783 on the revised estimate.

The final result is:—	
Actual revenue	$13,934,057 57
Expenditure	13,973,408 00
Shewing a deficiency of	39,350 43
But we have a gain on the Intercolonial transaction of	551,082 00
Loss management	170,641 00
Surplus	$ 380,441 00
From which deduct the deficiency, and the final result is a surplus of	341,090 57

There is another fact which I want to point out, namely, that in the returns of the transactions of that year, to which I have no doubt from what I heard in another place, exception will be taken, it seems we have items which are included in the Public Works account, but which have not been charged to the ordinary expenditure of the year.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON and Mr. MACKENZIE—(Hear, hear).

The question of classifying Public Works into those chargeable to ordinary revenue and those to capital account has always been one of very considerable difficulty. There are a great many services which really are of a debateable character, but for my own part I think it exceedingly desirable that it should always be clearly understood when the estimates are being voted what services are to be charged to the ordinary revenue of the year, and what to construction account, and which may be provided for from other sources. There are certain services about which there can be no difference of opinion. For instance, no one would for a moment imagine that this country would undertake to construct such works as the Intercolonial Railway, the Welland Canal, and many other works of that kind, out of the ordinary revenue of the country. On the other hand no one would pretend to charge to construction account, or to any other than the ordinary revenue, a great variety of services that come under the head of Public Works. But there are a number of services of a doubtful character.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Salaries, for instance.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—The salaries to which my hon. friend adverts are, I think, salaries in connection with the construction of works proper

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—According to my calculation there is a surplus of $341,090, including, I wish the Committee to understand, the Great Western Railway debt, and the profits arising from the Intercolonial Railway Loan. The premium obtained on that loan was considerable. With regard to this item, I may just say that it has always been the custom to include items of that nature in the ordinary revenue. No change whatever has been made in the manner of keeping that account. But it so happened that in this case, the transaction being unusually large, the profits arising from it were also unusually large, which, as in the case of other transactions of a similar character, went to the credit of the Government as ordinary revenue. There has always been an account for premium and discount, and this account is credited with all the money gained in transactions of this kind, and debited with all the costs. Of course, it would be very unfair to charge against the management all the expenses connected with the loan, and at the same time refuse to give credit for the amount which was gained by the transaction, which really and truly ought to be considered as a profit, less the charges which were incurred in carrying out the transaction. The total amount of premium on the loan was

was	$551,082
Less charges	170,641
Leaving a net profit on the transaction of	$380,441
Calculating this amount as part of ordinary revenue, there was a surplus last year of	341,090
But leaving that amount out of the calculation altogether—for I am perfectly willing that hon. gentlemen should understand how the account will thus stand—there was a deficit of	$ 39,350

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—That leaves the Board of Works untouched.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Including the salaries of the toll-collector on the Welland Canal, and offices of a similar character.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS Including whatever is found under that head.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Which amounts to $555,000.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—My hon friend must bear in mind that there are a good many items under that head about which there can be no possible dispute no one would deny that they should be charged to construction. Among these items my hon. friend will find one of money expended on the Intercolonial Railway.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Yes, of course, and the Fort William Road too.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—It will not be contended that these expenses should be charged to ordinary revenue. I am not prepared to say that there may not be some items under the head of Public Works, if they were all analyzed, which might properly be charged as ordinary expenditure. I am strongly of opinion that as many of this kind of items as possible should be charged as ordinary expenditure. I am prepared—and I know my colleagues in the Government are equally prepared—to go strongly in that direction. But while there may be items under the head of Public Works which are, perhaps, more properly chargeable as ordinary expenditure, I say the great bulk of them could not reasonably be expected to be defrayed out of the ordinary revenue of the country Then, I consider there is no great reason to be dissatisfied with the condition of affairs during the year 1868-9—which was a year of deficient revenue—at all events as compared with the estimated revenue upon which the Minister of Finance relied when he brought down his financial scheme On the whole, there is no cause of despondency with respect to the finances of that year; though there was a very small deficit, it was covered, as I have already stated, by the profits connected with the Intercolonial Railway Loan.

It being six o'clock the House rose.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS resumed and said—

At six o'clock, Mr. Chairman, I had just arrived at that stage of my remarks which had reference to the Revenue and Expenditure of the current year. A statement of the Receipts and Expenditure up to the 28th February, is in the possession of hon. members, and I will call their attention to it.

Sir, I am gratified in finding that there is every reasonable ground for believing that the Revenue for Customs will quite reach the estimate of my honourable predecessor. The estimate was taken at $8,600,000. On the 28th of February there had been received $100,000 less than the average. Taking it for each month, the average, is 8⅓ per cent. per month, and there had been received up to that time 66⅔ per cent. of the revenue. Well now, Sir, we had four months left of the year. Since that statement was laid before the House, I have been able to get the Returns for March, and these Returns have reached 10 per cent., being something over the average; but it is to be observed that we have gone through two or three of the worst months of the year for revenue, and that the months to come are generally over the average. Therefore, I think, we may fairly anticipate that the Customs Revenue will be equal to the estimates.

Then, with regard to the Excise Revenue my friend beside me, the Minister of Inland Revenue, assures me that we can rely on a surplus of $115,000. From the Returns, as far as we can judge, there will be an increase in the revenue from tobacco

of	$115,000
And an increase in the revenue from petroleum of	85,000
a very considerable increase, indeed, over the estimate, which was only $120,000. These give a total increase of	200,000
But there is an estimated increase in the revenue from malt of	85,000
The revenue from Spirits will be about equal to the estimates, so that we expect an increase under the head of Inland Revenue of	$115,000

On the other hand there is a probability that the miscellaneous revenue will hardly equal the estimates, but I feel very sanguine that on the whole the receipts for the current year will fully equal the estimates.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—What was the total estimated revenue?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—The total estimate was $14,650,000.

Now, Sir, it will be recollected that my hon. friend and predecessor anticipated a surplus revenue on the year. He says in his statement: "This leaves a very small, but, I believe, a very certain balance of $398,786 on the right side of our account." We may have some supplementary estimates to bring down, not to any large amount, and I feel quite satisfied that on the transactions of the present year, we may be perfectly sure the expenditure will not exceed the estimates always, providing—and I wish this distinctly understood,—that there are not any extraordinary votes required which no one could anticipate, and which under existing circumstances we may have to bring down. But to that I will refer on another occasion. At present we are dealing with ordinary circumstances.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Then, there is a possible deficit?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS No, no. I have every reason to believe that the revenue will be equal to anticipations. That I stated most distinctly. There was this surplus. There is a slight excess in the expenditure for subsidies of $5,000, but that is the only excess at present; and I think that, keeping out of view anything extraordinary that could not have been anticipated at the time, that there is no reason whatever to doubt that there will be the surplus expected by my predecessor.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—I must explain that I understood the hon. gentleman to say that the revenue would prove equal to the expenditure, thus admitting that there was no surplus. I now understand him to say that the surplus of Mr. Rose will be realised.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes. I do not think it is necessary to make any further observations with regard to the transactions of the current year.

I now approach the present year, the estimates for which are already submitted to the House. These estimates amount to $23,915,917. Of these, there are public works and buildings chargeable to capital account, $8,486,700. Of course they are not yet brought under the consideration of the House. There are, of course included in this, a variety of works of a public character, and all I can say is that there is a considerable number of these that the Government will at once say that they must have other means of providing for them than the ordinary revenue of the year. Then, for the present deducting, as proposed by the Government, the amount of public works, $8,486,700, deducting also certain railway subsidies, chargeable to the Provinces, and also the amount, $322,000 which is for redemption of debt on the year, and which is not of course a charge against the ordinary revenue, and you have the actual amount of estimated expenditure very close upon $15,000,000.

I shall glance at a few among these items in which an excess appears over the estimates of the preceeding year. One of these to which I shall advert, is the amount for the census, which in round figures is

about	$150,000
There is an increased amount for emigration of	36,000
The public works chargeable against ordinary revenue is beyond what it was last year	42,000
There is an increase under the head of Militia of	182,000
but it will be borne in mind that great pressure was brought to bear upon my hon. friend, the Minister of Militia, as admitted by Mr. Rose—very great pressure to reduce the estimates under the exceptional circumstances of last year, to the lowest possible point.	
Under the head of Fisheries, there is	60,000
a portion of which is caused by the necessity of protecting our fisheries	
Then there is an increase in the item of Subsidies, over the former estimate of	75,000
The increase on Light Houses is	118,000
On Penitentiaries	10,000
On Marine Hospitals	5,000
On Administration of Justice	9,000
These items, in round figures come to about	700,000
Making the whole estimate about	$15,000,000

There will however probably be—in fact there is no doubt whatever, that there will be—an additional amount required, as supplementary estimate, of at least $150,000, exclusive of a special vote of credit, which under existing conditions, there was ground to believe would be necessary.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The hon. gentleman was going to give us the aggregate amount?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—I have said about $700,000. Now, sir, under these circumstances, I will first of all—before stating the measures which the Government propose to adopt for providing means for the services of the year—deal with the question of the ordinary services. I think that we are safe in taking the estimate of revenue under head of customs at what it was last year. There may be some doubt whether it is safe to take it at that, but I think upon the whole, we may put it at $8,600,000.

The excise revenue I take:—

Spirits at	$2,375,000
Malt at	200,000
Tobacco	630,000
Petroleum	170,000

With regard to this item, I am sorry to say that the Government cannot accede to the very strong wishes that were expressed by many persons who are interested to repeal the tax on petroleum which has been very productive; I do not think that it will be safe in the present state of affairs to do so. Then there are

Stamps, at	$135,000
and small sources of internal revenue, such as License fees, &c., which are taken at	50,000
giving a total of	3,560,000
There are besides that various miscellaneous sources of revenue such as Post Office and Public Works, which I estimate at	2,500,000
giving an aggregate of	14,660,000

Well, Sir, it is the opinion of the Government that it is absolutely necessary at this time to provide additional revenue, and it ought certainly to be some consolation to one who has to propose to increase the burthens of the people—it is some consolation to find that there has been a very general expression of opinion from all parts of the country that taxation ought to be increased (hear, hear, and laughter) I am bound to say that it is not often that a Finance Minister is placed in the position of being besieged from all parts of the county with demands to increase taxation (hear, hear). It has been my duty, sir, to consider most carefully the whole subject and to advise the best mode of raising that revenue which we consider to be absolutely necessary to obtain, in a manner which would press the least upon the people (hear, hear.)

I think, Sir, that one may fairly assume that any one who is placed in the position of requiring to obtain additional revenue naturally would look in the first place to those articles which are admitted into the country free of duty (hear.) That is the first class of articles that he would endeavour to obtain revenue from.

I think that perhaps the most convenient way of announcing the views of the Government with regard to these duties would be to take in order the articles which are on the fee list and on which we propose to ask the House to consent to impose duties, and then to state the amount of duties which it is proposed to put on.

Well, Sir, first of all I will name flour. We propose to put a duty of 25 cents a barrel on flour—(hear, hear)—we propose to put a duty of 15 cents on Indian meal and oat meal; four cents a bushel on wheat, and upon all other grain—such as barley, rye, oats, Indian corn—three cents a bushel. These duties are certainly not excessive duties, and I believe that though from some of them no considerable revenue will be obtained, yet I think there is no doubt whatever that there will be an increase.

I will speak by-and-bye of the anticipations with regard to revenue which I have made from these changes. Then, Sir, upon coal and coke—

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Perhaps the hon. gentleman would tell us what he calculates to obtain upon these?

Hon. Sir G. E. CARTIER—By-and-bye. It will come up presently, and then he will state.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Then with regard to coal and coke—we propose to put a duty on coal of 50 cents a ton—(hear)—and upon salt of 5 cents a bushel (hear, hear, and cheers.)

Now, with regard to salt, I would desire to make a very few observations. We propose to put a clause into the resolutions with regard to salt, which I will read. It is that "salt from the United Kingdom and the British possessions, shall be free."

Hon. Mr. HOLTON — Discriminating duties (hear, hear).

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes, Sir, I have too fully considered the subject to fear the hon. gentleman interrupting me (cheers). The question of salt, I think, is a very peculiar one, and I shall not in the least degree shrink from the discussion (hear). It is not an ordinary case of protecting a manufacture of the country. The article is one certainly which every one desires to see admitted at the least possible price to the consumer (hear). There is no question about that, and especially as it is an article so much used in our Fisheries. It is not an article which it is desirable to tax; but Sir, we know perfectly well this fact that we have an inexhaustible supply of salt in this country; that there is ample competition in this country with regard to this article of salt; and that there is no danger whatever of any thing at all approaching to a monopoly. And upon the other hand, we know, Sir, this fact—and I am sure that every one who has paid the least attention to this subject knows it—that there is a gigantic monopoly on the other side of the line—(hear, hear)—and that it is simply a question whether this infant manufacture of salt in this country is to be put down by persons who—without any regard whatever to what the cost of it may be—would crush in some way or other that manufacture (cheers). I know, and have reason to believe, that these same monopolists have determined if possible to possess themselves of these works—(hear, hear)—and then, Sir, if once they can succeed in doing that, we should all feel the consequences of extending the monopoly which already exists, and under which this country suffered for a vast number of years until our own salt works were opened (hear, hear, and cheers). I say, we should have that fastened upon us as an incubus which we should have to bear for a great many years hereafter (hear). We know perfectly well, Sir, what monopolists will do; there are very few of us I dare say who have not had experience of what stage coach proprietors, what steamboat proprietors will do—how they will suffer a loss in order to crush rivals who are endeavouring to carry on business.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Sacrifice markets? (hear, hear).

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—No it is not a question of sacrifice markets—it is another question altogether. There is no doubt that occasions do arise—that there may be a surplus of goods which must be sent abroad to be disposed of; but it is not a probable thing, and I do not believe that such a case has occurred where manufacturers in the United States or any other country have sent goods with the deliberate intention of crushing out manufacturers in this or any other country. They simply wish to get rid of surplus stock, but in the case of salt, from all the inquiries I have been able to make—and I have done my best to make myself acquainted with the facts — I believe that there is a deliberate intention of trying to crush our salt interests. If that be the case it must be dealt with exceptionally (hear, hear). It is not the first time that articles have been admitted under discriminating duties in favour of British manufacturers, and most unquestionably we must all feel that it is quite impossible to impose duties upon salt for the use of our Maritime Provinces imported from England and the British possessions. But I feel satisfied that no feeling will arise from the manner in which we propose to levy the duties.

Then there is the article of hops, upon which we put 5 cents per pound. We propose to repeal the specific duties at present upon animals of all kinds, which have existed and which were made specific for the purpose of meeting the case of animals imported for stock, to put them in the class embracing a variety of other articles, and specially exempting from the duty upon animals, animals imported for the improvement of stock under regulations (hear, hear). My hon. friend the hon. member for London, has been pressing this point, as well as other hon. members, and I think it desirable that an alteration should be made in the tariff. I propose to put an *ad valorem* duty upon animals of all kinds, making this exception in favour of animals imported for the improvement of stock. I will just read the articles upon which it is proposed to put this duty of ten per cent. *ad valorem*: Animals of all kinds, except such as shall be imported for the improvement of stock, which shall be admitted free of duty, under regulations to be made by the Treasury Board, and approved by the Governor in Council: Fruits of all kinds, Hay, Straw, Bran, Seeds not classed as cereal, Grease and Grease Scraps, Vegetables including potatoes and other roots, Trees and Shrubs.

There is one article I will advert to here, which I propose taking from the enumerated articles in which it has been classed for some time, and placing it at a specific rate of duty. It is the article of rice, and it is proposed to place the duty at a cent a pound. It will be understood that all these articles, except rice, will pay ten per cent.

Now, sir, having gone through that class of articles which, having been free of duty, or at very low duties, we propose to subject to duty, we will next fully consider what is the fairest way, of getting a considerable revenue without unduly pressing upon the consumers, and dealing quite fairly with all classes, I think, taking it altogether, that the tariff is, on the whole, as fair and as well devised as we are likely to make it, though of course there is room for some improvements. Therefore, I propose to put five per cent. additional upon all duties, and in order to explain clearly what I propose to do, so that there may be no misunderstanding or no misapprehension, I will read the 13th resolution.

"That it is expedient to increase all the duties of Customs imposed by the said Act, as amended by the preceding Resolutions, by five per cent., that is to say, by adding to the amount of the duty which would be payable on any such articles under the said Act and preceding Resolutions, five per cent. of such amount, such increase and addition being made as well to any *ad valorem* duty as to any specific duty payable on such articles."

Hon. gentlemen will see that it is not five per cent. of the value of the article but five per cent of all the duties, that is to be added. That there may be no possible misunderstanding, I will state the practical effect of that addition upon one class of duties. The practical effect upon all articles that pay fifteen per cent. *ad valorem* will be that they will now pay ¾ per cent additional *ad valorem*.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Is the addition upon the excise also?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—No. The resolution declares—"That it is expedient to increase all the Duties of Customs imposed by said Act, as amended by the preceding resolutions, by five per cent. that is to say, by adding to the amount of the duty which would be payable on any such articles under the said Act and the preceding resolutions, five per cent of such amount, such increase and addition being made as well to our *ad valorem* duty as to any specific duty payable on such articles."

Well, Sir, the next proposition to which I will advert is the alteration in the clause—repealing the clause and substituting a new clause for the old one—with regard to the manner of assessing the duties upon invoices, and in that respect we have adopted almost *verbatim* the system which is enforced in the United States from which country we are pretty large importers, and we thought it was desirable to adopt exactly the practice they have with regard to their mode of calculating their duties. I merely intend to read the Resolution, which explains itself better than I can in any way.

"12. That it is expedient to repeal section eight of the said Act" (respecting packages), and to substitute for it the following Section:—

"8. The value for duty of goods, on which an *ad valorem* Duty of Customs is imposed, imported into Canada by sea, shall be the actual value of such goods on ship board at the last place of their shipment to Canada; and the value of such goods for duty if imported from the United States by land or inland navigation, shall be the actual value of such goods at the place at which they are purchased for importation into Canada, and whence they are directly conveyed, without change of package, to Canada; and such value shall be ascertained by adding to the value of such goods at the place of growth, production, or manufacture, the cost of transportation, whether by land or water, and of shipment and transhipment, with all expenses included, from the place of growth production or manufacture, to the vessel in which the shipment thereof is made to Canada, or to the place where the goods are purchased in the United States, and whence they are directly conveyed to Canada as aforesaid, and including also the value of any box, case, sack, package, or covering of any kind in which such goods are contained, and all export duties on such goods, and all costs and charges incurred in placing such goods on ship-board, or in the vessel, cars or carriage, in which they are conveyed to Canada."

That is provided that there are no reductions made on the face of the invoice, and the full value of the goods shall be assessed. This includes everything that is in the invoice.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Then British goods invoiced to New York would be subject to all the charges of bringing them to New York, while the same goods shipped directly from Liverpool, or other British port, would be subject to all the inland revenue charges on British goods. I take it, that it would be the effect of the hon. gentleman's proposition.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—If goods were brought in bond, I presume that would be the effect.

The next proposition for additional revenue is on an article of very general consumption and on which it is necessary at all events, in our opinion, to make a material change in the manner of assessing the duties. I allude, Sir, to tobacco and the manufactures of tobacco. Now, Sir, a great complaint has been made of the system of charging duties upon tobacco and tobacco manufactures. All the tobacco manufacturers have been dissatisfied, and in communications which I have had with them. Now sir, and of course, I do not wish hon. gentlemen to suppose for one moment that in considering this subject I paid any great attention to the persons who were engaged in a trade of that description, and who naturally are influenced by their own interest, and who have no great regard for the interest of the class of the people upon whom the duty must ultimately fall; but certainly as far as the manufacturers are concerned, I am bound to say I did not find there was any aversion to an increase in the revenue being obtained from tobacco. But they complained of the manner in which the duties are levied. By the present system the duty on cigars is levied by the thousand. First of all there are cigars which are rated at $10 a thousand; then under $20 a thousand; then under $30 a thousand, and $40 and so on, they are assessed at different rates by the thousand. The manufacturers complained very much indeed, that large quantities of German cigars which were invoiced at very low rates, and come in under the lowest class of duties, while they are subject to a much higher duty here upon cigars of the same quality. Whether they made a case or not, I have determined to adopt the English system which is to levy the duty by the pound upon all cigars. This course has been taken in England and I believe has been very satisfactory (hear, hear). Of course I am dealing at present with duties on Customs and not with excise duties; we propose that the Customs duty upon cigars shall be 45 cents per pound (hear hear).

The only other articles that I am aware, I need refer to, are vinegar, and acetic acid, which has been placed at 10 cents per gallon. Then, Sir, with regard to tobacco and snuff, we propose to make the duty 12½ per cent. *ad valorem*, and 20 cents per pound. I will now refer to—

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Do you intend to place a duty on manufactured tobacco alone, or on unmanufactured tobacco also?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—I intend to place duty on manufactured tobacco, but not on unmanufactured. There are some little changes to be made, but they are really mere matters of form and are mere questions of the mode of collecting the revenue. There will be an alteration in the mode of assessing the duties on spirits and strong waters; but it is not proposed to raise the duties upon them at present. But there are various articles called perfumed spirits, and other articles containing alcohol, which are imported and which do not pay duties imposed upon spirits. It is proposed to make them pay a duty, but the alteration under that heading is really of no material importance.

The only article that I have not adverted to, I believe, in the customs from which we are trying to get an increase of revenue, is wine. We propose to increase the *ad valorem* duties on wine from 20 to 25 per cent. with a specific duty of ten cents per gallon. I will now refer to other articles that we propose to strike out of the free list, that I have not spoken of in the list of unenumerated articles.

Mr. MACKENZIE—That is, to put them in the 15 per cent. list.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes; amongst these articles are steam fire engines on which there are special exceptions, which we do not propose to continue.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Hear, hear.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—My hon. friend says "hear, hear," but he will perhaps allow me to explain. There is an exception now on steam fire engines when they are imported for the use of municipalities. I do not see why that exception should continue. It does not seem altogether fair that our own manufacturers, who are capable of producing quite as good an article as can be imported from the United States, should be taxed 15 per cent. for the materials used in the construction of these steam engines, when they are exposed to competition for the manufactured article itself, by free importations from the United States. I can see no reason why municipal corporations should not pay duty when they import such articles, for they can get them made in this country as well, and in a way to give as much satisfaction. Where there have been exceptions on particular kinds of machinery, we propose to strike those excepsions out, and place all machinery on the same footing.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—We proposed that last year.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—There are a few other articles of a rather trifling character, but which still ought not to be continued on the free list—gold and silver leaf, emery paper and emery cloth, sand paper and sand cloth, and plasters' leaf. Then there are a few articles which it is proposed to insert in the free list, that have hitherto been subject to a duty, and one or two articles upon which it is proposed to allow a drawback. We propose to allow a drawback upon iron used in the construction of composite ships (hear, hear). We also propose to allow a drawback of duty on tin used in packages for exportation. Tin is used pretty extensively in the several exporting trades, just as, in point of fact, iron is used in the composite ships built here and sent abroad. It is used largely in packages in which petroleum and preserved fish are exported, and it is scarcely fair that it should be subject to a duty, and when exported afterwards that there should not be a drawback upon it. Of course no duty would be collected if it were imported in bond for re-exportation, and it is only fair to allow a drawback when it is exported in the way I have mentioned.

Mr. WORKMAN—The hon. gentleman does not, of course, include block tin?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—No, it is only tin in sheets.

Mr. WORKMAN—That is tin plate, as it is called.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes, the tin imported in sheets, and used in packing fresh fish and other articles of that kind. I have now, Sir, gone through the articles in regard to which we propose changes in the tariff of Customs.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—The hon. gentleman has not yet stated what he proposes to put in the free list.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Well, we propose first of all to strike out in the free list certain words under the head of colours. There are eight or ten of these articles of colours which are free under certain circumstances. I will read the clause of the tariff referring to them, and hon. gentlemen will then see better the change proposed:—

"Colours and other articles, when imported by room-paper makers and stainers, to be used in their trade only:—Bichromate of Potash, Blue, Black, British Gum, Chinese Blue, Lakes, Scarlet and Morone in pulp, Paris and permanent Greens, Satin and fine-washed White, Sugar of Lead, Ultra Marine, Umber Raw."

We propose to strike out these qualifying words, "when imported by room-paper makers and stainers, to be used in their trade only," and allow those articles to be free under all circumstances. They are not only used by room-paper makers and stainers, but in other branches of manufactures, and there is no reason why the duty should continue in one case and not in the other. Then bookbinders' millboards and binders' cloth are other articles on which there is a heavier duty than on books. It seems to me to be a case of hardship to make boobinders pay 15 per cent on the raw materials used in their business, while books themselves, in their finished state, are admitted at 5 per cent. We propose to admit them free, and add to the free list also iron wire and brass in stripes. Then there is a verbal correction under the head of iron which I will mention. My hon. friend from Montreal (Mr. Workman) perhaps knows that the article of iron in blooms and billets reads as if they were puddled. I believe, as a matter of fact, that they never are puddled, and I propose to add words that will prevent misconception. I have now, sir, gone through the classes of articles in regard to which we propose changes in the Customs, and I will next refer to the Excise.

Mr. MACKENZIE.—There is no change in books.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—No, I propose no change in respect to them. I think it is desirable to avoid as far as possible troublesome questions of that kind.

Mr. MACKENZIE.—Hear, hear.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—Having changed the Tariff of Customs, it is necessary to make corresponding changes in the Excise duties. The first article in regard to which we propose a change is tobacco. There are two classes of tobacco on which duties are charged—one upon which the duty is 5 cents and the other 10 cents. We propose to put them at 10 and 15 cents respectively. Upon cigars we propose to place a duty of 30 cents per pound, this being about a fair equivalent for the Customs duties. Now, sir, we calculate by this means on raising an additional revenue of $1,100,000.

Hon. Sir ALEXANDER GALT.—You do not alter the duties on spirits or beer?

Mr. MACKENZIE.—Or malt or petroleum?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—No, we propose no changes. Although, sir, I may not go into quite as much detail as the hon. member for Chateauguay would like,—for I see he is taking down very closely my figures—I do not know that he is entitled exactly to tie me down to every particular article; but I will give him an estimate under the principal heads.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—I assure my hon. friend that I will not consider him personally liable for failure in these estimates. I only want the estimates themselves. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—First of all I shall take the most important, although, for convenience sake, it was not the first referred to. I shall set down under four different heads what we anticipate. From the change with regard to the addition of five per cent we anticipate $425,000; from packages, $125,000; making altogether under that head $550,000. From rice and wine, in round figures, $25,000 each, and from tobacco and cigars, taking them together, Customs and Excise, we expect $300,000. From all other articles which have been in the free list I don't venture to anticipate a larger amount of duty than $200,000. There are some articles on which there is no very great probability of receiving much duty, but I have no doubt we shall get some duty from coal and Indian corn, though it is hardly possible to say we will get duty from every article we put on the list. There is a necessity for dealing with all articles we find on the free list, and I imagine there is no reason why we should not remove many articles from it, even though not likely to be imported.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—We don't import wheat, and why should we place a duty on it?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—I don't say that we will not import wheat.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—What as to oats?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—I don't think there will be a very large duty on that item. (Hear, hear.) But as we are not importers of oats there can be no harm whatever, in allowing that item to remain on the tariff. (Hear.)

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—Will you allow me to ask you a few questions as to the articles on which you propose to impose duties?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—Certainly.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—I think they are as follows—flour, meal, wheat, coal, salt, hops, animals, fruits, roots, steam-engines—all articles which have been taken from the free list, and from which you expect to get $200,000; am I correct in the enumeration?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS.—You have named them correctly. My hon. friend called attention to the words, national policy. Well, my idea is that we ought to do exactly what we think is for our own interest; and several of these articles were allowed to remain on the free list heretofore simply because negotiations were going on from time to time with the United States, with reference to the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty.

I cannot do better than state the views of my predecessor on this point. He says, in the course of his Financial Statement last year, speaking to the Americans:—

"We have allowed your coal to come in free, though you charge a heavy duty on ours. We allow your flour, grain, hops and salt, and other articles to be imported free, while you not only do not reciprocate, but you specially discriminate against our millers by charging more on flour than on grain. This state of things," we might fairly add, "has gone on for three or four years, but you must understand it cannot continue. (Hear, hear.) The time may soon come when we may require to have a national policy of our own, no matter whether that national policy may sin against this or that theory of political economy. (Hear, hear.) For we must be guided chiefly, if not solely, by considerations affecting ourselves, and we may have to consult our self-interest without consideration for others."

Well, sir, I believe the time has gone by when we should continue entirely to exempt from duty those very articles to which reference has been made. I certainly do not think we can be charged with proposing any very exaggerated tariff, or one that will expose us to any strong charge on the score of being protectionists. On the contrary I am very much afraid that many of our friends who are strong advocates of protection will be very much dissatisfied with the propositions we have made. Because it is perfectly clear that the tariff as a whole is strictly a revenue tariff, and as such I hope it will receive the support of the House. (Hear, hear.) I have now only to thank the Committee for the attention with which they have listened to me, and to apologise for having taken up so much of their time. (Cheers.)

In reply to Hon. Sir ALEXANDER T. GALT,

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—My hon. friend has pointed out several short comings on my part in his speech which he has just made. I stated at the outset that I would not follow the usual plan of going into a long discussion in reference to the state of affairs of the country, but that I would confine myself to the subject more immediately before the House. I really to not feel myself specially called upon to take up *seriatim* the objections raised by the hon. gentleman. I think that some of my colleagues are better able at the proper time to reply to the remarks which the hon. gentleman states that he will bring up at a future stage. He says I have given no information on the subject of Dominion Notes. I did not think it necessary to go fully into that subject, because I thought it had been sufficiently explained, when the matter was under discussion, that there is no prospect of our deriving any revenue from those notes this year.

The charter of the Bank of Montreal does not expire till after the next session of Parliament, and until the expiration of that charter we have to pay the Bank of Montreal five per cent. on the amount of notes circulated.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Do I understand the hon. gentleman to say that the Bank of Montreal shall continue to issue Dominion Notes until the end of 1871.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Certainly. I can see no reason otherwise. By law the arrangement exists during the existence of the charter.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—The law provides that you can give them notice or they can give notice to you, that the arrangement shall be closed at the end of 6 months.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—The hon. gentleman is mistaken.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The hon. gentleman has stated in the Committee of Public Accounts that these notices have been given by the Government.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—I did not say so. There is one notice merely terminating the agency arrangement. That notice does not terminate the claim of the Bank of Montreal to receive five per cent. upon the amount of their circulation. The notices which have been given are simply these:

To terminate the arrangement by which the Government are bound to keep a specific deposit in the Bank of Montreal.

Another notice is to close the arrangement by which the Government are bound not to deposit in any other Bank than the Bank of Montreal.

And another, that the Government should employ the Agency of the Bank of Montreal for redeeming their notes under a certain arrangement.

All these notices have been given, and the arrangement will terminate in about six months.

Now Sir, with regard to the Intercolonial Loan, I am not aware that the position of matters was altered, it certainly was not altered recently. The matter was very fully explained last Session, and there has been no material alteration since then.

The payment of the £300,000 for the Red River Territory has been desposited, and is now practically beyond the control of the Government.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Then you paid the Intercolonial money for the Red River Territory?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Not necessarily that money.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—You paid it from the pocket into which the Intercolonial Loan went?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Certainly, you can put it in that way if you like.

Then with regard to the explanations which he said were necessary regarding the state of the finances, as the Government did not require to come to this House for assistance in raising any further money than by the mode spoken of. I did not think it was necessary for me to make any statement on the subject. Other opportunities will be offered for making any explanations necessary.

The Red River question is one of great seriousness, but at this hour of the night I do not intend to enlarge upon it. I think I made it sufficiently plain that there would be a demand for money and that there would be a supplementary estimate brought down. I did not say exactly in regard to Red River, but there is no other matter for which we could have to ask for the money. With regard to fortifications, I may say that correspondence is still going on with the Imperial Government on this subject, and I do not apprehend that there is any fear of difference with the Imperial Government on that or any other subject. My hon. friend charges me with not having come forward with any plan for reducing the expenditure. I could not conscientiously do so; I saw no prospect of reducing the expenditure. He stated one mode through which he thought a reduction could be made: it was with reference to the management of railways in the Maritime Provinces. I did not come here this evening prepared to discuss that question, and I feel there are others of my colleagues who are better able to discuss that subject when the proper time arrives. Of course, if he refers to me as not having made any particular suggestions on the subject of economy, it must be borne in mind that, after all, the Finance Minister has very little to do with the spending departments of the Government, (hear, hear)

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—The remarks I made of that kind referred to the spending departments. Far be it from me to make any reproach to the hon. gentleman; I merely spoke of him as the mouth piece of the Government.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—The Finance Minister is in the unfortunate position of having very little to do with the spending of the money for which he has to ask the House. The hon. gentleman referred particularly to the Militia department. All I can say in reference to that is this; that although there is an increase over the revised estimate of last year, yet it is to be recollected that every effort was made at that time, as the revenue was falling short, to keep down the expenditure; and the only way of further reducing the expenditure was by not doing things that ought to be done, (hear, hear.)

ROAST BEEF.—Our enterprising townsman, Mr. John Terrence, butcher, By Ward Market, having purchased at a very high figure, one of the wonderful heifers of John Ashworth, Esquire, of Belmont, weighing 2,240 lbs., and, of course, enormously fat, offers the meat for sale. It is enough to make one's mouth water to think of the delicious roasts and steaks to be had at Mr. Terrence's. Mr. Terrence does not confine his purchases to a single heifer of good quality. He has also on hand a heifer and steer purchased from Mr. Scott, of Nepean, which are in temptingly fine condition. Ottawa is decidedly making progress. There is no better evidence of material progress than the butchers' stalls.

EASTER.—The Satchell Bros, with their usual energy, have prepared themselves for the Easter season, by the purchase of some of the finest beeves we have ever seen. They would do credit to any city in Canada. They were paraded in the streets yesterday, and crowds were attracted to view the monster white steer, and a splendid heifer, (a prize one), purchased from J. B. Lewis, Esq., of this city. The Satchell's have about twenty heads of first-class stall-fed cattle for the Easter holidays.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having secured the services of a first class Cutter, MR. W. J. MILAN, of Milan & Son, Successors to Buckmaster & Co., Military Tailors, Edinburgh, are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

As prices are not calculated either for long credit or bad debts, ready money customers may rely upon getting superior and stylish garments at a moderate price.

Our Tailoring Department is now supplied with a splendid assortment of

NEW BROADCLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

COATINGS,

VESTINGS,

ENGLISH,

SCOTCH,

and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—New Stock New Premises—C. P Dorion, Sparks-st.
Spring Importations—O'Meara & Co.
Gentlemen's Dress—Magee & Russell.
To be Sold Cheap—Hamnett P. Hill.
Amateur Concert—Captain Hincks.
Boots and Shoes—A. & W. Angus.
To Boot & Shoe Manufacturers—George Tyrrell.
Farm for Sale—Charles Sparrow.
Spring and Summer Stock—George Murphy

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1231d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

THE MURDER—AND THE HON. MR. SENATOR SKEAD.

Ottawa, like Toronto, Montreal, and other cities of Canada, has expressed in a series of resolutions a proper feeling of indignation at the cruel, useless, and cowardly murder of Thomas Scott. The gathering here was not so large as at either Montreal or Toronto, but it was sufficiently well attended to prove how universal is the feeling of disgust entertained towards the perpetrators of this deed of blood. The resolutions were quite to the point, expressing detestation of Riel's crime and respectfully demanding immediate and decisive measures, whereby the perpetrators shall be brought to justice, and the speeches of Dr. Sweetland, Mr. Lyon, and Mr. Currier were to the point also. That of the Honourable Mr Skead, one of the Senators of the Dominion, had it been uttered by a lunatic could not have been sillier. Not in favour of mincing matters, he charged the Government of the Dominion with being lax, and made the wonderful announcement that if Mr. McDougall had gone in and taken possession, no Scott would have been murdered! Mr. Skead forgot to state how Mr. McDougall could have got in. Mr. McDougall made repeated trials with very indifferent success, and has, indeed, been blamed for the efforts which he had made to get possession, instead of quietly waiting the issue of events. It is not, however, necessary here to say whether Mr. McDougall is to blame for having done too much or too little. It is enough to know that he failed. The murder was not committed until long after even remonstrance with Riel had ceased. Riel was left, for a season, to the enjoyment of his assumed position—a position which he prostituted by the crime of murder without even the shadow of just cause. Mr. Skead was not, however, content with attributing the murder of Scott to the laxity of the Government, and to the failure of Mr. McDougall to fulfil his mission, but must needs accuse the Roman Catholic priesthood of having had something to do with the rebellion. He had good authority for so infamous a statement, and that was simply his own belief. He knew that the people of Red River were priest-ridden, and he thought that ministers of religion, whether Roman Catholics or Protestants—Methodists or Presbyterians, Episcopalians, Hunkers, or Tunkers—should not interfere in politics. Of course the honourable gentleman knew nothing of Moses, and had never heard of the combination of the priestly, prophetic, and kingly offices. He is not aware that religion controls the politics of every people under the sun, and that it is especially the business of the priest to teach submission to the civil magistrate. No one expects that a clergyman will be a partisan and take sides in elections, but every one does expect that he will take that interest in the moral government of the human race, which shall tend to the establishment of that peace and concord among men—that respect for law and regard for the obligations due by man to the creator and to his fellow—which the Decalogue enjoins. This legislator did not go in—as he elegantly expressed it—for lynching the delegates, any more than the Professor of Moral Philosophy in Trinity College, Dublin, begged as a favour that a somewhat trou… some Sheriff's officer might not be taken … the pump. This meeting has had one exc… effect; it showed that there is only … person of any social standing in Ottawa … dreams of blaming the Government in con… nection with the death of the unfortunate Scott—and that that only man is the Hon… able Mr. Senator Skead.

ARRIVAL OF RED RIVER DELEGA…

Two of the delegates from Red … Father Richot and Mr Scott accompanied … Colonel De Salaberry, arrived here yesterday afternoon, attended by Mr. McMicken, … Magistrate for the Dominion, and two of … constables, sent to meet them at Ogdensburg. Father Richot, Mr. Scott, and Colonel Salaberry were accompanied from … by Colonel Rankin, who left them at … sor. The delegates thus speak of the … of Colonel Rankin in connection with … difficulties in the North West. From … sor, Colonel Rankin wrote a letter to President Riel, asking to be permitted to act as Commissioner of the insurgents, … gain for them admission to the Confederation on the best possible terms. His position as an ex-member of the Parliament of Canada and his personal influence, and general knowledge of public affairs afforded him advantages … pointed their commissioner … other person in the Dominion … to. He was certain of bringing … with the Dominion Government … factory issue, but should he fail … he would then proceed to Washington … make such representations … lead to the North West being admitted … the number of the States of the Union … most favourably terms. To this … Rankin did not receive an answer … ing to be baffled, the gallant Colonel … Detroit Lancers proceeded towards … and when on the boundary line, app… President Riel for permission to go in … his ingenuity for the benefit of … country, stating that his chief … was to obtain a grant of land with … build a railroad from one of the bends of … Saskatchewan to reach the Pacific. Riel … mitted the gallant Colonel to enter his … tory and remain there on one condition … he would not interfere with the politics of … the country. Colonel Rankin, accepting … condition, entered within the territory … trolled by President Riel, and soon began … hold public meetings, getting up a consid… able excitement on railway matters … length Riel became jealous of him. … President was told that the gallant Colonel … was endeavouring to subvert his … and seize upon supreme power, and … this information, sent a deputation to … brusquely informing him of what he had … and requiring him to withdraw from … country within three hours, or be cast … prison with the prospect of sharing the … which afterwards overtook Thomas Scott. Against this kind of persuasion Colonel Rankin was not proof, and believing that discretion is the better part of valour, he set out on his return to Windsor, where he now is.

Mr. Scott, the delegate, is no relation … Mr. Scott who was murdered. He was … clerk in Windsor to a Mr. McKenna, a merchant there; who having failed in business, and, as is alleged, cheated his creditors, … off to Red River to better his circumstances, taking his clerk Scott with him. In … time the Windsor bankrupt became Mr. McKenna of Red River, and it is to … Sheriff's influence that Mr. Scott owes his position as a co-delegate with Father … and Judge Black—the latter not having arrived and not being expected for two … yet.

We have only to add that the delegates who have arrived, refuse to give any information about the death of Scott until the Government is communicated with tomorrow.

DEATH OF MR. DANIEL MORRISON, EDITOR OF THE TORONTO *TELEGRAPH*.

It is with great regret that we announce the death of Daniel Morrison, Esquire, editor-in-chief of the Toronto *Telegraph*. Mr Morrison was a more than ordinarily able writer. … was editor of the London *Prototype*, of the Toronto *Leader* in conjunction with Mr. … say, of the Toronto *Colonist*, of the … *Chronicle*, for a short time, and … editorially to the New York *Scottish American*. Mr. Morrison died of apoplexy yesterday, … leaves behind to mourn their loss a … and six children He married in 18… Charlotte Nickinson, a lady of … histrionic accomplishments, and a … vorite with the play going public of Toronto.

THE Intercolonial Railway contracts … to be opened till next week.

WE regret to learn that Mr. James … Ferres, warden of the Kingston Penitentiary, is so seriously ill that fears are entertained for his life.

THE Turnpike Trust of the Aylmer … deserve very much credit for their … endeavours to improve both the winter and summer highway between Ottawa and … mer. They might, perhaps, be induced … a little more. Every spring the road … ed by the rising of the waters of the … River, which could be prevented in great … by simply raising the dyke on the … of the road at the bridge over the … about a mile west of Hull, some … The cost of this would not be very … might be done to the advantage of the public and the permanent improvement of the road.

The Quebec *Chronicle* says that the Governor-General will reside in Quebec … part of this coming summer, and that the … Rifles, now stationed in Ottawa … will take up quarters in the … in July. The idea of the … to the Red River is strongly … About ninety different contractors have … dered for the new lettings of the Intercolonial Railway.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—… COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a … favourite. The Civil Service … marks:—"The singular … Epps attained by his homœopathic … of cocoa has never been … experimentalist. By a thorough … of the natural laws which govern … tions of digestion and nutrition … careful application of the fine … well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has … our breakfast tables with a delicately … ed beverage which may save us many … doctors' bills." Made simply with … water or milk. Sold by the trade … ¼lb and 1lb tin-lined packets … JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic … London, England.

Try FRASER'S …

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 11, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3 o'clock.

The report of the Committee on Bank and Commerce, with a Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, was presented.

Hon. Mr. HOWE rose to move the adjournment of the House in consequence of the death of Mr. Chipman, of Kings who had succumbed to his disease on Sunday morning. At the present moment the House was pressed with business and the motion he was about to make might, perhaps, be distasteful to some members who were anxious to get through with the business; but after the decision of the other day he felt the House would hardly care that a solemn compliment like an adjournment should be paid in one case and not in another. He need not say anything of his old friend more than this. He was not much known here, and perhaps from his familiar desire to keep himself reserved, he was not so much esteemed as he would have been had he been longer here, and had become more thoroughly known. But Mr. (Mr. Howe) could assure the House that in the large and fine county which the deceased represented his loss would be much felt. He was a kind father and affectionate husband, an energetic and effective merchant, and a valuable public man. He (Mr. Howe) felt sorry that his loss had come to his family at this distance from home, but it would be some consolation to them to know that his friends, Dr. Tupper and Dr. Forbes, both gentlemen from his native country, and his familiar associates were in constant attendance upon him, ministering to his comfort, and seeing that he was properly cared for during his illness. He made this motion with great reluctance and great sorrow.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he would be doing violence to his feelings if he did not pay his tribute of respect for the memory of the departed gentleman, and express that feeling of sorrow which he was satisfied was entertained by every member of the House. It was not his good fortune, as it was that of the honorable mover of this motion, to possess the political confidence of the late Mr. Chipman, but he could with equal sincerity speak of the position he held in his own Province. As one of the most respected of the agricultural class, a highly successful merchant he had the confidence and esteem of the whole community in which he lived. He was a member of one of the most respected families in his Province, at all times for his personal conduct, his high character as a man he obtained the confidence and esteem of all who knew him. It was quite sure that had he been permitted to remain longer with us, it would have been to increase the feeling of regard and esteem with which gentlemen on both sides of the House regarded him. Used in terms so appropriate as this motion had been, he would not have said a word, had he not felt it his duty as one of the friends of Mr. Chipman as the community where he died, to say that he could not, if at home have been surrounded with greater comfort and kindness he experienced here. He was not only surrounded by the sympathies of those who knew him, but from the time he was stricken ill his friend Dr. Forbes who resided with him gave him the closest personal attention. When the disease from which he died developed itself he sent for his (Dr. Tupper) to consult with Dr. Forbes. They obtained accomodation for him, and from that day till the hour of his death he received the care and attention of his medical advisers, Dr. Codd, a most intelligent gentleman who was in constant attendance at the hospital, Dr. Forbes, Dr. Carter and himself, but also the most constant and assiduous care on the part of the nurses and persons in charge of the hospital. He made this statement because he knew it would be gratifying to friends to know that nothing that could contribute in the least degree to his comfort was wanting. A near neighbor, Miss Fleming, was kind enough to send a servant to the door every day to ascertain what could contribute to his comfort, and every assistance that could be rendered by a most assiduous and constant care of his friends was given.

Hon. Mr. DORION said he was one of those who had only known Mr. Chipman for a short time, and in his character as a public man, but from the first he had observed his independence of character and practical good sense, and he felt that they had lost a useful and good representative. From the first time he had heard Mr. Chipman, in his own admirable way of speaking, he felt that he was a man of perfect independence of character, fearless in the advocacy of the rights of his own constituents and Province, and it must be a regret to all them to hear that he departed from them in a manner which must be painful to his family. It was only a proper mark of respect in his memory for the House to adjourn, and he would beg to second the motion.

The House adjourned at 3:35 till 3 o'clock tomorrow.

Meeting at City Hall Square.

The proclamation of His Worship the Mayor answering to a request from a number of citizens, and calling a meeting to be held at the City Hall, to ascertain the feeling of the citizens regarding the execution of Thomas Scott, by order of Riel, attracted some three hundred persons to the square in front of the building. The entire meeting was got through in a little over an hour, and the general tone was that of applauding the actions. The indignation expressed was one that the perpetrator of the murder at Red River, and born throughout a severe rebuke to those who wished to create side and political issues out of the catastrophe. The platform was occupied by His Worship the Mayor, Hon. James Skead, J. M. Currier, M.P., Hon. Mr. Lyon, M.P.P., for the city, Ira Morgan, Warden for the County, accompanied by a large number of members of the Commons, and several prominent citizens.

The Mayor opened the meeting by reading the requisition and response. He then stated that several resolutions were prepared, and would be placed before the meeting for their approval. He did not propose to say much on the matter which called the public together. It should be taken, that, while an indignant reputation of the foul and fearful act had to be pronounced, a proper and dignified course should be maintained throughout the meeting. The object was to obtain an expression of the public sentiment regarding the murder of Thomas Scott. His Worship then proposed Dr. Sweetland as the mover of the first resolution.

Dr. Sweetland had just been requested to become the mover of the resolution, and was prepared to address the assemblage at length. But he would give expression to the feelings of abhorrence which any man possessing the common instincts of humanity would necessarily feel at the commission of such a barbarous and wanton murder as that of Thomas Scott. He felt satisfied that due vengeance would be exacted, and referred to the common feeling among all British subjects which must naturally arise and spread ten-fold on hearing of the outrage. Britain is always ready to protect or avenge her subjects. He then referred to the prompt action of England in the Abyssinian matter.

Robert Lyon, Esq., M.P.P., while in common with others, regretted the cause which brought them together, he could not repress the feelings of horror which he entertained at the act. He would be unworthy to occupy the position of a citizen of Ottawa, and more as a representative of the County in which the city was situate, if he remained silent over the atrocity committed on one of our fellow-countrymen. While mourning over the loss of our brave fellow subject, whose only offence was true loyalty to the flag of his country, it does not become us to raise an untimely and unlawful riot. There is nothing in the resolution to condemn the Government. It would not be wise for the Government to give loud voice to their opinions. The unfortunate act that Scott was murdered was known, but not the attending circumstances. Wherever the British flag waved, the subject was cared for, but it behooved the public to give expression to their outraged feelings on such an occasion as this. He seconded the resolution.

Moved by Dr. Sweetland, seconded by R. Lyon, M. P. P. That in the opinion of this meeting the execution of Thomas Scott, a British loyal subject, resident of the Red River settlement under the pretended sanction of a self-organized and totally illegal tribunal deserves the unqualified condemnation of the world, civilized and this meeting wishing to mark its detestation of the atrocious crime thus committed, would respectfully but firmly demand that the British authorities should adopt immediate and decisive measures whereby the perpetrators of the barbarous murder may be brought to speedy and condign justice, and that punishment in expiation of the heinous crime thus falsely committed may be meted out to them.

The Mayor put the resolution, which was carried.

The second resolution was moved by Joseph M. Currier, Esq., M.P. for the city. Mr. Currier said in moving the resolution, that he had just read it. He urged that prompt and determined action should be taken to maintain British rule in the Nor'West. Could Canada that enjoyed the finest Government on the face of the earth place the iron heel of oppression on any other country. Some people had said the priests had something to do with this revolt. He did not believe it. He counselled the public to be careful before judging in such matters. He said the Government was both willing and ready to take action.

Mr. Pennock said in seconding the resolution he came there to express sympathy and indignation at the fearful act committed in the murder of Scott. There was some purpose in these meetings. The Imperial authorities were around. British traditions show us that no subject was left unprotected or unavenged by the Empire. He seconded the resolution.

The third resolution was moved by E. McGillivray Esq. He said the time had arrived not only to speak, but to act. He expressed his astonishment, and indignation that an insulter such as Riel should not only insult the national emblem, but should steep his hands in blood. He did not think the Roman Catholic clergy had any thing to do with the insurrection, they had sided us materially during the Fenian troubles. We should maintain our honor as Englishmen, Irishmen and Scotchmen—yes and as Canadians—The English and Scotch half-breeds, and the French half-breeds were standing by us (a voice "where are the Irish half-breeds?")

Francis Clemow, Esq., in seconding the resolution felt gratified that all agreed with the spirit of the resolutions. He said the rest condemned the act of Riel.

Moved by E McGillivray, Esq., seconded by Francis Clemow, Esq., that a hearty welcome be extended to Dr. Schultz and party, now in this city, for their manly and patriotic conduct in the North West, and at the same time this meeting desires to express its sympathy with all loyal inhabitants of that country in the present and past difficulties, and trust that upon the restoration of law and order, this class of persons may have at the hands of the legally constituted authorities such consideration and indemnity for losses sustained as their respective cases may proved to have deserved.

Hon. J. Skead had heard about twenty minutes ago, that the meeting was to be held. He came there unprepared to take his share in the responsibilities consequent to such an occasion (hear, hear). It might be well to make reference to those who were really to blame, but now was not the time (speak on). Well then the Government had too long followed up the "do little" plan. The time had come when the people had to speak out. The Government, so far had done their duty. Had the Hon. Mr. McDougall taken possession of the territory there would have been no trouble. Had the fellows received a dose such as Col. Prince gave, this might have been avoided. According to newspaper report—the priests had something to do with it. Some of our men sent up there he believed, forced the priests in, in self-defence. Bishop Tache on his return from Rome, had to say that he arrived there without a political mission. Riel had got beyond the control of the clergy. The people there have been rode by Ministers as well as Priests. That did not deprive them of their rights as British subjects. The Methodist and Presbyterian ministers stopped Major Boulton, and caused his force to dispense leaving the prisoners in Fort Garry. Father Richot had stated that McDougall should never enter the country, except over his dead body. Who is this Father Richot? This work has been going on for nearly a year—Surveying had been forcibly stopped and now we must receive a delegation. The policy of the Government had been to conciliate. Let us treat those delegates well. (Cries "let us send them back.") He had the utmost confidence in the Government—Riel will be taken care of (a voice "He'll get an office.") Had Governor Smith done his duty, Scott would not have been shot. Had he flung the British flag around his shoulders and those of Scott, they would not dare have fired.

The resolution was carried by the meeting.

Moved by J. M. Currier, M. P., seconded by W. Pennock, Esq., That this meeting deems the present an opportune occasion to suggest unity of action between the British and Dominion Governments in the mode best calculated to suppress the present revolt in the Red River Territory and while this meeting deplores the necessity of an appeal to arms, still under the present circumstances the maintenance of British rule in that part of the Empire is of growing importance and ought to be enforced at all hazards.

The Hon. James Skead was followed by Mr. McGill, M. P., of Hamilton, who was cheered throughout a spirit stirring speech, whose effect was that of inspiring an unanimous sentiment of indignation, as regarded the iniquitous and disloyal conduct of Riel, and a firm confidence in the spirit and willingness on the part of the Government to punish the criminals, and suppress the insurrection.

The meeting evinced a high-toned respect for the pilots of our ship of state, whose few opponents retired with sad and fallen countenances. After three cheers for the Queen, the Governor General, and the Mayor, the meeting dispersed.

The absence of Dr Schultz and his co-exiles would lead one to believe that they had had enough of all this, and treated the "indignation" business with some indignity.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

THE ICE.—Sensible people have given up crossing the ice, at any point on the river.

THE ASSIZES.—The Assizes will open tomorrow in the Rideau Music Hall.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The large st stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Depart.....8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive.....6.20 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

POLICE COURT.—Monday—Three or four cases were settled by the payment of costs. The Cadi had not yet arrived in town.

ASSIZES.—The Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and general gaol delivery, will open to-day at noon—Justice Galt presiding.

MEETING OF PRISON INSPECTORS.—A meeting of the Prison Inspectors for the Dominion is being held in this city, under the chairmanship of Dr. O'Neil.

THE RIVER.—The ice has drifted down the Ottawa from the Victoria wharf. Of course the accumulation in front of Sterling's Brewery still remains—it has shifted some.

THE ICE DAMS.—The *debris* of the ice on the Rideau river was a further injury to the railway bridge, and almost a demolishing of the lower, to New Edinburgh bridge. The river is now clear.

AUCTION SALE.—To-day, at 11 o'clock a.m. Mr. J. Bermingham will sell, by auction, at his rooms, York street, a large quantity of household furniture, &c., the property of persons leaving the city. Good bargains can be obtained.

SIR SHAKERS cannot fail to take an extraordinary interest in the advertisement in another column over the signature of George Bury, Box 912, Montreal. A good business and goods business must trials, with an excellent business stand are at the complete mercy of a purchaser. See the advertisement and read it.

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE, GOODS, &c.—To-day, at ten o'clock, there is to be sold by Mr. Hector McLean, at auction, the whole of the effects in the store of John Ashfield, Esq., Le Breton's Flats, which for variety and quality are such as do not frequently come under the hammer of the auctioneer. The real estate, which is exceedingly valuable, will be sold at two o'clock. It is quite enough simply to call attention to such a sale as this will be.

L. O. L. No. 126.—The following resolutions were unanimously carried last night at a meeting of the Brethren:

Moved by Brother James Forster Boulton, seconded by Brother James Starmer,

That in the opinion of the L. O. L. No. 126, the killing of Brother Thomas Scott at Fort Garry, Red River settlement, by one Louis Riel and his associates in arms, is a foul, atrocious and cowardly murder.

That nothing but the conviction of the detested assassins, and the carrying out of the usual sentence of death by hanging, awarded to convicted murderers will satisfy outraged public opinion;

That this Lodge trust that there will be no unnecessary delay in affording assistance to the loyal but unarmed majority of the Red River settlement, against the barbarous but armed minority;

That in the opinion of this Lodge the Government of the Dominion of Canada ought not to receive delegates chosen at the armed dictation of the Pirate Riel, two of such delegates not being British subjects, and the third a mere nominee of the Hudson's Bay Company, the said Company being to a great extent responsible for the present troubles in that region.

That in the opinion of this Lodge there are three parties responsible for the Red River troubles, resulting in the cold blooded murder of Brother Thomas Scott, namely, the French Canadian half-breeds, lead by the French priest Father Rochot, the pirate Riel, the Hudson's Bay Company, prejudiced over by Governor McTavish, and the Yankee residents and sympathisers, the latter class being represented by the would be delegate Scott, namesake of the murdered man. Carried unanimously.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 11.

On Saturday night another indignation meeting was held in front street, at which about 7,000 persons were present. Alderman Medcalf presided.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 11.

Between twelve and three o'clock this afternoon the river rose nearly three feet, being at the latter hour on a level with the top of the revetment wall. The water side was lined with spectators, and great fear is entertained of a serious flood, possibly during the coming night.

During yesterday the steam pump was working in the basement of the Royal Insurance building pumping out the water, and all or most of the cellars along Commissioner street were flooded. The cellars of some of the streets in Griffin Town are four feet under water, also the cellars under St. Patrick's Hall are more or less flooded.

Capt. Muir's troop of cavalry left at one o'clock this afternoon for Huntingdon via Luchine, St. Martins and Hemmingford. Col. W. Osborne Smith, Deputy Adjutant General of this district leaves Montreal this evening for the frontier. It is expected that three batteries of the Montreal Garrison Artillery will be ordered out to-morrow, and with Col. Steven's Field Battery, be prepared to move upon the frontier.

Mr. W. Weir, clerk, St. Francois Xavier street, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of obtaining $300 under false pretences.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 11.

The steamer *Express* arrived in the harbour to-day, from her winter quarters, and left with a cargo for Berthier.

A special despatch from Riviere du Loup announces a schooner inwards.

Certificates nominating Councillors and Aldermen are being filled this morning at the City Clerk's Office, and considerable excitement over the municipal question exists. Large crowds are surrounding the City Hall.

A fire broke out yesterday in St. Roche, doing considerable damage.

Great excitement prevails among the volunteers, and all are anxious to be ordered off either to Red River on the frontier.

The 69th Regiment marched through Peter street this morning.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BALTIMORE.—A terrific boiler explosion occurred a little after 12 to-day, at the Chesapeake steam sugar refinery, owned by Sterling and Ashron. The boiler room and kiln house on Dugan's wharf were completely wrecked. The loss of life has not yet been ascertained.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The *Shipping Gazette* thinks American aspersions against the commander of the *Bombay*, though irrational, would have less spared had she stood by the *Oneida* after the collision.

It is rumoured that the Hon. Chichester Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has been elevated to the Peerage, and will soon replace Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Sir Roundell Palmer will replace the former as Secretary for Ireland.

Lord Hatherly becomes Lord Selborne.

Telegrams from Rev. Henry Bannister, at Beyrout, announce the sudden death, from heart disease, of Bishop Kingsley, of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Bishop had been in India and China via California and Japan, on an official visit to the Methodist mission in that quarter. Returning thence with Rev. J. D. Brown and wife, and the family of the Rev. J. W. Waugh, of the India missions, he parted with them at Suez; the former proceeding to the United States via England, while the Bishop went to Syria. It is supposed that he had visited Jerusalem, and arrived at Beyrout on his return, when overtaken by death.

LONDON.—The *Saturday Review* has a long article arguing in mitigation of the condemnation of Captain Eyre.

The same paper says that boat races are fast degenerating into betting traps, and thinks such exhibitions should be removed from London waters.

Pixley, Abel, Lingley, & Co., in their bullion circular, say that notwithstanding dollars are scarce they do not anticipate any advance in rates for bullion.

The new Alabama loan is successful.

The trial trip of the *Vanguard* proves her to be the swiftest of armoured ships. She made a fraction under 15 knots per hour.

LIVERPOOL.—The Anglo-American Cable Company, in response to the petition of Liverpool merchants, have promised to run direct a telegraph line from here to Valencia. Messages for America will not then be delayed by transmission first to London, as is the case at present.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button Congress and Lace Boots, surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above. A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1311 3m

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 69th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT,
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
C. L. BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
69th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00. May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hall mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers.

Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1331a

Sales This Week.

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

On Tuesday, 12th, at 11 o'clock, a. m. Household Furniture, Carpeting, Crockery, Glass and China ware at the City Auction Mart, York street.

On Wednesday, 13th at 11 o'clock. House and Lot on St. Andrew street, and lot in St. Joseph's.

On Saturday, 16th inst., at the Custom House, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock, a. m., Condemned Goods.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

J. BERMINGHAM

Is instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Auction Mart, York street, near the Market, on

Tuesday, the 12th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m.

A large quantity of Household Furniture, the property of persons leaving the city, and others giving up housekeeping, Black Walnut and Hardwood Bedsteads, Spring Matrasses, Bureaus, Centre Tables, Tenfie Tables, Stock Cases, Dressing Tables, Cane Seat Chairs, and a small second hand Piano.

Cooking Stoves, Crockery, Glass and China-ware.

Plated Ware in Dinner and Desert Forks, Table, Desert and Tea Spoons, Ladles, Butter Knives, Butter Coolers, Tea Sets, Fish Slices, Salvers, Pictures in Oil, &c. A full rigged miniature Man of War Frigate. An excellent English made Saddle and bridle. A very fine double barrelled twist Fowling Piece (English make). A very fine Sewing Machine, Wanzer & Co., encased in Black Walnut. A Bouquet of Artificial Flowers in vase, standing over eight feet high.

A large consignment of Carpeting, part of a Bankrupt Stock of a Carpet House in Montreal and sent to the undersigned to be sold without reserve, consisting of Tapestry, Brussells, all Wool three ply Stair Carpeting, Union, English Oil Cloths, and a quantity of matting suitable for halls and passages.

All will be on view on the day previous to sale.

Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa April 9, 1870. 1330td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE,

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

House and lot in St. Andrew street, City of Ottawa, and a Lot in St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester.

The Subscriber will offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., Lot No. 13, South Side of St. Andrew street, 66 by 99, with dwellings and sheds thereon. This is a very fine Lot, well situated, and joins Mr. Leclair's large brick house, corner of St. Andrew and Dalhousie streets.

At the same time and place, corner Lot No. 5, Village of St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester having a frontage of 200 feet on St. John street and 100 feet on Ottawa street. A valuable and excellent building lot.

All must be sold, as the owner is leaving the country. A clear deed will be given on both lots.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1320.d

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Geute English and French Imported calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming Lumbering and common country by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPRY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

20th APRIL INSTANT,

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting, Stamping, Punching Benches, &c. &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose.

Apply to

GEORGE TYRRELL, 74 Sussex street, Ottawa.
Or to GEORGE BURY, Box 912, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 3

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONALD, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 14 6m

TO LET.

A first class residence, slightly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—3 Bed Rooms, Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 19 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Bachelors Chambers in Ammond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1326a

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Strops, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS, of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C F DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE, GOODS, LUMBERING OUTFIT, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, auctioneer, and commission merchant, has received instructions from JOHN ASHFIELD, Esq, to sell by Public Auction at his store, Le Breton's Flats, on TUESDAY, the 12th APRIL instant, at 10 o'clock a. m., all his Stock in Trade, consisting in part of Tea, Coffee, Crockery, and Glass-ware, &c., &c., a quantity of Quarrying Tools, a large quantity of Blankets, Ropes Cross saws, Axes, Lumber, Doors, Sleighs, Cooking and Parlor Stoves and Stove Pipes.

—ALSO—

Lot No. 22, corner of Sherwood and Oregon Streets, in Block F. Le Breton's Flats, with a good Stone House thereon, containing six tenements.

The Real Estate will be sold at 2 o'clock p. m.

Terms made known at time of of sale.

N. B.—The shop and dwelling now occupied by him are to rent.

Ottawa, April 9, 1870. 1329td

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street.....Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1326 1m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements.

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY, At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO. City of Quebec.

April 5, 1870. 1325 6

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK. Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder, Daly Street

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by La Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable hood, and turns easily. 1330a

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER!!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE

—OF—

CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act, 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.

Terms, Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870. 1329td

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

Establishment on Wellington Street,

A First Class Dry Goods

Opposite H. F. McCarthy's Apothecary, where we are now prepared to show a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, Imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of Mr. HAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1213-3m

All the goods are marked in plain figures and all sold at one price.

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring "	1 00	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@ 0 19
No. 2	0 15	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 15	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@ 10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides.		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244d

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 15, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines' Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 18, 1870. 1254 3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Bytown Road, Ottawa City.

99.6m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers and vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1239 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1233 law6m lawkdm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1316 3

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar-water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1332tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & BARRY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jan-1-2tf-d

---

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for sale.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon road's pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st. opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

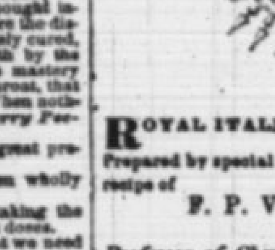
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

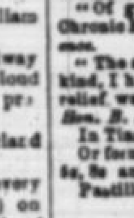
The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Mat. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa,
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent

1117y



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 10s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 8s 6d and 11s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Pearl Street, N.Y., or
191 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

14 3

Medical.

GARDNER TRADE-MARK MONTREAL — For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS in tins.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O, County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS!

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $5,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000 Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS. *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, & Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Oawa, December 28, 1869.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the forenoon POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL, Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAW & JOHNSTON

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS, Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF,

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALE. LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Alhabasar

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

---

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

1306tf HOPE & CO., JONES & BURLAND

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glasgow.

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, February 26, 1870.

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio,

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Year*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next Month

Applicants are respectfully invited to information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY

Agent in Ottawa,

R H HAYCOCK.

JUST RECEIVED.

For Hauser's Lending Library Sparks Street

Red as a Rose is She, by Lady G. Under Foot, by A. Clyde; My Enemy's Daughter, by T. McCarthy; Countess of Monte Cristo, Williams; Men's Wives; Book of Shabby Genteel Family, by Thackeray; Gerald's Niece, Hirel, etc.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq., McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, Esq., Geo. Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Bankers—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET.

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a well Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best make.

Those not having had a trial of our requested to call and judge for themselves your neighbours who have tried Liquors. All Goods warranted and FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with ... relief from Fraser's Magnetic ... GREAT PAIN CURER ... three minutes Neuralgia ... face, is distinguishable from ... intenseness of its pain and ... attack, may be cured within ... Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ... and contains nothing which can ... system either by outward or inward ... Try it and you will not be ... by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER

1304 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No 1 Flour ... and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 5, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

VOL V. N

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, BENTY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA*

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand) offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES, a large and well selected stock, comprising Teas, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

& the numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy's, Martell's, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and ... all prices, in wood and bottle.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, CR... WHISKEY.

High proof and ... Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch ... Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at reduced prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM ... SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or ... the chance.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVI Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS;

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON ... FOOTE, A THOMSON, T ... DRUMMOND, Manager.

IMPORTANT TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, COMMISSION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO and MUSHROOM KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. The increase of trade during the last ... compelled me to enlarge my manufactory ... decided to make the wholesale ... purpose.

... I have now is undoubtedly ... and the quality of ... by making known the fact that ... from ... procured at ... the best; they will ... favorable comparison with any ... another and important fact is ... and manufactured in Ottawa ... freight, packing, duty and other ... enabled to sell full 40 per cent ... importer.

... advantages, I think, cannot ... those who may favor me with ... NASH, Wholesale and Retail ... Park street, Ottawa, or ... Ottawa. ... Manufactory on the bank of ...

Notice—Empty Pickle bottles ... highest price given.

W. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, ...

OTTAWA.

End of Little ...

Cash advanced on goods consigned ... for sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. L. EASTON. R. ...

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. ... living the ... will find superior ... station by the day or week at moderate ... N B—This house is situated in the ... vicinity of the Parliament Buildings ... several banks.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT

Mrs Robert Stewart having made ... with an accomplished lady teacher ... that her Dancing Classes will ... Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained ... application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod ...

Ottawa September 9th, 1869.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber ... decided to divide his time equally ... Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg ... his old patrons and others, that he hopes ... attend to their orders for tuning ... as heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa ... Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's ... Rooms, and at E. Miller Music Store.

GEO. N. B...

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

AUGUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist) ... a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory, Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing ... Corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 12, 1869.

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER

Bank street, Centre Town ...

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN ...

PATRICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT

Canal Street, next to the ... Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumbermen ... on the Ottawa. From his ... the trade he offers his services ... and attending to their rafts ... best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

... Esq. Walter ... Sparks, Esq. R W C...

1324tf

OYSTERS, GAME, FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform ... always on hand, in ... the above, which will be ... cheaper than any other house ...

GEORGE NI...

No 85 R...

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1332. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236-1

JOHN WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines, all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

High proof and flavor, at extremely low rates. Burke's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Kenville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Jackson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

At the refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or never. 1165

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

IMPORTANT TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, MUSHROOM KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years has compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my principal purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest in Canada, and the question of quality is readily solved by making known the fact that I raise my vegetables from seed procured at any expense, knowing it is the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported.

Another and important fact is that being grown and manufactured in Ottawa thereby saving freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than imported.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to recommend to those who may favor me with their orders. W. NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle Manufacturer, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box Post Office, Ottawa.*

Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau.

N.B.—Empty Pickle bottles collected. Highest prices given. 1196y

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 1191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

M. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral,) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence street, next to the City Hotel,

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[illegible], Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

[illegible]spere, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, or cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 65 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 58 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against FIRE, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c. shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 1½, Sparks street, Ottawa

January 8, 1870. 1201 3m

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

Country Produce bought for cash.

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

Agents,

Ottawa.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 15, 1870. 1314 3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1869.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H. McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau street.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as an Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that it is his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture. Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee, that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hand for sale.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

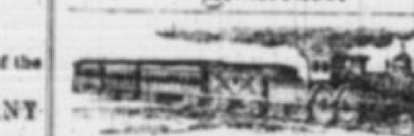
Ottawa, March 1870

A. BSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M. HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 39
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West at. 8:30 a. m.

Night do do do do 7:30 p. m.

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at 5:10 a. m.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:15 a. m.

Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

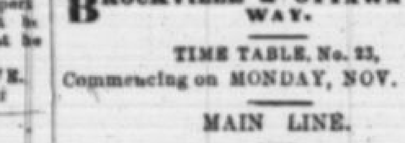
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.[illegible] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m. arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 1.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 0

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 35 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or [illegible] & CROMBIE, Ottawa

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 2[illegible], 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same:

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,

ED. CHANDLER.

C. J. BRYDGES,

A. W. McLELAN,

Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider Enfield of 577 bore, also for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of 450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of 500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:—

As a DRINK—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street Ottawa.

By Order.

E PARENT,

Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,

Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Land Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death, by the form provided by this Act.

22 If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,

Division Registrar,

In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawk

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations.

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 y

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA

DYSPEPSIA

PYROSIS

ACIDITY

DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS

CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH

CONSTIPATION

COLICS

DIARRHŒA

DYSENTERY

CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the forenoon POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT.

30.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March [illegible]. 1306-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says; "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it superior article, and well worthy the notice of all"

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 11th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

The Bill relating to the Amalgamation of the Gore Bank with the Bank of Commerce, was reported from the Committee on Banking and Commerce, and was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. RYAN moved an address for copies of the correspondence since January 1869, relating to the withdrawal of the Imperial troops from the Dominion, and also relating to the transference of any fortified places in the Dominion, to the Dominion Government.

Hon. Mr. RYAN said it was hardly necessary for him to say that the subject of the withdrawal of the troops was one of great importance, especially under the present circumstances, in the face of the rumours of an hostile excursion on our borders, and the Red River insurrection or rebellion on our hands. He thought those circumstances fully justified him in asking the Ministers if it was the intention to withdraw Her Majesty's troops entirely from the Dominion, or whether we should be left in the course of a few months with only only one or two regiments to protect our borders. It would, in the event of the withdrawal of the troops, become an important question how we should protect the important fortified posts which, if rumour was correct, would be surrendered to us. As Parliament would be in session but a very short time longer, he thought the House should be put in possession of all the information which could, without detriment to the public interest, be brought down; and he had no doubt but that the public mind would be relieved from doubt by such information being given. He thought the withdrawal of the troops would be unpopular in the country, as for upwards of one hundred years the country had learned to bear, in a great measure upon British forces for protection, and a good feeling had sprung up among the people for the troops. He could, of course, understand that there were many reasons which induced British statesmen to urge the withdrawal of the troops, some of which have great weight, but he would not go into the examination of them. He concluded by formally reading his motion.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL to a great extent agreed with what had been said by the mover; but it should be remembered that the main question involved in the withdrawal of troops, was whether the country was not in ordinary times capable of maintaining peace and protecting its own borders. One argument, commonly used in England was, that Canada was a lightly taxed country, and that there was no reason why we should not be saddled with the expense of maintaining a force to preserve order in ordinary times of peace. He said there was circumstances which would prevent the Government from giving correspondence; for instance, the correspondence was not closed, and it was uncertain what arrangement would be finally come to; and besides that, it would be obviously unwise to publish information as to the number of troops which it had been proposed to retain in the country, in the face of rumours of a Fenian raid. He suggested that the motion should stand until the close of the session, and by that time he hoped to be in a position to give some information.

After some words in French from the Hon. Mr. BUREAU, the motion was allowed to stand over.

Hon. Mr. GUEVREMONT moved for a Select committee to enquire into grievances complained of by the land owners on the Crown Seigniory of Sorel, as to the seignorial rents and dues collected on lands held by men and originally granted to U. E. Loyalists and others in free and common soccage.

After some discussion the motion was carried.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER moved the third reading of the Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway Bill.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Dominion Notes Issue Regulation Amendment Bill.

The Hon. mover said as the Bill had been so much discussed in the other branch of the Legislature, it was hardly necessary for him to review its provisions at length. He would suggest that a formal stage could be taken, and if discussion was desired, it could be taken at some future stage. He then briefly explained the leading principle of the Bill.

Hon. Mr. RITCHIE was understood as objecting to the provision in the Bill which would give the Government power to issue notes in excess of amount of nine millions, He could not see what was the object in issuing notes, when dollar for dollar in gold would have to be held, and was afraid that this would lead to an evasion.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the object it was quite clear was to provide for the expansion of the circulation of the Banks.

After some remarks from the Hons. Messrs. WILMOT, McPHERSON, SIMPSON, McMASTER and ROSS, the Bill was read the second time.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the First Census Bill—Hon. Mr. FERRIER in the chair. The Committee rose and reported and the Bill was read the third time.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Penitentiary Amendment Bill.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the Peace in the Vicinity of Public Works Preservation Bill; also the Officers in Canada Security Bill; the Perjury Act Amendment Bill; and the Banks and Banking Bill, which were read the second time.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER moved the second reading of the Canadian Artists' Society Bill.—Carried.

The House then adjourned till 7:30.

AFTER RECESS.

The House went into Committee on the Dominion Notes Issue Regulation Amendment Bill, Hon. Mr. MACDONALD in the chair.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL had not supposed, on the second reading of the Bill in the afternoon, that there would be any serious objections raised to the Bill, had he been aware of any such objection, he should not perhaps have proposed the House into Committee on the second sitting of the day, although the House had shewn a general desire to push forward business. He doubted whether it would be wise for the House to attempt a revision of the Bill, for although it was quite competent for the House to do so if it choose, still it was not one of those questions upon which it would be wise for the House to attempt to revise the action of the other House. He threw that out as a suggestion to the House, not as a hint that the Government would resist or shrink from the discussion of the Bill. He then went on to explain the classes of subjects which, in the accordance of British practice, came more properly under the particular criticism of the House. He then showed that an objection taken on the second reading by the Hon. Mr. Ritchie to the provision which would allow the Government to issue notes in excess of issue of nine millions by holding dollar for dollar in gold, was a groundless.

It was not, he said, at all likely that the Government would issue one dollar more than necessary over the nine millions, for they must hold gold for such excess, and nothing could be gained by an unnecessary issue. It was idle to suppose the Government would abuse their power by issuing notes for which no gold was held. They would not be likely to do that in face of the fact that they would have to meet Parliament every year and give strict account of what had been done. After some further remarks, he strongly urged the Committee to refrain from placing the House in a position of antagonism to the other branch of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY thought if the House was not to discuss such Bills, the other House might just as well be informed at once that concurrence was given as a matter of course. With respect to the objectional clause, what was wanted was the explanation of the provision authorizing the Government to issue in excess of nine millions. It was true that gold, dollar for dollar would have to be held, but he could not see what was to be gained by holding gold for notes issued; the provision was so extraordinary he wanted explanation.

Hon. Mr. RITCHIE had no desire to embarrass legislation, but the provision referred to appeared to him extraordinary, and he could not let the Bill pass without calling attention thereto.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT looked at the Bill as a whole, and without any reference to the Government or otherwise, held that the scheme embodied in it was a step in the right direction—an effort for securing an uniform circulating medium, and he was sure it met with the general approval of the country.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON was understood to contend that the Bill would give the Government unrestricted power in the issue of notes, and to that he strongly objected. He was afraid it would be delusive to expect that any Government would hold a dollar in gold for a note issued, and the power given might be a temptation to evade the law.

After some remarks from several members,—

Hon. Mr. REESOR said he was opposed to the principle of the Bill, for he believed it was the introduction of a Bank of Issue. As the principle of the Bill had, however been sanctioned in the other branch of the Legislature, he would be satisfied if modifications were made to remove some objections.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY, while unable to see the reason for holding a dollar in gold for a note issued, contended that if the clause was struck out of the Bill, the Government would still have the same power that is, they could issue notes without holding gold if they were disposed to transgress the law.

After some remarks from Hon. Mr CAUCHON, the Committee rose and reported the Bill without amendment.

The House then went into Committee on the following Bills:

The Peace in Vicinity of Public Works Preservation Bill; the Officers in Canada Security Bill; the Perjury Act Amendment Bill; and the Banks and Banking Bill: which were respectively reported and ordered for the third reading to-morrow.

The House then adjourned.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Annual Meeting of St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Company—Thos. Reynolds.
Card—Geo. F. Lemaitre.
Butler Wanted.
Board and Lodging Wanted in a Private Family.
Easter Beef William Slattery.
Her Majesty's Theatre—London Comedy and Burlesque Company.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1231d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

THE FACTS AND JUSTICE.

There seems to be a peculiar feeling of sentimentalism in respect to the expression of opinion previous to a trial as unfitting the person who has so expressed himself from serving on the jury which is to try the case. Nothing can be more certain than that every person of ordinary intelligence on hearing of what are alleged to be the facts in connection with a great crime comes to some conclusion in regard to such facts. He cannot help himself. There is not a man living of ordinary intelligence, who has, for instance, heard of the murder of Scott at Fort Garry, who has not arrived at some conclusion in respect to the facts of that deplorable case. There are indeed, very few men, who have refrained from expressing an opinion on that diabolical proceeding. Such an expression of opinion however, in a United States Court of Justice, would be sufficient, it appears, to debar a man from sitting upon the case as a juror, and it is perhaps, even in our own courts looked upon as a disqualification, although the law requires that a verdict shall be rendered in accordance with the evidence produced in court at the time of trial, and upon none other. Assuredly a man, who having read of the commission of a crime and been made acquainted with all the details then known, and had not arrived at some conclusion in respect of such facts and particulars, must either be a particularly dull man, or have arrived at some opinion founded on such facts. Now, there should be no objection to a juror on any such score, unless the opinion was the result of a previously existing bias and not simply as the result of obtainable knowledge. Were it otherwise Riel would not be hanged. If the previous opinion was the result of prejudice, the person so prejudiced would be eminently disqualified for a position in which an unbiased judgment is essential. If it was merely the result of previous knowledge requiring confirmation or dissipation, the evidence to be submitted would be sufficient either to confirm or to destroy a previous impression, and the juror would, to all intents and purposes, be eligible to render a verdict.

The New York press take sides on the matter of McFarland, who shot Richardson, the deathbed husband of McFarland's wife. This is deprecated, and jurors, who have read such papers, becoming prejudiced, are declared to be incapable of trying the case. Carried to extremes, no great criminal could ever be tried, for the greater the crime, the more generally the details would become known, and the more unfitted would be the bulk of the people to assume the position of arbiters between the accuser and the accused. There should be a wide distinction drawn between prejudice and an opinion founded upon such knowledge as was within reach. Prejudice has a tendency to lynching; knowledge never goes beyond justice.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The want of confidence motion by Sir A. T. Galt, to the effect that the present system under which the Intercolonial Railway is being constructed, as a public work of the Dominion is expensive and unsatisfactory was lost last night by a vote of yeas, 40; nays, 98.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Sir A. T. Galt moved an amendment to take the Intercolonial Railway out of the hands of the Government. He contended that it would be much cheaper built by private parties, the Government paying subsidy; and be cheaper worked after being built. The Nova Scotia Railways, now an expense to the Government, proved this.

Mr. Shanly strongly urged the same argument.

Hon. John Hillyard Cameron contended that both Imperial and Colonial legislation obliged the Government to undertake this work. He did not believe private capitalist would spend money on it.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier adduced proof that the Intercolonial is being more rapidly built than the Grand Trunk was. Some contractors failed, but many sub-contractors failed on the Grand Trunk He said, thank God we have no great contractors.

Mr. Cartwright sustained Hon. Sir A. T. Galt's motion.

Hon. Col Gray opposed it.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald showed that the Union Act obliged the Government to build the road—to commence it within six months, and go on continuously with the work.

Hon. Sir A. T. Galt generally replied. The motion was lost; yeas, 40; nays, 98.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and so continued till the adjournment.

DEATH OF THE HON. M. H. FOLEY.

We copy from the Hamilton *Spectator* a note of the death of the Honorable Michael Foley, who was thrice Postmaster-General of Canada. There was a rumor on Saturday evening of the death of Mr. Daly, of Stratford, an ex-M. P. P., but the word Daly must have been a mis-telegram for Foley, and hence the mistake:—

"We regret to have to announce the death of the above named gentleman, which took place on Saturday last. Mr. Foley was born in Sligo, Ireland, in 1819, and came to Canada in 1832, and for some time taught school in [illegible]uth, Ont. In 1845 he commenced the study of the law, and in due time was admitted as an attorney, and within a few years past was called to the Bar. He sat in the Legislative Assembly of Canada from 1854 to 1863 and held office on three different occasions as Postmaster-General. From 1845 to 1853 he successively edited the Simcoe *Advocate*, the *Messenger*, and the Brantford *Herald*.

Mr. Foley's political career will, of course, be viewed differently by different individuals, but the charming geniality of his disposition will be acknowledged by all. He had an inexhaustible supply of humour, which overflowed upon the slightest occasion, but never gave offence, or left a rankling sting behind. At a time when party strife ran so high as to suspend all personal intercourse between some of the opposing leaders, Mr. Foley's personal relations with his brother members of parliament were always of the most cordial kind. As a speaker he was fluent and forcible, and his speeches sparkled with the same humour which made him a delightful companion."

The Montreal *Gazette* says:—"It was rumoured in town yesterday that the Dominion authorities had decided to form a special corps for service in the North West, and that it would be composed of volunteers from the existing militia organizations. The order for its incorporation will probably be published in the course of the present week, immediately after which the members of the corps will assemble at some *rendezvous*, not yet determined upon, for the purpose of organizing and drilling, preparatory to their departure for Red River."

The St. Catherine's *Journal* says, Mr. S. J. Dawson, of Ottawa, and Captain Dick, of Collingwood, the Admiral and Commodore of the Red River Fleet, were in town Friday inspecting the boats building on the line of canal for the fleet.

"The Nomads and the Knocks they Get"

For the Times.

Since the day on which the maternal progenitor of the Nomadic race first trod the inhospitable plains of the wilderness of Beersheba, her unfortunate offspring have been looked upon by their softer skinned semi-brotherhood, as the legitimate objects of a mocking suspicion and universal persecution. Expelled from a father's protection for no fault of his own, and exposed to the hardship and danger incidental to solitary wayfarers, her first born, was only through Divine interposition, rescued from an untimely end, to become the repository of the promise of a great future nationality. How striking and literal its fulfillment? The overflowing streams of population, bursting their natural boundaries in the East, have permeated most of the countries of Southern Europe; and a limited portion of the substratum of the order, have even penetrated the British Isles, and extended their colonies to the midland and northern counties of England. But wherever they go, their visits are unwelcome, and their presence troublesome. It is usually the signal for cautious agriculturists to double the defences of the aviary, the sheep cote, and other repositories of a character available for supplementing a depleted commissariat. And yet, the Nomad has exhibited his powers of action and susceptibility of improvement, both in intelligence and morals. The shrewdness of his ideas on political economy, might furnish some valuable hints for Gladstone himself. This fact is exemplified in the case of a few stragglers, varying in the ranks of the order, who are becoming familiarised with the manners and customs of Canadian life. We are indebted to them, not only for a completely revised system of commerce, with greatly increased facilities for the interchange of commodities; but their keen penetration is approaching the precincts of the world of letters; and their moral power is made manifest by their successful manipulation of model productions in the fine arts, and varying specimens of literary merit; but unfortunately for them, the valuable boons they have conferred on society, do not secure for them exemption from the fated prediction, "Every man's hand shall be against him." As something to be expected, their invasion of the system of exclusiveness which heretofore obtained, is stoutly opposed by the *fag* end of the fossilated few, who admit their inability to see beyond the bounds of a diminutive proboscis. By the way, speaking of the *nis*, leads me to acknowledge my deficiency in nosological science; but as "Fag" appears to suffer so severely through the lack of an operation, I have great pleasure in introducing him to some eminent authorities, whose acquaintance I had the honor of making during the Crimean campaign among whom I may mention the names of General Blomonosoff, Colonel Kutmenoff, of the Russian army, Admiral Somonoff, of the navy, and Colonel Nose begone, (Nosebegone,) of the Imperial Guards. All gentlemen of great surgical experience in relation to the organ in question. I don't promise him my *carte*, as, in the matter of identity, you see he is clear off the track, regularly *shunted*. The conservator of the public weal should be better informed on the subjects he attempts to discuss. And here I must express my regret that, in the missive set forth on Saturday, he has lapsed into a style not eminently calculated to exalt him in public opinion. Regarding the main question and merits of the case, as he has attempted no reply whatever to the damaging charges preferred in my last, we must consequently assume that they are unanswerable, and though his diamond pointed pen, once in contact with his delicate digits, becomes imbued with the potency and properties of a two edged sword, yet he seems to pique himself on his adroitness in avoiding any occasion to do battle with the vicissitudes of life. His chivalrous attack on defenceless ladies, who have been less fortunate, has been the subject of severe animadversion in private circles. One of those same ladies, maybe unaware that her late husband and his estimable father were numbered among the intimate friends of the writer of this article. Regarding the latter gentleman I may safely say,

None knew him but to love him;
None heard him but to praise.

His eminent services to his country were in the evening of life acknowledged by an appointment to an honorable post near the person of his Sovereign. He has gone to his rest, and one dear to him in life, is now laudably stemming the current of fortune under special difficulties. Misery is not alleviated by company—therefore I fondly hope our kind and attentive friend "Fag" may be long spared to dwell among his own kindred; and that no scion of that illustrious house will ever know what it is to be cast unprotected on a cold and unsympathetic world. But how are we to deal with his difficult case?

I can think of nothing better than to fall back on my original suggestion, and commend the expediency of a migratory course; for if he is really bent on pandering to his sycophantish propensities at the expense of his simple duty to society, he will not only be compelled to flee the defenceless "dove cote," but every other portion of this terraqueous ball. The Nomads will survive the hurricane of his bellicose blasts; and should he purpose persevering in his threatened quixotic course to arrest the surging tide of intelligence now gushing in upon the world, he had either better expunge an appropriate prediction on the subject from the sacred volumes, or, just by way of experiment, exercise his hand at some simpler, and more practicable operation, such for instance, as draining the valuable territory underlying those nasty great lakes to the west of us, or turning the mouth of the St. Lawrence in the direction of Pembina.

Under a conviction that the question before us, and its passing interest, have had at least a tolerably fair ventilation I now bid adieu to my factious, though somewhat critical friend in the hope that when his exquisite "diamond point" next pierces a subject for the edification of the natives, his gallantry and wit, will both be found to shine with corresponding brilliancy.

JUSTITIA.

Ottawa April 12 1870.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 12.

Mrs. Young, wife of Rev. F. Young, has arrived from Red River

Horses and waggons were being purchased on behalf of the Government, for the Red River expedition. And Messrs. Miller have been notified that one of the boats will be required to start for Fort Garry on May 2, with laborers to work on the road, provisions and teams.

The troops are expected to follow very shortly.

The Fenian rumour creates little excitement here.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 12.

The river has fallen since last evening, and at ten o'clock this morning was more than a foot below the top of the revetment wall, the height which it obtained at 5 o'clock p.m., yesterday.

The water is still subsiding, but it is quite probable that it may be followed by another rise, though not a serious one.

The Hochelaga Light Infantry, Victoria's and Garrison Artillery have been called out to muster to-day for active service.

The Volunteers are mustering in large numbers, and the Mount Royals will turn out 350 strong rank and file. They will be ready to move forward at two o'clock this afternoon.

The Chateauguay battalion, near Caughnawaga, are parading.

Ball cartridges are being served.

No material change in the height of the river has taken place since morning. There is however a glade of open water nearly above the Victoria Bridge to opposite the Victoria Barracks.

The Lake ice has come down.

The preparations during the day by the various commanders of the respective volunteer corps in the city betoken that they are likely to have large musters. All leaves of absence have been cancelled, and every member must parade for duty.

Rumours are rife here of Fenians assembling in the vicinity of St. Albans, and that General O'Neill their reputed leader arrived there this morning.

There are 3,000 volunteers under arms now in the city.

The volunteers at St. Hyacinthe arrive in Montreal to-morrow.

Late accounts from Frelighsburg state that another volunteer company is being raised there at the request of the Government.

Colonel Chamberlain has arrived and is preparing an accommodation for 30 cavalrymen and two companies of volunteers.

Two companies are ordered to Pigeon Hill, and two to Cook's Corner, both on the frontier.

Beauharnois, April 12.

The ice is almost gone this morning.

Sorel, April 12.

The Ice moved on the St. Lawrence last night, it shoved from Sandy Point to the Isle de Grace.

Lancaster, April 12.

The Ice on Lake St. Francis has broken up and is all clear.

Three Rivers, April 12.

No ice has passed since yesterday, and have heard nothing from above.

Coteau Landing, April 12.

The Ice on Lake St. Francis commenced moving at 5 o'clock last night. The channel is now clear as far as the eye can reach.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, April 12.

The Fenian news from the West is the sole topic of conversation here.

At the nomination for Aldermen and Councillors, under the new Act, yesterday, the following candidates were returned.

Mr. Weston Hunt, Lewis Ward; Messrs Lafrance and Peachy, St. John's Ward; Messrs. Mailloux and Roy, Jacques Cartier Ward; and Dr. Rinfret, Alderman for St. John's Ward.

The Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals have elected its officers, and have modelled a constitution after that of the sister society of Montreal, Sir N. F. Belleau, Patron.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock, and after the usual routine proceedings—

RED RIVER.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY arose and said—I rise to move the motion of which I gave notice on a previous day. I need merely preface it by saying that I understand that a number of gentlemen, familiar with the Red River country, are now at Ottawa, and able to give us most important information respecting the resources of the territory, which will be read with the deepest interest. I think it would be a favourable opportunity to obtain and preserve such information as will be reliable, and enable us to form an accurate estimate of the climate and capabilities of the Red River country. As hon. gentlemen are aware we have already a good deal of information concerning the country, drawn from various sources, but for the most part that information has been gathered from persons who have only had a partial acquaintance with the territory. Some of the gentlemen now here are natives of Red River and well acquainted with the whole country, and the information they are able and I believe willing to give us on the subject, must be invaluable to us at the present time, when the country is to be opened up to settlement. I wish the House to understand that I do not propose to make any enquiry with respect to the disturbances which are said to exist in the territory. My object is simply to collect such information regarding the climate and resources as will be useful for reference. For those reasons I would move:—

Resolved,—That a Committee of the Senate be appointed on the subject of Rupert's Land, Red River, and the North West Territory, with a view of collecting information respecting the condition, climate, soil, population, resources, and natural products of the country, its trade, institutions, and capabilities, and the means of access thereto, with power to send for persons and papers. And that such Committee be composed of the following persons:—Hon. The Postmaster General, Hon. Mr. Dickson, Hon. Mr. Botsford, Hon. Mr. Letellier de St. Just, Hon. Mr. Locke, Hon. Mr. Burnham, Hon. Mr. Dickey, Hon. Mr. Sanborn, Hon. Mr. McClelan, (of New Brunswick), Hon. Mr. Benson, Hon. Mr. Miller, Hon. Mr. Dumouchel, Hon. Mr. Reesor, Hon. Mr. Oliver, and the mover; three to be a quorum.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—There can be no objection on the part of the Government to the motion of the hon. gentleman. The Committee which it is proposed to form, will be able to gather a great deal of information, which may be of much value to the country. Therefore I cordially assent to the motion of my hon. friend.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY—I have laid on the table a question of some public importance, and I shall simply state that in the paper called the *New Nation*, I find a statement with respect to what is called the legislature, before which Bish. Tache, who is styled an accredited envoy sent out by this country, is represented to have made the following statement:—"I would, as a parting request, express my desire that all representatives present, but especially those from the English speaking population, should exert all their influence and efforts among the people in their respective localities, to give them to understand the necessity of union, to preserve order, *to abide by the laws of the established Government*, and to see that nothing ever occurs again to disturb the peace of the settlement." The House will not be surprised to hear that such a statement was received with loud cheers. This matter is of some importance; for if the statement I have just given be founded on fact—if the existing Government at Red River be a recognized Government, then I would wish to know in what light the murder of poor Scott is to be regarded. If the execution be a murder, how in any sense can Riel and his Council be an established and legal Government. I do not wish to create anything like a discussion, or embarrass the Ministry, but I feel the House and country should have information on the points that I have referred to in the following questions, which I now beg permission to put to the Government:—Whether Bishop Taché has been accredited by the Government to the authorities at Red River? and whether the Government have received intelligence that the Bishop has recognized the Riel Government as the established Government and recommended the people to submit to that Government and not to oppose it hereafter?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied—I hope the House will allow me, before referring to the question put by the hon. member, to allude to what fell from him yesterday when he gave notice of his motion. The remark of mine to which he refers I made by way of *badinage*, and nothing could have been more foreign from my desire than to give pain to my hon. friend. I think I may appeal to my hon. friend to give me credit for the absence of any intention to say anything whatever calculated to wound the feelings of any hon. gentlemen. With respect to the question which my hon. friend has put to the Government, I beg to say that Bishop Taché, who has long been the Bishop of the Red River country, was asked to use, on his return to his diocese, the great influence which he justly possesses—from his sacred character and long residence, and high standing in the country—in the cause of the restoration of peace and order. In that way only did he go to the Red River country at the instance of the Government. He has not been sent to any authority there as an accredited envoy. There were no authorities in that country which were recognized by the Dominion Government; but, as I have said, the Bishop did go into the country to use his influence in the support of order, and I am quite confident that anything his Lordship may have said or done, since he went into the territory, has been in that direction. It is not just to judge of his action by any newspaper reports. I have the honour of knowing His Lordship, and I am sure that he has the same aim in view that we all have—the restoration of peace. It will be time enough to blame him when we have reliable facts before us. I am confident whatever steps he may have taken have been guided by mature judgment, with a full knowledge of the people amongst whom he lives, and with the desire to promote the well-being and happiness of those under his charge. With reference to the second question, I may answer that the Government have not received any intelligence from His Lordship that he has recognized the Government of Riel or recommended the people to submit to it.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY—I do not wish to protract discussion, and have no intention to say anything with respect to the answer that the Hon. Postmaster General has given to the question I put to the Government; but it is due to that hon. gentleman to say that ever since I have been a member of this House I have borne testimony to his invariable courtesy, especially in his official capacity, as the leader of the Senate. After the remarks that have just been made by that hon. gentleman, I acknowledge at once that I must have totally misapprehended the words that fell from him on a previous occasion. Perhaps, I am one of the first to indulge in similar badinage, and I, therefore, accept his explanations in the same spirit in which they have been made.

BILLS.

The following Bills were then read a third time and passed:—

Dominion Notes Issue Regulation Bill.
Peace in Vicinity of Public Works Preservation Bill.
Public Officers in Canada Security Bill.
Perjury Act Amendment Bill.
Banks and Banking Bill.

The Bill in reference to the Montreal Sun Insurance Company was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

PENITENTIARY AMENDMENT BILL.

The House then went into Committee on the Bill intituled "An Act to amend the Penitentiary Act of 1868," Hon. Mr. McLELAN in the chair.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL explained the reasons why it was necessary to stipulate in the fifth section that "no person sentenced in New Brunswick or Nova Scotia to imprisonment with hard labour for less than two years, shall be received or imprisoned in the Penitentiary from and after the 1st day of May, 1872." It appeared, he said, that the jails in the Maritime Provinces were not of as good a character as those in Ontario and Quebec, and the custom there was to send persons under sentence for limited periods to the Provincial Penitentiaries. The Penitentiaries belonged to the Dominion, and it was only fair that the same rule which obtained in Ontario and Quebec should be carried out in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and persons under sentence for less than two years, should be henceforth sent to the county jails. It had been proved by experience that to send persons to penitentiaries for periods of less than two years was not in the direction of reformation. Since however, the arrangements in the Lower Provinces were not yet complete for keeping such individuals in prison, it was proposed that the change, contemplated in the Bill, should not take place until the first of May, 1872. The municipalities, in the meanwhile, should prepare for the change which was certainly of a most desirable character. With respect to the other clauses, he would mention the changes were very slight. In the original Bill, the keepers were appointed by the Inspectors, but now the Wardens were to have the appointments. This change was desirable, inasmuch as the Inspectors were only on the spot occasionally. Hitherto every Warden was bound to find security to a large amount. That was undoubtedly desirable with respect to the large Penitentiaries like the one at Kingston; but such was not the case with respect to the smaller institutions of the Maritime Provinces. It was therefore provided in the Bill that the Wardens should give security as it might be determined by the Governor in Council.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY made a few remarks, but they were entirely inaudible in the gallery, and Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL made explanations in reply.

Hon. Mr. WARK did not think it fair to Nova Scotia or New Brunswick to force them to incur the liabilities which they would have to incur under the Bill, according to the statement of the hon. Postmaster General. In his own county there was no means of employing such prisoners, and it would be positive cruelty to keep them in the cells of the county jails. He did not think such legislation would be acceptable to the people of the Maritime Provinces.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY thought the result of the Bill would be that more prisoners than ever would be found in the penitentiaries under sentence for two years.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL did not see any reason why the penitentiaries in the Lower Provinces should be sustained on principles different from those in force in Ontario or Quebec. It was not fair that the Dominion should be called upon to pay for the imprisonment of men guilty of offences against merely local regulations.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT was not at all satisfied with the way that Confederation was being worked out. Looking over the Penitentiary returns he found that those institutions cost more than ever to keep up. The same remark would apply to the Customs, and other departments under the control of the Dominion. Confederation, under such circumstances, might be a boon, but he could not see how. As respects the present measure, he was satisfied it would give very general dissatisfaction among the people of the Maritime Provinces. It was of course futile for him or any other representative from those sections to object, inasmuch as they had not the strength to make their objections felt.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL thought that the remarks of his hon. friend were scarcely fair to the Government under present circumstances. The Government had always given the best consideration to the claims of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, as well as of the other sections. As respects the arguments that were used against the Bill under discussion, he did not think they were justified by the actual facts of the case. If the management of the penitentiary of New Brunswick had not, under Confederation, been taken out of the control of the local authorities, universal dissatisfaction must have arisen. The rural districts would not have been much longer content to have the penitentiary filled with persons who had been sentenced in the police court for infringement of the municipal regulations of the city of St. John. Such a system was manifestly unjust, and could not have been maintained even if Confederation had never been carried out. Neither was it fair now that offenders against the law, under such short sentences, should be sustained at the public expense in a provincial institution. As respects the remarks of the hon. gentleman, (Mr. Wilmot), they were not supported by the facts of the operation of Confederation. Not merely Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, but the whole Dominion had participated in the beneficial results accruing from the Union. He was sure that the House would agree with him that whenever legislation was desirable, no distinction should be made between the Provinces constituting the Union. Under the Act of Confederation, it was decided that the Dominion should take charge of the penitentiaries, and it was manifestly the duty of the Government to render them uniform as respect their working. The railways were also under the control of the Dominion; and would it be argued that we should allow Nova Scotia to work her lines on a system different from that in practice in the other sections. The object should be to assimilate the laws in the different Provinces wherever it was practicable; and there could be no doubt that uniformity as respects the penitentiaries was very requisite.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON was understood to differ from the Hon. Minister of Marine as respects the class of criminals sent to the penitentiary of New Brunswick from St. John, and made some other remarks which were inaudible.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL was of the impression that the cases he had referred to were the rule rather than the exception. As respects the Eastern extension, his hon. friend was quite mistaken. The desire for uniformity had not in that particular taken any money out of the Treasury. On the contrary the desire of the Dominion Government to meet the just wishes of the representatives of the people, so far from taking money out, had actually put a large sum into the Treasury.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD thought it a very questionable policy to pass such a bill, as the uniformity intended to be established would entail a serious burthen on the counties of New Brunswick, without benefitting the public interests in the end. He was of opinion that the effect of the measure would be to defeat the ends of justice. If uniformity was desirable, let the measure be so amended as to allow Ontario and Quebec the privilege of sending prisoners for less than a year or six months to the penitentiaries. It would be a perversion of justice to keep men without employment in the small, unhealthy cells of county jails.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that the experience of persons who had given a great deal of study to the subject had been to prove that it was of no avail, in a reformatory point of view, to send persons to penitentiaries for periods less than two years. Reports from Commissioners appointed to make enquiries into the subject were at the service of honourable gentlemen who wished to inform themselves on the points in question. It must be remembered also that the penitentiaries were already crowded, and if the system supported by honourable gentlemen was carried out, they would be altogether insufficient.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD proposed an amendment to the fifth clause, that no person sentenced to less than a year should be sent to the penitentiary.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that he would mention the objections of hon. gentlemen to the Minister of Justice.

Hon. Mr. WARK again urged his objections to the clause in question, and stated that he dissented from the statement that had been made by the Minister of Marine respecting the prisoners sent to the penitentiary from the city of St. John. If it was desired that such a Bill should become law, at all events let the counties be authorized to send their criminals to the penitentiary on condition of paying the expenses entailed. It was far better to do this than to immure them in the cells of jails.

The Bill was finally allowed to pass through Committee and reported up without any amendment.

THE MURDER OF SCOTT.

Hon. Mr. REESOR gave notice of a motion to the effect that in the opinion of the Senate the execution of Scott could not be regarded in any other light than as a cruel murder, and that if the Government met or recognized any delegation of persons, sharing the responsibility of this murder, they would compromise themselves and shock the moral sense of the people of Canada.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said I hope that my hon. friend will not give notice of this motion. A discussion could not take place without the gravest inconvenience and danger to the public service. I cannot conceive how any good can result from any discussion on such a motion. The execution of the unfortunate man took place in a country which is not yet a part of Canada; and we might just as well express an opinion respecting any murder which has taken place in Great Britain or any of her Colonies. Any discussion that might now arise might cause a great deal of angry feeling, and exercise an injurious effect on those efforts which are now being made, and which every one wishes to see successfully made, to restore peace and order to the North West Territory.

Hon. Mr. REESOR.—It is no doubt the fact that there is an impression abroad that the Government are unwilling to recognize their responsibility in this matter to the fullest extent. I cannot appreciate the argument of the Postmaster-General, that we have as much interest in any murder that might take place in any other section of the empire as we could have in that which is now creating so much feeling throughout the Dominion. Nor when we consider that the Government of Canada treated with the Home Government for the purchase of the territory—that an Act of Parliament was passed, endorsing the purchase—that surveyors were sent out to open up communications—that a Government was regularly sent out,—that Canadians went to settle in the territory in good faith; when we consider all those facts, we cannot understand the position taken by the Postmaster-General. Mr. Scott was serving under the surveyor sent out by the Government and was not guilty of any crime whatever that was deserving of punishment. I think it is the duty of Parliament to protest against the Government receiving any delegates that may be sent here by the insurgents. The resolution will simply express the feelings of what, I believe, to be a majority of the members of the Senate. If there has been any mistake heretofore committed, let it be rectified immediately. At the time the Home Government sent a force to Abyssinia, they did not consider where Abyssinia was situated; it was sufficient to know that Englishmen were unjustly detained. We have no evidence that the Abyssinian prisoners were treated half as badly as the loyal inhabitants of Red River had been by Riel and his band. I do not wish to create any angry discussion, but I must say that I think it is to be deplored that the Government have not expressed their opinions more strongly with respect to the insurrection in the territory, and explained their intentions more fully.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN—I would urge my hon friend to withdraw his notice of motion. I feel as strongly as any man can with regard to the events that have taken place in the territory. I do not yield to any one in a sincere desire to see the authority of the law permanently established at Red River, but I would urge my hon. friend most earnestly, coming as he does like myself from Ontario, where so much feeling exists on this question, to listen to the suggestion that has been thrown out by the Postmaster General and withdraw his motion. I was gratified to notice the spirit in which the hon. gentleman, the other day, approached the question of Red River, and I would appeal to him to deal with it now in the same patriotic manner. It is useless to disguise the fact that an unfortunate catastrophe has occurred in the North West, but I believe it is the earnest desire of the Government to restore peace and order to the territory. We have no authority, however, over the territory at this moment, and the whole question is surrounded with a great deal of difficulty and must be approached with the greatest possible amount of caution.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN—The Government have had hitherto what is called the conciliatory policy, and there is a large party which has been much excited by recent events, and holds the opinion that such a policy ought not to be continued. So far as anything has fallen from the mouths of members of the Government, there has been no indication of a change of policy. This delegation to which reference is made, according to statements in the other branch of the Legislature, is to be recognized; and I think we ought to give some expression to what we believe to be the wishes and feelings of the country with respect to this question.

Hon. Mr. REESOR—No sufficient reason has yet been given why this resolution should be withdrawn. My opinion from the commencement—and it is strengthened as time passes—has been that the Government have been too slow in dealing with this question. The House will remember the state of things in Kansas a few years ago, when South was pitted against North, and blood was shed in fights between the contending parties. That difficulty at the outset was treated by the Washington Government just as the Red River matter has been dealt with. They left the matter to be settled by the people of the territory, and the result was a fearful contest which raged for a long time. Now, if the Government had issued a proclamation immediately, and sent out a force to preserve order, the difficulty would never have reached such dimensions. The feeling in Ontario, I must say, is intensified by what is believed to be the supineness and apathy of the Government. If the Government had given a decided expression of opinion—that it was determined to protect British subjects in the territory, I am satisfied in my own mind that the murder would never have been committed. All that I now desire is to urge the Government to pursue that course which they should follow, if they have any regard to their own duty or the feeling of the country.

Hon. Mr. WARK.—I must frankly say that I think the present would be a most injudicious time to bring up such a discussion as the motion in question would create. We have no right, in my opinion, to call upon the Government now to declare what course they intend to pursue in a matter in which the public interests are so deeply involved. If the question is to be discussed, let it be done next year, when we shall be in a position to know what steps have been taken.

Hon. Mr. HOLMES.—I agree with the remarks that have fallen from the hon. gentleman who has just sat down. I think the Government are entitled to pursue the course they have decided on, without interference, at the present important crisis. We have had more difficulties than this Red River business to contend with; and I have no doubt whatever we shall surmount it triumphantly.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Of course the hon. gentleman is the best judge of his own responsibility in this matter; but he must see that the sense of the House is in favour of the withdrawal of the motion.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD—Of course the hon. gentleman has a perfect right to give expression to his opinions, but there is one remark I would like to make; and that is, I think the Government, after the exhibition of public sentiment that is made on all sides, will be very charry before recognizing the delegates as coming from the Provisional Government. Under present circumstances, public opinon is so strong with reference to Red River, that the hon. gentleman may safely leave the matter in the hands of the Government.

Hon. Mr. REESOR—I cannot see why the Dominion should ever have gone to the expense of opening up a highway to the territory, if, as it has been intimated, we have no interest or right there. However, I cannot but believe, and certainly I hope, that it is the intention of the Government to protect the rights of British subjects in the North West, and with that view I shall withdraw my motion.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

Hon. Mr. ROSS allowed his motion with reference to an adjournment—(that when the House rose, it should stand adjourned until Wednesday the 20th)—to stand until the following day.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL explained that it was the intention of the Government in Commons to ask only for an adjournment on Friday and Monday next, and to meet on Saturday. He would ask the Senate to meet to-morrow, and request members sufficient to form a quorum to remain in town. It was desirable that the public business should be advanced as expeditiously as possible.

The House then adjourned until three o'clock the next day.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD moved that the fee for the Bill respecting the Merchants' Bank, Halifax, be remitted; in favour of which the Committee had reported. Carried.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS introduced a Bill respecting the Department of Finance. He stated that the object was to do away with one of the Deputy Heads. Read the first time.

In answer to Mr. MACKENZIE the Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the Bill relating to Bank of Upper Canada would be introduced in a day or two.

Before the orders of the day were called, Mr. MACKENZIE asked if it was not high time to have the report of Commissioner Smith laid on the table. Of course the House was aware that individual members had seen many parties from the North West since the last conversation on the subject in the House; and that various statements were in circulation, some of them, he must say, not very complimentary of the Government Commissioner. But whatever course the Government might ultimately determine to take, he thought it was extremely desirable that this House should be in possession of all the information that their own Commissioner now returned could give them, and that this should not be put off from day to day merely to suit the convenience of a Commissioner who went to visit his family. This was the excuse given by the Government for not laying the information before the House at an earlier day. It was quite evident that there was extreme anxiety, and very great irritability in the public mind at present, and that irritability and anxiety were likely to continue and possibly to increase, and find expression in perhaps a not very legitimate way, unless the House and through the House, the country were informed as fully as possible, of what the Government intended to do, and the steps that had been taken by the Commissioners. Until the report of the Commissioners was laid before the House, he did not intend to say anything that would in any way embarrass the Government, or complicate any further an already complicated state of affairs. But he did intend, as soon as the House was in possession of the papers, to take some steps to bring the whole subject before the House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the reason why Mr. Smith's report was not before the House, was that the Government had not yet received it. The mission was a very important one and of a delicate nature, and when Mr. Smith arrived here, he was asked to make his report. He was now busy in the preparation of it. When in Red River Territory he was surrounded by circumstances, of very great difficulty, and he was obliged to ask him (Sir J. A. Macdonald) to hand him back the letters he had himself written, in order that he could prepare a correct report. He (Mr. Smith) was unable to keep with safety, as he thought, such papers about him while in the Territory. He was now preparing his report, and he (Sir John) expected to receive it every hour, and as soon as it was received it would be submitted to the House.

The matter was then dropped.

Mr. MASSON said they were led to believe when they came here that the session would be over by Easter. It looked now as if the House would here till June, and he thought that they should adjourn to-morrow till Tuesday. Saturday they required to prepare for Easter duties.

Mr. MACKENZIE objected to the proposal. They ought not to adjourn except for Friday, and sit on Saturday, otherwise there would be great delay.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they were in the hands of the House. As far as the Ministry were personally concerned, they had no object in adjourning, their homes being here. There seemed to him to be a majority against the proposal to adjourn.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that if Monday was not a matter of obligation on the conscience of any member, he would propose they should sit on Monday. He had no doubt that if the majority felt free to act on their own impulses, they would consent to the adjournment, but he felt it would be perfectly unfair to those at a distance to compel this adjournment.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that in Courts of Justice the statutory holidays, unless obligatory to do so, were not observed.

Mr. JONES said he hoped it would not go to the country that this House on a matter of general interest should be guided by the practice of lawyers.

It was then agreed that the House sit on Saturday at the usual hour, three o'clock.

On motion that the House go into Committee Hon. Sir A. T. GALT moved that the SPEAKER do not now leave the Chair but that it be resolved:—

"That the present system under which the Intercolonial Railway is being constructed as a Public Work of the Dominion is expensive and unsatisfactory: That it is not in the Public interest that the Government should be charged with the maintenance and working of Railways—and that in the opinion of this House it is desirable that steps should be immediately taken to ascertain whether arrangements can not be made with responsible parties for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway as a private enterprise—including existing contracts—and for the acquisition of existing Dominion Railways—in part payment thereof—whereby a very large sum may be saved in the cost of the former work, and the Government relieved from the difficult and expensive duty of managing an extensive Railway system."

He referred to the English practice with reference to motions of this kind [illegible] they were not considered motions of want of confidence. He did not desire to offer this motion as a want of confidence, [illegible] reference to Hansard, he found that from 1832 to 1836 that no less than [illegible] amendments had been carried to [illegible]ive budgets, and in no one instance [illegible] these amendments entailed any [illegible] responsibility on the Government [illegible] quoted from Dr. Todd, next to [illegible] the highest authority that could [illegible] on Parliamentary practice, to show [illegible] 1816 in Committee of Ways and Means [illegible] Chancellor of the Exchequer had [illegible] feated on motion for renewal of [illegible] tax and with other taxes Government lost 12 millions anticipated [illegible] and it was remarkable that it was accepted by government. Lord [illegible] sell said that taxation was a question which the House of Commons [illegible] ing the country had peculiar claims [illegible] their opinions listened to, and the Executive might finally, without loss of dignity, reconsider any measures they had proposed. Mr. T. Baring also held that the budget might be amended without [illegible] taking place in the Ministry. [illegible] he (Galt) hoped the House would [illegible] his motion as implying want of confidence as he did not intend it in that sense [illegible] certain policy had been pursued [illegible] his opinion, was susceptible of great improvement, and he did not now make the motion in a political sense, [illegible] ance of his duty as a member of this House. Legislation on the subject had [illegible] the government to go on in a [illegible] course; and the question was one of policy and system, which he considered caused inconvenience and loss to the public, should not be changed. The [illegible] North America Act provided that the Intercolonial Railway should be [illegible] and our own Act of 1867 provided [illegible] should be constructed as a public work by the Dominion by Commissioners under Government. He did not [illegible] censure the Commissioners of the [illegible] ment, and he had no doubt [illegible] they had done what they thought [illegible] the public interest, and that they were bound to carry out the law as long as the statute remains as it is. What he [illegible] was that if after two years experience it was found best for the public [illegible] change that system there should be a change. He held that any [illegible] saving could be made if [illegible] were made. The working of [illegible] ways in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia provided by the Board of Public Works Act was productive of loss, and [illegible] public interest, that system ought to be changed. The first portion of his resolution read—"That the present system under which the Intercolonial Railway is being constructed as a public work of the Dominion is expensive and unsatisfactory." In support of this allegation he said Mr. Fleming had put the expense at [illegible]000, and from recent surveys, [illegible] ander) considered that under certain favourable circumstances this might be [illegible] to $17,000,000, while under less favourable circumstances the cost might be [illegible] to $21,000,000. To arrive at the [illegible] railways constructed by the Government he referred to the railways [illegible] perty of the Dominion in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and found that the [illegible] from Halifax to Truro and the branch to Windsor cost $47,000 per mile; [illegible] from Truro to Picton, $44,500; [illegible] John to Shediac, $43,000 per mile [illegible] if the Intercolonial was constructed at [illegible]000 per mile for the distance [illegible] deducting the portion purchased [illegible] European and North American [illegible] would bring the cost up to upwards of [illegible]000,000. If the average cost of [illegible] tion of Railways in the Lower Provinces were taken it would bring the cost in the neighborhood of $20,000,000. He [illegible] to the unsatisfactory character of the system of letting contracts for the Intercolonial, the result of which has been [illegible] of seven of the first contracts, [illegible] five had failed, and out of the [illegible] probably a similar proportion would [illegible] and the necessity would arise of [illegible] these contracts. Many of the laborers remained unpaid and a certain [illegible] stigma would attach to the Government, in consequence, though the Government could not pay [illegible] With regard to location and the management of the road the Government were exposed to unjust imputations [illegible] he thought the system which did [illegible] be regarded as unsatisfactory. The [illegible] part of his resolution stated that it was not in the public interest that the Government should be charged with the maintenance and working of railways, and [illegible] this he thought the House would [illegible] with him. The management of [illegible] way was a matter of great detail [illegible] the employment of a great number of persons and minute dealings with the public, and there arose a variety of questions, the solution of which it was expedient to leave with the Government [illegible] referred to the results, in a financial point of view, which he thought would be instructive. The result of working the Nova Scotia Railway in 1867-68 was [illegible] of $1,536, at the same time [illegible] tional was spent on the line, [illegible] Nova Scotia took from the public [illegible] the working and maintenance of [illegible] $34,479 for the year. In 1868-69 [illegible] was $1,110, but there was spent [illegible] total $90,038. For 1869-70 they [illegible] returns, for the financial year [illegible] closed, but he did not think they [illegible] show any material improvement upon the four previous years. In the estimates [illegible] 1869-70 he found $139,000, but it was proposed under the system adopted by the late Finance Minister to re-vote [illegible] leaving $119,000 for that year. In the Nova Scotia system of Railways [illegible] 517 more than the total receipts [illegible] works. Though New Brunswick [illegible] were by no means so bad, still they were not satisfactory. In 1867-68 the [illegible] in that Province had shewn a gain of [illegible] 073, and in 1869-70 of $60,000 [illegible] had been expended in 1868-69 [illegible] and in 1869-70 $21,585. He showed [illegible] we where losing and not making [illegible] the Government managing these [illegible] and it was desirable to get rid of [illegible] and if in doing so he could help [illegible] the cost of the Intercolonial he [illegible] both respects confer advantage [illegible] public. His third proposition [illegible] it was desirable that steps [illegible] taken to ascertain whether [illegible] ments cannot be made with [illegible] parties for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway as private [illegible] cluding the existing contracts [illegible] acquisition of the existing [illegible] Railways in part payment [illegible] a very large sum may be [illegible] of the former work, and the [illegible] relieved from the difficult [illegible] duty of managing an expensive [illegible] system. The course [illegible] Brunswick was to give a bonus of [illegible] per mile, and upon this [illegible] had been constructed. In Nova [illegible] per cent guarantee for twenty [illegible] given in the case of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway of $[illegible] per mile and with Truro and Moncton [illegible] guarantee for $40,000 per mile [illegible] the road had been carried to completion by the Nova Scotia Government. Experience, therefore, had shown [illegible] the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have been able to secure the completion of their road at an average [illegible] of ten thousand dollars per mile [illegible] cost of constructing these [illegible] very different from that of [illegible] the Intercolonial, the country [illegible] being of a similiar nature, as far as [illegible] informed. These lines, however, [illegible] a commercial value which could [illegible] claimed for all portions of the [illegible] ial. Still there were great [illegible]

[illegible] which, undoubtedly, we [illegible] valuable. There were alr[illegible] 451 miles, so that we have still to [illegible] construction of 443 miles. If [illegible] this distance at even double th[illegible] paid to the Nova Scotian lines, [illegible] would only reach eight millions [illegible] as far as thirty thousand dolla[illegible] amount would only reach [illegible] over thirteen millions. He ha[illegible] in saying that if ten thous[illegible] mile represented the [illegible] Government assistance [illegible] was found necessary to ensure [illegible] pletion of the Nova Scotian lin[illegible] much less sum would repr[illegible] amount necessary to com[illegible] Intercolonial. [illegible]

TO BE CONTINUED.

LOCAL NEW[illegible]

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for [illegible]

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures too[illegible]

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for [illegible]

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves [illegible]

The Market—Tuesday.—Wa[illegible] considering the state of the roads; [illegible] change in prices.

[illegible]

Carpets and House Furnishings [illegible] speciality. The largest stock of N[illegible] and lowest prices in the city at [illegible]

The Fishing.—The [illegible] on the rivers about the city [illegible] started, and everything gives [illegible] our usual summer enterprise.

[illegible]

To be continued.

...ter which, undoubtedly, were commercially valuable. There were already built 3½ miles, so that we have still to face the construction of 413 miles. If one take a distance at even double the subsidy paid to the Nova Scotian lines, the sum would only reach eight millions. If we go so far as thirty thousand dollars a mile the amount would only reach something over thirteen millions. He had no hesitation in saying that if ten thousand dollars per mile represented the amount Government assistance which was found necessary to ensure the completion of the Nova Scotian lines that a much less sum would represent the amount necessary to complete the Intercolonial. The handing over of the Intercolonial to a private enterprise would not, in all probability, be profitable because it is not in connection with any other existing lines. He believed, therefore, that it would be absolutely necessary to combine the existing lines with it, and apply a portion of the Loan on the Intercolonial now being built, in connection with the lines that have already been constructed because the traffic of those lines depended greatly on what might be brought from the former. 253 miles of railway were already in running order, having a certain amount of commercial value and which he believed under individual management would be found to be profitable to their owners. Government could not manage them as advantageously as private parties. The effect of his resolutions was, to ask the government if any responsible persons can be found to undertake the building and working of the whole system of these Railways. He did not desire to take any power from the Government, but rather wished to place it more in their hands, by allowing them to ascertain if this can be done. If it was found that this could be done, he was willing to leave it to the Government to state what steps shall be taken. All he desired was that, if there was a possibility of managing these roads without any future charge on the country, and applying the value of existing roads to the construction of the Intercolonial, that this should be done. This was at present as important a matter as the House could consider. When the House was obliged to talk of the disagreeable subject of taxation, it was surely an object to endeavor to reduce the burdens of the people for all time to come. The amount proposed to be saved would represent the widening of the Welland Canal or the opening up of the Ottawa. A difficulty might be claimed to arise from the fact, of our having gone so far in the matter, but surely the Imperial Government would be the last in the world to ask us to spend a dollar more than is necessary in the matter. The building of the line was not imposed upon us by the Imperial Government, which aided us by a guarantee, but by the Provinces themselves. If we could show the Home Government, that by a different system, we could save a great deal of money, we should meet the readiest response at their hands. He said he hoped his resolutions would not be taken as a censure upon the Government. He did not intend it as such. He would go further and say, that if the Government was willing to state that the matter would be taken up by them, and inquiries towards a reduction of cost made, he would ask leave to withdraw his resolutions.

TO BE CONTINUED.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

THE MARKET—TUESDAY.—Was very good considering the state of the roads; very little change in prices.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bees & Co's, 21 Sussex street.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

POLICE COURT—TUESDAY.—Etienne Billeau ... on the streets—sent to gaol for one month.

Another case of drunk—dismissed.

SLATTERY'S BEEF.—This popular butcher is in preparation for the Easter Market, with lots of first-class stall fed cattle. See advertisement.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

We would especially call the attention of our readers to Messrs. A. & W. Angus' advertisement of boots and shoes. They claim superiority in style and finish, and reasonableness of price.

THE FRESHET.—The times are all in full ... on the rivers about the city. The mills have started, and everything gives indications of our usual summer enterprise.

DR. SCHULTZ.—A meeting of the medical practitioners of the city took place yesterday in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute when a demonstration to Dr. Schultz was agreed upon. The time will likely be Thursday—the place likely Knox's.

Messrs. O'Meara & Co., have received there spring importations, and deserve a large share of the public patronage. Their goods are of first quality, and they are excellent tailors. They fit well, charge moderately, and never fail to give full satisfaction to their numerous customers.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of the following sums in aid of the Institution; From James Whyte, Esq., one dollar green back; Rev. A. Morris, Nepean, one dollar and fifty cents; Rev. H. Pollard, proceeds of Christ's Church and Chapel Readings, forty dollars.

MARSHALL'S COMEDY AND BURLESQUE CO.—Mr. Marshall is somewhat familiar with the Ottawa public as a theatrical manager. He is known as a man of good taste, and an honorable individual. Mr. Marshall's Company must be good, or he never would introduce it. He opens his season at Her Majesty's Theatre on Thursday next.

THE FIRE.—This morning shortly after midnight a stable between Rideau and Besserer streets, near King street, in the possession of one Edwards, a butcher, was discovered to be on fire. Before alarm was given the flames had extended to a carpenter shop, owned by Mr. Donald Dow. The fire brigade were soon on hand, but were impeded in their laborious work from want of water. A good house owned by a Mr. Alexander Hawley caught fire and was consumed. It required earnest exertions of both the firemen and Hook and Ladder men to save the adjoining house. On party—a young man—... on the roof of the house adjoining, and for several hours horizontally bound alternately the roof showers of the engines, and the fearful heat, and suffocating smoke from the consuming building not four feet from him. His cool courage attracted the admiration of the surrounding hundreds. Mr. Hawley was insured in the Ætna for $500. Mr. Dow had no insurance on his buildings.

The Assizes.

APRIL 12, 1870.

The Court of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas was opened at noon to-day, Justice Galt presiding.

The following is a list of the Grand Jury: James Allen, Henry Mitchell, Thomas McEvoy, William Kearns, Bartholomew Gilligan, Nicholas Clark, Wilson Blair, Patrick McKenna, James Buchanan, Robert Argue, James Hodgins, Thomas Graham, Robert Kidd, David Wilson, R. Lett, John Neil, D. T. Browne, George Hay, Robert Mackay.

Thomas C. Keefer, Foreman.

After the jury had been sworn, His Lordship congratulated them, in his address, on the light docket before the Court. That there were but three cases to especially engage their attention. A case of assault. The larceny cases were, as a matter of course, familiar with the public—His Lordship then read the law regarding larceny. The cases of false pretences were alluded to and the definition of the offence given under the Dominion Act. His Lordship submitted these matters to the Grand Jury, and stated it would afford him pleasure to discharge them from their duties at the earliest possible period. The Court then went into the civil cases.

Yesterday was spent after the Court's organization in the case of Pruthom vs. the Ætna Insurance Company, claiming $5,400, and another of Pridham vs. the Home Insurance Company, wherein the plaintiff claimed for $5,400. Messrs. Anderson and Kilpatrick for defendant, Mr. Hibbard, of Buffalo, watching the case. James O'Reilly, Esq., Q. C., and Mr. Britton for plaintiff. The case was brought for insurance on the propeller *Colonist*. The vessel left Milwaukee on the 15th Nov. last, for Montreal, with a cargo of wheat and flour. She put into Manitowoc, on Lake Michigan, during a gale. She broke away from her moorings, and drifted into a bay. She had been set on her pins, and started again, apparently all right. Passing the Mackinaw Straits the vessel began to leak, and made water so fast, that notwithstanding the efforts of the sailors, the vessel sank within an hour. The crew had barely time to escape. The actions were brought to recover the amount insured for. The Companies resisted, on the grounds that Prudhom had no insurable interest in the vessel, and that if any injury had been sustained the Companies were not liable, as the vessel was not sea-worthy at the time of her loss.

The jury brought in verdicts for the amounts claimed, subject to the opinion of the Court.

The Grand Jury sent in true bills against Reiffenstein, for the Townships of Beverly, Thurlow and Sydney, the amount, $1,678.50; also Wilmot, amount $439.50.

DIED.

In this city, at his father's residence, on the 12th instant, Richard O. St. George, in the 23rd year of his age, and grandson of the late Sir Richard Bligh St. George, Baronet, of Woodsgift, in the County of Kilkenny, Ireland.

Friends and acquaintances will please attend the funeral at 3 o'clock, p.m., on Thursday next.

The deceased was for years an employee in the office of this paper, and by his urbanity and genial disposition, endeared himself to all who knew him. He was also a member of No. 2 Battery, Ottawa Garrison Artillery, Capt Cotton; and it was while serving with this Battery, at Prescott, in November last, that he contracted the fell disease which terminated so fatally. May he rest in peace.

Irish papers please copy.

At Gatineau Mills, Hull, on the 11th instant, Anne Weir, eldest daughter of John Mather, aged 17 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, the 14th instant, at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her father's residence to the place of interment, Chelsea. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

First appearance of the popular colloquial actor,

MR. ALBERT AIKEN.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 14th, will be produced the entirely new sensational drama, by ALBERT H. AIKEN, in five acts, entitled

THE WITCHES OF NEW YORK.

In which the entire strength of the company will appear.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's.

Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.......................MR J MARSHALL

April 12, 1870 1332 6

EASTER BEEF!!

AT

WILLIAM SLATTERY'S STALL,

MARKET CORNER.

THE BEST BEEF IN THE CITY!

Among other first class animals for the Easter Market, a COW—unrivalled beef in the city—two magnificent STEERS, fed by himself.

A fine STEER, reared by John Grady, of Nepean.

ALL YOUNG BEEF.

Let those who make gay at Easter call at Slattery's Corner Market Hall. 1332tf

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No 3 Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of MAY next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, 30th March 1870 1332 3

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

WANTED, Board and Lodging by a young gentleman, in a private family, in the vicinity of Centre Town. Address, B B, TIMES Office 1332 1

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Helton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00		9.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon				5.30
St. John, N.B.; daily		12 Noon				5.30
United States	7.00	12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		5.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage			6.00	8.00		
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00	12 Noon			11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau						6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	6.30		12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having secured the services of a first class Cutter, MR. W. J. MILAN, of Milan & Son, Successors to Buckmaster & Co., Military Tailors, Edinburgh, are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

As prices are not calculated either for long credit or bad debts, ready money customers may rely upon getting superior and stylish garments at a moderate price.

Our Tailoring Department is now supplied with a splendid assortment of

NEW BROADCLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
COATINGS,
VESTINGS,
ENGLISH,
SCOTCH,
and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT,
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL,
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00. May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1332td

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sappers' Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT, and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1311 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,
Hats,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers and
Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not. As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the ... .

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments.

Sales This Week.

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

On Wednesday, 13th at 11 o'clock, House and Lot on St. Andrew street, and lot in St. Joseph's.

On Saturday, 16th inst., at the Custom House, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock, a. m., Condemned Goods.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE,

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

House and lot in St. Andrew street, City of Ottawa, and a Lot in St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester.

The Subscriber will offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., Lot No. 15, South Side of St. Andrew street, 66 by 99, with dwellings and sheds thereon. This is a very fine Lot, well situated, and joins Mr. Leclair's large brick house, corner of St. Andrew and Dalhousie streets.

At the same time and place, corner Lot No. 5, Village of St. Joseph's, Township of Gloucester having a frontage of 200 feet on St. John street and 100 feet on Ottawa street. A valuable and excellent building lot.

All must be sold, as the owner is leaving the country. A clear deed will be given on both lots.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1330td

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE

—OF—

CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.

Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870 1330td

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 16, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming, Lumbering and community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

20th APRIL INSTANT.

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting, Stamping, Punching Benches, &c. &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose.

Apply to

GEORGE TYRRELL,
74 Sussex street, Ottawa.
Or to GEORGE BURY,
Box 842, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 3

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

138 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS, of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements.

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY,
At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO.
City of Quebec.

April 5, 1870. 1333 6

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

COURT OF REVISION.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Gloucester will be held at the Township Hall of Gloucester, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of MAY next, to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

C BILLINGS,
Clerk,
Gloucester.

Dated Gloucester, 4th April, 1870. 1314

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term o

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder, Daly Street.

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by La Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable hood, and turns easily. 1330a

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the rudimental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER!!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste 1336d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers.

Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1331a

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street, Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

"A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

Opposite H F McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N B—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1313 3m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect,
Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1318 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327d

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses. For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street

1306tM

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms, Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 13, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 32 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 13	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	2 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

Are you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say that, as I had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. EDGAN.

St. John, N.B. November 2nd.

Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Hagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

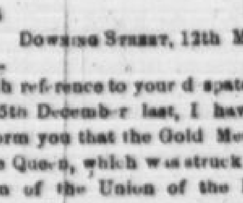
S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great Shoshonees Remedy for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in that they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from a counterfeit and imitation.—Custom, Schenectady.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.



CANADA,

No 64

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

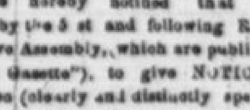
With reference to your despatch No. 151 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., &c. &c., &c. 1228 2



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

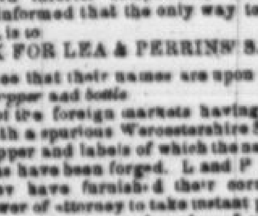
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.



GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESS^{RS} GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

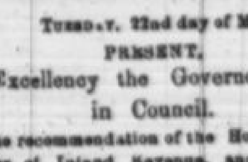
GABRIEL'S GOLD ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without injuring them, removes all traces of powder and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1323 Lawm Lawkm



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given an conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1866, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1318 3

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 18, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 15 and 16, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Ayton, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinney, Barristers, Ottawa. Jeb-141-tf

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.*

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or Grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and agilest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back disease. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease,

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are infested with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN Hall, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles for the public.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by S. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. MCK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HASSETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 997y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

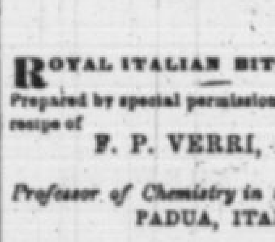
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal 74 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1032tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

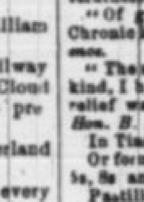
The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent

1117y



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows.

D W RAMSDELL & CO., 218 Pearl Street, N.Y., or 191 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

16 3

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

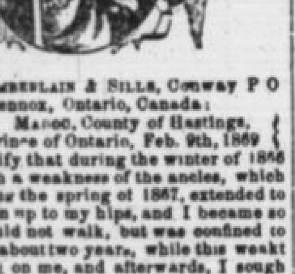
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS, TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $5,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,000), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T BAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 50, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game, etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

29tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 25, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

38 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS, Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Alkabasay

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1826d

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs. JOHNSTON & NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its important risks shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and for the promptness of its settlements this Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always on hand, and important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses unsettled.

It respectfully solicits a share of the business of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET,

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

P. BASKERVILLE

Wholesale and Retail

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Just receiving 500 Chests Teas, and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best.

Those not having had a trial are requested to call and judge for themselves. Your neighbours who have tried the Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—P. BASKERVILLE.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READERS.

Are you afflicted with Rheumatism? Instant relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid. The GREAT PAIN CURE. Neuralgia cured in three minutes. Fraser's Magnetic Fluid is distinguishable from the intenseness of its pain. Attack, may be cured with Fraser's Magnetic Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable matter and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists.

W W FRASER, Exchange

1364 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Herrings, and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 8, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Times Office, Centre Town, Ottawa.

Ayer's
Hair Vig
For restoring Gray
its natural Vitality

ened, falling hair
ness often, though
by its use. Nothing
hair where the follicles
or the glands atrophied
But such as remain
usefulness by this
of fouling the hair
ment, it will keep it
Its occasional use will
from turning gray or
consequently prevent
from those deleterious
make some preparations
injurious to the hair
only benefit but not harm
merely for a
HAIR DRESSING
nothing else can be
Containing neither oil
not soil white cambric
long on the hair, giving
lustre and a grateful
Prepared by Dr. J. C.
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL
LOWELL,
PRICE
Ottawa, August 7, 1869.
Ayer's Cherry
For Diseases of the Throat
such as Coughs, Colds
Cough, Bronchitis
and Consumption
Ayer's Ague
For Fever and Ague
Chill Fever
Ague, Periodical
and indeed all the
from malarious
poisons.
PROVINCIAL INSURANCE
of Canada, Head Office
THE PEOPLE'S
No. 36, RIDEAU
DUKE STREET
CHURCH STREET
P. BASKERVILLE
Wholesale and Retail
COMMISSION
READERS
FOR SALE
THE TIMES

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1333. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1256.t

JAMES WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, approved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Ramsay's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Kinahan's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Dawes' and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades, at wholesale dealers' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or our aim. 1185

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

IMPORTANT
TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years having compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my special purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest in Canada, and the question of quality is readily settled by making known the fact that I raise my vegetables from seed procured at any expense whatever, it is therefore the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported.

And another and important fact is that being raised and manufactured in Ottawa thereby avoiding freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than the importer.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to induce those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box No. 1, PostOffice, Ottawa.*

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau Canal.

Take Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected and the highest price given. 1196y

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 9½ Rideau street.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH.

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker
and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa
January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st.; Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

Whiskey.

NOTICE.

We are now prepared to take orders

FOR MESSRS.

GOODERHAM & WORTS,

OF TORONTO,

FOR

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

OLD RYE WHISKEY,

MALT WHISKEY,

TODDY WHISKEY,

FOR MARCH DELIVERY.

JAS. G. ROBINSON & CO,
Agents,
Ottawa.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,
Assignee.

Montreal, March 29th, 1870. 1329b

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, affecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that it is his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the existing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 35
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, 5:30 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

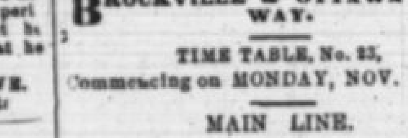
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 p m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 4.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 4.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, March 28, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect,
Metcalfe Street.

1327 3

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street

1306M1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1298t

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin street. 1328 SawR 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Eggs and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 36, Rideau steet, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 20. 1300-147

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New-York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all "

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS! AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

Opposite H. F. McCarthy's, Apothecary,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened out a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.

N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.

All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1212-3m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere; together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY,
At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO.
City of Quebec.

April 5, 1870. 1323 6

COURT OF REVISION.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Gloucester will be held at the Township Hall of Gloucester, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of MAY next, to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

C BILLINGS,
Clerk,
Gloucester.

Dated Gloucester, 4th April, 1870. 1std

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder, Daly Street.

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by La Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable hood, and turns easily. 1330a

BISHOP TACHE AND THE MURDER.

From the Ottawa Courier.

Bishop Tache, who is now exerting himself to the utmost to bring the giant half-breeds, who form a large portion of the population of Red River, to a full sense of the danger, which they incur by their lawlessness, is himself made the subject of reproach by newspapers in Ontario. The Bishop, who came from Rome to obtain a quieter attitude, if not unqualified submission from those who had for years been accustomed to listen to his mild counsels founded on the precepts of the gospel, is blamed for associating with the sinners of Red River. The man, who made Riel what he is, so far as education and knowledge go, receives censure instead of praise for endeavouring to appeal to all that is good within the chief insurgent in the hope of putting an end to a state of feeling, which has culminated already in one murder. Every conciliatory speech and action of the Bishop is tortured into sympathy with the offenders. Such misrepresentation emanating only from the Honourable Mr. Senator Skead would scarcely be offensive. Coming from the Hamilton *Spectator* it is even more annoying than offensive. The vulgar feeling of Ontario is so opposed to what it calls priestcraft, that no surprise is felt at the allegations of priestly cunning being at the bottom of President Riel's outrageous and ill-timed opposition to Canadian interests. In Ontario the belief is, among the vulgar, that everything which a Roman Catholic does is instigated by the Pope as certainly as ordinary people are supposed to be—when they become criminal—instigated by the Devil. Bishop Tache, having been at Rome and having of course, "interviewed" His Holiness, Pius the Ninth, was, of course, requested to keep up that feeling of religious antipathy, which is so productive of good results everywhere, and which it must be apparent, even to Mr Senator Skead, have a tendency to make people love their enemies. If Riel had only waited a few days until Bishop Tache had arrived at Fort Garry there would have been no murder. This is admitted. Governor Smith and all the people, who have come lately from Red River, being above the littleness of lending themselves to prejudice, admit this fact and say that Riel hast not the execution to make the Bishop's saving interference impossible. This Riel acknowledged a fear of the Bishop. This Riel had a conscience, educated by Bishop Tache, which Riel feared. His conscience, so educated and so influenced told him that what he contemplated was wrong and he was afraid to have it stirred up to too great a sense of right by Bishop Tache, and stifling his conscience he slew Scott, in fear that he might repent. Scott's death was the result of physical and moral cowardice. It was not the act of strong men. It was Jalbert hacking Weir to death, while tied behind a cart. It was the monster getting possession momentarily of Riel as it did of Jalbert, the murderer of his helpless prisoner in 1837. Both Riel and Jalbert knew that they were acting barbarously and contrary to all laws—human and divine—and they did hastily, what the better sense and better nature of others assuredly would have prevented. The murder of Weir stirred up English feeling in 1837, the death of Scott is stirring it up now. It needed not the stupidity of a Skead, to lay the blame of such a piece of folly as the Scott murder upon the shoulders of Bishop Tache. That gentleman and scholar, and priest deplores in his inmost soul the slaying of Scott as much as it is even possible for the honourable Mr. Senator Skead to do.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The House of Commons had a special sitting to-day when Mr Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, submitted his annual Budget. The Budget shows that the total amount of revenue received from all sources during the last fiscal year, ending march 31, 1870, was £75,324 000, and exceeded the estimate made early in the year by £1 919 000. Of the total receipts the Customs produced £21 529,000 against £21,410 000. Estimated Excise, £21,763,000 against £20 900,000. Estimated Stamp Duty, £9,248,000, against £8,850,000 Estimated Taxes, £4 500 000 amount estimated and income Tax, £10 044,000 against £9 360 000 estimate. New method of collecting taxes yielded £1,134,000 more than was anticipated. Total amount of expenditure for last fiscal year was £67,564,000 against the estimate of £18 408,000. Estimate for payment of interest on debt fell short of amount required £350,000. Expenses of the Army and Navy under than the estimates The surplus realized last year was £7 870 000 of which £4,300 000 have been expended in payment of debt resulting from the Abyssinian expedition. Expenditure for the current fiscal year, ending March 31st, 171, are estimated by Mr. Lowe at £67,113,000, which he says is £51 360 000 below the total amount of grant for the past year

The *Pall Mall Gazette* condemns Gladstone's shuffling policy on Irish matters, and predicts the defeat of the Irish Land Bill, on account of its obscurity of complication and ambiguity of its provisions.

The same paper urges instant despatch of a frigate to the fisheries to watch over the steamers there.

The *Scotsman* says that Gladstone received a letter signed by 200 members of the House of Commons, urging the adoption of the ballot.

The favourite in betting for the Derby and 2,000 guineas race is Lord Falmouth's *Kingcraft. McGregor, Sunshine, Sunlight, Carmel* and *Astolf* are also strongly backed to run.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* is assured that it is the intention of the Ecumenical Council to adopt the dogma of Papal infallibility by acclamation on Easter Monday, and that representatives of foreign powers in Rome, have resolved not to be present at the public session that day.

EDINBURGH.—The wood work in both shafts of the Bathgate colliery, took fire to-day while the miners were at work Seven men were suffocated; forty-nine were rescued.

CORK.—The Court is about to release Phillips, recently arrested as the alleged embezzler of Federal bonds, because American depositions were not forthcoming.

Despatches from Paris state that the Ministerial crisis is due to objections of a portion of the Cabinet, to the continuance of Plebiscitary power in the hands of the Executive

The weekly cotton circular will be issued on Thursday, on account of the occurrence of Good Friday, though the Stock Exchange will be open nearly every day. The business done will be small, as is generally the case on the approach of Easter.

Monday will be a close holiday in the market.

The *Observer* ridicules the rumors of changes in the British Ministry. The same paper alluding to the quarrel of the British shareholders with the Erie railroad managers, that owing to the slipshod style of American journalism, nothing can be known of the progress of Burt's mission except from private persons

LIVERPOOL.—The steamer *City of Durham* sailed to-day for Halifax. She was ordered to take a northerly course, and keep a sharp look out for the *City of Boston.*

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion
Auction Sale—J. Bermingham.
Easter Beef—Mitchell Bros.
Notice—F Braun.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1231d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

CHEATING THE REVENUE.

Very seldom does it happen to a public officer to get into trouble on account of the non-acceptance of a bribe. There have been a few, and a very few, public officers in Canada who have been supposed to be susceptible of bribes, and who have reaped the fruits of such susceptibility in a double sense There is, however, an exception to every rule. An example is afforded us in the case of Mr. John Lewis, Surveyor of Customs at the Port of Montreal, who, actually had the hardihood to refuse $500, offered to him by one William Bathgate, merely to suffer some tobacco and snuff to be weighed and stamped in the stores of Bathgate & Bro, of Montreal, instead of in the Examining Warehouse of the Customs The request was a trifling one, and compliance so easy, that it seems wonderful that Mr Lewis could have resisted the effect which the offer of $500 must have had upon his weak nerves. Offering $500 and paying $500 are somewhat different operations, and it does not certainly appear that Bathgate Bros. ever disbursed the money, although they might, in a quiet, business-like way, have hinted that a casual slip, or a half blind-fold examination of the snuff and tobacco, would have been cheap at that amount. Mr. Lewis denies upon oath that he got the money and Messrs. Bathgate & Bro. burned the books in which the entry was made touching the payment of this douceur to the Surveyor of Customs at Montreal. Mr. Lewis has published a pamphlet to show that he never got the money, never was offered the money, and never dreamed of being offered any money, and that it was not at all likely that men who have contributed in contraband tobacco so large a sum as $8,500 to the Customs would have offered a bribe of $500 and not have paid it. The Quebec *Gazette* thus alludes to the matter:—

"For several months Mr. Lewis has been before the community in the attitude of an indicted public officer, and although a previous irreproachable official life of a quarter of a century in the commercial metropolis of the country, gave assurance to his friends and acquaintances that he was innocent, yet it will easily be understood that he must have been deeply wounded by the malignant attempt of his accusers. We believe that the Minister of Customs was so well satisfied of the utterly false and abominably wicked nature of the impeachment, that he would have treated it with merited contempt, had not the accused himself entreated that a rigid examination should be instituted. Yielding to his desire Mr. Dunscombe, the able Collector of Customs, at Quebec, was appointed Commissioner for the special purpose of conducting the inquest, and after several weeks patient attention to the matter, during which the pretending informers had every facility afforded them of proving their allegations, they utterly broke down, and more than that, convicted themselves of the flagitious crime of attempting to ruin a man because he had not only impeded them in their attempts to defraud the revenue, but had actually detected them in a large operation of that kind, and so became the agent of their punishment. In substance they admitted that they were moved by a feeling of vengeance against Mr. Lewis because of the ability and energy he had exhibited in tracking them out in their tortuous ways. Certainly they must have forgotten when they laid their information against that officer, of having accepted a bribe, that it all agreed with his uncompromising determination to punish them for their frauds. It is creditable that a public officer who had suffered himself to be corrupted as the Bathgates pretended Mr Lewis had been, would venture to raise the ghosts of the parties who had paid him the hush money? Well as we have said, the Commissioner heard all that could be advanced, and the more he heard the more he was convinced that it was an atrocious conspiracy to ruin the accused, just because of his fidelity.

It we felt grieved for Mr. Lewis when we first heard of the defamatory charges brought against him, we are delighted to find him publicly vindicated from the slander by the following letter:—

OTTAWA, 31st March, 1870.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you, that the first part of the Report of J W Dunscombe, Esq, the commissioner appointed to investigate the charges of bribery and other acts of corrupt dereliction of duty, preferred against you by William Bathgate, merchant, of the City of Montreal, having been brought under the consideration of the Minister of Customs, I am directed to convey to you the expression of his entire satisfaction of the conclusion arrived at by the commissioner; and concurring in the opinion expressed by the Commissioner, the Minister of Customs begs at pleasure in confirming the full and honorable acquittal you have received, upon the charges above referred to in the conclusion of the Commission's able report.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant.
(Signed) R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

John Lewis, Esq.,
Surveyor of Customs,
Montreal, Canada.

THE RED RIVER DELEGATES.

The following article from the Montreal *Daily News* deserves a perusal. The delegates are, however, quite safe from outrage here. With a trifling exception, which it is not necessary further to notice, common sense prevails in Ottawa:—

We are sorry to see a wild spirit of revenge revealing itself in Ontario, and half muttered threats of personal violence to the delegates from Red River. Excited enthusiasts at Toronto swear on the platform of the railway station that they will not suffer the delegates to land there or continue their journey to Ottawa. The liberal and crusading press is responsible for this undignified and unseemly exhibition of temper. It should be remembered that the safety and honour of the country are confided to the inhabitants of that Province; that there are no Imperial troops to hold the balance and shield the weaker party, that the Dominion would be powerless if the chief member of the Confederation resisted its authority, for, disguise it as we may, it is Ontario that imparts a color to our political life. Withdraw Ontario from the Confederation and our Dominion would crumble to pieces It therefore is the more incumbent on that Province to act in a spirit of moderation and justice. What would it benefit the cause it has at heart if it seized and hanged the delegation? Nothing What would the civilized world say if the delegates were outraged, and what excuse could Ontario offer? None. We care not what view be taken of their appointment, their persons ought to be held sacred. They came hither trusting to our proverbial honor, and the humanity which hedges round an ambassador. Let us take the next probable view of the case, that they were nominated and elected under compulsion; that they had no heart for the mission, but were forced into traces. Would we, under such circumstances, be justified in wreaking our wrath upon agents who might adduce the form of their nomination as evidence that they did not share Riel's sentiments? If we take the opposite view of the case and admit that they faithfully reflect the sentiments of the party now in the ascendency at Red River, it is obviously our duty to listen to their exposition of griefs, their claim, for what they deem justice. It would be too monstrous to invoke *ex post facto* principles, and strain them to the utmost by making the delegates responsible for a crime in which they could not by any means have participated. They may, for ought we know, hold Riel's conduct in abhorrence, and, doubtless, when they learn the intense wrath which it has excited here, they would be amongst the first to denounce him. Had they been actors in the Scott tragedy we should not have said one word to save them from any fate Ontario might impose; but as their hands are clean, as they come in good faith to make known the sentiments of the North West population, the Government cannot do otherwise than receive them with courtesy. It is within the range of probabilities that they may become agents for the restoration of order, and that they are but too anxious to get rid of Riel and his brigands.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

In answer to questions,

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD stated that the Inman Company was not obliged under their contract to put on a faster steamer than the *City of Cork*, and the Government had been informed in answer to enquiry that the *City of Boston* was not overladen.

A short debate took place on Dr. GRANT'S motion for Mr. DAWSON'S proposed line of communication to the North West. He favoured the Northern route in the sense which he before urged at length.

Mr. MACKENZIE criticised this argument in a negative sense.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved in Committee on Loan Improvement fund in interest of occupiers of Government land.

Mr CASAULT warmly opposed the motion as not one for the Dominion Parliament to entertain, till the House arose at recess.

The Cloud on the Horizon.

It cannot but be a very perilous experiment for the British Government to send an armed force into the far off Western wilds, for the suppression of the Red River rebellion Braddock's defeat would most likely be repeated again; for there are hundreds of adventurous fellows all through the West and Northwest, who would join with the Winnipegs, just for the fun of the thing Then the Fenians would be very likely to improve the opportunity to make war upon the hated English in circumstances of advantage.

Gen. Riel's cruel, and, as it now seems, unnecessary execution of Scott, shows that he means business, though it is difficult to reconcile this fact with movements said to be going on for an amicable arrangement with the Canadian Government.—*Boston Daily News*

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

HAMILTON.

HAMILTON, April 13.

An indignation meeting was held last night in the Drill Shed. Three thousand people were present. The Mayor presided. Resolutions were passed expressing intense indignation at the cruel treatment given to the prisoners at Fort Garry, and horror at the atrocious murder of Scott, sympathising with the loyal subjects at Red River, and with the parents of Scott, and hoping that the Government will secure at any cost the possession of Red River and deal out a swift retribution upon outlaws and abettors of this public crime, and speedily establish law and order.

Copies of the resolutions are to be sent to the Canadian Government.

The resolutions were carried amid the utmost enthusiasm.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 13.

Since last night the river has fallen about three feet, and all fears of a further flood seem to be at an end.

The body of Mr. James Allan, lumber merchant, was found yesterday afternoon. He was drowned in the canal on St Patrick's day, having, it is thought stumbled into an air hole. At the inquest this afternoon the jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade, the Hon John Young, President, and Mr Masson Vice-President, tendered their resignations, as Hugh Allan protested that the late election was illegal, owing to their subscriptions not being paid.

Mr Young considers this action was taken to prevent him from entering the Board of Harbour Commissioners. New election on Tuesday week.

The Volunteer Militia force paraded last night at the armories. The number was highly creditable.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 13.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade a strong feeling was evinced against the imposition of a duty on coal imported from Great Britain and British possessions, and a resolution adopted that such a duty was detrimental to the advancement of trade and manufactures of the Province, and that such a duty would be a tax on Quebec city alone of $100,000 per annum, and would be favouring American, an inferior coal.

A deputation was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Henry Fry and P. Garneau to proceed to Ottawa to represent the matter to Government.

It is understood to-day, that the 69th Regt. leaves for the frontier this afternoon. They were under arms and in readiness since yesterday.

A bark passed Father Point this morning at 9 o'clock. weather fine.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—The Fenians are said to have left this city in large numbers lately, some say they have gone to attend Central Congress, but others own that they are gathering on the Canadian Frontier, with a view to make another raid. Arms and ammunition stored in Fenian armories in this city, are said to have been removed, but no body seems to know where they have been taken to.

CHICAGO.—Fenian Congress in this city has been in secret session for two days, about 250 delegates present, many of them the old members of the brotherhood. Congress is very reticent as to their future policy, but everything is said to be progressing well and harmoniously.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

(CONTINUED.)

OTTAWA, April 12th, 1870.

Mr. SHANLY said that attention had been attracted to the subject of the Intercolonial previous to the Act of Confederation, which, however, brought it before the country in a tangible form, when that subject had been discussed in the Quebec Conference. The railway project had not been popular, especially in Upper Canada, but when by the Quebec Conference it appeared that it became an object to carry it out, each part of the population had to give up local prejudices, and Upper Canada had accepted it freely as a political and social necessity, which was indispensible to the success of Confederation. He recollected a leading politician in Upper Canada, who was generally regarded as an opponent of public opinion, that rather than not have Confederation he would accept of the railways. It was undoubtedly a sacrifice made by Upper Canada to the general good, as the proportion from there to the cost of the Intercolonial Railway was very large. He spoke of Upper, more especially, as her position was peculiar. No part of the Railway touched any part of her territory, she would derive no direct benefit from its construction, and would derive no indirect benefit except such as might arise from political considerations. Upper Canada, however, having accepted the Railway willingly, would loyally carry out the policy. But there was a deep seated desire that there should be exercised the strictest economy in the construction.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that ought to be the feeling of every one.

Mr. SHANLY said that he believed there was a desire for economy of construction, and, by and by, getting rid of the management. Such a desire was much at the hearts of the people. The Act by which the Commissioners were appointed, was, no doubt, passed from a desire to adopt the cheapest and best machinery for carrying out the construction of the Railway. It had, not, however, proved successful. During the twelve months in which the line had been under contract, only one out of the five contractors, who had taken the first contracts, was going on with his work, the others had failed. Thus a whole year had been lost, while the necessary expenses were still going on. That the work should break down was a foregone conclusion, when the work was taken below its value, and the obtaining of sureties was no security for the fulfilment of the contracts, as they could not enforce the securities. All the good they could possibly gain by the said experience of last year was to try to profit by it, and try to adopt some cheaper mode. He could not say the Commissioners were at fault in the matter. The country and the House were quite as much to blame as they. They were obliged to accept the lowest tenders, had they done otherwise, great as was the dissatisfaction of the country, it would have been still more so, and there would have been difficulty in satisfying the country that there had not been jobbery and favouritism at work. Under these circumstances it was desirable to see if the time had not arrived for some modification, and to see what could be done to place matters on a better footing. The amount generally regarded as the cost of the road was $20,000,000. He believed it could be built for less.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIE—We believe it will.

Mr. SHANLY hoped so, but under the present system it would cost more than $20,000,000. The first step to be taken to secure economy, was to make complete disseverance from all Government control and connection, and the line must assume as much as possible the character of a private enterprise. He believed it feasible to make the railways in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick already built, aid in the construction of the Intercolonial line, and if they do so, many millions of dollars could be saved, and every year in the working of this road, tens and tens of thousands could be saved to the country. There were now in the Lower Provinces about 250 miles in operation, 108 in New Brunswick and the rest in Nova Scotia, the return on the capital in New Brunswick having been about one and a quarter per cent. In Nova Scotia the lines were comparatively new, and there should have been on them nothing beyond the ordinary expenses for working, yet the whole earnings had been swallowed up, certainly in three years to the amount of $140,000. If there was anything like proportionate loss on 700 miles, they would be destined to have great and grievous burdens laid on the revenue of the country every year. The only way to manage so as to save large sums being put on the estimates year after year as subsidiary to the earnings, was to put it under private management, which was better than any other. It should be made just as much a commercial transaction as any other line, or as the general roads of the country. He believed if the Government would make it generally known that they were prepared to give a subsidy of so much per mile, and that the other Government railways were to be put in as well as the International Railway itself, men of capital and ability would be found who would undertake the cost of building and subsequent management. Of course the road would have to be built under the specification of a Government engineer, and to be worked under the ordinary safeguards applicable to other lines, so that the country would be sure of provision for proper railway service. The Executive would thus be relieved of the embarrassment and vexation of having to bring before the House year after year the estimates, burdened with the annual cost of maintaining the line over and above the revenue derived from it. He was satisfied that a saving of one-third could be effected on the total cost of the line, conducted as a private enterprise, and not only would there be a saving of seven or eight millions more, but a saving in working expenses in the perpetual future and the severance of the Railway from Government control, would assure to the people who were most interested in it locally, a more efficient Railway service than they could otherwise expect. He had no intention to embarrass the Government in any way, but this was a question which it was absolutely necessary should be freely and fully discussed. There was no question before the country, except perhaps that of the Red River Territory, which was of more importance, and if the Government thought the resolution to be in accordance with the feeling of the House and country, he trusted they would accede to it. He would not have stood up if he had intended that this should be a vote of want of confidence in this administration. He had confidence in the Government, but desired the assurance of a complete remodelling of the policy with regard to the Intercolonial Railway.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON (Peel) thought a case had not been made out to justify the proposed change. It was the duty of the mover of the resolution, before asking for such a change, to point out in the most distinct manner how the Intercolonial as a commercial enterprise was to succeed. That he had failed to do. They were told that a subsidy would be absolutely necessary; and besides that the whole work would still have to be under the supervision of Government or rather of the Government engineers; so that, in point of fact, the change would simply be in the name. To all intents and purposes the enterprise would be exactly where it was now. The present arrangement was fixed by the Imperial Guarantee Act, and we could not change it without the consent of the Imperial Parliament. At present we could hold Government responsible for the efficient management of the work, and he did not believe the Imperial guarantee would have been granted had it been decided that our Government should not be directly responsible for the progress and completion of the work. Before the proposed change could be carried out we would have to go to the Imperial Parliament to get a new Act, and tell them that we wished to divest ourselves of a responsibility which we had voluntarily assumed. This railway was a political and not a commercial enterprise. It was a burden we were obliged to bear, and he believed the work could be more economically constructed under the control of Government, who were responsible to Parliament.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that no objection could be taken to the manner in which this question had been dealt with by both the mover and the seconder. There were two distinct propositions in the motion: the first proposition implied a censure on Government with regard to their policy in the matter of building the Intercolonial Railway; the second proposition implied a censure on Government in regard to their management of the railways in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The policy of the Government on these matters was discussed in the first session of the Dominion Parliament, and it was then determined that the best policy was to build the Railway by Commissioners appointed by Government. He believed the member for Sherbrooke had not made himself acquainted with the facts of the case. He had stated that after upwards of two years hardly anything had been done towards the progress of the work. He (Sir George) intended to prove that greater progress had been made on the Intercolonial than had been done in the same time on any other Railway built in Canada. He would show that the track was being built more quickly and economically than the Grand Trunk had been built. It was now two years since the Intercolonial had been commenced. The Commissioners were only appointed on the 11th December, 1868—only a year and four months ago. What had they done since that time? Plans had to be made, and notices calling for tenders published, all of which took up time. They could not expect the work to be built in half an hour, like the fairy castles in the London theatres, which he and his friend from Sherbrooke had seen, and which vanished beautifully in five minutes (laughter). It was not so with the Intercolonial Railway. As soon as the Commissioners were appointed, it was deemed important to let some of the work, although the plans and general information were very imperfect. The first tenders were received on the 8th February, 1869, for 70 miles—viz., 40 miles in Quebec, two contracts; 24 miles in New Brunswick, one contract; and 26 in Nova Scotia, one contract. For these four contracts on an average 62 tenders were sent in for each contract. On the 5th April, 1869, three more contracts were let, covering 71 miles. For these an average of 84 tenders for each section were received. On the 8th October, of the same year, tenders were received for five more sections, covering 90 miles, making a total of 251 miles under contract last October. If that was not quick work he would like to know what practical railway men would call it. The total cost of all these contracts, covering 251 miles, was $3,567,022, and the amount actually paid up to 31st Dec. 1869, was $335,766, or about ten per cent. of the whole. Practically, however, this only covered the preparation for the work, as 90 miles was only let at the end of October, when the working season was nearly over. The per centage of work done on the seven contracts let in February and April, 1869, was as follows:—No. 1, 34.80 per cent, No. 2, 18.55 per cent, No. 3, 90.2 per cent, No. 4, 14.14 per cent. These were the contracts let in Feb., 1869. The following were let in April:—No. 5, 12.26 per cent, No. 6, 9.91 per cent, No. 7, 11.80 per cent. Proper progress not having been made in Sections 3 to 7, they were annulled. They would all be re-let by the middle of May, or in time for the working season of the year. He would now show what the Commissioners had done in regard to putting the whole line under contract. Four more contracts will be let in a few days, covering 74 miles; by the end of May four more contracts will be let, covering 55½ miles, and including the heavy bridges across the rivers Restigouche and Miramichi. Thus by the beginning of the season this year, there would be 380 miles under active construction, divided into twenty contracts, and including all the heavy and difficult work throughout the line. There would then only be 72 miles to put under contract between Miramichi and Moncton, where the work was light and easy. The surveys were being rapidly completed, and the contracts would be let during next summer. By next summer the whole line would be under contract. Thirty-seven miles, called the Eastern Extension Railway, built by a company under the auspices of the New Brunswick Government was bought as part of the Intercolonial at a cost of $24,000 a mile, though the proprietors contended they had lost by the transaction $200,000. But this was not all the progress that had been made. Great progress had been made in the purchase of land along the line, and that work would be completed during the present year. The principal work shops for the line had been established at Moncton, and a large and valuable tract of land at the proper position had been acquired on reasonable terms. A quantity of rolling stock was being contracted for, and would be ready as soon as parts of the road required it. The line could be completed between Riviere du Loup and Rimouski by the early part of the summer of 1871, which would make a saving of about 12 hours in the delivery of the inward English mails. With regard to the failure of some of the contractors, there was nothing in that. The same might have happened if the work had been placed in the hands of large contractors, who would sub-let it to smaller contractors. Thank God, under the present system we had no large contractors, and of the small ones only one had failed and that was owing to his own fault. Large contractors made all the profit, which was now saved by letting out the work directly in small sections. When the Grand Trunk between Montreal and Toronto was being built, many of the sub-contractors failed. The contract was let to Brassey, Peto and Co., at £8,000 sterling a mile, payable one fourth cash, and one-fourth in the stock of the Company, and the remainder in the debentures of the Company. These latter greatly depreciated in value, and caused Brassy & Co. heavy losses. All their work was sublet, in many cases three or four times, owing to the parties failing, but did not hear anything about them, so that the policy of letting out work to large contractors did not save contractors from suffering loss. With regard to time the contrast between the progress of the work on the Intercolonial and the Grand Trunk was equally favourable to the former. It took about three years to complete the railway from Montreal to Toronto, and about two years and a half from Toronto to Sarnia. In the case of the Intercolonial, though the Commissioners had only been appointed the other day, the line from Rimouski to Riviere du Loup would be in operation by the summer of next year, and the remainder of the work is in an advanced state of progress. Because the first contractors burnt their fingers that was no reason why other contractors should not be found to build up the remaining portion of the line. For the last section, for which tenders were asked, eighty-two contractors had sent in tenders Nearly 300 tenders had altogether been received. The Government was better protected than if the work was let out to one large contractor, who would sublet it to other minor contractors, each of whom would have to make his profits. The Grand Trunk from Montreal to Toronto had cost the Company through this plan £12,000 sterling a mile; from Toronto to Sarnia it cost £10,000 a mile. The Intercolonial, the Government believed, would cost not more than £7,000, and would be the best built line in the country. The contractors would be paid for the work they did, whereas the men who really did the work on the Grand Trunk only got about £5,000 a mile. The motion of the hon. gentleman was untimely, as the policy of the Government was the best that could be adopted.

At six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER continued—He said that by the Bill enacting that the Intercolonial Railway should be built, it was provided that when the Railway should be completed, the Government shall be empowered to enter into arrangements for the working thereof, such arrangements not to be for a longer period than the next sitting of the Legislature. It would be time enough then for the hon. member for Sherbrooke to move in this matter. Until then, his resolutions were premature and untimely. When the whole system of railways was complete, then would be the time to see about making arrangements with private persons for working them. If the railways of Nova Scotia were worked by private parties, such tolls and rates, it was true, might be put into effect as would pinch the people into the production of a profit to them. These parties would not be responsible to the people as the Government were.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said that all the people in the Province were now paying for the benefit of those who travelled on the railways.

Hon. Sir G. E. CARTIER Yes, they had contracted to do so, and the hon. gentleman was one of those with whom they had contracted. The hon. gentleman had said that the Nova Scotia railways had been badly worked because they did not yield a profit. On that principle the New Brunswick railways must be well worked because they yielded a profit. If the Government were not to work these railways why should they work the canals of the country? The hon. gentleman had commenced his speech by quoting from a very good authority, Mr. Todd, to show that motions against going into Committee of Supply. were not necessary motions of want of confidence. He (Sir George) considered that the Government were the best judges of that. They considered a motion, one of want of confidence, a direct censure. He was very sorry to hear the member for Grenville say that the Railway was not favourably considered in Ontario. This was because the question was not looked at in a proper spirit. The Railway would be beneficial to the Province of Ontario in the same way as the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals were of benefit to the Lower Provinces. If by some misfortune the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington should put an end to the bonding system, what would become of our through tariff without the Railway? The loss in one year would be more than the entire cost of the Railway.

Mr. BOLTON said that in the remarks he proposed offering, he would chiefly confine himself to the second proposition contained in the motion, namely, the advisability of relieving the Government from the maintenance and working of Railways, but would briefly advert to the arguments of the hon. member for Peel, who could not discover the economy that was to be obtained by granting a subsidy to a private Company, while the work was to be prosecuted under the supervision of Government Engineers. As New Brunswick had experience of both systems, he could speak with some authority upon the subject, and he was sure that in his statements and conclusions he would be borne out by the Hon. Minister of Customs who, as leader of the New Brunswick Government, had inaugurated the subsidy principles that had worked so admirably in that Province. The first Railway built in New Brunswick was a Government work, 108 miles in length, costing about four millions and three-quarters of dollars. It was doubtless a good road, but cost entirely too much money. When the popular demand came for Railway extension, the Government wisely decided that private enterprise must guide the works in future and that subsidies to the extent of ten thousand dollars per mile would be granted—when built under Government supervision and approval. One hundred and eight miles of railway have been built under these subsidies, at a cost to the Province of $1,800,000 a distance in mileage of considerably over one third of the Intercolonial Road;—had the subsidy plan been adopted with the first road, over two millions of dollars would have been saved to the Province. True the road is the property of the Dominion now, but it has not paid over maintenance, but the half of one per cent per anum,—therefore a not very valuable asset—H would ask the attention of the House to consider the result of Government working and maintaining roads as evidenced by the reports on the Nova Scotian Roads. The hon. mover had quite understood the losses incurred by the Dominion on the management of these roads, and he was prepared to show from the public accounts that for the three years since the Union, with the estimates made for the fourth year, the loss on working and maintaining these roads would be not less than four hundred thousand dollars. He would ask, are the people of this Dominion satisfied that such a state of things should continue, and when taxes of the most onerous kind are being imposed to meet the ordinary expenditure of the country. Surely it was the duty of every hon. member to aid in preventing such a waste of money as attended the management of these roads. He pointed out that by the management of the Local Government, as shewn by these reports, that while but 93 miles were in operation a profit was shewn for eight consecutive years of an average of twenty seven thousand dollars per annum, and the very first year that these roads came under the management of the Dominion, although fifty three miles of new road to Picton had been opened, it is found that the whole receipts are consumed in working expenses, and about seventy thousand dollars more added to capital accounts, and thus have the losses continued on these Nova Scotia roads averaging about one hundred thousand dollars per annum. He would ask if the people of Ontario and Quebec are willing that such a state of things should continue. Would it not be infinitely better to get rid of these works, if they could be made to aid in the construction of the Intercolonial, as proposed in the resolutions. A relative loss on the whole road, when completed, would involve a loss of half a million of dollars per annum. He would not say that the loss by the management of any other Government would be less than by the present. It was impossible for any Government to manage public works with the economy of a private company—the inevitable yielding to political pressure would invariably prevent this. An officer had been sent to Nova Scotia to improve railway management there. No sooner had he begun to effect necessary changes, both in tariff and official duties, than loud complaints were made and political influences brought to bear, until the pressure was so great that the Government had to yield, and the officer withdrawn. Such will always be the case with Government management. Reference had been made to the management of the New Brunswick. It was, doubtless, well managed, but as before named the return was small for the amount invested; but here the evil of a Government ownership was also visible. A strong appeal had been made to Ottawa, from the Government, a grant of a quarter of million of dollars to aid in building a bridge across the St. John River, and if he was not much mistaken, promises had been made that this grant would be made next year. If this grant is made, ten years earnings of the road will be swept away, and such claims would be constantly necessary so long as the Government retained an interest with works, and political pressure would squeeze out the money in some way. Therefore, he was convinced that it would be for the interest of the country, and for the comfort and credit of the Government, to dispose of all these roads, and rid themselves of their management at the earliest possible moment. The hon. minister of Militia had spoken of the value of the Intercolonial Railway to Ontario as an outlet to the sea in the event of the United States abrogating the bonding system. He would pity Ontario if ever she was reduced to the necessity of adopting such an outlet. They might as well destroy their produce at home as have its entire value consumed in transmitting it over such a circuitous and consequently expensive journey. He was glad to notice the spirit in which the resolutions had been offered by the movers, and received by the Government as he felt assured the only object of the movers was to protect and advance the interests of the Dominion, and in this spirit he would support the resolutions.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY was glad to hear that the prospects of the Intercolonial Railway were not so bad as had been represented. It had been distinctly stated that enormous losses would be sustained by building the line, while all the arguments now brought forward went to show that there was money it, and that it would pay moneyed men to undertake to build it. It was encouraging to find that the prospect was the reverse of that which might have been expected from the gloomy views held by many gentlemen, including the member for Charlotte.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Did not the Minister of Customs himself take gloomy views of the subject and threaten to leave the Government.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said, in reply, that even if he had differed from his colleagues in some points connected with the construction of the road, he had a precedent from the conduct of the member for Sherbrooke, when he brought forward a tariff opposed to his views, for remaining in the Ministry. When the subject of Confederation was discussed in New Brunswick, and authority had been given to the delegates to proceed to England to negotiate the terms, one of those which it was desired should be obtained was a guarantee for the Intercolonial Railway being built. Had that not been given, he was sure New Brunswick would not have come in. He would not go into the legal question, but he did not doubt that not only would there be required an application to the Imperial Government, but also to the Imperial Parliament to change the construction of the work from the hands of the Commissioners to those of private individuals with subsidies. Some members from New Brunswick had not been satisfied with the location of the road, and it was even said that a desire had been expressed to abandon the condition, and to try if some other means could not be adopted to secure the union. They had now, however, a guarantee for the construction of the line. There might be a little delay; instead of three it might be four years, but there is no doubt of the final construction of the work. What reason had been given for a change in the present system? They were told it was because the present contracts were so low, and the work had been taken so cheap that all the contractors were to be ruined. Therefore, they were to hand it over to private individuals who would build it for less, and yet all make money out of it. That was practically the point. The mover of the resolution said that they might succeed by getting $30,000 a mile subsidy, and in New Brunswick it was said they had built 180 miles with a subsidy of $10,000. This included the Western Extension, which went to the Maine boundary and connected with American lines. Besides the $880,000 there was taken of the stock 3,000 shares, making by the Provinces an advance of $1,180,000. The city of St. John gave $200,000, and by the issue of the Company's bonds to the amount of $2,000,000, added to these, the sum of $40,000 a mile was raised for the construction of that line. If it was possible for any line to pay, this was the one most likely to do so. The other railways had received $2,000,000 from the Government, but they had received a like amount of local aid.

Mr. MACKENZIE—That is the sum raised by themselves.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY—Well, the hon. gentleman would not pretend that the road was built for $10,000 or even $20,000. The Intercolonial Railway would not cost $32,000 a mile, even at higher rates than those which they were now paying. He could understand how men of capital, or even without capital, would undertake the work with a subsidy of $30,000, throwing in all rest of the railway, 173 miles in length There would be 63 miles to Truro, and the lines from St. John to the junction were worth $3,000,000.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said he had spoken of a subsidy of $25,000 or £30,000 in making the calculation as to saving, but the value of the other Railways, he said, was to be deducted from this.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY—Well, suppose $30,000 paid and the Railways handed over at their own prices, which would, by their account, be worth nothing. They had yielded $50,000 a year, and he knew if at present they paid interest on three-quarters of a million, they would be worth double when the connection was made between Halifax and the United States. It would be a difficult question to consider, when they were completed, whether arrangements could not be made for working them, and advances had already been made twelve months ago, and large sums offered for long leases by persons connected with the American Railways who wished to control the road. He could easily understand that plenty would be ready to take the line at $30,000 and the branches besides, and then have the management of these at a nominal value. Then it was said that in three years the Nova Scotia Railways had lost $140,000 since Confederation, and the member for Charlotte said that before that time considerable profits had been secured. The member for Sherbrooke had stated that the Nova Scotia Railways were all new. The line from Truro to Pictou was so, but on the others they had removed all the wooden bridges, many of which had decayed from age, and substituted iron bridges, an expenditure which ought properly to have gone to their construction account, but was all charged against the Nova Scotia lines to show that they did not pay. The member for Charlotte had referred to the expense of constructing the line in New Brunswick under Commissioners. Why, the line from the City of St. John to Shediac was the most substantial and the best built road on this continent, the only fault being found that it was too good. That line was built by Commissioners, and cost less, notwithstanding the Victoria Bridge, than the Grand Trunk Railway. It was true that since that time some branches had been built at a cheaper rate, but there was no comparison between them and the other works. He thought that the proposition to change the law so as to take the matter out of the hands of the Commissioners had not been properly supported. The expenses connected with the administration were necessarily light, and including all charges did not amount to one-half per cent. He saw nothing to necessitate any change, which should be supported on the ground of mismanagement or extravagance neither of which had the mover alleged. As to the management of the New Brunswick line he did not see how they could improve it by placing it in other hands. As to the remarks respecting the proposal by the Government to introduce such a system as was in New Brunswick, he could only say that it was introduced and in operation.

Hon. Mr. BOLTON—With the same tariff?

Hon. Mr. TILLEY—Very nearly so, except on that portion of the line near the city, in which arrangements had been made to carry the freight into the city by the tramway, a distance of a mile and a half. In the present condition of the lines disjointed and unconnected, their whole value was not yet understood, and he was satisfied they would yet pay the interest on over $3,000,000. He was satisfied also that when the net earnings were fairly ascertained they could let them, if it was thought desirable to do so, to great advantage to the Dominion.

Hon. CHARLES CONNELL said he had been amazed at the anxiety displayed by by Minister of Customs, that the members should not touch the matter in case something should arise to disturb the arrangements for the building of the road. His remarks with respect to the present line, were rather surprising, and he would wish to ask the hon. gentleman if he would have made the statements regarding that route before Confederation was accomplished, that he had made then.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said that he had expressed his opinion that the central route was probably the one best fitted for the line.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL said the honourable gentleman had not only expressed his opinion on that point, but had spoken in such terms as to lead the people to believe that it was a matter which did not admit of a doubt, and stated further that the British Government had no objections to adopt that, as the line in aid of which a guarantee would be given. In supporting the motion of the member for Sherbrooke, he (Mr. Connell) had no intention to do anything by which the construction of the road would be endangered. The building of the road formed part of what might be called the contract between the British Government and the Canadian Government. He thought an unfortunate selection had been made; a view which had at one time, at least, been shared by the Minister of Customs, whose statement, now that it was a good commercial undertaking, because people with capital would take it up, was rather astonishing to those who knew what his former course on this subject had been. The object of those who offered to construct the road, as he understood it, was not so much to derive any immediate profit from the work, but being connected with other roads which must to some extent be worked along with this line, they desired to have such control over it as would enable them to make proper working arrangements (hear, hear, and ironical cheers from the Ministry). If a subsidy were given to secure them against loss they would be prepared to build the line at such a rate as would save a large amount of capital to the Dominion (hear, hear). If he was rightly informed, and he believed the parties were known and were men abundantly able to fulfil any engagement they might come under, they would come forward at the proper time (hear, hear). If the Government accepted this resolution, which he thought it was for the best interests of the country they should do, they would, he knew, be satisfied with the parties prepared to offer, and the people of the Dominion would find that a saving could be effected of at least $6,000,000, or $7,000,000. He would warn those who talked of building canals and of opening up a road to Red River, how they allowed so large a sum as this to be squandered when it might be saved, and begged them to reflect on the course taken by the Finance Minister, which, if persevered in, would leave the country in bankruptcy. It was not, a time to be indulging in extravagance when new taxes had to be devised to meet the current expenditure. At such a time the strictest economy ought to be insisted on and the pruning knife ought to be applied to cut off the host of officials with which the country was infested. By such a course a large saving would be effected, and a much greater efficiency secured. It was absolutely necessary that everything possible should be saved when so many expenditures were pressing and had to be met. It was well known that the Nova Scotia Railways would shortly have to be renewed; that large expenses would be required to provide for the re-arrangement of the line, and that a very large sum would have to be expended at the terminus of the road at Halifax. The results of the working of the line might easily be seen by any one who would study the Public Accounts in relation to these roads, and these showed that a great loss had been sustained in working them. The New Brunswick lines were, no doubt, valuable and well made roads; but on them, even, sums were charged to capital account which should have been charged to revenue, and the Minister of Customs knew well that under any circumstances they would not leave any great profit to the Government. To get a proper Western Extension, it would be necessary to build an expensive bridge across the river St. John, and when all the cost had been incurred, he thought no sane man would maintain that any Government would make a profit on working, so that to place such a value on the road, as had been done, was absurd and unjustifiable. He was astonished to hear the Minister of Customs generally put down the value at $3,000,000. Why, last year the Nova Scotia Railways had cost $90,000 over and above all the revenue received, and this year a still larger sum would be required, and necessarily so in order to put the road in the condition in which it ought to be. After all this expenditure these roads would never pay one dollar towards the income of the Dominion, but on the contrary every year there would require to be paid a large sum of money beyond their earnings to maintain them. With respect to the Intercolonial Road, he thought the position of the Government should be clearly understood and also the amount which it would cost. By the present system it was impossible to ascertain what the ultimate liabilities would be, whereas by granting a subsidy to those who would undertake to finish and work the road, they would know the worst at once. By this means a large saving could be effected, out of which some portion of the improvement of the Ottawa could be effected, a certain amount of the communication to the Red River could be opened up and some part of the work on the canals could be attended to. These were matters which demanded the earliest attention of the Government, for if the enlargement of the canals were not attended to speedily, the New York routes would open up a way which would be most detrimental to the best interests of the Dominion. He hoped the resolution of the member for Sherbrooke would meet the approval of the House, as he knew it would be generally approved of throughout the country. An opportunity should also be given to the people to speak out. In the Maritime Provinces they had no opportunity of considering proposals coming before the House, as they were, as a general rule, settled before they could hear of them. He had no desire to make this a vote of want of confidence in the Government, but the question involved was one in which the people were interested in a financial point of view, and when the member for Grenville, in whose opinion on subjects of this kind the whole Dominion had entire confidence, spoke as he had done, it ought to be sufficient to warn the Government to consider well what steps they should take to meet the wants and wishes of the people and to establish a thorough system of economy in this matter.

Hon. Col. GRAY said it was part of the Union Act that the Intercolonial should be immediately constructed, and the hon. member for Sherbrooke was one of the delegates who assisted to draw up that Act. It was surprising to see him undertaking an opposite course, which would cause great delay and violate the compact with the Lower Provinces. With reference to the construction, the hon. members for Sherbrooke and North Grenville admit that no blame can be attached to the [Govern]ment, and there was no extrava[gance on] the part of the Government. The [cost of] constructing the Intercolonial [was] lower than that of railways in [the States], and the Dominion would have a [rail]way built more cheaply than any road in America. He contended [that the] commercial reasons for building [it] were much stronger than supp[osed. Be]sides the benefits to our own [trade] and commerce, it would secure [us from] courtesy from the United St[ates with] respect to transit through their [territory,] which might be stopped at any t[ime.] Belgian Railways—the most p[rosperous and] economical on the continent—[were man]aged by the Government. He [thought] that the hon. member for Sher[brooke had] clearly shown that the New B[runswick] Railway was increasing in re[ceipts;] when it occupied an isolated p[osition,] now when it was connected w[ith Canadian] and Western lines, receipts would [be] largely increased. This was th[e position] assumed by the hon. member [who] moved that the Government [should not] manage the Railways. The Ne[w Bruns]wick Railways had a remarkable [effect in] developing the resources of th[e country,] and thus the advantages der[ived from] this work had compensat[ed for] the expenditure upon them [though] no direct profit had bee[n derived.] In a country like England and [in] parts of the United States Railways [might] be safely left to commercial enterp[rise, but] in a young country like Canada the [Gov]ernment must assist in building Rail[ways.] The position taken by the hon. member [for] Sherbrooke while applicable [to that coun]try was not applicable [here.] The tendency of the age was [towards] Government control of ... would not have been given to ... years ago. This was even ... Government of England assum[ing con]trol of the telegraph wires, and ... ety of the Government assum[ing con]trol of railroads was now bei[ng discussed.]

Mr. CARTWRIGHT con[sidered the] object of the motion was to ... opportunity we could have of ... course with respect to the Inter[colonial] and putting an outside figure to ... There was no desire to put a ... railroad which must be built, ... large sum of money could be ... another system it ought to be co[nsidered] and accepted. He thought the pl[an pro]posed of letting the construction [and] working the Intercolonial by priva[te par]ties was the only feasible mode of [get]ting ourselves from the position [in which] we now find ourselves. He admitted [the] force of Sandford Fleming's remark [in his] letter to the Minister of Militia that [the] Government must be prepared to p[ay a] fair price for the *work done*; and he [did] not think the *House would require* [the] Government to utterly ruin men who [had] undertaken the work at altogether un[re]munerative prices. He was strongly [op]posed to Government monopolies, wh... and involved the keeping ... of Railways or Banking institutions ... (hear and laughter), and though the ... Government should confine ... to developing Confederation.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD [said] the Government ought to be satisfied w[ith] the tone of the debate. In ordinary [cir]cumstances the Government might [have] felt called upon to accept the offer [made] by the hon. member for Sherbrooke [in the] concluding portion of his speech, ... law provided that the line should be [com]menced in six months and should be [car]ried on uninterruptedly until finished. Under the plan proposed long delays w[ould] take place in the organizing of, and [en]tering, a Company, to whom to let [the] building of the road. The Intercol[onial] Act provided that the road should be [built] by the Government directly and th[e mo]tion of the hon. gentleman was not a [cen]sure on the Government but on the ... It was a statement that the House [was] wrong in its Act of two years ago. ... Imperial Intercolonial Guarantee Act [pro]vided that the loan should be made ... provided that within two years an ... should be passed for the construction [of] the line subject to the approval of the [Se]cretary of State. This necessary Act [was] passed and approved of, and it [was] now impossible to pass an[other] Act as the two years were passed ... change could now be made without a [fur]ther appeal to the Imperial authori[ties.] Supposing an incorporated Company ... be formed here to carry out the ... which was a physical impossibility, the[y] would have to get an Act through the Im[perial] Parliament to relieve the Canad[ian] Government from the responsibility of completing the Railway. The Gove[rn]ment must see that these Acts were c[ar]ried out in good faith, and it would be ... breach of faith to cause a delay of eve[n] six months. Recourse could not be ha[d] to the Imperial Government who had ... power to change the Acts. He thought ... the hon. member for Charlotte was ... to give the names of the capitalists w[ill]ing to undertake the work. In keep[ing] back he was not using the Governm[ent] fairly. The construction of the road w[as] one thing, the working it another, ... after the construction the Governm[ent] might lease—to the Grand Trunk or ... the Company spoken of by the hon. mem[ber] for Carleton. But when these ... roads were isolated and in their worst p[o]sition it was not fair to give them out ... at long lease when connected with the main trunk line, and with the American railways, there roads would be valuable property, and then the Government mig[ht] come to Parliament to consider carefully what was the most profitable way of working these railways. He admitted that if the railway were worked by the Government it would be subject to the evil of having political friends appoint[ed] to positions for which they were ... well fitted. But with the construction of the railway no such objection could be taken. The House were very jealous of any connection between Railways and the Government, and he recollected well the undeserved obloquy heaped upon Gover[n]ment of which he was a member, wit[h] reference to the Grand Trunk, respecting which there was always a cry raised at elec[tions] on account of this House having thought the best plan was to ... appoint commissioners without ... moving the responsibility from ... Government, and he could ... this course had been completely successful. The conduct of the Commissioners ... given satisfaction. With regard to the failure of the contractors, all the contrac[tors] must be held to their bonds, ... knowing this future contracts would ... taken at a fair price and all fear ... that point could be considered at an end. That the road would be finished as speedily by the Government as by any other ... was quite clear. The expenses of the [com]mission was far less than the ... the board of directors of any other ... in Canada or the United State. The ... engineers Department was most ... ically managed. The Government ... want to make money out of the road ... capitalists would take it for no other pur[pose] than to make money. If a company took it they would have to issue bonds, ... Canada would not have ... home capital to construct ... work. The Contractors who tendered to such a Company would know that they would receive money and bonds in pay[ment] while the Government would give cash every fortnight. It was of great im[portance] that the road should be con[structed], for at present we were at the mercy of American legislation and Amer[ican] caprice, with regard to the bonding system (hear). In a political point of view its completion would be of priceless value (hear).

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT did not presume to give his opinion on the legal interpre[tation] of the Hon. Minister of Justice which had been very ingeniously made but he (Sir A. T.) did not think the Im[perial] Government would withhold ... sent to any reasonable proposition ...

... change of system. He did no[t believe] that the change would ca[use] ... 18 months, consequently if ... there would be no contra[vention of the] Imperial Act, and he believe[d the consent] of the Imperial Government ... within reasonable time.

The amendment of Hon. Sir A[. T. Galt was] then put and lost. Yeas ...

YEAS.—Messrs. Ault, Bodwell, ... Burpee, Carmichael, ... Cornell, Currier, Dorion, ... A. T. Geoffrion, Godin, ... Kirkowski, Macfarlane, Mack[enzie,] ... McDougall (Renfrew), ... Metcalfe, Mills, Morrison (Victo[ria],) ... Paquet, Picard, Redford, Ro[ss] ... Ross (Wellington), Ry[mal,] ... Shanly, Snider, Stirton, ... Whitehead, Wright (York, Ontar[io])—Total, 40.

NAYS.—Messrs. Anglin, Archa[mbeault,] ... Beatty, Beebard, ... Bertrand, Blanchet, Bow[ell,] ... Caldwell, Cameron (H...), ... Caron, Cartier, Chass[e,] ... Chauveau, Chavel, Cow... ... Coupal, Keeler, Jackson, ... Hurdon, Howe, Holmes, ... Hagar, Grover, Gray, Gr... ... Gaudet Gauthier, Forti[n,] ... Dufresne, Drew, Dobbie, ... Langevin, Langlois, Lo... ... LeVesconte, Macdonald (G...), ... Macdonald, Sir John A., McDonal[d] ... McDonald (Middlesex), ... Masson (Terrebonne), ... (Three Rivers), McGreevy, M... ... McMillan, Merrit, Morris, ... Munro, Perry, Pin... ... Poser, Ray, Read, ... Robitaille, Ross (Champlain), R... ... Ross (Victoria, N.S.), Ry... ... Savary, Scriver, Simard, ... Sproat, Street, Stephens[on,] ... Tremblay, Tupper, Wallace, Wal[sh,] ... Workman, Wood, Wrig[ht] ...—Total, 98. Majority ... 57.

The House went into Com[mittee of] Supply on the item of $150,000, ...

Mr. YOUNG called attention [to the ex]cessive amount for continge[ncies.] ... items of contingent printing an[d] ... was very large indeed, am[ounting to] over $50,000. Each one of [the Depart]ments paid several thousand do[llars] to newspapers. The Depart... last year something like ... telegrams—a most excessive ch[arge] ... cost over $1,900 for a few o[f] ... payments.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY explained ... Customs Department had to ... for telegraphing ... The item of printing w[as] caused by the necessity of ... offices, New Brunswick, ... and blanks.

... MACDONALD (Lunenburg) ... new system of keeping Custo[ms] ... in New Brunswick w... and involved the keeping ... by merchants doing busi[ness] ... Departments.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY explained ... required by the Domin[ion] ... detailed than under the ...

Mr. HOLTON called atte[ntion] ... for subscriptions to th[e] ... which appeared to him ex[cessive.] ... was also a charge for advert[ising] ... he could see no use in such ...

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER ... book was useful for the inform[ation] ... Large numbers were ci[rculated] ... usefulness. It had created a ... England.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he ... charge for Gazetteers. ... had taken 130 worth ... Office had taken 160 worth.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD ... was the Dominion Directory ...

Mr. MACKENZIE said that it ... under both names, as he ... twice in the different Depar[tments] ... necessary also for the Militia ... the Saturday Review.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER ... he read it himself.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it might ... no joke about it, but the subscr[iption] ... newspapers and periodicals were ... $400, and in some even ...

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD ... this had been a long standing ... last years large number had ...

Mr. Young said the process must ... Last year the advertisi[ng] ... $000.

Mr. McKENZIE gave a specimen [of] advertising, when for a piece of ... Cornwall Daniel, amounting, alto[gether] ... $000, the cost of advertising ha[d] ... It was an outrage. No ... would have spent $25 on th[e] ...

Mr. LANGEVIN said that ... orders not to advert so ... amount. But he though[t] ... times it was not politic to rest[rict] ... advertising.

[Mr.] MACKENZIE desired to know ... was done. He saw the ... largely displayed. The n... Cornwall had introduced a sys[tem] ... the Government printer ... to set up the advertisement ... and send it to the newspape[rs with] instructions to them that nothing ... measure would be allowed.

The item for Departmental Con[tingencies] and Stationery passed.

At one o'clock the Committee ro[se,] reported and the House adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

SCOTT ARRESTED.

Albert Scott, one of the so-called d[elegates] from Red River was arrested a little af[ter] ... by Detective O'Neil, Sergeant ... Constable Jordan, in his rooms at ... Hotel. He will probably receive ... Riel's benevolent (?) smiles this m[orning] ...

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Ne[uralgia.]

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures tooth[ache.]

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rh[eumatism.]

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves hea[dache.]

... MARKET—TUESDAY.—Was very ... owing the state of the roads; ver[y] ...

... this season's Lettuce, Ra[dishes] ... at J. B. Buss & C[o.]

... new Goods on ... & Co. Full li[ne] ...

... WEDNESDAY.—The c... to come in with ... The show was n[ot] ...

... House Furnishings ... stock of New ... in the city at G...

... James Cummings, ... coats.

... obstructing in the ... obstructing the side[walk] ... premises, setti...

change of system. He did acquiesce in ow that the change would cause a delay 18 months, consequently if no delay ere there would be no contravention of Imperial Act, and he believed the as of the Imperial Government could be within reasonable time.

The amendment of Hon. Sir A. T. GALT, then put and lost. Yeas 40; nays

Yeas.—Messrs. Ault, Bodwell, Bolton, man, Burpee, Carmichael, Cartwright, y, Cornell, Currier, Dorion, Ferris, A. T., Geoffrion, Godin, Holton, rkowski, Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Ma- McDougall (Renfrew), McMonies, calfe, Mills, Morrison (Victoria), Oli- Paquet, Picard, Redford, Ross (Prince ard), Ross (Wellington), Rymal, Sen- Shanly, Snider, Stirton, Wells, tehead, Wright (York, Ontario), W. R. —Total, 40.

Nays.—Messrs. Anglin, Archambeault, Beatty, Bechard, Bellerose, Bertrand, Blanchet, Bown, Brous- Caldwell, Cameron (Inverness), Caron, Cartier, Cassault, Cay- Chauveau, Chivel, Cowan, Cos- Coupal, Keeler, Jackson, Hutch- Hurdon, Howe, Holmes, Hincks, Hagar, Grover, Gray, Grant, Gibbs, Gaudet Gaucher, Fortin, Fortier, Dufresne, Drew, Dobbie, Daoust, Langevin, Langlois, Lapum, Law- LeVesconte, Macdonald (Cornwall), Sir John A., McDonald (Lunen- McDonald (Middlesex), Masson (Terrebonne) McDou- (Three Rivers), McGreevy, McKeagney, Millan, Merrit, Morris, Morrison Munro, Perry, Pinsonneault, Poser, Ray, Read, Renaud, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dun- Ross (Victoria, N.S.) Ryan (Kings Savary, Scriver, Simard, Simpson, Sprout, Street, Stephenson, Tilley, Tupper, Wallace, Walsh, Webb, Workman, Wood, Wright (Ottawa —Total, 98. Majority for the ment, 57.

The House went into Committee of ply on the item of $150,000, contingen-

Mr. YOUNG called attention to the ex- ive amount for contingencies. The of contingent printing and advertis- was very large indeed, amounting to $50,000. Each one of the Depart- paid several thousand dollars yearly newspapers. The Departments had last year something like $15,000 for grams—a most excessive charge. Cab cost over $1,900 for a few of the De- ments.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY explained that the Customs Department had to pay large ounts for telegraphing the tariff nges. The item of printing was greatly ased by the necessity of furnishing toms offices, New Brunswick, with new ks and blanks.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) said that new system of keeping Customs books blished in New Brunswick was cum- and involved the keeping of extra by merchants doing business with Departments.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY explained that the required by the Dominion were detailed then under the former

Mr. HOLTON called attention to charge for subscriptions to the Year which appeared to him excessive. was also a charge for advertising for he could see no use in such a publi-

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that book was useful for the information it tained. Large numbers were circulated usefulness. It had created a revolu- in England.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he also no- a charge for Gazetteers. Each De- ment had taken $30 worth and the Office had taken $60 worth.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said was the Dominion Directory.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that it must be ed under both names, as he found it twice in the different Departments. necessary also for the Militia Clerks the Saturday Review.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER.—Cer- he read it himself.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it might be very joke about it, but the subscriptions papers and periodicals were in each tment $600, and in some even $2,000.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said had been a long standing practice year a large number had been cut

Mr. Young said the process must be very Last year the advertising cost 00.

Mr. McKENZIE gave a specimen of the tising, when for a piece of work at ornwall Canal, amounting altogether 000, the cost of advertising had been It was an outrage. No business would have spent $25 on the same

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that he had orders not to advertise beyond a n amount. But he thought that times it was not politic to restrict the tising.

Mr. MACKENZIE desired to know how the tising was done. He saw the adver- ments largely displayed. The member ornwall had introduced a system by the Government printer was in- ed to set up the advertisments com- , and send it to the newspapers with ctions to them that nothing beyond measure would be allowed.

The item for Departmental Contingen- and Stationery passed.

At one o'clock the Committee rose and rted and the House adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS

SCOTT ARRESTED.

Albert Scott, one of the so-called delegates Red River was arrested a little after mid- by Detective O'Neil, Sergeant Brown Constable Jordan, in his rooms at the Al- Hotel. He will probably receive one of ll's benevolent (?) smiles this morning.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumat.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache diately.

Market—Tuesday.—Was very good ring the state of the roads; very little prices.

of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 street.

150 Packages new Goods on view at Hutchmor & Co. Full lines in Department.

Market.—Wednesday.—The country are beginning to come in with produce Easter time. The show was not bad means.

and House Furnishings made a lty. The largest stock of New Goods, lowest prices in the city at Garland, mor & Co.

Police Court.—James Cummings, drunk disorderly, $5 and costs.

rt Mooney, obstructing in the streets, costs.

ph Boyden, obstructing the side walk, ed till Saturday.

Phelan Pelchat, foul premises, settled on t of costs.

Marshall's Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.—Let those who wish to witness the acting of this very popular Troupe not fail to be present at Her Majesty's Theatre to-night, as it is the only opportunity they shall have of affording themselves the pleasure in Ottawa. The enviable attitude assigned to this Troupe as actors, and the long and interesting role to be performed, will, we have no doubt, attract a large audience.—See circulars.

Military Funeral.—Corporal St. George, of No. 2 Battery V. B. G. A., is to be interred with military honours to-day. Corporal St George came to his death from illness contracted in service. The Brigade are to parade at 2 o'clock at the Drill Shed. We hope every member will be present to pay their last token of respect to a departed comrade.

Meat.—Already we have drawn attention to the heifers of Mr. Terrence, butcher, By-Ward. He is not content with an occasional fat ox or heifer, but keeps up a supply of first class meats. Now he has five sheep on hand fed by Mr. Doherty, of Gloucester, not only fat, but finely flavoured; two fatted calves, fed by Mr. Daly, of Gloucester, and one great hog fed by Mr. Maurice Bennett, of Ottawa. His Easter market show will be particularly good.

St. George's Society.—We have great pleasure in informing our readers, that the arrangements for the Grand Concert, to be given by this Society on the Anniversary of St. George, Saturday, 23rd inst., are now nearly complete. Several amateurs of superior musical attainments will make their debut on this occasion, and, as a matter of course, our amusing friend, Corporal Putman, will be on hand. The concert will be under the supervision of Mr. Mercer, who has, at the urgent request of the Committee, kindly undertaken the arrangement of what will, doubtless, prove a most attractive programme.

A most important catalogue sale by auction, as announced by Mr. Bermingham in our issue of to-day, is to come off in Montreal on Tuesday next, the 19th inst., at the sale rooms of Devany & Co., 139 Great St. James street, Montreal. The furniture to be sold is the finest ever brought into Montreal, and some of the best ever made by Jacques and Hay of Toronto. The drawing-room furniture is inlaid with Tulip and other fancy woods, and upholstered in the richest and latest styles. Catalogues can be procured from Mr. Bermingham at the City Auction Mart here, and persons desirious of purchasing some of this elegant and costly furniture, can do so through him, without going to Montreal. For particulars see advertisement.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London.—Underwriters have commenced settling to-day for the steamship *City of Boston* as a total loss.

Dublin.—Another agrarian outrage has been perpetrated in Ireland. Last night a man named Herman, overseer for Mr. Clark, at Holy Cross, Cavan Co., was assassinated. No clue is obtained to the murderer.

FRANCE.

Paris.—For some time past placards have been posted about on dead walls and elsewhere in public places of the city, inviting all workmen of Paris to refuse to pay their rents for the month, and join in a general strike on Sunday, the 10th inst.

The city authorities are taking measures to repress the threatened disorders to-morrow, but the newspapers make light of the whole matter.

The Emperor having refused to make any concession relative to the *plebiscitum*, M. Buffet, Minister of France, has tendered his resignation. No other Minister has yet tendered his resignation, but further changes are rumored.

It is said the negotiations between the Russian Government and Chinese Embassy have been suspended. No reason is assigned for the interruption.

Paris.—Unusual precaution was taken yesterday, to guard against the attempted disorders; but the city is as quiet as usual.

It is probable Count Daru will resign the Foreign Office.

Changes are imminent in the Ministry, and rumor has associated the names of several gentlemen with positions of the new Cabinet. Up to this hour but one withdrawal has actually occurred—that of Mr. Buffet, Financial Secretary.

Report gives credence that the Emperor is acting under the influence of Rhouer.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day, Jules Favre expressed regret at the resignation of Mr. Buffet, who he said had shown a disposition to stand for prorogation of the Chamber, and who was a defender of order and liberty.

Our readers will not have failed to notice an announcement entirely new to our columns, in which a description is given of various Dental preparations, some for beautifying and preserving, others for stopping the teeth. These various articles are accompanied with directions in detail, for personal use, an event of no small importance to those unable, without serious inconvenience, to obtain the assistance of a properly qualified Dentist, and who have hitherto been obliged to content themselves with the trashy articles made up for sale, or utterly neglect their teeth. What we wish to point out more particularly, is, that these preparations possess the guarantee of the Messrs. Gabriel, Dentists, of London, a name of world wide reputation, and under whose superintendence they are introduced here. A novel feature, also is the announcement by those gentlemen that they will supply Artificial teeth, without the necessity of any operation, or without actually seeing their patient.

BIRTH.

On the 13th instant, the wife of William Wilson, M.D., New Edinburgh, of a son.

DIED.

In this city, on the 13th instant, Mad. J. Beauchamp.

The funeral will take place to morrow, the 15th at 3½ o'clock, p.m., from the residence of her son in law, Philip Reil, corner of Bolier and Dalhousie streets, near Railway Depot. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS.

Beg to return their sincere thanks to their friends and customers and the public generally for their favors for the past year, and beg to inform them that having slaughtered the following prize cattle, viz. the enormous first prize fat Steer "PRIDE OF CANADA," weighing the extraordinary weight of over 3,000 lbs., the celebrated Heifer "CARLETON MAID," purchased and bred by J B LEWIS, Esq., Ottawa, and fed by SATCHELL BROS, weighing 2,000 lbs. This Heifer took the first prize at the Ottawa Agricultural Show, 1869. Also twelve other splendid Western cattle, together with 30 splendid Western sheep, besides with other animals too numerous to mention. The whole will be on view at their Stalls for exhibition at the By Ward Market on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

1333 3 SATCHELL BROS.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

Sales This Week.

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

On Saturday, 16th inst., at the Custom House, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock, a. m., Condemned Goods.

J. BERMINGHAM has been instructed to announce to the people of Ottawa and its vicinity the following:

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

ELEGANT

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

Marquetrie and Mosaic

INLAID WORK, &c. &c. BY CATALOGUE.

The subscribers have received instructions from those celebrated Toronto Manufacturers, Messrs Jacques & Hay, to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal, on TUESDAY, MORNING next, 19th inst, an immense stock of Elegant Black Walnut Furniture, comprising Superb Drawing Room suites, inlaid with Tulip and other fancy woods, and upholstered in Tapestrys, silk Brocatells and Terrys, of the latest and richest patterns—with Inlaid Marquetrie Cabinets and Tables to match, Handsome Marble Top and Plain Walnut Bedroom sets, in great variety, Richly Carved Sideboards, Cheffoniers, Etageres, Escritoires, Cheval Glasses, &c. Dining Room, Library and Vestibule Furniture, of every description, all of the best manufacture and finest finish.

Parties about to furnish private residences or hotels should bear this sale in mind.

Sale at 1 o'clock.

Catalogues can be obtained and all information as to factory price, &c, regarding articles on sale, from J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, Agent, Ottawa.

Parties in this locality desirous of purchasing advantageously can do so without the trouble of attending the sales by applying to J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, York street.

DEVANY & CO,
Auctioneers,

Commercial Sale Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal. 1333 4

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE

—OF—

CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act, 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.
Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 1st, 1870. 1330td

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, the 21st INSTANT,

at noon,

For the construction of a

BULKHEAD,

At Manotic, Long Island, Rideau Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of MR J D SLATER, the Superintendent of the Rideau Canal, Ottawa, on and after Saturday, the 16th instant.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bulkhead at Manotic."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1870. 1333 4

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French Imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming, Lumbering and community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870. GEORGE MURPHY.

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS.

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

30th APRIL INSTANT,

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting, Stamping, Punching Benches, &c. &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose.

Apply to

GEORGE TYRRELL,
74 Sussex street, Ottawa

Or to GEORGE BURY,
Box 851, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 3

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon	9.00		11.30	3.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00		8.00	8.00	11.30	
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon				3.30
St. John, N. B., daily		12 Noon				3.30
United States	7.00	12 Noon	9.00		11.30	3.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		3.00	8.00	11.30	
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc, and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage			6.00	8.00	11.30	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00	12 Noon			11.30	3.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.30					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

Note.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having secured the services of a first class Cutter, MR. W. J. MILAN, of Milan & Son, Successors to Buckmaster & Co., Military Tailors, Edinburgh, are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

As prices are not calculated either for long credit or bad debts, ready money customers may rely upon getting superior and stylish garments at a moderate price.

Our Tailoring Department is now supplied with a splendid assortment of

NEW BROADCLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

COATINGS,

VESTINGS,

ENGLISH,

SCOTCH,

and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,

CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1300tf JONES & HOLLAND.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,

Hats,

Jackets,

Flowers,

Feathers and

Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not. As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the room.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remoddled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Brittannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS,

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

HER

MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

First appearance of the popular colloquial actor

MR. ALBERT AIKEN.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 14TH,

will be produced the entirely new sensational drama, by ALBERT H AIKEN, in five acts, entitled

THE WITCHES OF NEW YORK,

In which the entire strength of the company will appear

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's.

Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....................MR J MARSHALL.

April 12, 1870. 1332 6

EASTER BEEF!!

AT

WILLIAM SLATTERY'S STALL,

MARKET CORNER,

THE BEST BEEF IN THE CITY!

Among other first class animals for the Easter Market, a COW—unrivalled beef in the city—two magnificent STEERS, fed by himself.

A fine STEER, reared by John Grady, of Nepean.

ALL YOUNG BEEF.

Let those who make gay at Easter call at Slattery's Corner Market Hall. 1321tf

THE

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No 3 Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of MAY next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1870. 1332 3

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

NO CITY TAXES

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers.

Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
1331a Post Office Block.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK.
Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH,
1330tf Belmont, Aylmer Road.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER!!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

WANTED, Board and Lodging for a young gentleman, in a private family, in the vicinity of Centre Town. Address, B B Times Office. 1282 1

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 y

THE

CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

125 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

LARGE PROFITS

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a Draught—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a Lotion—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

Mode of Employment.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the forenoon POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first dose. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—200 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
30.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, April 14, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Rigs—Fall per 100 lbs	2 62½	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
BEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@ 0 00
OAT—Per bushel, 35 lbs	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs	1 40	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@ 0 19
No. 2	0 15	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 15	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 50
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@ 10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
FUEL—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides.		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

The Poor Man's Friends.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping HAGYARD'S YARROW in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

ARE YOU a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Bidger's Allevator will soon drive away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN,

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style last month, and next month the minions of the Tuodmon of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; non recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday will be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian decoction, the great RESTORATIVE RESIN, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. ACKLY, M.D.,
Saguenay, N.B

EXTRACT.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used to implant Patients, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. BARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

NOTICE.—This accidental infection, called by the French coup de froid, is supposed to occur more frequently in this country in cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is not necessarily the case. Colds, in both illusions spring from the increased facilities in communication, which, like the great moving agent of civilization, tend to the raise of civilization.

The Supreme Court of the United States have issued a perpetual injunction against Seth Boston and Jeremiah Ho, restraining Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding their respondents for the cruel imposition in what they have done and continuing them from further injury to the public. In this class of our people more than a moderate needs the intervention of a law to shield them from imposition, it is in vain and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, to cure and prevent disease, should at a time have every security the art can afford it, from adulteration and imitation.—Cincinnati, Ohio, Sentinel.

Coughs and Colds—sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Hagyard's Balsam having proved that it can remove them speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, concerns should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. You are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in the first stage. This with in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected may attack the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to ask for the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents a box.

LEA & PERRINS',

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and invigorating condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, Lea & Perrins give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52w1238 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA STOPPING.—For stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ONYX ENAMEL STOPPING.—For Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S ODALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER, prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth, and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 1s.

1323 2w6m Lawdon

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given an enactment by the Act 31 Vict., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1864, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported to Scotland, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, "STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason & Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,

With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 18, 1870. 1284 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 14. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. Lyons, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jones and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pangar, Sparks-street, Ottawa. Jy8-tf

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from the cures of many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unclean tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons affected with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Pimples or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterine* affections of the muscular and nervous system.

Syphilis or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing those obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Melancholy, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions or Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a LAXATIVE Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use. In every country and among all classes, as this will be found a sufficient proof of its virtues. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more efficacious remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or negligence of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions of all climates, containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera, to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given on the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken in large doses, to correct the disorder, action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery or Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins*, they should be liberally taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Worms*, whether Tape or Round, large doses should be taken to produce the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose will stimulate the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft Soap, as well as either lye or grease. Have Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaint can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for t while

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lith-graphed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size) ... $1 00
" " colored ... 1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain ... 1 50
" " colored ... 2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 9, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. MCLEOD, W. MOK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

ALEXANDER KEEFER. REDI EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MEGROSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Megrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MEGROSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. OCONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 54y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamot's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entire household effects or real estate to sell, for sale to certify that no has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Sciences.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 3s, 5s, 7s and 10s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to make arrangements with a few responsible farmers to grow the

RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS

for us on contract for the crop. Farmers wishing to grow a profitable crop should address the proprietors, as follows,

D W RAMSDELL & CO.,
218 Front Street, N. Y., or
171 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

14 2

Medical.

TRADE—MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS in Medicines.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

AND WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOUBLE COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 lbs packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

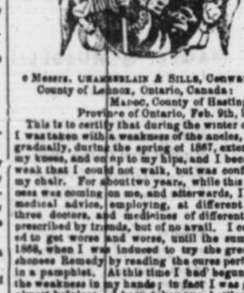
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the terrible pains of Rheumatism, and its relief from Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Devonshire, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Gadsby, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Marcoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while the weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading a large testimonial in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonee Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, believing it to be the result of a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonee Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonee Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden of the County of Hastings- Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

TIN, SHEET IRON, TINWARE AND JOBBING.

LAMPS.

AT EDMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL, FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,600), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

W. RAFFORD

Ottawa, February 24.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late THESS Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 50, sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. Game will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. 299tf

Miscellaneous.

TRISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Registrars, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. A. TRISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sparks-street's Bridge.

REFERENCES:—H Allan, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos. Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740l

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 1115f

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & S. Wells having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that the region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

THE ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Cadada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and this year will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and, as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 5 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & S WELLS,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 55, Sparks street,
(Stores.)

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1334. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

[TH]OMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

[S]helf and Heavy Hardware,

[T]HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

[Welli]ngton Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 20, 1869. 1334,t

... WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

[HAVI]NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

[F]or sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large [we]ll selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ..., Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and ... ther Vinegars.

[ME]SS PORK, P[I]CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... numerous other articles necessary to con... complete stock.

...—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... quite fresh and cheap.

...—fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...UORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hen... Piper's and other brands.

[HO]LLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood ... bottle.

[W]INES—Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines ... prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

... proof and ... extremely low prices.

...'s and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ...

...'s Irish Whiskey.

...'s Old Irish Potteen.

...' and London Porter, pts and qts.

... and other Ales.

... and Syrups, all grades.

... refiners' prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE [SE]LLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... is the time ... 1105

[PEO]PLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[Incorp]orated under *Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.*

HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...ITH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea...; ...FOOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN.

...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI[SI]ON STORES AND OTHERS.

... give notice of my intention to supply ..., mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

... increase of trade during the last four years ... compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I ... to make the wholesale trade my ... purpose.

... I have now is undoubtedly the largest ..., and the question of quality is readily ... by making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ... favorable comparison with any imported. ... another and important fact is that being ... and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expen... enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...

... advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... those who may favor me with their orders.

...S NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park and, Ottawa, or direct Box ...*

..., Post Office, Ottawa.

... Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

... Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest price given. 1189y

... H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

[Wh]eat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

... advanced on goods consigned for transmission... sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

... Easton R. M. Easton

[M]RS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated ... comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommo... by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ... banks. 219tf

Educational.

[D]ANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... an accomplished lady teacher, announces ... her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[P]IANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between [Ott]awa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. [Or]ders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction [Roo]ms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

[M]USICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe[dral]) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o[f] Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

[G]EO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

[D]OMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing ... to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

[F]ISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 35 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

[CAP]ITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 58 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c., shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1301 3m

HURRAH FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

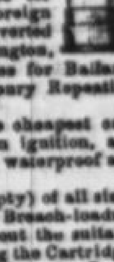
A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ *6 Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H. McLEAN,

19 Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A. ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1499 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c, &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 33.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect, Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $220 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870.

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870.

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—Large Red." White Beans. Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin street.

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—5 Bed Rooms. Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 16 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen

Application to

D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Eveni Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miles.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochinger.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

☞ Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it, *it will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

RESSOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

2nd Dec, 1869.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Bigenan, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. Kennedy of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test of trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belden, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 400 pairs of Blanket and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

BLYTH & RUSSELL, NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

Opposite H F McCarthy's Apothecary, where we are now prepared to show a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city. N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. ☞ All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1312-3m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY, At the Mills; or

MESSRS ROSS & CO. City of Quebec.

April 5, 1870. 1328 6

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s 6s and 6s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

Agents—Messrs. F. ... 11

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

OTTAWA, April 13, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After the ordinary routine proceedings,

EXPLANATION.

Hon. Mr. RYAN said—I ask leave to call attention to an error which has crept into a report of some remarks I made in the House on a previous day. This report appears in a highly respectable journal the *Daily News* of Montreal, which circulates largely not only in this country but in the United States as well, I am very unwilling to allow any time to pass without giving an immediate contradiction to the error which has obviously occurred in the transmission by the telegraph, for I notice that it does not appear in the same report which is published in other papers. If I allowed the matter to remain uncontradicted, it would create a misconstruction as to the feelings of this House, where I was allowed to make such remarks. The words which I am reported to have used are these: "It would in the event of a withdrawal of troops become an important question how we should protect our fortified posts, which, if rumour be correct, *would be soon surrendered to the United States.*" (laughter). Any gentleman must remember that I never used such expressions—that they are the last I could have used. I therefore rise to correct the error so that there may be no wrong impression anywhere as to the feeling of the House and country, with respect to the fortifications at Halifax, Quebec, and other places in the Dominion. It is hardly necessary to observe that the universal feeling is that these fortifications must be retained at all hazards. As respects the error in question, I think it arose in this way. The words I used were "surrender to *us*," I mean the Dominion Government. In the transmission by telegraph, the latter word probably came to stand for the abbreviation U. S. and was so understood by the Editor when he published the report. With regard to the reporting of this House, I must say we see a marked difference in the style of the reports that appear to-day.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

Hon. Mr. ROSS did not press his motion in reference to the adjournment, but allowed it to stand over until the following day.

FENIAN RUMOURS.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY then said:—I rise for the purpose of asking the Government some questions with reference to a subject which is now disturbing the mind of the people, in certain localities particularly. I would wish the Government to inform us, in the first place whether they have any information relative to contemplated Fenian raids, and secondly, whether in the event of such reports being true and large expenditures necessarily entailed, the Dominion will have to bear the whole burthen. I can see no justice whatever in the argument set up by the Manchester school, that the people of Great Britain should not be taxed to support troops for the defence of the Colonies. I am prepared to maintain that troops have been retained in this country, not for Colonial but for Imperial purposes. What is the ostensible cause of this very Fenian movement. Is it not the intention to strike a blow at Great Britain through British America? The alleged wrongs of Ireland are to be revenged by destroying life and property in the Dominion. Under these circumstances I beg leave to put the questions I have mentioned to the Government.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied:—The Government have not received any information which they can properly communicate to the House, more than what can be seen in the newspapers. What other information the Government may have, cannot be revealed at present without serious detriment to the public service. Such measures however, will be taken by the Government as will effectually meet any difficulty that may arise. I think, with the measures in progress, it would be impossible for the Government to be taken by surprise. Nothing can take place, I may assert with confidence, without the Government being fully made aware of it. As respects the question of the expense that would be entailed in case of any invasion, it would necessarily be serious. We know that it was serious in the case of the attempted invasion some years ago. The burden of that expenditure had then to be borne by the Dominion, and I apprehend the same thing will occur in the event of a similar contingency. A claim that Great Britain should participate in the expense has been advanced and pressed, and cannot yet be considered as decided. I quite agree with my hon friend when he says that these dangers arise from causes entirely beyond our control, and that we should not be made to suffer. I think, under these circumstances, there is justice in the claim which has been brought forward and is still open.

MESSAGE.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they had agreed to the amendment made by the Senate to the Bill intituled "An Act to authorize the Township of Collingwood, in the County of Grey, to impose and collect Harbour Dues, at the mouth of the Beaver River, and for other purposes." Also to the amendment made to the Bill intituled "An Act to incorporate the Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway Company."

THE PENITENTIARY ACT.

On a motion for the third reading of the Penitentiary Amendment Bill,

Hon Mr. CAMPBELL referred to the objection that had been made, on the previous day, to the fifth clause of the Bill. The members from New Brunswick had especially expressed their dissatisfaction with the provision which stipulated that no sentences for periods less than two years should be carried out henceforth in the Provincial Penitentiaries. Now, he would state that, in accordance with the promise he had given, he had some conversation on the subject with the Minister of Justice, who said that it had been well understood at the time the Union was arranged, that the Penitentiaries of the several Provinces would be brought under one uniform system, and the same sentences should be carried out in all the institutions without distinction. It had also been proved—and the Minister of Justice had given considerable attention to the subject—from the experience of the working of the Penitentiaries in other countries that sentences for periods less than two years ought not to be carried out in such institutions, as there was no sufficient time to teach trades and otherwise reform the prisoners. At the same time, there was every disposition to meet the objection that had been taken, that it would take considerable time for the counties in the Lower Provinces to make the arrangements necessary in order to carry out the provisions of the Bill. He would therefore suggest to the House an alteration in the fifth clause so that sentences under one year should be carried out in Penitentiaries until the first of May, 1873; sentences under two years from that day until the following year, when the change, as contemplated in the original clause, would go into effect.

The Bill, as amended, then passed.

ONTARIO AND ERIE CANAL.

Hon. Mr. DICKSON moved the second reading of the Bill intituled "An Act to incorporate the Ontario and Erie Ship Canal Company," and in doing so strongly urged the importance of the undertaking upon the House. He referred to the number of men of capital that took an interest in the carrying out of the project, and the advantage that it would confer upon the country by affording additional facilities for the transportation of the produce of the West. The Boards of Trade of Milwaukee, Chicago, New York, and other places had expressed themselves in favor of the enterprise, and indeed it was only necessary to look at the map and see how necessary it was to the trade of Canada. The measure, he pointed out, had been introduced into the other branch of the Legislature by the member for Niagara, it had encountered successfully the ordeal of the Railway Committee, and eventually passed without any opposition. No doubt not only the importance of the undertaking, but the fact of its being supported by so many authorities, had rendered its passage through the House so easy. After the scrutiny the measure had undergone elsewhere it was not necessary for him to go into any lengthy details especially as there would be sufficient opportunity in Committee to discuss it more fully and afford any information on the subject that may be desired.

Hon. Mr. BENSON was not prepared to give his unqualified support to a measure of such a character, under existing circumstances. It was the understood policy of the Government to retain the canals in their own hands, and he wished to know if it was intended to depart from such a policy. Again when he found that the promoters of the undertaking were Americans, according to the admissions of the hon. gentleman who had just spoken, he thought the House should move with the greatest caution unless we were prepared to allow them to control our commerce. He would not however, further discuss the matter at that stage, but would wait until it came up in due form in Committee.

Hon. Mr. DICKSON was not surprised to find such objections proceeding from an hon. gentleman who was necessarily a supporter of the Welland Canal. Now the Welland could never afford the facilities for trade that the other Canal would do, when it was in operation. As respects the shareholders in the undertaking, the names of many of them were perfectly familiar to the hon. member. It was very doubtful, he added, if the locks of the Welland Canal could be enlarged so as to accommodate a certain class of vessels, such as the contemplated Canal would accommodate.

Hon. Mr. BENSON was of opinion that the undertaking in question was a purely American undertaking. In regard to the Welland, it was well known to be the intention to enlarge it; in fact, it was a part of the Confederation scheme. It was absurd to say that there could be any difficulty in enlarging the locks.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY suggested that if there was any spare capital awaiting investment, and the Canal in question was not proceeded with, he would advise its expenditure in opening up that very desirable work—the Bay Verte Canal.

The motion was agreed to, and the Bill referred to the Standing Committee on Banking and Railways.

RED RIVER.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McCULLY, seconded by Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD, it was ordered that the Hon. Mr. Christie be added to the Committee on the subject of Rupert's Land, Red River, and the North West Territory, with a view of collecting information respecting the condition, climate, soil, population, resources, and natural products of the country, its trade, institutions, and capabilities, and the means of access thereto.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON moved the adoption of the seventh report of the Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Commons on the Printing of Parliament. The hon. gentleman explained that the Committee on Printing had entered into a contract with Mr. Taylor to do the printing of Parliament at certain rates. Subsequently the Government, under the Act of last session, made a contract with the same person for the Departmental Printing. Mr. Taylor, therefore, became the Parliamentary and Departmental Printer. Now, within the present session, accounts had been presented, in which two prices were charged for the same work. The practice of the last ten years had been like this: when the Postmaster General had his report ready it was handed over to the contractor, who printed it and kept the type standing—furnishing the Government with the number of copies required. When other copies were required, they got them at contract prices, and there was no charge except for paper and press work. The printer, however, contended that he had the right under his two contracts to claim double charges for all printing that he might execute for the joint use of the Government and Parliament, when such documents were ordered by the Government for Departmental use. In other words, as the report showed, he wanted to be paid twice for the same composition. Under these circumstances, the Committee had no other alternative than to report to the House against allowing any such arrangement, which was contrary to custom, and to the spirit and intention of the contract; and, which, if permitted, would entail an additional expense of some $7,000, if not $9,000, annually, upon the country.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL must ask his hon. friend to allow the motion to stand over for the present. It was necessary, before deciding finally, to enquire into the effect of the contract. Mr. Taylor had a contract for the Parliamentary as well as for the Departmental printing, and it was advisable to know clearly whether he occupied a position different from what would be occupied were the contracts held by two different parties. The House should be guided by the legal operations and effect of the contract. It was also known that a similar motion was before the House of Commons, and as that body had the chief responsibility for the public expenditures it would be better to postpone the consideration of the subject until the Senate knew what had been done in the other branch.

Hon. Mr. AIKENS stated that he had not yet been able to communicate with Mr. Taylor on the subject, as he had been unwell, and that was an additional reason for not proceeding forthwith with the consideration of the report.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT alluded to the economical and satisfactory manner in which the previous contractors had fulfilled their engagements, and had predicted at the time the change was made, that just such difficulties would arise as the House had now to consider.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON said that similar accounts were coming in all the time, and it was necessary that some decision should be arrived at as soon as possible. The report of the Committee, though composed of some twenty-two gentlemen, had been unanimous.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said that he was not of the opinion that the House should be

guided as to the course they ought to take in the matter, by what might be done in another place. He was not, however, surprised at the claims set up by the Parliamentary Printer. It was just what he expected last year, when he showed how unwise it was to give up the contract with Hunter and Rose, which had been actually the means of a large saving in an important branch of public expenditure. It was believed then that Mr. Taylor could not efficiently perform his contract at the prices he tendered.

Hon. Mr. REESOR regretted that his hon. friend appeared willing to yield to the request of the Postmaster General. The report had been before the House for some days, and there was no reason for the delay asked for. The ground taken by the contractor was one that had the tendency to subvert all the good that had been done for the last six or seven years by the Joint Committee on Printing. Only twelve years since, the printing of the Parliament of Canada amounted to $180,009 a year. The results of the efforts of the Committee had been to bring down the sum to $30,000, and even less one year. He now held in his hands, a copy of the report of the Minister of Public Works, which was endorsed on the cover, with the words—"Printed by order of the House of Commons." That was one of the reports that had been always considered as belonging to the printing of Parliament. A certain number of copies went to the Departments, and a certain number to the Houses. Now, the present contractor charged $208.83 for 1870 copies of the report, under the Parliamentary contract, and in addition $175.02½ for 500 copies, under the departmental contract; making the total $383.85½ or $120.35½ more than if the whole had been charged under the Parliamentary Contract, as it should have been. That statement would show the House the effects of the claim set up by the printer.

Hon Mr. AIKENS stated that he had been anxious to see Mr. Taylor, but, as he had before said, he had not yet been able to do so. He did not wish for any unnecessary delay, and certainly no accounts of the character complained of would be settled in the interim.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON agreed to defer the consideration of the report until Tuesday next. The Report was accordingly so deferred.

The House then adjourned until the next day at 3 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Boy Wanted—Apply at this office.
Young Man Wanted—Apply 138 O. P.
Brick Dwelling to Let—I. B. Tackaberry.
Farm for Sale—I. B. Tackaberry.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1231d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

This being Good Friday, and consequently a day of religious observance, the TIMES will not be issued again until Monday morning. Of course should anything extraordinary happen, in the interim, there will be a special issue, placing the news before our readers, as, on such cases we usually do.

The House adjourned last night till Saturday, and will, on Saturday, adjourn until Tuesday at 3 o'clock, the unopposed business being proceeded with after recess on that day.

The *Habeas Corpus* Act was suspended yesterday.

WHERE LIES THE FAULT?

With some contributors to the press it seems to be a fault in the Government to have a majority in Parliament and, for more particularly a large one. Had the Government a majority of only one or two they would be jeered at; now that they have a commanding majority they are murmured at. A previous Government of Canada found it necessary to buy a single vote, at great cost to have even the lesser majority, while the Macdonald,—Cartier administration obtains without the expenditure of a twenty-five cents promissory note such a majority as enables them to carry any measure which they conceive to be for the public advantage. In the face of this indisputable fact—a certain and unmistakeable evidence that they fully enjoy the confidence of the representatives of the people—writers, who are thoroughly irresponsible speak of the faults and follies of those who govern us, as being "matters of daily observation and comment." What fault or folly has been committed that has escaped the attention of Mr. Mackenzie or Mr. Holton? Is Sir Alexander Galt so impotent, since he has gone into opposition that even he cannot spy such a fault as would destroy the confidence of the House in the integrity and usefulness of the Administration? There is surely some member of the House of Commons as shrewd as the correspondent of the Hamilton *Times*, who laments "their want of forethought, their positive neglect of opportunities, their recklessness when party objects are to be secured, and their graceless indifference to public interests." These—all these allegations—"combine to add confirmation to the daily merciless attacks and exposures made by an uncompromising Reform press, and happily established in the very teeth of Government opposition in this city." Does the Hamilton *Times* Ottawa correspondent fancy that any Government—not a despotic one—could escape attack? This is a free country. The liberty of the press is not in the slightest measure interfered with. The Hamilton *Times*, or the Hamilton *Times'* correspondent, or the happily established, uncompromising Reform press of the capital may make as many attacks as they please upon the Government without any interference from the authorities. The members of the Government are aware that their friends of the press are as many as their opponents. They leave their measures to be estimated entirely by the country as represented in the press and Parliament, assured that as they are just and necessary, so they will be appreciated, or the reverse. They have nothing to fear from adverse comment. They are content to do right, to be rightly judged. The mere claptrap allegations of obscure newspaper correspondents cannot affect them. One single act of well established folly they know would lose them that majority of which they have a right to boast. They know that they are ruling prudently and with a single eye to the welfare of the country, and that no attack, be it ever so merciless, can, while such is the case, do them even the slightest individual injury, or tend to a disturbance of the present order of affairs.

LATEST NEWS FROM RED RIVER.

We note the arrival this evening of the Rev. Mr. Fletcher, pastor of the Presbyterian [illegible] at Portage la Prairie and [illegible], in the Red River Settlement, formerly of Carlisle in Ontario, and for ten years pastor of the Presbyterian congregation at that place. The reverend gentleman left Fort Garry on the 15th March, and arrived at St. Paul on the 8th April. He had the full benefit of the severe storms which prevailed, and the deep snows prevented his horse trains making more rapid progress.

Mr. Fletcher confirms most of the statements lately made in regard to the state of affairs in Red River, but being ill in the neighbouring parish of Kildonan at the time, gives no additional details of the murder of poor Scott. Mr. Fletcher will remain for some time in the city, and will be able to give important testimony before the Committee of the Senate, now sitting, to elicit information on the agricultural capabilities of the Great North West.

DREAMING.

The push of the *Globe* is really wonderful. As a newspaper there is no equal to the *Globe* on the whole continent. Two or three days, or weeks, or months after every body has been in full possession of the information, the *Globe* falls upon a something which is imagined to be quite new to the readers of that extensively circulated journal, in a contemporary using the French language as a medium of communication with the public, and having, with astonishing energy, translated it into English parades the mare's nest before the Ontario public as a piece of information of which no one had previously been aware. The *Globe* has at last found out from a letter to Sir Stafford Northcote, that the Imperial Government gave a reluctant consent to the postponement of the payment for the Red River Territory. Now, it is over a month back since we communicated the information to our readers that the Imperial Government had come to the conclusion that the Red River Territoy must be handed over to the Dominion Government quietly and peaceably before the money to be paid for it could fairly be exacted, which the *Globe* is only finding out. Has our contemporary been in a dream for upwards of a month?

POETRY.

Mr. Benjamin Sulte has produced a book of poems, which he entitles, "La Laurentienne." The songs are very pretty, the ideas very pleasing, and the expressions so amiable as to remind one of that style of poetry in which Sir Robert Aytoun indulged. Mr. Sulte is not homely enough, nor pert enough, to be called a Canadian Beranger, but there is something of the Tom Moore, in French, about him, which is taking to the reader. As for the letter press of the little book, that is truly superb, but the binding is abominable.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Fenians were preparing another raid on Canada, and he introduced a Bill for the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON regretted that it had been deemed necessary to introduce that Act. In England and Ireland it had been suspended for internal treason and riots.

Mr. MACKENZIE would not oppose the Act but would hold the Government responsible. He thought the Imperial Government should endeavour to enforce the observance of the International law on the part of the United States.

Mr. ANGLIN could see no cause for this Act, and it would have the effect of the cry of "wolf."

After some further remarks, the Bill was read the first, second, and third times, and passed. It was then taken to the Senate, and the assent of the Governor General obtained at once.

Several Bills were advanced a stage.

After recess, the Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD announced that the House would sit on Saturday, and then on Tuesday.

The House then went into Committee of Supply.

DRS SCHULTZ and Lynch were entertained by the medical profession of this city, at the Rideau Club, last evening. The meeting was in no way political in its character.

At a meeting of the dry goods merchants of this city held last evening, in the lecture-room of the Mechanics' Institute, it was unanimously resolved to carry out the Government proclamation, fixing the rates of American silver coin.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

OTTAWA, 13th April, 1870.

DEAR SIR,—I am quite willing that "Justitia" should lay the flattering unction to his nose that he is in good odour with the public, and—if he himself can believe it—that he has snuffed me out. What he means by my diamond pointed pen is no doubt very evident to himself, and would unquestionably be vastly amusing to the public, if they could only find it out, so he will allow me to express the hope that before he goes he will not only leave us a lock of his hair, but tell us what he was trying to say, and where the laugh is supposed to come in. I have heard of a preacher who in his manuscripts used to note "cry here," &c., and it is my deliberate opinion, after a careful study of my excellent friend's productions, that he should give his readers directions where and when to laugh. Unfortunately I have no "diamond-pointed pen" I wish I had; and as I have given the book agents valuable publicity gratis, I think it is the least they can do to present me with one before they go; and I may as well suggest that, while they are about it, it should be a complete affair, to wit, gold case, with pencil, pen, penknife, &c. As "Justitia" speaks for others, as well as for himself, and labors to prove I had been rude towards some ladies, I will, to please him, address myself squarely to the facts. The letter which is presumed to have given offence was intended, as nine hundred and ninety nine people out of a thousand perceived, as *badinage*, though, to be sure, amid the attempted pleasantry it pointed to what was considered, and is still, as an unpleasant visitation—though made by pleasant visitors. The letter was addressed to a far distant paper, and I never thought it would see the light here. It named no one, imputed improper motives to no one, and assailed no reputation. It would not have soiled snow, but for the impure hands that subsequently handled it. Mr. "Justitia" having closed the controversy (and in apparently better temper), I have no objection to doing the same myself, to say, that I might probably have expressed my opinions with sufficient effect, and yet without danger of grieving any one. If I was unduly caustic, it was an unintentional mistake, which I can only say I regret.

FAG.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonee Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

Thursday, 14th April.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock but the doors were not opened till a quarter to four.

Hon Mr. CAMPBELL said that it was the intention to propose an adjournment, when the House rose, till Tuesday evening next at 7 o'clock, when all the members out of town would have probably returned.

THE PUBLIC SAFETY.

The House then adjourned during pleasure and resumed half an hour subsequently.

A message was received from the House of Commons, stating that they had agreed to a Bill to "authorize the apprehension and detention of such persons as shall be found or suspected of committing acts of hostility, or conspiring against Her Majesty's person and Government." The object of the Bill he stated was the same as that of the Act of 1866. The Bill enacted it would be lawful to arrest persons who are charged with being or continuing in arms against Her Majesty within Canada; or with any act of felony therein, or with having entered Canada with design or intent to levy war against Her Majesty, or to commit any belong therein. Before the doors had opened, he had stated to the House the reasons that had influenced the Government to bring forward the measure, and it was unnecessary to recapitulate them. He moved that the Bill pass through its various stages.

The Bill was passed, and sent back to the Commons.

About 5 o'clock His Excellency the Governor General came down and gave his assent to the Bill in the usual form.

MASTERS AND MATES.

On the departure of His Excellency, Hon. Mr. MITCHELL moved the adoption of certain amendments made by the House of Commons to the Bill respecting certificates to Masters and Mates. He explained that the first and second amendments were simply alterations of the fees and that the third provided that all fees should be paid into the Receiver General.

The motion was agreed to.

The House adjourned until Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 14, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS presented the report of the Committee on Public Accounts on the return respecting the Bank of Montreal, referred to them.

Mr. GODIN introduced a Bill to amend the Seignorial Act, Chap. 41, Consolidated Statutes.

Mr. RYAN (Kings, N.B.,) asked why there was a difference between the salary of the several Judges of the Supreme Court in the Maritime Provinces, and that received by the several Judges of the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the reason of the difference was that the salaries of the Judges were fixed by an Act of Parliament. Why Parliament passed that Act he could not take upon himself to say, but the Government could only pay the salaries fixed by that Act.

Mr. WORKMAN asked whether it was the intention of the Government to introduce during the present session a Bill to assimilate the systems of Pilotage which now prevail throughout the Dominion, and to remove the disabilities which the vessels of Quebec and Ontario now labour under in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick ports.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was not their intention to do so this session, but hoped to introduce a Bill on the subject next Session.

Mr. CAMERON (Inverness) asked whether it was the intention of the Government during the present Session to subsidize any steamer to ply between the Railroad Terminus, Pictou, N.S., and any Port in Cape Breton.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was not their intention to do so this Session.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER asked the Government the following questions:—1st. Has the Inman Company, under the terms of their contract, right to employ in the Trans-Atlantic Postal Service such a slow steamer as the "City of Cork," said steamer being generally considered, both in regard to her rate of speed and passenger accommodation, unfit for such service? 2nd. Has the Government taken any measures to ascertain whether the Inman steamer "City of Boston," which left Halifax, January 28, for Liverpool, with mails and a large number of passengers, was overloaded and thus rendered incapable of resisting the gales experienced by the Cunard steamer "Nemesis" and the Allan steamer "Nestorian," troop ship "Orontes," which vessels encountered the same weather and reached their destinations in safety, while the fate of the "City of Boston" is still a matter of uncertainty and doubt?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said, with respect to the first question, that the Inman Company had a right to use the same steamers under contract with our Post Office Department as they had under the Imperial contract. The "City of Cork" was one of the steamers which they had a right to employ under the Imperial contract. In answering the second question, he could say that the Government had taken measures to ascertain the particulars alluded to, and had received a letter from the New York agent of the Company, and to the effect that the *City of Boston* was not overloaded, and that the regulations of this line on this point were very stringent and always carried out.

Hon. Mr. WOOD asked the following questions:—

1st. Does the determination of the amount of the debt of the late Province of Canada with the several items and the amount of each item composing that debt rest with, and is it imposed upon the Government and Parliament of Canada, or does it rest with, and is it imposed upon, the Arbitrator's under the British North America Act.

2nd. Have the Arbitrators under the British North America Act anything to do with settling and determining the several items, or any of them, and the amounts thereof which shall compose the debt of the late Province of Canada and the aggregate debt of the said Province, or is the jurisdiction of the said Arbitrators in respect of said debt and several items thereof limited to the apportionment of the excess of said debt over $62,500,000 between the Province of Quebec and the Province of Ontario.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that was a question of law, and the mover, being a lawyer, was as able to answer it as he was. He would say to his honourable friend as a doctor once said when asked casually what he thought of a certain case. The doctor's reply was, "I think you had better take advice on the subject. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. WOOD said he wished to know the decision of the Government on the subject.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—It is a question of law.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL moved for the names of the parties who have tendered for locomotives, &c., on the Intercolonial Railway—Carried.

Mr. FORTIN moved for the correspondence and the return of the number of vessels owned in the Dominion in July, 1867. He believed that the present returns were not correct, the names being given of those registered, who do not represent those really owned.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that if he could show the number was greater they would all be delighted.

Mr. FORTIN said that in the return presented in 1863, the tonnage was 808,431, and in 1867 the returns showed 32,000 less, and he could not believe that the tonnage had decreased, the contrary, he was persuaded, being the fact. He desired to obtain a list of the vessels sold, wrecked or otherwise disposed of, as he was persuaded there was a larger number credited than were owned in the Dominion. He knew it was difficult to obtain such a return, as they were obliged to follow the vessels to ascertain what had become of them. He did not desire to blame the officials for this, as they had, no doubt, done what they could, and he thought that if the lists were produced errors could be pointed out.

Mr. E. M. McDONALD (Lunenburg) said that in the lists appeared the names of those which had been broken up twenty years before. It was most important to have a correct list prepared, and none had yet been made up.

Motion carried.

Mr. YOUNG moved for the return of amounts paid by any of the departments for subscriptions to advertising in newspapers in 1869.

Dr. GRANT, in moving for the Reports of the Public Works on the route of Mr. Dawson through the Thunder Bay region, said he was simply desirous of obtaining the fullest information bearing upon the very important subject of the selection of the best line of communication with the Nor' West Territories. He was of opinion the Government had acted judiciously in opening up at present the old canoe route of the Hudson's Bay Co., which he hoped would be more a temporary rather than a permanent means of communication, providing the information he had received from various sources would coincide with the observations of the Department of Public Works made last season. It is a well known fact that the Thunder Bay region possesses all the physical characteristics peculiar to Laurentian regions generally, abounding in high hills and deep ravines, by far the most expensive physical difficulties to be overcome in the construction of any road. During the recent debate on the Nipigon country, the hon. member for Algoma adverted to a dam about to be built on the Mattawan River, half a mile in length and sixty feet high, by which the water was to be elevated 30 feet above its present level. The estimated cost $12,000, but from information he had received, and from his personal knowledge of the country such a dam as proposed would cost $120,000 if not more. He was anxious from these various facts which had come within the knowledge of many, that the results of the examinations made last fall should be brought down so that some reliable idea might be formed of the practicability or probable cost of the proposed Canal route from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry. He was of opinion this matter could not be too forcibly brought under the notice of the Government as the remoteness of this country, and the consequent difficulty of getting reliable information in regard to it might lead to the expenditure of large sums of money on a route which ultimately might be of no practicable utility. We had only to advert to the early history of the public works of this country to be reminded how from insufficiency of information, larger sums of money had been expended without any beneficial result, such as in the connection of Lakes Huron and Ontario through the Trent region, fully half a million was thus thrown away prior to the finding out of a direct means of communication. What he should like to see would be Lake Nipigon taken as a base of operations and observations extended east and west in order to gain accurate information concerning that whole section of country, with a view to the formation of a permanent way to the Red River Territory, in the meantime the Thunder Bay Route would serve as a temporary means of communication.

Dr. TUPPER said he had not sufficient information to say how far the statements that the route from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry was all but impracticable were well founded; but he was satisfied that even if the most sanguine expectations of the promoters of that route were well founded, it was obvious that it must be a very imperfect line of communication, as it would be closed by winter six months in the year. He regarded the discovery made by Prof. Bell, who was declared by Sir W. Logan to be an able and reliable man, as very important. Prof. Bell informed Committee of Agriculture and Immigration that the country, from the head of Lake Superior to Lake Nipigon, and for 90 miles westward towards Fort Garry, was very favourable for a line of railway, and he was informed that for 100 miles further it was of the same character. We know, that for 90 miles east of Fort Garry, the country was level and soil of good quality. Under these circumstances he hoped that no time would be lost in making a thorough survey from Nepigon to Fort Garry, as it was evident that if we would make the North West Territory an important part of this Dominion, we must have rapid, easy, and constant communication with it from here at all seasons of the year.

Mr. HOLMES said he was glad the hon. member for Russell had asked for the reports so far as made last fall by the Public Works Department, and under, he believed, the able charge of Mr. Monro. He knew some thing of the peculiarities of that section of country, and from the various reliable accounts he received, he thought the construction of a road in the Thunder Bay region would be attended with great difficulty and a very large expenditure of public money. He was one of those who believed that the sooner we had a permanent way to the North-west the better. He had considerable experience in road construction, and felt satisfied that the mountaneous country about Thunder Bay and westward would not prove very conducive to road construction. When he would like to see would be a continuous route such as a railroad to the North-west, which must take the place of any land and water communication as proposed by Mr. Dawson. Under these circumstances he hoped a thorough exploration would be made through the level country to the north of Lake Superior, in the Nipigon region, as recommended by Professor Bell, before the Government would undertake the expenditure of large sums of public money on the road now in process of construction.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that when Dawson was sent out, he was sent to open up a temporary road to Fort Garry. The work was commenced, and the road built, except 27 miles. Mr. Dawson, in his report, recommended the construction of a very large and expensive dam. Mr. Munroe was afterwards sent up to make further examinations as to the feasibility of the route. This gentleman's report had only been in for a few days. New surveys were to be made of the region between Nepigon and Fort Garry, the object of which was to discover whether a mixed route of land and water would not be best. Measures would be adopted to ensure that no difficulty should arise between the surveyors and Indian tribes of that section. Next session the Government would be able to tell the House whether or not a better road cannot be had to the North West.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the land in the Nipigon country was a *terra incognita* to every one. No one had been there who was qualified to state what were the facilities offered by this section of country. He himself believed that the Nipigon route would be the longest, as the lake was further from Fort Garry than Thunder Bay, which was also the best harbour. Because there was some good available land in Nipigon was no reason why that route should be adopted. He cautioned the Government against paying too much attention to hints about a new country without a thorough examination. By the present route they had about 300 miles of water communication, and 180 miles of land, and so far the route was favourable. The Nipigon was difficult to reach in many ways, and they knew little of the country except the land around the shores of that lake. Nipigon Lake was 160 feet above the water level of Lake Superior, and the harbour at the mouth of Nipigon river was not in any way as favourable as the Thunder Bay harbour. He would like to know if the survey of Mr. Dawson was the same as that made by the Department of Public Works.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said that Thunder Bay appeared to him to be a great harbour formed by nature. He trusted that the Minister of Public Works would give the whole matter, of such vast importance, an earnest and prudent consideration.

Dr. GRANT said it was a well known fact that all those who have either seen or written about this section of the country agree as to its level character. The recent work of Mr. Russell, of this city, contains much useful information on this very subject, and it is well known that the vast Laurentian Range, which crosses a great portion of the Dominion of Canada, is backed up by a level country extending up the Valley of the Ottawa towards the Montreal River, and on to the Winnipeg basin. Such is also corroborated by various explorers who have visited these sections of the country. Prof. Bell pointed out the existence of a level silurian country in the Nipigon region entirely different from what was generally supposed and well adapted for railway communication. Lake Nipigon is only 40 feet above the level of Lake Superior, instead of 120 as generally stated, or 160 as just given by the hon. member for Lambton. He was not aware that any particular survey of the Matawan and Shebandowan had been made by Mr. Dawson were public works, involving a large expenditure of money, were to be constructed. Last session when the Government learned the facts, an examination under the charge of their able chief, Mr. Page, was at once set on foot, and now it is known from the physical features of that section that it will be an exceedingly difficult matter to hold the requisite body of water even after the proposed dam on the Matawan was constructed. The fact of gentlemen holding mineral lands about Thunder Bay should not be a sufficient reason for the advocacy of this route in preference to a more available means of communication. He felt satisfied the Nipigon country would offer all the physical peculiarities favourable to railway construction, and he hoped that the day was not far distant when the first link of such a railroad would be commenced, and extended to the Atlantic on the one hand and the Pacific on the other, and thus consolidate our Domion.

The motion was carried.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved for the appointment of a Select Committee on the Land Improvement Fund of Upper Canada. He said that motion referred to the resolution, which was considered the other day. The Leader of the House was the guardian of its liberties, and he called upon that hon gentlemen to see that nothing was placed upon the Journals of the House, which might be established as a precedent injurious to those liberties. He then called attention to the ruling of the Speaker the other day, against his resolution and said the Speaker had confounded the object of the resolutions with that of resolutions asking money expenditure. He called to the notice of the House the rules on the subject and to the case of Baron de Vaux, in which a resolution of the whole House was passed stating that compensation should be made, and upon which resolution the Government of the day acted. He wished to remove from himself the odium of having brought this matter irregularly before the House and to show that it was not his fault if the honour of the Government of the country had not been kept with the settlers. The Committee he had selected comprised as many members from Quebec as from Ontario.

Mr. CASAULT said the question raised by the member for Brant was a purely legal one, and one that should and must be submitted to the Arbitrators and not to this House. The mover only desired to make an impression on the Arbitrators, otherwise he would not have brought the matter here.

Hon. Mr. WOOD denied that he had done so, his only object being to protect the poor settlers.

Mr. CASSAULT entered into details at considerable length with regard to the formation and disposal of the fund in question.

Mr. FERGUSON said the last speaker had wandered from the point. The question was simply whether the settlers had been induced to purchase land and settle them on the understanding that they were to be allowed one-fourth of the price for improvements. The question was whether it was intended to deal fairly with the settlers and carry out the agreement with them in good faith. The moment that the Order in Council was cancelled giving this amount, subsequent purchasers would have no claim; but those who had purchased previously, although they had not paid up, were clearly entitled to the deduction.

Had Mr. CASSAUT not been afraid of his case he would not oppose the Committee which was composed of members from all the Provinces. He said he had twelve months ago offered to submit the case to Mr. Cameron alone, who was an Upper Canadian.

Mr. JACKSON said this was a matter for common sense rather than law. It was clear that the Order in Council did not confer the grant but the law itself in which the Order in Council and the Act was explicit that there should be one-fourth of the school funds in the Huron Tract set aside for improvements, the balance to form the Common School Fund. He denied that an Order in Council could rescind this as all the funds from that land were to be set aside for improvements or for Common school Funds. It must be remembered too that half a dollar an acre had better be added to the price to provide for the improvement.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR—In your issue of to-day, you state in your police report that I was fined one dollar and costs for obstructing the streets. I wish to say that no fine whatever was made as the case was remanded till Saturday next. By giving the above an insertion, and hoping that I have not trespassed too much upon your valuable space,

I remain,
Yours &c,
R. MOONEY.

Ottawa, April 14 1870.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 11385W6m

The weekly cotton circular will be issued on Thursday, on account of the occurrence of Good Friday, though the Stock Exchange will be open nearly every day. The business done will be small, as is generally the case on the approach of Easter.

Monday will be a close holiday in the market.

The *Scotsman* says that Gladstone received a letter signed by 200 members of the House of Commons, urging the adoption of ballot.

The Assizes.

APRIL 13, 1870.

The Assizes opened yesterday, Mr. Justice Galt presiding.

The first case disposed of was that of Prudhomme *vs.* the Home Insurance Company. The history of this case is the same as that of those against the Ætna Company, given in yesterday's TIMES. The jury returned a verdict of $5,000 for the plaintiff. The counsel the same as in the other cases.

The Grand Jury gave in true bills against G. C. Reiffenstein for larceny of $2,564 50, on the city of Hamilton case.

The trial of Mr. Reiffenstein on the bill found against him for receiving money under false pretences was begun. The reading of the indictment occupied nearly two hours, and the Court room was filled with many of our leading citizens and a number of members of Parliament. The Crown was represented by A. N. Richards, Esq., Q. C., and J. B. Lewis, Esq., Q. C. The counsel for the defence was the Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, Q.C.

Mr. Richards opened the case on the part of the Crown in a clear and concise manner.

The indictment of obtaining money under false pretences from Her Majesty, contained 47 counts. It was in consequence that it had to be so lengthy. The Montreal and Ontario Banks, the Townships of Beverly, Sydney and Thurlow had been made use of as well as the signatures of Messrs. Harrington and Dickinson, to obtain such money under those false pretences. Mr. Richard's thought it necessary to dwell on those counts, as the defendant had the best, and ablest counsel in the Province to defend him. One who would avail himself of any flaw in the indictment, and the conduct of the prosecution in order to procure a verdict for his client. He then entered into the duties of the defendant as confidential clerk in the Reciever General's office—that one of them was to make out the apportionments of the general clergy reserves fund for municipal purposes—according to the number of the inhabitants of such municipality. He then went to demonstrate the fact that while the above named municipalities had received their respective apportionments, the defendant had procured second payments which he had placed to his credit in the Ontario Bank. Mr. Richards made reference to erasures having been made, and one set of figures substituted for another. The book which was intended as a check on the defendant had not been properly kept, and was frequently in the hands of the defendant. It was not, however, the present business to introduce it.

The Court took a recess of half an hour.

The case was resumed, and the first witness called was

Thomas Douglas Harrington, Deputy Receiver-General, who described his own position, and stated that which had been occupied by the defendant next in the management of the Department to himself—he had charge of the debenture and municipal fund. Some exhibits, warrants, and receipts executed in 1865, were presented. These were objected to by the Hon. J. H Cameron, who stated he would not accept them as evidence. Another exhibit was objected to by the same gentleman. The question of false pretences, at the time mentioned, had nothing to do with the matter in the indictment. A warrant of 1865, or 1866 had nothing to do with the funds of 1867.

Mr. Reiffenstein's duties were to distribute the money to the municipalities. The books, warrants, and cheques produced, were again objected to by the defence. The Registry of rate-payers for '67 marked a rate of 59 cents a head for the municipalities. Defendant's duty was to carry out the amounts before any of them were to be paid. Blank forms of Power of Attorney were sent to the several municipalities. The Treasurer, or his Attorney asked for the money. On seeing Mr. Reiffenstein's signature, I certified to the warrants. What is called a warrant is actually a receipt. It is called a warrant because it refers to the *open* warrant of funds for distribution. After the warrant was signed by defendant, it was sent to the cheque clerk, who, on seeing it certified, wrote the cheque, and brought it to me with one of the receipts, and I took it for granted all was right, and would sign the cheque. The duplicate then was sent to Mr. Dickinson to be signed by him. I cannot say whether there is a duplicate to this account-book kept in his office—there ought to be one in the Inspector-General's office. I never saw such a book. Exhibit No. 8, is a Power of Attorney to Mr A. S. Kelty, agent of Bank of British North America to receive the management of the money. I feel certain I have seen it before. It should have been registered 305 in the receipt column of this book. I find 406 in the columns written on an erasure. Witness used a magnifying glass, and stated he saw the figures 305 in the portions of paper erased, and believed them to be the figures of the defendant. The witness also identified certain double cheques which had been paid. This book was in the custody of the defendant. The distribution for 1869 is not added up in the Registry; it should have been. I did not discover this because it was not my business; it was Reiffenstein's business. He had complete control over the book.

Cross-examined.—The municipal distributions have been going on since 1855. In no year has the whole Municipality Fund been distributed. Under the Act of Parliament, it is the duty of the Receiver General to make the apportionment. He is the political head of the Department. I do duty for the Receiver General as deputy head. I do not think I had anything to do with the apportionment. I do not know how it became Reiffenstein's duty to make the apportionment. There is another book in which cheques are registered. Any cheque given here is entered in that one, so that any fraud can be discovered. There has been no examination, or checking of the books in my Department since I have been Deputy head. The duty of checking belongs to the Finance Department. I do not know that it ever was done. Since 1858 in no one year have the columns of this book been added up, and the balances brought forward. The reason is that municipalities do not always draw their monies during the current year, and the columns could not be balanced. Reiffenstein was engaged in checking the books after the discrepancies were discovered. It is my business to sign the Public accounts. The accounts of 1866, though bearing my name, were not signed by me. Never compared cheques with entries. I signed them because I saw Reiffenstein's signature certifying—I have during pressure of business signed cheques in blank.

Re-direct—I have signed cheques in blank during a pressure of business.

Francis Lewis—cheque clerk in the Receiver General's office, identified to cheques issued under the warrants produced.

Francis Hunter—clerk in the same department testified as to the particulars of the issuing of the cheques in connection with the warrants.

THIRD DAY.

Richard Dickinson, Deputy Inspector General, was the first witness.—The distribution of book from his department was produced. It was supposed to be a copy from the book of a like nature in the Receivers General's office, and intended to be a check on the municipalities' book. The distribution of 1867 was entered in Nov. same year, and the open warrant issued in July 1868. The books should have been made up and compiled before the cheques were signed. A large number of the cheques for 1867 were made out before the books were prepared. Applications for payments were generally made by a person having a power of attorney—sometimes, however, not. In such cases a general power was supposed to exist. The books were not searched to ascertain if a payment had been made; if that practice had been introduced it would have served as a good check. Cheques signed at my office were all entered in this book. The exhibits were identified. The cheques were signed by Mr. Goddard and were noted in the cash-book. The second cheques were passed in consequence of the book not having been written up. It was usual to sign cheques on finding them in form. Those cheques should certainly not have been issued. The fault lay with the subordinates and a mistake. Presume the entries in this book were made afterwards—never saw the book with Reiffenstein, did not know whether it was in my office. It was not there for some time.

Cross Examined—There was no special check to show amount apportioned, and the amount paid. The apportionment book gave the gross amount for distribution $802,554.46. The particulars were not given. We have no cash account, that is to be found in the Receiver General's and the Audit office.

Re-examined—The usual practice that after having been certified by Reiffenstein, Mr. Harington signed the cheques, after which they came to me. On seeing Harington's signature would sign the cheque also. Did not remember signing any cheque, nor having it, unless it had also defendant's signature.

Mr. Goddard, bookkeeper in Deputy Inspector General's office, identified exhibits. He never made any entry in any book when he signed a cheque. The entry of the payment of cheque was made by Mr. Torrance. This book belongs to the Inspector General's office. Do not know whose duty it was to look after it.

Robert Killaly, a clerk in Mr. Dickinson's office, testified—The distribution book I first saw in 1868. It was brought to me by Mr. Anderson, a clerk in the office. I copied the entries from it. These are my figures (in book produced). I copied the monthly returns of municipalities, the number of ratepayers, and the total. Having completed, don't know what became of the book. Reiffenstein had the distribution book, and returned it to me two days before he was arrested. I went to his office for it. Do not remember having seen it after writing it up until Reiffenstein returned it; don't know how he got it. I entered the number of receipts and payments; got the nos. from vouchers from the Receiver General's office. The amounts paid, were written, I think, afterwards. I wrote the nos. of receipts. Charles J. Anderson, clerk in the same Department, made the first of these distributions for 1867; it was copied from Reiffenstein's book; made those entries in Nov. or Dec. 1868. Got the distribution book from the Receiver General's office at the time we were going to write it up.

Charles Shay, recalled—Saw this table before it was in Reiffenstein's desk. It shows the no. of receipts. It is in Reiffenstein's hand-writing. The entries should be made before the receipts, cheques are signed. The nos. are put on about the date of the receipts, (witness checked off five entries on card as identified). The card was R's own paper. I had nothing to do with it. Distribution book produced; witness did not know whose figures were written on the erasures.

John A. Torrance, Inspector General's Office—Some of these entries, as the date of payment and amount paid entries, in columns, are mine, all but one. The entries were made after R's arrest. I entered from books or documents. Beverly is in my writing (406, 305). Got the date from the warrant now shown me; entered 305 over the other figures.

Cross-examined.—Made all the entries after Reiffenstein's arrest. The figures of distribution for Beverly, Sydney and Thurlow were written on the erasures. Cannot recollect whose they were.

Anderson recalled.—These figures were not entered by me; don't know by whom.

Archibald C. Mowbraw, Manager of the Ontario Bank.—The receipts for Beverly, Sydney and Thurlow were signed by me. Have seen these cheques before. Know defendant. The cheques were placed to the credit of the defendant at the bank. Had no power-of-attorney to sign the receipts, but did so, as it had been customary during the management which preceded mine. Believed there must have been some authority in the Receiver General's office. When Reiffenstein brought the receipts to me he said "I want to close these things up." I signed them; gave the receipt back to Reiffenstein. I signed them of my own accord, relying on the practice which had been made by my predecessor. The amounts, only, are entered on the receipts—not the localities—the defendant did not ask me to sign them. Other receipts now presented to me by R, which I endorsed, and returned to him. I did this because the previous manager had done so. The cheque placed to his credit covered the distribution of the townships of Beverly, Sydney and Thurlow, $1,678 50. The amounts of receipts tally with cheque. I had no authority from municipalities; but supposed it being customary, some authority existed. Never received any money, or profit in the matter.

Cross-examined—Thought the late acting manager had authority, and as his successor did the same as he, it was not through any suggestion of the defendant.

The Grand Jury entered, and in the matter of the Queen *vs.* Jeremiah Leitrim, returned a true bill.

The Queen *vs.* Dr. Philion—no bill.

The Court adjourned till two P.M.

S. A. McMurty—Teller in Ontario Bank exhibited slip containing R's cheque for $1,678.50. The paper bore the corporate stamp of the bank, and was identified. No endorsements were required, by instructions from the manager, from R. in matters of municipal distributions.

Mr. Cornell—Treasurer of Beverly—Power of Attorney shown.—The signature is mine. It is to the agent of the Bank of British North America to receive and give receipts for monies on behalf of the municipality. On 30th July 1868, received distribution for '67—got it from the Bank—Received distribution for '68 on 1st October '69. Don't know the defendant, never authorized him to receive money for the township. Never gave any to Mowbray never received any money from either.

John S Huffman, Treasurer of Sydney—Signed Power and Attorney to late Mr Wade of the Ontario Bank to receive distribution—Received $546 50, July 29 '59, never received any money from the defendant. Reiffenstein was never authorized to receive money for the municipality. Neither had been sent to Mowbray.

John Thompson—Treasurer for the township of Thurlow. I signed a power of Attorney before me. I received the apportionment for 1867, July 1868—$553 50. I never authorized the defendant to receive any money for the municipality.

F. J. Lewis, teller, Bank of Montreal identified cheque received by him from Ontario Bank, 4th May, 1869. It was his duty to mark cheques,

Hon. J. H. Cameron asked before entering into defence on what counts the prosecution would be based. That they should be forced to elect certain counts, the charges were involving three different degrees of punishment. He adduced authorities in support.

Mr. Richards did not think he could be obliged to elect in matters of misdemeanor in such he could put any number of counts, not so in felonies.

The Court ruled in favor of the prosecution, reserving judgment on certain of the counts objected to.

Mr. Cameron then stated there was no case in law in all the courts, as the defendant could not be guilty of receiving money under false pretences from Her Majesty under the statute. The word "person" being operative in discribing the offence, a term which could not be applied to the Crown. There cannot be a false pretence as against the Crown. After an able argument, during which he claimed the case should not go to a jury, he was replied to by Mr. Richards. The ruling having been made, and several of the counts abandoned, the Hon. Mr. Cameron proceeded to address the jury in an appeal in which his astonishing powers as a jury lawyer were fully displayed. He referred to the laxity of the system of keeping Government accounts in strong terms, and pointed out the great temptation a person in the defendants position would have to resist. That the cheques alleged to have been used might have been some of the blank cheques signed by Mr. Harrington. Mr. Cameron's address lasted fully an hour.

Mr. Richards followed, in a full detailed narration of the circumstances of the case.

His Worship gave a brief charge, placing together the chief features of the case. He stated that if the jury believed the evidence given, it was their duty to bring the defendant in guilty of the three counts in which he is charged, with having induced Messrs. Harrington and Dickinson to sign cheques whereby he received money under false pretences.

After an absence of about an hour, the jury brought in a verdict of "guilty" as directed by the Judge.

The Court adjourned till to-day at one p.m.

The *Observer* ridicules the rumors of changes in the British Ministry. The same paper alluding to the quarrel of the British shareholders with the Erie railroad managers, that owing to the slipshod style of American journalism, nothing can be known of the progress of Burt's mission except from private persons.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange &c., 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April …

The Queen's Own and 10th Royal … teers have received orders to hold them… in readiness. The Queen's Own mustered … night and marched through the city.

Judge Black and Major Boulton … from Red River last night. The … very reticent, and says he only … be on the delegation, with the view of … obtaining peaceful possession of the … the prisoners were all released before … on condition of neutrality in the event … Major Boulton's opinion is that it … useless to send a small force, and … expedition should number at least four … thousand.

The *Telegraph* contains the account of … interview with a Fenian delegate, at … The reporter passing himself off as a … and obtaining information to the effect … O'Neill's movement on the Eastern … merely a *ruse* to attract the attention of … dians to that quarter, while preparations … being made in the west to send four … and Fenians to Red River. … lars is expected to be raised in Chicago … question of funds being the only difficulty.

The adoption of the 15th amendment … celebrated by a meeting of colored … on Tuesday evening, when … resolutions congratulating the … brethren were adopted.

HUNTINGDON.

HUNTINGDON, April …

No sign of danger has yet made its appearance.

The report in one of your contemporaries that the Fenians were assembling at … on Monday, is untrue. Up till … afternoon, when we last had word from … there was no movement of any kind …

The roads were paraded last night with usual vigilance.

Five of Capt. Muir's troops leave … Hemmingford, and three for Franklin. They will act as scouts.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April …

Mr. Harvard lectured last night on the … River.

The river is clear of ice, and the water … fallen considerably.

Efforts are being made by Councillor G. W. Stephens, to open up Bleury … to St. Catharine's road.

A meeting was held yesterday afternoon to make arrangements for a public entertainment in honor of Prince Arthur. After some discussion it was decided to give a grand … It will take place on the 2nd May.

Petitions are being signed to have … the author of the disgraceful effusion in the *Canadien*, dismissed.

The Volunteer Militia corps from Three Rivers, Arthabaska and Nicolet, arrived in Montreal this forenoon; also the St. … and St. Andrew's corps, late last night.

Troop of Cavalry inspection to-morrow.

An official says a number of our … firms have advertised that they will … day only receive silver at its value.

The streets this afternoon are … with persons, many of them are … proceeding to churches which are … sombre guise.

The ice is still firm on Lake of Two Mountains.

The funeral of Mr. Allan, who was … in the canal, took place to-day, and was largely attended.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April …

The barque *Lady Agnes* which … here, sailed yesterday afternoon.

The Government steamer is at …

Much indignation has been … against Lemay, and a puerile article … in the *Le Canadien* in his favor. A translation of his verses appears … *Chronicle* to-day.

Last evening the 9th Batt. (French) … represented by only a few officers.

The 55th Megantic Infantry is … be billeted to-morrow at Point Levi.

BERTHIER.

BERTHIER, April …

River du Loup, Berthier, and St. … Volunteer Companies, over 80 … crossed the ice at six o'clock this … Sorel for Montreal *via* Richelieu … honour to the braves.

AMERICAN NEWS.

ST. LOUIS.—The freshet is very … the Mississippi River opposite … Illinois. The river is eight miles wide … of Quincy and is entirely … many people have abandoned their …

The water is over the Hannibal … Joseph Railroad track for … the river rise a foot higher the … between Quincy and Palmyra will be … merged, and necessitate the … passengers from Quincy to … steamer.

The river is still rising.

WASHINGTON.—A memorial of … will be presented to Congress … pressing his desire to undertake the … of a telegraph cable between … Asia. 2,500 miles of cable will be … for the purpose.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers … curing Coughs, Colds, and all … and cheering the afflicted, has … proverb. In the United States … marvelous Wafers are known … all opposition and eclipse all rivalry … for them has steadily increased … twenty years, until now the sales … hundred thousand boxes a year … bers of the medical profession … admit that they know of no … sing such beneficial results … When taken in season they … cure. Sold by every druggist … respectable stores throughout … cents per box.

The mind governs the … vous system, as the telegraph … enced by a remote operator … the mind is impaired by … are made to perform … but if the nervous system … of the Stomach, Liver, Heart … Organs, are sure to suffer … produce Dyspepsia, Disease … Lungs and General Debility … panying trains of evil and …

A Diseased Nervous System … Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs … Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound … phosphites the nerves regain their … becomes clear and powerful … Dyspepsia a disease of the past … lar action is restored, the … lungs strong, and all the functions … brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state … convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 … or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, …

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co. … Agents, Montreal.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumat.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Plenty of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Sussex street.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, at lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Marshall Troupe.—As we predicted a large audience greeted the appearance of this troupe in Her Majesty's theatre last night. The acting was excellent and interesting throughout, and loud and well merited applause was given in general, but in particular to Mr. Aiken, as Royal Keene, who is, forsoothy a rising star. Owing to to-day being good Friday the Troupe will not play to-night, but we shall have an opportunity of seeing them perform a new and interesting role on Saturday evening.

A Good Movement if Brought About.—The Street Railway Company have had a number of men repairing the streets through which the tracks are laid with metal, so that those are in a better condition now than they have heretofore been at this season. The custom of mending their ways, in spring, has always been "more honoured in the breach than the observance" by our City Fathers. They generally select a season when the work is less productive of comfort to the public. Now, if an arrangement could be made between the City Corporation and the Street Railway Co. by which the latter would bind itself for a stated yearly sum to maintain the streets through which the rails pass in a clean and healthy condition, it would be economical on the part of the Corporation, agreeable to the public, and would, we think, be better, as well as more cheaply done by the Company than at present. The Company will be obliged to keep up a strict working gang at any rate, and the Corporation could never have a better opportunity than to enter into arrangements with it. The scheme is, at least, worth trying for a year, after which the cost can be counted.

The Scott and Richot Arrest.

These two persons, who have lately arrived from Red River, and who were arrested Tuesday morning, were brought before Mr. Justice Galt in Chambers, by virtue of a writ of habeas corpus. At noon yesterday County Attorney R. Lees Esq., represented the prosecution. The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron appeared for the prisoners. He read the information, warrant for arrest, and the habeas corpus.

The charge was that they "actually aided, assisted in the murder of Thomas Scott, a British subject" in the Red River Territory. The information was laid by Hugh Scott, brother of the deceased, before Police Justice McNab of Toronto, at that city. It was transmitted by mail to Ottawa, and was received by Detective O'Neill who executed it.

Mr. Cameron stated that the prisoner Scott demanded his release, on grounds of illegal arrest. The warrant, he presumed, had been issued under Stat. 430, Geo. III., chap. 138, and 1 and 2 Geo. IV., cap 66, by which general powers were given to arrest, and try persons guilty of capital offences committed in the Red River region. The Act past last session of the Dominion Parliament provided that the jurisdiction be extended to Ontario. He further stated that the Act provided that as in the present case, while the parties have a temporary residence in Ottawa, a Toronto Magistrate has no jurisdiction in the matter, but that the document should be executed by an Ottawa Justice. He further stated that as no persons had been named as the perpetrators of the deed, the warrant was informal, Scott could not be an accessory; in fact, there was no murder at all.

Mr. Justice Galt suggested the irregularity of the warrant coming by post, and the difficulty of making the necessary affidavit to procure an endorsement.

Mr. Cameron considered that not of much consequence.

County Attorney Lees deemed the best object was as regarded the illegality of the warrant having been executed in Toronto while the parties were temporary residents in Ottawa. The statute was plain that warrants should be issued where the alleged crime was said to have been committed, or where the party resided.

His Lordship took the matter en delibere till one o'clock to-day.

The Hon. Mr. Cameron made application to bail out the prisoners which was refused by the Judge.

Habeas Corpus papers were being made out for Father Richot who proceeded to the Bishop's palace in the custody of Constable Pinard, and Scott went to a hotel in the custody of Constable Davis. As they proceeded from the court room to the station room, they were followed by crowds of curiosity mongers.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 14th, the wife of J. H. Gibson of a daughter.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

☞NOTICE.—No performance this evening (Good Friday).

SECOND NIGHT OF

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

Second appearance of the popular colloquial actor

MR. ALBERT AIKEN,

Who will appear in the last great London success,

☞FORMOSA.☜

Tom Burroughs..........Mr. Albert Aiken

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER..........MR J MARSHALL.

April 12, 1870. 1332 6

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer, Ottawa.

1334 M1

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamised Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 10

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 138 P O. 1334tf

---

EASTER BEEF !!

AT

WILLIAM SLATTERY'S STALL

MARKET CORNER,

☞THE BEST BEEF IN THE CITY!

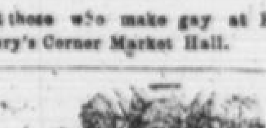
Among other first class animals for the Easter Market, a COW—unrivalled beef in the city—two magnificent STEERS, fed by himself.

A fine STEER, reared by John Grady, of Nepean.

☞ALL YOUNG BEEF.☜

Let those who make gay at Easter call at Slattery's Corner Market Hall. 1332f

---



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No 3 Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of MAY next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1870. 1332 3

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

☞NO CITY TAXES.☜

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers.
Apply on the premises or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,
1331a Post Office Block.

WANTED,

a smart boy who can read and write, to carry papers. Apply at this office.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 4 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 fm WM HALPENNY.

Sales This Week.

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

On Saturday, 16th inst., at the Custom House, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock, a. m., Condemned Goods.

J. BERMINGHAM has been instructed to announce to the people of Ottawa and its vicinity the following

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

ELEGANT

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

Marquetrie and Mosaic

INLAID WORK, &c, &c, BY CATALOGUE.

The subscribers have received instructions from those celebrated Toronto Manufacturers, Messrs Jacques & Hay, to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal, on TUESDAY, MORNING, next, 19th inst, an immense stock of Elegant Black Walnut Furniture, comprising Superb Drawing Room suites, inlaid with Tulip, and other fancy woods, and upholstered in Tapestrys, Silk Brocatelle and Terrys, of the latest and richest patterns—with Inlaid Marquetrie Cabinets and Tables to match, Handsome Marble Top and Plain Walnut Bedroom sets, in great variety, Richly Carved Sideboards, Cheffoniers, Etageres, Escritoires, Cheval Glasses, &c, Dining Room, Library and Vestibule Furniture, of every description, all of the best manufacture and finest finish.

Parties about to furnish private residences or hotels should bear this sale in mind.

Sale at 1 o'clock.

Catalogues can be obtained and all information as to factory price, &c, regarding articles on sale, from J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, Agent, Ottawa.

Parties in this locality desirous of purchasing advantageously can do so without the trouble of attending the sales by applying to J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, York street.

DEVANY & CO,
Auctioneers,

Commercial Sale Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal. 1332 4

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE

—OF—

CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act, 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.

☞Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870. 1330td

THE CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increases in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

128 Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

☞LARGE PROFITS☜

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞FEET WARE☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming, Lumbering and community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

30th APRIL INSTANT.

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting Stamping, Punching Benches, &c., &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose.

Apply to

GEORGE TYRRELL,
74 Sussex street, Ottawa

Or to GEORGE BURY,
Box 813, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870 1331 3

POST OFFICE O.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	....	12 Noon	9.00	....	11.30	3.30
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00	....	9.00	8.00	11.30	....
Halifax, N. S., Daily	....	12 Noon	....	....	....	3.30
St. John, N. B., daily	....	12 Noon	....	....	11.30	3.30
United States	7.00	12 Noon	9.30	....	11.30	3.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30	....	3.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	....	....	....	....	4.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.	7.30	....	....	....	....	4.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	....	....	6.00	8.00	....	....
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00	12 Noon	....	....	11.30	3.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00	....	....	....	11.30	3.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00	....	....	....	....	6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	....	....	12.30	....	11.30	....

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

Note.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having secured the services of a first class Cutter, MR. W. J. MILAN, of Milan & Son, Successors to Buckmaster & Co, Military Tailors, Edinburgh, are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

As prices are not calculated either for long credit or bad debts, ready money customers may rely upon getting superior and stylish garments at a moderate price.

Our Tailoring Department is now supplied with a splendid assortment of

NEW BROADCLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

COATINGS,

VESTINGS

ENGLISH,

SCOTCH,

and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
C. L. BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,

CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

---

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1360f

DR. ROBILLARD,

Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞DRY GOODS.☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1311 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE-

☞SHOW ROOM OPENING.☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,

Hats,

Jackets,

Flowers,

Feathers and

Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not. As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the ocm.

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON.

Full Lines in all the Departments

☞Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞LANG'S BUILDING.☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞STOVES AND TINWARE,☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others; Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

☞Common and Best Refined Oils.☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

---

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder Daly Street.

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by L Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable hood, and turns easily. 1330a

---

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS.

Beg to return their sincere thanks to their friends and customers and the public generally for the favors for the past year, and beg to inform them that having slaughtered the following prize cattle, viz, the enormous first prize fat Steer "PRIDE OF CANADA," weighing the extraordinary weight of over 3,000 lbs. the celebrated Heifer "CARLETON MAID," purchased and bred by J B LEWIS, Esq, Ottawa, and fed by SATCHELL BROS, weighing 2,000 lbs. This Heifer took the first prize at the Ottawa Agricultural Show, 1869. Also twelve other splendid Western cattle, together with 30 splendid Western Sheep, besides with other animals too numerous to mention. The whole will be on view at their Stalls for exhibition at the By Ward Market on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

1333 3 SATCHELL BROS.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

---

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

☞ANNOUNCEMENTS.☜

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

☞GOODS ARE CHEAP.☜

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

☞We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

☞COFFEE,☜

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH,
1330tf Belmont, Aylmer Road.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

---

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ROOM PAPERS☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England

☞25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER !!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased in entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

---

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..........Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

☞AYLMER CONVENT,☜

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

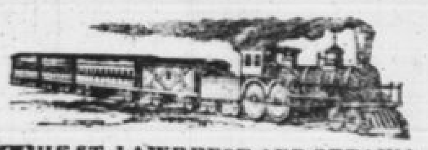
—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

WANTED,

Board and Lodging by a young gentleman, in a private family, in the vicinity of Centre Town. Address, B B TIMES Office. 1293



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870 until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

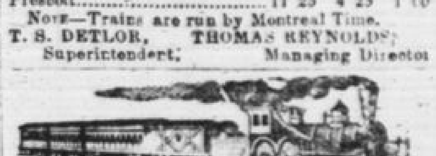
Stations.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 10
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 35
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 55
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 10

Note—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent; THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at ......5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m, and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at.......... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at.......... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at......8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.......... 10:10

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

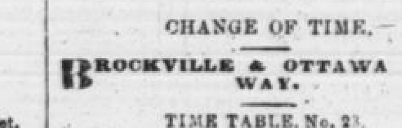
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director,
Montreal, December, 1869.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m. and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.45 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6 25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2 30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 1.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1420y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 8 y

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 15, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 25	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 15	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, is well in the wake of civilization.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

CANADA.

No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 152 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B., G. C. M. G., &c. &c., &c. 1238 2

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1260 td lawk.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1238 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s. 1323 3awfm lawkdm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, initialed, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines' Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1264 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. J. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jean and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Buster, Barristers, Ottawa. Jet-445-tf

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame neck diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for t[illegible] ublic

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public, and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

F. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

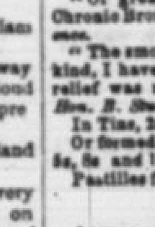
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 12s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or MERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

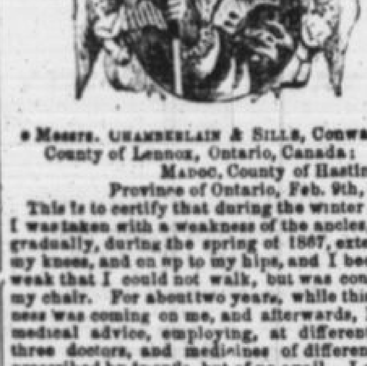
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings. Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th Inst. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 28

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from his long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to ensure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 53, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sicknesses; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

D. MAHABAREY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 2939d

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, ... J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and, from the ... promptness of its settlements the ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & ...

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and ... Assortment of Groceries, Wines and ... Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors ... Old Rye and Proof of the best ...

Those not having had a trial ... requested to call and judge for ... your neighbours who have tried ... Liquors. All Goods warranted ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese ... stantly on hand.

Remember—... P. BASKERVILLE ...

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with ... relief from Fraser's ... GREAT PAIN CURE ... three minutes. ... face is distinguishable ... intenseness of its pain ... attack, may be cured ... Fluid is composed ... and contains nothing ... system either by outward ... Try it and you will ... by Chemists and Druggists ...

W W FRASER ...

1364 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 ... and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 2, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING ... ING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa ... *Managing Director.*

VOL V. NO. 133

Hardware.

... ISAAC, DEALER IN ... and Heavy Hardware, ... STONE BUILDING, ... Street, Upper Town, Ottawa ... and Fancy ... Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. Always on Hand. 1236.1

... WHELAN, ... RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA ... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT ... opposite the Old Stand,) ... at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... stock, comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... and Fine Salt. Also, ... their Vinegars.

... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ... other articles necessary to complete stock.

... STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ... PER CENT BELOW COST. 1185

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY ... under Chapter LXVII of the ... Statutes of Canada. OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange, ... 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: ... D C THOMSON, Treasurer ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... Manager. 1141tf

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

... notice of my intention to supply ... TOMATO SAUCE, ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ... during the last four years ... to enlarge my manufactory ... the wholesale trade my ... undoubtedly the largest ... quality is readily ... I raise my ... procured at any expense ... they will therefore ... with any imported. ... manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ... Ottawa, or direct Box ...

... Pickle bottles collected ... 1196y

... EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS ... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA. ... Little Sussex-st. ... R. M. EASTON

... SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ... 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. ... Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the third instant. ... may be obtained on application ... Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ... September 9th, 1869. 1146tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ... to their orders for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miller's Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral, Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ...) Lessons of Piano and Singing. Rideau ... 775y

... MAYER, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, ... Centre Town, ... SPARKS & QUEEN STREETS

... FOX, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. ... of the Lumber Merchants ... From his long experience ... offers his services in engaging ... rafts while passing ... Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

... GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT ... begs to inform the public ... will be sold as cheap ... any other house in the city. GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 80 Rideau street.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1335. OTTAWA, MONDAY, APRIL 18, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

...ISAAC,

DEALER IN

...and Heavy Hardware,

...EY'S STONE BUILDING,

...Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

...ing and Fancy Stove

...al, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

...ber 26, 1869. 1236.t

...WHELAN,

...RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

...ly opposite the Old Stand,)

...at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...ted stock, comprising Groceries, ...Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...and Fine Salt. Also. ...ndoursed ther Vinegars.

...ORK, P CKLED SALMON, ...LABR. HERRINGS,

...other articles necessary to complete stock.

...Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...fresh and cheap.

...Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...Brandies; Hennessy & Co.'s ...and other brands.

...ND GIN— ...Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood

...Sherries all grades, Ports of fine ...Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines, ...in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

...and ...ever, at extremely low prices. ...and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...Irish Whiskey. ...Old Irish Potteen. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...and other Ales. ...Syrups, all grades. ...prices.

...STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...ING AT TWENTY-FIVE ...RCENT BELOW COST.

...time or bar ains. 1105

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...ed under Chapter LXVII of the ...olidated Statutes of Canada.

...OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange ...Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea...; ...OTT A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...D, Manager. 1141tf

...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI... ...STORES AND OTHERS.

...give notice of my intention to supply ...ised or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ...of trade during the last four years ...ed me to enlarge my manufactory I ...d to make the wholesale trade my ...

...I have now is undoubtedly the largest ...the question of quality is readily ...making known the fact that I raise my ...from seed procured at any expense ...is the best; they will therefore ...comparison with any imported. ...and importance of ... ...important fact is that being ...manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...ight, packing, duty and other expen... ...abled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...

...advantages, I think, cannot fail to ...who may favor me with their orders. ...NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...Office, Ottawa. ...Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

...Empty Pickle bottles collected ...highest prices given. 1195y

...EASTON & CO.,

...MISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

...Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

...End of Little Sussex-st.

...advanced on goods consigned for transportation. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

...DUIGNAN'S,

...PARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...ore gentlemen can be accommodated ...fortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ...the City, that will find superior accommo... ...the day or week at moderate terms. ...This house is situated in the immediate ...of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 219tf

Educational.

...CING AND DEPORTMENT.

...Robert Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...r Dancing Classes will commence on ...day, the 22nd instant. ...r particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...wa September 9th, 1869. 1146tf

...NO TUNING.—The subscriber having ...ecided to divide his time equally between ...and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ...patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ...to their orders for tuning more promptly ...retofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

...SICAL ACADEMY.

...GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe... ...Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o... ...Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau... ...corner of King-street. ...wa, June 23, 1868. 175y

...D. HAYES,

...OPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

...TWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

...DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

...Sussex Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

...Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ...and attending to their rafts while passing ...to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

...Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

...Prospere, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1334tf

...SH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public ...he has always on hand, in season, a large ...ply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, ...cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 35 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against FIRE, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,

Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.

January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

HURRAH

FOR THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

F. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,

desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

LIQUORS

of all descriptions, and a general assortment of

GROCERIES

suitable for town or country use.

Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.

ALSO,

A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackeral will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.

A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.

$40,000 worth of goods arriving.

☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits

Country Produce bought for cash.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 2-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O, R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,

Assignee.

Montreal, March 29th, 1870. 1329

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

PIANOS, PIANOS.

The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.

Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street

A ROWE,

Auctioneer.

1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice; 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

TENDERS.

For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

K ARNOLDI, Architect,

Metcalfe Street.

1327 8

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,

Metcalfe Street.

1322tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 tM1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,

The Tea Pot,

1306tM1 Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,

Dept Public Works,

1298 or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk tM1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, contains twelve rooms, viz:—3 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Dining Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in an excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen

Application to

D O'CONNOR,

Office No. 1 Rideau street,

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1328 7

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order.

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

☞ Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No 36, Rideau street, Ottawa:

2nd Dec, 1869.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York

MARCH ... 1030-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!

Wellington Street Forever!

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BLYTH & RUSSELL,

BLYTH & RUSSELL,

A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,

The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H F McCarthy's Apothecary, where we are now prepared to shew a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city. N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland. ☞ All fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

1213-3m

VALUABLE SAW MILL

—AND—

EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.

The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements.

The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.

Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.

Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by

MR WILLIAM BREAKEY,

At the Mills; or

MESSRS ROSS & CO.

City of Quebec.

April 5, 1870. 1328 6

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

Agents—Messrs. F. ... 11

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

24. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,

Division Registrar,

In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,

ED. CHANDLER.

C. J. BRYDGES,

A. W. McLELAN,

Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,

Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE

—OF—

CONDEMNED GOODS.

The undersigned will sell at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Port of Ottawa, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

In the terms of the Act, 31st Victoria, Chapter 6, the undermentioned Condemned Goods, viz:

10 BOXES TOBACCO.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., sharp.

☞ Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

J BERMINGHAM,

Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870. 1330td

From the TIMES Extra of the 15th.

Decision of Judge Galt on the Arrest of Richot and Scott.

THE PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

RE-ARREST.

Fire in the Parliament Buildings.

In Chambers to-day, about one o'clock, Judge Galt gave his decision on the legality of arrest of the two Red River delegates, now in Ottawa.

Mr. Lees, the County Attorney and Mr. Boulton, who is now watching the case for Scott, were present, in addition to a full bar, and many people.

The prisoners, on their names being called, stood up, and

His Lordship then delivered the following decision: I order the prisoners to be discharged, the Police Magistrate of the City of Toronto having no jurisdiction in cases of this kind to issue a warrant. In cases where an offence has been committed beyond the jurisdiction of our courts, the warrants ought to be issued by a magistrate within whose jurisdiction the accused are residing. It appears that the accused are residing in the City of Ottawa, consequently the Police Magistrate of the City of Toronto had no jurisdiction to issue warrants, and I therefore ordered them to be discharged.

The prisoners were accordingly discharged.

Application was made to Mr. O'Gara, Police Magistrate of this city, by the brother of the murdered man, for another warrant, which was granted, and placed in the hands of Detective O'Neil. The warrant stated that the murder was committed by some person or persons unknown, and read as follows, after the usual technicalities:

"Whereas, information has this day been laid before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's justices of the peace, in and for the city of Ottawa, County of Carleton, for that there is reason to suspect some person or persons, to informant unknown, on the 4th day of March last past, on land out of Canada, to wit, at Fort Garry, in that part of British North America, known as the North-west or Red River territory, did feloniously, wilfully, and with malice aforethought, kill and murder one Thomas Scott, and that one Richot, known as Father Richot and Alfred H. Scott, both of Fort Garry, aforesaid, but both now being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, aforesaid, and both being British subjects, did advise, aid and abet, said person or persons unknown, in the said murder and felony, contrary to the statute in such case, made and provided."

The prisoners were removed, accompanied by a large crowd to the Police Station, where they are at present in custody. An application for a writ of *habeas corpus* will be at once made.

The alarm of fire being given about half-past two o'clock this afternoon, and the cause of alarm being that the unfinished Library building, in rotunda shape, immediately behind the Houses of Parliament, was on fire, the excitement became very great. The fire engines and hundreds of people hastened to the scene of the catastrophe, just in time to prevent a more serious disaster. The flames issued through the temporary roof of the building, and everything inside seemed to be on fire. The firemen and soldiers of the 60th Rifles, who were promptly on the spot, worked most vigorously and soon succeeded in extinguishing the flames, before, in deed, any very serious damage was done. The fire originated, it is said, from some defect of the stove-pipes leading from the kitchen of the House of Commons restaurant, the particulars of which we have not yet ascertained.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.

From the Ottawa Courier.

Railway extension is most desirable. The more iron roads there are in this country, the more business there will be in it. The cost of construction is expended among the people, creating employment, as well as affording increased sources of wealth, and bringing nearer to chief markets distant settlements. Narrow gauges or broad gauges, long lines or short lines—railroads, narrow or broad, long or short are exceedingly necessary towards opening up the interior of this land. No loss can accrue to the country from the construction of a railroad. Whoever may suffer by such construction, the public gain. We are glad to learn that, on the strength of an Act passed at the last Session of the Legislature of Ontario, authorizing certain persons, in the interest of the Great Western Railway, to construct a line from Glencoe, passing through St. Thomas and Simcoe to Canfield Station, on the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, at an especial meeting of the English shareholders of the Great Western, held on the 14th instant, the scheme was adopted. There is now good assurance that the important section of country, bordering on the North Shore of Lake Erie, will be supplied with much needed railway facilities through the intervention of the Great Western Railroad Company, and that such facilities will add considerably to the growing wealth of the Dominion.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ...eam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SW6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Auction Sale—H McLean
Important Auction Sale—J Birmingham
Dwelling to Let—Hunter, Rose & Co.
Brick Tenement to Let—Mr Sadler
Auction Sale of Pianoforte—A Rowe
Sale of Tapestry, &c—A Rowe
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A Rowe
Mortgage Sale—Walker & Pennock
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from MAGEE & RUSSELL.
1231d

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 4 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, APRIL 18, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

ANOTHER WARNING.

Another warning is given to the Government. It is simply this Do not employ in the Winnepeg expedition, which is to crush our revolt, French regiments and English regiments. It is, we suppose, the intention of the *Globe* to warn the Government against bringing into the field an allied army, such as that which fought at the Alma, in aid of the Turks. Now really the warning seems quite unnecessary. Sir George Cartier's soldiers and Sir John A. Macdonald's soldiers are quite content to fight side by side, and Sir John, indeed, has committed to Sir George, his friend and ally the whole War Department of the Dominion, with positively good results. Why should the *Globe* first stir up destructive feelings and then give warning of the consequences? Is the *Globe* anxious to bring about a war of races? To exterminate Riel is it necessary, or even expedient in the eyes of the *Globe*, to crush out Lower Canada from any interference with Dominion concerns? Would the *Globe* put French speaking Canadians in fetters to subdue Riel and his associates? Does the *Globe* ever fancy that the French people of Lower Canada can be summarily and arbitrarily snuffed out? This selfishness will not do. The French people cannot be and do not deserve to be politically extinguished in this way. British authority can be re-established in the North west, without recourse to measures which would grossly insult the feelings of those who are, in truth, as British as ourselves, and very much more Conservative. The people of Quebec have the greatest possible interest in remaining attached to Great Britain. On that attachment their existence, political, social, and religious depends. They cannot withdraw from British connection without fatal consequences to themselves. The people of Ontario might. They could, possibly, go on without social or other kind of injury—except the loss of that distinctive character of Canadian, which Canadians prize—for years. Annexation would be death to Lower Canada, while it might be only disgrace and increased taxation to Ontario. Toronto would expand then as now, and so might Quebec, but not as Quebec now grows. Her learning, laws, and manners would all decline. Lord Elgin's motto of "*Fuimus*" might be written over the citadel gates. It is a great pity that in Quebec there is a Lemay, and it is equally pitiable that in Toronto there is a Brown.

THE DELEGATES.

Our contemporary the *Courier* has "interviewed" the Rev. Father Richot and Mr. Scott. The former is, in every sense, a gentleman. He is a large, massive, open countenanced, intelligent man, and the *Courier* tells us has enjoyed the confidence of the Hudson's Bay Company's officials equally with that of the half-breeds of his parish. A very different man is Mr. Scott. His appearance bespeaks the lower order of American, and his habits, according to all accounts, do not rise much above his appearance. In the South probably he would be looked upon as a "mean white." It is a mystery how such a man could have been selected as a delegate. He is in marked contrast to Drs. Schultz and Lynch Dr. Schultz, indeed, although reticent, when he does speaks, counsels caution and moderation. He entertains seemingly the belief that there is a possibility of bringing Riel to his senses, without involving all the miseries of military occupancy on the Winnepeggers. Dr. Lynch, we perceive, desires to be heard by the Government, and as a hearing is accorded to all classes of Her Majesty's subjects and their complaints, when well founded, redressed by the Government. Anything that Dr. Lynch has to say in connection with the affairs of Red River will, doubtless, receive that attention which it merits. Dr. Lynch is a native of Ontario, having been born at Lundy's Lane, and is evidently a straightforward and honorable man—so much indeed as to lead us to the belief that any statements he may make will be perfectly trustworthy.

Mr. Provencher, who accompanied Mr. McDougall as the French representative element in the Government, intended to have been formed, is also here. He has remained at Pembina all winter and must necessarily have had a good opportunity of ascertaining the sentiments of the Red River people. Like the rest he says very little about matters, but admits that Riel will abdicate as soon as the British forces make their appearance he is of opinion, however, that an amicable arrangement may yet be come to, and attributes the whole of the mischief—in the first place to the *Globe*, who deprecated the appointment of Mr. McDougall and led to the belief being entertained that fair play was not intended to the residents of the North West.

ILL-TIMED.

A more indiscreet, semi-blasphemous production than the poetic effusion of Mr. Theophile Lemay, of Quebec, published on the Red River murder, could not have been published. No doubt the Ontario press have been excitedly violent about the death of Scott, but that afforded no sufficient reason for the needlessly insulting language towards the English speaking people by one, not even connected with the press. Moderation, is, above all things, needed at the present moment. Justice will be fully meted out to all parties. The measures of the Government are being quietly, carefully, and surely taken with a view to the supremacy of the law and the restoration of order. The Government need no spurring to do their duty. That will be done and as promptly as is consistent with doing it effectively.

The first division of the expedition to Red River—consisting of about 1,500 men—will, we understand, be assembled at Collingwood on the 2nd of May next, and when they arrive at Fort Garry, it may safely enough be taken for granted that the murder of Scott will be thoroughly avenged.

"THE SCARE."

The Fenian "scare" seems over, and so far a fizzle. The 15th was the day fixed for the grand invasion, according to the programme of the "Detectives," and that has passed and there is "nobody hurt." Should this really be a false alarm, as we hope it will be, people will be most unwilling hereafter to credit reports coming from such sources.

The New York *World* says:—The Anglican Bishop of Honolulu, finding that the islands over which he exercised a *quasi* pastorate are becoming rapidly "Americanized," resigns his charge into the hands of the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, on the ground that henceforward the islands will belong more properly to the American church. This ecclesiastical feather will, perhaps, indicate more satisfactorily to the British mind than anything else can the "inevitable destiny" of Honolulu.

The following letter possesses some features of interest and we publish it. "Britannicus" promises a word as to the "*hidden causes*," "chargeable to the Hudson's Bay Company for our present trouble." It seems to us that "hidden causes" are not easily spoken of. Indeed, we are not disposed to grant the use of our columns to permit our correspondent simply to explain what he believes to be a reason or reasons for any conduct whatever on the part of the Hudson's Bay Company. Canada has no quarrel with that Company. The negotiations for the transfer of the North West territory to Canada were between the Imperial Government and the Company. Canada has only to do with the Imperial Government at present. This is no time for complicating matters by guesses as to causes.

Our Hour ("the Red River Difficulty.")

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR: The liberality of your columns to me, on a former occasion, when invoking Imperial agency for a Pacific Railway across British North America, tempts me thus to trouble you again in a matter of pressing concern to us all. The same principle, viz: *Imperial duty*, is, I hold, to be urged in this "Red River difficulty." Its solution is the duty, more especially, of the Imperial Government. Theirs it is, in sovereignity, to rule it. To the Hudson's Bay Company they have—*i. e.* Charles II. has—given certain powers "to judge all persons"—I am citing from the Charter—"persons belonging to the said Governor and Company, or that shall live under them, in "all causes, whether civil or criminal, according to the laws of this Kingdom," England, "and to execute justice accordingly; and in case any crime or misdemeanor shall be committed in any of the said Company's plantations, forts, factories and places of trade within the limits aforesaid, where judicature cannot be executed for want of a Governor and Council there, then in such case it shall and may be lawful for the chief factor of that place and his Council to transmit the party, together with the offence to such other plantation, factory or fort where there shall be a Governor and Council, where justice may be executed, *or into this Kingdom of England*, as shall be thought most convenient, *there* to receive such punishment as the nature of his offence shall deserve."

In the present instance the company are utterly unable to even arrest the murderer, but are themselves, in the person of their chief local officer, in the arms of that same murderer, in enmity or "amity." Is the bloody deed a chartered one? What says the Charter, our "Kingdom of England?"

True, a *concurrent jurisdiction* is given to Canada, in such cases of grave crime, by the Imperial Acts, 43 G. 3 chapter, 138, and 1 and 2 G., 4 chapter, 66, under which provision is made for the appointment of Justices of the Peace by the Crown, to whom the Canadian Courts are empowered to issue commissions, "to take evidence in any cause or suit and return the same, or try such issue, and for that purpose to hold courts, &c.

Whether such machinery is available at the present moment, is what I cannot undertake to say. There is the law—I find it in the statute book. Fifty-four years ago, in the conflict between the Hudson's Bay and North West Companies, Lord Selkirk procured a commission of the peace from the Government of Canada, and in the summer of 1816, with about a hundred of the disbanded De Meuron regiment as a supporting constabulary, enforced his warrants against some of the murderers of his infant settlement on the banks of the Red River. Then, however there was no Fort Garry with its British cannon and innumerable guns, and munitions of war in the hands of the enemy, and that enemy supported, morally, if not at the moment actually by a foreign national power. The circumstances of the two cases differ somewhat in this respect. The case involves, covertly, a national issue. A reserved Indian Army, lies low, behind 49° N. eager for another Texas. It would be worse than folly to throw away a comparatively undisciplined force against such odds. "Regulars" and field and mountain guns are needed.

But there is another consideration to be kept in view in this matter viz., the position of Canada *quoad* the crime and its venue. The crime, in the blood of her murdered son and cause, is against her. She, as an *imperium in imperio*, has a right to demand justice—justice from those who, holding the country—as the Hudson's Bay Company, a British Corporation, do—are in the face of God and mankind morally bound to do justice in such a case. The Company has failed to do so—the demand lies at the door of the power that made the Company. The master is liable for his servant—his faults of omission and commission in the work entrusted to him, to the injury of third parties. No charter can cover crime. The warrant in the one in question is to arrest and punish it.

A word hereafter as to the hidden causes, chargeable to the Hudson's Bay Company for our present troubles.

Yours,
BRITANNICUS.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

In the *London European Mail* we find the following remarks:

SIR ALEXANDER GALT.—In the House of Commons, March 24, Mr. Whalley asked the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, with reference to the correspondence between Sir Alexander Galt and the Government which he declines to produce, whether there were any expressions therein that justified Sir Alexander Galt in his letter to the Prime Minister of Canada in "stating his belief that the policy of independence had been arrived at by the Imperial Government;" or in his speech, to the Parliament of Canada, stating that "he was satisfied that such was the policy desired by the Imperial Government;" also, with reference to the letter from Sir Alexander Galt to Earl Granville, stating, as quoted, that "the existing relations would be safer and more durable if a term was fixed therefor," and the letter of Earl Granville in reply, stating "how much pleased he was with the honourable spirit of such a letter; and whether there was any objection to produce a complete copy of the letters from which were quoted those extracts; and, in any case, whether the Government would be good enough publicly to repudiate the construction of their views and intentions by Sir Alexander Galt.——Mr. Monsell, in reply to the first question, must distinctly say "No." As to the second question he must confess he did not understand its meaning. (A laugh.) In answer to the third question he might observe that he had read, as the House would probably recollect, two or three evenings ago a very long letter from his noble friend, Lord Granville, which he hoped would have removed all misapprehensions with regard to the subject of the hon. member's inquiry. The whole substance of the letters to which the hon. gentleman referred was contained in the letter which had been already read; but he must object to the precedent of producing private letters between the Secretary of State and the Governor of a colony respecting the conferring of honours on individuals by the Crown. Sir A. Galt, he might add, had no authority for putting such a construction on the views and intentions of the Government as that to which the hon. gentleman referred.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—This superannuation scheme of the Hon Finance Minister is causing a very considerable anxiety in the minds of the civil servants. Really Mr. Editor, I think that the civil servants may deservedly be classed with the "Noble Army of Martyrs" mentioned of old. Ever since we came to Ottawa we have been undergoing a species of martyrdom, high rents for very indifferent houses with few conveniences—no water—unheard of high taxes, with many other evils to contend with; and now comes the superannuation business, in my humble opinion it is not equitably framed, for instance, say a clerk of 25 years of age, receiving $800 salary he would have to pay thirty two dollars annually to this sinking fund, indeed it may well be called a sinking fund, for it appears to my obtuse brains to be gone for ever, as far as the clerk who contributed towards it is concerned; well say he goes on paying for twenty years at that rate, supposing he gets no increase of salary, (which is rather a slow process those days) he would have paid into this fund six hundred and forty dollars; at this period of his service, he has an offer of a situation of a more lucrative character unconnected with the Government and of course from prudential motives resigns his Government appointment now can it be possible that the six hundred and forty dollars he has paid is to be kept by the Government. In the Resolutions I see no sort of provision made for contingencies of this sort. I trust the Hon. Finance Minister will reconsider the measure, so as to give to the families of the civil servants a claim on the fund to which their relative has contributed, in case of death, or of retiring from the service for other employment, that he can, as in all Life Assurance Companies dispose of his interest in the fund

I hope the Government will arrange the scheme so as to make it more satisfactory to the Civil Service.

I remain,
Dear sir,
Your obedient servant,
SERVITOR.

The Widow Cox and Family.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I am glad to find that the sympathy of the public, high and low, in this distressing case still continues. Since my last acknowledgment, I have had a disappointing reply to my memorial from the Ordnance Department, signed by the Under Secretary of State, to the effect, that no concession can be made in the way of relieving this poor widow and her children of the few payments remaining due on her half-lot. They are afraid of establishing precedents! Really, I think this is hard, for it is very unlikely that many similar cases will often occur; and, even if they did, such a country would be no great loser in the sight of God or man, by the exercise of a little charity! It is, however, of prime consequence that the home which already has cost so many years of toil and industry, and saving, shall be secured for the widow and children, and I believe I have money enough now in hand to effect this. But what about the next four months' support?

I am, yours, &c.,
T. BEDFORD JONES, L.L.D.

April 11th, 1870.

SEVENTH ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

A Friend, "A"	$0 50
More Friends	4 00
Lady (Anon)	2 00
Members of the Unity P. B. Society	5 00
Churchman (Whitby)	1 00
Mrs. N. Bate	1 00

The Assizes.

DAWSON VS. THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.—This action was brought to recover the sum of $7,500 being the amount of an Insurance on the barque "Laurie Calvin," owned by the Messrs. Dawson Brothers, of Wolfe Island near Kingston. The vessel was lost on Lake Ontario. She having as it is alleged springing a leak during a squall of wind which struck her while on her voyage from Kingston to Chicago, in August last. The evidence of the Captain and two of the crew shewed positively of the squall striking the vessel and causing her to fill with water in about six hours afterwards, and going down in twenty fathoms of water. Witnesses were examined to establish the seaworthiness of the vessel.

The defence was that the vessel was unseaworthy and that the policy expressly contained the condition that the loss was not chargeable against the Company if that vessel was not lost by the perils of the sea, but by reason of her being unseaworthy. The protest signed by the master and mate, was silent as to the squall and shewed that the vessel went down in fair weather, and the presumption was that she was unseaworthy.

The Jury found a verdict for the Plaintiffs in $7,500 and interest.

James O'Rielly, Esq., Q. C., and Mr. Britton for plaintiffs. Mr. Anderson and Kirkpatrick for Defendants.

There was also an action against the Home Insurance Company on the same vessel which was agreed by the Court should abide the event of the case against the Ætna Company.

The case for the prosecution was conducted by Mr. O'Rielly who had been retained in four Insurance cases—winning every one. The cases were transferred from Kingston to Ottawa—the object being to save time.

SATURDAY 16

The Quebec Bank *vs.* Runkins—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff $528.95. T. F. Nellis for Plaintiff; Albert Parsons for Defendant.

Ontario Bank *vs.* Mulligan *et al*—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff $418.80. E. P. Remon and R. Lyon for Plaintiff; Albert Parsons for Defendant.

Thorne *vs.* Elliott *et al*—*assumpsit*. Verdict—damages in favor of Plaintiff $732.71. E. P. Remon and R. Lyon, counsel; G. R. Van Norman for Defendant.

Fellowes *et al*, *vs.* Keays. Verdict for Plaintiffs $400, subject to a reference to James Fraser, Esq. E. P. Remon and R. Lyon, counsel; George Taillon and Mr. Mosgrove for Defendants.

The Quebec Bank *vs.* Lee *et al*. Verdict for Plaintiff $175.42. E. P. Remon and R. Lyon, counsel; J. B. Lewis for Defendants.

Turnbull *vs.* Brown—ejectment. Verdict for Plaintiff, one shilling damages. George Taillon and Wm. Mosgrove, counsel; A. I. Dunning for Defendant.

Thompson *vs.* Stapleton—action on covenant. Verdict for Plaintiff—damage $1,389 70. J. B. Lewis for Plaintiff; R Lees for Defendant.

Thompson *vs.* Stapleton *et al*—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages $766.75 J. B. Lewis for Plaintiff; R. Lees for Defendant.

Quebec Bank *vs.* Wood *et al*—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages $573.17. T. F. Nellis for Plaintiff; J. S. Macdonald for Defendant.

Edwards *et al*, *vs.* Gleeson *et al*—ejectment. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages one shilling. J J Gemill and R Lees, counsel; C P Higgins for Defendant.

McLaren *et al*, *vs* Currier—Record withdrawn. R Lyons for Plaintiffs; J B Lewis for Defendant.

Turnbull *vs* Brown—on covenant. Verdict for Plaintiff $1,064 45. George Taillon for Plaintiff, A I Dunning for Defendant.

George E Desbarats *vs.* Edward L Perkins—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages $262.16. R E Kimber for Plaintiff; J B Lewis for Defendant.

Poole *vs.* Graham—*assumpsit*. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages $232 57. E R Remon and R Lyon, counsel; Albert Parsons and W A Ross, counsel for Defendant.

Currier *et al*, *vs.* Ottawa Passenger Railroad Company: Verdict for Defendant. E P Remon and R Lyon, counsel for Plaintiff; J B Lewis for Defendant.

Selections from the Standard Poets.

Delivered by William Pittman Lett, at the English Church Readings at Gowan's Hall on Friday, the 9th April, 1870.

With great condescension,
I pray your attention
To what I would mention
Of Erin so Green;
And how that great Island,
Both Lowland and Highland
Became of this world
The gem and the Queen.
It happened one morning
Without any warning
That Vaynus was born
An the beautiful Say.
And by the same token
And sure 'twas provokin',
Her pinions were soakin'
And wouldn't give play.

Bould Naptune who knew her,
Began to pursue her,
In order woo her
The wicked ould Jew!
He very high caught her
At top 'a the wather
Great Jupiter's daughter
Who roared Pullilew.
But Jove the great Jaynius
Look'd down and saw Vaynius,
And Naptune so haynius
Pursuing her wild;
He roared out like thunder
He'd tear him asunder,
And sure 'twas no wonder,
For tayzing his child

A star that was flying
Around him, espying,
He seized without sighing,
And hurl'd it below—
It fell down like winking,
When Naptune was sinking,
And gave him, I'm thinking,
A broth of a blow!
That star, sure was dry-land
Both lowland and highland,
It formed a nate Island,
The land of my birth;
Hence plain is my story
'Cause sent down from glory,
That Erin so hoary
Is Heaven upon earth!

Then Vaynus jumped nately
On Erin, so stately,
And fainted, 'cause lately
So bother'd and pressed;
Which her much did bewilder
But ere it had killed her
Her father distilled her
A glass of the best!
That glass so victorious,
Soon made her feel glorious,
A little uproarious
No doubt it did prove,
Ah! thin how can you blame us
It Erin is famous
For beauthy, diversion, and whisky and love!

Ye have the Pyrrhic dance as yet,
Where is the Pyrrhic phalanx gone?
Of two such lessons, why forget
The nobler and the manlier one?
Ye have the letters Cadmus gave,
Think ye he meant them for a slave?

The mountains look on Marathon,
And Marathon looks on the sea;
And musing there an hour alone,
I dream'd that Greece might still be free.
For standing on the Persian's grave,
I could not deem myself a slave!

While thus I mused, her pinions fann'd
The breath of that sweet Indian land,
Whose orange groves and bowers of spice,
Might be a Peri's Paradise.
Just then—

The bulldog, the ferocious and watchful guardian of the night, gave me unmistakable indications that my presence was unwelcome; in fact the monster

"Chased me out of the yard,"

But having been on love's gentle mission bent, in common politeness I felt in duty bound to "leave my card," and plunging my hand into the capacious breast pocket of my overcoat, I drew forth the noble oblong square of pasteboard, and to the gatepost—

I affixed it with a piece of twine,
Signed Dandy Jim from Caroline.

The respectable and intelligent darky who
Tracked the comet in its starry flight,
And unwound the dance of the skies,
In the old historic town of nate Clogheen
Where Sergeant Snap met Paddy Casey.

That redoubtable and warlike countryman of my own whose military achievements have often led me to exclaim,

Of such brave spirits grant me three,
To make a new Thermopylæ.

Oh! who can tell how hard it is to climb
The Steep where Fame's proud temple shines afar;
Among the untrodden Solitudes
Of Ararat's tremendous peak,
Where the dewy twilight lingered
On the balmy air love,
Long, long ago,
Away down South in Dixie.

When Britain first at Heaven's command
Arose from out the azure main,
This was the Charter of the land
The *Magna Charta's* bold refrain.

When first I saw Sweet Peggy
'Twas on a market day,
In her low-back'd car she rode and sat
Upon a truss of hay;
But when that hay was blooming grass
All deck'd with flowers of Spring,
'Twould dazzle your eyes and enchant your heart
To hear Sweet Peggy sing
The fine ould Irish gentleman,
All of the oulden time.

Who defiantly flourished his native blackthorn and exclaimed:—*Nil desperandum, Sic Semper ultima Romanorum, Slauntha garth Mavourneen, Faugh-a-ballagh!*

The way was long, the wind was cold,
The minstrel was infirm and old,
His withered cheek and tresses gray
Seemed to have known a better day—
The harp, his sole remaining joy,
Was carried by an orphan boy.
The last of all the Bards was he
Who sung of Border Chivalry,
For well-a-day there date was fled,
His tuneful brethren all were dead;
And he, neglected and oppress,
Wish'd to be with them and at rest.
Old times were changed, old manners gone,
A stranger filled the Stewart's throne—
The bigots of the iron time
Had called his harmless art a crime,
A wandering Harper, scorned and poor
He begged his bread from door to door,
And tuned to please a peasant's ear
The Harp a King had loved to hear!
Still in his aged minstrel eye
Fierce flash'd the fire of days gone by,
He gave his ancient harp a shake
And the old Bard was wide awake
As o'er the strings his fingers strayed
This is the music that he played—

The sunset of life brings us mystical lore
And coming events cast their shadows before,
Dinna ye hear it, dinna ye hear it,
Sounding, sounding, deep o'er the mountain and glen,
'Tis the tread of the claymore-armed sons of the Gael—
'Tis the march of the Cameron men.

Swiftly charging
Through the groves of Blarney
That are so charming
Down by the purling of sweet silent brooks,
'Tis there the roses spontaneous grow there
Planted in order by the sweet rocks,
'Tis there you'd see Pat Murphy's daughter
Hakin praters before the door,
And Nancy Casey and Aunt Delaney.

All in the downs the Fleet was moored,
The sails were fluttering in the wind,
When black eyed Susan came on board.

And caught the last
Last glorious drop his heart had shed
Before his free-born spirit fled.
Be this, she cried, as she winged her flight,
Any welcome gift at the gates of light,
Though foul are the drops that oft distil
On the field of warfare, blood like this
For liberty shed, so holy is,
It would not stain the purest rill
That sparkles among the bowers of bliss.
O! if there be on this earthly sphere,
A boon, an offering heaven holds dear,
'Tis the last libation liberty draws.

From the harp that once through Tara's hall
The soul of music shed,
And as that harp responsive rung
'Twas then the latest minstrel sung.

When I am dead and laid in the grave
Put the Banjo by my side,
Let the Possum and Coon to the funeral come,
For they was my only pride.
Then in calm repose I'll take my rest,
And I'll dream for ever more
That you carried me back to old Virginny

Where the cypress and myrtle
Are emblems of deeds that are done in their clime,
Where the rage of the vulture, the love of the turtle,
Now melt into sorrow, now madden to crime.
Where the hues of the earth and the tints of the sky
In color though varied, in beauty may vie;
Where the citron and olive are fairest of fruit
And the voice of the Nightingale never is mute,
Where the Virgins are soft as the roses they twine

And all round my hat I'll wear a green ribbon,
All around my hat for a twelvemonth and a day,
And if any body ask me the reason why I wear it,
I'll tell him

That grief will have way, but the fast falling tear
Will be mingled with deep execrations in those
Who could bask in that Spirit's meridian career,
And leave it thus lonely and dark at its close.

Who's vanity flew round them only while fed
By the odor his fame in its summer time gave;
Who's vanity now, with quick scent for the dead
Like the Ghoul of the East comes to feed at his grave

It sickens the heart to see bosoms so hollow
And spirits so mean in the great and high form,
To think how a long line of titles may follow
The relics of him who dies friendless and lorn.

How proud they will throng to the funeral array
Of one whom they shun'd in his sickness and sorrow;
How Bailiff's may seize his last blanket to-day,
Who's pall shall be held up by nobles to-morrow!

Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said—
Bad luck to the baste, she'd a musical taste
To ate sich an iligant chanther,
Ah! thin Paddy avick, take a lump of a stick
And strike the bold anthem of Erin go bragh!

Pity kind gentle folk friends of humanity,
Cald blows the wind and the night coming on,
Give me some food for my mother in charity—
Give me

The harp of Epic song
Which Homer's fingers thrilled along
But tear away the Sanguine string
For—

Wha wad be a traitor knave?
Wha wad fill a coward's grave
Wha sae base as be a slave.
Let him

Gang lassie gang
To the braes o' Balquither
Where the blae berries grow
Doon amang the highland heather
Where the deer and the roe
Lightly bounding together
Sport the lang summer day
In the Bay of Biscay O!

O! where, tell me were,
Is your Highland Laddie gone?
He's gone with streaming banners.

Where the wild deer and wolf to a covert can flee.
But I have no refuge from famine and danger,
A home and a country, remain not for me,
Oh, never again in, those green sunny bowers
Where my forefathers lived shall I spend the sweet hours
Or cover my harp with wild woven flowers.

Or sing of the wiles of Kate Kearney,
Who lives on the banks of Killarney;
From the glance of her eye,
Shun danger and fly,
For

O! Susanna don't you cry for me,
I'm bound for Alabama,
With my banjo on my knee—
In the cottage by the sea—where—

I dipt into the future, far as human eye could see,
Saw the vision of the world, and the wonders that would be;
Saw the havens filled with commerce, argosies of magic sails;
Pilots of the purple twilight dropping down their costly bales,
Heard the heavens filled with shouting, and there rained a ghastly dew
From the nation's airy navies grappling in the central blue,
Far along the world wide whispers of the south wind rushing warm,
With the standards of the Peoples plunging through the thunder storm,
Till the war-drum throbbed no longer, and the battle-flags were furl'd
In the Parliament of man, the Federation of the world!

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonee Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 16th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

Several petitions were presented for the establishment of Normal Schools, and for closing Railways and Telegraph Lines on Sundays.

A Bill for the better protection of clothing and property of seamen—read a third time.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee on the Superannuation Resolutions—Carried.

In Committee,

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN asked what effect it would have on old officers when it was desirous they should retire. Was the superannuation fund to be taken out of the stoppages from the officers who were to contribute, or were the Lower Provinces to be burdened with payments for the worn out servants of the old Province of Canada.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the public service would not suffer by the proposal. At present the Lower Provinces were paying salaries for men who were not capable of performing their duties, but whom it had never been the policy of any Government to dismiss without provision.

Mr. GODIN—It would be unjust that old officers should be allowed to retire on a fund to which they had not contributed.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said that the old servants of all the Provinces should be provided for. if it was proposed to provide for those of Quebec and Ontario. He thought, however, that old Canada should provide for its own old servants.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the contributions from the officials to this fund would be placed in the consolidated revenue. Whether, therefore, there was enough or not from these to meet the payments, they would be made to the retiring officers. There would, therefore, be no injustice to the younger officers, on account of the immediate retirement of the older. There would also be a saving to the public service from these retirements.

Mr. BURPEE objected that the Civil Service was almost altogether in the hands of people from Ontario and Quebec, and in the Lower Provinces this would be felt to be an injustice.

Mr. MACKENZIE explained that the Civil Service was not merely confined to the inside work. It included all the outside officers as well.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD said the injustice was not in the contributions being levied on the officers, as they would be taxed rateably. It was in there being so few to be taxed for the allowance who were employed here from the Lower Provinces. When Confederation took place the old officers of Canada should have been drafted to the two Provinces until an equality was established between those and the officers from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. This was in fact promised. But out of the $306,000 paid to the officers employed at Ottawa only $1,000 went to men belonging to Nova Scotia. New Brunswick was rather better represented having ten here at $10,500. The revenue from Customs derived from these two Provinces was two millions, a larger sum per head than what was contributed by Quebec or Ontario. And this did not represent the whole, as a large number of articles formerly coming from Britain, were now paid for to Ontario manufactures. He believed, however, that there were some of the old officers in the Lower Provinces who would benefit by the proposal with benefit to the revenue.

Mr. PICKARD thought we should have started, with a clean sheet, and not having any old officers to pension off at the end of three years.

Mr. CARMICHAEL said there was no dissatisfaction in Nova Scotia as to these appointments. He did not want to see any more made as they would not be from the friends of Nova Scotia (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said it was an erroneous impression that there had been a large number of new appointments. The reality was that a number were engaged by the day who had some of them been on for seven years. These had been made officers, and their names appeared now on the list, instead of on a pay sheet as formerly.

Hon. Mr. HUTCHISON could not see why they should legislate for public servants who ought to lay up something themselves for a rainy day.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said that the legislation was not for the benefit of the Civil Service but for the benefit of the country by means of what would be a most unpopular tax, and if the hon. gentleman would ask the Civil Servants he would find it so. It was necessary to have a measure of this kind to provide for efficient service.

Mr. MACKENZIE would do away with any injustice to the Lower Provinces in this respect if it could be shown how. If they were to go into all the details of benefits or disadvantages, it would be found that there were advantages given by old Canada that might be mentioned. For instance there was the Library cost $200,000, and the fittings of the Parliament House $250,000. These had never been charged for, nor should they take notice of them at all, as it was not desirable to raise sectional discussions. He approved of the principle of the Resolutions and it remained to see how they could best carry it out.

The Resolution passed as well as the second.

At clause three.

Mr. GODIN objected that the officers while contributing at the rate of four per cent. for an annuity ran the risk of deriving no benefit from it. It ought to provide that the families should derive the benefit from these contributions. He would be prepared to move an amendment to that effect in concurrence providing that the widow should be entitled to half the annuity.

The other resolutions were then carried, and the Committee rose and reported.

The House then went into Committee of Supply.

The item for the Miscellaneous Improvement of Rivers was passed—$2,600.

On the item of $10,000 for a road between St. Anne des Monts and Fox River, a discussion arose, it being objected that it was local work.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that the vote be struck out.

The item was carried on a division, a clause being added that no further aid be granted.

In reference to Miscellaneous Roads and Bridges, $5,000,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN stated that it was for the Temiscouata Road, and for the Military Road at Huntingdon.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that that road had been made a military road at the instance of Mr. Rose, who had promised it during his canvass. The grant was wholly indefensible.

It being six o'clock the Committee rose.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT moved the House into Committee on the Canada Central Railway.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the member for Cornwall desired to be still further heard in opposition to the measure.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said that his opposition could be given at the other stages.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that all the arguments had been urged for three days before the Committee, and it was desirable to have it advanced a stage.

Mr. McDOUGALL (Renfrew) said that the House should not be called to postpone its legislation at this late season, to suit the convenience of the member for Cornwall who ought to have been in his place.

The House then went into Committee, passed the Bill without amendments, rose and reported, and the third reading was fixed for Wednesday.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved the second reading of the Act, to continue in force the provisions of the Acts relating to La Banque du Peuple—carried; and the House went into Committee, passed the Bill with two verbal amendments, which were concurred in, and the Bill was fixed for a third reading on Wednesday.

Hon. STEWART CAMPBELL moved the second reading of an Act to extend the Act of the late Province of Canada 19 and 20 Vic., Cap. 141, to all parts of the Dominion. The object is to give power to the Synod of Nova Scotia to join the Synod of Canada.

Mr. MACKENZIE opposed the Bill on the ground of its not being a matter for legislation by this Parliament. There was no established church here and the different churches could meet without hindrance. With regard to any rights to be obtained, these should be decided on by the Local Legislatures.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said the question was whether they should free two bodies already incorporated from trammels imposed on them by such legislation. All that was asked for was power to act together, which they could not do now.

After some discussion Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he had at first some difficulty respecting this Bill. He thought now they could legislate, and if they could they ought. It was in consequence of the passing of the Clergy Reserve Act that the constitution was sought for by the Church of England. The Local Legislatures cannot give the authority sought to be obtained, and so the central body must do so. The Act only gives power to the Synod to meet as a General Assembly. The Diocesan Synods have the power to deal with the temporalities. The Act does not not affect the property at all, which this Parliament has nothing to do with.

The Bill was read a second time by consent. Further discussion reserved till before the Committee on Wednesday.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD the Act to amend the incorporation of the Merchants' Bank, Halifax, was read a second time and taken into Committee and passed without an amendment, and read a third time and passed.

The House again went into Committee of Supply, and resumed discussion on the item of Miscellaneous Roads.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Huntingdon Road was assumed as a military road from the represenations of the military officers. Sir John Rose was not here when the dicision was arrived at.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that might be, but he would venture to say that the requisition was made at the instance of Mr. Rose, who during the election a short time previous had promised to use his influence to make this a military road.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked for the officers letter. Some people might be apt to draw ugly inferences from the coincidence of dates. He himself, of course, would not think of doing so.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN thought it was time these roads should be assumed by the municipalities. The medipedia road and others were getting thickly settled now.

ITEMS PASSED.

Surveys and Inspections $20,000; Arbitrations and awards $10,000; Miscellaneous works not otherwise provided for, $10,000; Rents, repairs &c., $45,000; heating public buildings Ottawa $32,000. Public buildings generally (revote) $20,000, Richbucto Harbour (2 years) $4,000; Amherst Harbour and House Magdalen Islands $4,000; Windsor and Annapolis Railway $31,600, Western Extension N. B. $70,000, Eastern Extension $12,500; Fredericton Branch $7,500; Maintenance of Steamers, Quebec $53,700.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER called attention to the necessity of retaining the services of the steamer *Druid* at Halifax, as it was absolutely necessary to have such a vessel to be used for the relief of ships in distress. She might have been used to great advantage in the search for the missing steamer *City of Boston*.

Hon. Mr. TILLY explained that the *Druid* was found not to be a suitable vessel. It was intended to sell her, and in the meantime employ the *Lady Head*.

After some discussion the various items for subsidies to steamers, including communication between Halifax and Cork, &c., $57,541; tug service between Montreal and Kingston, $12,000; for lighthouse and coast service in Quebec, and salaries of lighthouse keepers, $12,097; maintenance of lighthouses, $17,147; construction, $104,000; maintenance of new lighthouses, $3,200; between Quebec and Montreal—salaries, $3,825; maintenance, $6,825; steamer *Richelieu*, $4,200; Trinity House, Quebec, $7,488; Do. Montreal, $7,614; removal of wrecks, $2,000; lighthouses above Montreal, $54,504; do, Nova Scotia, $75,364; New Brunswick, $30,562; Sable and Seal Islands Humane Establishment, $8,000; Cape Race Light, $1,000; Fisheries, Maintenance, &c., of *La Canadienne*, $9,000; Salaries, &c., of Fishery Inspectors and Wardens, $24,500; Fishways and Oyster Beds, and for Fish Breeding, $9,000; Additional for the Protection of Fisheries, $57,708. The last item is for six vessels to act as Marine Police to carry out the determinations to enforce the exclusion of American fishermen from the fishing grounds. The vessels are to be chartered for one season with power to renew the charter for another. The officers would be carefully selected.

The Committee rose and reported at 11.30, and adjourned till Tuesday at 3 o'clock.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—A letter has been received in this city from Captain Godsden and passengers on the steamer *City of Brussels*, saying that the vessel at that date was all right, and would probably reach Liverpool about the 1st of May.

NEW YORK.—A Boston despatch says a man connected with the Vermont Central Railroad states as his belief that the present alarm in Canada at an invasion from Fenians on this side of the border is not without some reason. For several days there has been an unusual number of strangers carried over the road in the direction of the border towns, and they are now scattered in small squads around Burlington and St. Albans. The parties he alludes to are all Irishmen, and they have been very reticent in conversation with strangers. He also confirms the story of some weeks since of the arrival of boxes of small arms addressed to some well known Fenian sympathizers in different sections of Vermont, but what disposition was made of them is unknown. There is no doubt the Fenians will give considerable trouble even if they do not make an actual attack. Fenians in Boston disclaim all knowledge of any attack on Canada, although they admit such a movement might be on foot unknown to them, inasmuch as they have always been known as unfavourable to any aggressive movement on the Dominion at this time. They admit that there is reason, for Canadians should be on the alert at all times.

A project is afloat to obtain a charter for what promises to be a scheme of more than ordinary magnitude, and several of our wealthiest men are movers in the enterprise. A capital of seven million dollars has been raised for the purpose of constructing a spacious series of buildings, in a central part of the city, either on Tompkins or Washington square, and the projectors are earnest in their object to have the city possess one of the finest building for the approaching international exhibitions ever erected in this metropolis. It is to contain one of the largest and most commodious picture galleries in this world, and its construction will conform for this purpose somewhat to that of the Louvere in Paris.

SYDNEY, Nebraska.—The Indians cut a stringer on a bridge 3 miles east of Antelope and threw 14 cars off the track, about one o'clock yesterday morning. All the train men except one brakesman got on the engine and ran to the next station. After they left, the Indians broke open a number of cars. The remaining brakesman fired upon them a few times, when they left. The western bound passenger train was delayed six hours waiting for the track to be cleared.

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April

Some months ago Mr. Prendergast, of des Neiges, was robbed of $1,250, a servant man was apprehended, and sent to penitentiary for the theft, but the money was never found. It now turns out that working for the Corporation obtained money by some means and left for stating when he left that he had been heir to the money by a rich relation.

Late accounts from Huntingdon state all was quiet on the frontier.

The volunteer corps from St. Johns, under the command of Captain Dugas, in Montreal this afternoon.

This afternoon 250 men, including St. Hyacinthe Companies from, Colonel and Brigade Major Bellerose, trict, will leave by the four o'clock St. Johns, there to do duty until orders.

On Tuesday afternoon next, Lindsay will inspect the Volunteer now doing duty in this city, on the Champ de Mars.

The Customs Revenue for the week ending April 16th, was $35,974

At the drill shed at one Companies are billeted in the rendezvous.

The Garrison Artillery who for active service, are unable want of uniforms. The men talion are in a similar condition Battalion although but four companies musters the full compliment of men company.

SOREL, April

No change in the ice since Water no higher, weather cold and

THREE RIVERS, April

The lake ice is all on the move, passing all night, the lake will clear by to-morrow.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April

The voting for the candidates for the City Council commences on day morning. There are 33 candidates. *Chronicle* anticipates rioting and calls on police to take precautions for the protection of electors.

The easter markets were very fine. Tozer & Co., of Upper Town market, and L. Delaney of Champlain market, making usual the finest display.

Weather fine but cold.

RIVIERE DU LOUP, April

Clear and mild. No wind. wards off here.

HUNTINGDON.

HUNTINGDON, April

There is no appearance of any gathering yet. The cautions are still maintained. Cornet Lockerby rived with more troops from Montreal. roads are nightly patrolled by Captain men, which at this season is

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Five hundred emigrants from this city yesterday for Canada steamer *Medway*.

PLYMOUTH.—The S. S. *Hammonia*, from York, has arrived on its way to Hamburg.

GLASGOW.—The steamer 2,600 tons, built for H. & A. Allan, and Liverpool line, was launched Greenock.

ITALY.

ROME.—Yesterday a certain number of thers abstained from assisting at the of the Ecumenical Council when the the scheme against Heterodoxy was Others accompanied their votes with clarations of disapproval of the which the scheme had been discussed.

The authorities are themselves well ed of the projects of Mazini and his for another attempt on Rome, and to increase their vigilance and severity.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The *Rappel* publishes a from Lacreuzot, announcing that the ended for the time being.

The *Journal Officiel* contains a decree inating M. Legrise as Minister of replacing M. Buffett; changing M. Ollivier, with the Secretaryship of Affairs, *ad interim*, in place of M. Maurice Pichard, with that of Public tion, *ad interim*.

There was a meeting of the members of Left in the Corps Legislatif and the journals, last night, at the house of Cremieux, to take action with regard to plebiscitum. MM. Jambette, Jules Pellebank, E. Pichard, and Henry, with members of the Corps were present.

Sixty-two Provincial and journals were also represented.

After an informal discussion, it was to vote negatively at the plebiscite, circulate manifestoes against the plebiscite.

The Deputies of the Left Centre in the Legislatif will meet to-morrow to course to pursue in regard to the plebiscite.

Within a few days 40 suspected have been arrested in Rome and in the bourhood of Pontifical towns, and elicited at their examinations as to the existence of a conspiracy Papal Territory, the leaders of which ing in concert with the revolutionary ourside.

PARIS.—The strike at La Creusot ally ended. Operations have been all the shops. Most of the shops full compliment of workmen.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—Senior Plosaga has been ed President of the Council of State Barcelona insurgents are receiving severy sentence at the hands of the of Trar.

In the Cortes yesterday General indicated that a certain term allowed during which the clergy the oath of allegiance.

The Spanish clergy persist on fusal to swear allegiance to the Though the time within which quired to take the oath, is far shown no disposition to yield.

Five men have been executed for robberies and assassination month.

CLEVELAND.—A report from whole town is burned, nated in a wooden barber's was built almost entirely facilities for extinguishing conflagration. The population As the town is not on the connecting telegraph, forthnight.

WASHINGTON.—The friends of pendence say they have that the labourers in the Colon, were obliged to account of the advance of surgents, and that the ed; also that a column under General Goyenche, defeated and driven back to and General Jordan is the Cuban patriots.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Parties in this been advised, by cable, of the steamer *City of Adelaide* from Sydney 17, for San Francisco, *via* Honolulu with passengers. She is said to be of a regular line of Australian this port.

LOCAL NEWS

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neural...

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothach...

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheum...

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves head... immediately.

... of this season's Lettuce, Radi... &c., &c., at J. B. Bass & Co's ... street.

... 150 Packages new Goods on vie... Mutchmor & Co. Full line... Department.

... and House Furnishings ma... The largest stock of New Go... lowest prices in the city at Garl... & Co.

POLICE COURT.—Julia Ring, just out of ... up for the old offence, and ... for one month.

The Bankers will continue to receive Am... silver at 5 per cent. discount to the ... After the 25th the rate will b... until further notice.

THE NEW ISSUE.—The "shinplasters" ... general satisfaction. Business ... general applaud the wise measure of ... Francis Hincks, in placing the currency ... healthy basis.

THE HUCKSTERS.—The small traders ... some money in taking American ... its depreciated value, and return ... at the full-face value to the igno... unsuspecting.

The mechanics and labourers have to th... Francis Hincks for putting bills or ... their pockets in place of silver, which ... had to pay off at a loss heretofore. Every ... in Canada will be grateful to him for ... great boon.

THE INITIATIVE.—We are glad to annou... that our flour merchants have taken a genera... initiative in reducing the price of this ne... every article of trade 25 cents per barre... order to meet the depreciation which ... follows on American currency.

MARSHALL'S THEATRE.—The theatre was wel... on Saturday night. Mr. Aiken ... actor, and the Company a well sele... Mr. Marshall is known in Ottawa ... of energy, and, we are happy to see, ... good patronage from the public.

... —What can be done for the ... Loose planks, dangerous holes, ... Let the Corporation pull ... give the public solid ground—m... our sidewalks in their pre...

... SCHOOL HOUSE SUNDAY READ... recitations will be given ... the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, L ... Denison, of Toronto; Mr. Whitch... of Quebec; Mr. Grant Seym... Music, &c.

... —To-night, the City Cou... probably meet. We have, howe... that some of the members are unav... absent, and there will be no quorum.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!—Farmers, and ot... into the city afflicted with silver, ... their silver at a discount of ... whereas by going directly to ... discount of twenty per c... exacted in the purchase of go... state, as the TIMES has the lar... circulation throughout this sect...

... THE PRINTERS.—Our Printers, ... paid for their week's labour, went ... They were informed they c... five per cent off the usual price ... goods to be purchased by them. If ... merchants and shopkeepers know their ... will meet the purchaser ... this matter.

... —We learn with pleasure that ... Church and Chapel Readings Com... resolved to give one of their p... popular entertainments at Gow... next Friday evening, in aid of ... of Refuge for destitute women, an i... which is yet in its infancy, but a... in Ottawa. The programme has n... prepared during the season. Tw... old musical favourites in Ottawa ... Further particulars in a fu...

HABEAS CORPUS GRANTED.

An application was made on Friday a... writ of habeas corpus before Mr. ... Galt in the matter of the re-arrest of ... Mr. Richot, and Albert Scott. The ... granted, and the matter, on return, ... probably come up to-morrow—meanwhile ... Mr. Richot remains in custody at ... Bishop's palace, and Scott at constable Da... residence.

NEW KIND OF RUN ON THE BAN...

A great rush was made to-day on the M... Bank by persons eager to dispo... depreciated American silver. It w... able that many credulous persons hav... great faith in the rumors circulated ... papers to the effect that the Gove... proclamation would not be respecte... requirements carried out by the merch... large cities throughout the Domini... more silver in their possession t... otherwise would have done; but ... they have seen the stand taken by ... merchants—the latter having thou... concluded to receive silver only at ... the silver lies heavy in th... their mind, and will likely ... replaced by shinplasters. Pers... silver in their possession need ... very uneasy or impatient; ... will continue to exchange fr... currency for silver until the 25th in... discount on the latter, ... until further notice, at 5½

The Easter Market.

... on Saturday was full of ... fairly in the wa... The main feature was ... display could defy a ... the quality of the ne...

THE SATCHELL BROS.

... make mention of ... of the Satchell B... exception, the forem... in Canada. Their en... are indefatigable, ... patronage which ... Among their stock ... of the steer "P... The prize heifer fed ... "The Carleton Maid," ... beeves, among w... dressed, which w... Bay, Nepean. The

LOCAL NEWS

...Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

...Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

...Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumat.

...Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache ...diately.

...of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, ...rb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bass & Co's, 21 ...street.

...150 Packages new Goods on view at ...d, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in ...Department.

...ets and House Furnishings made a ...ility. The largest stock of New Goods, ...west prices in the city at Garland, ...mor & Co.

...CE COURT.—Julia Ring, just out of jail, ...ought up for the old offence, and was ...back for one month.

...Bankers will continue to receive Amer-...ilver at 5 per cent. discount to the 25th ... After the 25th the rate will be 5½ ...t, until further notice.

...NEW ISSUE—The "shinplasters" seem ...e general satisfaction. Business men ...eral applaud the wise measure of Sir ...is Hincks, in placing the currency on a ...y basis.

...HUCKSTERS.—The small traders are ...g some money in taking American sil-...its depreciated value, and returning ...at the full-face value to the ignorant ...uspecting.

...mechanics and labourers have to thank ...ncis Hincks for putting bills of gold ...eir pockets in place of silver, which they ...to pay off at a loss heretofore. Every man ...Canada will be grateful to him for this ...boon.

...THE INITIATIVE.—We are glad to announce ...r flour merchants have taken a generous ...ive in reducing the price of this neces-...article of trade 25 cents per barrel, to ...to meet the depreciation which has ...on American currency.

...MUSSEL THEATRE.—The theatre was well at-...d on Saturday night. Mr. Aiken is a ...ctor, and the Company a well selected ... Mr. Marshall is known in Ottawa as a ...energy, and, we are happy to see, is re-...good patronage from the public.

...WALKS.—What can be done for the side-...? Loose planks, dangerous holes, not a ...olding. Let the Corporation pull them ...d give the public solid ground—mud is ...than our sidewalks in their present ...

...ABBATH SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READINGS ...ings on recitations will be given this ...y the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, L.L.D. ...el Denison, of Toronto; Mr. Whitcher; ... of Quebec; Mr. Grant Seymour. ...Music, &c.

...COUNCIL.—To-night, the City Council ...probably meet. We have, however, ...that some of the members are unavoid-...sent, and there will be no quorum.

...ERS, ATTENTION!—Farmers, and others ...into the city afflicted with silver, can ...ge their silver at a discount of five ...t., whereas by going directly to the ...per a discount of twenty per cent ...e exacted in the purchase of goods ...e state, as the TIMES has the largest ...y circulation throughout this section.

...TO THE PRINTERS.—Our Printers, on ...paid for their week's labour, went off ...g. They were informed they could ...d five per cent off the usual prices of ...goods to be purchased by them. If the ...ants and shopkeepers know their own ...ts they will meet the purchaser half ...in this matter.

...ANCE.—We learn with pleasure that the ...Church and Chapel Readings Commit-...ve resolved to give one of their pleas-...d popular entertainments at Gowan's ...next Friday evening, in aid of the ...of Refuge for destitute women, an insti-...which is yet in its infancy, but sadly ...d in Ottawa. The programme has never ...surpassed during the season. Two or ...old musical favourites in Ottawa will ... Further particulars in a future ...

HABEAS CORPUS GRANTED.

...application was made on Friday after-...for a writ of *habeas corpus* before Mr. Jus-...Galt in the matter of the re-arrest of the ...Mr. Richot, and Albert Scott. The writ ...granted, and the matter, on return, will ...ably come up to-morrow—meanwhile the ...Mr. Richot remains in custody at the ...op's palace, and Scott at constable Davis' ...

NEW KIND OF RUN ON THE BANK

...great rush was made to-day on the Mon-...Bank by persons eager to dispose of ...depreciated American silver. It is very ...able that many credulous persons having ...great faith in the rumors circulated by ...papers to the effect that the Govern-...proclamation would not be respected or ...quirements carried out by the merchants ...large cities throughout the Dominion, ...ed more silver in their possession than ...otherwise would have done; but now ...they have seen the stand taken by the ...merchants—the latter having thought ...d concluded to receive silver only at the ...rates—the silver lies heavy in their ...ts and on their mind, and will likely do ...till replaced by shinplasters. Persons ...silver in their possession need not, ...ver, be very uneasy or impatient, as ...Banks will continue to exchange frac-...currency for silver until the 25th inst. ...per cent. discount on the latter, and ...that date until further notice, at 5½ per ...discount.

The Easter Market.

The market on Saturday was full of life. ...country contributed fairly in the way of ...tables, &c. The main feature was the ...market whose display could defy a rival ...the Dominion in the quality of the neces-...article.

THE SATCHELL BROS.

First of all we must make mention of the ...finely displayed—of the Satchell Bros. ...y are, without exception, the foremost ...chers of any city in Canada. Their enter-...and perseverance are indefatigable, and ...mand the extended patronage which the ...blic award them. Among their stock of ...are the rich quarters of the steer "Pride ...Canada," 3000 lbs.; The prize heifer fed by ...B. Lewis, Esq., "The Carleton Maid," and ...ive other first-class beeves, among which ...four steers, superbly dressed, which were ...by John Graham, Bay, Nepean. The veal is really magnificent. Thirty western sheep whose appearance would provoke the appetite of a vegetarian. Choice joints. Among the roast we noticed several magnificent specimens One for His Excellency the Governor-General, one for the Officers' Mess; one for P. O'Meara, intended for the Senate Restaurant; another for M. Kavanagh, intended for the Commons' Restaurant. Our prominent citizens have not forestalled the general public in their early purchases at this popular stall, though piles of roasts, &c., are labelled as sold, for the freshly killed meat was still coming in to supply the wants of the crowd which still were coming on.

WILLIAM SLATTERY

Had a fine display of beef, among which were three heifers, fed by himself, which would have done credit to any market in the Dominion; a well-dressed steer, fed by John Grady, of Nepean; one of Andrew Pritchard' fine cows was displayed, and attracted the admiration of many. There were also ten of Wm. Byers' choice breed of sheep, dressed in neat style.

JOHN TERRENCE

Had the parts of a heifer, fed by Mr. Ashworth, Belmont, which was equal to anything of the kind displayed. The beef was of a superior order, and the butcher had evidently done his work to perfection. A cow, and a steer, fed by Mr. Scott, of Nepean; five sheep, fed by Mr. Dougherty, of Gloucester; two calves, purchased from Jas. Daly, Osgoode; and a nine months' pig, weighing 450 lbs.

JAMES SMITH

Had the best calf in the crowd—it was bought from Thomas Clark, Nepean, and weighed over 300 lbs. It was finely dressed, and was a general attraction. Mr. Smith had also six fine fed by Mr. McKellar, of Gloucester—a lamb, weighing 60 lbs; one steer and and a Galloway heifer, and two calves, bought from Mathew Heron, Gloucester.

J. CONNELLY.

This stall was principally attractive from the large quantity of superior mutton displayed. The beef and veal were also excellent Connelly is one of the most popular butchers in the city.

CORNELIUS KENNEDY.

Had a choice assortment of well killed beef and mutton.

PUTVIS AND SICKLE

Had a monster porker, dressed after the Canadian style. It is only eight months old, and weighs 400 lbs. Their sausages are fine, the general assortment good.

LOUIS GRAVEL.

Had an excellent stock of beef, mutton and pork.

PATRICK MCKEEVER

Notwithstanding the broken leg, McKeever got up a fine show of first quality meats.

Thomas Lacy, John Kennedy, Moses Rascat and Abraham D'Alist had good supplies of choice meats of different kinds; and we regret that our space will not permit of special mention.

JOHN HILLIARD.

Poultry of all kinds, fat turkeys, fat prices, causing the poor man's eyes to water, and the rich man to grumble. Vegetables of all sorts, and at all sorts of prices.

MOSES LAPOINTE.

Lent is over and Moses looks sad, not that he cares so much about the time of purification, but he can't sell so much fish. Moses has a good stock of both salt and fresh water fish of every description.

The meats were all adorned with rosettes, and ribbons of attractive colors About a couple of thousand people visited the market house, and the general expression was, that the display could not be surpassed, if equalled, in the Dominion.

BIRTH.

On the 14th inst., the wife of Charles Magee, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

On Wednesday, 13th April, 1870, at the church parsonage Aylwin, P. Q., Eliza Anne Ballard, the loving and beloved wife of the Rev. Wm. Ross Brown, aged 32 years.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MONDAY NIGHT.

THIRD NIGHT OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

First appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY,

Who will make his first appearance in Charles Reades dramatisation of Tennyson's magnificent Poetic Idyl,

☞ DORA. ☜

To conclude with the laughable farce of

☞ AN ARTFUL DODGER. ☜

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.......................MR J MARSHALL.

April 12, 1870 1331 6

By A. Row, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottoman, Whatnot, &c., Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets, Lamps, Crockery, Glassware, Cooking and other Stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst., at 2 o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1335t f

SALE of about 500 yards TAPESTRY CARPETING, HALL MATTING, WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, CHILDS' PERAMBULATOR, &c.

Mr. ROWE will sell at his Sale Rooms, immediately after Piano Sale, on FRIDAY, the 22nd inst., a large quantity of Tapestry Carpet of last falls importation, quite new and beautiful patterns, a quantity of Hall Matting, a Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, in excellent order, cost $60, two Raymond's Sewing Machines, a Child's Carriage, an excellent Peabody Rifle, and a quantity of Glassware, in Tumblers and Goblets, English crystal.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

Terms, cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONNELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m, and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash; and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c., &c., will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

DWELLING TO BE LET.

The commodious BRICK DWELLING on Metcalfe street, four doors from Maria, at present occupied by Major Moore, and containing ten apartments, excellent outbuildings, and pump in kitchen, will be rented from 1st May next.

Rent moderate.

Apply to HUNTER, ROSE & CO. Printers.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1333 3

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West and Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate

Apply to MR. SADDLER, Protestant Hospital.

1335 3

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £15 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DANL. HAGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

IMPORTANT SALE OF PIANOFORTES NEW AND SECOND HAND

On FRIDAY, April 22nd, 1870, the subscriber will sell at his Sale Rooms, Rideau street, East Sappers Bridge, three splendid seven Octave Rosewood Pianofortes, being full round corners, carved legs and pedal and very superior finish. Time will be given on two of the instruments, by making a small payment down at time of sale. The instruments will be on view two days previous to the sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335tf

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances, &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16 A D, 1870. 1335 6

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceeding y moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, the 21st INSTANT,

at noon,

For the construction of a

BULKHEAD,

At Manotic, Long Island, Rideau Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of MR J D SLATER, the Superintendent of the Rideau Canal, Ottawa, on and after Saturday, the 16th instant.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bulkhead at Manotic."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 14th April, 1870. 1333 4

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

☞ NO CITY TAXES. ☜

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers.

Apply on the premises or to HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

1331a

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 6 y

J. BERMINGHAM has been instructed to announce to the people of Ottawa and its vicinity the following:

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

Marquetrie and Mosaic

INLAID WORK, &c, &c, BY CATALOGUE.

The subscribers have received instructions from those celebrated Toronto Manufacturers, Messrs Jacques & Hay, to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal, on TUESDAY, MORNING next, 19th inst, an immense stock of Elegant Black Walnut Furniture, comprising Superb Drawing Room suites, inlaid with Tulip and other fancy woods, and upholstered in Tapestrys, Silk Brocatelle and Terrys, of the latest and richest patterns—with Inlaid Marquetrie Cabinets and Tables to match, Handsome Marble Top and Plain Walnut Bedroom Sets, in great variety, Richly Carved Sideboards, Cheffoniers, Etageres, Escritoires, Cheval Glasses, &c, Dining Room, Library and Vestibule Furniture, of every description, all of the best manufacture and finest finish.

Parties about to furnish private residences or hotels should bear this sale in mind.

Sale at 1 o'clock

Catalogues can be obtained and all information as to factory price, &c, regarding articles on sale, from J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, Agent, Ottawa.

Parties in this locality desirous of purchasing advantageously can do so without the trouble of attending the sales by applying to J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, York street.

DEVANY & CO., Auctioneers,

Commercial Sale Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal. 1332 4

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 10

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 138 P O. 1334tf

---

WANTED, a smart boy who can read and write, to carry papers. Apply at this office.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 4 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor,

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

THE CANADA

IS THE ONLY

DOMINION LIFE COMPANY

Fully Licensed by Government.

ITS NEW BUSINESS

Increase in an Unprecedented Ratio

Being last year

128 *Per Cent in Excess of Previous Years*

ASSURERS NOW JOINING

the Company participate in the

☞ LARGE PROFITS ☜

To be divided

After the 30th of Next March.

Applicants are respectfully invited to obtain information and forms of proposal.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

ARE NOW

SHEWING

AN

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT

OF

NEW DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming, Lumbering and community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

30th APRIL INSTANT,

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting, Stamping, Punching Benches, &c., &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose,

Apply to GEORGE TYRRELL, 74 Sussex street, Ottawa.

Or to GEORGE BURY, Box 812, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870 1331 5

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Mails.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.34	5.30
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon.		St. John, N. B., daily			5.30
7.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30		3.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			3.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00	11.44	
7.00	12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having secured the services of a first class Cutter, MR. W. J. MILAN, of Milan & Son, Successors to Buckmaster & Co, Military Tailors, Edinburgh, are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

As prices are not calculated either for long credit or bad debts, ready money customers may rely upon getting superior and stylish garments at a moderate price.

Our Tailoring Department is now supplied with a splendid assortment of

NEW BROADCLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

COATINGS,

VESTINGS

ENGLISH,

SCOTCH,

and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 12th, 1870.

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,

CAP'T HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

---

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

☞ SHOW ROOM OPENING. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE OPENED

THEIR SHOW ROOM

With a magnificent display of the latest

PARISIAN AND LONDON FASHIONS

—IN—

Bonnets,

Hats,

Jackets,

Flowers,

Feathers and

Ornaments.

G. M. & Co. to meet the great increase in business have enlarged their SHOW ROOM by removing the CARPET DEPARTMENT up stairs.

They have imported the

LARGEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK

Ever shown in

CENTRAL CANADA,

COMPRISING

STYLISH FASHIONABLE ARTICLES

AT A MODERATE PRICE,

Together with the

RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED TO

OTTAWA.

LADIES are all invited to call and see the FASHIONS whether wishing to purchase or not As large a portion of the goods as possible will be displayed on Tables and Counters so that they can be seen while passing through the ...

OVER

150 CASES AND BALES

NEW GOODS

RECEIVED THIS SEASON

Full Lines in all the Departments

☞ Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will for after keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL.

☞ STOVES AND TINWARE, ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

---

FOR SALE.

To be seen at HUMPHRIES Coach Builder, Daly Street

A Light and Handsome PHAETON by La Riviere, Montreal, has a moveable hood, and turns easily. 1330a

---

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS.

Beg to return their sincere thanks to their friends and customers and the public generally for their favors for the past year, and beg to inform them that having slaughtered the following prize cattle, viz, the enormous first prize fat Steer "PRIDE OF CANADA," weighing the extraordinary weight of over 3,000 lbs. the celebrated Heifer "CARLETON MAID," purchased and bred by J B LEWIS, Esq. Ottawa, and fed by SATCHELL BROS, weighing 2,000 lbs. This Heifer took the first prize at the Ottawa Agricultural Show, 1869. Also twelve other splendid Western cattle, together with 30 splendid Western Sheep, besides with other animals too numerous to mention. The whole will be on view at their Stalls for exhibition at the By Ward Market on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

1333 3 SATCHELL BROS.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332 f

---

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

☞ ANNOUNCEMENTS. ☜

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

☞ GOODS ARE CHEAP. ☜

Everything known under the general term o

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

☞ We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

☞ COFFEE, ☜

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANKS BLOCK, High Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H. B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN

Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 15 9d

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER !!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

---

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

☞ AYLMER CONVENT, ☜

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 4

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1322 3m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 15, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	0 00	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	0 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	0 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Gazette, Schenectady.*

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

The Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. R. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great Shoshonees Remedy for consumption, towell in the wake of civilization.

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or any of any description? Dr J Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say that I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St John, N.B. November 2nd.

CANADA,

No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 13th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 152 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B., G. C. M. G., &c. &c., &c. 1338 3

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 13, 1870. 1339 td Inrwk.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache. See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s. 1323 Lawfm Lawkfm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given an conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, initialed, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 12th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1318 3

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,

Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1354 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 37, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 18, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and Lewis & [illegible], Ottawa. [illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

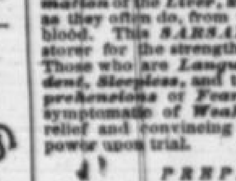
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for [illegible]

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 8, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q. (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 963y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He hold SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

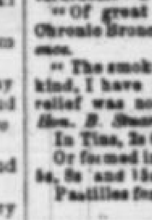
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, 1117y House, Land and General Agent.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA.

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or [illegible]

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In town.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in [illegible]

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $5,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,000), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000 Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 2[illegible]

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

298tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. A. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 25, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

55 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS, Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organisation, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Alkabasar

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. [illegible]

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup,* it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure,* and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—*Lewis Moffatt, Esq.*

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo [illegible], Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longexperience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, [illegible] not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the [illegible] promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf ARTHUR HARVEY, [illegible]

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 600 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Spirits, Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of [illegible] requested to call and judge for themselves [illegible] your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted and [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and [illegible] constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and [illegible] P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] If so, [illegible] relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER. [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and [illegible] attack, may be cured [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of [illegible] and contains nothing which can [illegible] system either by outward or inward [illegible] Try it and you will not be disappointed [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, [illegible]

1304 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 [illegible] and Sand Point. [illegible]

Ottawa, December 2, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible]

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, [illegible] Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. Always on Hand. Ottawa, December 26, 1869. 1236 t

[illegible] PHELAN, [illegible] RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) [illegible] at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars. [illegible] PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, [illegible] other articles necessary to complete stock.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1336. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

MAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
elf and Heavy Hardware,
HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,
eau Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stoves,
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
December 20, 1869. 1236.

ES WHELAN,
RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Goods, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars
PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LAB. HERRINGS,
numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Young quite fresh and cheap.
Coffee ground and roasted daily on
Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Piper's and other brands.
LLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
INES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines in wood and bottle, improved by age.
WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
proof and over, at extremely low prices.
and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and
Irish Whiskey.
Old Irish Potteen.
and London Porter, pts and qts.
and other Ales.
and Syrups, all grades.
producers' prices.
LD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE LLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
1125

TELEGRAPH COMPANY
ted under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada
OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 12 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN, OND, Manager. 1161tf

KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI STORES AND OTHERS.
gives notice of my intention to supply mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.
of trade during the last four years me to enlarge my manufactory I to make the wholesale trade my
I have now is undoubtedly the largest importance of its cure is readily and the question of quality is readily making known the fact that I raise my from seed procured at any expense it is the best; they will therefore favorable comparison with any imported.
other and important fact is that being and manufactured in Ottawa thereby freight, packing, duty and other expen enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than
advantages, I think, cannot fail to those who may favor me with their orders.
NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle Park st, Ottawa, or direct Box PostOffice, Ottawa.
Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau
Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected highest prices given. 1 9ty

H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
advanced on goods consigned for treatment, prompt returns in all cases.
R. M. EASTON

DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
more gentlemen can be accommodated comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
—This house is situated in the immediate of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 2191f

Educational.

NCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Robert Stewart having made arrangements an accomplished lady teacher, announces her Dancing Classes will commence on day, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

ANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to their orders for tuning more promptly heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

SICAL ACADEMY.
GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Lessons on Piano-forte Singing. Rideau corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 175y

HAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Sussex street, Centre Town,
BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging and attending to their rafts while passing to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.
The undersigned begs to inform the public he has always on hand, in season, a large of the above, which will be sold as cheap, cheaper, than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 3½ Rideau street.

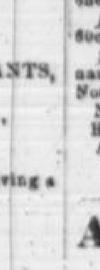
Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH
IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL £1,000,000.
FIRE DEPARTMENT
Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.
CANADA BRANCH,
Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.
Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.
NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.
Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.
January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

HURRAH FOR THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,
desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of
TEAS,
SUGARS,
TOBACCOS,
LIQUORS
of all descriptions, and a general assortment of
GROCERIES
suitable for town or country use.
Gooderham & Worts' H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.
ALSO,
A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.
A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.
$40,000 worth of goods arriving.
Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits
Country Produce bought for cash.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.
WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.
The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.
The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges
BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.
COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.
PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.
Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.
ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 7m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
IN THE MATTER OF
JOSEPH LAROCQUE,
OF PLANTAGNET,
AN INSOLVENT.
I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.
Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month
CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.
Montreal, March 28th, 1870.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 60c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1869.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract," should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.
PIANOS, PIANOS.
The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.
Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.
A ROWE, Auctioneer.
1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that as the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, March 2[illegible], 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

TENDERS.
For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst, by the undersigned. Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
K ARNOLDI, Architect, Metcalfe Street.
1327 d

TO LET.
SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.
The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.
Apply to
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327 t

HOUSE TO LET.
To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to
MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.
1317tf

TO LET.
From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to
R HARDY.
Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1m

TO LET.
A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to
JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street
1306tf

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River
Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace
1299t

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.
MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 2awk 1M

TO LET.
A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.
Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allan.
Application to
D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"
SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.
BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,
GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,
RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"
OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.
GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order
CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make
WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,
WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,
COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it, It will recommend itself
TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.
SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.
TOBACCOS, a full assortment,
REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.
FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,
FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,
GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin
SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength
FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.
LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.
BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa
2nd Dec, 1869.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
BEAUTIFUL HAIR.
Nature's Crown
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. & 40 Park Place, New York
MARCH 20. 1000-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for those complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer
IMMENSE SALE OF
BUFFALO ROBES.
I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and fleece Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.
Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

[illegible]LISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL PAINTING,
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-fed
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 6 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

HO, FOR THE WEST END!
Wellington Street Forever!
NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
NEW DRY GOODS STORE.
BLYTH & RUSSELL,
BLYTH & RUSSELL,
A First Class Dry Goods Establishment on Wellington Street,
The subscribers have much pleasure in informing the public of Ottawa and vicinity that they have opened Opposite H F McCarthy's, Apothecary, where we are now prepared to show a large and well assorted stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, imported direct from the Home Markets. Residents of the West End would find it to their advantage to give us a call, assuring them that they will find our stock complete in every department, and at prices which will compare favorably with any other house in the city.
N.B.—We have also in connection with our Establishment a TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is under the management of MR. RAMSAY, a first class cutter from Montreal, and late of Glasgow, Scotland.
All fits guaranteed.
BLYTH & RUSSELL.
1212-3m

VALUABLE SAW MILL
—AND—
EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE
The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chandiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.
The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements
The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.
Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.
Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by
MR WILLIAM BREAKEY, At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO. City of Quebec.
April 6, 1870. 1328 6

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M. HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.
Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.
CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario
Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
Agents—Messrs. F. 11

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 14.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

SUSPENSION OF THE HABEAS CORPUS ACT.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had information on which they could rely, that this peaceful country was again in danger from an invasion by lawless men coming from the United States. The Government had received information that these men had been making preparations for an invasion during the whole of last winter, and during the whole of the autumn those preparations had been going on continually, and were the more formidable from the comparative silence with which they had been concocted. As would be in the recollection of the House, the policy of the Fenians for some time had been to create as much notoriety as possible and to keep up the excitement by means of the public press, but of late they had adopted a different and more sure course for themselves, and he thought a more hazardous one for us, viz:—That of conducting all their arrangements with great caution, and great secrecy. The Government had information which they could not for a moment hesitate to believe in, and from sources which they could not place before Parliament without a certainty of risk to the informers, that it was the intention of the Fenian body to invade this country in force at an early day—when that day would be, the Government could not say, but it might come within a week. The Government, therefore, had assumed the grave responsibility of asking Parliament to arm them with the same power as in 1866, and to pass a law to authorize the apprehension and detention of those suspected of coming here for the purpose of conspiring against Her Majesty's person and Government. The law passed to that effect in 1866 was not now in force, but it was the opinion of the Government that it should be again put in force for the safety of the country and to guard the frontier; and for the purpose of dealing with suspicious persons hovering on the borders with or without arms. The Government did not ask that power lightly or without being deeply impressed with the nature of the situation. They felt they would be unworthy of their position and would be betraying the trust reposed in them of protecting the lives and property of the people of Canada, if they did not ask for that Act, which they thought was absolutely required under the circumstances. The Government desired to show to Parliament the information upon which they asked that extreme and exceptional power; but could not do so without compromising the lives of those from whom they got information. It came from so many incidental and independent sources—sources which had no connection with each other,—that no shadow of doubt remained as to the intentions of the Fenians to make an attack. Without delay the Government had thought it their duty to prevent that invasion. They had put on duty a certain portion of the Militia of the country, and the regular forces were prepared to act with the citizen soldiery in repelling any attack. That such resistance would be successful there could be no doubt; but the Government thought they had no right to play with a subject of that kind, and if they could prevent those people coming into the country, so much the better for the public peace. It was of course a matter of deep anxiety and regret to the Government that such a chronic state of excitement should exist, and that there should be such a state of chronic hostility on the part of that body towards Canada and Canadians. The Fenian organization was more active than it had been for years; and he feared they would be subjected to those rumours and to those annoyances for many years. All the Government could do was to see that they should not act the part of alarmists in the first place, and not listen too readily to rumours of invasion; but at the same time to take care not to attach too little importance to that organization. The Government felt they could not play with that subject. They felt, as his hon. friend the member for Peel said the other night, on a cognate subject, that the life of one of these men was worth £300,000. They could not run the risk of losing the life of one of their fellow subjects and fellow citizens, and it was their duty to take such steps in the way of prevention as were in their power. With these remarks he would ask leave to bring in a Bill to authorize the apprehension and detention of such persons as should be suspected of committing acts of hostility and conspiracy against Her Majesty's person and Government.

The motion was seconded by Hon. Mr. HOWE.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON regretted very much that the Government had deemed it their duty to introduce a measure of this kind. It was the third time within the last four years that the Legislature had been appealed to favour the suspension of the great writ, which was known in English political literature as the great writ of freedom. It was a measure only resorted to in England, since 1868, in moments of great national peril. He thought it was suspended two or three times during the wars, which arose out of the French revolution, and once since the termination of that war at a period, when riots were rife in 1817'18. It had been repeatedly suspended in Ireland within the last few years, but suspended as a general thing because of threatened danger from within, and that was an important distinction. So far as he knew, the Act had only been suspended in England on the ground of enabling the Government to protect itself against the machinations of its own subjects.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the last time the Writ was suspended in Ireland the distinct basis was, an anticipated invasion from the United States.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that was an element in the case, but the suspension was not so much to meet that anticipation as to baffle the sympathizers with the invasion who might be found in the country itself. He thought, therefore, that unless the Government had reason to believe, and certainly the experience of the previous occasions on which the Writ had been suspended, had not justified the belief that some considerable portion of their own people were in sympathy with that movement. Unless Government had reason to believe there were machinations against the peace of the country on foot within their own Provinces, it must be the duty of the House to see whether a case for the suspension of the writ had been made out. He did not, however, desire that Government should make any statement to Parliament prejudicial to the public interests, for they all had in view the maintenance of peace and order within their own borders, therefore, he was disposed on that occasion, as on former occasions, to accept the statement of the Government and throw the entire responsibility on them.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Hear, hear.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would throw on the Government the responsibility of the suspension of the writ, leaving it to time to disclose the adequacy or inadequacy of the grounds on which they based their application. As an independent member of the House, he did not feel inclined to take the responsibility of objecting to the measure which the Government declared on its own responsibility necessary to the welfare and peace of the country, at the same time he could not but express his great and deep regret that in this country of theirs, blessed as we thought it was beyond most countries in the freedom of its institutions, in the peace and prosperity of the people, that for the third time within four years it should be deemed necessary again to resort to the extreme measure of a suspension of the writ of *Habeas Corpus.*

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was the undoubted duty of members on both sides of the House to protect the liberties and rights of the people, but, perhaps, the duty rested more particularly with those who sat in the Opposition to the Administration of the day. On the other hand, they fully recognize the duty of every member of the House, and particularly of the Opposition to be careful how they might do anything which might for a moment injure the prosperity of the country, merely for the sake of finding fault with the Administration of the day. He would admit that, but at the same time it was exceedingly desirable that if the suspension of that Act could, by any possibility, be avoided, that it should be avoided. For that reason he was now, as he had on the former occasion been, very unwilling to resort to that extreme measure. He did not understand from the Leader of the Government that the measure was asked for principally, if at all, to deal with traitors in their midst, but he understood from his remarks that it was to give the Government the power, and ability to exercise that power, of arrest on the frontier of those strangers coming into the country in such a way that they could be arrested at a moment, if it was tolerably well known with what design they were entering the country. Knowing that rumors had been in circulation for several days, he had himself endeavored to obtain by private sources some information as to the probable truth of those rumors and he must say that so far as his own efforts had been concerned they had resulted rather unfavorably to the truth of the rumors with regard to some quarters. He was not prepared to say anything about those parts of the country which seemed to be the real objective points, the points of attack. The information relating to them was wholly in the possession of the Government, and he thought the House must be bound to accept their statement as to the emergency of the occasion that required them to ask the consent of the House to the passing of that measure in that way. It was desirable, if the measure should be passed, that the utmost care should be taken that no undue advantage could possibly be taken of it by any persons exercising judicial authority in the capacity of magistrates and minor authorities in any part of the country (hear) He presumed the Act was a copy of one passed in 1866.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Yes.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that, except on one or two occasions, no outrages were committed in consequence of the passing of that Act. They required to look closely, of course, into the provisions of the Act, to see that the liberties of their own people were very carefully guarded, and that the harmony which existed among their own population should not be disturbed by the officious intermeddling on the part of minor officials acting under extraordinary powers which were given to them by that Act, (hear, hear). It was a matter of extreme regret that this country should be threatened for five consecutive years with that periodical invasion by a lawless portion of the people in the United States, (hear, hear). And he thought it was an opportune moment to say that he trusted the Government had made such representations to the Imperial authorities as would induce them to take such measures as to prevent the periodical recurrence of these extraordinary rumours, and possibly extraordinary invasions, (hear, hear). On one or two occasions last year we had similar rumours, and a small force was called out at various points along the frontier; yet no one was able to see any real necessity from the movements on the other side. If precautions were taken, they must presume that there were reasons why the Government took such steps; but it was tolerably evident that if these rumours were to be brought up periodically, if the Government of the United States were to admit their inability to control the population that they had under them, that Great Britain must take some steps to enforce a due observance of international law, (hear, hear). What would be thought of them by the people of the United States if they permitted forces to be organized and regularly drilled and officered; if they permitted a periodical assembling of a mock Legislature, periodical drilling of troops, and posting armed sentries in uniform at the door of such places, and also at the armories? What would be thought of them if in the face of all that, and of continued remonstrance they should permit such a state of things to exist? They were reviled and upbraided by the people and the press of the United States, because a few of their own citizens resident here made an attack upon a portion of their territory. And although they immediately placed thousands of men on the frontier to prevent the recurrence of such an attack again, they were continually reviled by the press of that country because they allowed something like a raid to take place from Canadian territory—yet here was an organization, ostensibly and avowedly kept up for the very purpose of invading the Canadian territory, and their people were subject to constant alarms, and their commercial intercourse exposed to continual interruption, because of the want of effort on the part of the United States Government to suppress such an organization (hear). He trusted that such representation would be made as would result in some arrangement being arrived at, which would prevent the periodical occurrence of such alarms as at present, and which would not render necessary the taking away the liberities of the people in the way proposed by the present Act. He did not intend to criticise or oppose the statement of the Government, but accepted their statement as representing the authorities of the country, who must be maintained, and agreed to arm them with the authority they sought as necessary for the preservation of the public peace (hear, hear).

The Bill was then read a first time.

In moving the second reading,

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD explained that it appointed Commissioners of Police to act as Stipendiary Magistrates, the substitution of "Volunteer Militia" in lieu of "Active Militia," and also of January instead of December, in the Act of 1866, to which that Act in other respects was similar.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said that asking the House to pass that Bill without further information, on a mere statement, was imposing upon the members a very serious responsibility, for it was to declare, in fact, that the country was in a state of siege. He had not heard anything from any part of the country that could possibly justify the Government in asking Parliament to pass such a Bill. He had heard for some days a great deal about sudden invasion, but up to this moment he thought that these statements had very little foundation in fact. He was surprised to read, a few days ago, in the newspapers, that the Government had called out the Militia and had sent them to the frontier, but he presumed they had sufficient information to lead them to do so. He for one shrank from taking any responsibility which might prevent the Government from making the most ample

defence of the country—for the responsibility to a very great extent must rest upon Government. He believed that Government had no wish to create alarm, but he should, with other members, hold them to strict accountability for their acts.

Mr. MILLS said there was one expression of the Minister of Justice which might give rise to misapprehension, and perhaps cause great uneasiness. The hon. Minister had said that those attacks might be expected for some years, and also appeared to agree with the member for Lambton as to the duties devolving on the American Government. The logical conclusion would be that representations had been made by Government to the Imperial Government that they might call the attention of the United States Government to their failure in international duty, and that that Government had not looked favourably on the representations.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—"No, no."

Mr. MILLS thought it was the duty of the United States Government to see that their territory was not made the place for preparing those expeditions. It mattered very little whether those preparations were made with or without the connivance of that Government, and it appeared to him that there had not been good faith kept in not putting an end to the Fenian organization. He thought it the duty of the Government to make strong representations to the Imperial Government on that subject.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he had said not a word about the application of Canada to the Imperial Government, and with regard to his statement that they might be expected for a series of years, every man knew that as long as there was discontent in Ireland, there would be sympathy in the United States, and so long as that sympathy existed, there would be trouble, because Canada formed a portion of the British Empire.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that the statement of the hon. member for Lambton as to the organization in the United States, openly drilled and known to the Government, implied bad faith not only on their part towards Canada, but also towards the British Empire. The British Government, however, were able to make such representations as would put an end to these offences against international law. The statement also implied that the United States Government had neglected its duties in the matter. He thought these statements had a tendency to cause irritation among their own people, and might bring about recrimination which might result in harm.

Mr. MACKENZIE did not mean to imply that there was any want of friendliness on the part of the United States. He had no reason to doubt that that Government was desirous of fulfilling its duties; but some steps should be taken to prevent those lawless people continuing their proceedings.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was very difficult to prevent the operations of a society unless there was some open act committed in violation of the laws of the land. He did not think it judicious to allow it to go abroad that the United States Government had failed in its obligations towards them (hear).

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had great confidence in the American Government, and desired to continue in most friendly relations with that Government. He believed that every good faith would be observed by that Government, and that they were fully sensible of their duties and obligations to Canada.

Mr. POPE said the United States Government behaved pretty well, but there was a difference between theirs and the conduct of Canada. When the laws had not been found sufficient to restrain, not our own people, but those of another country, from creating disturbances in the United States, a law had been passed in one day to give power to arrest any man suspected of plotting a raid from our soil to theirs. While he placed every confidence in the friendly feeling of the United States, yet he could not but be aware that there had been stores, arms and ammunition placed at convenient distances from the frontier with the full knowledge of the United States Government. Would Canada, at a time when they found the United States were about to be invaded by their own citizens have allowed arms and ammunition to be placed within a short distance of the boundary line, and then taken no steps? Had she not taken steps, and gone to an immense expense to put a stop to such attempts? He supposed the Americans should be quite able to stop such people as were creating a feeling of uneasiness. If they were not now, then something should be done at once by them to set the matter at rest.

The Bill was read a second time, and passed through committee, and then read a third time and passed.

RIVER OTTAWA WORKS.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN introduced a Bill respecting certain works on the River Ottawa. The intention of the Bill was for the protection of certain dams, piers and public works on the said river.

In answer to Mr. MACKENZIE,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that none of these works had been acquired by Government.

After a short discussion the Bill was read a first time.

INLAND REVENUE.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS introduced a Bill to amend an Act relating to the collection of Inland Revenue. He said that a practice had grown up of remitting certain forfeitures and fines resulting from seizure, and it was proposed that those cases should be submitted to the Treasury Board, and that only in meritorious cases the fines should be remitted, and also that notice should be given to parties who had paid duty on goods, that duty would not be refunded in case of loss or destruction by fire.

After some consideration the Bill was read a first time.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE.

The SPEAKER read a message from the Senate, stating that they had passed the "Habeas Corpus Suspension Bill" (hear, hear.)

ASSENT TO THE HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION BILL.

Shortly afterwards the Ushers of the Black Rod, by command of His Excellency, summoned the House to the Bar of the Senate, where His Excellency gave his sanction to the Bill in the usual form.

RETURNS.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD laid on the table several returns in reply to addresses, including one in reference to the expenses of the Hon. W. McDougall.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) BILL.

Mr. PERRY introduced a Bill amending and extending the Act respecting "Contagious Diseases of Animals."

NOVA SCOTIA BANK NOTES.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Bill respecting "Issue of Bank Notes in Nova Scotia." Carried.

The Bill was also read a third time and passed.

SEAMEN'S CLOTHING.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of the Bill for the better protection of the clothing and property of seamen in Her Majesty's Navy. (From Senate). Carried.

The Bill went through Committee, and the third reading was fixed for Saturday.

FERRIES.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS moved the second reading of the Bill affecting ferries. Carried, and the Bill passed through Committee, and was then read a third time.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of a Bill amending the Act respecting the Finance Department.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the Bill was in fact the decapitation of a public officer, Mr. Dickinson.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that it was not so. Under the present system there was a double responsibility, and he agreed with the Civil Service Commission, that it was not advisable to continue it. He was only carrying out their suggestion. Mr. Dickinson would still receive the emoluments but would not have the responsibility.

After some remarks from Hon. Mr. HOLTON,

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he would introduce a clause at a future stage of the Bill, preserving Mr. Dickinson's rights and rank during his incumbency.

After some further discussion the Bill was read a second time and ordered to be referred to the Committee of the Whole on Saturday.

EXPLANATIONS.

Hon. Mr. HOWE gave some explanations concerning the expenses connected with his Department; to which attention was called by Mr. Young in the debate on the Estimates on Tuesday evening.

SECRETARY FOR THE PROVINCES.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of a Bill to provide for the organization of the Department of Secretary of State for the Provinces.

Mr. MACKENZIE would oppose the measure. The number of departments in the administration were far more than the service of the country demanded. That department was unnecessary, and also that of the Department of Agriculture, which was foreign to the duties of the Dominion Government. He believed that the duties performed by the Secretary of State and his subordinates might be performed in the office of the Secretary of State proper. He was not willing to accept the statement of Sir John A. Macdonald that they should have 13 Ministers. If they were to carry on the Confederation system till it should embrace all the Provinces on that Continent, and have one or more Ministers for each Province, they would come eventually to have 21 Ministers. He did not expect for instance that one Minister would be sufficient for the North West, in 25 years from now they would have four or five Governments for that vast Territory.

A MEMBER—"There is one there now" (a laugh).

Mr. MACKENZIE—"Yes"—One who commanded the confidence of the Minister of Justice, who was willing to treat with his ambassadors. The question was not whether the country should provide an office as a refuge for political sinners, but whether the exigencies of the public service were such as demanded the existence of that office. He would move that the Bill be not read a second time, and that it be resolved that the exigencies of the public service do not require the establishment of another office.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON seconded the motion.

Hon Mr. HOWE said he had nothing to do with the construction of the Government, and if it could be constructed more cheaply, he would be just as well pleased. (hear, hear). From his experience of two months, he believed it was an office that required the constant attendance of some gentleman at its head. He hoped the House would decide the question without reference to the present occupant of the office. He had endeavoured to discharge the duties of the Department, which were heavy enough. He had learned to work in his youth, and was not afraid of labour now.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he was actuated by no hostility towards the gentleman who occupied the office—far from it—but he had taken the ground all through the discussion on the subject that they had too many offices.

It now being six o'clock, the House rose.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that as Hon. Mr. Howe was not present, he would move the adjournment of the debate on the Bill relating to the organization of the Department of Secretary of State.—Carried.

PUBLIC WORKS PEACE ACT.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced a Bill to amend an Act for the better preservation of peace in the vicinity of Public Works.

EASTER MONDAY.

In reply to Mr. HOLTON,

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had made up their mind not to ask the House to sit on Monday. The House would sit on Saturday, and on rising would adjourn till 3 o'clock on Tuesday.

COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee of Supply.

Item of $34,000 for the supply of weirs at the head of Lachine Canal.—Carried.

Item of $16,000 for a culvert to the River St. Pierre, Lachine Canal.—Carried.

On the item of $86,000 for deepening the Welland Canal,

In answer to Mr. MACKENZIE,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said he could not state that that was a final vote. The hon. member knew that in matters of that kind it was impossible to make calculations so complete as in some other works. The Engineer had reported that $86,000 would be required for deepening the canal.—Carried.

On the item of $17,000 for Waste Weir, at Dunville,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said, owing to the representations of the people that if that waste weir was constructed, considerable destruction would be avoided, that vote was proposed. The estimate was prepared by a resident engineer.—Carried.

Revote of $3,850 for houses for lock-keepers at the Chambly Canal; and $12,000 increased, $2,000 for increase of water supply to the Rideau Canal, were agreed to.

On the item of $150,000 for the construction of the Carillon and Grenville Canal,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the total estimate was $250,000. The locks were to be of wood.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would prefer to see them constructed of stone.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said the vote seemed a large one for temporary work. They ought to keep in view the question of the Canal system. He thought that the works should be of a permanent character.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that the money would not be spent uselessly, if these Canals were enlarged in the future.

In answer to Mr. McDOUGALL (North Renfrew),

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that the difference between the construction of the locks in wood and stone was $15,000.

Several members pressed upon the Government the desirability of doing the work in stone. The vote was then agreed to.

Item Miscellaneous Works, $15,150—Carried.

On the item $1,300,000 for opening communication with, establishing Government in, and providing for the settlement of the North West Territories,

Mr. MACKENZIE said he hoped that when concurrence was about to be taken on that item the Government would give the House some information. Though he did not intend to speak to-night on that subject, he would state that at the next stage he would take means to elicit information.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—"In what direction?"

Mr. MACKENZIE—"In several directions. I will tell the hon. gentleman confidentially that I am bound to have all the information the rules of Parliament will allow."

Hon. Mr. HOLTON enquired for some information with regard to the position towards the Government, in financial matters in general, of Sir John Rose, whose name he saw in the papers brought down in connection with the money part of the North West business.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that when the papers on the subject were brought down he would be able to answer the question more fully. Sir John Rose, he might say, was a political friend of the Government, and when he went to England he said he would be very glad, having an abiding interest in Canada, to aid the Government. The Government were glad to reciprocate his services in that way. Sir John Rose had put himself *en rapport* with Baring & Glyn, but had not superceded them.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if Sir John Rose had invested in the North West purchase money.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said the money was remitted direct to Baring & Glyn, and Sir John Rose had nothing to do with it. There was no investment of the money. Baring & Glyn had placed it at interest.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it must not be lost sight of that Sir John Rose could not, in his present position, give undivided allegiance to the interests of this country. He had become a partner in a foreign American Banking Company. There was no doubt they were thoroughly American, and they knew what that meant. In the attention of all matters that were likely to require a special agent in London, it was not to be supposed that he could keep any secrets from his partners, and they, as Americans, had interests varying from and in direct hostility to the aspirations of the people of Canada. That matter had its special significance, and he felt it his duty to mention it broadly so that when the subject again came up the point to which he had called attention might not be lost sight of.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had no relation with the firm of which Sir John Rose was a member.

The item was then carried.

In reply to Mr. CARTWRIGHT—

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he should be prepared to state, after the Committee of Ways and Means had been taken, whether the Government intended to apply for powers to take another loan.

The item was then carried.

On the vote of $115,000, revote $20,000 for Harbours and Piers,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said in reply to Mr. Sproat on the vote of $100,000 for Lake Huron and Erie the places delegated for Harbours were Rondeau, Kincardine, Goderich and Chantery Islands. He could not state the exact proportion that would be expended on each harbour.

Mr SPROAT seriously deprecated the construction of a harbour at Goderich as a harbour of refuge. It could never be more than a commercial harbour. The Grand Trunk owned it, and were bound to keep it open for the largest vessels on the lake. He thought grants should be divided *pro rata*.

Mr. MACKENZIE thought the places that would accommodate the greatest amount of shipping should receive the greatest portion. His impression was that if the works were gone on with at Goderich with a view to improve the harbour a considerable portion of the vote would be required.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said he had to rely on the engineer's report as to the proportion of the vote to be expended on several works. With regard to the Grand Trunk owning the harbour, they would not be likely to oppose the enlargement of the harbour. That was a public undertaking and there could be no desire on the part of a public body to prevent the works being carried on. After further discussion the item was carried.

Item $15,000, for protection to Little Hope Lighthouse, N. S., was carried.

On item $63,000 for Ottawa Parliament and Departmental Buildings,

Mr. MACKENZIE raised the question of the settlement of claims by arbitration. He inquired the reason why it was invariably the case that the expenses of arbitration on both sides were given against the Government. He claimed that that was not right, if a contractor, as in that case was found to claim double what was awarded to him, he ought at least to pay half the expenses (hear, hear). The arbitrators were disappointed politicians, who, having failed to get elected, the Government made up for their disappointment by pitch-forking them into that office for which they were utterly disqualified. Their opinions were set against that of men who had given their lives and attention to it.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the fact was that the arbitrators were very unpopular with contractors. With regard to the expenses of arbitration being always thrown on the Government, if the award was made for a higher sum than the Government offered, costs must go against the Government.

Mr. MACKENZIE—"But how when the contractors ask too much?"

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the arbitrators were fair and impartial men, and sometimes gave decisions in favour of the Government, and sometimes against.

Hon Mr. HOLTON asked if awards were ever made for a less sum than the Government offered to settle for.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—They cannot do it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that the result of arbitration was to place inferior men over superior men in that particular department.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that much better results were obtained in favour of the Government from the settlement of those matters by arbitration than if the cases were decided upon by jurors.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the Government were liable for $15,000, including plant, which there was no obligation upon them to take, and a great proportion of which was useless; but they offered $21,000 in their liberality. The arbitrators, however, gave $29,245. The contractor claimed $56,000, when his real claim was little over $15,000. He did not raise the question of the fairness of the arbitrators, but he questioned the choice of arbitrators. There was no denying they were selected from political considerations, at least the Ontario one was.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—"All of them are."

Mr. MACKENZIE said there was not a single one of them capable of deciding the questions arising, knowing no more about them than the man in the moon. And yet there were two more of these arbitrators appointed.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said his hon. friend had not done justice to the Board of Arbitrators. There were Mr. Cowan and Col. Vankoughnet, both honest men.

Mr. MACKENZIE said there ought to be one professional man on the Board at least.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the other arbitrators besides those he mentioned were also honest men.

Mr. MACKENZIE repeated that not only should there be a professional man on the Board, but also a legal man. He did not question the honesty of the Arbitrators, but affirmed that there should be on the Board, men who had professional acquaintance with the subject.—Item carried.

On item of $145,000 for library,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the item was open to objection. He questioned very much whether the Seat of Government had been settled for all the time, or even for a long time. The buildings were quite equal to present requirements, and the question of appropriation of more money, whether regarded from an economical or political point of view, as bearing on the possible re-opening of the question of the Seat of Government, had better be postponed.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN defended the item on the ground that it was necessary to protect the books from damage by the weather.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he took the same view as the member for Chateauguay as to its being very doubtful whether the matter should be proceeded with. He would ask whether it was the intention to ask for tenders.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN replied in the affirmative.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that by postponing that appropriation for one year the Finance Minister would be enabled to do away with those small and hideous taxes which he had lately introduced in his tariff.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that when the question of concurrence came up, if Hon. Mr. Holton moved an amendment to that item the Government would vote against it, to show that they had no intention to shift the seat of Government from this city.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that the course the Government was taking in squandering such vast sums of money on these buildings would bring up the question of the seat of Government sooner or later. It was the fault of the Minister of Justice and Minister of Militia, that the seat of Government had been brought to this big wooden village, a place which would not be anything else in a life time.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the seat of Government had better be removed to Halifax.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON observed that if the hon. gentleman did not take care he might find himself in a short time probably on a line which led to a different place than Halifax (laughter).

Item was carried.

On item of $200,000 for Montreal Custom House,

Hon Mr. HOLTON thought the site of the proposed building was good, but doubted its adaptability. It would cost $50,000 more to make it approximately useful. He wished for information as to the details of the purchase.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN entered into explanations of the purchase, and after a discussion the item was agreed to; also for $75,000 for St. John's, N. B.

Item $25,000 for London Custom House carried.

Also $10,000 for Toronto Examining Warehouse; $10,000 for Toronto Immigration Sheds; Halifax Quarantine Station, $14,000; $155,000 for Post Offices at Toronto, Quebec, and London; $15,000 for Slides and Booms.

Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The House adjourned at 10 minutes past 1 o'clock.

Fenians in Hamilton—94 pass through Hamilton—The Old Yankee Style—A Canadian Belle Boyd.

We have only just learned that Thursday afternoon ninety-four men passed through Hamilton from the east, in a specially chartered Blue Line car. All efforts made to interview them failed to strike a responsive chord, and we are therefore compelled to fall back upon the information gathered from various sources. Several of them alighted from the cars under the delusive hope of getting sundry spirituous drinks, but found to their intense disgust that a recently passed by-law prevented them from purchasing anything stronger than mild beer.

However, they consoled themselves with purchasing the "material" wholesale, and swearing rather audibly at the ignorant Kanucks. They were got up in the original old Yankee style, blue frock coats and top boots, nor were they unmindful of the charms of the fair sex, as they were accompanied by a charming, saucy-looking, black eyed girl of about twenty years of age, not unfashionably dressed, and wearing a tartan plaid. The fair damsel, however, was no chicken, judging at least, by the way in which she imbibed of the contents of a flat-shaped bottle, containing, no doubt, choice Hollands. Old habitues of the station were observed peering curiously at them, as such a consignment was totally unprecedented. But all their efforts to obtain particulars about them were unavailing, nor could our Reporter learn anything about them or their destination, further than that they were going East. What use they would make of the woman who accompanied them is difficult to surmise, unless, indeed, she were employed like a modern Delila, to worm important secrets out of the unwary.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

From the Toronto Leader.

The Ottawa correspondent of *La Minerve* states that the force which the Government has decided to send to the North West will consist of a regiment of the line, at the expense of the Imperial Government, and a Canadian corps, at the expense of the Dominion Government. Our despatch of to-day is of a far different character. It says the force will number 10,000 men entire, including 2,000 Indians. We are inclined to regard the number here stated as somewhat excessive; though, of course, a large force is very desirable. The half-breeds, the correspondent goes on to state, have no objection to a Canadian garrison in the territory, if we but satisfy them, previous to the arrival there of the forces, in other respects. The proviso is somewhat amusing in view of the straits to which the Government has been driven. The disposition of the Government has always been strongly favourable to the recognition of every legitimate claim which the inhabitants of the territory could urge; and, even now there is no reason to doubt that all reasonable representations will receive a fitting hearing, whatever may be the wishes of the people of the Settlement. However, they cannot be allowed to stand in the way of the despatch of the forces already determined upon. A murderer and an usurper undertakes to govern the country. He and all those who serve him have to be put down by force. They have made an appeal to it, and must now abide the consequences.

A collision occurred to-day on the London and North Western Railway, whereby several persons were badly hurt. For some reason unknown the names of the injured and other particulars of the accident are withheld from the public.

Joselyn Francis Pennington, Lord Manchester, is the name of the English nobleman captured by the banditti in Greece recently.

Maravilla Cocoa — For Breakfast — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, Original Homeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homoeopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England. 11385Wem

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

This Season's Patterns,

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Dress Goods—Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.
New Kid Gloves—Magee & Russell.
House to Let—Denis Egan.
Canada Life Assurance Company—A. G. Ramsay.
St. George's Society—W. Mills.
American Silver Taken at Par—India China Tea Company.
Tinwork, &c—Esmonde's.
Two Dwellings to Let—Edward Wallace.
Skiff for Sale—Hector McLean.
A Sum of Money Found—Apply at the TIMES Office.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A. Rowe.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

THE "GLOBE'S" RECANTATION.

A change has come over the spirit of the *Globe*. It is well that this is so. Nothing is more to be deprecated than a war of races. There should be no such distinction as French and English in a British land. Those who speak French from their cradle, born within the Dominion of Canada, are only British subjects, speaking French. They have no French nationality. The French speaking inhabitants of the Dominion may boast of their descent, and not without reason, and they now boast of what they are—the subjects of England, one of the most enlightened and progressive nations on the earth. They cannot claim, and do not claim, peculiar consideration because they first settled this section of British America. It is not denied that it was French enterprize which first penetrated from Louisbourg to Quebec and from Quebec up the great lakes, and down the Mississippi to New Orleans. It is not denied that religious zeal first carried the French tongue over the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific. But this much is also indisputable. The whole of that part of North America, which was once French, ceased to be so after the conquest by Wolfe, and, as the Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau has informed us, very much to the political advantage of the French speaking residents of Canada. It should, therefore, be a matter of regret to other parties as well as to the *Globe* that the French Canadian press should be endeavoring to make the North West question one of hostility between Ontario and Quebec. But who stirred up this feeling? Did not the *Globe* only the other day in its warning article draw such a distinction when it deprecated the employment of French regiments and English regiments of volunteers. Did not the *Globe* provoke that which it now pretends to deplore? The Government have ever aimed at the amalgamation of the two races inhabiting this Dominion, and only the *Globe* has endeavoured to prevent such amalgamation by its mischievous and ill-timed warnings. Nevertheless, it is now a satisfaction to perceive that the *Globe* is ashamed and sorry for what it has done. That newspaper now pretends that it had no intention of advocating the obliteration of the French Canadians from the North-West. Against that assumption it protests. It is not, it asserts, founded on truth. We cannot, however, do better than give the *Globe's* recantation in his own words:—

To say that Ontario would force the Government into war for the purpose of removing French Canadians from the Territory is not justified by anything contained in the press of this Province, nor in the speeches of her public men; and the assertion that Ontario desires to visit the younger Colony with "fire and bloodshed" because of one man's fault, is at variance with all that the leading newspapers of Upper Canada have uttered on the subject. These authorities have always held—and now find themselves supported by the best-informed man of the Quebec press.—Dr Schultz—that the following of Riel comprises only a portion of the French half-breeds. They have always said that the loyal English and Scotch, who were opposed to the acts of Riel, possessed the sympathy of a portion of the French, and from first to last the Reform press, at least has advocated the immediate extension of perfect freedom and constitutional government to the settlers of Red River. Not until Canadians were unlawfully held in prison did any one talk of coercing Riel and his followers, and not until the murder of Scott did the idea of vengeance enter into the minds of the people of Ontario. The cry against Riel was doubtless intensified by the circumstances attending his crimes. Viewed even as a political execution, it was unnecessary, but it was known to be the result of a vindictive hatred against Scott, and Riel's refusal to listen to the intercession of the clergy and other settlers, and his haste to complete his revenge before the arrival of Bishop Tache, to whom he would have been compelled to submit, demonstrated the nature of the deed. No man really fails to see that Riel used his temporary and illegal power to gratify a personal spite by the murder of his enemy.

We do not attach much importance to the recent effusion of Mr. Lemay, the poet of *Le Canadien*. All poets draw more or less upon their imaginations, and Lemay's production, which is in singular bad taste, gives a colour to the adage, that all poets are more or less crazy. Lemay merely took his view of the matter, while we have had another epic on the same subject, and one more sensible and clever, from the advertising poet of the Mammoth. We are more concerned to find the prose writers of Lower Canada endeavouring to stir up ill-feeling between the two subdivisions of the Dominion. There is not the least occasion for drawing any dividing lines between English and French Canadians. Riel has taken the life of a Canadian, and we intend to put the laws of Great Britain in force against him. We should do so if he were an Englishman or a Scotchman, perhaps with greater anger than we now feel. We look upon the immediate followers of Riel as mistaken men, misled through their ignorance; but we have no very irate feeling against any, except the immediate accomplices of Riel in the murder of Scott. The people of Ontario desire and are determined that Canada shall possess the North-West. They do not want it for themselves alone, but for all Canada. They look upon a large emigration from Lower Canada as certain, and as desirable. Mixed communities always thrive better than those which are homogeneous, and there is no wish to do a particle of injustice to French Canadians, half-breeds now in the Territory, nor to put obstacles in the way of French Canadians entering it.

Matters have arrived at that pass which makes it necessary to occupy Fort Garry with British troops; but we sincerely trust that this may be done without a shot being fired. Ontario desires to see Red River with the same popular institutions as herself possesses. She would have compelled this before Riel was heard of, had not her Reform representatives at Ottawa been opposed by those who had the support of Lower Canada; and she proposes to fight very hard to prevent anything like favouritism or class legislation for any section of the inhabitants, be they English or French, Catholic or Orangemen. The idea of anything like unfair treatment to the French half-breeds is a phantom of Quebec's own imagination. Ontario desires nothing better than to see a peaceful occupation of Fort Garry by the troops, the formal trial of Riel and Lepine the re-assertion of the Queen's authority, and the immediate rush into the Territory of as many Canadians, French and English, as may be disposed to try their fortunes there. For Riel we have, of course, no sympathy, and we charge the Lower Canadian press with creating discord, retarding peace, and distorting the true view of the question by attempting to shield him and draw indignation upon his accusers. They should lend their voice to the cause of law and order, to the support of the Queen and the defence of a flag which has given them a civil and religious freedom possessed by no other French speaking people in the world, to the overthrow of the tyranny and the restoration of security, and to mollifying the differences which arise from the contiguity of two religions and two languages. They may aid in the re-establishment of peace, and it will be greatly to be regretted if they continue in a course calculated to widen an opening breach and turn those against one another who should and might work side by side in the cause of liberty and order.

FATHER RITCHOT.

The following statement we translate from the *Courrier d'Outaouais* as it is desirable that every information bearing upon the affairs at Red River should be laid before the public. In circumstances of such gravity as those which the country has now to confront, the utmost caution should be observed that no false steps be taken which might still further complicate matters. The natural desire to avenge the murder of a fellow subject ought not to blind us to the necessity for meting out strict justice and of giving a fair and impartial hearing to those accused of complicity in the act. Any other course would be regretted deeply by all, would reflect discredit upon the country, and could do no possible good. Measures will be taken to punish the guilty, but their success must not be endangered by heat or passion. The following is the statement, to which we referred yesterday morning, and which we give without comment:—

"Father Ritchot said he was glad to have learned of the arrival at Ottawa of Judge Black, whom he represents as a perfect gentleman and as enjoying a well deserved reputation. As he has always been the first authority to be consulted by the members of the Hudson Bay Company and by the half breeds of the country, it is probable that the matters in litigation will be carefully examined, the deputation from Red River may expect that conciliatory negotiations will proceed immediately, and that a peaceful solution of all these difficulties will soon take place.

The prosecutors of Abbe Ritchot are under the impression that he contributed to the death of Scott. It has been said in the newspapers that he was present when it took place. Letters from persons in the North West worthy of entire credit and addressed to men in high positions show the statement to be false.

At the time of the shooting of Scott, Abbe Ritchot was in his parish. He had no knowledge of either the trial or condemnation. He had not even heard Scott spoken of, till he learned of his death. He has not seen Riel or the heads of the Provisional Government since that event, so that he scarcely knew more than we all do on this subject, having carefully abstained from knowing anything, knowing that he was to leave as a delegate.

The reverend father is far from being nervous. He asks only justice. The inhabitants of that vast territory have sent him on a pacific and conciliatory mission, and he believed it to be in the interest of the Red River settlement, as well as of the whole territory, that he should accomplish it. It was especially in the interests of his country—Canada—that he yielded to the demand specially made to him.

The Abbe Ritchot has no fear, and has no reason to fear anything, under the ægis and protection of our laws.

The public is eager to hear or read the report of Judge Black, relative to the murder of Scott, so as to learn why he has been executed, seeing that the friends of Riel pretend that no one has been shot, and that only a stuffed figure had been fired on."

THE NEW BILL OF RIGHTS.

It is reported on what appears to be good authority that very material changes have been made in the demands conveyed by the two delegates from Red River, and which they were instructed to lay before the Dominion Government. These, we need hardly say, have not been received. One of these demands is for the cession of a large tract of land extending from Assiniboine to the boundary line of the United States, to be set aside exclusively for the French population of the Territory. The other is, that no foreign troops shall be sent into the territory, by foreign troops being meant either British or Canadian forces, but in order to maintain the peace a force of a thousand men composed of the residents of the territory is to be armed, equipped, and paid by the Dominion Government. The demands, it is evident, could not be complied with under any circumstances. It is a novel and somewhat rich stipulation that troops should not be sent to subdue the refractory. Without such a force to insure obedience, Riel and his associates might continue indefinitely to do as they please. But, setting that aside, the territory when opened, must be free to all without exception, as by this means alone can its resources be developed, and its population brought into harmony and accord. It is essential for these objects that the population which may be attracted to the fertile plains of the North-West shall form one community, with equal rights and equal interests in the soil. The energies of each branch of the nationalities now composing the population of the Dominion will have ample scope for action, and more than half of the benefit to be derived from the acquisition of so vast a territory would be lost were they to be split into fragments, unfamiliar with each other, and therefore not unlikely to regard the interests of each other as hostile. Such a partition of the land would be almost fatal to any prospect of advancement. Judge Black, the other delegate being, it is to be presumed, furnished with no credentials which can be recognized, will, it is reported, be received as a private individual, and his information taken with the credit which attaches to the honourable post he has held. As an official of the Hudson's Bay Company, however, it is evident that his views cannot be so unbiased as those of one who is a disinterested spectator, and consequently there can be little doubt, judging from that fact alone, and without any definite information, that his expression of opinions will be taken as the views entertained by the officials of the Hudson's Bay Company, of whom he may, in a sense, be held as the organ and representative.

TROUT CULTURE.

We have to acknowledge the receipt of an exceedingly interesting and useful little work entitled "Trout-Culture, by Seth Green, published by Messrs. Seth Green and A. S. Collins, Caledonia, N. Y." Mr. Green tells us that this little treatise is intended as a manual for Trout Culturists, and is written especially for those who wish to raise trout. The treatise speaks of trout breeding, trout ponds, the hatching house, treatment of eggs, young trout, adult trout, taking eggs, and winds up with some general remarks on the stocking of ponds and streams, and as regards the paying probabilities of trout culture, says:—"The same energy and tact, which will make any other business pay will make this pay. While trout are selling at a dollar per pound, the business certainly must pay. Even if they come down to twenty-five cents per pound, the profit must still be large. But all men have not the natural ability required for this business, and would not succeed in it. Not all even can be good farmers, or lawyers, or pisciculturists. The question of profit depends much upon the cheapness of food, and fattening trout will pay better than fattening pigs."

In Canada, Mr. Wilmot, of Bowmanville, has done much towards re-stocking the Ontario British streams with salmon, and something may yet be done profitably in the matter of brook trout, which increase very rapidly.

Messrs. Hugh Allan, Thomas Rimmer David Butters and Hugh McLennan, a deputation from Montreal on the subject of the wheat duties, arrived yesterday evening, and will be received by the Minister of Finance to-day.

Mr. Fry, President of the Board of Trade Quebec, has also arrived, and will have an interview with the Finance Minister on the subject of the coal duties.

In the United States Senate, on Friday last Mr. Sumner introduced a substitute to the Bill abolishing the franking privilege. It reduces the postage on half ounce letters to one cent, and substitutes for the Congressional frank a system of stamped envelopes.

THE New York *World* is surprised at "the violent paroxysm of alarm into which Canada has fallen in consequence of the apprehension of a Fenian invasion," which, according to the *World* "has no rational basis."

STRAITS OF MACKINAW.—We learn by special telegraph that the Straits of Mackinaw are free from ice, and are now open for navigation.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—From a paragraph in your issue of this morning, I notice that you, in effect, advise your employees to demand 5 per cent. discount on their purchases, and counsel merchants to meet them half way in this matter.

You, of course, are aware that when the Government Proclamation was issued, the discount on silver rose from 1½ to 5 per cent. The business community knowing that this action of the Finance Minister would effectually settle the Silver Question, wisely concluded not to advance their goods, and have quietly submitted to a loss, which, in many instances, absorbed all their profits.

Sir Francis Hincks may claim credit, and I believe the merchants and trading community generally, give him all the credit he is entitled to, but they themselves have paid the "piper" in exporting this silver out of the country.

The public need not be afraid of the merchant getting too much profit on his wares. There is competition and business enterprise enough in Ottawa to bring profits down to as low a level as they are in any other city in Canada; and besides our shrewd Minister of Finance, fearing such a contingency, took the precautionary measure of adding ½ per cent to the import duty, and fearing the merchant would still have a margin between ½ and the old rate of discount on silver, he bethought of the clever dodge of taxing him 15½ per cent on the inland freight on his goods, and the same rate on the packages they were imported in.

LEGAL TENDER.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Try Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Rheumatism.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April [illegible]

Lord Cecil preached yesterday [illegible] the Royal Lyceum.

The water in the harbor is two feet [illegible] than at this time last year, in consequence [illegible] which the eastern channel is [illegible] navigation.

Private Massey, of the Queen's Own [illegible] was accidently shot on Good Friday [illegible] buried yesterday with Military [illegible] There was a full muster of the battalion [illegible] a large concourse of citizens present.

The Coroner's inquest held [illegible] returned a verdict of accidental death.

The first annual meeting in connection [illegible] the News Boy's Home was held [illegible] afternoon. The report showed the [illegible] number of inmates as 17; total number [illegible] mitted since opening, 116; receipts [illegible] expenditure, $1,608. Hon. G. W. Allan [illegible] re-appointed chairman.

The *Globe* blames the Government for [illegible] nating the Fenian scare.

Four hundred emigrants arrived [illegible] day—150 remained, the balance going [illegible]

Raining yesterday and to-day.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, [illegible]

This forenoon, by aid of an Ice [illegible] about twenty schooners arrived [illegible] er ports. The first arrival of [illegible] below are thus about a week [illegible] those of last year. The harbour [illegible] ers' men are busy putting up the [illegible] along the revetment wall.

Mr. Harvard Lectures to night [illegible] River.

Miss Highgate, the accredited agent [illegible] American Missionary Association, will [illegible] a meeting of the Sabbath Schools [illegible] row.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the W[illegible] Church have presented G. B. [illegible] organist, with a purse of a hundred [illegible] lars.

The supply of fractional currency [illegible] at the Banks, and little is yet in [illegible] tion.

The entire force of the Volunteer Militia [illegible] Montreal attended church parade [illegible]

Yesterday was the [illegible] day of [illegible] son.

Wednesday afternoon next is fixed for the general parade and inspection of the volunteers in this city by Lieutenant [illegible] say.

The Allan's clipper ship [illegible] Hamilton, from Glasgow on the 22nd [illegible] passed Father Point at 9 p. m. [illegible] the 16th instant, being the first arrival [illegible] season from Great Britain.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April [illegible]

The Megantic Rifles are on their road [illegible] this morning. The Field Battery [illegible] teers paraded this morning. The [illegible] yesterday were all crowded with [illegible] under arms. A general parade will [illegible] this evening at 7 o'clock.

The voting for Aldermen and Councillors is going on at the Corporation hall [illegible]

ST. JOHN, N. B.

The river is now fully open for [illegible]

Unusually high freshets prevail in [illegible] of the Province, and considerable damage [illegible] being sustained.

The pilot-boat, *John Mullen*, given up [illegible] has been towed into Briar's Island, [illegible] All hands saved.

The St. John Volunteers are disappointed at not being called on for Red River [illegible] service. There is no doubt that [illegible] made on them would have been [illegible]

Public opinion is strongly against the [illegible] ception of the Red River delegates [illegible] ernment, unless they are altogether [illegible] Scott's murder.

The steamship *Britannia* sailed for Glasgow on Friday.

The steamship *Alhambra* sailed for Liverpool on Saturday.

Flour market firm. Prices unchanged.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The Rev. Newman Hall [illegible] necessary to contradict the rumour which [illegible] been extensively circulated to the effect [illegible] he intends to leave for the United States.

The *Saturday Review* discusses the Alabama claims in the light of Sergeant [illegible] book, which maintains that the claims [illegible] *Alabama* would, even if possible, have [illegible] legally unjustifiable. The *Review* thinks [illegible] Sergeant wrong, as the detention order [illegible] issued, though it came too late.

The Edinburgh *Review* has a long article [illegible] the Ballot. The writer quotes from [illegible] Greeley and others to prove that the [illegible] secures no secrecy in voting, and is [illegible] a mischievous delusion.

People are arriving at Brighton [illegible] parts of the country for a great [illegible] review on Easter Monday.

The yacht *Cambria* was off the [illegible] to-day, and was one of the chief [illegible] Ashbury, her owner, will give a grand [illegible] on Monday night to the officers of the [illegible] teers at his residence.

At a meeting of the Royal Harwich [illegible] Club, the coming series of these [illegible] English Channel, 60 miles to windward [illegible] return between Mr. Douglas' yacht, [illegible] and Mr. Ashbury's yacht *Cambria*, was [illegible] ed. Ashbury said that he feared [illegible] thought the market boats had [illegible] race would be 60 miles to windward [illegible] at the time arranged for the yacht [illegible] race, the wind was unlikely to [illegible] from one quarter, the entire [illegible] prove to be a dead beat to windward.

THE *Builder* issued to-day has an [illegible] the recent Papal anathema against [illegible] sonry. The writer refers to the [illegible] Masonic Order, both here and [illegible] nent.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—*Figaro* announces that the Emperor Napoleon has written a letter on the signification of the *plebiscitum* [illegible] tion of the people. Eight million [illegible] this document will be printed [illegible] order that it may be placed in the [illegible] every voter in France.

It is reported that Great Britain and [illegible] have agreed to propose a general [illegible] ment to the Prussian Government.

It is understood that at the [illegible] the *plebiscitum* the Duke de Persigny [illegible] ceed to Berlin, to propose a general [illegible] Congress.

Troops have been sent to Commentry [illegible] other places where there are symptoms [illegible] strike of miners.

Serious disturbances have broken [illegible] Ovar in Portugal. There has been [illegible] ing, and several persons are reported [illegible] and wounded.

SPAIN.

MADRID—The Republican journals of [illegible] demand the separation of the Church [illegible] State, and that all priests or bishops [illegible] to take the oath to the Constitution [illegible] to Rome.

The Duke de Montpensier, who [illegible] ished from Madrid for one [illegible] Seville.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244d

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases. A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a heady standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE (Noon)	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30		3.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00		
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOURTH NIGHT OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

Second appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19th,

Will be produced Craven's Beautiful Domestic Drama, in 5 acts, of

☞ MIRIAM'S CRIME. ☜

Biles .... Mr. H. Lindley

To conclude with the laughable farce of

☞ MR. & MRS. WHITE. ☜

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER .... MR J MARSHALL.

April 12, 1870. 1332 6

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM O MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

Auction Sales.

By Amos Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE OF PIANOFORTES NEW AND SECOND HAND.

On FRIDAY, April 22nd, 1870, the subscriber will sell at his Sale Rooms, Rideau street, East End Sapper's Bridge, three splendid seven Octave Rosewood Pianofortes, being full round corners, carved legs and pedal and very superior finish. Time will be given on two of the instruments, by making a small payment down at time of sale. The instruments will be on view two days previous to the sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1333tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE of about 500 yards TAPESTRY CARPETING, HALL MATTING, WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, CHILDS' PERAMBULATOR, &c.

Mr. ROWE will sell at his Sale Rooms, immediately after Piano Sale, on FRIDAY, the 22nd inst., a large quantity of Tapestry Carpet of last falls importation, quite new and beautiful patterns, a quantity of Hall Matting, a Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, in excellent order, cost $60, two Raymond's Sewing Machines, a Child's Carriage, an excellent Peabody Ride, and a quantity of Glassware, in Tumblers and Goblets, English crystal.

The sale is positive and without reserve. Terms, cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottoman, Whatnot, &c., Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets, Lamps, Crockery, Glassware, Cooking and other Stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst., at 1 o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1335d1

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE Of a neat collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry, Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

☞ Cheapest in the Dominion. ☜

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

☞ POLAR REFRIGERATOR, ☜

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

☞ BATHS, ☜

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c. &c., will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1333td

J. BERMINGHAM has been instructed to announce to the people of Ottawa and its vicinity the following

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE, Marquetrie and Mosaic INLAID WORK, &c, &c, BY CATALOGUE.

The subscribers have received instructions from those celebrated Toronto Manufacturers, Messrs Jacques & Hay, to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 139 Great St. James street, Montreal, on TUESDAY, MORNING next, 19th inst, an immense stock of Elegant Black Walnut Furniture, comprising Superb Drawing Room suites, inlaid with Tulip and other fancy woods, and upholstered in Tapestrys, Silk Brocatelle and Terrys, of the latest and richest patterns—with Inlaid Marquetrie Cabinets and Tables to match, Handsome Marble Top and Plain Walnut Bedroom Sets, in great variety, Richly Carved Sideboards, Cheffoniers, Etageres, Escritoires, Cheval Glasses, &c, Dining Room, Library and Vestibule Furniture, of every description, all of the best manufacture and finest finish.

Parties about to furnish private residences or hotels should bear this sale in mind.

Sale at 1 o'clock.

Catalogues can be obtained and all information as to factory prices, &c, regarding articles on sale, from J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, Agent, Ottawa.

Parties in this locality desirous of purchasing advantageously can do so without the trouble of attending the sales by applying to J Bermingham, City Auction Mart, York street.

DEVANY & CO, Auctioneers, Commercial Sale Rooms, 139 Great St James street, Montreal. 1332 4

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

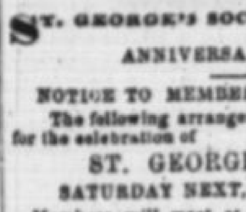
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY, 1870.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND OTHERS.

The following arrangements have been made for the celebration of

ST. GEORGE'S DAY,

SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd INSTANT.

Members will meet at Salmon's Hotel, York Street, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Procession to Christ's Church, headed by Gowan's Band.

Divine service at 11 o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. H. Pollard, M. A., Chaplain to the Society.

Cold Collation at Salmon s Hotel, at 2 p. m. Tickets, 75 cents each, to be had at the Bar.

GRAND CONCERT in the evening, at Her Majesty's Theatre, half the proceeds of which to be given to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p m.

Tickets—single, 50 cents; double (to admit a lady and gentleman), 75 cents; gallery, 25 cents each, to be had at the usual places, or of the Committee or stewards.

Badges, and a few choice roses can be obtained at E. Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House Block, Centre Town.

For further particulars see posters.

By order, W MILLS, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Ottawa, April 19, 1869. 1336td

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— ☞ CHINA TEA COMPANY, ☜ BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY ARE NOW SHEWING AN *EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT* OF NEW DRY GOODS SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE,

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 188 P O. 1334tf

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. BALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 10

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton, to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Solicitors for Ezyra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A.D, 1870. 1335 6

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

DWELLING TO BE LET.

The commodious BRICK DWELLING on Metcalfe street, four doors from Maria, at present occupied by Major Moore, and containing ten apartments, excellent outbuildings, and pump in kitchen, will be rented from 1st May next.

Rent moderate.

Apply to HUNTER, ROSS & CO. Printers.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335 3

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR. SADDLER, Protestant Hospital.

1335 3

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor.

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to J B TACKABERRY.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

That most desirable new RED BRICK COTTAGE residence on the Richmond Road, next to Mr Spragge's, easterly. The house contains seven rooms, an airy and dry cellar, with an excellent cistern. A capital garden and splendid view of the river and the Hull mountains. The land comprises nearly half an acre.

☞ NO CITY TAXES ☜

Will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Apply on the premises or to HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

1331a

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.5 y

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

Auction Sales.

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a. m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m, and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

OF

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS

Tenders for the stock of a large FITTING or CLOSING ESTABLISHMENT will be received up to the

20th APRIL INSTANT,

If not disposed of the entire stock will be sold by auction on that date in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 50 first class Sewing Machines (Howe's and Singer's), Wax Thread, Several Eyeletting, Stamping, Punching Benches, &c, &c. To any person desirous of carrying on the business this is a rare opportunity, as the premises can be had at a low rent, and are the most suitable in Montreal for the purpose.

Apply to GEORGE TYRRELL, 74 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

Or to GEORGE BURY, Box 812, Montreal.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870 1331 8

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

WM HALPENNY.

15 6m

☞ Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ STOVES AND TINWARE, ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Brittannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

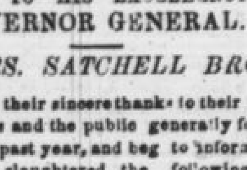
Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS.

Beg to return their sincere thanks to their friends and customers and the public generally for their favors for the past year, and beg to inform them that having slaughtered the following prize cattle, viz, the enormous first prize fat Steer "PRIDE OF CANADA," weighing the extraordinary weight of over 3,000 lbs, the celebrated Heifer "CARLETON MAID," purchased and bred by J B LEWIS, Esq. Ottawa, and fed by SATCHELL BROS, weighing 2,000 lbs. This Heifer took the first prize at the Ottawa Agricultural Show, 1869. Also twelve other splendid Western cattle, together with 30 splendid Western Sheep, besides with other animals too numerous to mention. The whole will be on view at their Stalls for exhibition at the By Ward Market on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

1333 3 SATCHELL BROS.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

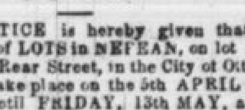
Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294 tf



ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

☞ ANNOUNCEMENTS. ☜

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

☞ GOODS ARE CHEAP. ☜

Everything known under the general term o

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

☞ We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1327y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

☞ COFFEE, ☜

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the undamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1339tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER!

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of Mr McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330tf

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street .... Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

☞ AYLMER CONVENT, ☜

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 19, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	0 00	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 50	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	0 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Corn " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Peas " 60 lbs.	1 40	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
[illegible]	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 15	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered Invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M D., Gagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M D.

St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil,* is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, is well in the wake of civilization.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping SNADE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

"Are you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St John, N B. November 2nd.

CANADA,

No 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 151 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, Intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B., G. C. M. G., &c. &c., &c. 1233 3

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td law

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y 236 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESS^RS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s. 1323 Eow fm Eow fm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given and conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8. intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 17th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,

1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos;

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs,

Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1264 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 28. 1833tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Bower, Barristers, Ottawa. 1ad-1d-tf

---

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this ***SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,*** and other eruptions or visible forms of ***Scrofulous*** disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as ***Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,*** and the various ***Ulcerous*** affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or ***Venereal*** and ***Mercurial Diseases*** are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. ***Leucorrhœa*** or ***Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,*** and ***Female Diseases,*** are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. ***Rheumatism*** and ***Gout,*** when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also ***Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion*** or ***Inflammation*** of the ***Liver,*** and ***Jaundice,*** when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This ***SARSAPARILLA*** is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are ***Languid*** and ***Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,*** and troubled with ***Nervous Apprehensions*** or ***Fears,*** or any of the affections symptomatic of ***Weakness,*** will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

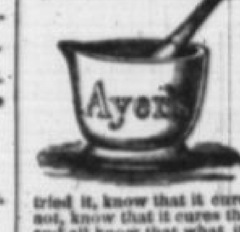
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame neck diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to sell [illegible]

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lith-graphed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

M'CLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLeod, W. McK Wright, R. S. Lawlor.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Ball's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st. opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.

William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

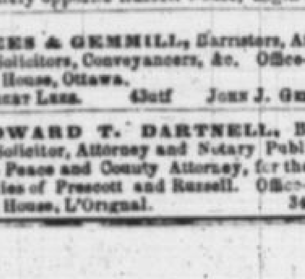
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He hold SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advanced made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Queen's Auctioneer,

1117y House, Land and General Agent

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	25 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

GARDNER MONTREAL — TRADE-MARK — For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

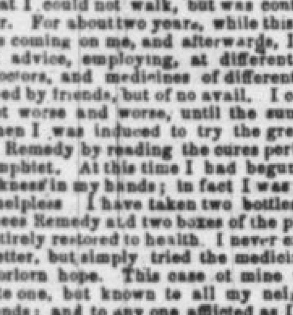
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000 Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

Ottawa, January 13 T BAJOTTE

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER. and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,

Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,

Publishers Ontario Farmer,

Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 35, Sparks street,

Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages.

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,

Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Alkabasay

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1828d

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs. J I A W NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust any important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR BARTLETT,

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid, the GREAT PAIN CURE, [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia, [illegible] face is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and [illegible] attack, may be cured within [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable [illegible] and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists.

W W FRASER,

1304 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour [illegible] and Sand Point. [illegible]

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1337. OTTAWA, WENESDAY, APRIL 20, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

[…]AS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
[…]f and Heavy Hardware,
[…]ENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
[…]on Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
[…]ooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
[…]ember 29, 1869. 1236.t

[…] WHELAN,
[…] RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
[…] OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
[…]ale at VERY LOW PRICES a large selected stock, comprising Groceries, […]quors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy […]s, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, […]oarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.
PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
[…]umerous other articles necessary to complete stock.
[…]pan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young […] fresh and cheap.
[…]h Coffee ground and roasted daily on […]
[…]nac Brandies; Henault & Co. Hen[…]'s and other brands.
[…]and Gin—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood
[…]—Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine […]urgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines […], in wood and bottle, improved by age. […]INES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.
[…] and […]vor, at extremely low prices. […] and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and […]
[…]'s Irish Whiskey.
[…]'s Old Irish Potteen.
[…]' and London Porter, pts and qts.
[…] and other Ales.
[…] Syrups, all grades.
[…]lers' prices.
[…]D STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE […]LING AT TWENTY-FIVE […]ERCENT BELOW COST.
[…] 1185

[…]'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
[…]d under Chapter LXVII of the […]lidated Statutes of Canada.
[…]FFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
[…] Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; […]OOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN. […]ND, Manager. 1141tf

[…] KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI[…] STORES AND OTHERS.
[…] give notice of my intention to supply […] mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, […]TCHUP, &c. wholesale.
[…] of trade during the last four years […] me to enlarge my manufactory I […] to make the wholesale trade my […]
[…] I have now is undoubtedly the largest […] and the question of quality is readily […]aking known the fact that I raise my […] from seed procured at any expense […] it is the best; they will therefore […]able comparison with any imported. […]her and important fact is that being […] manufactured in Ottawa thereby […] enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than […]
[…]advantages, I think, cannot fail to […] who may favor me with their orders. […] NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle […], Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box […] Post Office, Ottawa.
[…] Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau […]
[…]Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected […] highest prices given. 1196y

[…] S. EASTON & CO.,
[…]MMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
[…] advanced on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.
E. M. EASTON

[…] DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
[…] gentlemen can be accommodated […] comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen […] the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. […] This house is situated in the immediate […] of the Parliament Buildings and the […] banks. 2191f

Educational.

[…]CING AND DEPORTMENT.
[…]obert Stewart having made arrangements […] accomplished lady teacher, announces […]r Dancing Classes will commence on […]day, the 22nd instant.
[…]er particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
[…]wa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[…]NO TUNING.—The subscriber having […]ided to divide his time equally between […] and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his […] patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, […] to their orders for tuning more promptly […]retofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. […] received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction […] and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

[…]SICAL ACADEMY.
[…]USTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe[…] Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o[…] […] Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau […] corner of King-street.
[…], June 15, 1868. 775y

[…]O. MAYNE,
[…]OPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank street, Centre Town,
[…]WEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

[…]OMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
[…] Street, next to the City Hotel,
Ottawa.
[…] the patronage of the Lumber Merchants […] on the Ottawa. From his long experi[…] in the trade he offers his services in engaging […] and attending to their rafts while passing […] the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
[…] Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
[…] Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1334tf

[…], OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.
The undersigned begs to inform the public […] he has always on hand, in season, a large […] of the above, which will be sold as cheap, […] than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 35 Rideau street.

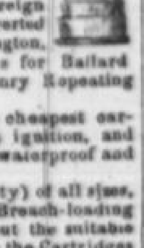
Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH
IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
[CAP]ITAL £1,000,000.
FIRE DEPARTMENT
Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.
CANADA BRANCH,
Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.
Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.
NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent.
Office—No 4[…], Sparks street, Ottawa.
January 8, 1870. […] 3m

HURRAH FOR THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 36 Rideau-st., and Duke-st., Chaudiere,
desire to announce that they are receiving a large stock of
TEAS,
SUGARS,
TOBACCOS,
LIQUORS
of all descriptions, and a general assortment of
GROCERIES
suitable for town or country use.
Gooderham & Wort's H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof kept constantly on hand, and sold at very low profits.
ALSO,
A large quantity of No. 1 Herrings, Dry Codfish, Pickled Codfish, Salmon and Mackerel will be kept constantly for sale at very low prices.
A large lot of Liverpool Coarse SALT, ten bags to the ton, all in good order.
$40,000 worth of goods arriving.
☞ Remember "our motto"—Quick Sales and Light Profits
Country Produce bought for cash.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.
WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.
The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.
The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges
BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.
COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.
PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 12-m. bore.
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.
Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.
ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of Shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
IN THE MATTER OF
JOSEPH LAROCQUE,
OF PLANTAGNET,
AN INSOLVENT.
I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.
Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month
CHARLES BAILLIE, Assignee.
Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes We send them to one address carriage paid; and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Teas we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c, Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do. 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
[…] Sparks street.

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
All the proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1[…]6 tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.
PIANOS, PIANOS.
The subscriber has just received another consignment of those excellent PIANOS direct from the celebrated manufacturer J. W. VOSE, Esq., Boston, and is now prepared to furnish a first class piano at a moderate price. These instruments are full round corners, and beautifully finished in rosewood for durability and sweetness of tone. The subscriber is prepared to furnish any number of testimonials. The public are invited to inspect these instruments.
Remember the place Rowe's Wareroom, east end, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau street.
A ROWE, Auctioneer.
1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, March 2[…], 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

TENDERS.
For the erection of a BRICK HOUSE on Maria Street, Centre Town, for D. Murphy, Esq., will be received up to noon of SATURDAY the 16th inst., by the undersigned, Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Monday, the 11th inst.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
K ARNOLDI, Architect, Metcalfe Street.
1337 8

TO LET.
SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.
The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.
Apply to
S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1337tf

HOUSE TO LET.
To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to
MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.
1327tf

TO LET.
From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to
R HARPY.
Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1m

TO LET.
A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to
JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street
1306tf

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace
1290

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED—Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.
MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 […]

TO LET.
A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms. Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.
Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.
Application to
D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

Groceries
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS;
PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."
SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Mise.
BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,
GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,
RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"
OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,
GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order
CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make
WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,
WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,
COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
☞ Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself
TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.
SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.
TOBACCOS, a full assortment,
REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.
FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,
FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,
GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin
SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength
FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.
LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.
BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.
3rd Dec, 1869.

WANTED,
A BUTLER.
Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney
1318 3m No 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest
Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned
CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONALL Hamilton, Ontario
Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 133[…] 1m

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s
N. B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
Agents—Messrs F. […]

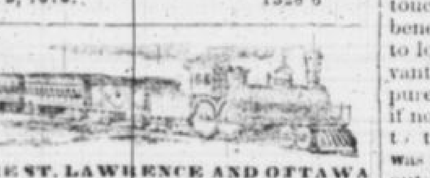
ALKABAZAR
FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,
WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.
Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 13[…]d

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.
IMMENSE SALE OF
BUFFALO ROBES,
I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.
Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

VALUABLE SAW MILL
—AND—
EXTENSIVE TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.
The proprietors offer for sale the extensive establishment known as "BREAKEY'S MILLS," situate on the River Chaudiere, together with the large tracts of valuable Pine and other Timber Lands held in connection therewith.
The Deals sawn at these Mills are known to be the best in quality in the Quebec and English Markets, and the Mill itself was during the last year entirely renewed and supplied with the latest improvements
The Property is distant from the City of Quebec only about fifteen miles, and five miles from the River St. Lawrence where a valuable site, within the Harbour of Quebec, is owned for shipping the Deals.
Altogether this Property offers a rare and valuable investment to capitalists, and, if not sooner sold, the whole will be offered at Public Auction, in this city, on the fifteenth day of August next.
Applications to purchase will be received and all information given, by
MR WILLIAM BREAKEY, At the Mills; or
MESSRS ROSS & CO. City of Quebec.
April 5, 1870. 1326 6



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
ALTERATION OF TIME
Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary session.
On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870 until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

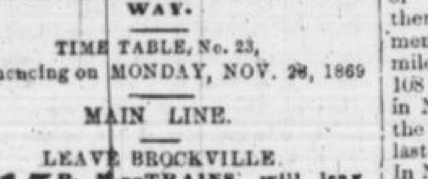
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 40	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations, at .... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 am
Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland at .... 6 a m, 4 40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday
She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, December, 1869.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869
MAIN LINE.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4[…] a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, […] p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3[…] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3[…] p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2[…] p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WANTED.
A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business, Apply Box 138 P O. 1334tf

SPEECH OF MR. SHANLY IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April ., 1870.

Mr. SHANLY said that the necessity of constructing an Intercolonial line of Railway had been recognized and a scheme for carrying it out in part devised before the question of Confederation had been placed in tangible form before the country. The Railway project by itself was not popular in Upper Canada. But when the greater question assumed shape and form, after the conference of Quebec, and when it became apparent that in order to bring about the Confederation of the British North American Provinces each of the parties to the compact would be called upon to make some sacrifice of local prejudice or local interest, then Upper Canada accepted of the Railway part of the project as a political and social necessity, indispensable to give effect and value to the Union of the Provinces. A leading politician of Upper Canada, generally recognized as an exponent of the public opinion of the day, had said, "rather than not have Confederation he would agree to build ten Intercolonial Railways." That very fairly expressed the sentiment of Upper Canada. In short the price that that Province paid, the sacrifice she consented to make, to aid in bringing about the Union of the four Provinces now comprising the Dominion of Canada, was the very large share she assumed of the cost of the Railway. He referred more particularly to Upper Canada in this connection, because her position in respect of the Intercolonial Railway was somewhat peculiar. It could touch no part of her territory. Direct benefits from its construction she had none to look forward to; while the indirect advantages she might hope for, save from a purely political point of view, were remote, if not doubtful. Having become a party to the compact however, Upper Canada was prepared faithfully and loyally to carry out the railway policy, but at the same time there was an anxious desire that the strictest economy, consistent with good faith, should be exercised in the construction of the work, and that with the construction all drain on the general revenues of the country, in respect of the railway, should cease.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—That ought to be the feeling in all parts of the country.

Mr. SHANLY said that economy of construction in the first instance and in the management and working of the line there after were two propositions that he believed lay as much at the hearts of the people of the whole Dominion as almost any other question now before the country. He did not doubt that the Act under which the work was being done was framed with a view to adopting the simplest and best machinery for carrying out the undertaking, but it could not be denied that it had failed in its object. A year had gone by and little or no progress made with the work. Of the first five contracts let, all but one had been abandoned; meantime all the expenses of engineering and of the Commission were going on. That a majority of the contractors should have broken down was a self-evident proposition. They took the work below its value, and in cases of the kind the making of sureties parties to the contracts, gives no assurance at all that the work will be carried out. He had known no instance in his experience where work taken below its acknowledged value had been completed by sureties, after contractors had failed. The only good, he could see, to be gathered from the experience of the past year was the conviction that the system on which the work was being let and carried on was erroneous, and that the time had arrived for enquiring what had now best be done to ensure timely and economical completion of the Railway. He did not wish to be understood as saying that the Commissioners were in fault. He did not see how they could have done otherwise than they had done. Whatever the dissatisfaction with the existing state of things—and it was general and widespread—the country would have been still more dissatisfied had the contracts not been adjudged as they were adjudged—to the lowest tender. It would have been difficult to satisfy the people, and his hon. friend from Norfolk, the Chairman of the Commission, would have found it a hard task to satisfy the representatives of the people here, that favouritism had not been exercised had the contracts been given to others than those whose offers gave promise of the work being done within the extremest limits of economy. But now that the experiment had failed; now that the popular prejudice in favour of letting work to the lowest offer, irrespective entirely of the value of the work, had been gratified; now that much valuable time had been lost, and many individuals ruined, he asked if the time had not arrived for the condemnation of the system, and the adoption of some surer and cheaper mode for fulfilling our obligations in respect of the railway? Twenty millions of dollars had been estimated as the cost of the road. He (Mr. Shanly) believed it could be built for less than twenty millions, just as surely as he believed that it would cost more than twenty millions, if the present system were adhered to to the end. The very first step towards insuring economy, was to dissever the undertaking as completely as possible from Government control and Government influence, and to give it as far as possible the character of a private and commercial enterprise. That system should apply to the management and working of the road after completion, as well as to its construction. It should also be made to apply to existing Government Railways, in the Maritime Provinces. He believed it to be quite feasible to make those railways aid very materially in the construction of the Intercolonial line, and that a plan may be devised whereby some millions of dollars might be retrenched in the first cost of the road, and tens of thousands of dollars annually thereafter in its working and management. We have now some 250 miles of Dominion Railways on our hands; 108 miles in New Brunswick and 142 miles in Nova Scotia. The apparent return on the capital invested in the former was last year about one and a quarter per cent. In Nova there was hardly any return at all, a mere trifle of some $3,000, appearing as the net receipts of the lines. But even these insignificant results were more apparent than real. His hon. friend the mover of the Resolution had quoted from the public accounts to show, that not far from $140,000 a year for the last three years had been expended on these Lower Province Lines, over and above receipts, and charged to "capital account," and of course at the same time to the general revenues of the Dominion. With the Intercolonial completed we will have 700 miles of Railway on our hands instead of 250 miles as at present. If proportionate demands were to be made for the 700 miles that are now being annually made for the 250 miles these Railways will lay grievous burdens on the revenue of the country every year. The only way to prevent that—the only way to prevent a large sum appearing in the estimates year by year, for Railway management, as subsidiary to the earnings of the line is to hand the Railways over to private management. They should be treated as commercial undertakings, just as the other Railways of the country are. He believed that if the Government would announce that they were prepared to do so, and to grant a subsidy of so much per mile for the completion of the Intercolonial, putting the existing lines in as part of the subsidy, and the whole system of lines, when completed, to be the property of the parties contracting for the construction of the Intercolonial, that men of standing, of ability and of capital, could be found who would give material guarantees for the early completion of the whole work, and for its subsequent management. Of course the road would have to be built under Government supervision, and a strict and binding specification, and should be worked under rules, regulations and tariffs subject to the approval of the Governor in Council. In short the ordinary safe guards in the public interests would have to be applied in this case as in that of the ordinary railways of the country, and the management and efficiency of the line thus kept quite as much under Government control as there could be any occasion for. He was satisfied that by some such plan as he suggested, a saving of at least one third of the now estimated cost of the Intercolonial might be effected immediately. A saving amounting very possibly to from seven to eight millions of dollars, while in the perpetual future there would be an annual saving in the working and maintenance of the lines representing some millions more. The executive too would be relieved from an annually recurring source of vexatious and embarrassing legislation, and above all he felt assured that private enterprise in the management of our railways would ensure to the people of the Maritime Provinces—that part of the population of the Dominion most interested in their proper working—a more efficient railway service than can be obtained under any system of Government management. He (Mr. Shanly) disclaimed any desire to embarrass the Government, but the question was one which it was absolutely necessary should be fully and freely discussed. He did not think there was any question now before the country, except that of the Red River difficulties, on which the public mind was more occupied than this subject of railway expenditure, and if the Government believed the idea thrown out in the resolution of the hon. member for Sherbrooke, to be in accordance with the sentiment of the House and of the country, he trusted they would give it their most serious consideration. He would not have stood up to second the resolution had he supposed it intended to elicit any feeling of want of confidence in the Government. He (Mr. S.) had confidence in the Government—a confidence that would be increased and strengthened when he had an assurance of a complete remodelling of the system on which we are now dealing with the Intercolonial Railway.

SUPERANNUATION FUND.

Speech of Mr. Godin, delivered during the Debate in Committee of the Whole on the Government Resolutions relative to a Superannuation Fund for the Public Officials, on 16th April, 1870.

MR. CHAIRMAN—I approve of the principle of these resolutions in so far as they tend to compel the public officials to practice economy and foresight, by the creation of a Superannuation Fund by means of compulsory contributions deducted from the salary of such officials.

A superannuation system which is not a charge upon the public treasury, but which is based upon the contributions of those whom it is to benefit, cannot but meet with the approbation of this House. It is indispensibly necessary, however, in the creation of this Fund as well as in the distribution of the benefits resulting therefrom, to establish a system just and equitable for all; I regret to say that these resolutions have not been conceived in this spirit.

Under the system proposed, the official alone can participate in the benefits resulting from this fund, but on such conditions that only two out of fifty, at most, can hope to participate therein.

The public officials are called upon to contribute to the formation of this fund, in the proportion of four per cent. of their salaries (which is equivalent to £30, and £40 in many cases) and yet they can only obtain a superannuation allowance out of this fund in case when having attained the age of 60 years, and having served for at least ten years, they become incapable of discharging their duties, or in case of infirmity occuring before that age rendering them incapable of discharging their duties; there is no provision whatever for their widows and their orphans receiving any assistance out of the fund.

Under this system an official who does not come under the conditions I have just mentioned, after contributing to this fund for thirty-five years, will have totally lost the amount contributed for himself and for his family.

Suppose a man dies after contributing for thirty five years, leaving his widow and his children in want, the savings which the Government have compelled him to make by his contribution will in no way benefit his family, but they will benefit third parties and strangers; in this there is undoubtedly serious injustice. If you compel the official to economize you must at least give him an assurance that his savings will be a benefit to himself and to his family.

The Government appears to lose sight of the fact that this fund is created out of the money of the public officers and not out of the monies of the State, and that the payment of an allowance out of this fund is not a gratuity or a benefit from the State, but the simple restitution by the Government of a deposit entrusted to it, and that in consequence, each contributor is entitled to claim for himself and for his family a share in the benefits which must necessarily arise therefrom, and that, without distinction.

There are in the Civil Service a considerable number of invalid officials receiving their salaries, without rendering any service to the State in return. In 1859 these invalid officials, supported from the public treasury, numbered 150, as stated by the Hon. Sidney Smith speaking in the name of the Government of the day. They are now, it would appear, less numerous, but the Government admit that there are still about 40, whom it is their intention to superannuate. It would seem that this fund is to be created for the benefit of these parties, at the expense of those who will continue in the service and to the prejudice of their families. They are to be compelled to contribute out of their earnings to the support of a privileged few who have continuously enjoyed the full amount of their salaries, and never given a single penny towards the fund. This is flagrantly unjust.

All these public officials, with some few exceptions, have already made provision for their families in the shape of Life Insurance: they have expended in Insurance premiums all they could save from their salaries, and if they are now compelled to pay four per cent. additional many of them will be forced to abandon their Insurance policies and lose all hope of leaving any provision for their families; if no provision be made to enable the widow and orphans to share in the allowance to which the father would be entitled, the savings and the sacrifices made by him will be entirely lost.

It should not be forgotten that the officers of this House already underwent, two years ago, a reduction of 12½ per cent. on the amount of their salaries, and that the contribution exacted from them under these resolutions constitute a further reduction of 4 per cent., making for these officers a total reduction of 16½ per cent.

This will very considerably diminish their means of support, and will render them for the most part unable to continue to pay the premiums on their Life policies.

All the officials, except a few privileged individuals who are to be immediately benefited by this Fund, are opposed to those resolutions, whereas by providing that a portion of the allowance of the official should revert on his death, the resolutions would meet the entire approval of the Civil Servants, and in that case not only would they cheerfully pay the contribution asked of them, but even 6 per cent. in their salaries if necessary. They would then have a guarantee that their payments would not be a total loss or made for the benefit of others, and they could then with some security discontinue their payments for Life Assurance in order to furnish their quota to this fund which would serve them instead.

I have given notice of a motion, with a view to amend those resolutions in the way I have pointed out, that is to provide that one half of the allowance to which the husband is entitled, should be awarded to the widow or orphans up to the age of 21. I do not consider that the widow of a public servant who has spent his life time, who has exhausted his strength, intellect and energy in the service of his country should be cast helpless on the streets, especially when that husband had to leave a portion of his salary in the hands of the Government. I think it is but fair to restore to the family the deposit which the father has made.

This principle has prevailed in France, although the system which provides for the fund is less favourable there than it will be here.

In France, the State contributes a large quota to this fund, and the public servant is to a certain extent compelled to give his mite; while here, according to the intended scheme, the public servant alone shall be held to furnish the fund in question.

In France, however, these pensions were looked upon as a State debt, and were to extend to widows and orphans, and much more so should they do here if we look to the fund out of which they are payable. In England, this fund is provided exclusively by the State; public servants are not at all called upon to contribute. It is probably on that account that the law is silent with regard to widows and orphans, the allowance in question becoming a free grant of the State, it might deal with it as it thought fit; but if the public servant is obliged to establish and support a similar fund out of his own earnings, such an allowance would no longer be a favour, but would become a deposit payable to the public functionary himself, or to the members of his family.

So far back as 1859, a Bill was introduced in Canada for the purpose of establishing a pension fund, and it was also renewed in 1860. It comprised precisely the same sections which I mean to introduce here. It was carried in the House of Assembly with a large majority, and it met the views of all the parliamentary employees in the Legislative Council, but on account of its being introduced at a period of the Session, that would not admit of its being fairly discussed, it had to be withdrawn.

If these resolutions were amended as I have pointed out, they would have the effect of giving satisfaction to public officers in general, and of bettering their position, without being in anywise a charge on the Public Treasury.

Before submitting my motion, I shall wait until the House shall be moved into concurrence upon these resolutions, when the attendance shall be greater than it is at the present moment.

Mr. GODIN—On the motion of concurrence in the Report of the Committee of the Whole respecting a Superannuation Fund—That the report be not now received, but that it be referred back to the Committee of the whole with instruction to amend the same by adding after the sixth Resolution the following:

That it is expedient to provide that any person to whom the present Resolutions apply, voluntarily retiring from the Civil Service, and not being entitled to the retiring allowance, shall receive one half of the amount which we shall have contributed to the said Fund without interest; but if he enters the Civil Service again at any time afterwards, such amount shall be reimbursed by him to the Fund, on his reentering with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, otherwise his service prior to his retiring shall not be computed in his length of service in calculating the retiring allowance to which he may afterwards be entitled.

And it is expedient to provide that except as hereinafter provided, if a person to whom these Resolutions apply dies while in the Civil Service, or while he is in receipt of a retiring allowance, his widow shall be entitled during her life, or until she re-marries, to an annual allowance equivalent to one half the retiring allowance which her husband received, or to which he would have been entitled at the time of his death if he had then retired.

But the widow shall not be entitled to such yearly allowance unless she was married to such person at least one year before his death;

And the widow of any person who at the period of passing hereof is over sixty years of age, or who in any other manner is then entitled to retire with a retiring allowance, shall not be entitled to such allowance.

That it is expedient to provide that the orphan children of any person whose widow received or would have been entitled to receive an annual allowance in virtue of the preceding Resolution, may receive out of the said Fund an annual allowance which shall be determined by the Governor in Council according to the circumstances in which such orphans are left, but not exceeding in the whole the annual allowance which the widow received or to which she should have been entitled:

But such annual allowance shall in no case be paid to an orphan over twenty-one years of age, or to any orphan whose mother is then in receipt as a widow of an allowance in virtue of these Resolutions.

CITY OF MEXICO, *via* Havana.—In the national Congress several charges have been preferred against Senor Romero, Secretary of the Treasury and a Committee of Investigation has been appointed. Congress is making determined efforts to put a stop to brigandage. Certain provisions of the constitution have been suspended.

A special power was granted to press for the trial and speedy execution of kidnappers and bandits.

General Gurced de Cederno has written a letter to the Government of Sacatecas asking pardon and offering to surrender. The Government has referred the application to President Juarez.

It is known that dissension has broken out amongst the insurgents.

The bill providing for the construction of the Tehuantepec Canal has passed. Amendments have been proposed which will greatly improve the measure.

WASHINGTON.—John B Sanborn late Peace commissioner to the Indians, in a letter to Vincent Colyer, predicts a war with the Dakota tribe involving in a loss of fifteen million dollars, unless the treaty stipulations of the Government are respected.

A committee of steel manufacturers appeared before the Ways and Means committee yesterday, and presented a petition signed by 95 officers of Railroads in the United States, composing Presidents and Directors of companies asking that a specific duty of 7 cents per pound be put upon steel rails. The persons signing this document control and operate 22,000 miles of track, which is over one-half of all the track in the country, and represent railways in 31 States and six territories. This committee of steel rail manufacturers have also presented to each and every member of the class of representatives, a circular appealing to congress for the passage of a law which will prevent the manipulation of their business.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
American Silver Coin—W Weir.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—Hector McLean.
Pocket Book Lost—Apply at the TIMES Office.
West End Dry Goods Emporium—Blyth & Russell.

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

GRATUITOUS ADVICE.

Not a few among the writers of the Opposition press pretend to know more and to see further than the rest of mankind. They constantly set themselves up as better informed and more honestly inclined with regard to the public interests and well being than those whose special business it is. They conceitedly give warnings and speak contemptuously of the doings of others. They are ever raising some fanciful scheme of things or framing some particular set of opinions and then rejoicing or rather chuckling over the mighty discoveries they have made, and expressing wonder that the rest of the world do not fall in with the schemes and adore it. One of these seekers of wisdom, who find it not, recommends a great general as the only fitting governor for the new possession of Canada in the North West, another of them recommends a Judge, and is content with his recommendation because the Judge has been in some position of quite another nature in a distant part of the earth, and has had the confidence of parties in the new Territory, whose influence ceases with the new order of things. Those pretenders to superior knowledge tell the Government not in abstract terms but particularly that they must choose as the Governor of the North West, either General Lindsay or Mr. Justice Black. For these two gentlemen the Government of Canada entertain the highest feeling of respect in common with the rest of mankind. Were there to be a choice only between them it would be difficult to decide which would make the most fitting Governor. The question is not now, however, who shall be the Governor of Red River, but who shall subdue it. The energies of the Government must be directed to restoring order in the fullest sense, and maintaining order after it is restored. It is not either a question whether the country is fertile or sterile, level or hilly, except in so far as the means of reaching it are concerned by such a force as will make the way clear for such as are to cultivate it. The question is not now what grains are best suited for culture in the Valley of the Assiniboine, but what force is necessary, and what men are best fitted, naturally, and by habit and discipline, to reach it at the least cost to this Dominion. The question is whether a large force or a small force will be the most economical. The question is, perhaps, whether a large first outlay will be cheaper to the Dominion than a niggard expenditure towards taking full and uncontrolled possession of of a country which has become a portion of the Dominion by purchase. Every person in the Dominion has a right to entertain an opinion on this matter, but no one has a right to obtrude his opinion on the Government who must necessarily have given the subject the closest attention. Why should irresponsible journalists keep spurring the Government and keep up an unceasing clamour about immediate action—a continuous cry of "on to Richmond"—without any positive knowlege of the necessities of the situation. Even a prize fighter trains before entering the ring. It is not well, although one life has been scandalously sacrificed, that every precaution should be taken to prevent an unnecessary sacrifice of life in bringing even murderers to justice and reducing a fertile tract of territory to a habitable condition for other than a nomadic population? The season is at hand for action on the part of the Government, and surely, until some grievous and palpable error is committed, the Government may be trusted. The crude interference of half informed journalists in matters above their ken, savours simply of impertinence. When a newspaper—be it Reform or otherwise—comments upon the past of Canada's history or upon events as they turn up, the knowledge and experience of such newspaper are worthy of consideration, but no ordinary journalist has either that experience or knowledge of warlike operations, which would entitle his opinions to such weight as to effect the conduct of an incipient expedition. Warnings about Braddock-defeats, and recommendations of caution, when modestly put, forth are well enough, but it is ever to be remembered that in all matters of speculation or practice, he that knows but a little of them, and is very confident of his own strength, is more out of the way of true knowledge than if he knew nothing at all. It is a great mistake to believe the Government all cheat and imposture; that there is no sincerity or honesty anywhere; but that every man is continually studying how to put a trick upon his neighbour. He who thus acts is not himself to be trusted

---

The Kingston *Whig* regrets to learn that Mr. Ferres' condition is still very low, and his physician entertains no hopes of his recovery.

MEETING OF FRENCH CANADIANS AT THE "INSTITUT CANADIEN."

There was, what the *Courier* calls a grand patriotic and national demonstration, held in the hall of the Institute on Monday evening last. There were about 400 persons present of those "who have at heart the preservation of our language, our rights, our nationality, and our institutions." The meeting was convoked by the President of the Institute, Mr. Stanislas Drapeau, who made a very eloquent address. He said that the Institute was established with a view to the union of the working and educated classes, that they might together cultivate the rich "parterre" of poetry, literature, history, the arts, and science, and that they might combine in preserving those national traditions in which they pride themselves.

Mr. Drapeau concluded his eloquent speech by an allusion to the literary wealth which was now at the disposal of the members of the Institute. They had a choice library, comprising works of much value, many of which are to be found in the rich collection of the "Gallerie de Versailles," monographs, biographies, and books, instructive and artistic, which are placed at the disposition of the members of the Institute for the instruction of their families.

The Reading Room is supplied with the newspapers of the different cities and towns of Canada, and of distant countries (de l'etranger) and was open every day of the week from 7 to 10 p.m., for the benefit of the members.

There was also a lecture room in which lectures on various subjects were delivered on every Thursday, and during the winter season there were readings and music, which went far to promote good feeling while conveying information, and to bring together in intelligent intercourse all the members of a family having a common origin.

Mr. Turgeon spoke of the value of the Institute for the acquirement of useful knowledge, science and general information, and was followed by Dr. Dorion, who after apologising for only having been ten years a resident in Ottawa, said that he had watched the difficulties which had surrounded the Institute; knew the sacrifices made by the founders in order to vivify the national sentiment and to transmit to their children the legacy to be hereafter entrusted to their keeping. He regretted that there should have been anything like discord in the ranks of the Canadian people, and reminded them of those unhappy jealousies which too often existed among French Canadians, and engendered dissensions and divisions. The Irish, are united, the English are especially so at the present moment on the North West question, and the Scotch are always brethren, and he asked if French Canadians alone, should be divided among themselves, when union is so desirable, in order to prove their strength to other surrounding nationalities. He wound up by saying that they had a mission to fulfil in the interest of society in general, and as for himself in his capacity of journalist, he would be ever found ready to defend "our nationality" when it was attacked by unscrupulous and dishonourable men, believing as he did that they should always be prepared to strike a blow (*gros coups*) for their national and religious institutions.

Dr. Valade, Mr. Ex-President Peachy, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Leduc, of Hull, Mr. Isidore Champagne, Mr. Cayley, and several other gentlemen addressed the meeting, in a pleasant, agreeable and instructive manner, and the President having thanked the meeting for the interest taken in the Institute, and having intimated that the library, at present, consisted of 1,200 volumes, the proceedings were brought to a close, every one present promising to become a member of the Institute, and to work harmoniously in the interest of "our nationality, our language, and our institutions."

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that the Hon. Donald McDonald, of the Senate, was thrown from a carriage last evening, on his way from the Railway Depot. Although the fall was very severe, he escaped with a dislocation of the shoulder. Dr. Grant, M.P., was shortly on the spot, and attended to the injuries sustained.

TO THE FRONT.—The suspension of the *Gazette de Joliette* is announced by its proprietor, who, with the editor and two printers, has volunteered to the front. These typographical volunteers are at present in Montreal, under arms. Well done Fourth Estate!

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—My attention has been called to certain statements respecting my conduct in the North West, published by the Montreal *Daily News* and the Toronto *Leader*, on the authority of one of the so-called "delegates" from Red River, the Rev. Mr. Richot.

On enquiry I find that these statements were made by Mr. Richot to the Editor of a leading French newspaper, who reported them to the correspondent of the journals above mentioned, and that he vouches for the correctness of the report as published. Under ordinary circumstances I would allow Mr. Richot to tell as many stories as he pleases to excuse himself and his friends for leading the poor half-breeds of Red River into rebellion, without troubling myself to contradict him, but as he appears here in the character of a *delegate*, and with consummate effrontery claims to represent the loyal *people* of the North West as well as the assassin Riel; and as it is still uncertain whether the country is to be humiliated and disgraced by his reception in that character, I cannot treat him as a *common* retailer of falsehoods. The respect felt for the order to which he belongs, may, I fear, induce some people to believe him.

He is reported to have said:

1. That the "troubles would have been "easily allayed at first if Mr. McDougall's "party had exercised tact and prudence, and "paid any deference to the feelings of the "people when Provencher went forward from "Pembina to hold a consultation, &c."

2. That "he (Provencher) was sent back to "Mr. McDougall, accompanied by ten or "twelve residents of the territory, who took "with them a letter to Mr. McDougall, containing a series of resolutions passed at a "public meeting, setting forth their apprehensions respecting the doings of the Surveyors that had been sent out before, and "respecting the intentions of Mr. McDougall "and his party; and also setting forth what "they considered their rights."

3. That when the letter was handed to Mr. McDougall, "he tore it to pieces without "reading it."

4. That "those who brought it were *indignant*, and left without further parley."

"Father Richot *thinks*," the reporter adds "that if the matter contained in this letter "had been attended to the fears of the people might easily have been allayed and further trouble prevented."

Now sir, I am obliged to tell you, and through you the public, that there *is not one word of truth in this story from beginning to end!* It is an invention, pure and simple, and if the other statements of the Reverend "Delegate" do not come a little nearer to the truth, I am afraid the Government will not be much edified by them.

Mr. Provencher's report to me of what took place at his interview with the insurgents at the house of Father Richot, directly contradicts the statement now made by the Rev. gentleman, as to the possibility of the "troubles being easily allayed" by any exercise of "tact or prudence" on my part. They told him that "the insurrectionary movement had taken such proportions as to prevent any peaceful settlement at present," that a "new Government was already organized," &c., and that "they had decided to prevent at once any possibility of establishing the Canadian Government by not allowing the newly appointed Governor to come in."

Instead of a "letter" containing matter for friendly discussion as represented by Father Richot, his "ten or twelve residents," converted into twenty armed horsemen when they reached Pembina, delivered the very curt verbal message that I and my party must quit the territory by nine o'clock the next morning, or—take our chance of being shot! They were commanded by Adjutant-General Lepine, the executioner of Scott, and by their violent demonstrations, as the hour for our expulsion drew near, seemed perfectly capable of executing their threat.

I received only two letters during the fifty days I remained at Pembina, from Father Richot's party. The first was a notice from President Bruce and Secretary Riel, forbidding me to enter the territory. It was put into my hands by a half-breed, while I was passing my goods at the American Custom House, and is still in my possession. The other reached me through Mr. Provencher, and was written, as I am informed, by Father Richot himself. In it he states that if I "had left," on receiving the friendly visit of Lepine and his "residents," the difficulties could have been settled quite easily, and after threatening that his half-breeds, if coerced, would take to the prairies and prevent all improvements by destroying Telegraphs, Railroads &c., he kindly informs me that if I enter the Territory I will be "shot immediately," and that my "principal friends and supporters here are on the eve of being massacred"!

I have no doubt that Father Richot now rejoices that these blood-thirsty decrees were not executed, for he has probably discovered that even one "massacre" has not helped his cause.

I am, &c.
W. McDOUGALL.

Ottawa, April 16th, 1870.

Church Patronage.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The question of Church Patronage will come before all (or nearly all) of the Synods of the Canadian Church at their ensuing meetings in June, and it may be prudent for the Laity to discuss the subject calmy and dispassionately at the approaching vestries so that their Delegates may faithfully represent their opinions.

The Irish Church has had the subject under consideration, and very great interest was manifested as to the result. It was felt there (as it has been felt here) that the exclusion of the Laity from all participation in the appointment of their Ministers was a great grievance which should not be borne a moment longer than it could be remedied. The decision arrived at is one upon which I can scarcely congratulate the Irish Church, inasmuch as it practically excludes the Bishop from the Patronage, in making him the mere Chairman of a Committee, half of which is appointed by the Diocesan Synod, and half by the congregation. This, however, is the natural reaction from the one man power which has so long had the Patronage of the Irish Church in its grasp.

The Patronage question was before the Toronto Synod at its meeting last June, where it was very fully and ably discussed for two or three days, and was disposed of, for the time being, by the appointment of a Committee from, what might be termed, both sides of the house. This Committee has had several meetings and agreed upon the principles of a Canon, which will be presented to the Synod at its next annual meeting. The details are, of course, not generally known, the Committee considering the Canon should first be submitted to the Synod; but it is known that it will recognise the right of the Laity to a direct voice in the appointment of their Ministers, and it is stated, on good authority, that the Bishop, as an evidence of his good will, desires that the Canon shall refer, not only to the Rectories, but to the Incumbencies, or Free Churches, as well.

In the diocese of Huron the Bishop, up to the present, has enjoyed the sole right of appointment. I have reason to believe, however, that, at the ensuing meeting of Synod he will have a Canon proposed which, will give the Congregation a voice in the appointment.

In the Diocese of Montreal the Laity have a controlling voice, inasmuch as they name three persons to the Bishop, one of whom is appointed. Those who are favourable to the Bishops having the sole right of appointment say that this plan does not work well, but if this be so, I have yet to hear of anything having appeared in the public prints which would corroborate that statement, and the absence of a single letter in the papers, or of a single speech or of a resolution in the Synod goes far to show that the assertion is not well founded.

It is highly probable that at the first meeting of Synod, the whole subject will be discussed, as nothing has been done in connection with the matter since the arrival of Bishop Oxenden. It is very improbable that the Laity will relinquish the rights they have so long enjoyed, and which they know so well how to maintain.

In this our Diocese of Ontario, since its formation the Bishop has enjoyed the sole and uncontrolled right of appointment. True it is that owing to the commotion caused by the appointment of Dr. Lauder to the Rectory of St. George's, he at the meeting of Synod following promised to *consult the congregations* before making an appointment, but the congregation of St. James' last year found this promise virtually amounted to nothing. The Laity have therefore to look the matter squarely in the face and if they will be content while their Brethern in the Church of Ireland and the neighbouring Dioceses are becoming free and untrammelled that they should be disfranchised, and subject upon a vacancy to have any Clergyman thrust upon them, no matter how *extreme* may be his opinions or to what extent the congregation is opposed to him.

The Church in Kingston has never prospered since the Advent of the Bishop as it ought to have done, and as I believe it would have done had the Laity retained the patronage in their own hands.

Missionary Deputations visit the city year after year to urge the Laity to give liberally to the cause of Missions. They wonder at the lukewarmness of the people; they are not told that the great cause of this apathy in giving not merely to the Mission fund, but to every Diocesan fund, is their having no voice in the appointment of their Ministers, or in having obnoxious Ministers forced upon them. I am sorry to have it to say that the evil is not confined to the Diocesan funds, but that local necessities are also made to suffer. This I can illustrate by St. Paul's Church in this city, where much needed and contemplated improvements have been laid aside and abandoned, because, that under the present system the people would not contribute. It might be well for the clergy in future not to overlook this fact. At the recent Missionary meeting in St. James Church, I listened with the utmost astonishment to the Bishop of Ontario, as he said he could not understand why it was that the congregation did not contribute more liberally to the mission fund. Yet at that meeting there were not more than *four* male members of the congregation, Could the absence of the others, and the passage of a certain resolution at the last Easter Vestry not have suggested the *reason* to his Lordship?

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, because I desire the peace and prosperity of the Church, I wish to see the present system (to which I have always been opposed) changed. The Laity are called upon to contribute largely to the support of the Church—and what is more reasonable than that they should wish to have a voice, not by *favor* but by *right*, in the Ministers set over them, especially when it is considered that they must make their selections from men who have already been consecrated by the Bishops, and who, if they ever should do anything improper can be speedily dismissed. If it be good for the Church in Montreal, Huron, and Toronto, that the Laity should have this privilege, it can not be bad in Ontario. I believe a Canon will be prepared, which, while giving due importance to the rights of the Bishop, will claim a like privilege for the Laity. I trust the Laity will warmly support the principle of the proposed Canon, by passing resolutions at the ensuing Easter Vestries, claiming the right, as vacancies occur, to a voice in the appointment of their Ministers, and sending forward petitions to the Synod to that effect. Apologizing for the length of this letter,

I am Your ob't Servant,
JAMES SHANNON,
Lay Delegate, St. Paul's Church.

Kingston, April 18.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR: About this time last year I drew attention, through your columns, to the state of the macadamized road leading through Hull to Aylmer, which was then in a dreadfully dilapidated and deluged condition, owing to the spring freshets.

The Directors of the Road Company, with praiseworthy alacrity, upon having it brought under their notice, placed boats on either side of the submerged bridge, it being then to late to remedy the evil in any other way.

Since the lowering of the water, however there has been a culpable neglect on the part of the Directors, as there has been little else done towards protecting the interests of the public, save in a puerile attempt of making a breakwater of loose stones. At present things are rapidly assuming the same aspect as when I addressed you last year, and there is every prospect that the public will suffer the same inconvenience and danger that they experienced last season.

I understand that those particularly interested are going to have recourse to legal proceedings, and also that a petition is about being presented to the Government to have the charter of the Company annulled.

The only excuse offered by these penny-wise directors is, that the improvements made by the adjoining mill-owners have increased the flow of water towards the shore, and caused an extraordinary flood, and that the Company is not therefore responsible for damages which may occur under these circumstances, the public having their remedy against the mill-owners. But even in that case, it is the duty of the Directors holding a public trust, to take the necessary proceedings against the delinquent, and in the meantime make the improvements, the expenses of which the mill-owners will subsequently have to refund; that is, if the Road Directors are correct in assuming that those parties, and not the Road Company are responsible for the existing state of things.

PROGRESS.

Ottawa, April 19th, 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—The Editor of the *Mail* makes a rather ridiculous statement in this evening's issue of that paper, to the effect that I deposited $2 000 silver this morning in the Bank of Montreal before banking hours. This is wholly untrue, and I cannot see how such a statement could emanate. The absurdity of it must be apparent, when I state that what silver I had on Thursday, (only $600) I sent to the Bank of Montreal in two lots, (400 and 200,) the latter of which was refused as others were, but left there; since then I have only taken about $180 altogether. I cannot see why the *Mail* should accept a statement so incautiously, and drag it before the public connected with my father's name. I trust I may not be led to believe it is from vicious motives.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. P. DRUMMOND.

Ottawa, 19th April, 1870.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—It is said that the entire amount necessary for the construction of the proposed Crystal Palace, in this city, has already been raised.

The belligerent element of the Fenian Brotherhood are active to-day and the narrow halls of green house in Fourth street were crowded.

The deliberation of the Congress to-morrow are looked forward to with interest.

The usual squads of restive spirits in the immediate neighbourhood, breath language of the most siditious nature against the Crown and Government of Victoria. Several prominent men have been closeted in the Presidents private apartments to-day maturing plans. The Savage party does not favor the Canadian move to their mind, the blow must be struck in Ireland.

NEW YORK.—The storm has passed away, and the weather is cool and bright.

The S S "Russia," from Liverpool, has arrived.

The Fenian Congress of the O'Neil faction will meet in the Masonic Hall, 13th street, to-day at one o'clock.

The O'Neil party denounce the Savage party as imposters, and ridicule the do nothing Congress at Chicago last week.

It is claimed by Gen. O'Neill, that the Chicago Congress had no power whatever to establish an Executive Committee, and that all its proceedings are void and worthless.

The delegates from the Congress in Chicago will, however, be received to-day, on exhibiting their credentials.

The private circular issued by Gen. O'Neill to the circles as President of the Brotherhood, distinctly instructs each circle to send no money to headquarters until after Congress, but to send with each delegate to the Congress sufficient funds to purchase breeching ammunition, value $28 per thousand. This, in connection with other facts, is extremely significant of an intended movement. A full representation of circles is expected and over 30 delegates arrived yesterday. 350 delegates are expected to attend the Congress. Last night several arrived from Chicago and Pittsburg. The proceedings will be held with closed doors, and every effort will be made to secure secrecy. It is stated that twenty thousand stand of arms with sufficient ammunition are already secured. Part of these have been distributed in towns along the Vermont border, and another and larger portion shipped, by Chicago, a few days ago, to some point on the North Western frontier of Canada, in the vicinity of the Red River Territory. It appears that O'Neill's emissaries have been acting for two months with the Fort Garry insurgents and there is not the slightest doubt but that the sympathy of the entire organisation is with Riel and his followers.

The proposed campaign from what can be learned of it, embraces not only an invasion of Canada at a point between Toronto and Montreal, nearer to the latter city than former, but also simultaneously an expedition to join Riel's forces and act in the North-West Territory.

Telegrams are coming to this city from Chicago and St. Paul, stating that supplies and ammunition are being forwarded to some point further out.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—The banking house of Scott, Williams & Co., was entered by burglars and the safe blown open. The burglars pillaged the box of special depositors of bonds, gold, &c. several thousand dollars of specie on special deposit are included in the loss. The bank loses not more than twenty thousand dollars.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 19.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 8 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY gave notice of motion to-morrow respecting troops that may be sent to Red River.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE, on motion of Hon. Mr. WARK, was added to the Intercolonial Railway Committee, in place of Hon. Mr. Ritchie.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that he understood it was the practice of the House of Lords when Her Majesty came to give her assent—in person or by commission—to any Bills, that all the Bills passed by both Houses must be submitted. This rule, however, had not been observed on Thursday last.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL called the hon. gentleman's attention to the fact that the Governor General had given his assent to the Bill on Thursday last, in consequence of an important public emergency. It was supposed that the Fenians were engaged in organizing a force within sight of our borders, with the object of invading our Territory, and the failure of that movement, so far, might be fairly attributed to the energetic action of the Government in taking steps for the public security. The danger was most imminent at the time, and though it had been averted for the moment, we could not yet be considered entirely secure.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that he only wished to call attention to what was the practice in England.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD said that he did not know of a single instance where the rule had been deviated from.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL referred to the fact that it would have been impossible for the Minister of Justice, called as he was to act in an emergency, to follow the practice and certify to all the Bills passed by both branches of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT said that if his memory served him right, in the case of the suspension of the Act of *Habeas Corpus* in Ireland, in 1866, it passed both Houses and received the royal assent on the same night.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL introduced a Bill to make provision for discipline on board Canadian Government vessels.

A Message was received from the Commons that they had passed the following Bills:—

Respecting Ferries.

To amend Act incorporating Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

To remove certain restrictions with respect to issue of Bank Notes in Nova Scotia.

For the better protection of clothing and property of Her Majesty's Navy.

The Report of the Committee respecting the Public Printing, in absence of Mr. Simpson, was allowed to stand over until to-morrow.

The House then adjourned until three o'clock the next day.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 19.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 7:30.

Mr. FORBES moved that the Speaker issue a writ for the election of a member to fill the seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Chipman.—Carried.

The following Bills were read a second time:—

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—To amend the Act respecting Perjury.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD explained that the object of this Bill was to strike out certain provisions respecting affidavits made out of Canada, as they were beyond the jurisdiction of the Dominion Parliament.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—To amend Penitentiary Act of 1868.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, (Hon. Col. Gray in the Chair), and as the Finance Minister was absent through indisposition, the Militia Estimates were taken up.

On items of salaries,

Mr. MACKENZIE said the Government had promised to reduce the District Staff. Referring to the threatened Fenian raid, he said it was somewhat strange that these raids were always threatened just before the Supplies were voted, and wanted to know if the Government got them up to order. As regards the Western Province, at any rate, the threatened raid was a great farce. He wished to know if the appointment of Deputy Adjutants was to be permanent. He was willing when the emergency came to vote any amount necessary for the peace of the country. He had no sympathy with those who were complaining of the withdrawal of the British troops. The troops ought to be withdrawn; we were abundantly able to discharge all our duties in that respect, and it was a shame for a colony of our strength to be whining about the withdrawal of the British troops. But he was not prepared to keep up a large staff which was not needed.

Hon Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the objection last session was to the appointment of Brigade Majors, and now the objection of the member for Lambton was against Deputy Adjutants and against Brigade Majors. The Adjutant General, in his report, recommended the appointment of Brigade Majors, and expressed the opinion that they are necessary to efficiency of force. However, he had made reduction in the cost of the staff of the Adjutant General of several thousand pounds. He had made arrangements to do away with district Quartermasters, and therefore there was no sum in the estimates for their salaries.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) contended that as we were part of the British Empire, British troops should be retained here. If troops were needed, they would be needed because of England's quarrels, and therefore Canada should not bear the whole burden.

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE said that a number of years ago the Province of Nova Scotia voted a more liberal supply for Militia purposes, in proportion to her wealth, than the present estimates.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER was glad to hear that Nova Scotia was so liberal, and to state that the Militia organization in Nova Scotia was now complete, and after these estimates were passed they would all be provided with arms. He stated that volunteers this year would be paid for sixteen days' drill.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought that this was the proper time for the Minister of Militia to explain the whole policy of the Government on the question of militia and defence, and explain the reason for the increase in militia estimates.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the policy this year was the same as last year, namely, to maintain the existing militia organization. The increase in the estimated expense for the current year was made up by the increase for ammunition. The cost of militia enrollment, $45,000, and of improved fire arms, Henry, Martini and Snider Rifles, $40,000. With reference to the last item, he explained that many of the arms now used by the volunteers were borrowed from the Imperial Government under promise of their being delivered up to the Imperial authorities when wanted. He had reason to expect that the Imperial Government would make a gift of these arms to us, which were worth about one million dollars. But with them we had not enough. No less than twenty-five corps in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia were waiting for arms. Two thousand rifles would be required to supply them.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said a promise was held out last session that there would be a diminution in the Militia expenses this year, of about half a million, whereas it was increased by nearly two hundred thousand dollars. He believed that the opinion of the country was that the expenditure was far too large, compared with the efficiency of the Militia force of the country. The opinion of those best qualified to judge, was that the Militia Schools had served their day, and might be dispensed with without injury to the Militia force.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he had never promised a diminution of a quarter of a million. On the contrary, he had stated that the number of days drill would be increased from thirteen to sixteen days. With reference to Military Schools, the withdrawal of the Imperial troops would necessitate some new arrangements. The Adjutant-General had submitted a plan to keep up these schools with far less expenditure than formerly, and if the troops were withdrawn, this arrangement would be carried out.

In answer to Mr. OLIVER,

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the drill by battalions would not be compulsory. The travelling expenses of the battalions from their respective districts to the place of drill would be paid.

On the item $80,000 for Military Schools,

Mr. MACKENZIE said if the Dominion Government were to take possession of some Imperial buildings, vacated by the withdrawal of troops, a saving ought to be expected. He thought some explanations should be given respecting the reforms hinted at by the Minister of Militia. He hoped these reforms would remedy the abuses connected with these schools.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it was proposed to limit the number of attendance at these Schools in proportion to the number of the volunteer-force in the District where a school was established, and also to limit the time of attendance. All cadets would only be admitted with a view to their becoming officers, either in the active or reserve Militia. One of the reasons why the Imperial troops were allowed to remain here was to assist our Military Schools, and the reason for putting the same sum on the estimates this year for Military Schools was that there might be no pretext on that score for the withdrawal of the troops.

Item passed.

On Item for Dominion Rifle Association,

Mr MACKENZIE said this expenditure was useless. Riflemen throughout the Dominion could not attend association matches, and money would be much better given to aid Local Rifle Associations which were very useful.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER agreed that Local Rifle Associations were very useful, but he contended that the meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association stimulated Local Associations to increased efforts, at the same time, he would say that a grant to the Dominion Association could not be considered as permanent and the grant would gradually be reduced. But it would only be fair to have one meeting in the Lower Provinces, as other meetings had been held in the Upper Provinces. After that he thought it would be well to discontinue the grant.

Item passed.

On item of $25,000 for Barrack accommodation,

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER explained that it included $7,500 for the Toronto Drill Shed.

Item passed.

On item for $15,000 for Gunboats,

Mr. MACKENZIE asked if this was for the creation of a navy for the Dominion. Where were these gunboats and the men to man them. He would like to know why this matter was not entrusted to the Minister of Marine. He had great confidence in the military capacity of the Minister of Militia, but he doubted his naval capacity.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER was surprised to find the member for Lambton doubting his (Sir George's) naval capacity, seeing that he was a lineal descendant of a brother of that great navigator, Jacques Cartier, and belonged to a family of navigators (laughter). One of the gunboats was the *Prince Alfred*, which was now protecting the member for Lambton's own town (Sarnia) from invasion by the Fenians.

Mr. MACKENZIE believed there was no need for such protection.

Item passed.

Also all the other items for Militia expenditure.

On the estimate of $69,990 for Salaries and Contingent Expenses of Cullers' Offices,

Mr. BOLTON asked for explanations, and said this being a local expenditure, he thought it was time the fees were raised so as to cover expenses.

Mr. MORRIS believed the fees would be raised so as to make the service self-supporting. Government would look into the whole matter during the year, and deal with it.—Item passed.

On the item of $8,321 for steamboat inspection,

Mr. MACKENZIE said there were three inspectors on the St. Lawrence River. This number was not needed, and was larger in proportion to the work to be done, than in any other part of the Dominion.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD promised explanations on concurrence.—Item passed; also the item for $6,000 for Indians.

On the item of $139,000 for miscellaneous,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON gave notice that on item under this head of $75,000 for unforeseen expenses, the expenditure thereof to be under an Order in Council, and a detailed account thereof to be laid before Parliament during the first fifteen days of next Session, he would move to add to the effect that the payments be confined to those connected with the service of the year, for which a vote was taken. He said the public accounts showed that old claims were frequently paid out of this fund.—Item passed; also the other items under this head.

The estimate for the collection of revenues, $508,831, was next taken up.

Mr. MACKENZIE instanced a number of places where the cost of collection of revenue ranged from 15 to 30, 50, 70, and in some places nine hundred per cent. of revenue collected at the respective revenue offices. He characterized these extravagant charges as most discreditable to the Government, and expressed his surprise that the Minister of Customs had not instituted a searching enquiry with a view to the reduction of expenses.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said he had instructed the Inspector to report to him what officers could be dispensed with at the respective ports, with a view to their removal to other places, as vacancies occurred. This had been done in several cases, and considerable reductions had been made in connection with certain ports.

Mr. BOLTON asked if the Customs House officer at Richmond Station, in New Brunswick, had been ordered by the Minister of Customs to live at that place. To his knowledge he lived eight miles from it.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY understood that officer drove to that place every day. The complaints against this officer were that he was too rigid.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL was of opinion that the officer ought not to be blamed for being stringent in the performance of his duties.

After some further discussion, the items under the head of Customs were passed.

Also those under the head of Inland Revenue.

Committee rose and reported progress.

In answer to Mr. DUFRENE.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had no official communication with the men sent from Red River as Delegates. As to their arrest, that was a matter belonging to the jurisdiction of the Ontario Government, and with which the Dominion Government had nothing to do.

The House adjourned at 1:40.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Burs & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April …

It is expected the Welland Canal will be open for navigation to-morrow.

A letter from the hon. Mr. McD… published in the *Telegraph* with respect to proceedings of Col. Dennis' surveying … on Red River, states that the Imperial … ities were communicated with, by the … and the consent of the Hudson Bay … obtained to the survey of two or … ships in the Territory.

The *Globe* says Col. Wolseley is to … command of the force at Red River … office of Lieut. Governor is to be … upon him. It blames the Government … refusing the request of Col. Wolseley … may be allowed the selection of officers … his command, they being unwilling to … chance of nepotism and axe-grinding.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April …

On Sunday last, Prince Arthur … an English sermon at the Church …

The muster last night of volunteers … very large and recruits …

A large number of … ceived from Ottawa yesterday …

The lecture on Red River … Harvard was poorly attended.

Flour market is improving.

SOREL, April …

The St. Lawrence is clear of … can be seen. The water has fallen … o'clock yesterday.

THREE RIVERS, April …

The river is free of ice this morning … lake is supposed to be clear. A strong … erly wind. The water is rising. A … passed up this morning.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April …

This morning the wharves and … of Lower Town were flooded with water … some parts deals, staves, boards and other material were floated away. At high tide … water was nearly *level with* Commissioners … wharf. Part *of the wharf was* floated … a portion lifted.

The voting for the City Fathers goes … morning, commencing at 9 o'clock.

At the close of the usual parade last … of the battalion a slight scrimmage took place between several French and English Volunteers. Nobody hurt. The … will not volunteer for Red River unless the battalion should keep … and refused to be drafted into separate … under strange officers.

The number of votes polled this morning to 11 a.m. for Alderman … Ward was 15.

Mr. Burns is ahead as Councillor.

The bark "Christine," Jacobsen, … from London, for Quebec, has arrived.

Two more ships will be here this … ing.

The voting for Aldermen, &c., is quiet …

There are rumours of the … Belleau being taken this afternoon.

RIVIERE DU LOUP, April …

Weather cloudy, and a cool N. E. … night and this morning.

KAMOURASKA, April …

A large ship passed up at 2 p.m.

A steamer was expected to leave … treal on Wednesday.

FATHER POINT, April …

A ship passed here, about eight miles … had a dark flag at her foremast, and a … one, with a bearer, from her mizzen.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Vessels which have arrived … and to other ports of England, … success of the whale and seal fisheries … season.

The weather is warm and delightful.

Mr. Laird has contracted to build … steamers for the Hamburg and New … line.

The *Pioneer* of the new line of … between Australia and California, … Sidney, New South Wales, on March … San Francisco.

The Produce Market *Review* praises … Government for reducing the duties on … and sails. Its action gives universal … tion.

The press mentions the fact that … paper, reported to be as … made of rags, is now in process of … ture at Smokey Mills.

It is said the steamer *City of Boston* will be posted at Lloyds in the … weeks, until she is so posted insurance … not payable. The Captain of the … *Heath Abbey* reports that he saw the … of a wrecked steamer on the Scottish … near Troon.

The New Market Craven meeting … ed to-day. Craven stakes of 15 … each, with 100 added. Second … ceive 50 sovereigns, won by Sir Joseph … ley's B R H, *Rosicrucian* by … Madam *Eglantine*, 5 years old, carrying … pounds.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The Senate commenced … on the Plebiscite to-day.

A despatch from Montevideo … attack from the excited *Blanc* … threatened, and extreme preparations … fence were made.

The Emperor attended the … Champ to-day.

It is stated that on Monday next … public meetings will commence, … Plebiscitum will be discussed, … instructed in the constitutional … posed.

The Emperor will send … circular explaining the Plebiscitum … different Departments to-day.

Later advices from Ascuncion … a Provincial Government had been … for Paraguay, under the patronage …

SPAIN.

MADRID.—The Government … the publication of the official … Cuba, reporting that the … ed to pass the lines of … were defeated with the loss … that many are surrendering … ceive the leniency of the Government.

The *Imperial* says it is … question of a monarchy will be … before the Cortes, before the … organic laws, fixed to take place … day.

The ill-feeling between the regular … and volunteers has subsided.

HOLLAND.

BRUSSELS.—The boiler of a large … tory, near Brussels, exploded … men and women were either killed … or frightfully scalded. The … after the explosion, and the factory … ed to the ground. A large … atives have been thrown out of employment in consequence.

The North German Lloyds … having on board the remains of the late … son Burlingame, was expected … morrow.

PORTLAND, Maine, 18th.—The … *Moravian*, from Liverpool, arrived … She was delayed off the harbour … fog.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA. Arrival and Departure of Mails, during Session of Parliament.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Mails.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00 12 Noon	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
7.00 12 Noon		St. John, N. B., daily		11.30	5.30
	9.30	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30	5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			
8.00		Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			
7.30	6.00	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc. Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		5.00
7.00 12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.00
7.00		Osgoode, Russell, and Metcalfe, & Ottawa Railway		11.30	5.30
6.00		Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

Note.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Leave .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

ARRIVAL.—The Hon. J. H. Cameron arrived in this city yesterday. The Reiffenstein larceny case comes up to-day.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

THE RISING WATER.—The waters of the Ottawa and its tributaries are very rapidly rising. This indicates an easy drive for our lumbermen.

THE PUBLIC SENTIMENT.—The medical fraternity of Toronto have invited Dr. Shultz to an entertainment in that city at some early day. He left last night for Montreal.

BITTER AT LAST.—The case of Maingy vs the city corporation should teach the latter a lesson. They have been negligent in their civic paternal duties, and the general opinion is, that the jury "served them right" in their verdict.

THE RED RIVER DELEGATES.—The hearing and decision on the return of the writ of *habeas corpus* in the matter of Ritchot and Scott, will be entertained and given to-day in all probability, as the arrival of the Hon. J. H. Cameron, the Counsel for the defence, has been expected by every train.

MARSHALL'S TROUPE.—This excellent troupe was well patronized, last night, notwithstanding the bad weather. Mr. Lindley as "Biles" in the play of "Miriam's Crime" was *unique*. He never over does low comedy, a virtue not often found among the comic performers of to-day.

MACKAY'S BAY.—This almost necessary entrance to the City has been closed against the inhabitants of Hull, Templeton, Buckingham and the lower townships and parishes. This is to be regretted inasmuch as the Bay affords a better hill, and an easier passage to our market, that any other avenue of entrance.

THE ASSIZES.—Maingy *vs.* the Corporation of the City of Ottawa—Action to recover damages sustained by Defendant falling into a "man-trap," otherwise a break in the sidewalk. Verdict for Plaintiff—damages $300. W. H. Kerr, Attorney, James O'Reilly, counsel for Plaintiff; J. B. Lewis and A. N. Richards for Defendant.

Stevens *vs.* Pennock *et al.*—Action to recover damages on account of the sale of the Plaintiff's piano—under landlord's warrant. Verdict for plaintiff. A. J. Christie and W. Kennedy, Attorneys, counsel for Plaintiff; W. H. Walker, Attorney, J. B. Lewis, counsel for Defendant.

Hackett *vs.* Duffill—Action to recover damages alleged to have been done by the Defendant to the daughter of the Plaintiff. Record withdrawn. Albert Parsons, for Plaintiff; Alexander Gibb for Defendant.

The Queen *vs.* Jeremiah Leitrim—Assault on Mary Gravelle, with intent to do serious bodily harm. The Crown was represented by Mr. Richards, Q.C. The prisoner made no defence. The case must be fresh in the memory of the public, as having occurred about a month ago in the city. The prisoner struck Mrs. Gravelle, who was supposed to have kept a house of ill-fame, and was sent up from the Police Court. The Jury brought a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, at hard labour.

MARAVILLA COCOA —*For Breakfast* —The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' original Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244d

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FIFTH NIGHT OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

Third appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20th,

Will be presented Buckstone's ever attractive Adelphi drama of

FLOWERS OF THE FOREST.

To conclude with Lindley's speciality,

THE WEAVERS.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER..........MR J MARSHALL.

April 20, 1870 1331 6

AMERICAN SILVER COIN.

On and after the twenty-fifth Day of April instant, the rate at which AMERICAN SILVER COIN will be received by the Banks for exportation on Government account, will be five and one half per cent. discount. Until that time the rate will continue at five per cent. discount.

W WEIR.

Montreal, April 18, 1870. 1337 1 17 1

POCKET BOOK LOST.

Lost on Tuesday evening, in Centre Town, a POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of money and other papers. Any person leaving the same at the Times Office will be liberally rewarded.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870 1337 1

LOST LETTERS.

Lost a few days ago by a gentleman residing at the Russell House, several LETTERS, which would be thankfully received from the finder by Mr. GOUIN, Russell House. 1337 2

Dry Goods.

WEST END DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Areophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Naphins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Colored

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Auction Sales.

By Amos Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE OF PIANOFORTES NEW AND SECOND HAND.

On FRIDAY, April 22nd, 1870, the subscriber will sell at his Sale Rooms, Rideau street, East End Sapper's Bridge, three splendid seven-Octave Rosewood Pianofortes, being full round corners, carved legs and pedal and very superior finish. Time will be given on two of the instruments, by making a small payment down at time of sale. The instruments will be on view two days previous to the sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE of about 500 yards TAPESTRY CARPETING, HALL MATTING, WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, CHILDS' PERAMBULATOR, &c.

Mr. ROWE will sell at his Sale Rooms, immediately after Piano Sale, on FRIDAY, the 22nd inst., a large quantity of Tapestry Carpet of last falls importation, quite new and beautiful patterns, a quantity of Hall Matting, a Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, in excellent order, cost $60, two Raymond's Sewing Machines, a Child's Carriage, an excellent Peabody Ride, and a quantity of Glassware, in Tumblers and Goblets, English crystal.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

Terms, cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1335td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE Of a neat collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottoman, Whatnot, &c., Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets, Lamps, Crockery, Glassware, Cooking and other Stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst. at 10 o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1335td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET, and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHERS,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c. &c., will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer,

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

ST. GEORGE's SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY, 1870.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND OTHERS.

The following arrangements have been made for the celebration of

ST. GEORGE'S DAY,

SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd INSTANT:

Members will meet at Salmon's Hotel, York Street, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Procession to Christ's Church, headed by Gowan's Band.

Divine Service at 11 o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. H. Pollard, M. A., Chaplain to the Society.

Cold Collation at Salmon's Hotel, at 2 p. m. Tickets, 75 cents each, to be had at the Bar.

GRAND CONCERT in the evening, at Her Majesty's Theatre, half the proceeds of which to be given to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p m.

Tickets—single, 50 cents; double (to admit a lady and gentleman), 75 cents; gallery, 25 cents each, to be had at the usual places, or of the Committee or Stewards.

Badges, and a few choice roses can be obtained at E Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House Block, Centre Town.

For further particulars see posters.

By order, W MILLS, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Ottawa, April 19, 1869. 1336td

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY ARE NOW SHEWING AN *EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT* OF NEW DRY GOODS SUITABLE FOR THE CITY TRADE, No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, March 18, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1368tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.*

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 28, 1870. 1294 tf

UNDER the patronage of LADY YOUNG, Who has kindly consented to be present, AN AMATEUR CONCERT, In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the *RINK MUSIC HALL,* ON SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT, MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL, COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER, MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles, CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1336td

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. BALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 40

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser. The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 6 A D, 1870. 1335 6

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

DWELLING TO BE LET.

The commodious BRICK DWELLING on Metcalfe street, four doors from Maria, at present occupied by Major Moore, and containing ten apartments, excellent outbuildings, and pump in kitchen, will be rented from 1st May next.

Rent moderate.

Apply to HUNTER, ROSE & CO. Printers.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1335 3

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR. SADDLER, Protestant Hospital.

1335 3

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £15 a year. Apply to the proprietor, DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1331tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000), U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon Col John H Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines.
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

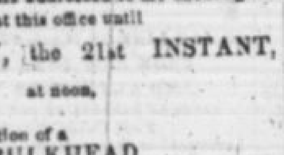
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.6 y



NOTICE.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, the 21st INSTANT,

at noon,

For the construction of a

BULKHEAD,

At Manotic, Long Island, Rideau Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of MR J D SLATER, the Superintendent of the Rideau Canal, Ottawa, on and after Saturday, the 16th instant.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bulkhead at Manotic."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 14th April, 1870. 1333 4

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from JOHN WILSON, Esq., Solicitor, (late Master in Chancery) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, 268 South side of Rideau Street, near Gloucester Street, (Sandy Hill), on MONDAY, the 25th April instant, at 11 o'clock a m, all his Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room, Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Office Furniture; and also a Law and a Private Library, and a good Piano.

Sale positive—Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1337td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a. m., that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmoral and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

WM HALPENNY.

15 6m

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders.

1327 3m

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

This Season's Patterns,

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 18th,

NEW ENTERPRISE:

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1329y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $1 60 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at 'The Carleton,' good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, April 20, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M. D.,
Gagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES. —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

CANADA,

No. 64.

DOWNING STREET, 12th March, 1870.

SIR,—

With reference to your despatch No. 152 of the 15th December last, I have the honour to inform you that the Gold Medal, intended for the Queen, which was struck in commemoration of the Union of the British North American Provinces now forming the Dominion of Canada has been duly presented to Her Majesty.

In obedience to Her Majesty's command, I have to instruct you to inform your Ministers that the Queen greatly admires this work of art, and the skill with which it and its accessories have been executed, and has been graciously pleased to express the gratification, she has experienced in accepting this memorial of an event in which Her Majesty has taken a deep interest, and which she hopes will be of great and permanent advantage to Her Possessions in North America.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GRANVILLE.

Governor the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Bart., G. C. B., G. C. M. G., &c. &c., &c. 1323 2

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 17, 1870. 1309 td

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 1aw6m 1awk6m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 22nd day of March, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given an conferred by the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 8, intituled, "An Act respecting Inland Revenue."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that in addition to the Ports mentioned in the 19th Section of the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1868, as the Ports from which goods subject to Duties of Excise shall be exported in Bond, the Port of North Sydney, Cape Breton, and the Port of London, Ontario, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Ports for the above mentioned purposes.

WM H LEE,
1318 3 Clerk Privy Council.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs, Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties seeking information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Rogers, Dominion, Ottawa. Jan-141-3f

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

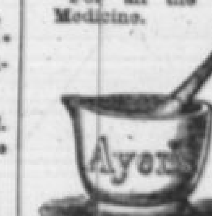
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for t... sale.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon road's pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pre-paid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.

OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 364tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 21-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

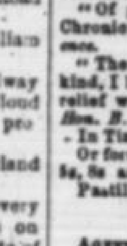
REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis



DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or KENRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

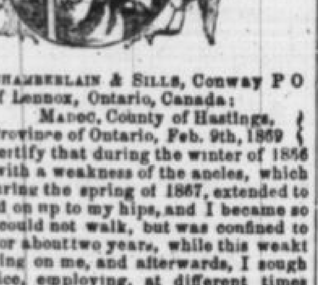
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope, less; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHEAPEST

STOVES IN TOWN.

LAMPS TINWARE AND JOBBING.

AT ESMONDE BROS!

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1121-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor.*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c.
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO,

And what everybody says must be true,

THAT

ESMONDE BROS.

IS THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE

TO

Have your Tinsmith's Work Done.

Give us one order for a trial, and you will never regret it.

ESMONDE BROS,
Sparks street.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks treet,
Ottawa.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair will be produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1879.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the spirit of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a ... Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High ... Old Rye and Proof of the best made in ...

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves ... your neighbours who have tried our ... Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, ... relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. ... three minutes. Neuralgia, ... face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ... and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at ... and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 36, ... Centre Town, Ottawa, ... Managing Director.

VOL V. NO. 1338.

The Times

OL V. NO. 1338. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

ISAAC,

DEALER IN

...d Heavy Hardware,

...STONE BUILDING,

...treet, Upper Town, Ottawa

... and Fancy ...

..., Steel, Iron, Rope,

...wine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

...ways on Hand.

...e 26, 1869. 1236.t

...

...IDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...NED HIS NEW ESTAB-LISHMENT

(opposite the Old Stand,)

... VERY LOW PRICES a large ... stock, comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...pices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...and Fine Salt. Also ...nes and ...ther Vinegars.

...K, P'CKLED SALMON, ...BR. HERRINGS,

...other articles necessary to con-...stock.

...Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...sh and cheap.

...ffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...Brandies; Hennault & Co, Hen-...other brands.

...GIN— ...Kuyper's and Houtman s, a wood

...ries o all grades, Ports of fine ...ndy, Souterne and Maderia Wines ... wood and bottle, improved by age. ..., OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

... ever, at extremely low rices.

...d Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and

...ish Whiskey.

...d Irish Poteen.

...d London Porter, pts and qts.

... other Ales.

...Syrups, all grades.

...ers' prices.

...STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...G AT TWENTY-FIVE ...CENT BELOW COST.

... or bar-sins. 1105

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...nder Chapter LXVII of the ...ated Statutes of Canada

...OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange ..., 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...Chairman; D C THOMSON, Trea-...; A THOMSON, T H DUNN.

..., Manager. 1141tf

...EPERS, GROCERS, PROVI...TORES AND OTHERS.

...notice of my intention to supply ...d or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...CHUP, &c. wholesale.

...of trade during the last four years ...ed to enlarge my manufactory I ...to make the wholesale trade my ...

...ew is undoubtedly the largest ...the question of quality is readily ...ing known the fact that I raise my ...d seed procured at any expense ...the best; they will therefore ...comparison with any imported, ...and important fact is that being ...manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...ght, packing, duty and other expen-...to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...

...vantages, I think, cannot fail to ...may favor me with their orders. ...ASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...ork street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...Office, Ottawa.

...ctory on the bank of the Rideau

...—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...prices given. 1 9?y

...EASTON & CO.,

...ISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

...rn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

...ced on goods consigned for trans-... Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

...UIGNAN'S,

...RKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...e gentlemen can be accommodated ...able board and rooms. Gentlemen ...Capital will find superior accommo-... day or week at moderate terms. ...house is situated in the immediate ... the Parliament Buildings and the ...anks. 219tf

Educational.

...NG AND DEPORTMENT.

...rt Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...Dancing Classes will commence on ...y, the 22nd instant.

...particulars may be obtained on appli-...rs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

...September 9th, 1869. 1146tf

...D TUNING.—The subscriber having ...ed to divide his time equally between ...d Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ...trons and others, that he hopes, in future, ...their orders for tuning more promptly ...fore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...ceived at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

...CAL ACADEMY.

...STAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe-...graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ...essons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ...ner of King-street.

...June 23, 18-8. 775y

... HAYES,

...PPER PLATE PRINTER,

...ork street, Centre Town,

...EEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

...NOCK FOX.

...GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

...es Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

...s the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...on the Ottawa. From his long experi-... the trade he offers his services in engaging ...attending to their rafts while passing ...the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

...ener, Esq., Walter Smith, Esq.

...Cooper, Esq., R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

...S, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

...he undersigned begs to inform the publi-... has always on hand, in season, a large ... of the above, which will be sold as cheap, ...cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 55 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

SCOTTISH

IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Head Office, 50 West George Street, Glasgow.

CANADA BRANCH,

Head Office, No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

The subscriber begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for the above company, for this town and surrounding district, and that he is now prepared to accept insurances against fire, upon almost every description of property, upon the most moderate terms.

Full particulars as to rates, &c, shall be furnished, on application, and all orders shall be punctually attended to.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker
and Insurance Agent.

Office—No 41½, Sparks street, Ottawa.
January 8, 1870. 1251 3m

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being more wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY's office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15dm

Alkakasary

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal every where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouse. For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1296t

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin street. 1328 3aw3 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 15 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to
D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c. would lead him again to solicit further sales in his line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c. &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city It has a real run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a ... assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 36, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG'S

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Boarding or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 14th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 35	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 30	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:30 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, December, 1869.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6 25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 8.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 6.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p.m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 400 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to CAPT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332f

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 135 P O. 1334f

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs S A ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 20. 1030-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death, by the form provided by this Act.

24. If any householder, head of a family clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LEIT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawl

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2

On lot 31, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4 5, 6.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9 10, 11, 12, 13 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer York street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, the 21st INSTANT, at noon,

For the construction of a

BULKHEAD,

At Manotic, Long Island, Rideau Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of MR J D SLATER, the Superintendent of the Rideau Canal, Ottawa, on and after Saturday, the 16th instant.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bulkhead at Manotic."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 14th April, 1870. 1333 4

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

JOSEPH LAROCQUE,

OF PLANTAGNET,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE, of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month

CHARLES BAILLIE,
Assignee.

Montreal, March 28th, 1870. 1325b

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294f

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

Legs.

ENGLISH LADIES EXHIBITING CASTS OF THEIR BEAUTIFUL LIMBS.

[Mrs. Anna Cora Mowat Ritchie to the San Francisco Chronicle.]

White, symmetrical feminine legs are said to be disappearing from American soil. They are so much in the ascendant in England that ladies of rank have invented a new method of making known their fair proportions. We read in the March number of the *Galaxy* in a work just published, two American medical men put forth the gross slander that "a handsome leg is a rarity—we had almost said an impossibility—among American women?" We do not believe the ungallant libel, though American ladies certainly are not in the habit of publishing their charms by having casts taken of their shapely legs as an ornament for drawing room tables to be sold for the benefit of the vender of casts, or to be circulated among friends as a delicate token of friendship and valuable work of art. What we are about to relate appears at the first blush so incredible that we hold ourself responsible for its exact truth.

Upon the drawing-room table of a lady of rank in London—a lady of high position and irreproachable character—may be seen, beneath a glass case, a lovely dimpled little foot, delicate ankle, rounded calf, up to the knee-joint; it is the cast of the leg of Lady ——, the hostess. In Soho Square there is a small shop, in which you can purchase, for ten shillings, a cast of one of the most exquisite of legs, the original—in the flesh—belongs to Lady —— de G—— and R——, who went to this little shop, incog., and had her perfect leg moulded, and afterward generously gave the shopman the privilege of selling copies of the cast, which he does daily, for it was quickly discovered to whom the beauteous leg belonged.

One lady, the wife of a Mayor of a town in the Provinces, came to London and had two casts taken of her leg; one nude, and one with the neat little shoe, stocking and garter. Strange to say (though no artist will credit it strange), the leg with the stocking and garter produced an effect much further removed from modesty, than the leg quite unclad. Brucciani, the cast vender in Convent Garden, drives a brisk business in casting ladies legs, and has any quantity of models of all descriptions taken from life, and chiefly from noble life, for sale. How this leg mania originated we have never heard, but there is certes explanation for this sudden passion among the aristocratic fair to have their legs recognized, perhaps it is only because "a thing of beauty is a joy for ever."

A Speck of War.

The following is from the New York *Journal of Commerce*:—

While we have now on hand Indian wars of more or less consequence and cost, all the way from Montana to Arizona, and while the House of Representatives, under the guidance of its Committee on Territories, has sent us well on our way towards a crusade against the Paynims of Utah, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, not to be outdone, has arranged for us a war with Venezuela. Venezuela owes us some $13,000,000 in compensation for wrongs suffered by American citizens within her jurisdiction; and when at the close of last year our representative at Caracas—without awaiting, it seems, for instructions from Washington joined with the ministers of other nations to which Venezuela is similarly indebted, in refusing a forbearance of three or four months asked for by President Monagas, the return is were informed that the Venezuelan government would be obliged to take the indulgence without their consent. Mr. Patridge, our Minister, subsequently reported to Washington that "Venezuela is in the same condition of anarchy and bankruptcy in which Mexico was in 1861." Mr. Partridge may have intended this to justification of the peremptory conduct in which he participated; but to us it looks more like a justification of Monagas. For it means—to put the least possible emphasis upon the words—that all the money and all the soldiers that the Venezuelan Government can raise are barely sufficient to enable it to maintain its if against its enemies How the resources of Venezuela would be increased by our knocking her cities into stone heaps, devastating her fields and slaughtering her people, we are at a loss to see; and yet that method seems to have been in the mind of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs when they composed the resolution authorizing the President to make peremptory demand for the money due, and in case payment is not made, to employ the army and navy to make collection. The experience of the French in Mexico, should warn us that, in a pecuniary point of view, it would be far cheaper to pay the $13,000,000 to the claimants out of our own resources, and save ourselves the cost of prosecuting the bankrupt and distracted debtor.

From the Toronto Leader.

The case against Rev Horace Cooke, who loved the young female members of his flock with more ardour than the wife of his bosom, has been decided in the New York East Methodist Conference in a manner very satisfactory to Mr Cooke, but intensely disgusting to Mrs. Cooke and the members of her faithless husband's congregation. The "whitewashing" process which is found particularly useful in cases of this kind, has been applied with success. One of the members of the conference was in favour of allowing Mr. Cooke to return to his duties "without confession or contrition." "I am afraid," added Brother Scudder, "it may be very dangerous, brethren." "But," interposed Brother Mallory, "it makes a tremendous breeze in the church to kick a man out." Brother Mallory was right. It is a breeze that is apt to give sails to parties who think that a minister of the gospel should be a pure minded man of spotless character. Several other brethren said their says and it was decided that Mr. Cooke should be allowed to withdraw with a label of "criminal unfitness" stuck upon his back. He need not be long out of employment. Utah offers a fine field for a man of his abilities. What verdict Mrs. Cooke arrived at is not known, but on the night of Mr. Cooke's return a clerical-looking man with a soiled white cravat had his head bruised with a leg of a sofa.

The Irish Force Bill.

The Irish Coercion Bill, which has lately passed through Parliament, is rousing the patriotic wrath of several Irish penny-a-liners to a white heat. Upon Mr. Gladstone's speech on the introduction of this Bill the Dublin *Nation* naugeth this note:—

"We claim no right to publish 'treason, felony' unchallenged; we claim no right to imitate *La Lanterne* or the *Marseillaise*, which we pray Heaven may never find imitation in the Irish press; we claim no right to quote—we would not sully the pages of the *Nation* with—the debased Socialism of English 'gutter-literature,' or the treasonable scandal stories of discontented London shopkeeperdom, hateful and cowardly as they are. But we do claim, and at all peril we will assert, our right to stand by the national cause of Ireland; to proclaim the national hatred of foreign rule, the national resolution to recover the freedom which Charlemont and Grattan won, and which O'Connell and O'Brien laboured to regain. No article in the *Nation's* creed shall be hidden or abandoned in a moment like the present. The flag we fly when the skies are clear, we shall not haul down when clouds are low ring. We will not turn to the right or to the left to avoid a menacing foe; but will fight the Irish struggle out upon this line, let come what may."

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING
AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Northern Transportation Company—J T Corcoran
Hosiery and Gloves—Cunningham & Lindsay
Caution—Robert Shead
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—J Bermingham

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236 | **MAGEE & RUSSELL.**

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1870.

For interesting reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

THE EXPEDITION.

It is hard to unite in any common measure all the several little sects and parties, into which a nation is crumbled; their interfering interests, passions, and prejudices will, in spite of everything, obstruct the best laid designs. What it gains in one place, it will lose in another. These are the words of Bishop Atterbury, and they never were more fully exemplified than in Canada at the present moment. Certainly it should be the interest of all classes in this Dominion to rectify matters at Red River. There should be the utmost unanimity, while, in reality, there is nothing but discord. A matter, which should be discussed irrespective of party feeling, is prejudiced more by interfering interests and passions, than any other matter, which for many years, has occupied public attention in Canada. There is a constant bickering between men of different politics, as to the means to be employed to effect a common purpose—as to the nature and composition of the force to be employed and as to the officers who are to command it. One organ of a party, while approving of the supposed appointment of an officer of rank and standing to the command of the intended expedition to Red River, finds fault because that officer may not be permitted to select the other officers of his army, and this novel objection is backed up with the assertion that the privilege is denied on account of nepotism and axe grinding. The reproach is so absurd and so contrary to probability as almost to provoke a smile. It simply means that such officers as are already in command of companies, which may be formed into battalions to form a portion of the Expeditionary army to Red River will not be displaced to even afford the chance of that favoritism or nepotism, or axe grinding of which the *Globe* would unhesitatingly complain. It must be clear that if the privilege of selecting subordinate officers were confided to the general in command that he would have a most difficult task to perform, and would be pestered with applications from the friends of the Government on behalf of persons, who might or who might not be fitted for even subordinate positions. Beyond ordinary intelligence, the most that is required of a subordinate officer is prompt and unhesitating obedience—an unreasoning compliance with every command. The sole direction of affairs must rest with the Commander-in-Chief of the expedition. Him the Government must only assist and will best assist by acquiescence in his wishes. Should it be found that any officer is wanting in his duty, with the general, must be the full and unrestricted power of dismissal, with or without the concurrence of a court martial. With officers, quite unknown to him personally, a general is likely to be less delicate than with persons of his own choice. Discipline is the first point to be aimed at. That will surely be attained by one accustomed to command. The troops will be bound to obey. It is the chief element of success. There must be no independent action on the part of subordinate officers. Right or wrong they must comply with whatever orders may be given. The expedition, under an experienced officer, will necessarily become a disciplined army in an inconceivably short space of time. The bickerings will be at home. All the fault-finding will be done at Toronto, Kingston, Montreal and Quebec, or Hamilton, or London. The army being reduced to perfect obedience, will have only one mind—that of its chief. In the army there will be neither interfering interests, passions, or prejudices. Politicians may be permitted to disagree, but disagreement in an army, however composed, would be disaster, and that, the tact, knowledge, and firmness of a good commander will altogether prevent.

HE IS COMING.

Mr. Arthur Rankin, an ex-member of the Canadian Parliament, an ex-Lieutenant Colonel of Lancers, (enlisted at Detroit for the purpose of serving with the United States army during "the great Rebellion,") and who is not unacquainted with the customs and manners of the aboriginal inhabitants of this country, having carried with him to England a portion of the Ojibbeway tribe of Indians for the inspection of the curious there, and who is, in every respect a gentleman deserving of consideration here, has addressed the following letter to the *Telegraph*, in which he complains of misrepresentation by us in the matter of a visit made without solicitation, to Scott's murderer at Red River. Mr Rankin must of course be aware that the TIMES could not have invented the account of Mr. Rankin's proceedings which it published. These were published as reported to us, on what we considered sufficient authority, and although in the matter of asking "a pass from Mr. Riel," there may have been a mistake, Mr. Rankin himself admits that he was in communication with "Mr. Riel," came away at Mr. Riel's request, and at the request of "Mr. Riel" wrote for him a series of resolutions, and an address to the Crown for adoption by his "Council or Legislature." Now, Mr. Rankin has either said too much or too little. He has said enough to show that he had, as represented, taken part in the scheme of resistance to Canada and was in active communication with Riel, and he has not said enough to show that he went to Red River on perfectly legitimate business. The concluding portion of his letter is simply a proof that time has not had the effect upon Mr. Rankin of lessening a self-esteem, which being indulged in to excess smacks of the ridiculous.

To what "other influences" does Mr. Rankin allude as baffling his schemes?

Mr. Arthur Rankin Explains.

Editor DAILY TELEGRAPH:

SIR,—The Ottawa Times of the 12th instant contains an article, headed, "Arrival of the Red River Delegates," in which I am represented as having written a letter to "President Riel," asking to be "permitted to act as Commissioner of the insurgents, offering to gain for them admission to the Confederacy on the best possible terms," and also that "I was certain of bringing negotiations with the Dominion Government to a satisfactory issue; but should I fail in doing so, I would then proceed to Washington, and make such representations there as would lead to the North West being admitted into the number of the States of the Union on the most favorable terms, &c."

The Ottawa *Times*, though a Government organ, does not circulate so widely, as The *Daily Telegraph*, and I am desirous that my contradiction of its ill-natured and silly statements should come under the notice of a larger number of readers than are in the habit of resorting to the columns of the *Times* for information. I pray you to be good enough to publish this communication, and in order that I may be brief, I have only to say for the present, that the whole story is a pure fabrication. I never asked for, nor obtained, a pass from Mr. Riel, either to enter or to leave the country, though, 'tis true, I came away at his request, conveyed to me through his Adjutant. I never called or held a public meeting while in the country. I never wrote a letter to Mr. Riel upon any subject whatever; though, at his request, I wrote for him a series of resolutions, and an address to the Crown, founded upon these resolutions, both of which he was anxious should have been adopted by his Council or Legislature. But other influences intervened, and he, Mr. Riel, was prevented from carrying out the programme I had prepared for him. Fortunately, I have retained copies of both resolutions and addresses, which I may feel it to be right to publish by and by, though I abstain from doing so just now, because it so happens that I am possessed of information which in the interest of the country at large, but more especially of Ontario, I intend first communicating to the Government. My desire being not to embarrass but to aid them in steering through the breakers by which the Red River question is surrounded. It is in my power to point out a line of action by which the effusion of blood can be averted, retributive justice be meted out to the guilty, adequate protection extended to the loyal and deserving, and constitutional authority firmly established throughout that unhappy country. I am the bearer of the petition to Parliament, signed by a number of English speaking inhabitants of the settlement, and it is my intention to proceed to Ottawa immediately after Easter, in order to have that petition presented. Meanwhile, I am,

Dear Sir,
Yours very truly,
ARTHUR RANKIN.
Thornfield, April 14, 1870.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Our reports of yesterday's proceedings will be inserted in to-morrow's impression.

MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE.

The Church of St. Albans, Ottawa, was yesterday morning crowded to excess by spectators who had collected to see the marriage of Miss Jessie Madeline Macdougall, eldest daughter of the Honourable William Macdougall, C.B., M.P., to Mr. Alfred Seymour, son of the Right Honourable Sir Hamilton Seymour, G.C.B. Mr. Seymour was not long since quartered for some time in this city with his regiment, the 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade; but more recently was on the staff of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland as A.D.C. to His Excellency.

The bride was dressed in white satin and tulle trimmings with orange blossoms; the bridesmaids, Miss Kate Irvine, daughter of Lt.-Col Irvine, A. D. C., and Miss Bertha Macdougall, being simply and prettily attired in white tarlatan dresses with mauve ribbons and wreathes of the same colour looping up their veils. The groomsman was Mr. Russell Stephenson. The beauty of the bouquets of the bride and bridesmaids and some others of the party was remarkable, the same having been very kindly sent by the Hon. D. L. Macpherson, from his conservatories at Toronto, for the occasion. The ceremony, was performed by the Rev T. Bedford-Jones, LL.D., and, in consequence of the recent severe illness of the Hon Mr. Macdougall, the bride's father, which rendered his presence a matter of impossibility, the bride was given away by Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B.

Amongst the guests present were His Excellency the Governor General and Lady Young, Sir George E. Cartier, Sir Clinton Murdoch, the Honourable Messrs. Langevin, C.B., Tilley, C.B., Reesor and Ryan; Colonel and Mrs. Coffin, Mr. and Mrs Sandford Fleming, Reverend Dr. and Mrs. Jones, Mr. and Madame Langlois, Miss Durham and Miss Reynolds, Colonel McNeill, V.C., Col. Bernard, Mr. Turville, Colonel and Mrs. Irvine, Colonel Feilden, Major Robertson, Mr. Coulson, and Mr. Davis, 69th Rifles, &c., &c., &c.

Subsequently to the ceremony, Lady Macdonald received the guests at breakfast at noon at her residence, the Speakers of the Senate and Commons, the Premiers of Ontario and Quebec, and some others who had been invited, were unavoidably absent.

The Governor-General proposed the health of the bride and bridegroom, with the warmest wishes for their happiness.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Seymour left by the one o'clock train for a wedding tour in the States.

The estimation in which Mrs. Seymour was held by her friends, was amply evidenced by the numerous presents sent to her.

We are requested to state that Lady Young will hold a reception at Rideau Hall, on Saturday, April 23rd, at four o'clock.

We perceive by our telegraphic report that the Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, Sir Stafford Northcote Lady Northcote and family arrived on Monday last from England, and are staying at the St. Lawrence Hall Montreal.

The Canada Scotchman, a well printed and useful weekly journal, is we perceive under the editorial management of Mr. Finlay, formerly of the Edinburgh press, and for several years proprietor and editor of the *Scottish American Journal*. We sincerely hope, and firmly believe that under Mr. Finlay's management, *The Canada Scotchman*, will take root in the Dominion and be a success pecuniarily and otherwise.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Through the columns of your valuable paper, I would wish to intimate to the inhabitants of this county that the young men of Richmond and vicinity have not failed in coming forward and enrolling themselves as Volunteers, now that their services may be required.

The Company through some improper management became disorganized, and consequently did not perform their annual drill last year, but through the military spirit and persevering energies of Mr. Thos. Good, M.S., I am happy to say it is now organized with the gentlemen named as Capt. John Hill, Lieut. and G. McCaffrey, Ensign, and performed their annual drill last week in our Village Drill Shed.

The Company presented a very fine appearance, numbering some 40 men, and with the fact of their being nearly all "raw recruits," the proficiency in drill to which they attained in such a short time, not only agreeably surprised their Captain, but all those capable of judging.

Those living at a distance were billeted with Mrs Jorney, who (notwithstanding the small compensation she received) spared no trouble or expense to make them comfortable, of which the men showed their just appreciation, by giving her a unanimous vote of *thanks*.

The conduct of the men during the week being exemplary, conveyed a very favourable impression to the minds of our good villagers.

Hoping I have not intruded on your valuable space,

I am, yours,
D. McELROY.
Richmond, 19th April, 1870.

Col. Dennis and his Surveying Party.

The editor of the *Globe* having refused to publish the following letter from the Hon William Macdougall, we give it a place in our columns in justice to the persons whom the *Globe* so strangely censures:—

To the editor of the Globe.

SIR:—In your issue of the 4th inst., you make the following statement:—

Canada bought the Territory from the Hudson Bay Company, and instead of sending men of character and common sense to explain the situation to the settlers, she sends a batch of half-fledged Barnacles, in the shape of a surveying party, who manage to make the ignorant half-breeds believe that they are about to be deprived of their lands.

I have no desire to engage in a newspaper controversy upon any question arising out of recent events in the North West. "I prefer to state my case, and express my views in another way and place. But I cannot remain silent and see leading public journals, like the *Globe*, repeat statements, day after day, to the prejudice of brave and loyal men—who periled their lives in the cause of their country—which are wholly unfounded, and rest upon authority but that of the rebels and their apologists.

I made careful enquiry while in the North West, and since my return, as to the conduct of the Government surveying party, and I could not hear of a single act or circumstance to justify the charge that they had misbehaved themselves or given any cause of offence to the settlers of Red River. It may have been a mistake to have sent surveyors at all, until the new Government was well established; but Colonel Dennis and his assistants are not responsible for that. The Government was urged on all sides—and especially by the *Globe*—to lose no time in preparing the country for settlement. It was urged that a season would be lost unless the Government acted promptly. At my suggestion, Lord Granville was telegraphed to obtain the consent of the Hudson Bay Company, to the proposed survey of a few townships before the actual transfer could be completed. This consent was promptly given, and Col. Dennis, whose appointment the *Globe* pronounced an excellent one, was sent with *two* assistants selected by himself to begin the work.

The other persons employed by Colonel Dennis were in no way representatives of Canada or its Government. They were mostly young men who had emigrated to the North West in the expectation that its transfer to Canada would give them a chance of employment, or the opportunity to better their fortunes. Natives and residents of the country were also employed whenever their services could be made available. It so happened that nearly all the Canadians employed by the Colonel were cadets of our Military Schools, and when called upon, volunteered with alacrity, to defend the Canadian flag and the authority of the Crown. How you can denounce such men as lacking "character and common sense," and as "a batch of half-fledged Barnacles" without a single proof of misconduct on their part, I am at a loss to understand. I hope you will take the trouble to enquire of Colonel Dennis and the Canadians who have recently returned from the North West, and if you find, as I am confident you will, that the story of the ill-treatment of the half-breed settlers by the surveyors was trumped up by the rebels and their sympathisers to justify their predetermined resistance to Canadian authority, you will promptly acknowledge the injustice of your remarks upon the character and conduct of the "surveying party."

I am, &c.,
WM. MACDOUGALL.
Ottawa, April 6th, 1870.

The Red River Boats.

Yesterday, says the Kingston *Daily News* of Saturday, one of the boats intended to convey troops to Red River, was put into the water at McConnell's boat yard, in the presence of Mr. Watt, the government agent, and quite a number of ladies and gentlemen. Soon rowlocks and oars were procured, and the whole party to the number of eighteen, started on a trial trip to inspect the boats lying in O'Gorman's yard. It is needless to say that the Union Jack was the colours shown upon this occasion. The eighteen passengers made very little impression upon her draft of water, causing her to sink little more than four inches. This one is thirty feet keel, about six feet beam, and is very deep. Its estimated weight is eight hundred pounds, and is expected to carry from three to four tons of provisions, &c., and eighteen men. Upon trial she will probably be found competent to carry a much larger load. All the boats are not of this size, some of them being but 25 feet keel. They are painted black outside with a red stripe and lead colour inside.—Those finished are to be removed to the skating rink for protection from the sun, &c., to-day, this building having been leased for the purpose. They are strong substantial crafts, and will no doubt answer the intended purpose admirably, if the various portages over which they will have to pass are not of such a character as to render their weight objectionable. Of this the authorities are no doubt well advised.

From the New York World.

The statistics of divorce in Ohio will startle the devout Positivist or the differently devout Roman Catholic, or any other thinker who holds to the sacredness and inviolability of the marriage tie. We find the following statistics in an exchange, borrowed from a Cincinnati journal. The divorces for the last five years are classified as follows:

	1865.	1866.	1867	1868.	1869
Adultery......	254	389	317	333	340
Absence & neg't	230	394	417	365	460
Cruelty......	199	134	132	1.4	156
Drunkenness...	48	79	73	66	84
Fraud......	18	30	10	9	13
Miscellaneous..	183	133	26	60	41
Total.........	937	1,159	975	847	1,093

But this exhibit, when further explained, is even more startling. In 1866, the divorces bore the relation to the marriages of 1 to 26; in 1867, of 1 to 39; in 1869, of 1 24. The average annual number of marriages is 1 to 100 of population; the average number of divorces to population is 1 to 2,300; the average of divorce to marriage is 1 to 28. At this rate, in ten years Ohio, allowing for the increase in population, will have 300,000 marriages and 10,000 divorces. That this rate is not exaggerated may be inferred from the fact that for all causes the divorces during the years 1865-69 have been 4,900. It is now almost a farce to speak in Ohio of the "marriage tie?"

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 20.

A Fancy ball was given last evening at the Music Hall in aid of the Protestant Orphans' Home. About three hundred were present, and it was a brilliant affair.

Mr. A. Boddie lectured last evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, subject: "Malta."

The annual dinner of the "York Pioneers" took place last night in the St. Lawrence Hall, Colonel R. Denison presiding. Dr. Grasse read a paper descriptive of the early settlement of Toronto, and speeches were made by Alderman Hallam, Colonel G. J. Denison, Dr. McCaul, Dr. Ryerson, Rev. Dr. Scadding, Ephraim P. Roden of the *Leader* and others.

Lord Cecil preached again this evening.

The weather continues wet.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 20.

The Deputy General commanding inspected the several battalions of Active Militia now in Montreal, on the Champ de Mars, at 3 p.m. to-day.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Lady Northcote and family, arrived on Monday last from England and are staying at the St. Lawrence Hall.

No American mails reached Montreal today.

The Montreal office has received a telegram from the mail clerk at St. Armand's, as follows:—No train leaves here this morning for town, as the bridge has broken down at St. John's.

To-morrow evening Father Langcake delivers a Lecture on Papal Infallibility in the Mechanics' Hall.

A provisional battalion consisting of four companies, including the St. Jean Baptiste Village Corps, under command of Capt. Simpson, will be despatched this evening for service on the frontier. The headquarters of the Battalion will be Lacolle, and this force will have the frontier in the vicinity of Rouse's Point specially to look after.

This afternoon the first steamboat, *Laprairie*, arrived at the wharf from below.

THREE RIVERS, April 20.

The river is clear of ice.

A steamer expected from Sorel this morning.

The steamer *Three Rivers* arrived here at 12:45 to-day. Captain Duval reports considerable ice between Sorel and the Islands. The lake is clear, she resumes her regular trips leaving for Montreal to day.

Weather cloudy and cold, strong wind from the north east.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 20.

An inquest was held on the body of one Simeon Romain, the well known chief of Indian Lorette, who was found dead on his bed, from disease of the heart. A pilot named John Simpson, aged 56, was also found dead in his bed, at Levis, verdict of Coroner's jury, "congestion of the lungs."

The Papal Zouaves who recently returned from Rome want Government to send them to the frontier, to oppose the anticipated Fenian invasion.

The principal contests of the municipal elections are in Champlain, St. Peter's, and St. Roch's Wards.

Councillor Convey is ahead in St. Peter's Ward, and his votes now number 117.

The two brothers Cardinals were again committed for trial, on a charge of murder at Lorette, of an old man, a year ago. The charge against them has been already frequently alluded to, in previous telegraphic reports.

The case of the notorious Bis Belleau is now being investigated in the police court He is charged with breaking gaol and with the recent robbery of a pair of boots. Identity is denied, and the defence as yet is that he is one Timothy White. J. H. Willan, criminal law barrister, defends the prisoner again, but the case is very strong against this interesting house breaker on this occasion.

A ship supposed to be the *Glenifer* is rounding the point at Indian Cove.

Most of the shipping must have sought anchorage for shelter from the easterly gales which have prevailed since yesterday morning.

We have high tides again this morning and Commissioner and Champlain market wharves are again flooded. Some damage to property is reported, but as yet is unascertainable. The city is quiet and orderly, and the election excitement is coming down gradually.

Rain last night.

RIVER DU LOUP, April 20.

Weather cloudy, strong easterly wind.

TROIS PISTOLES, April 20.

Three quarlette rigged vessels deeply loaded, inwards this morning.

Strong N. E. wind.

FATHER POINT, April 20.

Blowing half a gale from the East.

One large ship inwards at 7 a. m., about 11 miles off.

Weather cloudy and cold.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 19.

The Hon. James Brown died yesterday, at St. Stephen, from the effects of wounds in the throat, inflicted by himself during a fit of temporary insanity.

The report of the safety of the pilot boat *John Mullin*, proves untrue. Pieces of the wreck have been picked up in the bay, which leaves little doubt of her fate, and that all hands have perished.

The flour market is firm; prices unchanged.

HUNTINGDON.

HUNTINGDON, April 19.

There is no appearance of danger here, all being quiet at Malone and along the frontier Notwithstanding this the volunteers here are to be increased, the Beauharnois companies being ordered to join the forces in this village. They are expected to arrive to-morrow night.

It is now raining, and the roads will be almost impassable for some time.

HEMMINGFORD.

HEMMINGFORD, April 20.

It is reported this morning that two car loads of suspicious looking characters said to be Fenians, passed on the Ogdensburg road last night going West. The reported destination is Ogdensburgh; it is also rumoured the destination is Cape Vincent or Louisville.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Hon. Julian P. C. Fave, formerly Secretary of the British Embassy at Paris, died in this city to-day.

Ten steamers will leave Liverpool for the United States this week, to bring out 68,000 immigrants.

Much anxiety is felt for the safety of the new steamer *Syrus*, now ninety days out from Calcutta for Liverpool. Nothing has been heard from her since she sailed.

It is said that the adherents of Don Carlos of Spain are to assemble in Geneva this week.

The ship *Perseverance*, from Liverpool for New York, has put into Fayall, leaky. She will be obliged to discharge her cargo.

At the Newmarket races, Craven Meeting, fifty sovereign's plate, 1,750 yards, was won by Mr. H. Bevill's b f Kaleidoscope, by Asteroid out of Carridan, three years old, carrying 109 pounds, beating W. Lock's b f Jewel, by Promised Land, 100 pounds. The sweepstakes of 100 sovereigns each for three year old fillies, to carry 121 pounds, 1,750 yards, was won by Baron Rothschild's b f Madonia, by King Tom out of Blooming Heather, beating Mr. Bowe's b f Silver band, by Dollar out of Go-Ahead.

Saffnus, the winner of the City Suburban and great Metropolitan handicap races at the Epsom, is the favorite at two to one against the field for the Newmarket handicap, to be run on the 20th of April.

The *Times* says the edict prohibiting two year olds racing before the 1st of May, produces a marked falling off in the entries, and in the number of events, and that in consequence the Newmarket Grand Meeting has offered a programme far below the ordinary form.

DUBLIN.—A large quantity of powder has been seized at the little village of Connel, on the Liffy. It is supposed to have been collected by the Fenians.

The printers of this city who were on strike have resumed work, the advance of pay demanded by them having been conceded.

GLASGOW.—The submerged masts recently seen off Troon, it is ascertained belong to some schooner instead of the *City of Boston*, as was suspected.

SOUTHAMPTON.—The steamship *Berlin*, from Baltimore for Bremen has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The discussion on the Plebiscite was opened in the Senate yesterday, and will be continued to-day. Nothing important has been reached yet, and it is not believed that the subject will be disposed of to-day.

All the Legitimist Journals of France appear this morning dressed in mourning, on account of the death of the Duchess of Kerry, yesterday.

CUBA.

HAVANA.—Havana journals report on the authority of the Secretary of the Captain General, that the insurgents no longer recognize Aspedes as at the head of their Government, and have offered the Presidency to Fortuno.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN.—Count Van Bismarck is very ill, at his country seat, at Pomerania.

GREECE.

ATHENS.—Of the party recently captured by brigands near Marathon the Munoosters and Mrs. Lloyd have been released. The brigands retain the other prisoners until a ransom for all of them is obtained.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON.—This city was visited by a tornado on Sunday night, which caused great loss of property. Some persons were killed and many injured in the streets. The shipping in the Tagus suffered severely. Many vessels were wrecked, and nearly all more or less damaged. No American vessels are reported lost. The British fleet rode out the storm without injury. A South American steamer reports much loss to the shipping at Buenos Ayres.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—Representative Payne yesterday introduced a Bill which provides that after the 30th June, of the present year, a reduction of 20 per cent. shall be made on all internal taxes, and of 10 per cent on all import duties then imposed by law, excepting stamp tax, internal tax and import duties on spirits, malt liquors and all their compounds, and tobacco and cigars. The Bill was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

CLEVELAND.—The loss by the Medina fire is over $200,000, and the insurance about $20,000.

NEW YORK.—The steamer *Russia* from Liverpool has arrived. The steamer *Release* arrived to-day, having on board the remains of Anson Burlingame, in charge of the eldest son.

BOSTON.—The schooner *Sea Flower* from Rockland went ashore near Garnet light house and became a total wreck in the gale yesterday.

PITTSBURG.—A five hundred barrel oil well commenced flowing at Queenstown, near Bishops Bend, Pa., yesterday afternoon. It took fire in the evening, and is still burning.

NEW YORK.—The O'Neil Fenian Congress assembled in the Masonic Hall to-day, between fifty and sixty delegates were present, representing circles in both the Eastern and Western States. The credentials of delegates from the Chicago convention were referred to, and their admission is considered doubtful. The further proceedings are unknown, but a report is current that some twenty or thirty prominent officers leave to-night for the frontier to take command of the advanced guards.

The Committee of the International Association of Workmen, at a meeting held last night to decide what course it was desirable to take with reference to the plebiscite, after a short debate, resolved to abstain from voting altogether.

ALBANY.—The remains of Robert Harper, a prominent and wealthy citizen of this city, who mysteriously disappeared in January last, were found floating in the Hudson this evening. As his money and watch were found on his body, and no marks of violence were visible, it is supposed he was accidentally drowned.

Another British Iron Clad.

Recently there was launched from the Govan ship-building yard of Messrs. Robert Napier and Son, Glasgow, a screw armour-clad ram, built for the British Government, and named the *Hotspur*. The dimensions are as follow: Length between the perpendiculars, 235 feet; breadth, 50 feet; depth in hold, 20 feet 1 inch; burthen, 2,637 tons, builders' measurement, and 600 horse-power. This war ship is constructed on a principle that is entirely new in England, but which was adopted some time ago in connection with the Navy of France. Its chief features are the formation of a fixed tower or turret, the breastwork of which is eight inches thick, and an immense ram forward. The diameter of the turret, which is pear-shaped, is 31 feet 6 inches and 35 feet 9 inches from the aft to the fore side. This stationary turret is armed with a 30 ton gun, carrying 600 pounds of shot. It is worked on a revolving turn table, the diameter of which is 26 feet, from the two front port holes; the gun has a training of 69 degrees, and at the side port holes a training of 4½ degrees forward, so that it is able to fire right forward, and almost, but not quite, right aft. The gun can be elevated 12½ degrees and depressed 7, the recoil being 6 feet 3 inches. The ram projects about 9 feet below water, and is brought up to a sharp point at a depth of about 8 feet below the water line. There are three decks, the middle one being plated with two thicknesses of iron, tapered forward and aft. The engines which have been made and fitted by the Messrs Napier are of the direct acting horizontal description, having two piston rods to each cylinder, and are fitted with surface condensers and all the most recent improvements. The boilers, of which there are four, are of the ordinary tubular type, with five furnaces each. The propellers are fourteen feet in water, on Griffith's plan, with moveable blades.

The New York *World* says:—Fenians state that their present singular movements are meant as a diversion to assist the Red River insurgents. This may be; but the Canadians will think as the frogs in the fable said to the naughty boys in ditto: "What is diversion to you is death to us." At the same time it may be noted that this proclamation of the object of their warlike intentions is likely to defeat it. Is it reasonable to suppose that this has been forgotten of the leaders?

The Assizes.

THE REIFFENSTEIN CASE.

The Court opened shortly after half-past nine—Mr. Justice Galt presiding—During the day their Honours Judge Armstrong and Thomas Brough, County Judge of the County of Huron, occupied chairs along side of the presiding Judge. Mr. Reiffenstein was charged in the first indictment with having feloniously stolen, taken and carried away the sum of $2,983 04, a supposed appropriation of the city of Hamilton. There were 32 counts in the indictment, and the reading occupied some time.

The prisoner pleaded "not guilty."

The second indictment was for having stolen a cheque for $2,564 50, a further distribution to the same city.

The prisoner pleaded "not guilty."

The Jury were called, and sworn without challenge. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and J. B. Lewis, Q. C. for the Crown. Hon. J. H. Cameron, Q. C., and Augustus Keefer, Esq., for the prisoner.

The following are the names of the jurymen: Fred. Dawson, Jas. McCafferey, jr., John C. Wilson, Michael Larkin, Hugh McHardee, Jno. Wright, Robt. Lee, W. J. Davidson, J. C. Lindsay, Wm. Hedley, Jno. Stewart, Thos. Mackay.

Mr. Richards opened the prosecution on behalf of the Crown by first stating the duties of the prisoner during his employment by the Government. He said the City of Hamilton was indebted to the Government for debentures taken up by the Government in England. Since which the distribution directed to the City of Hamilton was set to the credit of that city. A cheque was issued as a matter of form, and was entered to the credit of the City in the Receiver General's account. The cheque of 30th November, 1868, was signed by Mr. Harington and Mr Dickinson, and was made complete. Reiffenstein, instead of having it placed to the credit of the City of Hamilton, had it placed to his own in the Ontario Bank, and from time to time drew, from the amount deposited. The charge was laid in different ways in the counts in the indictment (there being 57) in order to cover all the difficulties arising out of such a case. Mr. Richards then went on to explain the law of larceny, and cited some cases bearing on the matter in question. Some suggestions of amending the indictment was made, when the Hon. J. H. Cameron urged that assuming that all Mr. Richards had said were true, the prisoner could neither be tried for larceny or false pretences. Mr. Richards replied at some length. The first witness called was Thomas Douglas Harington. I am Deputy Receiver-General. This book is the annual register of the ratepayers in the Municipalities' Fund. In the distribution of 1867, there were $2,564 50 awarded to the city of Hamilton. The prisoner was chief clerk in the Receiver-General's Office. His duty was to distribute this money. Hamilton was specially indebted to the Government. Since 1861 or 1862 the practice was that a cheque would be made out, in the case of the city of Hamilton, in favour of some Clerk of the Department, for the amount payable to the city. The cheque was supposed to be deposited to the credit of the Receiver-General, and the amount deducted from the debt of the city. This cheque ($2,564 50) was endorsed by C. W. Shay, a clerk in the Receiver General's Office. I received this cheque in the usual manner. On seeing Reiffenstein's signature I signed it. It was to have been placed to the Audit of the Receiver General in the Bank of Montreal. I think the name of the Receiver General at the time was Robert Kenny. The Bank account is kept in the name of "The Receiver General." After having made out the warrant, the prisoner should have made an entry of it in this register, together with the number written on its face. There is no entry of the kind here, regarding this warrant. The Department got no credit from the Bank of Montreal for this cheque. It was not deposited as it should have been. After the cheque had been countersigned by the Deputy Inspector General, it should have been brought back to our Department, and thence to the Bank. This cheque is payable to Mr. Shay's order, and endorsed by him.

Cross-examined—The money referred to in this receipt was to have been placed to the credit of the city of Hamilton on account of a debt due by it to the Government. If it had been a debt from the Municipal Loan Fund, there would have been no cheque required. The amount would simply have been retained. The sum of $2,564 50 has since gone to the credit of the Receiver General. It is on account of the City of Hamilton, and pass into the proper quarter. It now stands as it should. The receipt for the amount was sent to Hamilton. It is the duty of the book-keeper to make up the cheques, and a messenger takes the deposit slip to the bank. After signing the cheques, an entry is made as against the Municipalities' Fund.

Re-direct—The Hamilton debentures were in England, and were redeemed by agents of the Canadian Government, in order to save the credit of the city, and by order in Council the annual distribution is set aside till the debt will be paid. The Department received an amount, the same as that on the face of the cheque. Received it on the Monday following the day of the prisoner's arrest, which was Saturday. The cheque is dated the Saturday. The Department has a small balance in the Ontario Bank, but keeps no account there. The deposit—same amount as on the face of this cheque ($2,564 50)—was made in the Ontario Bank to the credit of the Receiver General. It should have been made in the Bank of Montreal. The entire amount to be distributed in 1867 was $150,000

William Dickinson—I am Deputy Inspector General. Signed this cheque for Hamilton, (exhibit No 2); did so in the usual routine of business on presentation, and on seeing Mr. Harington's signature attached, with the warrant to be deposited in my office. According to the practice it should have been set to the credit of the Receiver General. There was no cheque in our office on the Receiver General's Office.

Cross-examined—Mr. Shay has acquitted several receipts or warrants.

Francis Lewis—Am Bank accountant in the Receiver General's Office. I fill up the cheques; drew this one. The certificate for this one was either brought to me by Mr. Shay or Mr. Reiffenstein. These checks are taken out of the Departmental cheque-book.

Chas. W. Shay—These exhibits are signed by me. I signed them at the request of Mr. Reiffenstein. The money was to have gone to the credit of the Municipal Loan Fund. The cheque was made payable to my order, and was endorsed by me; it was payable at the Bank of Montreal. The intention was that it should have been placed to the credit of the Receiver General. Can't say I saw the cheque in Reiffenstein's possession; had nothing to do with it after endorsation. I left the endorsed papers on Reiffenstein's desk. I never received any money from it.

Cross-examination—I have no particular recollection of this one cheque.

S. A. McMurty—Am teller in the Ontario Bank, Ottawa; I know the prisoner. This deposit slip, with the exception of my initials, is of the handwriting of the prisoner. This cheque is for the same amount as that of this deposit slip; I have no doubt but that they refer to each other. The amount was placed to Reiffenstein's credit in the Bank. I received instructions from the manager not to require Reiffenstein's endorsation on cheques passed by him. The rule is to require such; an exception was made in his case. I am quite satisfied Reiffenstein received the money, or that it was placed to his credit, which amounts to the same thing. The cheque was afterwards deposited in the Bank of Montreal to our credit.

John J. Little—Am deposit clerk in the Ontario Bank; have been there for one year. The amount of money written on the slip was placed to Reiffenstein's credit. Reiffenstein kept a pass book. It was balanced every month. On the 31st December, 1860, the amount to his credit was $57 32; on the 31st June it was $16 76. He had also a Savings' Bank account. He had a special account The first entry in his credit was made in November, 1868. Reference was made to an account entitled "The Receiver-General of Canada," in which a deposit had been made to his credit of $2,564 50 in June, 1869.

Griffidene Mann—Was clerk in the Savings Branch of the Ontario Bank. On the 2nd April, 1860, Mr. Reiffenstein opened an account. On 31st December, 1868, he had $4,970 12 in the Savings' Branch; 1st Feb., $4,270; March 3rd, $3,870; March 24th, $3,670; April 15th, $5,088 50; May, 26,538 50; June 8th, $6,038 50. Interest is paid to parties depositing in this branch.

Francis M. Cotton—Am Government Clerk in the Bank of Montreal. On the 2nd Dec 1868, charged a cheque for the same amount as this to the Government. I cannot say to whom we paid the amount. Received cheque from the Ontario Bank.

Cross-examined—I debited the Receiver-General of Canada for the amount, and credited the Ontario Bank. The gross amount is entered; the slip in my hand is an enumeration of the items.

J. B. Lewis—I was present at the Magistrates' Court when the preliminary examination was held. The obliterated stamp on the cheques was Dec. 1st.

John Graham—Am a clerk in the Bank of Montreal. I believe I saw this paper (the cheque) before. Entered a cheque in favor of the Receiver General for a like amount.

Robert W. Kerr—Chamberlain of the city of Hamilton since 1853—don't know the prisoner. He never was authorized to receive money for the City of Hamilton. I never received any money from him. The city never received any money, directly, since 1861.

Cross Examined—I authorized Mr. King of the Bank of Montreal, to collect for the city of Hamilton. In May or June 1858, I received a letter from the Inspector General, informing me that a distribution had been made for the previous year, and had been placed to the credit.

The case closed on the part of the Crown, and the Hon. J. H. Cameron reiterated his objection.

His Lordship judged that the case should go to the Jury, reserving some points.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron made an able and characteristic appeal to the Jury on behalf of the prisoner. He was listened to with marked attention both by the Court, the Jury, and the audience. He was followed by Mr Richards, who gave a clear and concise detailment of the case, and doubt on the law in the case.

His Lordship in charging the Jury, drew out the main points of the prosecution and the defence. He stated the latter was almost confined to the plea of "error and mistake," and that the statute under which he was charged for larceny did not cover the offense with which the prisoner was charged. That as a clerk of Her Majesty, he did not come withing the meaning of the statute. His Lordship's charge was able and practical. The Jury retired, and after a deliberation of about half an hour, brought in a verdict of "Guilty without mitigating circumstances."

THE FENIAN FORAY.

A Congress of "Fighting Men" to Meet To-Day—Emissaries to the Red River Region—Twenty Thousand Stand of Arms sent to Vermont—Money Pouring into the Headquarters—Riel and O'Neill—&c., &c.

From the New York World.

That particular branch of the Fenian Brotherhood known as the O'Neill party has of late excited much public attention, not only by certain facts developed as to the conduct of its leaders, but also and principally by the announcement that another invasion of Canada under the leadership of General O'Neill would soon be made by its members. In order to give a complete idea of how the Brotherhood stands at present, it is necessary to allude to its history during the past three or four months.

The plain fact of the matter is, with regard to the relations between General O'Neill and the Senate of the Brotherhood, that for some three or four months past they have been very amicable. As the General himself states "we have not worked together very well; I considered some members of that body were using their positions as stepping stones to American political preferment, and were actuated more by selfish, mercenary motives than by a true love for Ireland." These difficulties, at first merely momentary and without any definite foundation, at length culminated in an open rupture between the President and the Senate. This body, it is said, knowing that the aid of all the Circles in the organization would be given O'Neill in case he made a movement, determined either to render his efforts abortive or to totally remove him from power. General O'Neill at once issued a call for a Congress to meet in this city, and in his private circular to the various Circles stated that important business would be brought before it. The Senate party immediately issued another call through its President, James Gibbons, of Philadelphia, requiring delegates to meet at Chicago. The significance of this Congress may be understood by Gen. O'Neill's statement to the writer, that 'the Chicago Congress is a Congress of politicians; the Congress I have called to meet in New York will be a Congress of fighting men.'

The telegraphic news of the *World* yesterday morning contained the announcement that the Chicago Congress had abolished the President and Senate, and appointed in their stead an Executive Committee of nine who would transact all the business of the Brotherhood. This Committee consisted of James Gibbons, P J Meehan, C P McKay, Frank Agnew, Frank Gallagher, E L Carey, J W Fitzgerald, L Finnegan, and Richard McCloud. All those are bitter opponents of O'Neill's policy. Four delegates of the same stamp were appointed to the New York Congress, one of whom, John F Finnerty, is attached to the staff of the Chicago *Republican* The adherents of General O'Neill declare that the object of this delegation is, if possible, to dissuade the delegates of the Circles from giving any aid to General O'Neill in case his proposition of war is again brought forward. One of the Executive Committee, Richard McCloud represented as a Senator from Connecticut, is a clerk in the New York Custom-house, and was a short time ago expelled by General O'Neill for giving information to outside parties. This removal, however, was countermanded by the Chicago Congress.

It is claimed by General O'Neill that the Chicago Congress had no power whatever to establish such an Executive Committee, and further, that all its proceedings are void and worthless. The delegates from the Congress in Chicago will, however, be received to-day on exhibiting their credentials.

The private circular issued by General O'Neill to the Circles, and which is the foundation of the Congress to meet to-day, contains a passage which plainly shows the drift of the whole affair. In it, as President of the Brotherhood, the General distinctly instructs each Circle to send no money to headquarters until after the Congress, but to send with each delegate to the Congress sufficient funds to purchase from 1,000 to 2,000 rounds of breech loading ammunition, value $28 per 1,000. This taken in connection with other facts, is extremely significant of an intended movement.

The Congress will meet in the Masonic Hall, Thirteenth street, to-day at noon. A full representation of Circles is expected, and over thirty delegates arrived yesterday. Three hundred and fifty delegates are expected to attend the Congress. Last night several arrived from Chicago and Pittsburg. The proceedings will be held with closed doors, and every effort will be made to secure secrecy.

The headquarters in West Fourth street presented a very animated appearance yesterday. Men wearing the appearance of soldiers passed in and out in a continual stream, and seven or eight clerks were apparently very busy. In a back room six or seven gentlemen, all former officers in the United States service, and two of whom held commands in the former raid, were engaged in animated conversation. A map of the Canadian frontier, embracing all the frontier between the Winnipeg territory and the mouth of the St Lawrence, hangs on the wall, and one gentleman was discussing the approaches to Riel's (the leader of the Winnipegians) headquarters. His exemplification seemed to meet the approbation of the rest. Up stairs General O'Neill and Mr. Renehan, the Secretary of Civil Affairs, were busy receiving the delegates and making preparations for the Congress.

The sinews of war will evidently be placed at the disposal of General O'Neil, if necessary. A delegate from Pittsburg said: "I believe General O'Neill to be an honest man. A man sir, who means to do what he says; and let me tell you, sir, that I have in my pocket $2,000 which I will place in his hands at the *proper time*. Mind you, I want you to understand me thoroughly, *at the proper time*." Other delegates have brought on large [illegible] money to be placed at the [illegible] General O'Neill.

The arms for the movement, it [illegible] place, will be Springfield [illegible] Remingtons. Of the Springfield rifles [illegible] remained after the late raid, all were [illegible] verted into breech-loading weapons, [illegible] large number of breech-loaders [illegible] purchased from time to time. [illegible] factories have been employed in [illegible] the old rifles to breech loaders, and [illegible] Michael Kerwin, the Secretary of War [illegible] in Philadelphia, it is said, seeing to [illegible] posal of several thousand rifles [illegible] been converted in that city. In [illegible] New Orleans, it is asserted, purchases [illegible] been made, in the latter city especially [illegible] together the number of rifles is [illegible] siderable. A prominent officer stated [illegible] reporter yesterday that it could [illegible] short of 20,000 stand of arms [illegible] have been distributed in towns [illegible] ment border, and another and [illegible] shipped by Chicago a few days [illegible] point on the Northwestern frontier [illegible] in the vicinity of the Red River [illegible]

And here the most important [illegible] matter falls into its place. It is [illegible] of the Fenian Brotherhood towards [illegible] the Red River insurgents. Nearly [illegible] ago, the *World* announced that [illegible] General O'Neill—one a Catholic priest [illegible] erly a prominent member of the Fenian [illegible] therhood—were acting in concert with [illegible] Fort Garry insurgents. Subsequent [illegible] showed the truth of that statement [illegible] agents are there still.

There is not the slightest doubt [illegible] sympathy of the entire organization [illegible] Riel and his followers. A prominent [illegible] officer who took part in the former [illegible] to the writer yesterday that Riel [illegible] Canadian Government attacked him, [illegible] matter whether they did or not, would [illegible] the counsel and aid of the Brotherhood [illegible] General O'Neill openly [illegible] with Riel, and says he will [illegible] can.

The agents of the Fenian [illegible] fore mentioned, have evidently [illegible] understanding with Riel [illegible] *New Nation*, shows this to be [illegible] of the latest copies received [illegible] that England will have to fight [illegible] nations instead of one; and [illegible] nations are located upon the [illegible] which has been settled upon for the [illegible] troops—the Superior route by [illegible] Woods." To this it adds that "[illegible] brave men on the borders of Dakota [illegible] nesota will rally to our assistance [illegible] Fenian will be on hand ready [illegible] attack direct by our side, or [illegible] invasion when Canada is depicted [illegible]

This denotes a consciousness on the [illegible] Riel that he will be supported by [illegible] O'Neill and his followers. At all [illegible] above extract is worthy of consideration [illegible] connection with the question.

The proposed campaign, from what [illegible] learn from it, embraces not only an [illegible] of Canada at a point between Toronto [illegible] Montreal, nearer to the latter city [illegible] former, but also, and simultaneously, [illegible] pedition to join *Riel's forces* and [illegible] Northwestern Territory. Telegrams [illegible] ing to this city from Chicago, *Ill*, [illegible] Paul, Minn, stating that supplies [illegible] munition are forwarding to [illegible] forth r out. The Catholic priest [illegible] to, Father Donnelly, has [illegible] during the session of the Congress [illegible] days ago passed through St. Paul.

A prominent cavalry officer [illegible] headquarters of the brotherhood [illegible] that no raid would be made until August [illegible] that recruiting was now going on, [illegible] statement was evidently made for the [illegible] of creating a wrong impression, and [illegible] sence around the headquarters is [illegible] with a well known cavalry general [illegible] ing commander point to the conclusion [illegible] some sharp work is in preparation. [illegible] liberations of the Congress which will [illegible] to-day will show the truth or falsity [illegible] statements concerning a Canadian raid.

The leading officers of the rival [illegible] organization loudly declare that no [illegible] is intended, but that "stamps" is the [illegible] One thing, however, is noticeable, [illegible] making such assertions they [illegible] charge altogether to the Senate party [illegible] the same time state that John O'Neill [illegible] man who will do what he says if [illegible] power.

A Horrible Story—Small-Pox Among the Indians.

Commissioner Parker, of the Indian [illegible] has received a letter from General Sully, Superintendent of the Montana [illegible] in which he reports that the ravages [illegible] small-pox among the Gros Ventres [illegible] Assiniboin tribes have been so great [illegible] almost exceed belief. By General Sully's [illegible] ter it appears that since last September [illegible] first of February, when the small-pox [illegible] out among the Gros Ventres, there have [illegible] 741 deaths, which leaves only about [illegible] hundred of this nation alive. What [illegible] this calamity still more to be deplored is, that, of all the Indians in [illegible] the most *friendly towards the whites* [illegible] among the *Indians most disposed to* [illegible] *civilization are the Gros Ventres*, [illegible] have suffered terribly. I am informed [illegible] time at the agency deaths were so [illegible] the few men there could not dig graves [illegible] enough. They had to fill up the [illegible] forts with the dead and then cover [illegible]

It was fortunate that the weather was [illegible] otherwise it would have been necessary [illegible] abandon the agency. It further appears [illegible] when the disease was at its height [illegible] fering with it would prevail on their [illegible] carry them from their huts into the open [illegible] where they would crawl to the [illegible] side and remain for hours immersed [illegible] the ice cold water. The consequence [illegible] that many took cold from the exposure [illegible] died in frightful torment. Others [illegible] suicide to escape further suffering. [illegible] locality of the camp was made known by [illegible] cries of the sick, which could be heard a [illegible] way off. Under the superstitious [illegible] among the Indians when greatly afflicted [illegible] disease, one of their medicine men [illegible] to propitiate the offended deity. The [illegible] for long weeks was appalling in the [illegible] and it was only strange the [illegible] physician and the few citizens employed [illegible] the purpose that the ravages of the [illegible] were checked. The late action of the [illegible] missioner in sending out an abundant [illegible] of vaccine virus, it is thought, will prevent [illegible] recurrence in future of such terrible [illegible] among all the tribes.

A Sorry Mishap.

A Roman correspondent sends the following: "One of our leading fashionables, [illegible] dame X.—N. B. She is [illegible] was once very handsome, twenty [illegible] although still indisposed, has just [illegible] self away and gone to Naples.

"Behold the history:—

"She was at a concert; she [illegible] through the entire first part with [illegible] stancy of a martyr, *par parenthèse* [illegible] music, and if her life were at stake [illegible] turn a tune. But she was as handsome [illegible] paint, to use a vulgar comparison [illegible] world had admired her forest of [illegible] artistically grouped in curls upon [illegible] her head; a necklace of priceless [illegible] rounded her swan-like neck; a [illegible] mond aigrette was proudly glittering [illegible] left ear, and her delicately [illegible] gave an inexpressible charm to her [illegible] shaped face.

"There was a slight intermission [illegible] performances, for refreshments, during [illegible] Madame X left her seat to [illegible] her hostess, Princess C—, and [illegible] second part of the concert was about to [illegible] she hastened to resume her place, [illegible] fan, and immediately obtained what [illegible] call *un succes de surprise* so universal [illegible] five minutes the voice of the artist [illegible] the general titter.

"There is no knowing how long this [illegible] thing would have gone on had [illegible] X., who began to feel a little [illegible] this excess of admiration, dropped [illegible] modestly and seen—*Alas!* it [illegible] fully shaped eyebrow—one of the [illegible] gute's triumphs which lay upon her [illegible] was but one of the two things to [illegible] leave the room. Madame X. [illegible] says she beat her maid when [illegible] or this, however, I cannot [illegible] events she has announced her [illegible] never returning to Rome, where [illegible] she says, is unhealthy."

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves [illegible] immediately.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[Arran]gement during Session of Parliament, 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon	9.00	St. John, N. B., daily			5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc. and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00		
	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			6.00
6.00		[illegible]	Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper [illegible]		[illegible]	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

[By] Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

[By] direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

[N.B.]—*Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp be received until 12.30 P.M.*

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office, [and] allowed at the rate of Four per cent. [per an]num, and deposits can be withdrawn at [any] time. Five per cent. will be allowed on deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 A.M., to 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

[Post Office], 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

[ST.] LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

[Leave] .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m

[Arrive] .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m

[Th]ese trains connect at Prescott Junction [with G]rand Trunk Railway for all points south [and] west.

[Ottaw]a Office—York street, corner o Sussex

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

[Ov]er 150 Packages new Goods on view at [Garla]nd, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in [every] Department.

[The] Market.—The market was fair—prices [about] the same as last week. For corrected [prices] see the fourth page of the Times.

[Car]pets and House Furnishings made a [spec]iality. The largest stock of New Goods, [at] lowest prices in the city at Garland, [Mutch]mor & Co.

[Not]ice seeing, the grand display of Millin[ery] and Mantles, and the crowds of people [view]ing the Spring Fashions at Garland, [Mutch]mor & Co.

[B]oard of Works—The City Board of Works [met] yesterday, and immediate action was [decid]ed upon to repair the side walks. Never [too] late to mend.

[The] Gas—The gas has given out for some [nigh]ts past. Last night at the Rideau Club [there] all was total darkness for some time. [The] gas is capricious; perhaps the directors [have] business excentricities.

Police Court—Wednesday.—John Taylor [was] charged with assaulting a boy, and being [othe]rwise disorderly. He was sent to gaol for [two] weeks.

Joseph Evans, vagrancy; one week in gaol [S]mith vs. Peterkin—a case of assault, was [dism]issed.

Mr. Bermingham advertises to sell at the [resi]dence of the Hon. Alexander Campbell [Pos]t Master-General, on Tuesday the 26th [inst.], at 11, o'clock a.m., all his household [furn]iture, easy chairs, sofas, oil paintings, [car]pets, plated ware &c. &c. Persons furnish[ing] will do well to attend, as all must be [sold].

A Drill Sergeant.—"Delegate" Scott, it [ap]pears has been very useful among the [...] half-breeds of Red River. It appears this fellow has had some miserable [ex]perience in the Volunteer American Army [dur]ing the late war. He has been exercising [him]self in a *quasi* drill of the dupes in that [terr]itory. The drill here is not exactly the [sam]e, as he will likely perceive.

A White Deer.—There is something of a [nov]elty on exhibition at Stockdale's stables. [A fou]r year old white buck. The animal was [caug]ht up the Gatineau river last winter by a [sett]ler named John Medley, in one of the [uppe]r townships. Its eyes are of a beautiful [pink]. It was yesterday an object of more [than or]dinary attraction. It has been sold [to] Mr. Reynolds, of the St. Lawrence and [Otta]wa Railway Company.

[The] Fenian Congress (O'Neill faction) met [in Ma]sonic Hall, Thirteenth street, on Tues[day, l]ast, at noon. At the O'Neill headquarters [on] West Fourth street, there is a gathering of [ill]-looking men who discuss feasible [route]s to the Red River country, and means [for] raising the sinews of war. The [O'N]eill party denounce the savage party as [...], and ridicule the do-nothing Con[gress] at Chicago last week.

Her Majesty's.—Again, last night a large [and] respectable audience had the pleasure of [witne]ssing the entertaining performance of [the] Marshall Troupe. Mr. Lindley, as Kin[...], bore out the comic part as usual, ably [and] to the entire satisfaction of the audience, [wh]o manifested their approval in almost in[cess]ant applause. The plays were the "Flowers of the Forest" and "The Weavers," [whi]ch were certainly very creditably carried [thr]ough on all hands. Truly, the Company [is] a good one and deserves our patronage. [To-n]ight they play the "Lancashire Lass," [and] we have no doubt the theatre will be [fil]led as heretofore.

Delegate Scott.—This person is in the custody of the Police guardians. He is now a resident of the city to all intents and purposes, being an inmate of the City Hall, that is of the lower part of the building.

The Habeas Corpus Case.—The delegates were up yesterday before Judge Galt. The Hon. John H. Cameron anticipated the Judge's decision in stating that the plain law in the matter was that the Magistrate had jurisdiction in issuing a warrant in the matter. R. Lees, County Attorney, appeared for the prosecution. The crowd was large and interested. The hon, gentleman for the prisoners seemed to prefer to take the case *ab initio*. Judge Galt remanded the prisoners to the custody whence they came before him. The matter will be opened on preliminary examination to-day at one o'clock, before M. O'Gara, Esq., Police Magistrate.

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 124u4

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

MARRIED.

At St. Alban's Church, Ottawa, on Wednesday 20th April, by the Revd. T. Bedford-Jones, LL D., Alfred Seymour, Esquire, son of The Right Honourable Sir Hamilton Seymour, G C B., G. C. H., and late A. D. C. to His Excellency, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to Jessie Madeleine eldest daughter of the Honourable William McDougall, C. B.

DIED.

In this city, on the 19th inst., Patrick Keating, aged 47 years.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at half past three o'clock, from his late residence St. Patrick Street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

SIXTH NIGHT OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States. Fourth appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21st,

Will be presented Byron's Sensational Drama

THE LANCASHIRE LASS.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.............................MR J MARSHALL.

April 20, 1870 1333 6

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau street

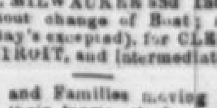
Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

CAUTION.

DENIS TIERNEY having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him, as any persons found doing so after the date of this advertisement shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

ROBERT KEAN.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1338 2

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 60 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Streets or on every day at the Railway Station on the departure of the trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Auction Sales.

By Amos Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE OF PIANOFORTES

NEW AND SECOND HAND.

On FRIDAY, April 22nd, 1870, the subscriber will sell at his Sale Rooms, Rideau street, East End Sapper's Bridge, three splendid seven Octave Rosewood Pianofortes, being full round corners, carved legs and pedal and very superior finish. Time will be given on two of the instruments, by making a small payment down at time of sale. The instruments will be on view two days previous to the sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE of about 500 yards TAPESTRY CARPETING, HALL MATTING, WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, CHILDS' PERAMBULATOR, &c.

Mr. ROWE will sell at his Sale Rooms, immediately after Piano Sale, on FRIDAY, the 22nd inst., a large quantity of Tapestry Carpet of last falls importation, quite new and beautiful patterns, a quantity of Hall Matting, a Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, in excellent order, cost $60, two Raymond's Sewing Machines, a Child's Carriage, an excellent Peabody Rifle, and a quantity of Glassware, in Tumblers and Goblets, English crystal.

The sale is positive and without reserve. Terms, cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer,

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1335td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottoman, Whatnot, &c, Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets Lamps, Crockery Glassware. Cooking and other stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst. at 10 o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1335td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER. Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th. 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads Bureaus and Glasses. Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

☞ Cheapest in the Dominion. ☜

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

☞ CHINA TEA COMPANY, ☜

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

LOST LETTERS.

Lost a few days ago by a gentleman residing at the Russell House, several LETTERS, which would be thankfully received from the finder by Mr. GOUIN, Russell House. 1337 2

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS PLATED WARE, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM is instructed by the Hon. ALEX. CAMPBELL, P. M. G., to sell on TUESDAY, the 26th inst., at his residence Kent Street, off Wellington, and opposite Prince's Terrace, all the Household Furniture therein contained, consisting in part of Easy Chairs, Camp Chairs, Sofas, Oil Paintings, Brussels Kidderminster and Tapestry Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Side Board, Glass, China and Plated Ware, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen and other Stoves, Trays, Lamps, Water Filterer, &c., &c., and the usual assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870. 1338td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c, &c, will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer,

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

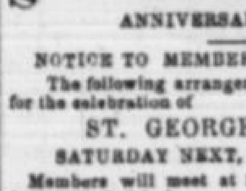
Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,

R H HAYCOCK.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY, 1870.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND OTHERS.

The following arrangements have been made for the celebration of

ST. GEORGE'S DAY,

SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd INSTANT.

Members will meet at Salmon's Hotel, York Street, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Procession to Christ's Church, headed by Gowan's Band.

Divine Service at 11 o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. H. Pollard, M. A., Chaplain to the Society.

Cold Collation at Salmon's Hotel, at 2 p. m. Tickets, 75 cents each, to be had at the Bar.

GRAND CONCERT in the evening, at Her Majesty's Theatre, half the proceeds of which to be given to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p m.

Tickets—single, 50 cents; double (to admit a lady and gentleman), 75 cents; gallery, 25 cents each, to be had at the usual places, or of the Committee or Stewards.

Badges, and a few choice roses can be obtained at E Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House Block, Centre Town.

For further particulars see posters.

By order, W MILLS, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Ottawa, April 19, 1869. 1336td

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD,	MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON,	MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD,	MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles,	

CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1283.5 y

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 50 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. BALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 50

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 21 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A D, 1870. 1335 6

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per an um.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street above the gaol. Rent moderate

Apply to MR SADDLER, Protestant Hospital.

1335 5

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Dry Goods.

WEST END

☞ DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. ☜

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

- New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
- New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
- New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara Silk and Velveteens
- New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
- New Parasols and Sunshades
- New Flowers and Feathers
- New Straw Goods, a large assortment
- New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
- New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
- New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

- The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in al the new shades
- New Crapes and Areophanes
- New Linen setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New sewed setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New Lace and Muslin Ties
- New Laces and Lace Falls
- New sewed Edgings and Insertions
- Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

- New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
- New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
- New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
- New Linen and Cotton Diapers
- New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
- New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
- New Table Covers and Napkins
- New Towels and Towellings
- New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
- New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
- New Printed and Fancy Flannels
- New Shirting Winceys
- New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

- New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
- New Cotton and Merino Socks
- New White Dress Shirts
- New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
- New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
- New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
- New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

Auction Sale.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from JOHN WILSON, Esq., Solicitor, (late Master in Chancery) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, 268 south side of Rideau Street, near Gloucester Street, (Sandy Hill), on MONDAY, the 25th April instant, at 11 o'clock a m, all his Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room, Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Office Furniture; and also a Law and a Private Library, and a good Piano.

Sale positive—Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1337td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONNELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

SCOTCH AND CANADIAN

MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

April 11, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS,

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1366 tf

☞ Will open in his NEW ESTABLISHMENT on the 1st MAY with a full new stock.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ **STOVES AND TINWARE,** ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C F DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

This Season's Patterns,

☞ "A CHOICE LOT." ☜

Ottawa, April 19th.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

☞ ANNOUNCEMENTS. ☜

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

☞ GOODS ARE CHEAP. ☜

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

☞ We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

☞ COFFEE, ☜

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of Mr. McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

☞ AYLMER CONVENT, ☜

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Belton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1312 3m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 [illegible]
No. 2	0 15	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
HIDES.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs. No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3 do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Bates and Jennings for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further the injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as these have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

The Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating it.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.
St. John, N.B.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—... I had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

B DEAN.
St. John, N.B. November 2nd.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH

Manufactured only by MESSRS. GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, March 29, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

GUYOT'S TAR.

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRINK.—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two tablespoonfuls to a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION.—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it is the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes its great efficacy. It is specially recommended for the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1. Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING,
STEINWAYS,
DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Haines Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,
Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,
With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties seeking information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER,
Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1234 3m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

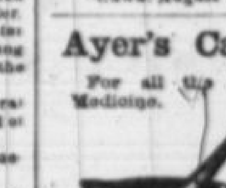
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease,
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaint can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to sell.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steam boat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pre paid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MACLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

COSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 369y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. G. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1009 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown.

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR ASTHMA

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... 11

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jonn and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Ramsay, Barristers, Ottawa. Jul-141-tf

---

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

"THE QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

---

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of Life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

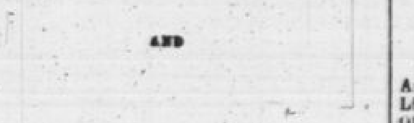
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient *consumption*, and the dangerous affections of *the throat and lungs*. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mucdonell, Esq., McMaster Esq., H S Howland, Esq., Geo ... Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longer experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the rapidity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Spirits, Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best make.

Those not having had a trial of our goods are requested to call and judge for themselves, or ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and sent FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, headache, ... Relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid, GREAT PAIN CURER. ... three minutes. Neuralgia, ... face is distinguishable from ... intenseness of its pain and ... attack, may be cured ... Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ... and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel, ...

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour ... and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

VOL V. NO. ...

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 29, 1869. 1236 1

JAMES WHELAN,

35 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

... at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... numerous other articles necessary to a ... complete stock.

TEAS.—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, Young Hyson ... fresh and cheap.

COFFEE.—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily.

BRANDIES.—Pinet Brandies; Hennessy & Co., Martell's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN.—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, ...

WINES.—Sherries all grades, Ports of ... quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... all prices, in wood and bottle, imported by ... HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND ... WHISKEY.

High proof and ... at extremely low rates ... Dewar's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey ... Tom. ... Irish Whiskey. ... Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... and other Ales. ... all grades. ... other brands.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE, SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. 1105

... the time or bar also.

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of Consolidated Statutes of Canada

HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange, Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, T..., ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN, ..., Manager. 1141tf

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

... give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE ... KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

... of the trade during the last four years ... me to enlarge my manufactory ... to make the wholesale trade ...

... I have now is undoubtedly the largest ... and the question of quality is readily ... by making known the fact that I raise ... seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ... comparison with any imported ... another and important fact is that by ... and manufactured in Ottawa the ... freight, packing, duty and other expenses ... enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower ...

... advantages, I think, cannot fail ... those who may favor me with their orders. ... NASH, Wholesale and Retail Provision ..., Park street, Ottawa, or direct ... Post Office, Ottawa.

... Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ... Re-Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1 96y

W. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

Head of Little Sussex ...

... advanced on goods consigned for ... Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. E...

... DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... gentlemen can be accommodated ... board and rooms. Gentlemen ... will find superior accommodation ... by the day or week at moderate terms. N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and ... several banks. 21...

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 11...

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future hereafter, he shall visit Ottawa once a ... Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Ellis' Music Store.

GEO. E. BENEDICT.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the ...) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing, ... King-street. Ottawa, June 12, 1869.

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STS.

PATRICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

... street, next to the City ... Ottawa.

... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... on the Ottawa. From his long ... he offers his services in every ... their rafts while ... the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

... Esq., Walter Smith, ... Esq., R W Cruice, ... 1334tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY, FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the ... he has always on hand, in season, ... of the above, which will be sold at ... than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLS,
No. 25 Rideau ...

The Times

VOL V. NO. 133. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

KENNEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Sussex Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 20, 1869. 1236.

JAMES WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

For sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

And numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Henkes, Pinet's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood

WINES—Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines at low prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

OLD WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

Proof and over, at extremely low prices.

Ramsay's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and

Kinahan's Irish Whiskey.

Dunphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Allsopp's and other Ales.

Lime and Syrups, all grades.

At ordinary prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or nev nine. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. HAMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply the trade mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years has compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I have decided to make the wholesale trade my principal purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest in Canada, and the question of quality is readily proved by making known the fact that I raise my tomatoes from seed procured at any expense and that it is the best; they will therefore bear favorable comparison with any imported.

Another and important fact is that being grown and manufactured in Ottawa thereby saving freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than the importer.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to secure those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box 5, PostOffice, Ottawa.

Pickle Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau.

N.B.—Empty Pickle bottles collected and the highest prices given. 1 98y

J. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transfer sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

J. H. Easton R. M. Easton

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000), J. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 594tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B. & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 138 P O. 1334tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,

1327tf Metcalfe Street.

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,

The Tea Pot,

1306tM1 Sussex street

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 4, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,

Dept Public Works,

1330tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace.

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin street. 1328 3aw 1m 1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—2 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 13 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm. Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR,

Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1336a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order the satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavor will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 13My

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,

Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H. B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James, Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Musgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner and Repairer, Belton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, 20th April, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY, in making the enquiry of the Government of which he had given notice on a previous day, stated that his reason for asking for the information was the fact, that it was currently reported in the public press that the Government were organizing an armed force for Red River. He did not wish to press any question which the Government, acting in the interest of the public service, might not be disposed to answer, but there were several points respecting which he thought it very desirable that the people of the Dominion should obtain information at as early a day as possible. He was led to believe, from information that had come to his notice, that the volunteers of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick would not be called upon to take any part in the proposed expedition to the North West. Speaking of Nova Scotia, there was a very efficient organization in that Province; and he felt convinced that their services would be always available in the hour of need. He was afraid that some of them might consider themselves neglected, inasmuch as the Government had not, according to report, called upon them to co-operate in the expedition. He thought it was the wisest policy to allow every section to participate in such expeditions, and that the community in the East should not be placed in a position different from a community in the West. Under these circumstances, he would ask permission to make the following enquiries of the Government:—*First*—What force it is proposed shall be sent to *Red River* to quell disturbances and establish Law and Order under British supremacy? *Second*—What number of Regulars? and what proportion of Volunteer Militia Force? *Third*—Whether each of the Provinces of *Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia,* and *New Brunswick* will be invited to contribute from their respective Volunteer Militia, and if so, in what proportion, or how otherwise? *Fourth*—What inducements will be held out to Volunteers to enlist for this Service? What is to be the period of the Enlistment, and whether the Volunteer Militia to be enlisted will have the option of being disbanded in the Country, at the close of the campaign, instead of returning to *Canada? Fifth*—Whether the Government propose to offer encouragement to Volunteers, in the shape of free Land Grants, upon their being disbanded, and if so, to what extent?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied that the hon. gentleman had relieved him from considerable embarrassment, in expressing a desire, not to ask for any explanations that the Government might not be able to give with regard to the interests of the public service. With respect to the two first questions, he regretted he was not able to give a complete and definite answer. It would not be prudent, at present, to give such information as would enable those against whom it was to be directed, to know the extent and character of the force of the contemplated expedition. In answer to the third question, he would reply that at present it was only intended to call upon the Militia of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. The Government had unbounded confidence in the Militia of the other Provinces, but there were difficulties in the way of bringing them up at this time of the year. The expedition, in order to achieve the satisfactory results which were anticipated, should leave early in May. In case any further measures were necessary—and he hoped such would not be necessary—then Nova Scotia and New Brunswick would be asked to join in the movement. With respect to the fourth question, he would answer that no particular inducements were held out as yet to volunteers, for the Government were not yet in possession of the country, and did not know what would be done. At present volunteers were offering themselves to such an extent that, if it were necessary, 20,000 men could be mustered to-morrow. It was contemplated that those volunteers who wished to remain in the country, should be at liberty to do so, but the terms on which they were to stay had not been settled. The Government were bound to pay every consideration to the rights of the present inhabitants of the country, and under existing circumstances could not pledge themselves to any particular policy. He had no doubt that many of the volunteers would remain in the country, and that they would be kindly received by the people.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD was of the opinion that the information which had just been given was not as explicit as he thought it should have been, and that the Maritime Provinces should at least have been asked to take a share in the Red River expedition. He could say, with respect to New Brunswick, that there were a great many young men there who were anxious to join their fellow-countrymen of Ontario and Quebec in proceeding to Red River, and asserting the authority of the laws. These young men, he felt, would be sadly disappointed at being overlooked, and as respects the difficulty of bringing them up at this season of the year, he thought it had been exaggerated.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST made some remarks in French in the course of which he expressed his emphatic opinion that the present expedition to to Red River had been rendered necessary by the mistake of the Government in dealing with the question of the absorption of the territory. He was surprised that the hon. gentlemen from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick should show so much anxiety to take part in the expedition. It would be more in accordance with justice that the men who had caused all the difficulty by their want of judgment and statesmanlike ability, should be left unaided to redress the evils that they had done their best to create. He had no confidence, whatever, in the ability of the Government to settle the difficulty satisfactorily, and believed they would go on from bad to worse.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN asked if the Government had taken any further steps with respect to the transfer of the North West to Canada.

Hon Mr. CAMPBELL replied that though the money had not yet been paid to the Company, the matter did not stand in precisely the same position that it did on the last occasion when he had been called upon to give information on the subject. Some advance had been made in the direction of the transfer, and a day fixed for the actual payment of the purchase money. He regretted to notice the vehement manner in which the hon. member who had just addressed the House in French (M. L. de St. Just) had referred to a question which should be treated with the utmost calmness. That hon. gentleman had charged the Government with having caused the necessity for the contemplated expedition, but it would be far more satisfactory to the House and country if he would only state more definitely the particulars in which the Government had been wanting in their duty in dealing with the question of Red River. If disturbances had arisen, they proceeded from circumstances for which the Government could not be blamed in the least degree. If the hon. gentleman wished at any time to go into the question, it was legitimate for him to do so in the proper way, and the Government would be prepared to meet him; but he would find that in order to make out his case to the satisfaction of the House and country, he would have to do something more than indulge in mere vague generalities. As respects the wish of the young men of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick to participate in the expedition, it was quite natural; and he (Mr. C.) was convinced that there were many young men in the district where the hon. member lived who were ready to join in a movement which was being promoted in the interests of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN expressed his opinion that it was decidedly inconvenient to find such discussions taking place on mere motions for enquiry. He was himself desirous of speaking on the subject, but he felt that was not the proper time to bring it up and debate it.

Hon. Mr. ARMAND considered it only prudent, on the part of the Government, not to answer all the queries that had been put to them.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that when it was stated everywhere that the Government had such an important expedition in progress, it was only natural that the people of the Dominion should wish to ascertain how it was to be constituted, and whether there was any favouritism to be shown to particular Sections.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said that his objection was simply with respect to the form in which the whole matter was presented for the consideration of the House.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that the question was one of a very delicate character, and he had been unwilling to address the House, at the outset of the debate, in English, for fear that he might inadvertently make some remark which might be misinterpreted. He had stated that instead of expressing regret at the fact that the young men of the Maritime Provinces had not been called upon to assist in the expedition, the hon. gentleman who had made the enquiry should have rather expressed a desire that the men who had caused the difficulty should be left at perfect liberty to redress what they had caused. He would not particularize the reasons why he was of the opinion that the Government did not deserve the confidence of the House, and country, for he did not wish at that juncture to open a general debate.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS stated in French that the Government from the very outset, had laboured earnestly to act as they best could for the interests of the Dominion; and despite what had occurred, they did not yet despair of seeing the difficulty settled without blood-shed.

After a few remarks from Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD and Hon. Mr SANBORN with respect to the propriety of raising a discussion on a mere motion of enquiry the subject dropped.

BROAD AND NARROW GAUGE RAILWAYS.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that he would now call the attention of the House to the resolution of which he had given notice some days ago, with reference to the relative merits of wide and narrow gauge railways. The question was of particular interest at the present time, when the country was engaged in an enterprise which would entail the expenditure of many millions of the people's money. But it was not merely in connection with the Intercolonial Railway, that the subject required the serious and earnest consideration of Parliament. When it was considered that there was, on all sides, a large and rapidly increasing demand for railway extension—that we were even now looking forward to a day when the shores of the Pacific would be connected with those of the Atlantic, and when the present Provinces of the Dominion would have railway communication with the Red River country and the contiguous territories—when we considered all this, it was only wise and prudent to devise the best and most economical means of building our railways. He had already, on a previous occasion, called attention to the experiments that had been made in England and elsewhere with respect to narrow gauge railways. It had been shewn, beyond dispute, that the new system of which he now wished particularly to speak, would save at least two fifths of the amount that had been hitherto supposed to be the legitimate cost of constructing railways. It was supposed that the cost of the Intercolonial Railway would be something like $20,000,000, and if it could be shewn that it could be constructed for three-fifths of that amount under the new system—that an equally durable and in some respects a more satisfactory road could be built for $12,000,000, instead of $20,000,000—then it would be admitted that a great boon would be conferred on the people of the Dominion. He did not, of course, pretend to be an authority on such matters, but he would ask the House to refer to reliable accounts of what had been done in Wales and other countries, and they would see from the testimony of engineers and other persons of undoubted ability, that it had been demonstrated that a narrow gauge possessed decided advantages over wide gauges, not merely in an economical point of view, but as regards construction and management. Every one knew the great strides that had been made within a very few years, in the production of articles tending to the saving of labour, and the comfort of society in general. Reaping and sowing machines had been multiplied, and added materially to the improvement of agriculture. Every family now acknowledged the benefit of the sewing machine. Photography reproduced the likenesses of our friends with wonderful skill and fidelity. Steam was forced into supplying man's wants in a thousand ways, and the electric spark flew from country to country, no ocean or sea being able to arrest its progress. It was not strange, therefore, when improvements were so constantly made in all the departments of science and mechanical skill, that we should be on the eve of a new era in railways. If it were the fact that the narrow gauge, such as he spoke of, could be constructed at so low a rate compared with the old gauge, then it was clearly the duty of the Government to inquire into the subject, and obtain all the information within their reach. It might be said that it was now too late to change the system on which the Intercolonial Road was to be constructed, but the House must know that the only portion that was actually laid down, was the line between Halifax and Truro, and that between Sackville and Moncton, or altogether about a hundred miles, of which the gauge was fixed. A large portion of the line between Halifax and Truro, however, could not be considered sufficient for the work expected from it. It had been in operation for many years, and the rails were already pretty well worn out. Under any circumstances there were sufficient reasons to show the necessity of investigating the subject, and obtaining a report respecting it, that would enable the House to deal with it in a practical shape. He had always taken a deep interest in the question of Railway construction, and had at one time held an official position in connection with such works in the Province of Nova Scotia. He was an advocate for the economical building of railways wherever they were practicable, for he believed that they were indispensable to the progress of every country. Mr. McCully then cited a number of eminent authorities in favour of the new system—referring especially to the operations in Wales, in connection with the Festiniog Railway, and the Fairlie Engines—and went on to say that he hoped that the Government would not refuse to look into the subject, but would allow an enquiry to be made into the merits of a system which was represented to possess such a superiority in many essential features over the old mode of building railways. It was only necessary to be present at the meetings of the Committee on the Red River to see the great advantages that that country offered to emigrants. All the witnesses, without exception, united in describing it as "a magnificent country;" and under those circumstances it was most advisable to so economise our means as would best enable the Dominion to open up speedy communications with so noble a region. At the present time, the Dominion had as the Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway, a gentleman of unquestioned ability in his profession, and there was no doubt that any report he might prepare on the subject, would be received with respect and found invaluable to the country. In conclusion, the hon. gentleman amended his third resolution, which reads as follows:—

Resolved,—That it is of great importance that the Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway, should report, with all convenient speed what saving there would be, if any, per mile, in finishing the sections of Railway contracted for over the country traversed by the Intercolonial with a gauge not exceeding three feet in width, compared with a gauge of five feet six inches in width, and also what would be the difference of cost per mile, to construct and finish a Railway on the same site as the Intercolonial, bridging, tunnelling and Rolling Stock included, adapted to a three feet and a five feet six inch gauge, and as to the economy of working such gauge respectively.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER seconded the resolution.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that he was glad that the hon. gentleman did not appear to attach any importance to the passage of the first and second resolutions, for it was not advisable to pledge the House to the policy which they embodied. The experiments respecting the railways referred to might have resulted in the surprising way that had been mentioned, but nevertheless, it would never do for the House or for the country to come to conclusions on what were, after all, mere experiments. It would be imprudent to ask the House to express a decided opinion at the present stage of the question, and, therefore, he was glad that the hon. gentleman did not seem disposed to press the two first resolutions. With respect to the third resolution, he saw no objection to its passage, and to obtaining from the Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway a report as to the relative costs of the two systems of railway construction. The hon. gentleman must, however, see that there were many difficulties in the way of carrying out the narrow gauge at present. The Grand Trunk Railway which ran over so large a portion of the Dominion would be subject to a very great expense, were the change instituted. It should be borne in mind that the fact of having two guages for some years, would be a source of much expense. He had understood from the officers of the Great Western railway, where they have had two gauges, the snow and ice accumulated into a heavy mass between the rails and had to be removed by a pick-axe. It must be remembered, too, that the railways in the Lower Provinces are the property of the Dominion, and any expense that changes entailed would come out of the general funds. Under all the circumstances, therefore, the subject was surrounded with difficulty, and no hasty decision should be arrived at.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY did not deny that the question raised by the resolutions before the House was one of very considerable interest, but nevertheless it was as old as the commencement of the Railway system in England, for as far back as 1845 a Commission was appointed to enquire into the very same object. The question was one on which there must be very considerable diversity of opinion, and though he did not pretend to speak from a scientific point of view, yet there were several considerations which presented themselves to his mind as worthy the serious attention of the House before any one committed himself to the policy. It seemed to him very imprudent to defer to the report of a single engineer, however able, on a question involving such important interests. It must be remembered, too, that five feet six inches had been fixed by law as the gauge of the Intercolonial Railway, and could only be disturbed by special enactment. Again the rolling stock had, to a large extent, been tendered for, and he had a right to assume that it was under contract by this time. He was not prepared to say that the report of the engineer might not be a very wise one, but he was not willing to assume the responsibility of saying that all the tenders should be set at naught, and all the arrangements now entered into disturbed. Neither was he ready to take any step whatever that might have the tendency of delaying for a single day the construction of a great intercolonial work whose completion was so anxiously desired by the people of the Dominion. Without delaying the House any longer he would simply beg the hon. gentlemen to bear in mind that the change proposed was one which would give us a gauge not common to any system of Railways on this continent.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER was glad that the Government had consented to the passage of the Resolution under consideration. He had always been apprehensive that the Intercolonial Railway would not be a paying work, however necessary it might be in a military point of view. He thought it was very advisable to have every possible enquiry made into the new system of constructing railways which had been referred to by previous speakers. The only difficulty that occurred to his mind was, whether the engineer could give such a report as would lead the House or Government to a satisfactory conclusion or decisive action on the subject. The engineer was not in a position to make himself personally acquainted with the operation of the new system, and to furnish such a report as it was desirable to have. Still he felt that it was most important that the enquiry should be made, and his hope that it might lead to some decisive action before the Intercolonial Railway was completed. Every one felt the necessity there existed for constructing our railways as economically as practicable, and saving as much money as possible. He did not apprehend such great difficulties in connection with the matter as some gentlemen appeared to anticipate, and there could be little doubt that should the narrow gauge lines answer the expectations of their promoters they would be very generally adopted before many years have passed away.

Hon. Mr. REESOR said that the subject was of great importance when the House considered the large amount to be expended on Railways within a few years. If it were the fact that so large a saving could be effected by the new system in the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, then the House should urge the Government to obtain every possible information on the subject. The hon. gentleman then directed attention to what was being done in Ontario, in the construction of narrow gauge lines, and showed that it had been proved on reliable authority that such roads could be built at three-fifths of the cost of the wide gauge lines. When contractors had the facts before them they proposed to take the building of the contemplated rail roads for $16,000 a mile. Under these

circumstances, it was most advisable that we should not decide too hastily with respect to the mode in which the Intercolonial would be built. It would have been preferable, he thought, had the resolution not confined the Government to obtaining the report of a single engineer, but had authorized them to make such enquiries as they might think necessary, with respect to the practical operation of those lines which have been working for some time.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD was in accord with those gentlemen, who had declared that the subject was one of much importance, that demanded the earnest consideration of the House and Government. He had been among those who were of the opinion from the first that the Intercolonial Railway was a work which would never pay. If it were possible with due regard to the efficiency of the road, to economize in its construction to the extent that some gentlemen claimed was practicable, then there ought to be no hesitation whatever as to the urgency of the proposed enquiry. The Dominion had already very heavy burthens to bear, it was acknowledged that the revenues did not now meet the expenditures, and under these circumstances he thought the present question should be investigated as fully as its importance demanded.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY said that there might be a saving in the roadway and sleepers, but there could certainly be none in the rails and chairs. Neither was he able to see how there could be any saving in the rolling stock, although his hon. friend who seconded the resolution appeared to intimate there would be; for the same number of passengers and the same quantity of traffic would have to go over the narrow gauge lines.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER pointed out some respects in which the new system would be economical, and again urged the importance of having all the information that could be procured on the subject. The House should consider carefully the significant fact that there was not a railway north of Boston, that had not been proved to be a dead loss to the capitalists interested in them and he did not see much chance of change for the better, under the present expensive system. The question of constructing railways on a cheaper and equally durable principle would have to come up for practical solution sooner or later; and it was therefore only wise to make the proposed enquiry.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that he was not laying down any rules for the guidance of the Government. All that he was desirous of achieving was to obtain a searching inquiry into the subject. If it should be found that four and a half feet was the most desirable gauge, there was no reason to prevent them so reporting. He did not pretend to speak authoritatively on the subject, but had simply given the House the authority of men acknowledged to be most eminent in their respective departments.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY asked what was the nature of the experiments that had induced the people of Ontario to enter upon the construction of narrow gauge lines.

Hon. Mr. REESOR replied that Sir Chas. Fox should be considered sufficient authority in connection with the subject. He had devised the plan of the Crystal Palace, and had been subsequently employed in engineering the narrow gauge railways, which had proved so far eminently successful in Norway, Sweden, and New South Wales. The railways in the West had not been hastily commenced, but had been initiated upon the reports of most competent authorities. Toronto would hardly have granted a bonus of $400,000 to one line, unless it had satisfactory information with respect to the system. Neither would smaller municipalities have granted a million of dollars, unless the evidence before them had been satisfactory. It was expected that lines could be built for $15,000 a mile.

Hon. Mr. McLELAN, who was almost inaudible in the gallery, pointed out difficulties in connection with the carrying out the new system, and doubted if the narrow gauge would effect any such saving as its promoters contended for. It was possible, he thought, to construct a road with sharp curves, which would cost less than the road with the broader gauge; but there would be the difference in speed to be considered. But on the Intercolonial Railway such sharp curves would be attended with great difficulties. It had often been urged that snow would be one of the obstacles to the satisfactory working of the Intercolonial line during certain weeks of the year, and it was the experience of gentlemen connected with Railroads that the chief difficulty arising from snow occurred in the sharp curves. Then it must be remembered that really the only saving that could be made would be in the centre of the road, which would be necessarily narrower. He did not think when the report of the engineer was presented, there would be found any appreciable saving in the cost of the narrow, as compared with the wide gauge. There might be some less expense in the working of the road and that was all, so far as he had been able to ascertain from the consideration he had been able to give to the subject.

The resolution, as amended, was then agreed to.

The consideration of the items on the orders of the day was postponed until the next day, and the House then adjourned at six o'clock.

OTTAWA, April 21, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock, and after the usual routine, the orders of the day were proceeded with.

On motion of Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR, the report from the Committee of Contingent Accounts was agreed to.

THE GOVERNMENT VESSELS.

Hon Mr. MITCHELL moved the second reading of the Bill "to make provision for discipline on board of Canadian Government vessels," and, in doing so, explained that the object was to make such regulations as were necessary for vessels engaged in the protection of the fisheries and in the employ of the Dominion generally. At present there was no specific law which could be applied to the case of such vessels.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY asked if the Bill applied to persons of the class of sailors solely.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied that the Bill covered all duties in connection with such vessels. It provided that the master should read the Act to every person engaged for service, and before entering on his duty.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY wished to know if the vessels were armed.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied that they were to a certain extent.

Hon. Mr. RYAN enquired if the men would be employed in a sort of naval service.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said they would be a sort of marine police. The Bill simply deviated from the Merchant's Shipping Act, where it was necessary to meet the circumstances of the case.

Hon. Mr. RYAN said that his object was to know whether they would not be under more stringent regulations than they would be in ordinary vessels.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied that such regulations would be very desirable for the efficiency of the service. But the House knew perfectly well that the country was hardly yet prepared to go further at present than it was proposed to do in the Bill.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD asked if the men would be drilled.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied in the negative, and also explained in answer to queries put to him by other gentlemen that the vessels would be under the direction of two officers—Captain Scott and Captain Lavoie, each of whom would have a particular jurisdiction and the control of certain vessels, each however, would have independent control, and be accountable to the Government.

The Bill was read a second time and ordered to be sent to the Committee on Monday next.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, the "Nova Scotia Bank Notes Resolutions Bill" was read a second time.

The hon. gentleman explained that heretofore the Banks in that Province were limited to the issue of Notes of twenty dollars each, and the object of the Bill was remove the restriction.

The Bill respecting Ferries, and the Bill to amend the charter of the Halifax Merchants' Bank, both from the House of Commons—were read a second time.

The report respecting Public Printing was sent back to Committee, for the purpose of amending it, on motion of Hons. Messrs. SIMPSON and SANBORN.

A Message was received from the House of Commons asking the presence of the Clerk of the Senate, for the purpose of being examined before the Committee of Public Accounts.

After some remarks from Hons. Messrs. BOTSFORD and LETELLIER DE ST. JUST the matter was allowed to stand over for the present.

The House then adjourned.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Building Sites for Sale—H McLean
Tenders—John Carling
Ottawa River Navigation Company—R W Shepherd
Catalogue Sale—J Bermingham
Corn Planter—D McCullough
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

UNION IS STRENGTH.

It is impossible to be otherwise than pleased with the leading organ of the opposition just now. The *Globe* is becoming intensely honest, and gravely circumspect. It warns, but means, well towards those whom it notifies of danger. With the exception of a want of trowsers for the Artillery, the Militia Department is well ordered as was testified during "the scare." There was a hungriness about the troops on account of bad management on the part of the Commissariat—cold coffee and no bread once or twice—but on the whole, the *Globe* is pleased with our warlike arrangements and has arrived at the conclusion that all the people of Canada are British subjects. "We did not, says the *Globe* draw the dividing lines, which it pleases the Government organ to mark out; we looked upon them all (French and English) as British subjects and Canadians, and recommended that they should be so regarded by the Minister of Militia. We wished to see them ranged side by side in the same company and regiment, it is the Government that desires to make a distinction between the two peoples, and fosters the differences that already exist by forming them into different organizations." In spirit these words are very good. The strong desire to amalgamate the two races in companies and regiments is very beautifully and strikingly displayed. It is that which would take the kilts from the highland regiments of the line, and do away with that distinctive *esprit de corps* which inspirits a Black-Watch, the Faugh-a-ballaghs, the Welsh Fusileers, and the English Buffs. It is the spirit which would make the Sepoy serve not with Sepoys, but among men, who have no respect whatever for their peculiarities. But it is proof strong as holy writ—that the *Globe* does not desire to stir up distinctive feelings or produce a war of races. "We don't" says the *Globe*. "We have from the first sought to prevent those actions of the Government, which common sense told would cause distinctive feelings; the warnings we gave were disregarded, and events have shown their correctness." This is pleasantly emphatic and pleases us amazingly. The *Globe* goes on thus: "Another question from Ottawa: 'Is the *Globe* anxious to bring about a war of "races"? No, the *Globe* is most anxious to prevent the possibility of such a catastrophe." That would have been well. The *Globe*, however, adds, "and seeing the danger which lurks in employing regiments wholly composed of French Canadians against French Canadian half-breeds acting under clerical advice, we have warned the Government against taking the steps to which it evidently inclines." The *Globe* in these remarks is seemingly honest, but the history of the formation of regiments from the most discontented, warlike, and individually, or rather clannishly independent of the different races of which Great Britain is made up—the Scotch Highland regiments—conclusively shows that men once put under arms and reduced to obedience, lose all individuality and are merely parts of a machine. There need be no fear of a mutiny, after the men have left home. The 42nd did mutiny before first leaving for a far off land. That never again occurred. That finest of all regiments never repeated the experiment at Plymouth. Men cannot be soldiers and be free, but they can be brave. That is the nature equally of Frenchmen and Englishmen. The army obeys nothing but its officers. No clerical influence affects any army. There the word obey is mightier even than the word pray. The *Globe*, however, means well, and we therefore publish the conclusion of his comments upon our own utterances:—

'The Times asks—

"To exterminate Riel is it necessary, or even expedient in the eyes of the *Globe*, to crush out Lower Canada from any interference with Dominion concerns? Would the *Globe* put French speaking Canadians in fetters to subdue Riel and his associates?"

What on earth has Lower Canadian interference with Dominion concerns, or the suggested fettering of French Canadians, to do with the method of organizing the force for Red River or the subjugation of Riel? We don't want to fetter any one except Riel, and that person only for a short time and we want just that interference in Dominion concerns from Lower Canada that it is entitled to, no more nor no less. After several questions of a like order the Times says—

"British authority can be re-established in the North West, without recourse to measures which would greatly insult the feelings of those who are, in truth, as British as ourselves and very much more Conservative. The people of Quebec have the greatest possible interest in remaining attached to Great Britain. On that attachment their existence, political, social, and religious depends. They cannot withdraw from British connection without fatal consequences to themselves * * * annexation would be death to Lower Canada, while it might be only disgrace and increased taxation to Ontario. Toronto would expand then as now, and so might Quebec, but not as Quebec now grows. Her learning, laws, and manners would all decline."

Putting aside the very left-handed compliment conveyed in the remark about Quebec's Conservatism, we can only understand this tirade by supposing that the Ottawa *Times* is resolved on exciting the very war it professes a desire to avoid. Many of the Lower Canadian journals are endeavouring to stir up strife between the two peoples; we are endeavouring to prevent that, and find the Government organ going as far as it decently can to thwart our efforts. As the *Times* says, we have given the [illegible] another warning. If they reject that, as they have done the others, they do so on their own responsibility. The magazine which may blow the peace of Canada to atoms is there, and the Government seem anxious to lay the train that any chance spark may ignite.

It is not fair, however, to charge us with blowing a spark to ignite a train and blow up a magazine, or do anything disagreeable in that line. At all events we shall not attempt to spring a mine upon our contemporary without due warning, glad as we are to find him him even temporarily friendly.

DEATH OF JAMES MOIR FERRES, ESQ.

James Moir Ferres is dead. To us, who knew him intimately, the death of Mr Ferres produces a feeling of intense sadness. He was a man of great energy, of indisputable talent, and was possessed of most kindly feelings. It is now a long past period since Mr. Ferres first attracted public notice by the vigor of his writings and the acuteness of his understanding. A native of Aberdeen in Scotland, he early came to Canada and employed his energies for a number of years in the humble but useful capacity of a teacher of youth. Afterwards obtaining an appointment as an officer of Excise, he, about the time of the passage of the Rebellion Losses Bill took an active part in politics, and having defended Lord Elgin against attacks made upon him on the hustings by Mr now Mr. Justice—Drummond, the party in power took umbrage and he was dismissed from this petty appointment by the nobleman whom he had unwittingly defended. Rising to the occasion, he appealed to the public, in a series of letters, which were well received by the opponents of Lord Elgin's administration, and shortly afterwards he was enabled to obtain by purchase possession of the Montreal *Gazette*, when he displayed such an aptitude for public affairs, that he was soon afterwards returned to Parliament as member for Missisquoi. It was not long after he had obtained a seat in the Legislative Assembly of Canada, that a change of Ministry took place, when Mr. Ferres became an ardent and prudent supporter of the McNab-Morin administration. Subsequently, he resigned his Parliamentary position for that of Prison Inspector, an appointment, which he filled with his usual application and tact for several years, and during the last session of Parliament he received from those who knew him well and appreciated his services, to the state, the somewhat lucrative and honourable position of Warden of the Dominion Penitentiary. That position he has not long enjoyed. A few days ago it was ascertained that he laboured under cancer of the stomach, and that his recovery was hopeless. On Wednesday night his sufferings were ended, and he is now at rest, leaving a large family behind him to mourn the loss of a kind husband and prudent father.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

In concurrence on Supply,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved an amendment that the item for salaries in Nova Scotia should not be more than in New Brunswick, which was carried by 68 to 66.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an amendment, expressing regret of the House that Ministers should increase salaries, when it is necessary to make economies on account of the deficit in the revenue, and when the salaries of the servants of the House are reduced.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government would treat this as a vote of want of confidence.

Hon. J. SANDFIELD MACDONALD would oppose it on this ground.

Mr. LA VESCONTE—Though he had come here to oppose the Government, he had less confidence in the Opposition from their motions. He would vote against the amendment.

MR. MASSON (Soulanges) moved an amendment to the amendment that no public officer be paid more than one salary.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD and SIR GEORGE E. CARTIER both repeated that they would accept MR MACKENZIE's motion as a vote of want of confidence.

MR. MASSON's motion after some discussion was declared out of order.

HON. MR. ANGLIN while he would be sorry that the Ministry should accept MR. MACKENZIE's motion as one of want of confidence yet he felt constrained to vote for it.

After some remarks from MR. MACKENZIE and MR. AULT,

MR. MACKENZIE's motion was lost, Yeas 53; nays 92.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER showed there was no comparison between the services in Nova Scotia equalised by Hon. Mr. HOLTON's amendment. The population in Nova Scotia was larger, and the service more extended. Public interests would suffer from the vote.

The debate was continued by Hon. Messrs. Howe and Anglin, and Hon. Sir George E. Cartier and Mr. Bolton.

Mr. Masson (Soulanges) proposed his North West amendment.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier asked him to withdraw it as it had no relevancy to the item to which he moved it in amendment.

Mr. Masson refused, and declared the attempt to subdue the North West would lead to a war of race and creed.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald moved the adjournment of the debate on this item.

Mr. Mackenzie called attention to the remarkable statements of Mr. Masson, which he condemned.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald said the debate was premature. He announced that the Government would shortly bring down a policy, which he believed would command the confidence of the House.

On Penitentiary item, Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald announced the death of Mr. Ferres, and referred to him as a man of ability and administrative power.

A number of items of estimates were passed, and the House adjourned at two o'clock.

CARPET SALE.—Do not forget the carpet sale at Mr. Rowe's—It is to take place immediately after the sale of pianos. There is two particular points worthy of note with Mr. Rowe's sales—he never advertises goods that he has not got for sale, nor does he call the public together without selling the goods he has advertised.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 20, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) moved a resolution declaring that the construction and management of the Intercolonial Railway ought to be placed under the direct control of the Government. He maintained that there was a feeling of intense dissatisfaction in Ontario with respect to its management, and the hon. members for Sherbrooke and Grenville had pointed out a mode of management by which a large amount of money could have been saved. He did not expect economy from the Government, which had opposed a reduction of $41,000 on the contingent expenses of the House, but that reduction had been made, and was a justification of the course pursued by independent members. He contended that there would be no inconsistency in changing the Act or the policy of Government, and referred to the modification which had taken place in the Nova Scotia policy, and probable changes in policy with respect to the North West. No one had supposed when the Intercolonial Railway Act passed, that Government would have appointed men to superintend it who knew nothing about it. Hon. D'Arcy McGee had said that Commissioners would be appointed who would be up to their work. Mr. Brydges had experience as a railway manager, but he had quite enough to do to attend to the Grand Trunk Railway. He could find nothing in the Act rendering it necessary to retain the Commissioners and Chief Engineer. Government certainly had a right to change its employees without referring to the Imperial Government. He referred to the speech of Mr. Walsh to his constituents, in which he [Mr. Walsh] said the Commissioners had made a trip along the route, and had reversed the decision of Chief Engineer Fleming, with regard to the construction of the road. The Commissioners had only made a flying trip at eight miles a day, and Mr Fleming had been five years and had cost the country $169,000, and his opinion had been set aside. Intelligent contractors had travelled over the line and found Mr. Fleming's statements literally correct, and had characterized the method of taking contracts allowed by Government as a leap in the dark. To prove that there was dissatisfaction in Ontario, he read from articles published in papers supporting Government condemning the management of the Intercolonial Commissioners. He enquired if they had performed the work according to the terms of their contracts. He criticised the manner in which contracts had been let, the school-boy certificates of character given by the Commissioners to contractors who had made mistakes, and begged to be allowed to withdraw their contracts—all of which he characterized as absurd, ridiculous and laughable. He contended that the Commissioners had neglected the public interests in many respects, and if they were retained with the Chief Engineer when there was such a divergency of opinion between the Commissioners and the Chief Engineer as to the mode of letting contracts, there would be nothing but extravagance and confusion.

The motion was put and lost. Yeas, 44; nays, 85.

YEAS.—Messrs. Bechard, Bertrand, Bodwell, Bowman, Brown, Carmichael, Cheval, Cimon, Costigan, Coupal, Dorion, Dufresne, Ferris, Geoffrion, Godin, Holton, Joly, Jones (Leeds and Grenville), Kempt, Langlois, MacFarlane, Mackenzie, McDougall (Renfrew), McMonies, Metcalf, Mills, Munroe, Oliver, Pelletier, Pickard, Redford, Renaud, Ross (Prince Edward), Ross (Wellington, C. R.), Rymal, Scatcherd, Scriver, Snider, Stirton, Tremblay, Wells, Whitehead, Wright (York, Ontario, W. R.), and Young.—44.

NAYS.—Messrs. Abbott, Anglin, Archambeault, Archibald, Ault, Beaty, Bellerose, Blanchet, Bowell, Bown, Brousseau, Burpee, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, (Inverness), Campbell, Caron, Sir George E. Cartier, Cartwright, Cassault, Cayley, Chauveau, Colby, Connell, Dobbie, Drew, Dunkin, Ferguson, Forbes, Fortier, Fortin, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gendron, Gibbs, Grant, Grey, Grover, Sir Francis Hincks, Holmes, Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Hutchison, Irvine, Keeler, Lacerte, Langevin, Lawson, LeVesconte, Macdonald (Glengarry), Sir J.A. Macdonald (Kingston), McDonald (Middlesex), Magill, Masson (Terrebonne), McConkey, McDougall (Three Rivers), McGreevy, McMillan, Morris, O'Connor, Paquet, Perry, Pinsonneault, Pope, Pouliot, Pozer, Ray, Read, Robitaille, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dundas), Ross (Victoria, N. S.), Ryan (King's N. B.), Simard, Simpson, Sproat, Tilley, Tupper, Wallace, Walsh, Webb, Wilson, Workman, and Wright (Ottawa County)—85.

Mr. RYMAL moved the adoption of the report of the Committee appointed to enquire into the unauthorized payment of $20,000 to the late Sir Allan McNab. He referred to the difficulty he had in getting this matter enquired into, and it was not a pleasure to himself. The action he had taken was based on information the Minister of Justice had given out—that no deed had ever been got for the property, that no order in Council had ever been passed for money, and that grave censure must rest upon some official who had without sufficient authority ventured to issue a warrant for $20,000. In moving for this Committee he regretted to see he had called down upon himself the indignation of his hon. friend at the head of the Government (laughter.) It had been necessary to refer to one who had passed away, but he had done this in as few words, and with a view to give as little offence as possible. He had only repeated part of a conversation he had had with Sir Allan McNab, and he (Mr. Rymal) contended he did not violate that confidence in giving part of that conversation. He only gave as much as tended to show that there was ill-feeling between Sir Allan and the Minister of Justice. For doing this he did not deserve the harsh treatment of the Minister of Justice, who was not the proper person to accuse him (Mr. Rymal) of impropriety. He (Sir John) had done this for the purpose of drawing attention from the part he had played in the transaction, and had called him (Mr. Rymal) "a hyena disinterring the dead;" but he would say that there was a colleague of the hon. gentleman at the present time who was said to have all the instincts of a hyena (laughter.) He had also been attacked by the newspaper organs of the Hon. Minister of Justice, especially by one "Citadel," for his brutality. But he would just as soon expect Brigham Young lecturing on Polygamy, as the Minister of Justice lecturing on impropriety (laughter.) If he wished to set apart a day for that purpose he would be ready for him (laughter.) He had been amused by the theatrical attitude of the Hon. Minister of Justice, with his eye rolling heavenward, like a Presbyterian elder (great laughter.) He had no desire to drag from the tomb the acts of one who had passed from amongst us, any further than to show the part the living had taken in the transaction, and he would pass from the dead Knight of Durdurn to the living Knight of Kingston. In the performance of his public duty no threats and no feeling of fear would deter him from saying anything he believed true and just, whether the man who made these threats be Knight or Baronet. From March 1862 to 1867 Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald says he never heard anything at all of this transaction, the business having been carried on between the Government and Hon. Isaac Buchanan and Hon. J. Hillyard Cameron. Now, he (Mr. Rymal) had been able to show that the hon. gentleman (Sir John) had been reminded of it in 1863, and then the subject passed away from his memory. He had then been charged on the floor of Parliament by Hon. George Brown with having perpetrated this job for the benefit of Sir Allan, who had failed to give a good title for the property. It had come to the knowledge of the Committee that there had never been any attempt made by the Government to procure a title for the property it intended to purchase, and that the Government had no agent acting in this matter; that the attorney and agent for the seller was also the attorney and agent for the Government; that the Government never instituted any enquiries as to the nature of the title to be had under the property, although they had been warned by Hon. Mr. Buchanan that the property was encumbered, and they would have to be very careful if they got a deed. Now this deed that came to light so providentially was no deed at all; it never was delivered to the Government, and had it been delivered, it conveyed no interest whatever in the property, for it was encumbered far beyond its value. At the time the Minister of Justice made a great ado about the providential discovery of this deed, he knew full well that the deed was not worth the paper upon which it was written, but he endeavoured to draw away the minds of the people and the minds of the members of this House from the real point by making statements he well knew were not facts. The Hon. Mr. Cameron has said the deed never was placed in the hands of the Government, and all the remarks of the hon. member was just so much bluster and so much salt blown in the face of the members of this House, (laughter). The hon. gentleman (Sir John A.) had said he never treated with Sir Allan in reference to the purchase, but a letter written by him had been referred to by Hon. Mr. Buchanan when before the Committee. Mr. Buchanan had been bearer of the letter, but it had never been produced. If it had been produced the milk of the cocoanut would have been discovered, (laughter). But providentially this letter had not appeared, and consequently we are only left to guess as to the context; but it conclusively proved that his hon. friend, the Minister of Justice, was not so totally ignorant of the transaction in its conception and carrying out as he would fain make the country believe. In a case of this kind a great deal is hidden from the public gaze, and we are obliged to grope in the dark for information, circumstantial evidence has to go a great way. Here certain things have been established. That this property was purchased; that it was paid for by a departmental officer; that no attempt was ever made to get a title; that notwithstanding money was paid, that this was allowed to remain years and years, and no one the wiser; and now we find out that the departmental officer has been blameable for issuing a warrant without sufficient authority. He (Mr. Rymal) would scarcely believe, notwithstanding all that had appeared before the Committee, that any departmental officer knowing his duty, as that departmental officer must, would have dared without some assurance to have issued a warrant for the payment of the money without proper authority. This departmental officer had been summoned before the Committee, and took the ground that the Order in Council for the purchase of the property was authority for the issue of the warrant for the payment of the money. He voluntarily returned next day and departed from this ground, and stated that he had asked Mr. Galt, who was then Inspector-General, about this matter, and Mr. Galt had told him to make sure that everything was right. When asked if he could inform us who gave him this assurance his memory was at fault; it was impossible to get any further information from him. Now, something has occurred of which we do not know, and we have a right to infer what it was from what we do know. He held that it was unreasonable to expect that any departmental officer would subject himself to dismissal by Government by departing from the strict order of things, unless he is either publicly or privately assured by his superior that it will be all right. He was convinced that the Government of his hon. friend the Minister of Justice was a party to the treaty for the purchase of this property, and they willfully and knowingly neglected the interest of the people for the purpose of changing Sir Allan from an inveterate enemy into a political friend; that they consented that the public treasury of the Province of Canada should be depleted to the tune of $20,000, and they trusted in that departmental officer to cover up the transaction and the public should never be any the wiser. He was bound to say he considered the Minister of Justice was to blame in this matter. The suspicions which had floated in his mind had now become confirmed convictions, and he must hold him (Sir John) responsible for the loss of $20,000. (Hear.) He submitted this matter without prejudice; but if that officer be retained in the public service after this act, then the confirmation will be as strong in his mind as Holy Writ that he did with the knowledge and consent and direction of the Government perform an act which would lead to his dismissal unless he had received an assurance that he would be protected for the unauthorized manner in which he issued this warrant. (Hear.) Sir, the vengeance of an outraged public will fall upon the men who perpetrated this job. (Hear.)

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he did not intend to discuss this matter at the same length the hon. gentleman (Rymal) had done, and his first impression was to make no reply to his very extraordinary and unparliamentary speech, but he now thought he had better say a few words. In the first place when this motion was made by the hon. gentleman it was a matter for the consideration of Parliament whether to grant a Committee at all. Whether there was anything improper in the conduct of the Government of the late Province of Canada was of no more importance to this House, and no more a matter for the supervision of this House, than if the charge had been brought against the late Governments of the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. (Hear.) It was a matter this House had nothing to do with, and into which this House had no right to inquire. It would have been quite competent for Parliament to refuse a Committee to enquire into a matter relating to the Government of the late Province of Canada, which, in fact, this is. (Hear.) The Government would have been quite justified in refusing a Committee and the House would have been justified in refusing it, but the hon. gentleman chose to impute certain motives to him of a strong personal character and commented on them in strong language. He (Sir John) had asked the House to grant a Committee. The Committeed had been chosen by the hon. gentleman himself, who had never consulted him (Sir John) or any member of the Government. But he saw they were all honorable men—members of this House—in whom any man could safely entrust his honour, and he did so unhesitatingly (hear). He had his reward in the report which the hon. gentleman (Mr. Rymal) moved, in which he (Sir John) concurred in every word. He knew he was safe: he was quite satisfied the hon. gentlemen on the Committee would do justice to himself and the Government of which he was then a member, though not the head. The circumstances of the case were simply these:—The Government of that day had resolved to build an asylum for the Deaf and Dumb in the Province of Ontario, and settled upon Hamilton as the place where that asylum should be erected for it was a fine town, and ought to have one of the public institutions of the country within its limits. The Hon. Isaac Buchanan, then member for Hamilton, was strongly interested in securing the advantage to his constituents of this institution. He kept continually pressing the matter, and Government carried a vote for the asylum, it being announced in Parliament at the time, that Hamilton should be the place. With regard to the site for the asylum, the Hon. Mr. Buchanan pressed strongly upon the Government that a portion of the McNab property near Dundurn should be selected. He (Sir John) knew as one of the Government, the general position of that property, for he had been there as a guest of Sir Allan McNab and knew it was as fine a place as in any part of Canada, and all the members of the Government knew the same thing, if it could be got at a reasonable price. The Government left it to the Hon. Isaac Buchanan, who was anxious to get a fine site, so that it would be creditable to the city and pleasing to its people. The Government accepted the site recommended by Mr. Buchanan, and asked the Hon. Mr. Cameron, the member for Peel, to appraise the property, and if suitable, the Government would buy it. There was a valuation of the property by these two gentlemen; and Government agreed to buy the property at the price at which they valued it. That was simply the whole transaction. An order in Council was passed authorizing the purchase at that price; and that was the only order in Council. That then was the last of the transaction so far as he or any one of the Government knew of it. Before the title was complete, before any payment was made, the Government on the 20th May, 1862, was defeated on the Militia Bill, and they resigned on that day. They only held their offices until their successors were appointed, and only did acts of absolute necessity or routine. On the 21st or 22nd, the cashier of the Bank of Upper Canada, who was a creditor of Sir Allan McNab, and who looked to this money to be re-imbursed, went to the Deputy Inspector General and got his warrant on the order in Council. This order in Council gave him no authority, and it was worse than a blunder—it was gross carelessness to give that money. It is not pretended nor shewn in any way that there was any authority of any kind for that officer to issue that warrant. The only member of the retiring Government who could, by any possibility give the authority, was the Inspector General—then Mr. Galt—now Sir Alexander Galt. When Mr. Dickinson asked Mr. Galt about paying the money, Mr. Galt told him he must see if it was all right; and without seeing that it was all right he paid the money. If any money has been lost, it is in consequence of an act of carelessness of Mr. Dickinson, the Deputy Inspector General. With reference to the charge made by the Hon. George Brown he would say Parliament voted the money for the asylum. Such was the state of the case; and why the hon. gentleman (Mr. Rymal) should go out of his way because he (Sir John A.) happened to sit on a different side of the House, and to make it a general matter against himself (Sir John A.) he could not understand. The charge is that the whole Government of that day corruptly advanced £5,000 for the purpose of bribing Sir Allan McNab. If it were true, it was not he (Sir John A.) that did it, but the Government did it; and would it be supposed for a moment they would do that for the purpose of healing an old quarrel of his, with Sir Allan McNab. Sir Allan was then a man they did not care anything for politically. The charge was absurd, on the face of it. Sir Allan McNab could bring no strength to this (Sir John A's) Government, or to any Government; his power and position had gone long before, he had no means at that time of either injuring the Government or promoting or aiding it, or being any advantage to them; and the charge was altogether unfounded. He regretted extremely that such ground had been taken. He had no enmity against Sir Allan, though he might show how very deeply he had been injured by that gentleman, but he did not allow his injuries to last. He was not a vindictive man; and did nothing in consequence of any differences with Sir Allan that unhappily arose, to prevent Mr. Buchanan carrying out this transaction as he was strongly in favour of purchasing this property. He was desirous that it should be purchased, he was anxious that Sir Allan who had held a distinguished position in Canada, and who, in his old age was in great pecuniary straits should be relieved if he could fairly and with due regard to the public interest. It was a pleasure to him to be instrumental in securing the site selected by the representative of the people of Hamilton, and at the same time show he harboured no malice in consequence of olden quarrels, certainly not forgotten but forgiven by me (hear,) a fair valuation of the property was made by hon. Mr. Buchanan and hon. Mr. Cameron. He (Sir John) wrote in the letter referred to by the hon. gentlemen, that they must be careful to see the property was fairly valued the price must be fair, and the title a good one [hear,] the money ought not to have been paid until the title was made good, and if he had remained Attorney General the money would have been paid (hear.) The vote having passed, the Government would have been called upon by the people of Hamilton to proceed with the construction of the building. But the defeat of the Government had changed the whole affair (hear).

Mr. MACKENZIE did not agree with the hon. Minister of Justice on the ground that this matter ought not to have been brought before this House, and that this House could properly reject it. The House would remember that in all matters affecting the late Province of Canada, there was no other tribunal before which such matters could be brought. Here was a matter that must necessarily be brought before this House, and if they were not competent no other tribunal existed which could take cognizance of it. The hon. gentleman [Sir John] dare not refuse an investigation into a matter affecting the interests of the late Province of Canada. This was perhaps to be regretted, because there would be matters brought up in which the hon. gentlemen from the Lower Provinces could take no interest. There was one or two circumstances connected with this matter which ought to be brought before the notice of this House. The hon. gentleman [Sir John] says the Government by which this job was perpetrated, was defeated on the 20th May, and this transaction took place the next day. His impression was—speaking from memory—that they did not go out of office until the 24th of May, and the House was twice adjourned before the Hon. Sandfield McDonald had formed his administration, so that they were in office administering affairs three full days after this affair took place. There was another remarkable circumstance in the valuation of this property, which was the exact amount Parliament voted in 1852 and 1853. This was a curious coincidence. He denied the competency of the two gentlemen appointed to value the property. He thought parties intimately acquainted with the value of real estate in that neighborhood, were the proper parties to act as valuators. The Hon. Mr. Buchanan having been a merchant in Hamilton, might be fairly presumed to have some knowledge of property there; but as for the member for Peel—without saying one word against that gentleman—it must be remembered that he was simply a professional man, and not one dealing in real estate, and also the solicitor of Sir Allan McNab, and altogether not the person who ought to have been appointed in justice to the Provinces, and in justice to himself, to value this property about to be acquired by the Government. These circumstances undoubtedly point to the suspicion, that there was a desire on the part of the Government to effect a reconciliation with Sir Allan McNab. The hon. gentleman (Sir John A.) says the Government did not stand in need of his assistance at that time; that he had no influence; that he was powerless to injure them. He (Mr. Mackenzie) did not admit that. He knew that some years previous to that, Sir Allan had far more influence with his own party, but he was not by any means powerless at that time, and at the time when the hon. gentleman (Sir John A.) and his ministry were defeated, they expected close voting in the coming session, and perhaps for a number of years ahead, and it was of the utmost importance to consult one who had held a leading position in the Conservative party of the country. Under these circumstances we find this transaction taking place. Sir Allan McNab had been bitterly hostile up to this moment—the valuation of this property was made by a friendly political man and by his own solicitor, both appointed by the Government, and contemporaneous with this transaction, Sir Allan was conciliated and afforded support to the Government. The Government was in office three days after this transaction was completed, and ought to have known what had taken place, unless they admit they were guilty of the most culpable negligence (hear).

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—In what way?

Mr. MACKENZIE—In not looking after the administration of the officers of the Departments.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Does the hon. gentleman mean to say that we ought to have looked after the issuing of warrants.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Not in the case of ordinary warrants; but this was an extraordinary case, and should have been looked after. He would like to know why the Government passed an order in Council to pay this money, when they knew nothing about the title of the property. The hon. gentleman had not alluded to that point yet.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was quite plain. The valuation was made in October, 1861, but as he had before explained, there were no further steps then taken, because Government were in no hurry, as they had a lease of the premises at Hamilton, and it was left altogether to Sir Allan McNab. In March, when Parliament met in Quebec, Mr. Buchanan came down as a member, and pressed upon Government to complete the arrangement that existed merely verbally before, and an order in Council was passed on the 10th of March, authorizing the purchase upon the valuation of these two gentlemen, of five or six acres of land, for the erection of a Deaf and Dumb Asylum, for £5,000, to be paid out of the appropriation made by Parliament. That was the authority to purchase. The title or deed could not be got before the purchase (hear).

Mr. MACKENZIE thought it was evident some member of the Government had a good deal to do with the whole affair. It was at the instigation of the manager of the Bank of Upper Canada, that the departmental officer issued the warrant, and apparently he must have been influenced very considerably by the statement of the manager of this Government Bank. He (Mr. Mackenzie), had merely to say that while he had not a word to say in behalf of the officer who appears to have acted contrary to law, and also officers to have acted in accordance with the custom of the Departments in conducting public business very carelessly, and that his superiors appear to be willing, to sacrifice him in order to cover themselves (hear).

Mr. SCATCHERD said it appeared that no order in Council had been issued for the payments of the money. The statement with reference to the deed being forthcoming was worth nothing, for there was no deed forthcoming to show that the Government owns the property. There was nothing in the evidence to show that any person either directly or indirectly was implicated in the payment of the money, except the officer himself, and there was nothing to implicate the Minister of Justice or any Minister of the Crown (hear). There was the question whether the officer who made the payment wrongfully was to be continued in office or not. If his conduct could not be justified, he should be dismissed; but, if he was continued in office it would be presumed that his conduct was justified.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he was not in a position to consider the question of the adoption of the report until he had seen the report and evidence, which ought to be laid before the House. He suggested that the hon. member should withdraw his motion till the member had seen the report and evidence.

After some discussion Mr. Rymal withdrew his motion as suggested.

It being six o'clock the House arose.

The Assizes.

Queen vs. Reiffenstein.—On this case again coming before the Court, the prisoner, by his Counsel, withdrew his previous plea of "Not Guilty" on the second indictment for larceny, and pleaded "Guilty on the 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th counts," the same as those on which he was convicted on the first indictment.

Mr. Richards, Q. C., then stated that he was prepared to go on with another indictment for felony, but the Judge stated that he considered it altogether unnecessary to proceed on any further charges, unless Mr. Richards thought that, in the interests of Justice, such ought to be done. That he considered the whole case as one in point of criminality, and that, therefore, to whatever extent the number of charges might be multiplied, he should not feel justified in increasing the sentence.

Upon this Mr. Richards did not press the matter further, but moved for the judgment of the Court on the indictments for misdemeanor and larceny, on which the prisoner had been convicted.

The prisoner was then brought into Court to receive sentence.

Mr. Richards moved the sentence of the Court on the conviction for misdemeanor.

After asking the prisoner whether he had anything to say, who replied that he wished to say that the whole matter was a mistake, which he could have explained, on which the Judge expressed his surprise that the prisoner could make such a statement.

Mr. Justice Galt stated—I am deeply grieved at the position in which you stand. Of course, to a person like yourself, and who has filled the position in life which you have, no observations which I could make would be of any avail.

In an evil hour you have been tempted to violate the trust which was reposed in you, and it is utterly impossible, but that, in the ends of justice, a severe example should be made of you.

The sentence however would have been considerably more severe, had it not fortunately happened that in some of the cases the money has been returned, and also that, after being away, you came back to this country.

With regard to this indictment of which you have been found guilty, the judgment of Court is, that you be imprisoned in the common gaol of this county, for one month.

I have not added hard labour, in order that, in the event of your being desirous of making any settlement of your affairs, you may have an opportunity of doing so.

Mr. Richards then moved for judgment on the conviction for larceny.

The prisoner made no remarks, and the Judge stated that he had nothing further to add, except that there were circumstances which rendered it bitterly painful to him to be placed in this position of having to sentence him, and that, on the indictment for larceny, of which the prisoner had been found guilty, the sentence of this Court was that he be imprisoned, with hard labor, in the Provincial Penitentiary for four years from and after the expiration of the term of one month from this date, and that he be then discharged.

The Judge then passed sentence upon the second conviction for larceny, for a period of four years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary concurrent with the term of the previous sentence.

At about 3 p. m. the Grand Jury entered and made the following Presentment:—

The Grand Jury of the present Assizes, of the County of Carleton, most respectfully present:

1. The Jurors have heard with satisfaction your Lordship's reference to the lightness of the criminal callendar, and they are gratified to find that there are so few occupants of the jail, and that none of them are charged with heinous offences. In visiting the jail, which they found in that clean, orderly condition, for which it has been so often deservedly commended, the Jurors noted three cases only among the prisoners requiring mention, and these cannot be [illegible] inal ones.

The first of these is that of an idiot named Craig, confined upon [illegible] which the Crown Counsel has [illegible] prefer, and which the Grand Jury have reason to believe was made for the purpose of securing his admission [illegible]. The next is that of an unfortunate named Fraser, guilty only of the [illegible] of being epileptic, and of falling [illegible] streets, thereby obstructing the [illegible] and hence taken up and confined [illegible] of vagrancy, for the purpose of [illegible] maintenance and exemption from [illegible]. The last case is one of insanity [illegible] in the past fortnight, pending [illegible] Rockwood. In the corridor, [illegible] three female prisoners, who are [illegible] with any indictable offense, but [illegible] most abandoned class, and [illegible] of any article of furniture, there [illegible] floor, with her head reclining [illegible] grating, a young and comely [illegible] clad, without shoes or stockings [illegible] her arms secured behind her back [illegible] ly talking or screaming. This [illegible] necessary to prevent her tearing [illegible] articles of clothing; but the [illegible] arms prevented her from lying [illegible] the little care which could be given in such a place, the Jurors [illegible] she is necessarily dependent upon [illegible] ance (and this probably comprises [illegible]) female prisoners above referred to [illegible] the Jury are sensible of the great [illegible] of such associations, [illegible] insanity, they are not prepared [illegible] ther, in this case, even such company is not better than none at all.

In these three cases of [illegible] insanity is exemplified the fact that [illegible] are, temporarily at least, made use of [illegible] pitals for Incurables, [illegible] less, and as places of [illegible] cases of insanity which [illegible] least possible loss of time, [illegible] the proper treatment; and [illegible] feel it their duty to present [illegible] case to your Lordship [illegible] further and better provision [illegible] probability that such use of [illegible] continue for an indefinite period [illegible] desirable that some better [illegible] way of furniture, attendance [illegible] should be attached to them, [illegible] plication of remedial measures [illegible] patients await transfer to the [illegible]. The Jail of this county is a [illegible] structure, well ventilated, [illegible] plied with water, and, fortunately, [illegible] half occupied by prisoners. At present [illegible] are only twenty prisoners, while [illegible] over ninety cells. One of the corridors [illegible] fore, might be set apart for the [illegible] pose.

With respect to the existing [illegible] of the jail the only suggestion [illegible] Grand Jury feel called upon to make [illegible] construction of yard privies for the [illegible] working prisoners, who are now [illegible] come inside and pass through the [illegible] for this purpose.

2. The increasing severity of the [illegible] all our tributary streams and rivers, [illegible] due to the removal of the forests and progress of cultivation, gives rise to [illegible] anxiety for the safety of most of our [illegible] and often to serious damage, and the [illegible] Jury allude to it for the purpose of [illegible] out some omissions in the existing laws [illegible] reference to bridges. For this purpose [illegible] special case is taken. The [illegible] two channels of the Rideau [illegible] mouth, one upon the highway [illegible] city of Ottawa with the incorporated [illegible] of New Edinburgh, with Rideau Hall [illegible] that portion of the Province of Quebec below the mouth of the Gatineau. These bridges are insecure, have been damaged, and being insufficient [illegible] sions for a traffic which has outgrown [illegible] require reconstruction. While the law provides for the joint liability of [illegible] in the case of county and county [illegible] and township, &c, it appears that [illegible] provision for one between a city and an incorporated village, the case in point. [illegible] some complication also from the [illegible] Green Island, which separates the bridges, and is now incorporated [illegible] Edinburgh, but which formerly belonged to Nepean, or to Gloucester, or to [illegible] is not known which [illegible] the fact that the boundaries of the Ottawa are at the water's edge, [illegible] mid channel. Also, from the [illegible] whether Ottawa is a county or a city [illegible] purpose—it being both for some [illegible] And further, from the fact that one [illegible] bridges was erected by the Government [illegible] the other by a Joint Stock Company, both were abandoned without being assumed by any other authority. [illegible] porations have been advised that they [illegible] liable, and as the question seems [illegible] ability rather than of unwillingness, [illegible] doubtful whether a legal assessment [illegible] made upon either, the Grand Jury are of opinion that a special statute is [illegible] case, as the thoroughfare is too important to be allowed to remain in this [illegible] discreditable predicament.

Turning to the other main avenue [illegible] city from the Province of Quebec—[illegible] the Suspension Bridge—the Jurors [illegible] similar insufficiency of accommodation [illegible] existing wooden bridges connecting [illegible] the city. The traffic in this quarter [illegible] bably quadrupled within the last few [illegible] and the Grand Jury refer to this because [illegible] novel feature which has arisen in [illegible] both to them, and also to one of the Edinburgh bridges, arising from [illegible] causes. In both cases the piling [illegible] large saw mills is upon one side of a [illegible] and the mill itself upon the other, and the bridge is used for communication between the two. The domestic business of these [illegible] for a considerable portion of the year, [illegible] upon the public bridge a greater traffic than from all other sources.

The Grand Jury feel that their reference to this subject would be incomplete without notice of Sapper's Bridge. The city [illegible] Ottawa is divided nearly in the centre by the Rideau Canal, a navigation which [illegible] bridges elevated about forty [illegible] water to secure uninterrupted traffic [illegible] the necessarily great cost of these [illegible] the Grand Jury see no early prospect [illegible] multiplication, unless the aid of the [illegible] authorities, and Sapper's Bridge is the [illegible] crossing of the Rideau Canal within the limits, and for some [illegible] it is a matter of interest to the whole [illegible] the traffic of which with that of the city [illegible] of adjoining portions of the Province of [illegible] bec is forced through a passage [illegible] feet in width.

In presenting the well known [illegible] of this passage the only suggestion [illegible] Jury feel warranted in making [illegible] of the parapets, and the substitution [illegible] a substantial railing on the outside [illegible] masonry, thus dividing the wheel [illegible] the foot walks. By this means the width of the masonry would be [illegible] the wheel traffic, adding another [illegible] width, and practically increasing the [illegible] of the bridge 5 per cent, as three [illegible] could then move abreast over it, where two can do so now.

The Grand Jury congratulate the county upon the decided progress of [illegible] a Central Railway, by which [illegible] expected that the Counties of [illegible] Renfrew will be brought into [illegible] by rail with the city of Ottawa [illegible] the first time—and they [illegible] there is a prospect that [illegible] Pembroke, the only two [illegible] portion of Ontario not [illegible] will be made so at no distant day. [illegible] is accomplished your Lordship [illegible] the Judges of Assizes, will [illegible] on the early opening of navigation [illegible] long and tedious drive over [illegible] in their worst condition.

The Grand Jury beg to congratulate your Lordship, and the country, upon [illegible] tion to the Bench, on this, the occasion of [illegible] first official visit to Ottawa.

All of which is most respectfully [illegible]

THOS. C. KEEFER, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

His Lordship concurred in the views [illegible] and after thanking them for the [illegible] paid himself, discharged them.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the [illegible] loyal style last month, and [illegible] citizens of the Dominion of Canada [illegible] the birth of their new and rising [illegible] but recovered invalids still feel that [illegible] would be too short to celebrate all [illegible] that celebrated Indian Medicine, [illegible] SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the [illegible] druggists in your locality.

Preliminary Examination in the Matter of the Charge of Murder against the Rev. Mr. Ritchot and A. H. Scott ! !

At three o'clock yesterday afternoon the remanded prisoners, Ritchot and Scott, were brought before Mr. O'Gara, Esq., Police Magistrate, to answer to the charge of having "aided, aided and abetted" in the murder of Thomas Scott, on the 4th of March last. A large crowd had assembled before the Police Court some time before the hour, and became somewhat turbulent in discovering that the Court House could not contain them. Judge Black, from the Red River Settlement, sat on the right of the Police Magistrate, and his Worship the Mayor on the left. Among those present were the Hon. J. S. Macdonald, W. Scott, M P P, J. M. Currier, M.P., and a large number of our prominent citizens. Mr Hugh Scott, the brother of the deceased, was also present. Messrs. Lees and Boulton appeared for the prosecution, and the Hon. John Hillyard Cameron for the prisoners. Mr Boulton stated that one of the most important witnesses, Mr. Commissioner Smith was absent in Montreal, meanwhile he was willing to proceed with the examination.

Judge Black was the first witness—I reside seven miles from Fort Garry, on the lower side of the river. Knew Thomas Scott; did not see him since November last. As a fact I know nothing of the shooting of Scott. I was at Winnipeg the day previous to the day of the alleged shooting. Knew Scott, the prisoner; saw him several times on the road down; had no conversation with him on the subject of the murder. The subject, if ever mentioned, must have been done in a casual manner.

William Dreever called—I am a store keeper at Winnipeg. I was a prisoner at Fort Garry. I left on the second of February. Knew Thomas Scott. He was a prisoner; he remained after I was released; was not in gaol with Scott. He had made his escape before I was arrested; know Scott, the prisoner, he was a resident of Mr. McKinney's, a merchant there. After my departure from Fort Garry I did not see him till I saw him in Ottawa; I had some conversation with the prisoner Scott; he said he was present at the shooting; this conversation occurred near the Russell House; I knew there was an insurrection at Fort Garry; I was arrested by order of Riel; did not see prisoner Scott among the armed force; saw Rev. Mr. Ritchot at the mass meeting of the French and English people; never saw him take any part in the rebellion.

Detective Davis—Know the prisoner Scott; conversed on the subject of the murder with him; heard him say he saw them bring out Scott to be shot, and that he followed at a distance; I believe it was to Mr. Hubbins and Mr. Ryan he made the statement; think he said the shooting of Scott occurred at Fort Garry; he said he had followed them because he could not resist the temptation; he saw six men fire, and saw the deceased fall. On being asked if he had been placed in his coffin alive, he said he did not believe it; the shooting took place on the 4th March last; he said some five balls took effect.

Charles Garrett—Am an Inn keeper at Fort Garry, have lived there for a 11 years—left there 22nd March last. There was a rising against the Queen's authority there. The leaders were Riel, Lepine and O'Donoghue; knew Scott, the prisoner; knew Thomas Scott; saw him last on the 7th December, was taken prisoner at the same time as he. Had heard he was to have been shot on the 4th March. Saw a person brought out from the fort from my window. I then saw smoke, and the body fall, heard no report from the guns being too far away. Could not say whether it was a man or women who was led out; the person was dressed in white. I was a distance of 700 or 800 yards. I did not see Thomas Scott among the released prisoners. Did not see the prisoner Scott at the time about Fort Garry. The insurgents were in possession of the Fort when I left on March 24th. Prisoner Scott was in Mr. McKinney's employ in March last. Mr. McKinney kept a store; he was also Sheriff; he afterwards resigned. December 7, saw the prisoner Ritchot among the crowd assembled around Dr. Schultz' house. About 40 or 50 were arrested by Riel; Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch, and Mr. Hamilton among the rest; have not seen Ritchot taking an active part since; never saw prisoner Scott take any active part in the insurrection; saw him speaking to Riel during the insurrection; Father Ritchot lives about from 12 to 16 miles from Fort Garry; Pembina is about 45 miles from the fort; Stinking River is at a distance of some six miles from the fort; I procured a pass from Lepine, the Adjutant General, to quit the country; the insurgents were in possession when I left.

Cross examined—Father Ritchot must have been at least 50 yards from my house; I could not hear him, and cannot say if he was actually exciting the mob, or not; have spoken to Scott, but nothing was said about the shooting.

Arthur Hamilton—I am a surveyor and reside in Ottawa; was at Fort Garry on 7th December last; was arrested there by a number of insurgents under the control of Riel; did not see Father Ritchot among them; saw Riel there; did not see Scott among them; Riel seemed to be the ruling spirit; was liberated on the 8th January.

Charles Boulton—Was at Red River last winter. There was an insurrection against the Queen's authority headed by Riel; I was arrested 18th February; did not live at Fort Garry; lived at Portage la Prairie, some 60 miles away; was in custody on 4th March. Thomas Scott was a prisoner then. I saw him in the hall of the guard room, on that day, he had been confined in the next room to mine. He was brought out of his room, came to my door and bade me "good bye" and the same to the others whose doors were open. He knew he was about to be shot, I heard a volley fired ten or twenty minutes after Scott was taken out; was released about 10 days after words. Scott's hands were tied behind his back when I last saw him, and had a white hood hanging down his back. Saw Father Ritchot for the first time at Bishop Tache's palace; saw Scott during my imprisonment; he came to visit me; I was ordered by Riel to prepare for death, at 12 at night; this was about 10 a m. I was told next day I was not to be shot, I had no trial.

A remand was asked for by Mr. Boulton in order to procure material evidence from Toronto and Montreal.

Hugh Scott, brother of the deceased, deposed that a Mr. Young, of Toronto, had stated to him that the prisoners were leaders in consummating the murder.

The prisoners were remanded till Saturday at 3 p m

Bail was accepted—Father Ritchot, himself, $2,000; Ald. Martineau, and Dr. Beaubien, each, $1,000. A. H. Scott, self, $2,000; Andre Ropelle and Horace Lapierre, each $1,000.

The Breach of Promise Case—An Irish lawyer is never more at home than in a case out of the usual hum drum practice of commercial law. Yesterday a case in which $800 damages were claimed for a breach of promise, attracted an interesting crowd. The prosecutrix was a Miss Anne Wilson, said by her counsel to be only twenty-one years of age. The defendant was a party named McPhail They both live in the Township of Gloucester. The circumstances of the breach of promise were associated with the alleged fact of seduction. A large crowd had assembled to hear James O'Reilly Esq., Q. C., for the prosecution, and they were not disappointed, for he kept them in roars of laughter, in which the Court had frequently some difficulty to avoid joining. Wm. Mosgrove attended to the defence, and on introducing the "Gay Lothario" of the occasion, the auditory was much excited to merriment at his appearance. A diminutive, half-grown, ill-looking, uncombed, unwashed, half-famished and slovenly attired person was the "seductive cuss." His lawyer paraded him before the Jury. This was a move to secure a verdict in his favor, as none of the Jury seemed to consider that a buxom woman such as the plaintiff could be induced to stray by such an individual. The testimony, however, went to shew that they had been intimate, that McPhail had promised marriage; and pretended to have a farm of 100 acres, for which he had been offered $800. The girl was in a peculiar condition. The defendant had broke up the compact three days after he had made the promise, his father had refused to give him the farm. He pleaded that some other fortunate individual had cultivated the acquaintance of the plaintiff. After an amusing case, and a careful charge by the Judge, the Jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

LOCAL NEWS

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

The Market was not so badly attended yesterday. The amount of hay and vegetables was fair. The prices, the same as usual.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

St. George's Society.—To-morrow the sons of "Merrie England" will celebrate in a *reunion* at Salmon's Hotel. The celebration is always characterized by good taste, and true patriotic sentiment.

Opening.—C. P. Dorion, the popular Stove, and tinware dealer, will open to-morrow at Lang's buildings, opposite the British Lion Hotel. Mr. Dorion's enterprise is getting the encouragement which it deserves from the public.

Sale of Pianofortes.—We would call the attention of our readers to the auction sale of Pianofortes to be held by Mr. Rowe, at his sale rooms to-day at 2 o'clock. There is one second hand, and the others to be sold are new. The large number of the Rose pianos that Mr. Rowe has sold is a sufficient guarantee that these instruments are popular with the Ottawa public.

False.—The statement in an evening contemporary regarding a certain libel suit is, we would only wish to say *simply*, but we fear it is intentionally untrue. The Grand Jury were not made aware of any charge of the kind. The parties interested know that further proceedings are useless. They are content to remain in quiet antagonism.

Police Court.—Edward Connell had been charged with having assaulted a child. The defendant did not appear, and a warrant was issued.

An old fellow named Leblanc, who had attempted suicide was arrested as insane. Dr. Beaubien bore testimony as to the poor man's state. He was committed, and will probably soon be sent where he will be well cared for.

Catalogue Auction Sale.—Mr. Bermingham will sell at the residence of George E. Desbarats, Esq., Daly street, on Thursday, 28th instant, a very valuable and excellent collection of oil paintings, carriages, sleighs, robes, and household furniture. The property will be on view day previous to sale. Catalogues can be had on Monday, 25th instant from Mr. Bermingham, and at the house day of sale.

The Marshall Troupe.—An unusually large audience greeted the appearance of this Troupe last night, and certainly the ability with which the play was carried out, and its interesting nature, were highly worthy of the patronage received. All who have enjoyed the witticisms of Mr. Lindley, and beheld the able manner in which he performed his part, will admit that he can have few superiors in the comic line. Success will attend the Troupe wherever it may go. To-night they repeat the play of the "Lancashire Lass."

We have been presented to-day by Mr. R. A. Bradley with a Leggotyped plan of the village of Goreborough and the city of Ottawa, shewing their relations with each other. The plan is the work of Messrs. Leggo & Co., of Montreal, and we do not hesitate to say that for neatness and execution, this model of art cannot be surpassed. We are glad to learn that the plan is intended for general distribution. For particulars we would refer our readers to Mr. Bradley's advertisement in another column.

The Christ Church and Chapel Readings, in aid of the House of Refuge, will take place this evening at Gowan's Hall. The chair will be taken at 8 p.m., by the Rev. Mr. Lauder. Readers—Dr. Anderson, Mr. Whitcher, Hon Malcolm Cameron, Rev. Mr. Pollard, Mr. J. Anderson, and Dr. Malloch. Instrumentalists—Miss Christie and Mrs. H. P Hill. Vocalists—Mrs. Forest, Mrs. Williams, Miss Jenkins, Miss Patterson; Messrs. Brewer, Bradley, McLean and Young. Admission, ten cents

(By Telegraph)

MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 21.

The first and second battalion left this afternoon for the frontier, in the vicinity of Rouse's Point.

The Argenteuil Rangers muster 400 strong, and are intended for the front, to be stationed at Frelighsburg, Stanbridge and Bedford, in detachments.

This morning, four men, who arrived in the cars from the United States, were arrested at Bonaventure Railway Station, on suspicion of being Fenians. They were arrested on the representation of Quartermaster McPhie, of the 51st Battalion, Hemmingford, who travelled with them from the frontier. They were examined by the Police Magistrate this afternoon and discharged.

Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch, and Mr. Joseph Monkman are stopping at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The Hon. John Young was elected President of the Board of Trade, at the meeting this afternoon, by 76 to 26.

The Canada Shipping Company's clipper ship *Lake Huron*, from Glasgow on the 25th March, arrived this morning.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, April 21.

Ald. Hearn is still ahead this morning for Champlain Ward.

Mr. Gibb, merchant, Peter street, heads his opponent, Mr. Convey, this morning, and his chances of election are improving.

The contests in the other wards are very close, and canvasing to-day is as vigorous as ever.

The elections monopolize the attention of the community to the almost entire forgetfulness of the Fenian raid or Red River embroglio.

HAVELOCK.

Havelock, April 21.

The steamer "St. John Young" was launched to-day at noon. She is much admired, and will be ready to commence running the first week in May. It is believed the company will launch the "Prince Arthur" now building at Sand Point about the end of May.

Will open in the NEW PREMISES, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, with an immense new stock, all of which can be obtained CHEAP. Call and see.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best make, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

---

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

—ON—

THE TWENTY-THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 100 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent, per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

SEVENTH NIGHT OF
MARSHALL'S
LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE
COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United states.

Fourth appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22nd.

Second night of Byron's Sensational Drama

THE LANCASHIRE LASS.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's.

Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

No performance on Saturday evening.

MANAGER.................. MR J MARSHALL.

April 22, 1870. 1332 6

Auction Sales.

By Amos Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE OF PIANOFORTES

NEW AND SECOND HAND.

On FRIDAY, April 22nd, 1870, the subscriber will sell at his Sale Rooms, Rideau street, East End Sapper's Bridge, three splendid seven Octave Rosewood Pianofortes, being full round corners, carved legs and pedal and very superior finish. Time will be given on two of the instruments, by making a small payment down at time of sale. The instruments will be on view two days previous to the sale.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE of about 500 yards TAPESTRY CARPETING, HALL MATTING, WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, CHILDS' PERAMBULATOR, &c.

Mr. ROWE will sell at his Sale Rooms, immediately after Piano Sale, on FRIDAY, the 22nd inst., a large quantity of Tapestry Carpet of last falls importation, quite new and beautiful patterns, a quantity of Hall Matting, a Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, in excellent order, cost $60, two Raymond's Sewing Machines, a Child's Carriage, an excellent Peabody Rifle, and a quantity of Glassware, in Tumblers and Goblets, English crystal.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

Terms, cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer,

Ottawa, April 16, 1870 1336td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads Bureaus and Glasses. Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture. Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

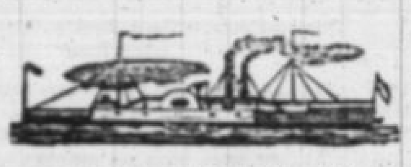
Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are shewing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.



OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

Capt. R. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA, on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD,
President.

Ottawa, April 22, 1870 1340tf

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1340 tf

---

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE

OF

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, &c, to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq. Daly street

The sale of Paintings will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th instant, and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS PLATED WARE, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM is instructed by the Hon ALEX. CAMPBELL, P. M. G., to sell on TUESDAY the 26th inst., at his residence Kent Street, off Wellington, and opposite Prince's Terrace, all the Household Furniture therein contained, consisting in part of Easy Chairs, Camp Chairs, Sofas, Oil Paintings, Brussels Kidderminster and Tapestry Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Side Board, Glass, China and Plated Ware, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen and other Stoves, Trays, Lamps, Water Filterer, &c., &c., and the usual assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

Sale at 11 o'clock, a m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1338td

IMPORTANT

AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c, &c, will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

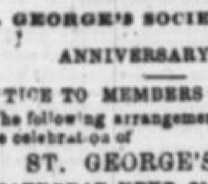
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY, 1870.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND OTHERS.

The following arrangements have been made for the celebration of

ST. GEORGE'S DAY,

SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd INSTANT.

Members will meet at Salmon's Hotel, York Street, at 10 o'clock, a m.

Procession to Christ's Church, headed by Gowan's Band.

Divine Service at 11 o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. H. Pollard, M. A., Chaplain to the Society.

Cold Collation at Salmon's Hotel, at 2 p m.

Tickets, 75 cents each, to be had at the Bar.

GRAND CONCERT in the evening, at Her Majesty's Theatre, half the proceeds of which to be given to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p m.

Tickets—single, 50 cents; double (to admit a lady and gentleman), 75 cents; gallery, 25 cents each, to be had at the usual places, or of the Committee or Stewards.

Badges, and a few choice roses can be obtained at E Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House Block, Centre Town.

For further particulars see posters.

By order, W MILL, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Ottawa, April 19, 1869. 1336td

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 133td

---

CORN PLANTER,

Invented by DANIEL McCULLOUGH, of Kemptville, Ontario, and patented in Canada on the 16th of April, 1869, and at Washington, United States, on the 27th July, 1869, and was awarded an Extra at the Provincial Exhibition held at London in September, 1869.

This CORN PLANTER when worked by hand is calculated to plant about five or six acres per day, and when worked by a horse will with ease plant fifteen or sixteen acres per day, and has the advantage of planting in hills in such a manner as they can be cultivated both ways.

D. McCullough is now prepared to sell Township or County rights both in Canada and the United States. 1339tf

---

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 50

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton, to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A D, 1870. 1335 6

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE,
A J STEPHENS,
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to

MR. SADDLER,
Protestant Hospital.

1335 5

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN,
Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY,

Dry Goods.

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in al the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1340tf

Auction Sale

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from JOHN WILSON, Esq., Solicitor, (late Master in Chancery) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, 268 south side of Rideau Street, near Gloucester Street, (Sandy Hill), on MONDAY, the 25th April instant, at 11 o'clock a m. all his Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Office Furniture; and also, a Law and a Private Library, and a good Piano.

Sale positive—Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1337td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter 1, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m. and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

1336tf

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

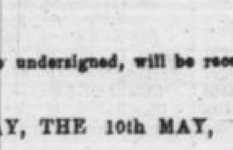
SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m



TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

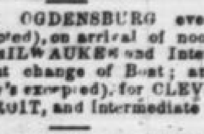
ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

This Season's Patterns,

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

00 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street or on every day at the Railway Station on the departure of the trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere,

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

LOST LETTERS.

Lost a few days ago by a gentleman residing at the Russell House, several LETTERS, which would be thankfully received from the finder by Mr. GOUIN, Russell House, 13?? 2

CAUTION.

DENIS TIERNEY having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him, as any persons found doing so after the date of this advertisement shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

ROBERT KEAD.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1338 2

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office Ottawa, April 22, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 12	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 40
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00

Hides.

HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—Thanks to all who have other used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous to the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa — For Breakfast — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane London, Eng.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping Grace's Salve in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such is not the case in the same manner many suppose that crime ... the increase of the nasty becomes older, but ... illusion ... from the increased facilities of communication, which use the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY ... to the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impeded by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscle of the stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and intestines are affected and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility with their accompanying train of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia, a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle, 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N.B.

Agents—Francis Cundill & Co. Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MESSRS. GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1323 3awdm 1awkdm

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 20. 1006-1ay

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

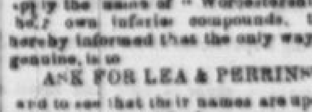
MRS. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 1aw

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, affecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 2[illegible], 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 1[illegible] per cent.

[illegible] S M BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

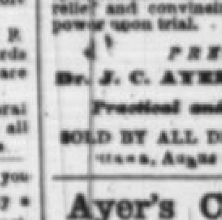
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to sell [illegible].

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,

Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MACLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLeod, W. McK Wright, R. S. Lawlor.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1243-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43otf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have furniture, household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
E. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis R. Burton, Esq, M P,
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Queen's Auctioneer,

1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1300 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 0[illegible]

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 00

Halifax.......................20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......................45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................30 00

Halifax.......................15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......................30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or MERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS In Ottawa. AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

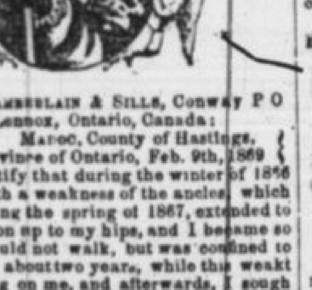
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

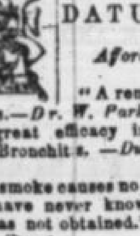
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings- Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

Agents—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,

General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & RYMER, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000 Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of its guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,

Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,

Publishers Ontario Farmer,

Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting, causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,

Birds Baths,

Bird Swings,

Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,

Wire Egg Boilers,

Wire Dish Covers,

Wire Toast Forks and Racks,

Wire Egg Beaters,

Wire Skewers,

Larding Needles,

Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,

389 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

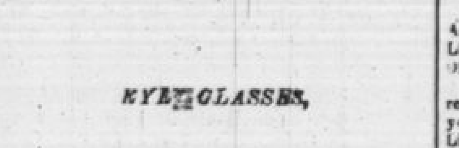
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 35, Sparks treet,

Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as in [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAU[illegible]

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER T[illegible]

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible].

Those not having had a trial are requested to call and judge for themselves. Your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and [illegible] constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible]? Relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURE [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain [illegible] attack, may be cured within [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely [illegible] and contains nothing which [illegible] system either by outward [illegible]. Try it and you will not be disappointed. [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists [illegible].

W W FRASER,

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago and No. 1 Prime [illegible] and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING and PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible], Centre Town, Ottawa.

Managing Director.

VOL V. NO

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Rideau Street, Upper Town,

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

December 20, 1869.

[illegible] WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a well selected stock, comprising Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Tubs, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, [illegible] fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted [illegible] premises.

LIQUORS—Custard Brandies, Henault & [illegible], Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—In Kuyper's and Houtman's bottle.

WINES—Sherries, all grades, Port [illegible], Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira, all prices, in wood and bottle. Imported HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY.

[illegible] proof and over, at extremely low [illegible] and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey, [illegible] Irish Whiskey, [illegible] Old Irish Potteen, [illegible] and London Porter, pts and [illegible] and other Ales.

[illegible] and Syrups, all grades, [illegible] prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

[illegible] the tins or bar sins.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S [illegible] Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible], Chairman; D O THOMSON [illegible] FOOTE A THOMSON, T H [illegible] EDMOND, Manager.

[illegible] KEEPERS, GROCERS, [illegible] STORES AND OTHERS.

[illegible] give notice of my intention to [illegible] or otherwise, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. [illegible] increase of trade during the last [illegible] compelled me to enlarge my manufactory [illegible] to make the wholesale [illegible] purpose.

[illegible] stock I have now is undoubtedly the [illegible], and the quality is of quality [illegible] by making known the fact that I [illegible] from best procured at any [illegible]. I think, they will [illegible] favorable comparison with any im[illegible] another and important fact is the [illegible] and manufactured in Ottawa [illegible] freight, packing, duty and other [illegible].

[illegible] advantage, I think, cannot [illegible] those who may favor me with their [illegible] NASH, Wholesale and Retail [illegible], Ottawa, or di[illegible] Factory on the bank of the [illegible].

[illegible] Empty Pickle bottles [illegible] highest price given.

[illegible] EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

[illegible]

[illegible] Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Po[illegible]

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex [illegible]

[illegible] advanced on goods consigned to [illegible]. Prompt returns in all cases.

[illegible] R M [illegible]

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms [illegible] during the Session will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings [illegible] several banks.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, will open her Dancing Classes will commence Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 8th, 1869.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber [illegible] decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, [illegible] attend to their orders forthwith more [illegible] heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once [illegible] Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's [illegible], and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENE[illegible]

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the [illegible], Graduate of the Imperial Conservatoire [illegible]. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing, [illegible].

[illegible] HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINT[illegible]

[illegible] street, Centre Town,

[illegible] SPARKS & QUEEN S[illegible]

[illegible] FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

[illegible] Street, next to the City [illegible], Ottawa.

[illegible] the patronage of the Lumber Men [illegible] of Ottawa. From his long [illegible] experience he offers his services in [illegible] to their rafts while [illegible] the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[illegible] Walter Smith, [illegible] R W Cruice, [illegible]

[illegible] OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY, FRUIT.

[illegible] begs to inform the [illegible] always on hand, in season [illegible], which will be sold [illegible] than any other house in [illegible].

GEORGE NICHOLS, No 59 Rideau [illegible]

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1340. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove. Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. Always on Hand.
...December 20, 1869. 1236.t

...WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) ...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ...numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Henault & Co. Hennessy, Pinet's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

...proof and ... at extremely low prices. ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...Tom. ...'s Irish Whiskey. ...'s Old Irish Potteen. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...'s and other Ales. ...and Syrups, all grades. ...prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. ...in the time of bar sins. 1165

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY. Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. ...OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks Street. DIRECTORS: ...JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...S FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

...HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS. ...hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ...increase of trade during the last four years has compelled me to enlarge my manufactory ...decided to make the wholesale trade my ...purpose. ...stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest ...in Canada, and the question of quality is readily ...by making known the fact that I raise my ...pride is ...procured at any expense ...finding it is the best; they will therefore ...favorable comparison with any imported. ...another and important fact is that being ...and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...freight, packing, duty and other expenses ...I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...importer. ...advantages, I think, cannot fail to ...those who may favor me with their orders. JAMES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box 1, Post Office, Ottawa. ...Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau. ...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...the highest prices given. 1?9?y

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA. End of Little Sussex-st. Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases. W. H. Easton S. M. Easton

MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral,) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

GEO. HAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, Bank street, Centre Town, BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1334tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT. The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city. GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. H. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, FORWARDER, GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c., No. 3, St. Peter-st. QUEBEC. Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S. LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days. ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE. FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868. No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:— No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE. STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE. A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa, H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa. Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer. IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES. I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity. Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

WANTED, A BUTLER. Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

WANTED. A YOUNG MAN who has had one or two years experience in the DRY GOODS business. Apply Box 138 P O. 1334tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney. 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET. SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET. The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $330 per annum. Possession on 1st May. Apply to S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street. Ottawa, April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET. To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street. 1327tf

TO LET. From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses. For particulars apply to R HARDY. Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET. A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street. 1308tM1

TO LET. On the 1st May next, No. 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace. 1329t

HOUSE TO LET. MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3aw1 M1

TO LET. A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate. Sitting Room and Library 14 x 21, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 23, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen. Application to D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street. Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE. CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for "breach of contract," should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1?98 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS, Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam, THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Mise.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a vast run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use. Scott kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving. The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

NEW ENTERPRISE. LADIES OUTFITTING AND FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT. NO. 14 SPARKS SREET, OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE. The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS. The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our GOODS ARE CHEAP. Everything known under the general term LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING AND BABY LINEN, Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING. Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH. ONLY ONE PRICE, MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES. We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock. R L JAMES & CO. Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1339y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE, At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company, BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS. Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the rudimental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS ROOM PAPERS! The largest and best assorted stock of ROOM PAPERS ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block. The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY. Another lot is daily expected from England. 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE, 57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S. M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR. This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style. The halls and apartments are spacious and airy. Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m. Terms $2 00 per day. Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort. Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT In aid of the rebuilding of the AYLMER CONVENT, Will be held in the TOWN OF AYLMER, ON SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870. Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1322 3m

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
April 20, 1870.
AFTER RECESS.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Mr. ABBOTT moved the third reading of the Bill respecting the Canada Central Railway Company.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD moved that the Bill be not now read a third time, but that it be recommitted to Committee of the Whole, with instructions to add a clause providing that no portion of the road between Ottawa and Carleton Place be held or considered to be a part of the Canada Central Railway.

The motion was put and lost. Yeas 37; nays 74.

Yeas—Messrs Ault, Bechard, Bowell, Brown, Carling, Casault, Cayley, Chauveau, Cheval, Dobbie, Drew, Ferguson, Fortin, Gendron, Grover, Holmes, Lawson, LeVesconte, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Glengarry), Masson (Soulanges), McCallum, McConkey, Metcalfe, Munroe, Paquet, Pelletier, Pinsonneault, Ross, (Champlain) Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward), Rymal, Snider, White, Whitehead, Wilson, Wright (York) —37.

Nays—Messrs Abbott, Anglin, Archibald, Bellerose, Bertrand, Bodwell, Bowman, Bown, Brousseau, Burpee, Caldwell, Campbell, Carmichael, Caron, Cartier, Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Crawford (Brockville), Currier, Dorion, Dufresne, Ferris, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Hagar, Hincks, Holton, Jackson, Jones (Leeds and Grenville), Keeler, Kempt, Lacerte, Langevin, Sir John A. Macdonald, Macdonald (Middlesex.), Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Masson (Terrebonne), McDougall (Renfrew), MacMillan, McMonies, Merritt, Mills, Morris, Morrison (Victoria), Morrison (Niagara), O'Connor, Oliver, Perry, Pickard, Pope, Pouliot, Pozer, Ray, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross (Wellington), Scatcherd, Scriver, Simard, Simpson, Stirton, Sylvain, Tilley, Tremblay, Wallace, Webb, Wells, Workman, Wright (Ottawa), Young.—74.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD moved that the Bill be recommitted to Committee of the Whole to provide that any powers or privileges contained in the said Bill to authorise the construction of the said Canada Central Railroad shall not extend towards Lake Huron beyond the village of Pembroke.

The motion was lost on the following division:

YEAS.—Messrs. Ault, Bowell, Brown, Carling, Caley, Chauveau, Coupal, Dobbie, Drew, Ferguson, Gendron, Grover, Holmes, Kempt, Lawson, LeVesconte, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Glengarry), McDonald (Middlesex), Magill, Masson (Soulanges), McCallum, McConkey, Metcalfe, Morison (Victoria, O.), Munroe, Paquet, Pelletier, Pinsonneault, Redford, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward), Rymal, Snider, Whitehead, Wilson and Wright (York, Ontario, W. R.)—38.

NAYS.—Messrs. Abbott, Anglin, Archibald, Beaty, Bechard, Bellerose, Bertrand, Blanchet, Bodwell, Bolton, Bourassa, Bowman, Bown, Brousseau, Burpee, Burton, Caldwell, Campbell, Caron, Cartier, Sir George E., Cheval, Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Crawford (Brockville), Currier, Dorion, Dufresne, Dunkin, Ferris, Forbes, Fortin, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Grant, Hagar, Hincks, Sir Francis, Holton, Howe, Huot, Irvine, Jackson, Joly, Jones (Leeds and Grenville), Keeler, Lacerte, Langevin, Macdonald, Sir John A. (Kingston), Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Masson (Terrebonne), McDougall (Renfrew), McMillan, McMonies, Merritt, Mills, Morris, Morrison (Niagara) O'Connor, Oliver, Perry, Pickard, Pope, Pouliot, Pozer, Ray, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross (Victoria, N.S.), Ross (Wellington, C.R.), Scatchard, Scriver, Simard, Simpson, Stirton, Sylvain, Tilley, Tremblay, Wallace, Webb, Wells Workman, Wright [Ottawa County] and Young—86.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU then moved in amendment, that the order of the day for the third reading of the said Bill be discharged, and that it be recommitted to a Committee of the Whole, with an instruction to add the following clause:—"No Railway or part of Railway to be built, acquired, or completed before the time limited by the Act hereby amended by the said Canada Central Railway Company, or by the said Ottawa Valley Railway Company, or by any Company amalgamated or to be amalgamated with the same, shall be deemed to have been built, acquired, or completed within such time in so far as the grant of land therein mentioned is concerned."

And a debate arising thereon,—and the hour for Private Bills having expired, the order for Government measures was called.

DUTY ON VESSELS.

On motion of Hon. Mr. TILLEY, the House resolved to go into Committee of the Whole on Friday next, to consider certain Resolutions on the subject of the duty on Vessels, imposed under the authority of the Act 32 & 33 Victoria, Chapter 40.

THIRD READINGS.

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read a third time, and passed, viz:—

No. 76, intituled: An Act to amend the Act respecting Perjury.

No. 82, intituled: An Act to amend the Penitentiary Act of 1868.

SUPERANNUATION FUND.

On motion of Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS, the Resolutions adopted in Committee of the Whole on Saturday last, providing for a system of Superannuation for Officers of the Civil Service, and the permanent Officers and Servants of the Senate and House of Commons, were reported, and are as follows:

1. Resolved, That for the better ensuring efficiency and economy in the Civil Service, it is expedient to provide for the retirement therefrom, on equitable terms, of persons who from age or infirmity cannot properly perform the duties assigned to them; and that, with this view, it is expedient to provide, that, subject to the conditions mentioned in the following Resolutions, the Governor in Council may grant to any person having served in an established capacity in the Civil Service for ten years or upwards, and having attained the age of sixty years, or being incapacitated by bodily infirmity from properly performing his duties, a superannuation allowance calculated on his average yearly salary—during the then last three years, and not exceeding the following rates, that is to say; If he had served for ten years, but less than eleven years, an annual allowance of ten-fiftieths of such average salary, and if for eleven years and under twelve years, an annual allowance of eleven-fiftieths thereof, and in like manner a further addition of one fiftieth of such average salary for each additional year of service up to thirty-five years, when an annual allowance of thirty-five-fiftieths may be granted, but no addition shall be made for any service beyond thirty-five years; if the service has not been continuous, the period or periods during which such service has been interrupted, shall not be counted, and the Order in Council made in this case shall be laid before Parliament at its then or then next session.

2. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide that the Governor in Council may, in the case of any person who entered the Civil Service after the age of forty years, as being possessed of some peculiar professional or other qualifications or attainments required for the office to which he was appointed, and not ordinarily to be acquired in the public service, add to the actual number of years service of such person, such further number not exceeding ten, as may be considered equitable for reasons stated in the Order; and such additional number of years shall be taken as part of the term of service on which the superannuation allowance of such person shall be computed; the Order in Council in any such case being laid before Parliament, at its then or then next session.

3. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that towards making good the said superannuation allowances, an abatement shall be made for the salary of each person in the Civil Service, to whom these Resolutions apply, at the rate of four per cent. per annum on such salary, if it be six hundred dollars or upwards, and two and a half per cent. per annum thereon, if it be less than six hundred dollars; and that the sum so deducted shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, but such abatement shall be made only during the first thirty-five years of service.

4. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that the full superannuation allowance aforesaid shall only be granted to persons who have been subject to the said abatement during ten years or upwards; the superannuation allowance of any person who has paid it for a less period being subject to a diminution of one twentieth for every year less than ten during which he has not paid it, except that in the case of any person retiring within three years after the passing of the Act, such diminution shall not exceed twenty per cent. of the allowance which might otherwise be granted to him, with power to the Governor in Council to reduce it to any amount not less than ten per cent.

5. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that retirement shall be compulsory on any person to whom the superannuation allowance hereinbefore mentioned shall be offered, and that such offer shall not be considered as implying any censure upon the person to whom it is made; nor shall any person be considered as having any absolute right to such allowance, but it shall be granted only in consideration of good and faithful service during the time upon which it is calculated, and that nothing herein contained shall be understood as imparing or affecting the right of the Governor to dismiss or remove any person from the Civil Service.

6. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that if any person to whom the foregoing Resolutions apply, is constrained from any infirmity of mind or body to quit the Civil Service before the period at which a superannuation might be granted him, the Governor in Council may allow him a gratuity not exceeding one month's pay for each year of his service, and that if any such person is so constrained to quit the service before such period, by reason of severe bodily injury received without his own fault in the discharge of his public duty, the Governor in Council may allow him a gratuity not exceeding three months pay for every two years service, or a superannuation allowance not exceeding one-fifth of his average salary during the then last three years. See Imp. Act 22 V., c. 26, s. s. 5 and 6.

7. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that if any person to whom the foregoing Resolutions apply, is removed from office in consequence of the abolition thereof, in order to the improvement of the organization of the Department to which he belongs, or otherwise to provide efficiency or economy in the Civil Service, the Governor in Council may grant him such gratuity or superannuation allowance, as will fairly compensate him for his loss of office, not exceeding such as he would have been entitled to if he had retired in consequence of permanent infirmity of body or mind, after adding ten years to his actual term of service. See Imp. Act S. 7.

8. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that any person receiving a superannuation allowance, and being under the age of sixty years, and not disabled by bodily or mental infirmity, shall be liable to be called upon to fill, in any part of Canada, any public office or situation for which his previous services render him eligible, and not lower in rank or emolument than that from which he retired; and that, if he refuse or neglect so to do, he shall forfeit his said allowance. See Imp. Act, S. 11.

9. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide that the foregoing Resolutions shall apply to all Departments mentioned in the Civil Service Act, and as well to persons employed at the Seat of Government as to the outside service of the said Departments; and to the permanent officers and servants of the Senate and House of Commons; and that, in any case of doubt, the Governor in Council may, by general or special regulation, determine to what persons the provisions to be founded on these Resolutions do or do not apply, and the conditions on which, and the manner in which, they shall apply in any case or class of cases.

10. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide, that the said allowances and gratuities shall be payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

The first and second Resolutions being read a second time, were agreed to.

The third Resolution being read a second time,

Hon. Mr. BLANCHET moved in amendment, that the said Resolutions be not now concurred in, but that they be recommitted to a Committee of the Whole, with an instruction to provide for a uniform abatement of two and a half per cent. on all salaries.

Mr. GODIN moved in amendment, to the said proposed amendment, that all the words after "that" be left out, and the following inserted instead thereof: "the Report be not now received, but that it be referred back to the Committee of the Whole with instruction to amend the same by adding after the third Resolution the following:

"That it is expedient to provide that any person to whom the present Resolutions apply, voluntarily retiring from the Civil Service, and not being entitled to the retiring allowance, shall receive one half of the amount which he shall have contributed to the said Fund without interest; but if he enters the Civil Service again at any time afterwards, such amount shall be reimbursed by him to the Fund, on his reentering with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, otherwise his service prior to his retiring shall not be computed in his length of service in calculating the retiring allowance to which he may afterwards be entitled.

And it is expedient to provide that except as hereinafter provided, if a person to whom these Resolutions apply dies while in the Civil Service, or while he is in receipt of a retiring allowance, his widow shall be entitled during her life or until she re-marries, to an annual allowance equivalent to one half the retiring allowance which her husband received, or to which he would have been entitled at the time of his death if he had then retired.

But the widow shall not be entitled to such yearly allowance unless she was married to such person at least one year before his death.

And the widow of any person who at the period of passing hereof is over sixty years of age, or who in any other manner is then entitled to retire with a retiring allowance, shall not be entitled to such allowance.

That it is expedient to provide that the orphan children of any person whose widow received or would have been entitled to receive an annual allowance in virtue of the preceding Resolution, may receive out of the said Fund an annual allowance which shall be determined by the Governor in Council according to the circumstances in which such orphans are left, but not exceeding in the whole the annual allowance which the widow received or to which she would have been entitled.

But such annual allowance shall in no case be paid to an orphan over Twenty-one years of age, or to an orphan whose mother is then in receipt, as a widow, of an allowance in virtue of these Resolutions," which was negatived on the following division:—

Yeas—Messieurs Archambeault, Bechard, Bertrand, Bodwell, Bourassa, Caron, Cassault, Cayley, Cheval, Cimon, Coupal, Dorion, Forbes Fortier, Geoffrion, Gendron, Godin, Gray, Hagar, Holton, Hutchison, Joly, MacFarlane, Mackenzie, Magill, McMonies, Metcalfe, Mills, Oliver, Paquet, Pelletier, Pouliot, Pozer, Ross (Victoria, N. S.), Ross, (Wellington, C. R.), Rymal, Savary, Sproat, White, Whitehead, and Young.—41.

Nays—Messieurs Abbott, Anglin, Archibald, Ault, Beaty, Bellerose, Blanchet, Bolton, Bowell, Bowman, Bown, Brousseau, Brown, Burpee, Caldwell, Campbell, Carling, Carmichael, Cartier, Sir George E., Chauveau, Connell, Costigan, Currier, Dobbie, Drew, Dufresne, Dunkin, Ferguson, Ferris, Fortin, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Grant, Grover Hincks, Sir Francis, Holmes, Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Irvine, Jackson, Jones, (Leeds and Grenville), Keeler, Kempt, Lacerte, Langevin, Langlois, Lawson, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Glengarry), Macdonald, Sir A., (Kingston), McDonald [Middlesex] Masson [Soulanges] Masson [Terrebonne], McCallum, McConkey, McDougall [Three Rivers], McGreevy, McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison, [Victoria, O.], Morrison [Niagara], Munroe, O'Connor, Perry, Pickard, Pinsonneault, Pope, Read, Redford, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross, [Champlain), Ross [Dundas], Ross, [Prince Edward], Scatcherd, Scriver, Simard, Snider, Sylvain, Thompson [Haldimand], Tilley, Wallace, Walsh, Webb, Wells, Wilson, Workman, Wright [Ottawa County] and Wright, [York, Ontario, W. R.]—92

And the question being put on Hon. Mr. Blanchet's proposed amendment; it was negatived on a division.

The third Resolution being again read;

Mr. JOLY moved in amendment, that the said report be not now concurred in, but that it be referred back to the Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend it by adding after the words "six hundred dollars" in the fourth line of the third Resolution the words, "but such contribution to the Superannuation Fund shall not be compulsory on any person whose life is now insured, as long as his life continues to be insured; but such parties will not be entitled to any share of the Superannuation Fund;" which was negatived on the following division.

YEAS.—Messieurs Anglin, Archambeault, Bechard, Bertrand, Bolton, Bourassa, Burpee, Caldwell, Casault, Cayley, Cimon, Connell, Coupal, Currier, Dorion, Ferris, Forbes, Fortier, Gaucher, Gaudet, Godin, Grover, Hurdon, Hutchison, Joly, Jones [Leeds and Grenville], Kempt, Macdonald [Glengarry], McFarlane, Magill, Masson [Terrebonne], McCallum, McMonies, Merritt, Metcalf, Mills, Morrison [Victoria, O], Oliver, Paquet, Pelletier, Pickard, Pope, Pouliot, Pozer, Ross [Prince Edward] Ross [Wellington, C. R.], Savary, Snider, Sproat, Stirton, Sylvain, Wallace, Webb, Wells, Wright [Ottawa County].—55.

NAYS.—Messieurs Abbott, Archibald, Ault, Beaty, Bellerose, Blanchet, Bowell, Bown, Campbell, Carling, Caron, Cartier, Sir George E., Chauveau, Cheval, Dobbie, Drew, Dufresne, Dunkin, Ferguson, Fortin, Gendron, Gibbs, Gray, Hincks, Sir Francis, Howe, Huot, Jackson, Keeler, Lacerte, Langevin, Langlois, Lawson, Macdonald, Sir J. A. (Kingston), McDonald (Middlesex), Masson (Soulanges), McConkey, McGreevy, McMillan, Morris, Morrison (Niagara), Munroe, O'Connor, Perry, Pinsonneault, Read, Bedford, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dundas), Scatcherd, Scriver, Simard, Tilley, Walsh, White, Wilson and Workman—58.

The third Resolution was then agreed to, on a division.

The fourth to the eighth Resolution inclusive, being read a second time, were agreed to on a division.

The ninth and tenth Resolutions being read a second time, were agreed to.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS then introduced a Bill (No. 84) for better ensuring the efficiency of the Civil Service of Canada, by providing for the superannuation of persons employed therein, in certain cases.—Second reading on Friday next.

SUPPLY.

On motion of Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS, the House again went into Committee of Supply.

The following Resolution was adopted:

Ontario and Quebec Mail Services:	
1. Grand Trunk Railway	$167,000 00
2. Great Western Railway	45,000 00
3. Other Railways	40,000 00
4. Steamboat Service	40,000 00
5. Ocean Mail Service	10,000 00
6. Military and Naval Postage refunds	6,000 00
7. Salaries of Outside Services; Inspectors, Railway Clerks, &c.	100,000 00
8. Payments for ordinary Mail Contract Service	215,000 00
9. Miscellaneous	30,000 00
10. Nova Scotia Mail Services	85,000 00
11. New Brunswick Mail Services	80,000 00
Public Works, Ontario and Quebec:	
1. Ordinary Repairs	$185,000 00
2. Maintenance, Salaries of Staff, etc.	155,000 00
WELLAND CANAL.	
3. Repairs to Port Maitland Terminus	15,000 00
CORNWALL CANAL.	
4. Renewing Superstructure of Piers	6,900 00
5. Rebuilding Superintendent's house	4,000 00
RIDEAU CANAL.	
6. Renewing and enlarging Bulk Heads	10,500 00
NOVA SCOTIA RAILWAYS.	
1. Working Expenses	$2?4,000 00
2. Relaying of Track, etc.	28,750 00
3. Renewal of Cars	7,250 00
European and North American Railway and Eastern Extension Working Expenses	167,500 00
Salaries and Contingencies of Canal Officers	27,530 00
Collection of Slide and Boom Dues	12,172 00
Minor Revenues	10,000 00
To meet the possible amount for increases under the Civil Service Act, or for possible new appointments required by any extention of the Staff, or other charge	25,000 00
HOUSE OF COMMONS.	
Salaries and Contingencies per Clerk's Estimate	80,665 00

IMMIGRATION AND QUARANTINE.

(Item 6) to meet possible expense of Immigration... 14,000 00

Resolutions to be reported.

Committee rose to sit again.

The House then adjourned at 1:50 a.m.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Information Wanted—J. Morton

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

We are requested to state that Lady Young will hold a reception at Rideau Hall, this Saturday afternoon, (April 23rd,) at four o'clock.

A PRESENTMENT.

The Grand Jury in their report, or presentment, at the present Assizes, alluded to the jail of this city—the management of which is highly spoken of—in connection with a case of idiotcy, a case of epilepsy, and a case of insanity, which the jail protects. These unfortunates are humanely made prisoners, charged with vagrancy, to be supported in a place intended for the safe keeping of criminals, or persons accused of crime. This humanity, paradoxical as it may seem, is cruelty. It may be no cruelty to the idiot to be fed and clothed, and cared for, even among the vilest of the vile; the comely girl in a cell, devoid of any furniture, lying upon the floor, with her head reclining against a grating, scantily clad, and without shoes or stockings, and with her arms behind her back, incessantly talking or screaming, may be occasionally in paradise and occasionally somewhere else in the disordered imaginings of her perverted mind; but it must be terrible to the poor boy Fraser in the intervals, of his epilepsy, to find himself the associate of the most unfortunate and the vilest of God's creatures, removed from all intercourse, with the outside world—in a living grave for no crime—cursed by his infirmities—and doomed to an imprisonment which must be peculiarly loathsome as it is unmerited. Surely a common gaol is no place for those poor people. Death itself would be a mercy compared to such a life as that which the boy Fraser must lead. These are, in truth, no fitting occupants of a prison. They have no right to be there, even in the companionship of such as are only detained on suspicion of crime. There should be some receptacle for such cases other than a gaol. There should be surely some House of Refuge for the destitute other than a prison. They would not be fitting occupants of an hospital for the sick—if the case of epilepsy be excepted, which admits of cure, though rarely. People similarly afflicted cannot be taken hundreds of miles away at once, but even the temporary keeping of such people in a prison for detention merely, or for punishment, is inconsistent with every principle of right and justice, and some means to otherwise provide for the safe keeping and humane treatment of idiotic, insane, and diseased persons should be devised. There are, in this country, institutions for the deaf and dumb and hospitals for the sick, why should there not be maintained at the public cost, a House of Refuge for people, who have neither home, nor friends, nor the ability to procure them? A Christian community might surely hit upon the means of providing some more comfortable place to sleep in for an insane but comely girl, scantily clad, with no stockings on her feet, and an iron grating for a pillow. A Christian community might find some other shelter for the lad with "the falling sickness" than continual association with thieves, and the poor idiot even might be placed somewhere to greater advantage and even his idiotcy be made in some greater degree to contribute to his own happiness. The gaol, at all events, is no place for the physically wretched, and it is wrong, to say the least of it, on any pretence, to torture infirmity into crime.

PEACE AT RED RIVER.

Riel, Emperor of the North West Territory of America, King of Assinaboine, and Grand Duke of Winnipeg, has issued a proclamation. It is certainly one of the richest pronunciamentos that we have ever seen. Impudent, beyond anything conceivable, there is a crazy resemblance of an imperial Ukase about this utterance of the murderer of Scott, leading to the belief that the creature entertains the idea that he has been doing good service to the people, whom he assumes to govern, and is doing something amazingly generous now. He pats the Assembly of 28 upon the back. That Assembly is worthy of confidence; it has worked in union, and had devoted itself to the public interests, and has yielded only to sentiments of good will, duty, and generosity. To this Assembly the fact is attributable that public authority is now strong, and that that strength will be employed in sustaining and protecting the people of Red River. Everything being accomplished that His Majesty could desire he pardons all who have been led astray. He accords an amnesty and discountenances dangerous gatherings. The highways are open and the Hudson's Bay Company are accorded the favour of resuming business. The disastrous war which was at one time threatened "has left us foes, and various deplorable results but the people feel reassured; and *"elected by the grace of Providence and the suffrages of my fellow countrymen to the highest position in the Government of my country, I proclaim that peace reigns in our midst this day!"* The crazy mountebank, now that he perceives the approach of real danger, has wit enough to cry out peace. Doubtless he has gone thus far, under the influence of Bishop Tache. That worthy prelate, seizing upon the weak point of the lunatic, has no doubt induced this elected man of Providence to proclaim peace and to surrender his stolen property to the Hudson's Bay Company. For this act of condescension, on the part of Riel, the influence of the Bishop has been evidently brought to bear; but there must be no slacking off of the preparations to thoroughly restore that order, which this crazy idiot has disturbed. Peace must reign at Red River not at the will or dictation of Louis Riel, but by force of arms. Order must be the result of the will of Canada and the power of Canada, and not merely as the pleasure of a scoundrel who has imbrued his hands in innocent blood. The loyal people of Red River are anxious that troops shall be sent up and so even are the Sioux and other tribes of Indians. They will not be disappointed. By the grace of Providence, they will go up, and bring down all those, who have been in any way instrumental in bringing about a deed of blood which only the most glaring insanity could excuse and nothing can justify. It is too late now for Louis Riel to proclaim that peace reigns at Red River. We shall make peace and keep it too, at whatever cost.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

By the following "Brigade Memorandum," it will be noticed that the Government have made ample and timely arrangements for sending off to Red River a small army of effective men. The plan seems admirable. There can be no confusion here, and only men, who can endure fatigue and are not only able but willing to serve will take part in the expedition. The expedition offers many advantages to young men of spirit. It will be the means of placing, in a new country, able-bodied young men to subdue it thoroughly, whether there be fighting or no—men who will hereafter, in a great measure, own portions of the land themselves, and be interested in the permanent prosperity of the whole country:—

Active Militia for Red River Service.

QUOTA REQUIRED FOR MILITARY DISTRICT NO. 4.

Brigade Memorandum.

No. 1.—Lieut. Colonels commanding the undermentioned Corps, will at once take steps to procure the required quota, as follows, from their respective commands, and send Roll of names to the Brigade Major of the District, not later than the 27th April, instant.

Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery...	7	men.
18th, County Prescott Battalion......	6	"
41st, " Brockville......	7	"
42nd " "	7	"
43rd Battalion, County Carleton.....	8	"
56th " Grenville....	7	"
59th " Stormont & Glengarry....	8	"

No. 2.—CONDITION OF SERVICE.—Men to be enlisted for one year certain, and to remain two years, should their services be required by the Government; and will receive free Rations and free Kit, in addition to the following rates of pay:

Serjeant-Majors,..............	$18	per month.
Serjeants,....................	15	" "
Corporals.....................	13	" "
Buglers.......................	13	" "
Privates......................	12	" "

No. 3.—Lieut.-Colonels are not to recommend any men except of good conduct, of sober and steady habits, and aged from 18 to 45 years.

No. 4.—The Surgeons of Battalions, (or other competent person, and for which service no pay is authorized) will make a medical inspection of all men before they leave their head-quarters, and will not allow any man to depart for the Brigade rendezvous who is not in perfect health, and, in every way fit for this service.

No. 5.—The several detachments are to start for their Co. head-quarters so that they will be able to reach Brockville not later than Saturday morning, the 30th April, instant, where they will report themselves to the Brigade Major.

No. 6.—Requisitions to cover transport to Brockville, will be sent to Lieut.-Colonels, for the number of men selected from their respective battalions. But any of those men, who after medical inspection at Brockville, are found medically unfit for service, will have to return to their homes at their own expense.

No.—Lieut. Colonels may make recommendations for Non Commissioned Officers; but the appointments will be made by the officer commanding the district, after the men have been regularly sworn in at Brockville.

No. 8.—Backwoodsmen, Axe-men and Artisans, who would be likely to settle in the country to be taken in preference to others and no man branded with the letters D. or B. C. will be accepted.

No. 9.—On arrival at Brockville on the 30th instant, the men will be placed in billets according to law; but if rejected by medical officer, will provide for themselves immediately, as their services will not be required, none but robust men of not less than five feet seven inches will be accepted.

No. 10.—All men proceeding from the Company headquarters to join the expedition, will proceed to Brockville in civilian's clothes, and if accepted, will be struck off the strength off the battalion to which they belong.

No. 11.—Married men may be accepted same as others, but it is to be distinctly understood that no women or children can accompany the expedition.

No. 12.—All men who are finally accepted for service after arriving in Brockville, will remain in billets there under the orders of the Deputy Adjutant General of the District, and to receive their uniforms, arms and kits, at such time and place as may be hereafter directed.

By Order,
W. H. JACKSON,
Lt.-Colonel,
Brigade Major,
8th Brigade Division,
Military District, No. 4.
Militia Brigade Office,
Brockville, 20th April, 1870.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

The time of the House was principally taken up yesterday by the second reading of the Interest Bill of Hon. Sir F. Hincks, which was passed through Committee.

Nothing new came out in the debate.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved the six months hoist.—Lost.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved a reduction of the rate of interest from 8 per cent. to 7 per cent.—Lost.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD moved to exempt Nova Scotia from the operation of the Bill.—Lost.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved to exempt Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Ontario, from the operation of the Bill, so as to make it apply entirely to Quebec.—Lost.

Mr. YOUNG moved that no corporate body should be allowed to charge a higher rate of interest than private individuals may do.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said this was unnecessary. They could not do so under the Bill.—Motion lost.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD in answer to Mr. Mackenzie, said the Government would endeavour to bring the North West papers down to-morrow.

(COMMUNICATED)

Rumour, with her hundred tongues, has it that a remarkably small force of medical men is to accompany the expedition to Red River, and that this small force is to consist of parties who have either, directly or indirectly been connected with military service. For the credit of our civilian practitioners, we most earnestly hope and trust this report is incorrect. It is a well known fact that when during the Crimean campaign, an unusually large number of our troops were falling a prey, either to epidemic, endemic, or sporadic diseases, the council and advice of Civil Practitioners were sought and a number of them of first class attainments and experience were called upon at large prices to proceed to the seat of war. In the Dominion of Canada we have men who would prove ornaments to any portion of the world; and it does seem a sad oversight to pass them over. During the trouble of 1866, the Government were but too glad to obtain the services of such men as Doctor Van Cortlandt, the oldest surgeon of the active force who, with a large staff under him, did his duty faithfully and efficiently, and we think, in common courtesy, such men ought to be consulted before the Government take what appears to us to be a precipitate act.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 22, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock, and after ordinary routine,

The Bill to remove certain restrictions respecting the issue of notes by Banks in Nova Scotia was read a third time and finally passed.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON presented a report from the Joint Committee on Printing, which was ordered for consideration on Friday next.

The House then adjourned until Monday at 3 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, 21st April, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three p.m.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved that a message be sent to the Senate, requesting that Mr. Fennings Taylor be examined before the Public Accounts Committee, with reference to amounts paid to members of the Senate as indemnity and mileage.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON had no objection to second the motion, though he had some doubt as to its being necessary, as he believed this House had an inherent power to obtain such information, without requiring to ask permission of the Senate. However, it was probably as well not to raise any discussion as to jurisdiction on a point of this kind just now.

Motion carried.

SUPPLY BILL.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved concurrence in the report of the Committee of Supply.

Department of Militia and Defence..................	$ 25,980.00
Department of Secretary of State..................	21,587.50
Department of Receiver General..................	15,700.00

On a vote being asked for the Finance Department,

Mr. MACKENZIE said that an explanation had been promised, with respect to the organization of this Department, and as to the increase that had taken place in the amount asked for.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that the Civil Service Commission had reported what, in their view, was a good theoretical organization, but as the Government had not yet been able to give the matter full consideration, since the report was received, they had been obliged, in the meantime, to leave the staff as it was.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that was a part of the explanation as to the amount asked for, but it was not the whole of it. Here was an absolute increase of 40 in the number of the officers, and there had been a statement promised as to the distribution of these officers. What the House had been led to expect was a statement as to who the officers were, the increase in each branch of the department, and the salaries. Item agreed to.

Finance Department..................	$36,455.83
Customs Department..................	20,540.00
Inland Revenue do..................	18,200.00
Public Works do..................	37,740.00
Post Office do..................	49,940.00
Agriculture do..................	19,705.00
Marine and Fisheries..................	14,210.00
Treasury Board Office..................	3,000.00
Finance Offices N. S. and N. B...	2,000.00

On the motion to concur in the item of $10,600 for Dominion Offices in Nova Scotia,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that the Government had promised, when the vote was passed in Committee, that there should be the fullest explanations given of all these items. He felt that the sum was excessive, and it could not be denied that there was a great discrepancy between the sum asked for these offices and for these in New Brunswick, which had caused considerable discussion. The Government ought to state whether it was intended to continue the enormous expenditure in Nova Scotia, as no reason to justify it had been alleged, either in Committee or now. He asked the Government to pledge themselves to reduce the expenditure to the New Brunswick standard.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he could give no such pledge. There were very large sums passing through the hands of the officers in Nova Scotia, and besides it so happened that in New Brunswick they had been enabled to effect a saving by amalgamating two of the offices, the salaries of each of which could thus be reduced, while in Nova Scotia they had been obliged to create separate offices. This would account, to some extent, for the greater amount in one case than in the other, the larger amount of business done fully accounting for any further expenditure.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved then to reduce the amount to $6,500, the services not requiring a larger appropriation in Nova Scotia than in New Brunswick. He thought the appropriation asked for the latter was too large, but he put the two at the same amount.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said the Finance Minister had referred to the office of Auditor in Halifax, whose salary was greater than that given in New Brunswick. In Nova Scotia the paymaster received $1,600, while in New Brunswick he was paid only $1,000, an arrangement having been there made with the Collector of Customs, who had formerly acted in effect as Treasurer of the Province, and received all the revenues. As Collector of Customs he received $2,000, and a further sum of $1,000 as paymaster, and managed all the accounts in the Province, for the Province and the Dominion, and this arrangement he considered both economical and suitable. If they had been obliged to appoint separate officers for the different duties, they would necessarily have been obliged to pay more for each. The duties of the Auditor in Nova Scotia had been very much increased in the last two years—in fact since Confederation—as he had to take charge of the accounts of the Collectors of Customs of eighty ports, at least fifty of these being out ports, at which very small salaries were paid, so that the officers there could not be expected to be men with a thorough knowledge of how to make up the accounts now required to be sent in. At first he had been appointed clerk at $1,200, under the officer sent from here, but with the promise of promotion, and by this having been given there was an actual economy effected. As to the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the labour was very much greater in Nova Scotia than in New Brunswick, and the pay of course somewhat larger. He would not, without, examination, undertake to explain the amount for contingencies, although it must be evident that with the greater amount of work to be done these would be proportionably increased.

Mr. SCATCHERD said that in the Province of Ontario, excluding the contingencies, but including the salary of the Minister at the head of the Department, the whole cost of the Treasury was only $7,300. He failed to see how the same amount could be expended in Nova Scotia, yet taking off the contingencies the salaries amounted to $7,600. In Ontario the whole staff of the Treasury Department was seven, the officers in Nova Scotia, in this one branch, being also seven. He could not understand why this should be so, as the work in Nova Scotia could certainly not be greater—he was sure it was not so great as in Ontario. He thought the motion should commend itself to the House, as even with the reduction it was greater in proportion than the expenditure in Ontario.

Mr. ARCHIBALD did not know what the apportionment of the duties were, but an officer of experience from the Treasury Department had been sent down to arrange the work, and divide the duties to be performed. Large responsibilities were cast upon the officers in charge, and he did not think the salary of $1,600 too much for those who were responsible for the large sums passing through their hands. In New Brunswick an officer doing other, and to some extent similar work, had been employed, and his services utilized, thus effecting a saving. He was sure no more judicious or frugal person could have been sent than the officer who had been employed to arrange the business of the office, and with all the knowledge he had gained on the spot as to the requirements he had recommended the present plan. He knew that the whole time of the officers was employed in the duties of the office, and that they were not over-paid.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that it was evident that no charge of extravagance had been made out. All that had been attempted was to shew that the appropriation was higher than that in New Brunswick, without any consideration as to the difference of the work to be done.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was too high in New Brunswick.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS continued, that in the one case—that of Nova Scotia—the work was carried on in a separate department, while in New Brunswick it was performed in the Customs Department. Rent, fuel, and other contingencies were thus saved in the latter case, which had to be met in the other.

The amendment was then put and carried—yeas, 68; nays, 66.

YEAS—Messrs. Anglin, Ault, Bechard, Bertrand, Bodwell, Bolton, Bowell, Bowman, Brown, Burpee, Caldwell, Cameron (Huron), Carmichael, Cartwright, Cheval, Connell, Costigan, Crawford (Brockville), Dorion, Drew, Ferris, Fortier, Gaucher, Geoffrion, Godin, Hagar, Holton, Hutchison, Joly, Kempt, Macdonald (Glengarry), Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Magill, Masson (Soulanges), McCallum, McConkey, McDougall (Renfrew), McMonies, Metcalfe, Mills, Morison (Victoria, O.), Munroe, Oliver, Pelletier, Pickard, Pouliot, Pozer, Redford, Renaud, Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward), Ross (Wellington, C. R.), Ryan, King's, N. B.), Rymal, Scatcherd, Scriver, Snider, Stirton, Thompson (Haldimand), Tremblay, Wallace, Webb, Wells, Whitehead, Wilson, Wright (York, Ontario, W. R.), and Young—68.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Archambeault, Archibald, Beaty, Beaubien, Bellerose, Benoit, Blanchet, Bown, Brousseau, Campbell, Carling, Caron, Cartier, Sir George E., Casault, Cayley, Chauveau, Cimon, Colby, Dobbie, Dufresne, Dunkin, Ferguson, Forbes, Fortin, Gaudet, Gendron, Gibbs, Grant, Gray, Grover, Hincks, Sir Francis, Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Irvine, Jackson, Keeler, Langevin, Langlois, Le Vesconte, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald, Sir J. A. (Kingston), McDonald (Middlesex), Masson (Terrebonne) McDougall (Three Rivers), McGreevy, McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison (Niagara), O'Connor, Perry, Pinsonneault, Pope, Read, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Victoria, N. S.), Savary, Simpson, Sproat, Stephenson, Sylvain, Tilley, Walsh and Workman—66.

The resolution, as amended, was then put and carried on division, and stands: Dominion Offices, Nova Scotia.... $ 6,500.00

Before the vote for Dominion Offices, New Brunswick, was put,

Mr. MACKENZIE said that full explanations regarding all the salaries in the Departments had been promised, but it appeared evident that the promise was not to be kept. The House, by the last vote, had shown the desire that there should be reductions, and by its own action in reducing the salaries of its own servants had carried out that desire into practice. That desire did not seem to be shared by the Government, and he would therefore, without detaining the House, move that the House regrets that it should be deemed necessary to increase the salaries of the public officers, at a time when the utmost economy is absolutely necessary, when there are deficits in the revenue, and when the House has reduced the salaries paid to its officers.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that all the Government could say in the matter was, that they had acted according to the law, as authorised by law and within the law. The expenditures had been made with as much economy as was consistent with the efficiency of the service. If the House chooses to censure the Government, of course it has a perfect right to do so, and would in this respect be acting strictly within its powers if it considered the Government deserving its censure.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD claimed to be second to no man in the House in his advocacy of economy. One motion has set aside what the Government thought in its wisdom essential to carry on the business of the country. The present motion is in general terms to censure the Government of the day, the object being to upset that Government which had taken in hand to complete the work of Confederation which still remained to be accomplished. Although he did not profess to entertain the same confidence in the Government as those did who were its supporters, yet considering the danger that would be incurred at this juncture of throwing obstacles in the way of the admission of the Eastern Islands, the settlement of the North West troubles and other dangers to which the country was exposed, he could not look at matters so critically as would throw the management into the hands of the other party.

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE said they had just seen the salaries of the officers of Nova Scotia reduced one half by a vote of this House. These men were not overpaid and he felt that the attack was one not made so much at Nova Scotia directly as at the Ministry through Nova Scotia. He was sorry that even one member from Nova Scotia had seen fit to support that motion (cries of order). He should regret to be out of order and would apologise if he were guilty of any breach of the rules of the House, but he felt that had some of the Nova Scotia members been present who were not in their seats the result of the vote would have been different. He regretted the effect this vote would have upon Nova Scotians, for it would appear to them when so many supporters of the Government voted in the way they had done that there was an intention of striking at them on all occasions. He had come here with no intention of supporting the Government, but had been compelled to do so in spite of himself from the conduct of the Opposition, who had brought forward, on all occasions, proposals which it was impossible for him to support.

Mr. CARMICHAEL had voted for the amendment and had not come here to sanction any extravagance either in favour of Nova Scotia or any other Province (hear, hear). From the policy of Government he was certain that the object was to buy up support by the purchase.

Mr. FERGUSON rose to a point of order and in the confusion the words of Carmichael were inaudible.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the point of order was well taken, but the member for Richmond (Mr. Levesconte) having been allowed to proceed it was only fair to give the member for Pictou (Mr. Carmichael) the opportunity of answering.

After discussion,

The SPEAKER decided that the point of order had been well taken. The member for Richmond (Mr. Levesconte) had been called to order, and had apologised to the House, but he understood had been allowed to go on. It was upon this the member for Pictou was proceeding.

Mr. CARMICHAEL said he represented as intelligent a community as there was in Nova Scotia. He was perfectly content to go back and bear the responsibility of the vote he had given, as he felt that he better represented the wishes of Nova Scotia than many of those who were taken as exponents of the desires of the Province.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) said although he had voted for the reduction proposed by the last motion, yet he was not in favour of an indiscriminate reduction, nor would he vote against the Government if it was to be taken as a vote of want of confidence, as he had confidence in the Government. He would, therefore, move as an amendment to the amendment, "That no public employe shall receive more than one salary, and that for the purposes of this Act the word 'salary' shall mean annual or temporary salary, emolument, fee, payment, compensation, or allowance of any kind whatsoever.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it was not an amendment, and was therefore out of order. He asked the member for Soulanges to withdraw it, as the Government desired to take a direct vote, and so test the opinion of the House as to the confidence they had in the Government.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the time had arrived when the House should not be deterred from taking its own course by this confidence game which was again tried. This was not a vote of want of confidence but a legitimate attempt to reduce expenditure.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the hon. member had no right to insult the House by this reference to a confidence game. The House knew its own dignity and knew what was due to the constitution and to itself. He regretted the member for Chateauguay had stated that this was not a vote of want of confidence. He knew that he himself did not believe that statement. He (Sir John) had held out no threats. He knew the Ministry were but the servants of this House and the moment the House declared it had no confidence in them, they would resign. If they did not, who would be so ready to accuse them of want of spirit as the member for Chateauguay, and his voice would ring through the House taunting them with clinging to the emoluments of office. The motion in its very form was a motion of want of confidence. Why the Government, of which the member for Chateauguay was one of the members, did not wait for so direct a vote but resigned before the silent want of support of the House. Whatever he might have thought of the wisdom of the proceeding, he could not but admire the spirit it showed, yet in the face of a direct censure like this they are told it is not to be considered a vote of want of confidence.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) was resolved to support every attempt at economy. He was prepared to support the interests of the country, independent of either Government or Opposition, and as he believed the motion of the member for Soulanges to be a good one, he was prepared to support it.

Hon. Mr. DORION hoped that they would not allow the doctrine laid down by the Minister of Justice to influence them, as in that case it would be impossible to control a single vote on the supplies and they might as well disperse with the mockery of leaving the whole matter in the hands of the Government. It was the sacred duty of the House to watch over the expenditure, but if at every attempt to reduce it the followers of the Government are called on to vote it down, the attempt becomes useless. When inaugurating a new system it became the duty of all to keep down the expenditure, and believing the motion of the member for Soulanges to be right he would vote for it also.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER pointed out by comparison of the two motions that that of the member for Soulanges was not an amendment to the other which was a direct vote of want of confidence. An Act was passed to regulate the public service, and this the Government had carried out, and had effected reductions. The member for Soulanges did not appear to appreciate the position. Here was a direct vote of want of confidence, and the Government could not allow any of their friends to extricate them from this until a direct vote was taken. If the second amendment was insisted on, then it also would be taken as a vote of want of confidence, as the main motion must be reached. The two motions had no connection, and the second was therefore out of order.

Mr. MACKENZIE maintained that it was clearly in order. Both had reference to the amount of salaries. The main motion gave a salary of $1,000 a year to an officer already receiving another salary, and to that the motion of the member for Soulanges distinctly applied.

Mr. POPE held that it was clearly a vote of want of confidence, and wondered that the Opposition would not act courageously and at once say so, instead of trying to bring it in by a side wind. The member for Leeds and Grenville said he would vote for any reduction in expenditure, while all the time he knew this was a mere party vote.

Mr. JONES said the member for Compton might view his acts as he liked, but it would be most unusual for him (Mr. Pope) if he gave either an independent vote, or made an independent speech. He had been a Conservative since he had come into the House, but when he saw the Conservative leaders thrown over, and the Government taking up with anybody that would take up with them, he could not see it his duty to support them. He had no intention, however, to vote against good measures on either side.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that probably the Government felt annoyed at the previous vote. But he did not move this as a vote of want of confidence. The motion showed that when the House was reducing the salaries of their servants the Government were raising theirs. The members recognized this as being wrong, and it was only after the cracking of the Ministerial whip that they could be brought to vote as they were told. The resolution pointed to a manifest case of injustice and without further comment he would leave it to speak for itself.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said that he occupied an embarrassing position on this occasion. The member for Cornwall said that by voting for this resolution it would be a direct encouragement to a Fenian invasion, or discouragement to the islands from the East coming in, and would prevent the admission of the North West into the Dominion. It was a most extraordinary speech.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD had said nothing of the kind. He had opposed anything which at this juncture would turn out the present Ministry, when there were so many complications that must be settled.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said that he exactly continued his previous words. If he felt this was a vote of want of confidence he would not support it, but there was much on the estimates which he must conscientiously oppose, and if compelled to choose between voting for them and the resignation of the Ministry, he would find himself in a difficult position. He did not wish to see the Government disturbed just now, but he could not say he was not sorry to find salaries increased. He saw not merely salaries increased by law, but new offices created to which large salaries were given, and when rather mild expression was given to this state of things in the motion of the member for Lambton, brought forward without knowledge on his part, he could not refuse his assent to it. He did not think the Government ought to resign or were called on to resign, on such a vote, nor did he think the country would expect they should do so. On the contrary he believed they would shirk their duty if they did so. But he could not strain his conscience to keep them or any other men in office, by voting against the motion of the member for Lambton.

Mr. AULT said that the increase in salaries had been denied, but he found that there had been a positive increase of $23,000 (no, no). He said yes, yes. He was against high salaries although he had no objection to see those properly paid who did the work, but he did object to see men stopping round here at $480 a year doing nothing. A good book-keeper was often paid not more than $300 a year, who required to have education, while here were men hanging about these doors who could neither read nor write, getting $480. There have been offices multiplied till it was time to stop them.

On the question of order,

The SPEAKER said the question is on the motion for granting the sum of $6,500 for the Dominion Offices, New Brunswick, and

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that this House regrets that the Government should have deemed it necessary to increase the salaries of public offices, at a time when the utmost economy is absolutely necessary; when there are deficits in the revenue, and when the House has reduced the salaries paid to its officers.

This motion I must treat as a distinct substantive proposition. It is not offered in amendment to the item; the House is not asked to reduce or recall that vote; it is not proposed to refer the item back to Committee, but is a substantive proposition and, as proposed to the House, I must treat it as a motion *per se.* Then, the motion of the hon. member for Soulanges, who had moved an amendment respecting salaries, I think is not pertinent to the motion of the hon. member for Lambton, and I think cannot be said to be in order. It seems to me to be most unreasonable, most illogical, that a general proposition, such as that of the hon. member for Lambton, should be amendable by the proposition of the hon. member for Soulanges. The latter is not in its form, proposed as an amendment; it is not proposed to strike out certain words of the motion of the hon. member for Lambton, nor does it seek to add anything to the motion. It is a separate proposition, standing alone and quite distinct from the other. Therefore I decide that it is not in order.

The motion by Mr. MACKENZIE was then put and lost, Yeas 53, nays 92.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Archambeault, Archibald, Beaty, Beaubien, Béchard, Bellerose, Benoit, Bertrand, Blanchet, Brown, Brousseau, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, (Inverness) Campbell, Carling, Caron, Cartier Sir G. E, Casault, Cayley, Chauveau, Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Crawford (Brockville), Dobbie, Drew, Dufresne, Dunkin, Ferguson, Forbes, Fortin, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gendron, Gibbs, Grant, Gray, Grover, Hincks, Sir F., Holmes, Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Irvine, Jackson, Keeler, Lacerte, Langevin, Langlois, Lawson, Le Vesconte, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald Sir J A., (Kingston), McDonald (Lunenburg), McDonald (Middlesex), Masson (Soulanges), Masson (Terrebonne),, McDougall, (Three Rivers), McGreevy, McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison (Niagara), Munroe, O'Connor, Perry, Pinsonneault, Pope, Pouliot, Ray, Read, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dundas), Ross (Victoria, N. S), Ryan (King's N. B.), Savary, Simpson, Sproat, Stephenson, Sylvain, Tilley, Tremblay, Tupper, Walsh, Webb, Wilson, Workman, Wright (Ottawa County),—92.

YEAS.—Messrs. Anglin, Ault, Bodwell, Bolton, Bowell, Bowman, Brown, Burpee, Carmichael, Cartwright, Cheval, Connel Coupal Dorion, Ferris, Fortier, Geoffrion, Godin, Hagar, Holton, Hutchison, Joly, Jones (Leeds and Grenville), Kempt, Macdonald (Glengarry), MacFarlane, Mackenzie, McCallum, McConkey, McDougall (Renfrew), McMonies, Metcalfe, Mills, Morison (Victoria O.), Oliver, Paquet, Pelletier,, Pickard, Pozer, Redford, Ross (Prince Edward), Ross (Wellington C. R.), Rymal, Scatcherd, Scriver, Snider, Stirton, Thompson (Haldimand), Wallace, Wells, Whitehead, Wright (York Ontario W. R.) and Young—53.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the honourable gentleman had denied that any of the officers had received any increase of salary.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he never said anything of the kind.

Mr. MACKENZIE then you admit that there was an enormous increase (no, no and laughter). They knew that there was a large increase, but the House had no idea of the outside service, and not one word of explanation had been given respecting any details. He wondered if the House would put up with such insulting treatment. While the House was engaged cutting down salaries, even at the expense of old and valued servants, Government seemed determined to increase them in all directions. In Nova Scotia they had created what were called Dominion offices apparently for the benefit of their own friends. He had suggested, that the House should express its opinion on that subject, but it had declined, and he would now only point out the recklessness and extravagance that characterized the Administration.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the hon. gentleman dealt, as he usually did, in exaggerated statements. He (Sir Francis) never said that no officer had received an increase to his salary. A direct vote being brought, he did not think that at the time and under the circumstances any explanation was due to the hon. gentleman. He had stated that there was a deficit in the revenue, but that he (Sir Francis) denied.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Order.

The SPEAKER ruled that the remarks were out of order, as this was a discussion of what had just taken place.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS would submit to the ruling. But with regard to extravagance he could only say that the expenditure this year in the Departments was $515,000 as against $554,000, and one item, in connection with the Militia, of $8,430, was transferred to these, making an aggregate saving of $47,805. The expenditure under the head of contingencies had been explained over and over again. A great number of clerks were paid out of this who were not on the permanent staff, but they were now all put under some department and no longer paid out of contingencies. There will unavoidably be an increase even with the greatest economy. Young men now enter at $300 a year and in a few years their salaries must naturally increase as they become more useful. But it was altogether incorrect to say there was an increase either in the staff or in salaries. The suggestions of the Commissioners appointed to consider this subject were now in the hands of the Government, and would be acted upon.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said if any one supposed there had been an increase in the salaries or officers in Nova Scotia he was entirely mistaken. The number in fact had been decreased and the amount paid was less, by the present estimate, than it had been before. He did not intend to go into the question of reducing the expenditure of Nova Scotia to the same amount as that in New Brunswick. But there was no man who would not say that such a principle was vicious in itself and liable to lead to mischievous consequences. Nova Scotia was larger than New Brunswick. It had a larger population and a much larger coast line, and by the policy proposed there would be a loss to the country ten times greater than the saving effected. He was not sorry to see the gentlemen opposite, who were opposed to the Government, take the course they had done. As a friend of the Government he must rejoice to see them adopting a policy that compelled every man from Nova Scotia to join in a solid phalanx, as he believed that power should not be transferred to those who had adopted a platform inimical to the best interests of Nova Scotia. He was not sorry to see the course taken by the member for Pictou. He was not merely here as an opponent of this Government, but as an open and avowed opponent of Confederation and who gloried in it.

Mr. PICKARD called the member to order. He was not speaking to the question.

The SPEAKER said that the remarks might in some way have a bearing on the question, but he failed to see that the speech had anything to do with the motion.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the whole speech referred to a past debate, and to the conduct of the member for Pictou in connection with it.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he was dealing with the question now before the House as to the payment of a sum of money for service in New Brunswick (Cries of order, and some confusion).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the honourable member was out of order in seeking to evade the rules of the House.

The SPEAKER said he was clearly out of order.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he hoped the member for Pictou would not deal with the question now before the House to create confusion. An avowed annexationist as he was, he hoped he would not vote on this question so as to breed confusion. He hoped no member from Nova Scotia would approach the question in a narrow spirit of antagonism to New Brunswick, and trusted they would not deal with the small Province of New Brunswick in such a manner as to prepare a rod for their own backs. The Province of Nova Scotia was larger than New Brunswick, yet there was a sum of $6,600 paid for the administration of Justice there.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said there was no rule more clearly laid down than that they must address themselves to the vote before them in the estimates, neither going back to items already disposed of, nor going forward to those not yet before them.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he was not referring to any item in the estimates, but an item in the Statute Book. He thought the member for Chateaugay should not raise as points of order objections which he knew were not points of order.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON was called to order.

The SPEAKER said it was unparliamentary to impute motives to any member.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he was not imputing motives.

It being six o'clock the House rose.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER resumed the debate. He said that when the Dominion offices had been reorganized in Nova Scotia it became necessary to appoint an Auditor and a Paymaster, charged with the payment of large sums of money. It was as responsible an office as that in any bank, and required to be paid with a respectable salary so as to secure the services of a responsible man. The Government, however, anxious for economy, did not desire, and he was sure no one in the House desired to see such an office filled by any one but a man of some position, and $1,600 a year for these offices was not too much for men who must necessarily fill a respectable position in the country. The Governor in Council had fixed the salary at that amount, and a gentleman of position was induced to give up his business on the promise that he would receive that salary. The sum was originally $1,200 because he was acting as clerk to the acting paymaster, a gentleman who had been sent from Ottawa, but he had only taken it on the promise of advancement. No one who knew the cost of living at Halifax could say that such an important office could be filled for less than $1,600, and he asked if it was wise to give such a position at a small salary, to compel its occupant to resort to other means to make up an income. But he maintained the number of officers had been lessened, and the amount of salaries reduced.

Hon. Mr HOLTON asked since When?

Hon. Mr. TUPPER.—Since last year. He thought it was right to point out where there was a misapprehension. A year ago the clerk was paid $750—he was struck off; one messenger in the Marine and Fisheries Department had been dismissed. Two officers struck off without warning. Only yesterday he had applied for an appointment, for a young man, in the Militia Department at Halifax, in room of one who had resigned, and was told by the Minister of Militia that it was intended to abolish the office. The office of Assistant Emigration Agent had been also abolished, making four offices in Halifax, the salaries of which were saved. He had no hesitation in saying that, regarded from the standard of expenditure in other Provinces, the Ministry were not only economical, but penurious in Nova Scotia. It was unfortunate that the member for Lambton should have directed his attacks on Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Mr. MACKENZIE said his remarks were directed against all the Government offices everywhere, and not merely against those of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said the charges were of a very general nature against Ontario, but were specific against the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he was forced to wait till the particular items came up.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said he was as anxious for economy as any one, but he was prepared to show that Nova Scotia had been treated parsimoniously. He was prepared to sustain any person maintaining economy consistent with efficiency, but in reference to those comparatively paltry sums, he thought it was not worthy of the great Reform party to strike down the small offices in the smaller Provinces, while they had abundant opportunity in the larger Province of Ontario to do so, beside which the sums spent in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick sink into insignificance. He was prepared to show that the provision for New Brunswick was not too large for the necessities of the service, and although a larger sum was given for the Administration of justice in New Brunswick than in Nova Scotia, yet he was not prepared to vote against that, but to treat every item on its own merits.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he did not object so much to the vote for New Brunswick, although he thought there ought to be more economy shown, but he protested against the monstrous doctrine laid down, that all who advocated economy were anxious to do away with the rights of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Because he happened to represent a county in Lower Canada, and the member for Lambton represented another in Ontario, were they, therefore, to be exposed to that charge. The very propounding of such a doctrine threw a light on what had been mysterious in Provincial politics. It was inexplicable how one who had wielded such power as to command two-thirds of the votes in that House, could have come here, by the voice of a mere narrow majority and reduced to having a party of one—himself. This monstrous doctrine solved the question. The theory ... enough, and he happened to ... of a proud, intelligent and ... whom he attempted to lead ... bles, his theory being that they ... be kept in the Dominion ... on the Dominion, and by ... over. He did not assume the ... ship of Nova Scotia, but it ... iating to the members from the ... who were here, and the ... man now on the Treasury ... have been pained to hear such ... from one who had been his ... A more degrading doctrine had ... uttered on the floor of a British ... (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the ... quired by Nova Scotia ... Brunswick was ... larger population and ... cost in Nova Scotia ... had happened in the past ... would draw more from Nova ... she would spend alone in ... he did not think the pecuniary ... Nova Scotia had been ...

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said the ... expressed by the member for ... were disgraceful, and an insult ... our of the Lower Provinces ... policy of cutting down salaries ... be extended to the Provinces ... and Ontario, it being understood ... officers should receive full ... for their services. He said ... ner in which the motion of the ... ber for Lambton had been ... that a vote in opposition to ... the estimates was a vote of ... confidence, and ... Finance minister ... great deal of valuable time ... currence in the whole of ...

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER ... wished to speak to the ... rence now submitted ... tend to allude to any ... to any previous decision ... on the question of expenditure ... matter of course, every ... lutions was a question of ... ways and means, to meet ... ture, and every question ... expenditure in whole, or in ... operations of the public ... Government thought they ... proposing the resolution now ... the House for concurrence. Because as a matter of course ... Government were responsible ... ways and means to pay the ... submitted, or any amount ... hereafter submitted to a ... House. It could not be ... been again and again, that the ... ficit in the financial operations ... ernment during the last year ... stated in the House and ... House, that *there was* a deficit ... was not a *true representation* of ... of the finances. *He had* a right ... this proposition, because Government ... submitting for the adoption of ... a series of resolutions, in order ... thorized to pay certain expenses ... country, and for which it was ... obtain the sanction of the House ... intended to show that the Government ... tended to pay every ... and particularly the ... cussion. What was the result ... ceipts and expenditure of the ... cial year. Instead of there being ... there was, as could be shown by ... lic accounts, a gross surplus of ... from customs, $268,000, and from ... laneous, $128,000; and when the ... excise was deducted, there was ... plus last year of $210,28... had no right to speak retrospectively ... could speak prospectively ... member would not have ... as to the revenue and expenditure ... final result, according to the ... counts, was that the actual ... $13,934,000, and expenditure ... leaving an apparent deficit ... but there was for Intercolonial ... construction, $551,886, and ... that $177,000 for management ... for last year a surplus of $... in connection with this ... because it was a part of ... expenditure connected with ... service, and it might be ... House that the Government ... with the provisions of the law ... the expenditure of the civil ... not take into consideration ... question of economy. He ... hon. friend, the member for ... that with regard to this ... rolling.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said he ... plied that term to the ... hon. member for Cumberland ... to payments made by the ... Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

TO BE CONTINUED

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Letters from Rome ... the assertions recently made that ... ority would leave the Ecumenical ... the infallibility proposition was ...

At the Newmarket races the ... was won by Roderick Dhu, and the ... tion plate by Suffolk; the ... two year olds by Felon; the ... Woodford, and the Newmarket ... Sheppard. At the Punchestown ... the Prince of Wales' plate.

LIVERPOOL.—There was a large ... yesterday afternoon to ... the proposed official inspection of ...

The bullion in the Bank of ... £43,060 less than last week.

The further hearing of the ... vorce case has been postponed.

The *Globe* to-day, in a leading ... cribes the prevailing depression ... Railroad securities to the ... the Erie road.

LONDON.—The *Times* this ... leading article on American ... pears that the American ... faulty, but free trade is ... courage of Protectionists ... is shown in the cool reception ... the President's advocacy of ... American shipping, and other ... in support of the statement.

The nunnery case of ... been struck off the calendar ... having been finally settled.

Legal proceedings have been ... against the Sheffield *Daily* ... serting that the Prince of Wales ... re-appear in the Divorce Court ... dent in the case of the Earl ... of Sefton.

The ship "Castle ... loading at Woolwich with ... nada.

A rumour has been in ... continent that President ... visit Europe, and ... menced in St. Petersburg ... before the rumour was ...

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The Committee ... *plebiscitum* has already ... lions francs towards ...

The *Figaro*, an independent ... that Davie and Buffet ... cause they received a ... male to do so, ... for the *plebiscitum*.

The *Figaro* adds that the ... copy of the letter in his ...

The President of the ... proceeded to the Tuileries ... sented to the Emperor the ... as unanimously voted by the ...

The *Imperial* printing ... to-morrow the publication of ... tion of the Emperor containing ... together with the text of his ... proclamation the Emperor ... the reforms introduced since ... present moment, and dwells on ... results to come from them ... bility of institutions, and ... power to the heir of the throne ... the *plebiscitum* is brief and ... be taken on the 8th of May ... 10th, and the result officially ... the 12th.

LOCAL NEWS

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bues & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

The Market.—Friday.—Was tolerably fair. The chief feature being a large supply of vegetables of almost every kind.

Shinplaster Case.—Messrs. Hunter & Rose have got up a tidy "shinplaster" case. The cover is of morocco, with a gilt impression.

Wanton Bird Shooting.—It appears that some Indian boys encamped in Hull, near Dey's Bellevue Gardens, have been killing our spring flock of birds. Why do not the Hull magistrates see to the matter?

Opening.—C. P. Dorion, the popular Stove, and tinware dealer, will open to day at Lang's buildings, opposite the British Lion Hotel. Mr. Dorion's enterprise is getting the encouragement which it deserves from the public.

The Upper Ottawa.—Yesterday morning the steamer *Ann Sisson* left Aylmer for the Quio, and the steamer *Alliance* came down from Gould's Landing. The *Jason Gould* will be ready for her trips about Tuesday next.

"Consumptive.—An evening contemporary has experienced the effect of "walking about in quasi-summer clothing in the face of an east wind." Is our contemporary getting consumptive?

The Hull Roads.—The Aylmer and Gatineau roads are inundated—the former at the Stone Bridge near the head of "Wright's Slide," and the latter at the "Old Brewery." The dam constructed last year has had this effect, which must, at any rate, be remedied by that populous township.

The Timber Drive.—There is every indication that the lumbermen will have a good "drive" on the Ottawa this season for their timber. The waters are rising rapidly—and the break-up on the river was in good season to warrant the hope.

The Red River Delegates.—The preliminary examination in the matter of the Scott murder, will be continued to-day. Mr. Charles Nair and Governor Smith have arrived, and will probably give testimony in the matter. Mr. Young is expected by this morning's train.

Christ Church Readings.—Last night a more than ordinary number composed the audience at these interesting readings in Gowan's Hall. The proceeds of the evening amounted to over $40. The evening's entertainment was in full keeping with those which have preceded it.

Macdonald's 25 Cent Pocket Book.—A very ingenious article to keep "shinplasters," got up by Mr. A. B. Macdonald of this city, is being distributed at a rapid rate throughout the city. All that one has to do is to place the 25 cent paper issue on one of the covers, and by opening it at the other side the bill is found to be strapped securely. They are for sale at Coward's and A. H. Taylor's, York street.

Almost the Last Ditch.—An old *habitant* from the Quebec side of the river, duly mounted on a dilapidated hay cart, while driving around the corner of Elgin and Maria Streets, yesterday, took the turn too short, and was thrown into a ditch on the latter street. A faithful dog belonging to the old fellow stopped the horse, and ere long some of our police saved the man from suffocation, by pulling him out of the mud. He had been dipping too deep.

A Scapegrace.—An old man in lower town named Basil Verdan, is blessed (?) with a rather hard case of a son, aged 17 years. After due correction, the boy promised to obey his parents, and the old couple bought a horse for him in order to set him up in life. He collected his clothing yesterday, and set off with the horse, clothing and harness for parts unknown. His father was wandering in useless search of him all day.

Police Court.—Friday. Edward Connell, assault on a small girl—case dismissed.

Two prisoners named Cummings, and McCaulish were hauled up for being drunk and disorderly. They were remanded till tomorrow.

The Corporation *vs.* William Stockdale, for building a wooden house on Rideau street. The case was dismissed. Would this be in retaliation for the judgment lately won by Stockdale against the city in the matter of the funeral expenses of the late Mayor?

A Good Thing for Farmers.—We observe that Mr. McCullough, a resident of Kemptville, has obtained Letters Patent for the United States and Canada, for an exceedingly ingenious and useful invention for corn planting. The machine can be worked either simply by hand or on an extended scale by horse power, and is capable of planting twenty acres per day. The seeds are planted in hills at regular distances—as many at a time as may be desired—are covered with earth and pressed more perfectly than can possibly be done by hand. One of the principal excellencies of the invention is the simplicity of its machinery, which is not liable to get out of order and can be easily repaired by the farmer himself.

Fireman's Funeral.—On Thursday afternoon the remains of Patrick Keating, an old member of the Ottawa No. 1 Fire Company, were conveyed to their last resting place, Sandy Hill, accompanied by a full "turnout" of the Fire Brigade. The coffin was placed on an open catafalque draped in full mourning, and drawn by the members of No. 1, the pall-bearers being selected from all the city companies. The Brigade moved on in front of the Corpse, headed by Sutherland's Brass Band, playing appropriate music, and, as the procession moved slowly along Sussex and Rideau streets, presented a very becoming, though mournful appearance, the whole being marshalled by the worthy chief of the Brigade, Mr. John Langford accompanied by his assistant Mr. Paul Favreau. The arrangements were complete, and reflect credit on those entrusted with them, as well as on the whole Brigade, for the honor shown to their deceased comrade.

St. George's Day.—The celebration to day will be more demonstrative than hitherto. Divine service, lunch at Salmon's, procession, and a good old English re-union in the evening. St. George's Society is not only a national, but a benevolent society; and commands the high esteem of all the public from its many good works.

The Concert will take place at Her Majesty's Theatre this evening. Half of the proceeds of which will be devoted to the Protestant Hospital.

PROGRAMME OF CONCERT.

FIRST PART.

1. Selection....English Sketches....Gowan. Gowan's String Band.
2. Patriotic Song....The Flag that's Braved a Thousand years....Braham. Mr. G. Y. Timms.
3. New National Song....England yet....Jules Benedict. Mrs. Miles.
4. Glee......Fair Flora Decks......Danby. Messrs. Timms, Brewer, and Horsley.
5. Scena....Romance de la lettre.....Grisar. Mrs. Borradaile.
6. National Song....The Death of Nelson....Braham. Mr. Sinclair.
7. Glee....Life's a Bumper....Wainwright. Messrs. Brewer, Timms and Rowe.
8. Patriotic Song....The Flag of the Free....Anon. Miss McCarthy.
9. Song (Comic)...The Horse Flesh Banquet....Jolly Nash. Corporal Putman.

SECOND PART

1. Gallop.....Prince Arthur.....H. Gowan. Gowan's String Band.
2. Loyal Song...England, Europe's Glory...Bridgewater. Mr. R. Brewer.
3. Scena......The Slave Ship......Russell. Mrs. Miles.
4. Patriotic Song..The British Navy..E'Astes. Mr. B. Horsley.
5. Song......Selected.................. Miss Smith.
6. Duet (Pianoforte)..Qui Vive Galop..Weis. Miss Burnhardt and Miss Armstrong.
7. Part Song (in character)....The Gypsies' Laughing Trio....S. Glover. Messrs. Brewer, Horsley, and Rowe.
8. Song......Selected...................... Mr. Sinclair.
9. Song (Comic)....My Story it is True....Arthur Lloyd. Corporal Putman.

Finale......God Save the Queen...... Bull.

POLYGLOTTIC DEBATE.

During the hour of routine business, after recess, in the House of Commons, last night the matter of the Canada Central Railroad being on the tapis, Sir George E. Cartier made some explanation in English, which Mr. Ferguson affected not to understand, when Sir George explained in French. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald, rising to his feet, then explained in Gaelic, and was followed by Mr. Levescote in Spanish, when Sir George E. Cartier thus wound up in latin: Domini Orator—Sedem relinquivi ut ad ordinem vocare illustrissimum hominem sivem doctissimum. Tibi latinum loquar, nunc locutus sum in Grecum linguam.

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 21.

Red River—Riel's Proclamation, &c.

A special to the *Telegraph* from St. Paul, Minn., April 21st, says—A prominent St. Paul Red River trader has just arrived from Fort Garry, which he left on the 10th inst. When he left Georgetown no mail had arrived or left there for fifteen days, owing to the flood.

He reports that on the arrival of Bishop Tache at Fort Garry, he enlightened the people as to the intentions of Canada, and they now have a much better understanding of the transfer of the territory. Bishop Tache was endeavouring to restore confidence. Most of the people fully expect a successful result from the mission of the Delegates. The Sioux Indians are becoming troublesome, and shooting cattle belonging to the settlers. They believe something is going on detrimental to their interest and are kept quiet only by liberal supplies of presents. The people of the settlement and the Hudson Bay Company have acknowledged Riel's Government and all have joined together for safety from the Indians until the bargain with Canada has been made, and a sufficient force arrives from Canada to insure peace between the whites and Indians. The settlers hope, by temporising with the Indians, to keep them quiet until the plain hunters return to Fort Garry with their winter's hunt, otherwise they may cut them off in small squads and plunder them.

The news of the arrest of the delegates, and the *furore* in Canada over the death of Scott has not reached the settlement. This may have had a bad effect, as the people had come to the conclusion that everything was going on smoothly, and terms with Canada were almost certain to be made.

Governor McTavish's health is improving.

Riel has given up to the Hudson Bay Company all property confiscated, and has issued the following proclamation:

PROCLAMATION.

To the People of the North West—

"Let the assembly of twenty-eight representatives which met on the 9th of March, be dear to the people of Red River; that assembly has shown itself worthy of confidence. It has worked in union; the members devoted themselves to public interests and yielded only to the sentiments of good will, duty and generosity. Thanks to that noble conduct, public authority is now strong; that strength will be employed to sustain and protect the people of the country. To-day the Government pardons all those whom political differences led astray only for a time. An amnesty will be generously accorded to all those who will submit to the Government; who will discountenance or inform against dangerous gatherings. From this day forth public highways are open, and the Hudson's Bay Company can now resume business. Themselves contributing to the public good, they circulate their money as of old. They pledge themselves to that course. The attention of the Government is also directed very especially to the northern part of the country, in order that trade may not receive any serious check, and that peace in the Indian districts may thereby be all the more securely maintained. The disastrous war which was at one time threatened, has left among us foes, and various deplorable results, but the people feel reassured; and elected by the grace of Providence and the suffrages of my fellow countrymen to the highest position in the Government of my country, I proclaim that peace reigns in our midst this day. The Government will take every precaution to prevent this peace from being disturbed. While internally all is thus returning to order; externally also, matters are looking favorable. Canada invites the Red River people to an amicable arrangement. She offers to guarantee us our rights and to give us a place in the Confederation equal to that of any of the other Provinces. As defined by the Provincial Government our national existence will be based upon justice, and shall be respected. Oh, happy country! to have escaped many misfortunes that were prepared for her in seizing her children on the point of war. She recommends that old friendship which used to bind us, and by the ties of the same patriotism she has renewed them again for the sake of preserving their lives, their liberty, and their happiness. Let us remain united, and we shall be happy, with the strength of unity. We shall retain prosperity. Ah, my fellow-countrymen, without distinction of language, or without distinction of creed, keep my words in your hearts. If ever, in time, division should unfortunately take place amongst us, as foreigners have heretofore sought to create, that will be a signal for all the disasters which we have had the happiness to avoid. In order to prevent similar calamities the Goverment will treat with all the severity of the laws those who dare again to compromise the public safety. It is ready to act against the disorder of parties, as well as against that of individuals, but let us hope, however, that extreme measures will be unknown, and that the lessons of the past will guide us in the future.

(Signed), LOUIS RIEL."

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Will open in the NEW PREMISES, TO-DAY, SATURDAY, with an immense new stock, all of which can be obtained CHEAP. Call and see.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (?) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up as a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Brittannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders.
1337 3m

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready or inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
A

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Fox Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are shewing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

Capt. R. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA, on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD,
President.

Ottawa April 22, 1870

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1336tf

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

EIGHTH NIGHT OF

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

Fifth appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

MONDAY, APRIL 25th,

The New Burlesque

BLACK EYED SUSAN,

OR

The Little Bill that was Taken Up.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's.

Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

No performance on Saturday evening.

MANAGER..........................MR J MARSHALL.

April 25, 1870. 1332 6

WANTED,

Information of JAMES and FRANCIS HOYLE from Lindley, Huddersfield, England, and if they will correspond with their friends or with JOSHUA MORTON, Glen Tay, P O, Township of Bathurst, Ont., they will hear of something to their advantage.

J MORTON.
18 1

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE

OF

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, &c, to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a. m. at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq, Daly street.

The sale of Paintings will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale from two to six p. m. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th inst. and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870. 1339td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS PLATED WARE, &c. &c.

J. BERMINGHAM is instructed by the Hon' ALEX. CAMPBELL, P. M. G, to sell on TUESDAY, the 26th inst, at his residence Kent Street, off Wellington, and opposite Prince's Terrace, all the Household Furniture therein contained, consisting in part of Easy Chairs, Camp Chairs, Sofas, Oil Paintings, Brussels-Kidderminster and Tapestry Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Side Board, Glass, China and Plated Ware, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen and other Stoves, Trays, Lamps, Water Filterer, &c., &c., and the usual assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

Sale at 11 o'clock, a. m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870. 1338td

IMPORTANT

AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c, &c, will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

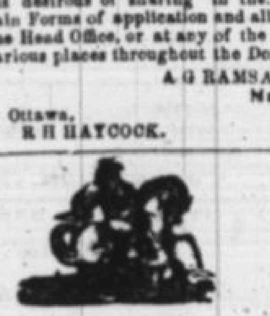
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY, 1870.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND OTHERS.

The following arrangements have been made for the celebration of

ST. GEORGE'S DAY,

SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd INSTANT.

Members will meet at Salmon's Hotel, York Street, at 10 o'clock, a m.

Procession to Christ's Church, headed by Gowan's Band.

Divine Service at 11 o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. H. Pollard, M. A., Chaplain to the Society.

Cold Collation at Salmon's Hotel, at 2 p. m. Tickets, 75 cents each, to be had at the Bar.

GRAND CONCERT in the evening, at Her Majesty's Theatre, half the proceeds of which to be given to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p m.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; double (to admit a lady and gentleman), 75 cents; gallery, 25 cents each, to be had at the usual places, or of the Committee or Stewards.

Badges, and a few choice roses can be obtained at E. Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House Block, Centre Town.

For further particulars see posters.

By order, W MILLS, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Ottawa, April 19, 1869. 1336td

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

CORN PLANTER,

Invented by DANIEL McCULLOUGH, of Kemptville, Ontario, and patented in Canada on the 16th of April, 1869, and at Washington, United States, on the 27th July, 1869, and was awarded an Extra at the Provincial Exhibition held at London in September, 1869.

This CORN PLANTER when worked by hand is calculated to plant about five or six acres per day, and when worked by a horse will with ease plant fifteen or sixteen acres per day, and has the advantage of planting in hills in such a manner as they can be cultivated both ways.

D. McCullough is now prepared to sell Township or County rights both in Canada and the United States. 1339tf

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 50

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton, to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances, &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A D, 1870. 1335 6

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE,
A J STEPHENS,
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN,
Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Dry Goods.

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in al the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1336tf

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street, has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, schwing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2,000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from JOHN WILSON, Esq., Solicitor, (late Master in Chancery) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, 268 south side of Rideau Street, near Gloucester street, (Sandy Hill), on MONDAY, the 25th April instant, at 11 o'clock a m, all his Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Office Furniture; and also a Law and a Private Library, and a good Piano.

Sale positive—Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1337td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m. and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above. A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1341 3m

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

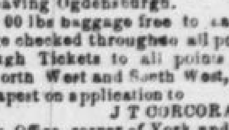
ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

This Season's Patterns,

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted). for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

00 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked throughout all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or on every day at the Railway Station on the departure of the trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

LOST LETTERS.

Lost a few days ago by a gentleman residing at the Russell House, several LETTERS, which would be thankfully received from the finder by Mr. GOUIN, Russell House. 1337 2

CAUTION.

DENIS TIERNEY having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him, as any persons found doing so after the date of this advertisement shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

ROBERT [illegible]

Ottawa, April 19, 187 .

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS

(Prepared weekly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office Ottawa, April 23, 1870.

[illegible]	4 50	@	0 00
[illegible]	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 34	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
[illegible] per 100 lbs.	5 10	@	7 50
[illegible]	0 07	@	0 00
[illegible]	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 4-
BUTTER—Choice [illegible]	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 00
No. 2	0 15	@	0 00
Eggs	0 10	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
[illegible]	3 00	@	0 00
[illegible]	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	4 25	@	0 00

Hides.

GREEN—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	0 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 0
Green Raw Hide	5 50	@	0 00

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold" in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HORSES BY [illegible] [illegible] all who have [illegible] the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind introduced or at present in use for coughs, colds, [illegible], and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal, there is nothing in it which can injure a horse, whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Coe is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Taravilla Cocoa—For Breakfast—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Taravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Taravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by Grocers, of whom also may be had [illegible] at Homœopathic [illegible] [illegible] Mills—[illegible]

[illegible]—Doctor's bills are [illegible] pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping Grace's SALVE in the [illegible]. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared; but such, indeed, is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy. Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a heady standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by Apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Candill & Co. Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 4b

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, [illegible] unrivalled for its agreeable [illegible] in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. 1138-3awtm [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 30. 1006-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

LEA & PERRINS'

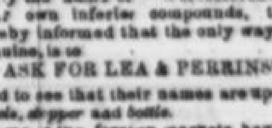
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers and vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1256 law

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st. Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 25, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery or Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases, Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for [illegible] public

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

F. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HASSETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,

1032tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or in the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1299 td lawt.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or MERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In town.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the higher terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

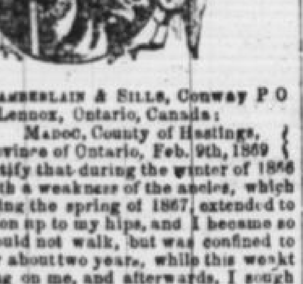
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail, I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P., &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope-less; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*"

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*"

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 4s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Candill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jd3-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s Commercial Warehouse, directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

384 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

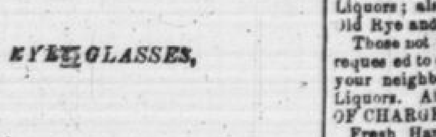
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its large resources shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to examine important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjustee [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Teas and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best brands.

Those not having had a trial are requested to call and judge for themselves. Tell your neighbours who have tried our [illegible]. Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—[illegible] P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869.

READER.

Are you afflicted with Toothache, Neuralgia, &c.? Get relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER. [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and [illegible] attack, may be cured within [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable [illegible] and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward [illegible]. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W F FRASER, [illegible]

[illegible] 1384 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Prime [illegible] and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 2, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

VOL V. NO

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, [illegible]ington Street, Upper Town, Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

[illegible] WHELAN,

[illegible] RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

[illegible] OPENED HIS NEW [ESTAB]LISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand)

For sale at VERY LOW PRICES a well selected stock, comprising Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry [illegible] Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, [illegible] Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

[ME]SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

[illegible] numerous other articles necessary [to] a complete stock.

[TEAS]—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial [illegible] fresh and cheap.

[COFFEE]—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted.

[LIQ]UORS—Cognac Brandies; Henault & [illegible], Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's [illegible] bottle.

WINES—Sherries, all grades, Port [illegible] quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira [illegible] all prices, in wood and bottle. Improved HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY,

High proof and [illegible] at extremely low [prices]. [illegible] and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey. [illegible]'s Irish Whiskey. [illegible]'s Old Irish Potteen. [illegible] and London Porter, pts and qts. [illegible] and other Ales. [illegible] and Syrups, all grades. [illegible] strawberries' prices.

[illegible] OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM [FIRE, SE]LLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

[illegible] the time or bar sizes.

[illegible] PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[Incorpo]rated under Chapter LXVII [Con]solidated Statutes of Canada

[HEAD] OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S B[uilding] [illegible], 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible], Chairman; D C THOMSON [illegible] FOOTE A THOMSON, T H [illegible]ROND, Manager.

[illegible]

[illegible] KEEPERS, GROCERS, H[OTEL] [illegible] STORES AND OTHERS.

[illegible] give notice of my intention to [illegible] and or otherwise, TOMATO [CATSU]P, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

[illegible] of trade during the last [illegible] compelled me to enlarge my manu[factory] [illegible] to make the wholesale [illegible].

[illegible] I have now is undoubtedly the [illegible] and the question of quality is [illegible] by making known the fact that I [illegible] from seed procured at any [illegible] favorable comparison with any [illegible] another and superior fact is the [illegible] and manufactured in Ottawa [illegible] freight, packing, duty and other [illegible] enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower.

[illegible] advantages, I think, cannot [illegible] may favor me with their [illegible] NASH, Wholesale and Retail [illegible] street, Ottawa, or di[illegible] Factory on the bank of the [illegible]

[illegible] Empty Pickle bottles and [illegible] highest prices given.

[illegible] EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

[Wheat], Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex [illegible] advanced on goods consigned to [illegible] Prompt returns in all cases.

[illegible] R. M.

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

[illegible] gentlemen can be accom[modated with] comfortable board and rooms. Ge[ntlemen] [illegible] the day or week, at moderate terms. [illegible] This house is situated in the im[mediate vicin]ity of the Parliament Buildings [and] [illegible] banks.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, will commence her Dancing Classes will commence Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained [on application] to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod st.

Ottawa, September 9th, 1869.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber [having] decided to divide his time equally [between Otta]wa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to in[form his] old patrons and others, that he hopes, [to give] satisfaction to their orders [illegible] heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once [a month] [illegible] received at Mr. Bermingham's [illegible] and at E. Miller's Music Store.

GEO. H. BENE[illegible]

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

MR. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the [illegible]), a Graduate of the Imperial Conser[vatoire] [illegible] Lessons on Piano and Singing, [illegible] of King street. [illegible], June 22, 1869.

[illegible] MAYNE,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER

[illegible] street, Centre Town,

[CORNER] SPARKS & QUEEN STS.

[illegible] FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT [illegible] street, next to the City [illegible] Ottawa.

[illegible] the purchase of the Lumber M[illegible] [illegible] Ottawa. From his long [experience] [illegible] his services in [illegible] their rafts while [illegible] the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[illegible], Esq. Walter Smith
[illegible] R W Cruice,
1234tf

[illegible], OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY, FRUIT, &c.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has on hand, in season, [illegible] which will be sold at [lower prices] than any other house in [illegible] [illegible] NICHOLS, No 85 Rideau

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1341. OTTAWA, MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 29, 1869. 1236.t

JAMES WHELAN,

59 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

For sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt.—Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground and roasted* daily on premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Henault & Co., Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtcaan's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines, prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

proof and over, at extremely low prices. Ramsay's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Kinahan's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts. Younger's and other Ales. Cordials and Syrups, all grades. Wine merchants' prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Call in the time or bargains. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN, ESMOND, Manager. 1141tf

TO HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

The increase of trade during the last four years has compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I [illegible] decided to make the wholesale trade my purpose.

The stock I have now is undoubtedly the largest made, and the question of quality is readily [illegible] by making known the fact that I raise my vegetables from seed procured at any expense making it is the best; they will therefore [illegible] favorable comparison with any imported. Another and important fact is that being [illegible] and manufactured in Ottawa thereby saving freight, packing, duty and other expenses, I am enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than importer.

These advantages, I think, cannot fail to [illegible] those who may favor me with their orders.

JAMES NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle Manufacturer, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box [illegible], Post Office, Ottawa.*

Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau.

N.B.—Empty Pickle bottles collected, the highest prices given. 1196y

R. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Oats, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the principal banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1143tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders far more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Mart, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

MR. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Staging. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

JNO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, or cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray, street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa. April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,

1327tf Metcalfe Street.

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,

The Tea Pot,

1306tM1 Sussex street.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,

Dept Public Works,

1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen

Application to

D O'CONNOR,

Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignors, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Even Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

RESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No 28, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS, AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1338y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their house, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1333 3m

Dominion Parliament.

(CONTINUED).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said then the question was between the two hon. members. No such thing as log rolling ever entered the minds of any member of the Government; when recommending expenditure in any of the Provinces, they recommended it in view of the necessity of the public service. If larger expenditure be required in Nova Scotia than any other place, the Government did not mind if that Province, though not the most numerous in population, should appear to receive a larger expenditure of public money than any other Province. These small ideas of log rolling never entered the minds of any of his colleagues. The hon. member must have taken that idea from a too close reading of the newspapers of the United States where log rolling was very common, and of which an instance was furnished in connection with the amended charter for New York. A deputation had left New York on Saturday for Albany, and on Monday the amended charter was passed. This operation might take place in the United States, but in Canada there was nothing of that kind (hear). Thank God, we were above all that (hear). But it might be said the Government had not acted with due regard to economy. He challenged the objection of any hon. member to the statement that there was a saving of several thousand pounds between the expenditure of the civil service of the last year, compared with the one for which Government were now asking an appropriation. Now he would like to see the hon. member for Stormont addressing his intelligent constituents and taking up the estimates. He might say he could not see how it could be denied that there was an increase in expenditure over last year. Taking, for instance, the Militia Department, he would find a slight increase in the civil branch, but that was caused by the transfer of the medical branch, which had previously been in the military branch. There was a large diminution in the expenditure for the civil service this year, as compared with the previous year. The civil service for the year 1869-70, cost $554,985; and Government were now asking an aggregate sum of $515,609; making a diminution of $39,375 for the present year. It must be borne in mind that last year the medical branch of the Militia Department was not included and consequently to the saving of this year, there ought to be added $8,430, the cost of the medical branch, making a saving this year of $47,805. He admitted they had increased the Salaries of certain officers, because there had been a law passed by the Parliament of Canada, not only authorizing the Government to do so but enacting that it must be done for certain employees. Government had complied with that law and had classified the employees and given the necessary increase. He wished to know if the Government were economising or not. They were actually asking $47,805 less this year than last, though they had ninety more employees than last year (hear). It would be asked by *leger de main* was this wonderful performance carried on. Some persons would naturally say it was impossible (hear, laughter). The vicious system of having temporary employees which had prevailed for many years, even during the adminstration of his hon. friend the member for Chateauguay, and by which men though not in the regular service had been employed for ten or twelve years, had been abolished, and all whose services were required for the public service had to go upon the lists. Since the passage of the Act requiring this to be done, had not been a single increase in the number of employees. Coming to the question of contingencies in 1869 and 1870 they amounted to $216,000, and Government were now asking for 1870 and 1871, $150,000. In the item of stationary they had made immense economy, they no longer allowed every body to run an account there, and no longer paid 150 per cent. more than the articles were worth, but the Government imported the stationary and furnished it to the Department, which was charged with the amount furnished and the consequence was that there was a saving in stationary, of at least 190 per cent., and this item of $51,00 for stationary, and the saving in Contingencies would be $51,000.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The hon. gentleman is surely in error in the statement he has just now made with regard to the statement he has just now made with regard to the saving in the Contingencies. He (Mr. Holton) found from the public accounts he held in his hand that for the Financial year, ending 30th June last the whole expenses of Contingencies including Dominion offices in New Brunswitk, Nova Scotia was $148,000, they effected a saving on last year's appropriation (hear).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he would not go into the details of the different items, but he had said there was a saving of $47,000 in the whole Civil service, and $51,000 in Contingencies, which would stand against an excess of salaries of $3,694. The salaries paid in 1870 and and 1871, amounted to $350,608 less the Militia because there was an exchange in the Department, making $342,178, which the Government asked for 1870 and 1867 in 1869-70 to the amount paid in salaries was $338,485. His hon. friend, the member for Chateauguay had alluded to the hon. member for Cumberland in a manner unworthy of him and unbecoming to him. He alluded to him as having formerly occupied a high place in the feelings of the people of Nova Scotia, and then he contrasted that position with his present one, of having after the last general elections only a paltry minority. He (Sir George) thought the hon. member for Chateauguay was the last man in the House to make such an allusion. He admitted the hon member for Cumberland had been placed in an awkward positon at the last general election, but he had since received the confidence of his people, and he [Sir George] would ask the hon member for Chateauguay if he had ever been in the position to say he commanded the confidence of the people of Lower Canada. He never had that confidence and he knew it, and he [Sir George E.] hoped after this discussion his hon friend would be a little more generous, and when he is himself, inhabiting a glass house, he will not allude to the kind of palaces inhabited by his neighbours, an argument had been made use of in this discussion, respecting the expenditure of Dominion money in Nova Scotia, that it was unjust to the other Provinces. He was delighted with the prosperity of Ontario and Quebec, but hon members should look at the tables of imports and exports, and see what amount of Customs duties were collected in the different Provinces, what would be found with regard to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. These Provinces had been frequently taunted with being small and contributing nothing to the public exchequer. Now with regard to the customs duties Nova Scotia and New Brunswick gave more in proportion to population, than Ontario and Quebec [hear.]

Mr. MACKENZIE—Who taunted them?

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER did not like to answer such a question, he could not allude to a past debate, though he would like to [laughter].

Mr. MACKENZIE—The hon. gentleman cannot do it, He has alluded to a past debate already, and he [Mr. Mackenzie] challenged him to state who made such assertion [hear].

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER did not desire to raise a question of order, but the charge had been frequently made that Nova Scotia had received a solatium in order to keep her in Confederation. Last year the Customs receipts from Nova Scotia were $1,076,000, and from New Brunswick $899,000 or in round numbers Nova Scotia and New Brunswick contributed to the tune of nearly two millions of dollars. The population of New Brunswick is hardly 300,000, and of Nova Scotia about 400,000: or both of them 700,000 inabitants, and they contributed two millions, leaving for Ontario and Quebec, $6,300,000. Ontario should produce according to its population, in order to be on the same footing as Nova Scotia and New Brunswick very nearly $5,600,000 of Custom duty. It should be borne in mind that the people of a country having a large foreign shipping commerce, more in proportion to its inhabitants than an agricultural country. He must admit, with regard to the excise, there must be more whiskey drank in Upper Canada in proportion than in Nova Scotia, but they would not bring that as a grudge against their friends below (laughter). He thought he had proved that the Government had considered and carried into effect an economical system, and that hereafter no member of this House would be able to say that the Government was not imbued with a determination to bring about such an economical system of administration as would be desired by any of their friends (hear, hear).

Mr. YOUNG said he entirely differed with the Hon. Minister of Militia with regard to the Civil Service of 1868 69, and instead of their being a surplus over the ordinary expenditure, there was a very serious deficit. It was very easy to show a surplus on paper, but when the figures sent down came be analyzed, it was quite clear there was a serious deficit instead of a surplus. In 1868 69 the total amount of revenue received by Government was $74,485,139, but the Government had included in the receipts at least two items which could not be properly called ordinary revenue—the premiums on discounts and the amount received from the Great Western Railway. If premiums on discounts were to be considered ordinary revenue we had only to go on increasing our indebtedness, and our receipts will swell to an enormous amount. The premiums received for discounts and exchange should not be counted as revenue. When the $510,453 received from the Great Western Railway, he knew perfectly well it was put aside expressly by the late Minister of Finance (Mr. Rose) to recoup the Intercolonial Railway loan, and Mr. Rose had said last session that he did not look upon this Great Western money as ordinary revenue, but that he kept it for recouping the Intercolonial loan, but now he (Mr. Young) found it came into the ordinary revenue of 1868-69. Now, deducting these two items, with the item of investment $55,000, there would be the sum of $1,174,278 to deduct from the total amount of revenue or receipts from 1868-69, reducing the ordinary revenue to $13,310,861. The total amount of expenditure for that year was $14,144,049, but here they have left out a very large item—the expenditure upon public works—which ought to be under the head of ordinary expenditure. This amounted to no less than $555,189. It was claimed that this amount should not be counted as ordinary expenditure and that a large portion of it was on capital account. He [Mr. Young] had taken the trouble to go over all these items and had taken out all the items which he thought should properly be charged to capital account, and he found that only $97,489 should be charged to capital account, though some hon. member considered a much larger amount than this ought to have been charged. There was the sum of $29,232 to add to ordinary expenditure, making the total ordinary expenditure for 1868-69 $14,173,271, the net revenue was $13,310,861, showing a deficit of $862,410, instead of the surplus claimed by the Minister of Militia. The result of the present year's operations would, he anticipated, shew a deficit, and to make this up the Government were resorting to increased taxation, by which they would raise over a million of dollars. He believed if Government had exercised a proper prudence in expenditure there would have been no necessity for increasing the taxation of the country. He did not think the financial condition of the country was satisfactory at present, nor did he feel hopeful looking forward to the time to come.

On item $1,300,000 for opening communication with, establishing Government in, and providing for settlement of North West Territory,

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) moved in amendment that the following words be added thereto:—"Provided no portion of the said sum or of the Dominion Funds, shall be expended in employing troops or the Militia of the Dominion for the purpose of regaining by force or arms the possession of said anthority, nor until the peaceful possession of the same shall have been secured to this Dominion according to, and under the terms of the agreement entered into between the Imperial authorities and the Government of Canada."

He thought that if troops were sent up there, it would result in a war between Catholics and Protestants (hear); a war of races and nations, and it would also end in a war with the United States. He therefore trusted that peaceful means would be taken to obtain possession of that country. He considered it was the duty of the Imperial Government to give us peaceful possession of that country. If they did so he was willing for one to shoulder his gun and defend the British flag in that country as well as he would defend it in this country.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the hon. member was not consistent, as his motion meant one thing and his words another. This was too important a question brought at on a side issue, and he would call the attention of the House to the consequences involved in this resolution. The hon. gentleman refused to withdraw his resolution, and accept the pledge of the Hon. Minister of Militia. He moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. MACKENZIE did not intend to object to the course taken by the Hon. Minister of Justice, which was perhaps the best course that could be taken, but he had asked the Government if they had adopted some vigorous policy that would commend itself to the House and country. He confessed he was painfully impressed by the disagreeable feeling he found surrounding him in connection with this matter, and if the Government were not prepared to bring us any documents or give any information in this matter, he had certainly intended to call the attention of the House to the position the Government occupied with reference to this territory, when this motion came up. The hon. gentleman who had moved this resolution had said that order should not be restored in that territory by force, but it must be restored by force for there was a violation of the law and taking of human life. Justice must be vindicated and the majesty of the British law upheld or the country would hold the Government responsible (hear.)

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD deprecated any discussion. The Government realized the profits of the occasion and would take every step with the greatest care. Before this motion came up for discussion his hon. friend would find a policy disclosed by Government which he (Sir John believed would be satisfactory to a majority of the House and satisfactory to a majority of those members who usually supported the present Government. [Hear.]

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if the policy of the Government would be indicated before the close of the debate on the present motion.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD could not pledge himself to any time, because what might be politic to day might be impolitic to-morrow, but at an early day Government would be able to bring down their policy *ab initio*. [Hear.]

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought they ought to have the assurance that Government would take the advice of Parliament on the whole matter.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Most assuredly.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—Certainly. [Hear.]

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said if Parliament was to prorogue without this matter being brought before it the whole responsibility would rest with Government He thought we had drifted blindly long enough in connection with this affair. Government must take the initiative in submitting a policy to Parliament, but Parliament must take the responsibility. This was a very grave subject, and with the assurance that the voice of Parliament was to be taken he was quite content to leave the matter in the hands of the Government. [Hear.]

After some remarks from Mr. Ferguson, the debate was adjourned.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that he had inserted the same salary for certain officers as were reduced by the House last year, because they desired the calm, careful consideration of the decision then arrived at. He had done this with regard to the Warden's salary because on the late Warden, Mr. Macdonald's, death he had very strongly urged the appointment on Mr. Ferres, and promised him as an inducement his salary should be made $2,600 the same as the Deputy Heads of Departments. It was with sadness that he announced the death of Mr. Ferres, which took place to-day.

After some discussion with regard to other salaries and expenditure the item was passed.

The item $2,400 for the improvement of the River Thames was passed.

The item for printing was struck out with the understanding that it should be considered as supplementary estimates.

The Committee then rose and reported progress.

The remaining items were then concurred in.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that when the House adjourned on Friday it stand adjourned till Saturday at seven o'clock and sit till twelve.

The House adjourned at two o'clock.

PARIS—The long threatened strikes have begun in earnest, The foundry men moulders, about 15,000 strong, struck to-day, as did also the tailors.

The house painters are expected to strike to-morrow.

The trial of M. Barbenet, the director of Henri Rochefort's journal, the *Marseillaise*, has been concluded. His offence was the publication in that journal of a congratulatory letter addressed from the workmen of Lyons to the workmen of La Creuzot. He was convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of 4,000 francs.

Political excitement, on account of the *plebiscitum*, is increasing throughout the country, and the journals complain that it has had an ill effect on commerce

The *Moniteur* announces that the *Journal Officiel* will publish on Friday next a decree taking the vote of the nation on the *plebiscitum*, and limiting the voting to one day.

The sugar refiners and hat makers have joined the strike.

PARIS—In the Senate to-day the debate was continued on the *Senatus Consultum*.

M. Ollivier wound up the discussion with a long and brilliant speech. Referring to the *plebiscitum* he said that the Government did not wish to extend the question. They only desired to submit certain liberal modifications to the people. They had no intention of submitting the principle on which the State was founded, and of converting an hereditary Empire into an elective Empire; but the revolutionary party, obeying evil passions, had given another complexion to the debate. If the revolutionary party wished to combat, the Government would accept the challenge. If the desire was to take revolutionary ground the Government would follow and outstrip its enemies. M. Ollivier assured the Senate that whatever might be the result of the struggle, the Government would not place itself on the track of re-action. He said the Government of the country and the Emperor will remain what they are—liberal, generous and magnanimous. It is peculiar to the Emperor to be always advancing The Government, in pursuance of its conciliatory work, will always hold out its hand to honest men; let them remember that democracy and liberty are not incompatible with the Emperor. The triumph of liberty, through Government, would be for the sovereign, glory complete, and for the nation, security without a cloud. This passage called from Senat is a round of applause, which was twice repeated. Mr. Ollivier, in concluding said the Emperor still had the exclusive right to prepare the formula of the *plebiscitum*.

The debate then closed, and the *senatus consultum* was adopted by the Senate

MADRID—In the Cortes yesterday, a fierce attack was made by the Republican Deputies on Prim and Rivero, who were accused of causing the recent outbreak at Barcelona.

VIENNA—The Ministry have decided to dissolve the Diets of Western Austria. The measure is bitterly opposed by the radicals.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The particulars of the eruption of the volcano of Ceboraco, in Mexico, have been received. Lava was pouring down the mountain sides in streams. The air was stifling, and ashes from the burning mountain covered the ground, and the roofs of houses, over an inch deep. The mountain side and surrounding country had been abandoned by the inhabitants.

FORT LARAMIE, WYOMING TERRITORY.—A letter to the *Leader*, dated Elk Horn, April 16, says a vein of cannel coal has been discovered within three miles of Perry Station, which is pronounced by old miners to be of the best quality.

WILKESBORO PA—Owing to the strike of miners in the Schuylkill region, coal has been shipped from this section to points alongside the Reading railroad.

Yesterday the miners at Plymouth refused to load the Reading cars, and all the miners stopped work, and would not resume until the operators promised to load the Reading road. The men will not do anything to relieve the wants of the Schuylkill operators, or supply their customers with coal.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style" last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11385W6m

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar [illegible], but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Ottawa River Navigation Company—R W Shepherd
Attention—A. Rowe
Notice—R S Cassels
Wet Nurse Wanted—Dr Mackenzie
J Baird, Physician, &c
House to Let—Wm Woodburn
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—I B Tackaberry

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

The Dominion of Canada is thriving upon a free trade policy, while the United States are growing poorer under protection. This may be true or untrue so far as the mere fact goes. It is the allegation of the New York *Albion* not ours. From whatever cause arising, there can however, be no doubt about the decline of national wealth—that is commercial wealth—in the United States. Already we have pointed out the decline of her ocean shipping, the fallings off in her exports, and decrease of her imports and her complete inability, with any amount of protection, to compete in manufactures with Great Britain. The very pen knives of Congress are made in Birmingham. There is nothing made in the United States that cannot be better made and cheaper made in England. Even cheap clocks and wooden nutmegs can no longer be exported either to England or Germany. Skilled labour and unskilled labour is much too costly in the United States to be turned to profitable account. There, protection only makes all manufactured goods dearer without adding to the manufacturers. Here, on the contrary there is neither a protective nor a free trade policy adopted as the result of mere prejudice. What we can manufacture cheaply, and more cheaply than anybody else, does not require protection and that which we do not manufacture as well as Great Britain can, we admit at a rate of duty only sufficient for revenue purposes. There is a judicious mixing up of indirect and direct taxation, only with a view to revenue, and such a stimulus is given to manufactures of all kinds—such necessities are created to be taxed, that the necessities and the means of gratifying them being combined, remove the weight of the taxation. Here nobody feels the taxation imposed for revenue purposes. Everybody is busy and everybody eats and drinks without feeling or knowing the cost of it. We are kept busy. These new schemes—even those Raids do not overwhelm us with taxation, because it is so collected that nobody seems to know how he contributes to the revenue at all. The great secret of Canadian success, is that public works go on and great schemes are undertaken without any great pressure being brought to bear upon the individual. Canada prospers under a union of the free trade and protective systems, while the United States languish on account of a grievous direct taxation upon articles which, though manufactured abroad, are necessities at home.

THE DISCHARGE FROM LEGAL CUSTODY OF THE DELEGATES.

No proof, or the shadow of it, having been adduced against the Reverend Father Richot and Mr. Scott, the delegates from Red River, accused of complicity in the murder of Riel's victim, it must be gratifying to every one, who is law-abiding to know that they were at once, and, unhesitatingly, discharged. Had there been any just grounds of suspicion against either of these men they would have been held for trial as other men would have been. The position of delegate would not have sheltered them from the consequences of crime. They were discharged simply because there were no reasonable nor any grounds for their detention. Here, we are a law-abiding people, and it is well that such should be the case. Prejudice or temper should not be permitted to trifle with the liberty of the subject, and we are rejoiced that there has been no such trifling here. That the real murderer—the man, who caused Scott's death, who had it in his power to stay the hands that actually did the deed should meet with the utmost penalty of the law, is devoutly to be wished for. Him, neither palliation, on account of supposed peculiarity of position, expediency, or a mistaken pity should, under any circumstances save. Riel is amenable to justice and to him—the man placed in the highest position by the Grace of Providence—justice shall by the Grace of Providence be fully meted out. On him there is that mark, which cannot be obliterated.

DR. SCHULTZ and Mr. Monkman returned to this city from Montreal on Saturday evening, and we learn from the latter, that, on arriving there, the Hon. Mr. Starnes arranged through Col. Elphinstone for the reception of these gentlemen by Prince Arthur at his residence. Mr. Monkman is much pleased at the gracious manner in which His Royal Highness received them, and is the bearer of some presents and kindly messages to the Indians of the Lac la Pluie district. We also learn that on the following day His Royal Highness presented Dr. Schultz with a large portrait and his autograph. It is by these little things that British power is often strengthened. This tale will be told at many a council fire to circles of smoking Ojibways, and many a dark face will brighten to hear that the Son of (Oke, mah, qua), their Great Mother, thinks well of them, and has promised to tell her about her Indians in the far North West.

THAT PORTRAIT.

Our well meaning contemporary the *Canadian Illustrated News* is not always happy in his likenesses. His portraits of leading men are sometimes so grotesque as to be rather caricatures than truthful resemblances. They certainly are not flattering. The likeness of Mr. Gibbs, member of the House of Commons for South Ontario, is no more like that noble looking figure of a man, than was Hamlet's uncle like Hamlet's father. His very friends would not know him. He would have difficulty in recognising himself. That nose, he knows not. That nose no one knows. It is a monstrosity of a nose. It is not the nose which even a Hottentot might own. Mr. Gibbs does not himself remember ever having seen such a nose. No one knows the *News'* nose as being the nose of Thomas N. Gibbs, and whose nose it is, heaven only knows. Certes it is not a heavenly nose. Mr. Gibbs does not remember ever having seen the photograph from whence this nose came. We have seen Notman's picture, but that gives Mr. Gibbs a most passable nose. That picture, the friends of Mr. Gibbs might recognize—and as Shakespeare says, "Look upon that picture, and on this." Mr. Gibb's name must have been written under a photograph intended to represent the murderer of Scott. At any rate this picture fairly murders the similitude of Mr Gibbs.

Blackwood's Magazine for April has been sent to us by Messrs. Durie & Son, booksellers Sparks street. As usual it is interesting. "John" "Cornelius O'Dowd," and the article intituled, "The State, the Poor, and the Country," are especially worthy of perusal.

The steel guns for the Red River expedition may arrive at Quebec any day. These are the same that were used in Abyssinia. They weigh only one hundred pounds, but are strong, and carry a seven pound ball.

Scott's Nationality.

RIEL'S DELEGATE REPUDIATES AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP—HE CLAIMS TO BE AN ENGLISHMAN.

From the following card, which we clip from the last issue of the *New Nation*, dated March 18th, it will be seen that the Rebel Delegate Scott repudiates American citizenship, and claims to be an Englishman by by birth:—

WINNIPEG, March 17th, 1870.

Editor New Nation.

An article has been of late going the rounds of the papers in which I am represented as an American citizen. Of course there is always an uncertainty concerning matters of which you have no remembrance; and although personally present at the period of my birth, I retain upon my memory not even the faintest imprint of the locality in which it occurred, or the circumstances attendant upon that eventful epoch. Nothing being certain in this life but mortality and taxation, I could not state as an indisputable fact that I am not a citizen of the United States, but content myself with saying that the family tree—which is painted in water colours and framed in walnut, and hangs in the paternal mansion—devotes an entire branch to my origin and antecedents. It states as a fact—which I have as yet no reason to doubt—that the place of my birth is the city of London, England. What peculiar star was in the ascendant at my natal hour, the tree doesn't say; but proceeds to run off into numerous little branches and twigs which represent Scott of a future generation. Having early had an implicit faith in the correctness of the family events chronicled by this tree installed into my mind, I have always entertained the belief that I am a British subject and owe my allegiance to the British Crown, although sincerely grateful for the compliment contained in the supposition of my being among the members of the thriving American citizens.

A. H. SCOTT.

THE OFFICERS OF THE "ONEIDA"—The New York *Express* quotes another journal to the effect that an officer of the "Oneida," which has arrived, we presume, at San Francisco stated in the presence of several gentlemen connected with the journal from which the quotation is made, that at the time of her collision with the Bombay, all her officers were drunk, they being engaged in a jollification on leaving port, and the clerk being in charge of a midshipman. According to this story, they were quite unable to give suitable orders after the collision. The journal which makes this statement very justly adds that the condition of the officers does not excuse Captain Eyre's barbarous abandonment of the sinking ship; but, we cannot see the justice of another remark that it need not lead even to the inference that the "Oneida" was not well managed before the shock. It does not certainly prove that she was not well managed; but, if true it makes it very probable that she was not, and that probability is confirmed by the evidence before the Court of Enquiry. The *Express* says that there have been many whisperings as to this fact, and that, perhaps, Senator Schenck, who desired not to pass resolutions on the matter till all the truth was known, may have been in communication with the officer who has made the statement.

We can all recognise the delicacy and danger of the fishery question, when the American press and public are disposed to back up the Yankee fishermen in their pretensions to infringe upon Canadian rights. But the gulf fisheries are not the only ones affected by the interpretation concerning the headlands. The most valuable of the American fisheries, those of Chesapeake Bay and Albemarle Sound, would be likewise affected. It cannot be expected that our government should give way unconditionally, nor that the American government can refuse to accept the demand as binding upon itself. The Canadian authorities, it can fairly be claimed, have exhibited great moderation in regard to this matter, by consenting to leave the question to the decision of impartial arbitrators.—*Kingston Daily News.*

We doubt much whether the old anchorite who sat on the top of a pillar for nearly half a century, had as good a constitution as President Lopez, of Paraguay. A few days ago he was brutally murdered for the ninth time; the party who murdered him received a title of nobility for the exploit; his remains were unceremoniously consigned to the dust; his biography was kindly written by several enterprising New York journals; rhymsters were beginning to deplore his sad end in worse verse, when presto! he re-appears and, notwithstanding Brazilian reports to the contrary, turns upon his pursuers and gains a glorious victory. So saith his son who is studying the law in New York. As the young man has not resided in that city for any length of time we may place as much reliance upon his statement as on the elaborate reports which reach us through Brazilian channels.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshones Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 22, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Mr. BROUSSEAU presented the report of the Printing Committee.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved concurrence in the Report of the Committee of Supply.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the House into Committee on the Bill to amend the Act respecting the Department of Finance.

Various items passed.

The House in Committee.

Hon. Mr. CARLING in the chair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS explained that the additional clause was to provide that Mr Dickinson retain emoluments during the time he remained in the service of the Government.

Committee rose and reported.

The Bill with amendment was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Interest Bill.

Mr. MACKENZIE thought the Bill was most uncalled for, and would be injurious to the country. He wished to have the direct test of the opinion of the House on the question, and moved for the six months' hoist.

Mr. E. M. McDONALD (Lunenburg) would not vote for the Bill nor for the amendment, but would move amendments in Committee. With regard to the provisions, he thought they could be improved.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT protested against fixing a legal rate of interest.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said that personally, he was in favour of free trade in money. His Province was in favour of a rigid law; so as to settle the difficulty in which he was placed, he would support the amendment and thus leave matters as they stand.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said this Bill would have injurious results, instead of introducing the benefit of uniformity. It would raise the rate of interest in New Brunswick from 6, as it now stood, to 8 per cent.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD thought this was one of the subjects on which there should be a difference of laws in the different Provinces. He was in favour of allowing each Province to have a law such as suited its own wants. H would therefore support the hoist.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said it was a pity when three of the Provinces were satisfied with their laws as they now stand, that there should be any attempt to change them. It was most surprising to see the Government declaring themselves in favour of free trade in money, and at the same time supporting the Bill. Why could not the rate be left as it was in each of the Provinces. If every commercial man in the House who had spoken, was opposed to a restriction in the rate of interest; if every Province was satisfied with the existing law—if even Quebec, according to the Minister of Militia, was satisfied—why in the name of Heaven should this House sit down and alter the law.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER maintained that there were several members in Ontario who favoured the fixed rate.

Mr. GIBBS said the feeling in Ontario was strongly in favour of allowing the people to fix the rate as they chose. If a legal rate were fixed, it would be evaded universally.

The division was then taken, and resulted as follows, yeas 65, nays 80.

The Bill was read a second time.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved that the Bill be referred to Committee of the Whole House at once.—Carried.

The House went into Committee; Mr. MILLS in the chair.

On the second clause,

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved that the word "seven" be substituted for "eight."

Mr. McDONALD (Lunenburg) moved in amendment to the amendment that Nova Scotia be excepted from it.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he would support the amendment because he was going to move an amendment to except another Province from the action of the law. Forty-five Ontario members had supported the hoist, whereas only twenty-two had voted against it. Two of the latter had voted against their conscientious convictions. He hoped all who had supported that motion would support the motions to except any of the Provinces from the law.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he was fully prepared to acknowledge that he had held opinions favourable to free trade in money, but the present scheme was a compromise between the wants of the different Provinces. He warned members from agreeing to amendments the object of which was to destroy the Bill.

Mr. McDONALD (Lunenburg) explained that under the present law in Nova Scotia Banks received 7 per cent. interest, whereas private persons could only take six. It was to remove this anomaly that he had voted that the Bill should not go into Committee.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER'S amendment was put and lost. Yeas, 55; nays, 69.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD'S amendment to except Nova Scotia was then read.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved, in amendment, to except the Provinces of Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick [laughter]. Lost. Yeas, 61; nays, 65,

Mr. CURRIER moved that the Committee do now rise.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD and Mr. MACFARLANE were appointed Scrutineers and the House divided. A scene of great confusion ensued. Motion lost. Yeas, 61; nays, 71.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD'S amendment was put and lost.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the result of the division showed that there were majorities from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Ontario against restricting the rate of interest, and it would be a gross injustice for Quebec to impose legislation on other Provinces, not desired by them. He would give Quebec a restrictive rate of interest if they desired it. [Hear.]

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD thought sectionalism had been abolished when Confederation took place, and the remarks of the hon. member for Lambton shewed he was not sincere in his expression that he was not governed by sectional feelings.

It being six o'clock the House rose.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT'S motion, that the Bill respecting the Canada Central Railway Company be read a third time, was taken under consideration.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU moved his amendment.

Mr. FERGUSON spoke at some length against the Bill.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER called the hon. member to order in English.

Mr. FERGUSON asked him to repeat it.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER did so in French.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD replied in Gaelic, evidently denouncing the Ministry, amid great laughter.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER defended the Government in Latin and Greek (great applause).

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT protested against the debates being carried on in Choctaw (laughter).

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was all Greek to him (laughter).

Mr. LE VESCONTE spoke in Spanish.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he quite agreed with the hon. member that the debate should close.

Mr. FERGUSON then resumed the discussion in English, until the time for the private Bills was up.

The House again went in Committee on the Interest Bill, Mr. Mills in the chair.

The debate was resumed by Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, and he hoped the Committee would adopt the Bill, because it would meet with the general wishes of the people, and since the House had resolved to have the Interest Bill, those who advocated free trade in money, like the hon. member for Chateauguay, ought logically to endeavour to get a large rate of interest, in order to allow the greatest possible elasticity. The position now taken by the hon. gentleman would put fetters on feet as well as hands.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the Government were proceeding in this matter at the instigation of one Province, to force this Bill upon the people. It was an outrage, and he did not believe the country would support them.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the question was whether there should be free trade in money or not, and a majority in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Quebec were against free trade in money, and the only difference was as to the amount of restriction. The majority of free traders from Ontario were against the Bill.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said in Great Britain matters dealt with by Parliament as local questions, were, as a general rule, of the same class as in Canada were left to Local Legislatures.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL thought the passage of this Bill would be injurious to the interests of the country, and would not be satisfactory to New Brunswick, and if the Ministry persisted in the present course of legislation, they would increase a very general dissatisfaction in that Province.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) spoke in favour of fixing a rate of interest.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said, taking the two Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick together, and the majority voted for the Bill, instead of an overwhelming majority against it, as stated by the hon. member for Lambton. There were seven members from New Brunswick who voted for the Bill and five against it, and three were absent.

After some further discussion, Mr. MACFARLANE moved the Committee to rise.—Lost.

The third clause was then adopted.

Mr. YOUNG moved that after the third clause the following be added:—"That no corporate body shall be allowed to charge a higher rate of interest than private individuals."

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that such a clause was not necessary, it being provided for by the first and second clauses.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON and Mr. YOUNG contended that it was necessary, in order to remove all doubt.

Mr. YOUNG'S amendment was put and lost.

The fourth clause was then adopted, and the Committee rose and reported the Bill without amendments.

Third reading fixed for to-morrow.

On motion of Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, the Bill to continue certain Acts respecting the Police force in the Parish of Portland, St. John County, was read a second time, and the House went into Committee, Mr. HUTCHINSON in the Chair.

The Committee reported the Bill without amendments.

On motion of Hon. Sir John A. MACDONALD, the Bill to empower the Police Court of Halifax to sentence juvenile offenders to be detained in the Halifax Industrial School was read.

The House went into Committee, Mr. FORBES in the Chair.

Bill reported without amendment.

Mr. MACKENZIE enquired when the report of the Commissioners to the North West would be ready.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the report had been printed and placed in the hands of the Government, who had intended to bring it down to-day, but they had been so pressed for time that they had not read it. It would be obvious that with due regard to public interests, some of the papers could not be placed before the House. He expected to be able to-morrow to bring down a report of such portions of it as would be advisable.

The House then adjourned at 10.50.

OTTAWA, April 23rd, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 7:30.

After the routine business,

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that the return respecting the Oakville Harbour be referred to the Committee of Public Accounts, and explained that there was a debt of from seven to ten thousand dollars due on this Harbour, and that he wished to see if steps could not be taken to have the amount collected.

Hon. Mr. WOOD explained that this was one of the assets, which according to the Union Act belonged to the Dominion, and which was by it allowed in reduction of the debt due by the late Province of Canada.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER spoke at some length on the motion, and Mr. MACKENZIE withdrew it, as he had not expected any discussion thereon, as the House had met to discuss the Supreme Court Bill.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS introduced a Bill to vest in the Government the powers now vested in the Trustees of the Bank of Upper Canada. He said it was desirable to place the winding up of the institution on a more economical footing than that on which it now stood.

The Bill was read a first time after some discussion.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the third reading of the Interest Bill.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said a pledge was made last night that the sitting to-night should be devoted in the first place to the second reading of the Supreme Court Bill.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said there was no such pledge.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said most distinctly there was.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said most unquestionably there was not.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said if the hon. gentleman would call in his leader (Sir John A. Macdonald being out of the House), and he would find that before the adjournment of the House last night, it was plainly stated that to-night would be devoted to the second reading of the Supreme Court Bill (cries of "No, no.")

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS reiterated that no such promise had been made.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON (excitedly)—Well, I tell the hon. gentleman that he cannot go on with the Interest Bill to-night (hear).

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—But I will go on (cheers and uproar). The hon. gentleman is not correct. It has been invariably the custom this session to dispose of the third reading of Bills which are first on the paper, before proceeding with other business. I tell the hon. gentleman he will not put me down (cheers).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—I expect the hon. gentleman will keep faith with this House (Opposition cheers). I say the hon. gentleman is proposing a distinct breach of faith with the House (cries of "no, no; yes, and cheers").

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—It is not true; it is not true (cheers).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—I ask that the hon. gentleman's words be taken down.

The SPEAKER said the words were unparliamentary, but he hoped nothing would be put upon the journals which would detract them.

Mr. MACKENZIE said they need not be taken down if the Hon. Finance Minister retracted his words.

The SPEAKER said the words were undoubtedly unparliamentary, but still to ask that they be absolutely withdrawn was going a step too far.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—I demand that the words be taken down.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—I demand that the words of the member for Chateauguy be also taken down (cheers).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he hoped the hon. gentleman would make a satisfactory explanation.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he had tried two or three times to make an explanation but had been prevented. There was no one less desirous than he was to infringe upon the rules of the House, but he desired to ask if he was to be charged with a breach of faith, he could not answer in the strongest terms. If it was parliamentary to charge him with breach of faith his reply was also parliamentary. He would leave it with the Speaker.

The SPEAKER said the language of the hon. gentleman was unparliamentary and as against Ministers of the Crown there was a greater latitude allowed members in expression.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he was not aware of that.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON could not accept the explanation. The Hon. Finance Minister had hurled a lie across the House, and the words must be taken down.

Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD said the House must have something to say about the matter, and read from May to show that the words could not be taken down unless it was the pleasure of the House.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the SPEAKER had declared the words unparliamentary, and must be taken down.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the doctrine of the hon. member for Cornwall was correct. No hon. member could do anything in the House except by leave of the House. If the motion were made to put down the words of the Hon. Finance Minister, he would move that the words of the hon. member for Chateauguay also be taken down.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the House had worked harmoniously so far, and did hope this matter would go no further, and that the hon. member for Chateauguay would accept reasonable excuse. He trusted there would be no entry upon the journals of what was really a very unseemly affair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS felt the language of the hon. member for Chateauguay offensive and unparliamentary. He had heard for the first time that the Ministers of the Crown had to submit to language other members of the House would not submit to, but he would receive the decision of the SPEAKER with the greatest respect. He did not think he interrupted the hon. members more frequently than the member for Chateauguay.

After some further discussion, in which several questions of order were raised,

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that the words uttered by the hon. member for North Renfrew, addressed to the hon. member for Chateauguay, while he was addressing the House, namely—"It is not true," shall be taken down by the clerk, the SPEAKER having declared such words unparliamentary.

The SPEAKER said it appeared to him that the words used did not appear to him of a nature that called for a vote of the House as to their entry on the journal. He had already stated that the explanation given by the Minister of Finance relieved the words of their unparliamentary character. He (the Speaker) could not therefore stultify himself by allowing the motion to be put. He therefore ruled it out of order.

Some further discussion arose, during which the Speaker withheld his decision.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that the Minister of Finance had made no explanation that could be accepted by a gentleman for a personal insult. His object in wishing the words to be taken down was that the matter should be decided afterwards by the Minister of Justice, who was not in his seat. He pledged his word of honour as a gentleman that the Minister of Justice promised that the Supreme Court Bill would come up first to-night. The Minister of Finance had not made the apology necessary to a man of honour.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that if the member for Chateauguay was not so warm he would see that there must be some misunderstanding in this matter. The Minister of Justice had told him (Sir Francis) that he was to go on with the third reading of the Interest Bill. It was always customary that third readings should be taken first, in order that they should go to the Senate. No doubt the Minister of Justice understood that the Supreme Court Bill should come up after third readings. What he [Sir Francis] meant was that there had not been a breach of faith by the Government, not that the member for Chateauguay had spoken what was not true. That hon. gentleman was the last in the House whom he would wish to offend.

After some further discussion the motion was dropped.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the third reading of the Interest Bill.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved the re-committal of the Bill to the Committee of the Whole until instructions to amend by enacting that six per cent shall be the maximum legal rate of interest chargeable by private persons and banks alike.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER thought an interest law would fail to produce the beneficial results anticipated, and would cause dissatisfaction in Ontario and Nova Scotia. We desire uniformity as much as possible, but there was no commercial necessity for a uniform interest law.

Hon. Col. GRAY also spoke against the Interest Bill.

Hon. JOHN HILLYARD CAMERON moved an adjournment of the debate Lost.—Yeas 59, Nays 79.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON'S amendment was then put and carried by a vote of 70 to 67.

The House went into Committee and amended the Bill as instructed.

The amendments were read the first and second time.

On the third reading, Mr. JOLLY moved that parties stipulating for a higher rate of interest than six per cent. shall forfeit the whole of the interest.—Carried.

After some further discussion the House adjourned at 12.30.

The San Domingo Job.

[Washington Correspondence of the Times]

Inquiries have been received here from distinguished Republicans during the past week to know if the efforts of General Butler to secure the consideration of the annexation of San Domingo by joint resolution of Congress were to be accepted as the expression of the desire of the President on this subject. These inquiries can be answered in the negative.

General Butler's joint resolution *limits* the amounts which we shall pay for the debts, incurred by Baez, for which he and his partisans say San Domingo is liable. The Babcock treaty leaves the amount of indebtedness undetermined, and affords bright hopes of one of the most colossal jobs of perjury, perfidy and plunder ever perpetrated on the public treasury. Is that the reason for preferring the treaty?

Pearls in the Gulf of California.

The revenue returns for 1869 show that the catch of pearls and shell for the past year on the Gulf coast of the territory granted to the "Lower California Company" amounted to the large sum of $78,000. This, of course, is the valuation of the pearls given by the divers and speculators, and is consequently very much below the actual value of the catch.

A pearl is sold frequently for $20, which, resold at Panama at $200, brings $1,000 in Paris, and in many cases much greater profits have been made on very fine gems.

Not one-half the catch is ever reported to the Government, and the yield of the Gulf for 1858 may be safely estimated at $300,000 in gold.

It is plainly to be seen that both Great Britain and this country stand on delicate ground with regard to the fisheries in the North East. Nothing is easier than for a collision to occur at any moment between hot headed and irresponsible parties, which would precipitate the two countries into an ugly and unprofitable diplomatic contest—perhaps into war. If the Canadian authorities undertake to force their claims of exclusive jurisdiction inside of lines from headland to headland, as being inland waters, there is pretty sure to be difficulty. Our government will never recognise a rule so entirely at variance with established maritime law and reason. It is to be hoped, in the interests of all, that the claim will be abandoned, and also that the Provincial authorities will prudently forego their threatened policy of retaliation towards us for the abrogation of the Reciprocity treaty. "Let us have peace."—*N. Y. Times.*

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office [illegible], Drummond's Exchange Office, 10 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 22.

The by-law granting a bonus of one thousand dollars to the Toronto, Simcoe and Muskoka railway has been defeated in the township of Flora, which will necessitate a further change of route.

The celebration of St. George's Day took place to-day. The members of the St. George's Society attend service to morrow afternoon at St. Jame's Cathedral. The annual supper will be held on Monday evening.

The Toronto Car Wheel Company has been formed. D. D. Ferguson, of Fergus, is elected President. They can manufacture 10 wheels per day, and have already received large orders.

A special to the *Telegraph* from St. Paul, Minn., says James J. Hill, who arrived from Fort Garry yesterday, had an interview with Riel, Bishop Tache, Governor McTavish and others. They and the Company believe if strange Indians come into the country with the Canadian force, all the Indians of the North West will unite in a fierce resistance, and the friends of Canada in Red River are especially apprehensive of the direful effect of such a policy. Hill thinks the Scotch and English settlers insincere in their acquiescence to the Provisional Government, and that they would rise against Riel if opportunity offered. One of them declared he would give £50 each for the four heads of the Provisional Government. Riel had surrendered the Mackenzie river furs, $50,000 worth in payment of $3,000 ransom by Governor McTavish, and $2,000 more when needed. Riel had arrested and imprisoned the United States Vice-Consul, Major Robinson and Captain Donaldson, for a few hours, because they refused to take the oath of allegiance. Hill brought down despatches from Major Robinson to the United States Government, protesting against this imprisonment of American citizens. The *Pioneer* ridicules the report that Fenians are operating in Red River matters, and says that the idea that a formidable expedition of Fenians be permitted to muster in St. Paul, and proceed across the State, is preposterous. The only troops preparing to go in that direction are United States soldiers, who will go to Pembina, as soon as quarters are built for the purpose of preserving peace.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 23.

A mass meeting will be held on Monday next on the silver question.

It is reported that a manufacturing Company have ordered, and expect to receive in a few weeks, a steam coach or omnibus to run on the roads in the vicinity of Montreal.

Custom's Revenue for the week ending April 23, $77,233 26.

The clipper iron ship *Abeona* arrived in port last night, about 6 o'clock, and anchored opposite the Island Wharf. This is the first arrival from the sea, the earliest arrival at this port in many years.

Twelve lunatic prisoners, now in the Montreal gaol, have been ordered to be sent to Beauport.

At the close of parade last evening, 12 men of the Garrison Artillery volunteered for Red River.

It is reported that the American Vice-Consul in this city, Mr. Wilson, has been promoted to the consulate of Matamoras.

Lieut Col. Grant tendered his resignation as commanding officer of the Royals yesterday, on account of an officer, his junior according to the Queen's regulations, being appointed to the command for the day.

Steamers commenced running between here and Quebec to-day.

Last night, about nine o'clock, and when near Montreal, a Conductor named Durocheron on the Grand Trunk Railway, slipped and fell between two cars of a freight train. He was crushed to death almost immediately after he fell upon the track. Deceased leaves a wife and a large family.

A number of applicants for license to practice dentistry will be exempted at the meeting of the Dental Board, to be held in this city on the 2nd and 3rd of May.

The Montreal Lacrosse Club, out of the the funds of last year, paid over $600 of old debts and extraordinary expenses.

The Richelieu Navigation Company are building a staging over their wharf to allow of the landing of goods and passengers.

The *Longueuil* is the only one of the three ferries from the city which is running.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 23.

Arrived from the sea, bark Countess, of Minto, Carthagena; ship Scotland, Greenock, coals; schooner Maria Day, Newfoundland, herrings.

The volunteer excitement has abated, and given way to the exciting municipal contests, now going on, this being the last day.

Hearn and Dinning are still 64 to 64.

All the candidates for Champlain and St. Peter's Wards, are running so close that no one can tell who will get in. But nine votes are left in Champlain Ward; one vote has just been polled for Dinning, giving him a majority of one over Hearn, this 11 a.m.

The Water and City Police have kept order at the City Hall so far most creditably.

The fighting will probably not commence till the returns are announced at the close of the polls.

Gibb & Nolan are ahead for St. Peter's Ward, and may be counted safe.

HUNTINGDON.

HUNTINGDON, April 23.

The Beauharnois Company which arrived here yesterday evening, was ordered back again to-day and will leave to-morrow. The incident has caused much surprise, and people ask why men are sent 30 miles over wretched roads only to go back. There are no hostile demonstrations along this frontier, but precautions are still continued.

PERTH.

PERTH, Ont, April 23.

The bridge over the Mississippi River, near Lanark, was carried away by a flood. Pieces of timber are laid accross the river for the purpose of crossing. To-day a young woman named Hallison, attempting to cross missed her footing and fell into the river, and was drowned.

Most of the bridges on the Mississippi and Clyde Rivers have been carried away, and the rest are expected to follow.

The water has not been so high for twenty years.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The Fenians are unusually active. Seizures of arms and other war materials were made by the authorities yesterday at Manchester and Newcastle.

The Queen and Princess Alexandria had a narrow escape to-day, while driving near Hyde. Their carriage was pursued by a runaway team, with a heavy waggon attached. The driver of the royal carriage, by the skilful management of the horses avoided a collision.

The *Morning Post* applauds the Supreme Court of the United States for its refusal to re-open legal tender cases, and expresses the opinion that the balance of American legal authority was adverse to the constitutionality of the legal tender acts.

At the Newmarket races the Queen's plate of 100 guineas, 3 miles and 139 yards was won by Mr. Vaughan's black c Tusee by Cavendish, out of Miss Walker, 8 years old, carrying 100 lbs, Mr. Watt's b m Myzotis by New Minister, out of Souverier 5 years old, carrying 144 lbs second; and Mr. Herberts, c m Columbine, carrying 148 lbs, third. The handicap plate of 50 sovs. for 3 year olds, and won by Prince D Soltikoffs b c, Jersey by Videthe out of Agile, 2 years old, beating general Peels b f, Lady Masham, by Brother, to Staffords, out of Maid of Masham 3 years old, 2nd, and Peels b c Aftermatch by Bonnyfield, of Double Shuffle, 4 years.

Third Plate for 50 sovs, all ages, the winner to be sold for 500 sovs., over the two year old course, 1240 yards was won by F. Temples b c. Play by Little stag out of Raffl, 3 years old; carrying 199 lbs. Andrews b c Theodore, by Prince Minister, out of Pompa 3 years old, 2nd and the duke of New Castle b c Zerlina by Tom Bowling, out of Zoe, 3 years old, 3rd.

Sweepstakes of 20 sovs. each, 1 mile 17 yards—Lord Falmouth's b f Gertrude, by Santerci, out of Queen Bertha, 3 years old—walked in.

The *Examiner* admits objection to the use of the ballot, but considers them too trivial to forbid the experiment.

The *Times* approves of the proposed world's Evangelical Conference. It may achieve a lasting and beneficial result.

The reported famous Esmonde Will case in Dublin has been compromised.

The Fenians have threatened vengeance against the Pall Mall *Gazette* on account of the course taken by that journal in favour of enforcing the law for the preservation of life and property in Ireland.

The proprietors of the *Gazette* called upon the police authorities for protection, and every night since that time a heavy force has patrolled Cravin, Northumberland and other streets in that vicinity.

FRANCE.

PARIS—The members of the party of the Left, who refused to sign the manifesto yesterday, will nevertheless vote against the plebiscite.

The *Journal Francais*, the organ of the ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs, denies that Daru and Buffett withdrew from the Ministry, because so instructed in a letter from Duke Daumale.

It is understood a decree will be published to-morrow, announcing the adoption by the Senate of the *Senatus consultum*, and calling the French people to the polls on the 5th May, to vote on the plebiscitum.

An Imperial letter, explaining the Constitutional changes proposed, will appear on Sunday.

GREECE.

ATHENS—The Manathan brigands have been surrounded by the troops, but they retain their prisoners and refuse to surrender.

SPAIN.

MADRID—The Orleanists think that Duke Montpensier's chances for the throne of Spain have been impaired by his duel with Prince Henri de Bourbon.

In the Cortes yesterday afternoon Senor Octave (Carlist Deputy) requested an examination into the Montpensier de Bourbon duel. General Prim refused saying that the matter had been ended in a court of law. The General was supported in this by the Cortes.

It is reported that a duel was recently fought between General Prim and Admiral Topete, the particulars of which has been carefully kept from the public.

General Prim has certainly been suffering lately from a slight wound, and the story of the duel is generally discredited. It probably arose from this circumstance.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN.—The latest telegraphic bulletins report that Bismarck is better.

The Chinese Embassy has arrived in Berlin.

BERLIN—The Chinese Embassy has arrived in the city.

Russia has signed the Burlingame Treaty and agreed to a fair settlement of the frontier question.

The Embassy will proceed to Brussels and Paris and then leave for home.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BALTIMORE.—Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Marsh, who, with her four children lived with her parents in this city, brutally murdered her children, and then assaulted her mother who, in her anti-mortem examination last night, stated that about four o'clock this afternoon herself and daughter and three children of the latter were in the house. Mrs Marsh asked her if she had any cents, and on her answering "no," Mrs. Marsh said she had ten cents. She then put on her bonnet, and left the house. She went a few doors and borrowed a butcher's knife. She then proceeded to District School No. 13, and calling in her son James, eight years, cut his throat from ear to ear, nearly severing his head from his body. A little boy named Barret, came out of school with James, and addressed the murderer.

Mrs. March also attempted to murder the boy Barret, but he ran and escaped, she then returned to her house and went in the back yard where another son William aged 7 years was saving his little sister Mary Jane, aged four, near by she seized William and cut his throat, causing instant death, and immediately grasped the little girl and applying the weapon cut off her fingers and head, she then returned to the house and cut the throat of her youngest child George, aged two years and five months. The head was nearly severed from the body. Then she assaulted her mother aged 54 years and very feeble, cutting her throat so terribly that she cannot survive. The reputation and character of Mrs. March is said to have been very good: she was undoubtedly temporarily insane. The faces of the murdered children as they lay side by side are as placid and calm as if they were composed to sleep. The mother, who is confined at the eastern police station is conscious of the horrible deeds.

NEW YORK.—Notwithstanding the death of Lopez, which was telegraphed as fully confirmed by the arrival of the steamer *South America*, from Brazil, at this port, it does not appear that the last spark of opposition to Brazilian domination is crushed out. General Ballero is still in the field, and the indications are that he will give the Brazilians much trouble.

The Fenian Congress re-assembled this afternoon and are still in session. Many rumours are in circulation relating to the result of the proceedings, but nothing definite is known. It is stated that there are fifteen Fenian regiments, fully equipped, ready to march into Canada at the shortest notice. The Congress will probably conclude to-morrow night.

WASHINGTON.—Private advices just received from Bagota state that the Darien Ship Canal Treaty has been rejected by the Columbian Congress.

NEW YORK.—The brig *Omega* arrived here to-day with Capt. Owen, his wife and daughter, and the crew of the ship *Thomas Freeman* of Bath, Me., burned at sea.

HAVANA.—The reports of a great decrease in the sugar crops appear to be exaggerated. Private letters deny Jordan's flight

ERIE, PA.—The United States steamer *Michigan* which has laid at this port during the winter, is being suddenly put in readiness for active service. It is supposed orders have been received from Washington, and that the movement has some connection with Fenian operations upon the Lakes.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 12444

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

St. George's day was all that could have been desired for an out-of-door display. The weather was agreeably warm and the sun shone out brightly. Assembling at Salmon's Hotel, York street, at an early hour in the forenoon, over a thousand Englishmen, with banners and paraphernalia, marched to church in splendid array, preceded by Gowan's fine band. The houses along the line of procession were decorated with flags, and the Union Jack flaunted proudly from the pinnacle of the great tower of the Houses of Parliament.

Christ's Church was filled to overflowing, many persons, besides those, who composed the procession, being present. The Rev. Mr. Pollard preached an able and interesting sermon from the text:—"The enemies of my Lord the King, and all that rise against thee to do thee hurt, be as that young man is." Taking advantage of one of the striking incidents in the life of the man after God's own heart, Mr. Pollard improved the occasion by alluding to the well-known piety of our beloved Queen. It is with a deep feeling of thankfulness, said the rev. gentleman, that while we meet here acknowledging allegiance to our Queen, and whilst millions of human beings, as well as ourselves, are devotedly attached to her person, and are proud to be considered her subjects, she herself bows in humility before Him, who is King of Kings and Lord of Lords, confessing that her power, her strength, her honor, and her glory, are attributable to His goodness and mercy through whom and by whom kings reign and princes deliver justice. Him, [illegible] pleased to grant us a sovereign, [illegible] rule encourages, and by her example [illegible] way to a ready acknowledgment [illegible] King and Father we are assembled [illegible] praise.

The reverend and learned gentleman [illegible] a resemblance between the condition of [illegible] under David and of England under [illegible] In effect, he said, according to the [illegible] *Mail*:

The success which attended her [illegible] had reduced the neighboring nations [illegible] Jewish flag waved over the whole [illegible] which had been promised to Abraham [illegible] founder of the nation. And now [illegible] boast that the sun never sets on Britain's [illegible] we may acknowledge that God also [illegible] as he blessed Israel in the time of King [illegible] And let us remember what is of far greater importance to us personally, than the parallel [illegible] that if in later days Israel was shorn of [illegible] glory, torn to pieces and bereft of its dependencies, it was the result of forsaking the allegiance to the King of Kings and worshipping idols, neglecting the Sabbath and trusting to the arm of flesh for aid. So now, with us, we are willing to see our boasted supremacy scattered to the winds. The same course is open to us, may, perhaps, be being trodden by us. The idols of wealth are set up and to covet is idolatry. The Lord's day is disregarded too much, and instead of constant prayer to God for his mighty aid, empty boasts of the powers of the British are substituted. Let us ever remember that righteousness exalteth a nation, "but sin is a reproach to any people," and will end in humbling them to the dust.

We read this in the result of Absalom's rebellion. The vain young man [illegible] his fathers unmeasured love by plotting against him, puffed up by his apparent popularity among the people, and moved perhaps by hatred against his father, who had mildly sought to restrain his headstrong self-will, he rose up against the king, and was led not only to seek possession of his father's kingdom, but also of his person. Never did [illegible] seem so dark to David as now. Having [illegible] across the Jordan, he seemed not to feel safe from his son until the river rolled between them. The young man that [illegible] Goliath with a sling, in his age fled from his son on whom he doted. The whole history betrays such timidity and terror, that we hardly connect the bearing of the youthful patriot, with the fear of the victorious King. But so it is his people are more [illegible] than himself. Moab leads the army against the rebels, overcomes them, utterly kills their leader Absalom, and sends word to the King.

The Kings first thoughts are for Absalom justifying the words of Moab, "Now I perceive that if Absalom had lived all of us had died this day, it has pleased thy will."

But hearing that, we turn to the answer of Cush, the messenger, when the king asked "Is the young man safe?" and Cush answered "The enemies of my Lord the King, and all that rise against thee to do thee hurt, be as that young man is." Such words [illegible] worthy and patriotic, and if spoken by an Egyptian attached to Moab's person, [illegible] an Israelite, they may express still more the attachment of the servants of the good great king of Israel.

And they are words which we may in every christian sense use now. In every christian sense, I say, because, in the times of the [illegible] war and bloodshed were more common than they are now. The reason seemed to be that God was pleased to use that way to [illegible] the world. After the extermination of the Carmelite races we do not find God ordering any nations to be exterminated. There were many wars, but not waged at God's command for the purpose of exterminating the heathens, and it was a new thing for a King of Israel to be told not to slay the army of Assyrians when they had them in their power.

THE LUNCH.

The members of the Society, with a few guests, met at Salmon's Hotel, where a magnificent lunch had been prepared. After having done thorough justice to the edibles, the usual toasts were given, and responded to. The jubilistors parted for a short period, and again assembled at

THE CONCERT.

The theatre was crowded. The stage was occupied by Dr. Sweetland, the President of the Society; His Worship the Mayor, Dr. Hill, Rev. Mr. Pollard, Chaplain of the Society, His Honour Judge Armstrong, Mr. Guerin, President of St. Patrick's Literary Association, the Rev. Mr. Thorburn, President of the St. Andrew's Society, Dr. Bell, and Alderman Robinson.

A fine rose tree stood on the middle of the stage - the vase was marble, and was one of those which had lately done such fine service at the Prince's ball. The stage was better lighted and was well carpeted. The rear of the stage, and the front of the [illegible] were decorated with the National colours. In fact, the *toute ensemble* looked new. A [illegible] did piano, just brought in from New York [illegible] Mr. Miles, decorated the stage. The [illegible] ment is a fine one, and the accompaniments were well executed. The entire concert was directed by our veteran [illegible] dience was very large, and the concert, [illegible] as we have not had, as an anniversary one for some time. Gowan's band opened the concert. Dr. Sweetland addressed the [illegible] ous audience, and referred to the object of the celebration. The Society had many responsibilities—among which was the Protestant Hospital, which was really in need of aid. He felt happy on viewing such a [illegible] turn out as on this night.

The object of this concert was not to have too much speaking, all that was to be done in that line was [illegible] by him. Again referring to the [illegible] patronage awarded by the public [illegible] president retired. Mr. Tims [illegible] in the opening song "The flag that braved a thousand years." The fair favorite of the city, Mrs. Miles was deservedly encored in the song of "England Yet." "Fair [illegible] Dicks"—was sung by Messrs. Timms [illegible] and Horsley with fine effect—they were vociferously encored. Mrs. Barnsdale being unavoidably absent, Miss Smith volunteered in an exquisite selection, as exquisitely performed on the fine piano. The president [illegible]

...the cause of Mr. Sinclair's absence ... song, selected by him for the "The death of Nelson," was well ren... Mr. Brewer, though his voice has not ... for so large a room. The "Gige Life's ..." was fairly done. Miss McCarthy ... encored after singing "The flag of ...—and returned to the stage ... the audience with ... Lingara." Corporal Putman, the in... in comic songs, gave the "Horse ... Banquet," and was twice called out. ... Tale" convulsed the audience ... The interval was interesting in ... by the members of Gowan's ... Prince Arthur's Gallop, composed by ... Gowan. Mr. Brewer sang "England's Glory" in his neat tenor voice with ... "The Slave Ship," by Mrs. Milles ... by every person in the house ... she gave "Come in and Shut the ..." splendid style. Mr. Horsley was ... song, "The British Navy." Miss ... and Miss Armstrong rendered the ... Gallop" in good style. "The Gyp... Trio" gave the audience a true ... those nomadics can laugh at the ... society. Miss McCarthy ... English Song," in absence ... in a style which drew forth the ... house. The last appearance ... was Corporal Putman. The ... actually roared on seeing him. He ... in the same merry mood in singing ... it is True. ... the President of the Society, ... he thought it his duty to thank Mr. ..., the temporary lessee of the theatre ... giving to the Society the use of the ... for that evening. He hoped that the ... would be remembered by the public. ... Concert wound up with the National An...

LOCAL NEWS

... 150 Packages new Goods on view at ..., Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in ... Department.

... and House Furnishings made a ... The largest stock of New Goods, ... lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

... were seeing the grand display of Millin... and Mantles, and the crowds of people ... during the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

... of this season's Lettuce, Radishes ..., &c., &c., at J. B. Boss & Co's, 21 ... street.

THE MARKET—Saturday—was fair. Poultry ... advanced, both in price and number.

... COURT.—It appears that there are bogus ... afloat in the city. Some party ... too industrious, and may come to ...

THE RED RIVER DELEGATES.—The Rev. Mr. ... and A. H. Scott were to-day dis... as the prosecution could prove no... against them.

... SALE OF FURNITURE.—A set of ... room furniture, Jacques and Hays ... and little used. Also sundry arti... household furniture, to be disposed of ... by private sale. Apply to Rev. Dr. ... Jones, Daly st.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday.—Joseph Subourn, ... in the streets. Fined $1 50 and costs, ... week in gaol - Committed. ... Hayden, selling liquor without li... case adjourned. ... O'Gallagher, selling liquor without li... case dismissed.

CHAUDIERE FALLS.—Those who delight in ... had better pay a visit to the Chaudere .... To our citizens it is useless to say that ... spring rush is superb. Strangers, after "viewing" the big Kettle and Rideau ... will bear home the idea that the Capit... surrounded by as choice scenery as any city in the Dominion.

ST. ALBAN SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READ...—Reading or recitations will be given ... evening by the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, ... Col. Dobson, Mr. Grant Powell and Mr. .... In addition to the usual songs ... music, a lady resid nt of the neighbor... in answer to a request especially made ... has kindly promised to contribute to ... attractions of the evening by giving a ....

...—The Union Forwarding and Rail... Company, launched at Havelock on the ... instant their splendid new steamer Sir John Young. Her model, accommodation, &c., ... much admired, and is one of the finest ves... this enterprising line has afloat. The Sir John Young will commence her regular ... trips from Havelock to Chapeau Village on the 1st of May.

The Prince Arthur, now building at Sand ... Point, is just being completed, and will be ready to launch about the end of next month. She is to take the place of the passenger steamer Alliance.

We congratulate the Company on the vig... orous efforts to provide first-class accommo... dation for the travelling public.

NEW CHURCH.—The interesting ceremony of laying the corner stone for the new Catholic Apostolic Church, was performed on Saturday morning, in presence of a number of persons belonging to the Church and others. We re... gret that want of space to-day prevents our giving the impressive address delivered on the occasion, by the Rev. Mr. Roberts, the pas... tor, but will endeavour to do so shortly. The Church is being built at the corner of Albert and Sally Streets, will be of neat gothic de... sign, walls, buttresses &c., of lime stone, high pitched roof, with open timbers and will com... prise nave, chancel, vestry, basement and ap... partments for caretaker, and inside dimen... sions 70 ft. x 28 ft. Devoid of all proportions the edifice will be none the less an ornament to that part of Ottawa and reflect great credit on the architect Mr. K. Arnoldi. The cost will be something over $5,000.

THE FIRE.—The drying kiln connected with the oatmeal mill of Messrs. William McClymont & Co. at New Edinburgh, took fire on Saturday morning about half past nine o'clock. The alarm was speedily given, and ... engine was speedily brought from the ... mill of James McLaren & Co. (who are partners in the firm). This kept the flames ... until our gallant Fire Brigade went down. The "Rideau" was sharply followed by the "Ottawa," "Central H. & L. Co.," the "Queen" and "Chaudiere" having to go a greater distance came in last; but their pre... sence was soon felt in the work of saving the building. The efficiency of mortar-coated shingles for roofs was fully demonstrated, from the fact that while the fire raged within the building, no flame could work itself through the roof—the shingles covering it having been thus prepared. The branchman of the "Rideau" did fine execution in a very dangerous position on the roof of the building, as did also the "Ottawa's" on the inside. An accident occurred during the fire which might have resulted fatally to two members of the "Ottawa"—Richard Burns and Dan. J. O'Donoghue—the floor gave way under them. They clung to their hose, and were rescued by the Captain from their dangerous position. The roof was seriously injured, and about 600 bushels of grain rendered useless. It appears there was no insurance.

THE RED RIVER DELEGATES.—The adjourned preliminary examination of the delegates as being accessory to the murder of Thomas Scott was taken up on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. O'Gara, Esq., Police Magistrate, presiding, His Worship the Mayor associated. There must have been 300 persons assembled before the police court house. The interest in the case attracted a large number of members of both Houses of Parliament, among others the Hon. Mr. McKeagney, Hon. T. McGreevy, J. M. Currier, M.P., R. Lyon, M.P.P., Mr. Masson, M.P., Dr. Paquet, Mr. Carling, M.P., Hon. Mr. Irving, Dr. Ross, M.P., James Findlay, Esq., Colonel Rankin, Mr. Provencher were also present.

Hon. J. H. Cameron, Q. C., appeared as counsel for the prisoners; D. O'Connor, Solicitor, R. Lees, County Attorney, appeared for the prosecution. The prosecuting counsel stated that on consultation with the private prosecutor, the latter had stated that the witnesses could prove nothing against the prisoners. The Counsel stated further that the Crown did not wish to press the matter.

Hon. J. H. Cameron stated the prisoners had been accused of a barbarous murder, that he could not recognize any private prosecutor in the matter, and demanded an unconditional discharge.

Mr. Lees—It amounts to the same thing. The private prosecutor has informed me he has no further evidence, and the Crown has none.

Hon. J. H. Cameron—I must surely say this is not satisfactory. These parties were kept in custody under the affidavit of Scott. They have really been badly treated.

The police Magistrate ordered the discharge of the prisoners.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive.................. 4.50 p m, 11.40 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	8.00	11.30	5.30
7.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.		11.30	5.30
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.30	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
8.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	8.00		
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Offices—by Stage		11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

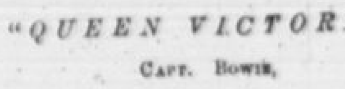
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

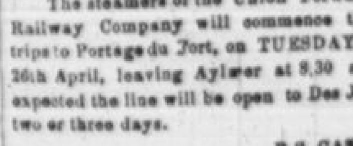
☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

WANTED.

A situation as WET NURSE by a respectable young woman. Apply to

DR MACKENZIE, Bank street.

1341 1

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

PRIVATE SALE

OF

☞ FURNITURE. ☜

A set of Drawing Room Furniture, Jacques & Hays' best make, and little used; also sundry articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, to be disposed of this week by private sale.

Apply to

REV DR REDFORD JONES, Daly Street.

1341 3

To Let.

HOUSE TO LET.

In New Edinburgh a new BRICK COTTAGE containing ten rooms, with stables and outhouses. A large garden is attached. Possession given 1st May. Rent moderate. Apply to

WM WOODBURN, McLaren's Mills, New Edinburgh.

1341 3

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT, MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL, COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER, MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles,

CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,

European and American Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869,

In the matter of

ELIZA ANN McCOOMB,

Insolvent, of Ottawa.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I am instructed by ROBERT WATSON, Esq., of Montreal, Assignee to the Estate, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th April, 1870, above the store lately occupied by this Insolvent in Sussex street, opposite the Barracks of the 60th Rifles.

The entire Household Furniture, consisting of a full and rich assortment of articles, attractive to all seeking cheap and fashionable furniture.

Terms cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale to commence at 11 a m,

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870. 1341td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottomans, Whatnot, &c, Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets, Lamps, Crockery Glassware, Cooking and other Stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst. at 10 o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

1335t1

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her households effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads Bureaus and Glasses. Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

☞ Cheapest in the Dominion. ☜

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are shewing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

HER

MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

EIGHTH NIGHT OF

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Consisting of twenty first class artists selected from the principal English Theatres, and which have been received with unbounded applause throughout Canada and the United States.

Fifth appearance of the popular English Comedian

MR. HARRY LINDLEY.

MONDAY, APRIL 25th,

The New Burlesque

BLACK EYED SUSAN,

OR

The Little Bill that was Taken Up

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

☞ No performance on Saturday evening.

MANAGER..............MR J MARSHALL.

April 25, 1870. 1332 8

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE

OF

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, &c, to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq, Daly street.

The sale of Paintings will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale from two to six p. m. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th inst. and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS PLATED WARE, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM is instructed by the Hon' ALEX. CAMPBELL, P. M. G, to sell on TUESDAY, the 26th inst, at his residence Kent Street, of Wellington, and opposite Prince's Terrace, all the Household Furniture therein contained, consisting in part of Easy Chairs, Camp Chairs, Sofas, Oil Paintings, Brussels Kidderminster and Tapestry Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Side Board, Glass, China and Plated Ware, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen and other stoves, Trays, Lamps, Water Filterer, &c., &c., and the usual assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

☞ Sale at 11 o'clock, a m.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1338td

IMPORTANT

AUCTION SALE.

A Catalogue Sale by Auction of Valuable Oil Paintings, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, Carriages, &c, &c, will be sold towards the end of this month, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq., Daly street.

The precise date will be shortly announced. Catalogues ready in a few days.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS,

this Season's Patterns,

☞ "A CHOICE LOT." ☜

Ottawa, April 19th,

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 29th of April, at ten o'clock, a m, all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Set in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Funiture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

1341 6

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 50

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the city of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances &c, &c, to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Solicitors for Ezyra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A D, 1870. 1335 6

WEST END

☞ DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. ☜

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1396tf

Mkabasay

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

☞ GIVEN AWAY ☜

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street, has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

☞ Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c. Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from JOHN WILSON, Esq., Solicitor, (late Master in Chancery) to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, 268 south side of Rideau Street, near Gloucester Street, (Sandy Hill), on MONDAY, the 25th April instant, at 11 o'clock a m, all his Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Office Furniture; and also a Law and a Private Library, and a good Piano.

Sale positive—Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1337td

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m, and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

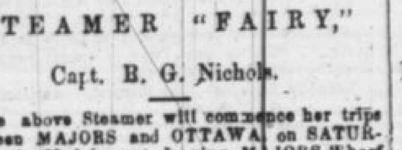
SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m



OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

Capt. B. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa April 22, 1870 1339tf

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

Will open in the NEW PREMISES, ☞ TO-DAY, SATURDAY, with an immense new stock, all of which can be obtained CHEAP. Call and see.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodified the store so as to fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ STOVES AND TINWARE, ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

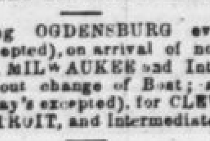
All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 90 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or on every day at the Railway Station on the departure of the trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

☞ CHINA TEA COMPANY, ☜

BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

	April 25, 1870	
FLOUR—Extra	4 80	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 50	@ 4 75
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall	2 50	@ 0 00
" Spring	2 34	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 196 lbs	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring "	1 00	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef, cwt	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton, per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Dairy	0 20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@ 0 20
No. 2	0 13	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 20	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@ 10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides.		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoepaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' celebrated Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY in consumption, is well in the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

Agents—Francis Cundill & Co., Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — TRADE MARK — MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. ONLY BY.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1125 1awly 1awly

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 30.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

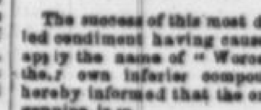
DR. A. W. SELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of special irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers and vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 1aw

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers, THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H. McLEAN, 13 Sparks street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, March 2?, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills, For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists* LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaint can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer ... while.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	....	$1 00
" colored	....	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	....	1 50
" colored	....	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS, *York street, near the Market.*

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing shall be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the first and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York. HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa. TRADE-MARK VALLET ANCHORA VIRTUS GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles, price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

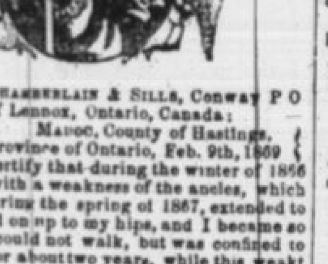
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

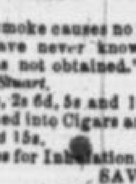
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA. and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT,

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1633tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je3-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the Britannia Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with *EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.*

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855, First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST., *Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,*

IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE, *Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.*

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME! NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

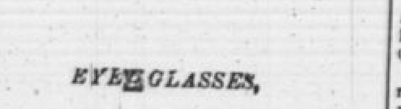
We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND EYE GLASSES,

mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Ayer's Hair Vigor, For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq, J McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longest experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the experience, promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, No. 36, RIDEAU STREET, DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE, —AND— CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BRO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers, —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves, or ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO. [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, as a pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1364 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa, JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

[Adjacent page, partially visible:]

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

[illegible] ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, [illegible] STONE BUILDING, [illegible] Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. Always on Hand. 1236 [illegible]

[illegible] WHELAN, RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) [illegible] at VERY LOW PRICES a large selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars. PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, [illegible]

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. [illegible] 219tf

COPPER PLATE PRINTER [illegible] SPARKS & QUEEN STREETS

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, next to the City Hall, Ottawa. [illegible] Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY [illegible] GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 55 Rideau street.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1342. | OTTAWA, TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1870. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

…AS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
…f and Heavy Hardware,
…NEY'S STONE BUILDING,
…n Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
…oking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
…mber 20, 1869. 1236.t

…WHELAN,
…RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
…OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(…arly opposite the Old Stand,)
…ale at VERY LOW PRICES a large … selected stock, comprising Groceries, …quors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy …ces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, …Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and …ther Vinegars.
PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
…merous other articles necessary to con… …mplete stock.
…Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young … fresh and cheap.
…Coffee ground and roasted daily on …
…Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hen… …s and other brands.
…AND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood…
…Sherries a all grades, Ports of fine …Burgundy, Sauterne and Moselle Wines …es, in wood and bottle, improved by age. …WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
…roof and …er, at extremely low prices. …s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and …'s Irish Whiskey. …'s Old Irish Potteen. …and London Porter, pts and qts. …s and other Ales. …and Syrups, all grades. …ordeaux prices.
…LD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE …LING AT TWENTY-FIVE …PERCENT BELOW COST.
…time … 1105

…'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
…ated under Chapter LXVII of the …olidated Statutes of Canada.
…OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange …ngs, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
…Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treas… …OTT A THOMSON, T H DUNN. …D, Manager. 1141tf

…KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI… …STORES AND OTHERS.
…ive notice of my intention to supply …mixed or otherwise. TOMATO SAUCE, …KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.
…crease of trade during the last four years …pelled me to enlarge my manufactory …d to make the wholesale trade my …
…I have now is undoubtedly the largest …and the question of quality is readily …making known the fact that I raise my …from seed procured at any expense …it is the best; they will therefore …able comparison with any imported. …ther and important fact is that being …and manufactured in Ottawa thereby …freight, packing, duty and other expen… …enabled to sell full 40 percent lower than …
…advantages, I think, cannot fail to …who may favor me with their orders. …NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle …Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box …Post Office, Ottawa.
…Manufactory on the bank of th Rideau
…Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected …highest prices given. 1198y

…B. EASTON & CO.,
…MMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
…Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
…advanced on goods consigned for imme… …ls. Prompt returns in all cases.
R. M. EASTON

…S. DUIGNAN'S,
…SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
…more gentlemen can be accommodated …mfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen …g the Capital will find superior accommo… …by the day or week at moderate terms.
—This house is situated in the immediate … of the Parliament Buildings and the …banks. 2191f

Educational.

…NCING AND DEPORTMENT.
…Robert Stewart having made arrangements …an accomplished lady teacher, announces …er Dancing Classes will commence on …esday, the 22nd instant.
…her particulars may be obtained on appli… …to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
…awa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

…ANO TUNING.—The subscriber having …decided to divide his time equally between …a and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his …patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, …d to their orders for tuning more promptly …heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. …received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction …and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

…SICAL ACADEMY.
…GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe… …Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o… …Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau… …corner of King-street. …June 18, 1868. 775y

…O. HAYES,
…OPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank street, Centre Town,
…WEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

…DERICK FOX.
…GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
…Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.
…licits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants …erally on the Ottawa. From his long experi… …e trade he offers his services in engaging …attending to their rafts while passing …best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
…er, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
…pers, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

…OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.
…undersigned begs to inform the public …he always on hand, in season, a large …f the above, which will be sold as cheap… …eaper than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 8½ Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK;
DONE AT
ESMONDE'S.
LOOK OUT FOR THE
POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
AND BUY NO OTHER.
ALSO
THE KEDZIE FILTER,
An immense quantity of
BATHS,
In a few days at
ESMONDE'S

U. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.
Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.
CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.
Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 1a 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.
IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,
I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.
Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1313

WANTED,
A BUTLER.
Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOUND.
On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

TO LET.
SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.
The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.
Apply to S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.
To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to
MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.
1327tf

TO LET.
From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with cut premises with good spring water therein. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses. For particulars apply to R HARDY.
Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.
A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to
JAS O ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street.
1306tM1

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace
1290t

HOUSE TO LET.
MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

TO LET.
A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 14, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.
Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen
Application to
D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate, and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1196 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam.
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."
SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Mles.
BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,
GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.
RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"
OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,
GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order
CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make
WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,
WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,
COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a rest run try it. It will recommend itself
TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,
SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.
TOBACCOS, a full assortment,
REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.
FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,
FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.
GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin
SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength
FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.
LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.
BAKING POWDERS, Egg's an ~ Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa
3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS! AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT.
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.
On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

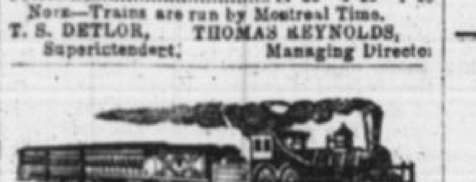
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rosalters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10.30
Rosalters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 p m
Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 8 a m, 4.00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, December, 1869.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869
MAIN LINE.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, … m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6 25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.
On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:
Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.
Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on
TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,
For the Supply of
700 BEADSTEADS,
With Hair Mattresses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums
Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.
JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.
WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.
The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.
The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges
BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.
COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.
PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.
Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.
ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.
Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.
Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.
Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.
The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.
The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.
Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.
Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.
Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.
Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.
The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.
Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.
Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.
Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.
A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.
CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.
NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.
On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.
On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.
On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.
Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,
By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.
Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NEW ENTERPRISE.
LADIES' OUTFITTING
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.
NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,
OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.
This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following
ANNOUNCEMENTS.
The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our
GOODS ARE CHEAP
Everything known under the general term
LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
—AND—
BABY LINEN,
Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
ONLY ONE PRICE,
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES
We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.
R L JAMES & CO.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND
COFFEE,
At the Agency of the
India and China Tea Company,
BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,
Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.
Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS
ROOM PAPERS!
The largest and best assorted stock of
ROOM PAPERS
ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.
The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER
RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.
Another lot is daily expected from England.
25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER
To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,
57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S
M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR
This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.
The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.
Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.
Terms $2 60 per day,
Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.
Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT
In aid of the rebuilding of the
AYLMER CONVENT,
Will be held in the
TOWN OF AYLMER,
—ON—
SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.
Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Up and Stirring is the Motto.
BY FINGAL.

There is a voice that speaks within us,
Go work your way the world is wide.
Folded hands will never aid us
To travel down life's stormy tide.
Let "Up and Stirring" be the motto,
Heavy though it seem and feel.
Let us try to bear life's burthen—
Take our turn at Fortune's Wheel.

Going through life there are many changes,
The youthful breast may have to bear:
Let trials and troubles always find us
Meek to suffer, strong to bear—
For life has moments, bright and joyous,
Life has also pensive hours—
Life has clouds as well as Sunshine—
Earth has thorns as well as flowers—

The rich may pass us by unheeded;
Their passing by will ne'er offend.
If from wealth they 'leer should tumble,
We'll grasp their hand and be their friend.
When the needy want assistance,
Never drive them from your door,
Be your motto "Up and Stirring"
To help the man that's low and poor

Then "Up and and Stirring" is the motto,
The plaintive cry don't came from all.
When a man needs man's assistance
Don't press him closer to the wall.
Show your heart and hand is ready
To nobly do the best you can
With a will, then, strong and steady,
Help your fellow suffering man.

BURNED AT SEA.

The Fate of the Cleopatra—She is Seen In Flames Off the Maryland Coast—Conjectured Safety of Passengers and Crew.
&c., &c., &c.
From the New York World.

The missing steamer "Cleopatra," of the New York and Mexican steamship line, is now supposed to have been destroyed by fire not more than 200 miles from Sandy Hook. The Cleopatra is the mate of the steamer City of Merida, and plyed between New York, Havana, Sisal and Vera Cruz. She sailed from Havana on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., on her homeward trip, and was due at this port on Monday or Tuesday last. The only positive information concerning the missing steamer since she left Havana was brought in by the steamer "Juniata," which runs to Philadelphia from Havana. That vessel sailed from Havana a few hours after the "Cleopatra," but on the following day, Thursday, she passed the "Cleopatra," which appeared to be in distress and going slowly, with some of her sails set. The stewardess of the "Juniata" was formerly in the "Cleopatra," and she knew the vessel on passing her by a white band on her smoke-stack. The "Juniata" reached Philadelphia several days ago, and as it happened that this stewardess was desirous of regaining her old position in the "Cleopatra" she came immediately to New York, and

THE FIRST TIDINGS

of the missing vessel were given by her in the office of the company, at No. 31, Broadway. Yesterday the information given by the stewarders was confirmed by a telegram from one of the Juniata's crew, received at the office of Murray, Ferris & Co, in South street, who are the owners of the Cleopatra. This was all that had been heard of the steamer until the British steamer Dacan, Captain Laird, from Leghorn and Gibralter, arrived at this port yesterday morning. Captain Laird at once reported that on Wednesday, the 29th instant, at 9 p. m., latitude 37.07 and longitude 79.15, he saw

A VESSEL ON FIRE

and burned to the water's edge, that he lowered a boat and pulled to her, but could not learn what she was, but supposed she was a steamer. This was about 240 miles southeast of Sandy Hook, nearly off Cape Chobs, and in the Gulf Stream. Yesterday afternoon Messrs. Anderson & Sons, owners of the line of steamships despatched a messenger to Captain Laird's steamer for the purpose of ascertaining some more,

DEFINITE INFORMATION

concerning the vessel seen on fire. The information thus derived fully confirmed the fears of the owners that the "Cleopatra" had gone down, although they do not think that any lives have been lost. Capt. Laird stated that upon discovering the burning vessel he lowered a small boat and proceeded towards her to see if there were any persons floating near the wreck. He found the vessel a perfect mass of flames, and he was not able to approach near enough to ascertain her name. He said the fire had nearly reached the water's edge, and the vessel could last but a short time. One of her masts was still standing. She had a "Mystic bow," which was pictured by Captain Laird on a piece of paper, the messenger not comprehending what kind of a bow he meant. This description was afterwards compared with a picture of the "Cleopatra" in the office of the owners, and was found to be quite an accurate profile of the "Cleopatra's" bow and stern. The "Mystic bow" is a term applied to vessels built at Mystic, Conn., all, or nearly all, of which have peculiar shaped bows.

Captain Laird said the vessel was not a sidewheel one, as he had been reported to say, but a propeller, like the steamers belonging to the New York and Mexican line. He would not say positively that the vessel was a steamer, but supposed it must have been. After lying off from the burning wreck for some time he returned to his ship, seeing nothing that he could save, and proceeded to this port. The weather at this time pretty fair, and he thought the crew (and passengers, if she were a steamer) had taken to the boats, and would soon be picked up, or reach some place in safety. He also said that on the same day, at 12 m., latitude 38 58, and longitude 61 27, he saw a bark showing a red flag with a white letter T steering southeast. This fact helped to strengthen the hope that the passengers and crew had been picked up

THE THEORY OF THE OWNERS.

The "Cleopatra" had been seven days out when this burning wreck was discovered by the "Dacian," and she was then overdue at New York. Considering that the "Cleopatra" was seen making slow headway soon after leaving the Havana port, the owners think that, providing the burnt vessel was the "Cleopatra," she was first disabled, then, taking fire after about five or six days, she was abandoned by the passengers and crew, and then drifted to the eastward to the point where she was discovered. The steamer had drifted so far east of the line that steamers always take that she must have been abandoned a day or two at least before she was seen. The "Cleopatra" carried five boats, and it is thought that there can be little doubt as to the passengers and crew all getting off and being saved, as there is but little danger at this season, and the weather for the last few days has been fine. On Monday and Tuesday, however, which is about the time the vessel must have been first abandoned, the weather in this city was quite squally.

THE PASSENGERS AND CREW.

No despatches have as yet been sent from Havana giving the number of passengers that came in the Cleopatra and the value of her cargo. The owners think she could not have had more than fifteen or twenty passengers on board, as at this season of the year the tide of travel is small

The officers of the Cleopatra are as follows:
S F Phillips, Captain
James Brown, First Officer.
William Steven, Second Officer.
J Pelton, Engineer.
E McDonald, First Assistant.
D Holland, Second Assistant.
J S Burrill, Purser.
D McCleary, Steward.

The crew consisted of thirty-four men making in all, passengers, officers, and men, about sixty souls.

The cargo is supposed to have consisted of hides, hemp, cochineal, &c., and valued at the lowest calculation at about $100,000.

The Cleopatra should have left New York to-day on her return trip south. Many persons called at the office of the owners yesterday in the hope of having some tidings from the missing vessel. They were given very little encouragement as to the safety of the vessel, but were assured that the passengers and crew would most probably turn up very soon.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Derion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
McGill University—W C Baynes
Army Supplies—B H Martindale

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

GOVERNMENT DEFEATS.

Pitiable in the last degree is the exultation by the Opposition journals, of a mere amendment to a clause in a Government measure being carried by the House of Commons in Committee. The very purpose of the House going into Committee is to adapt the details of a measure, approved of, as a whole, to the requirements of the House. The Government may be indisposed to have their view of public requirements interfered with, and may, consequently, use every exertion to pass a measure as they had intended it should become law, but to call any amendment in such a respect a defeat of the Government is a positive abuse of terms. The best proof that the reduction of the amount required for Civil Service against the wishes of the Government was not aimed at the general measures of the Government was afforded by the subsequent vote, which being declared to be one on which Ministers would either stand or fall, a large majority was unhesitatingly accorded to the Government. The minority, assuredly, never, for a moment, entertained the notion that their measures could not, or ought not to be interfered with by a Committee of the Whole, into which the House resolves itself with the express view of arranging details. That would be to deny all power to the House, even in so far as only to modify Government measures. Neither the "Saint of Cornwall" nor the Sir Andrew Agnew of the Opposition ever contemplated anything so monstrous. The vote showed conclusively that Ministers had and have the confidence of the country. The measures of the Government are and have been such as the country requires. The Commons may not be agreed as to details, but a large majority sustain the Government in general principles. It is notorious that, notwithstanding an overwhelming majority, the administration never attempts to coerce public opinion, but invariably yield to it. They exert themselves to ascertain what the country needs and wants, and, having gained that knowledge, govern themselves accordingly. They cultivate the doctrine of expediency, a matter which is past the comprehension of the overbearing Grit. They study public opinion and profit by it. They know that they are responsible to the country for their acts and endeavor to govern intelligently, and have, hitherto, done so successfully. The *Globe* is too well aware of the absurdity of calling a high amendment to an item in a Supply Bill a defeat to indulge in the outcry of the minor organs of the "party." It leaves to such journals as the Hamilton *Evening Times* the croaking about such *quasi* defeats. That paper may perhaps be able to afford itself the indulgence of speaking of unexpected fate, of proposed Government bribes to Nova Scotia being thwarted, of truckling poltroons, who vote one way one moment and another way the next. It leaves to such like, secondary sheets, the business of stigmatizing the Honorable John Sandfield Macdonald as an "arch old hypocrite," Cornwall Saint," and "Janus-faced hypocrite." The *Globe* cannot afford to indulge in such littlenesses. Although an opposition journal, and not very scrupulous at that, the *Globe* has some political character to lose, which, apparently, the Hamilton *Evening Daily Times* has not. The *Globe* has sense enough, even in abusing the Government, not to abuse the majority of the House of Commons and has some regard for him, who is yet acknowledged to be the leader of Her Majesty's Opposition in the Commons of Canada, whose long experience in public affairs ought, at least, to shelter him from the abuse of the organs of his party.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

The recent burning of the steamship *Cleopatra* adds another to the long list of accidents which have occurred to sea-going steamers this season. Fortunately, the *Cleopatra* carried but few passengers; and there is strong reason to hope that these have escaped. There will, however, be much anxiety felt until their fate is definitely known. The lost steamer was on her way from Havana to New York, and is the second steamer employed on the Havana route which has been lost this year. It is a noteworthy fact that, while the vessels belonging to certain steamship lines never meet with a single accident, those of other lines seem followed by a fatality of frequent disaster. The Montreal line has been the most unfortunate of all, having lost seven steamers since it began operations, while the Anchor line and the Inman line have each lost several of their vessels. On the other hand, neither the Cunard nor the French steamers have met with a single disaster—the unimportant accident to the Europa, of the Cunard line some years since, being the only exception. This marked difference is partly due to the different routes followed by some of these steamers, that of the Montreal and Liverpool line being exceptionally dangerous; but there is no reason to doubt that the excellent management of the French and Cunard steamers is the real reason why they have had so remarkable an exemption from disaster and even from delay.—*New York World.*

There can be no gainsaying the fact that, for a time, the Montreal line of ocean steamships were peculiarly unfortunate. It was not however, because the route was exceptionally dangerous, but because of some fatality, for which it would be difficult satisfactorily to account. The first steamship lost was on the Pillars, if our memory serves us, in the River St. Lawrence, about 40 miles below Quebec. The accident happened while the vessel was in charge of a St. Lawrence pilot, unaccustomed to steamships, and was the result of gross ignorance. The danger was apparent. The rock was high above water, and the night was as clear as day. With the exception of an accident in the Straits of Belleisle, the other losses occurred in the route of the Cunard steamships off Cape Race, and one vessel struck during moonlight on a rock at the entrance of Portland Harbour. We are quite willing to concede the excellent management of both the Cunard and French steamers, but we deny that the river navigation of the St Lawrence is exceptionally dangerous. It is in truth the very reverse.

RED RIVER.

Late advices from the Red River settlement inform us that Riel's permission to the Hudson Bay Company to resume their trade, does not mean much good to Canadian interests. As yet the Canadian Government stores, plundered by him, were comparatively untouched, and as he still retains a force in Fort Garry who must be fed, it simply implies the consumption of Government pork, instead of Hudson Bay pemmican—a saving to the Company which is a loss to us.

A significant rumor also reaches us to the effect that the notorious Postmaster Bannatyne is preparing to leave for Nebraska with McKenny, the Sheriff, and that his partner Bigg, will leave as soon as he can wind up the business. It is to be hoped that we may next hear of Mr. Riel himself as *en route.*

Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier were busily engaged yesterday with Red River affairs, and we have no doubt will, in the course of this week, lay before Parliament the measures which they consider necessary to be taken with regard to the establishment of order in that remote portion of the Dominion.

FISHERIES PROTECTION SERVICE.

The following appointments have been made to the command of the vessels chartered for Marine police purposes, and the protection of fisheries on the coast.

England.—G. V. Story, Esq., Lieut. R. N., Quebec.
Stella Maria.—L. H. Lachance, Esq., Quebec.
Sweepstake.—C. B. Chrysler, Esq., Kingston.
Ida E.—James A. Tory, Esq., Canso, N. S.
Ella G. McLean.—H. E. Betts, Esq., St. John N. B.

CORREGGIO having produced a picture of the "Nativity," which has become famous and is preserved in the Dresden Gallery, our enterprising contemporary the *Canadian Illustrated News* has made a leggotyped copy for presentation to the subscribers of that paper. The leggotype *a la Correggio*, is a creditable specimen of the new art, and is a gift worthy of appreciation as it is a generous one on the part of the enterprising publisher—Mr. Desbarats.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE WARDEN.—The funeral of the late Warden of the Kingston Penitentiary, took place this morning to the Grand Trunk Railway Depot, for Montreal, and was very largely attended. All business in the Penitentiary, out of respect, was suspended, and the convicts were confined to their cells.—*Kingston Daily News*, April 23.

THE GUNBOAT "RESCUE."—The gunboat *Rescue* which received orders a few days ago to prepare for active service on the lakes, left on Friday evening about 8 o'clock, for a cruise down the River St. Lawrence, as far as Prescott, having received her full supply of coal from Toronto. She embarked the Napanee Battery of Foot Artillery, and the vessel is under the command of Captain Hooper.

LEMAY, the scoundrel who wrote the "poem" glorifying Riel and exulting in the death of Scott, has written a letter to *Le Canadien*, the paper in which the verses originally appeared, vindicating himself and asserting that his only object is to serve faithfully, without ostentation and with firmness, the holy cause, but too often forgotten, of religion and country. How the cause of religion is to be served by applauding murder it is not easy at first sight to understand; nor are we sure the country (*i. e.*, French half-breedism) will gain by the apostrophes of Laureate Lemay.—*London Daily Advertiser.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A fatal accident occurred at Windsor on the morning of the 20th instant, to a young man named Thomas Seeley, son of A. C. Seeley, of Windsor. It appears he had occasion to go into the barn, near his father's house, and found the door locked. There is hole nine inches high by twelve broad, above the door. He put a plank up and climbed on the top of the plank, and put his head and hands into the hole in order to reach the latch inside, and the board slipped from under his feet, which left him hanging by the neck, so that he could not extricate himself. It was about thirty minutes before he was found there, and when taken down he was dead. This affair has cast a gloom over the whole community.—*Chatham Planet.*

So many willful murderers are acquitted on the false plea of insanity that the very suggestion that a criminal is insane is received—except by a jury—with considerable doubt. There can, however, be no doubt as to the madness of the woman who murdered her children the other day in Baltimore. The case is one of peculiar horror, and the conduct of the wretched mother when contrasted with that of the fellow Chambers, who has just escaped the gallows on the pretext of insanity shows the wide difference between the genuine madness which transforms a human being into a fiend and that pretended "temporary insanity" which so many human fiends are permitted to plead as an excuse for the brutal acts which are the expression of their depraved natures.—*N. Y. World.*

Dealing with the North West Question

L'Evenement indicates the course which the Government will take in dealing with this question. As M. Hector Fabre, its editor, is the brother-in-law of Sir George Cartier, *L'Evenement* is likely to be well informed. We translate our contemporary's remarks in full:

"Letters from Ottawa represent the situation as grave in the extreme. The intense feeling which prevails throughout Upper Canada and which is heightened by the narratives of North West refugees, who have suffered imprisonment under Riel's orders, and the fiery spirit which shows itself daily in the majority of Lower Canadian journals, render the position of the Government one of great difficulty. To conciliate as much as possible the extreme views which are held on this question the Government will take a middle course. It will probably receive, as a matter of good faith, the delegates of the provisional government, and refugees such as Drs. Schultz, Lynch and others. It will hear all that is to be said on both sides, compare their evidence and weigh their arguments.

"Then the largest possible concessions will be made to the North West, which will receive a political existence like that of the other provinces. The new order of things proclaimed, a military expedition, composed principally of Imperial troops, will be sent to the territory to maintain order and to insure the free discharge of a *regime* which will be equitable to all parties."

Whether *L'Evenement* correctly indicates the course which will be taken we are not prepared to say; but there is no reason to believe that is very far wrong. There need be no doubt whatever that the Government will act in the best way possible to subserve the general interest.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE

MONDAY, April 25 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON presented a report from the Committee on Printing.

Hon. Mr. HAMILTON from Committee on Banking, Railways and Commerce, reported in favour of the Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Merchants Bank of Halifax.

Report was adopted and the Bill read.

THE RED RIVER COUNTRY.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY presented the Report of the Special Committee appointed to enquire into "the condition of climate resources, and institutions of Ruperts Land, Red River, and the North West Territory," together with the minutes of evidence taken before them. He stated that the report was unanimously adopted by the Committee; and as it was desirable to have the whole subject before the Houses as soon as possible, he would move the adoption of the report.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU thought it was unusual to move immediately for the adoption of a Report which no one had hardly heard.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said that it was no doubt desirable that the Report of the Committee should be laid in a printed form before the members of the House as soon as practicable, and as he understood it was an unanimous report and contained nothing of a political character, he could see no objection to the adoption of the motion.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that it had been decided that all matters of an irrelevant character should be struck out.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU said he had no objection to the motion under the circumstances.

The Report was accordingly adopted.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McCULLY it was then ordered that the Report be sent to the Committee on Printing, with instructions to append a suitable map, and print a number of extra copies for the use of members.

THE GOVERNMENT VESSELS.

On motion of the Hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the House went into Committee on the Bill to make provision for discipline on board of Canadian Government vessels—Hon. Mr. BOURINOT in the chair.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL stated that the object of the Bill was simply to give the Government the means of controlling the vessels in their employ, whilst at the same time it afforded the employees the same protection that they receive on board of merchants' ships. The first four and the last two sections, he added, were almost transcripts from the Merchants Shipping Act, and only altered to meet the circumstances of the case.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY saw no objection to the Bill, but he was not quite so certain it would answer all the expectations of its promoters in connection with the protection of the fisheries. He did not see whether it was provided that persons repelling force by force, as it might be necessary, would be protected under the Bill.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied that the object of the Bill was simply to maintain discipline on board vessels in the Government service, and the points to which the hon. gentleman referred had no connection with the measure, but would be dealt with otherwise. In framing the Bill the Government wished to avoid anything that might look like coercion, or appear calculated to interfere with the freedom of individuals.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON said that there was no doubt that the measure had reference to a subject of great interest, viz., the protection of the fisheries. Without going into the question at that time he would confine himself to the expression of the hope, that the Hon. Minister of Marine would be prepared, when the Bill came up for its third reading, to inform the House, what support the Government of the Dominion would receive from the British Government in protecting our fisheries from the encroachment of foreigners.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said the hon. gentleman would see that the Bill applied to all vessels in the Government service, and as respects the question asked by the hon. member who had just spoken he would merely reply that he would be happy to give all the information that it was in the power of the Government to afford, as soon as they could do so consistently with the interests of the public service.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON made some remarks, but they were entirely inaudible in the gallery.

The Bill passed through Committee, was reported up, and the third reading ordered for to-morrow.

The Bill regulating Ferries was made the first order of the day for to-morrow.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. WARK, it was ordered that three constitute a quorum of the Select Committee on the Intercolonial Railway.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 25, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

The first item taken up was Hon. Mr. ABBOTT'S motion for the third reading of the Canada Central Railway Bill, and Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU'S amendment thereto.

Hon. Mr. BEAUBIEN (in French) supported the amendment.

Mr. BELLEROSE said that the lands given by a public Act to the Canada Central Railway did not belong to the Province of Quebec. It has been asserted by the member for Montmagny that the road will not enhance colonization, but this was unfounded. The Laval county was entirely occupied, but there were many places in the counties of Terrebonne and Argenteuil where there were only a few settlers, and who would greatly benefit by a railway which would penetrate into the interior of a section of the Ottawa Valley. He hoped that the question would not be considered from a sectional point of view, but that every member would vote with the general interests of the country in view.

Hon. Mr. ROSS, member for Champlain supported the amendment, but did not approve of all the opinions of the member for Montmorency in relation to the grant of lands by the Provincial Government. He approved of the encouragement given to railways by a grant of lands, but the Canada Central Railway being an enterprise which affects the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, it ought to receive an aid of the Federal Government which will receive his support.

Mr. McDOUGALL member for Three Rivers, said in favour of the Bill that this House cannot legislate upon a grant of lands. It cannot but maintain the rights acquired by the Company of the Canada Central Railway. He assures that if the district of Three Rivers had not succeeded in the construction of the Piles Railway, it is not a reason for its members for now advocating this great enterprise of the Canada Central Railway, which will greatly develope the colonization, commerce and industry of the country, and on this point he does not approve of the reasons given by the member of Champlain.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN supports warmly the Bill. He is happy to ascertain that every member is in favour of the Canada Central Railway, an enterprise of which the country will benefit greatly. Because that road will not only pass through Ontario, but it will also cross many parts of the lower section of the Ottawa Valley. He acknowledges that by the Federal Act this House cannot legislate upon the public lands, which belong to the Provinces, but it can give its attention to enterprises which are inter-provincial.

Mr. CASAULT approves the action of the Provincial Government which protects its lands of which it derives its main revenue. He maintains that the opposition of certain members of the Province of Quebec, is not due to their ideas of jealousy against the interests of Montreal.

Hon. Mr. DORION speaks in favour of the Bill, and condemns the opinion of the Premier of Quebec.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU answers to the precedent speeches in favour of the Bill. He answers to the Minister of Public Works, and maintains that his amendment does not recognise the predication of the Federal Government upon the public lands. The promoters of the Canada Central Railway, seeing their enterprise nearly abandoned, wanted to galvanise a dead body, and have proposed to amalgamate itself with a section of a road which was not comprised in the original project. They have adopted that way in order to accomplish their railway and benefit, at last, by the grant of lands made to them some years ago. He maintains that the Canada Central Railway will be only a commercial and industrial enterprise, and that those objects ought to be attained with the federal allocation, because they are not controlled by the Provincial Governments. The general revenue will only benefit by the opening of Townships which will create thousands of new consumers whilst the provisional treasure will be required, at its detriment, to encourage the development of those new Townships and the education of their inhabitants. All the loss will be for the Provinces and all the benefit for the Federal revenue.

Hon. Mr. WOOD reviewed the old charters, and said that under them, the Company would have to build the line, not to Carleton Place but to Lake Huron, before getting any land grant. The Company had solicited money from the capitalists in England on the promise it should have this land grant. He did not oppose allowing the old charter to continue until its expiry in September, but it was not fair that the Company should be placed in a position to claim a grant under an old charter. If the House wanted a Railway built let it charter a new Company. Would the hon. gentleman agree to an amendment to the effect that the Company should not be construed to have any more right to a land grant than if the Act had been passed?

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said that if that provision would put an end to the debate he would accept it.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that he did not make any motion, but merely made a proposition which he thought would partially satisfy himself personally.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that it would be impossible for the Dominion to grant lands belonging to the Provinces. The first clause provided that the Bill should not, in extending the time of the charter, in any way affect the land grant. He thought the objection taken to the Bill had been entirely met.

A division was then taken on Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU'S amendment, which was lost.—Yeas 40, Nays 61.

It being six o'clock, the SPEAKER left the chair.

AFTER RECESS.

The Canada Central Railway Bill was again taken up.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT moved the addition of the clause in accordance with the suggestion made by Hon. Mr. Wood. Carried, and Bill read a third time and passed.

Bill to continue in force.

The provisions of divers Acts relating to the Bank du Peuple were read a third time.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved that the question of concurrence of the report of the Committee on the Reporting of debates of Parliament, be placed first on the orders of the day for Wednesday.

Hon. Mr. MACKENZIE could not see the object of the motion, now when the debates of the session were nearly over. The notice on the paper had been passed over several times before.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said that he had done his best to bring the matter up as soon as possible. He would, however, bring up his first motion, that the Report of the Committee recommending the adoption of Mr. Cotton's tender for reporting and publishing, be concurred in. He argued at considerable length on the importance of having full and accurate records of the debates.

Mr. JONES said that the matter had been very fully discussed last session. He thought that the reports, now published by the private enterprise of the Toronto and Montreal newspapers, were very fair and full. He would vote against the motion.

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD said if the motion had been brought up in the early part of the session, he would have had pleasure in seconding it, but it was too late now to make arrangements for this session. He was in favour of *verbatim* reports of the debates, which it would be impossible for any newspaper to give. He moved that the report be referred back to the Committee with a recommendation that a plan be devised, and report, whereby an efficient report and publication of the debates of next session may be secured.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) opposed the adoption of the report, and also the amendment. He contended that the debates were already well reported and published in daily papers, and it was useless to spend money for the publication of reports which they read every day in papers. Publication of *verbatim* reports would tend to greatly lengthen the sessions.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said an official report could not be *verbatim*, it must be a synopsis, hence there was a necessity to have able men to get up reports. The reports should come out daily or they would be of little value. These things were not provided for in the report, and he was therefore opposed to its adoption. He proceeded to read a letter from Mr. Gregg, on behalf of the reporters, to the effect that Mr. Cotton had made no arrangement with them for furnishing reports, and that he was not in a position to supply a proper "Hansard."

Mr. YOUNG opposed the report, but was in favour of a proper system. He believed the reporters employed, should be under the direct control of the House, and a pledge should be given that every speaker would receive fair play. He approved of having good official reports, and as in his opinion the present reporters in the gallery were as good as could be found on the continent, he had no doubt if his plan was adopted, they would be perfectly reliable reports.

Mr. BODWELL moved an amendment to the amendment, that at this late period of the Session it is inexpedient to take any action in the matter.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said if the report was adopted it might do for next Session.

Mr. MACKENZIE was in favor of an economic and efficient system of reporting, but the system under which Mr. Cotton was getting up his reports could not do at all for an official system. When the Committee adopted the report, they were given to understand that arrangement had been made with the reporters, but immediately after the report was presented, the reporters had informed the members of the Committee, that no such arrangement was made.

Hon. JOHN SANFIELD MACDONALD supported the amendment to the amendment. He said that if the House engaged reporters, members would arrange with them to have their speeches appear in an improved shape, and much longer than delivered.

After considerable discussion,

Mr. BODWELL'S amendment was put and carried. Yeas, 97; nays, 36. Majority, 62.

Mr. SAVARY moved for further correspondence on the subject of uniform currency, between the different commercial nations. He said that it was desirable to have the correspondence sent from the Imperial Government on this question.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that to-morrow, when the Finance Minister was in his place, Mr. Savary could then put his motion.

Mr. MILLS moved resolutions respecting the admission of the North West, already published.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER asked that the resolutions should stand over, as the whole policy of the Government would be brought down this week.

Mr. MILLS said that it was two years since it was resolved that the North West Territory should be addmitted on terms which he did not consider correct. He did not consider the title of the Hudson's Bay Co. defective, being the same as those granted to the original settlers of the now, United States. The disturbance was so great during the attempt to address the House, that only portions of sentences could be occasionally heard.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said as it was evident that the feeling of the House was against Mr. Mills proceeding with his argument, and although he was sorry for it, yet he submitted if it would not be more suitable for him to bring forward his arguments which they were anxious to hear.

Mr. MILLS was sorry that the Government had lost control of the House, but he was determined to proceed as there might be no other opportunity of bringing forward his Resolutions. When the term was proposed for the transfer of the North West, there were only two conditions, one for preserving the rights of the Indians, the other for settling the cliams of the Hudson Bay Company. The temporary Act he held to be unconstitutional, and by it no powers could be conferred on the inhabitants of the Territory, which would give them self-Government. Had the proper course been adopted and security given that these people would have self-Government as were pointed out in the British North American Act, there would have been no opportunity given to demagogues, and there would have been no rebellion or disturbances. They probably could not have the full machinery of the Government at once, but that was a matter of growth. He had no fear of these people becoming Americanized; for he found that Americans who came here and lived under our laws, when they understood them became as devoted to British Institutions as any of the population.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER asked that the mover would now allow the matter to stand over till the whole question came up.

Mr. MILLS said it was only due to himself to have these resolutions recorded in the journals of the House and therefore moved their adoption.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he would have no objection to the adjournment of the debate, provided the Government would give assurance of when the propositions would be brought down.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that they would be brought down some day this week. He could not say the exact day but it would be this week.

Mr. MACKENZIE regretted no more definite promise could be made. The papers were promised positively to be brought down on Saturday night and then on Monday, yet they were not yet ready.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the papers were promised positively to be down on Saturday night. They had been too patient, perhaps, on this subject, the most important that could be brought before the House. They did not know officially, but there was no doubt that extensive preparations were being made for a military expedition, and while Parliament was in session Government must not involve the country in a military expedition without laying before the House full particulars of the policy on which it was proceeding. He would call attention to this subject to-morrow before the orders of the day were called.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that unless a Constitution guaranteed by the Imperial Act was to be given to the North West there was clearly a violation of the British North America Act.

The debate was adjourned on motion of Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER.

Mr. MILLS moved for a statement of the amount paid each district staff officer of the Volunteer Force for supplying officers for the District Staff.—Carried.

Mr. MEDCALFE moved for the return of the names of shareholders and the amount of stock held by each in all the Banks of the Dominion. Carried, with the alteration that the return be by an order of the House, and also that the returns be printed.—Carried.

Mr. BOURASSA moved the adoption of the seventh report of the joint Committee on Printing. After some discussion he withdrew his motion with the understanding that it would be the first order of the day on Wednesday.

Mr. BECHARD moved an address for the report of H. W. Austin respecting obstructions on the River Richelieu.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU gave notice that he would move the suspension of the rules to admit the introduction of a Bill to incorporate the Quebec and New Brunswick Railway.

Mr. WRIGHT (Ottawa) moved the House into Committee of the Whole on a resolution providing for the registration of marks or brands used for marking timber, etc. The House went into Committee Mr. FORBES in the chair. The Committee rose and reported the resolution without amendment, which was read the first, second and third time.

Mr. MAGILL moved an address for the return of the amount received from the sale of clergy reserves in Upper Canada.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that last week the Government had asked extraordinary powers to provide against an anticipated attack. He saw that the volunteers had been ordered home. He desired to know if the danger had been less than expected. Were the Government prepared to repeal the Act suspending the *habeas corpus* as they should not needlessly alarm the country, disturbing business and preventing emigration by exciting fears that the country was in danger of being disturbed.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the Government had certain information on which they acted, although this was not the time to justify their action. He might say that they had not withdrawn all the forces from the frontier. The decided action taken had prevented invasion, and even that day they had received intimation that all the volunteers should not be withdrawn. O'Neill had been elected president of what was called the warlike party, and as he was determined, and had the backing of these men there was still danger ahead.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he had not opposed the proposition of the Government, although his reason was not convinced. He still thought they had acted hastily and unadvisedly leading people to believe the country was in a chronic state of *malaise*.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER repeated that the Government were acting on definite information, and not on mere newspaper rumours.

The House then adjourned.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 12144

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office [illegible] Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 25.

William Dreever of Red River is in town.

It is said that Dr. Schultz will precede the first detachment of troops for Red River and arrange with the Indians en route for a peaceful passage through their territory.

William Martin, who cut his throat on Tuesday under the influence of liquor, died on Saturday.

A lad named Joseph Fieldwick, employed by Messrs. Trey & Co., was arrested on Saturday for robbing his employers of a large quantity of hats, caps, and other articles, in which the firm deal being found in his possession.

A rifle match which came off on Saturday afternoon between nine Sergeants of the Queen's Own and nine of the 60th Rifles, was won by the latter by 17 points. Sergeant White of the Queen's Own won the silver cup, presented for the highest individual score.

Rev. Henry Holland, of St. Catherines, yesterday delivered the annual sermon before the St. George's Society at the St. James Cathedral.

Lord Cecil preached in the Theatre yesterday to a large audience.

Weather fine.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 28.

The Richelieu Company have placed on the line between Montreal and Sorel, a fine Iron Steamer named the *Berthier*, she measures 190 feet in length by 29 feet in breadth, depth of hold 8½ feet, with a speed of 15 miles an hour.

The new Westend Wesleyan Church in St. Joseph street was formally opened yesterday.

At half-past twelve o'clock to-day the private interview of Notman's large painting of the carnival at the Victoria Skating Rink was opened by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Besides the Prince, Lieut.-Col. Elphinstone, Lieut. Picard and several officers of the P C.O. Rifle Brigade were present, also a number of leading citizens and ladies. H. R. H. expressed his admiration of the picture.

Flour market quiet, and wheat receipts unusually large.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 25.

Lieut-Col. Cassault inspected the Quebec Hussars on the plains of Abraham to-day.

A rifle match took place on Saturday on Beauport Flats, between ten men of the 69th regiment, and ten men of the 8th battalion volunteers, at 200, 400, and 500 yards, the 8th battalion winning. The numbers of the totals are 414 to 385.

Alderman Hearn and Councillor Gibbin's election is to be contested on the ground of bribery.

When the Citizen's Association candidates have been returned the grounds of contestation will be illegality of voters' lists.

The *Canadienne* left to-day for the Gulf.

The parish steamers commence running this week.

The steamer *Lady Head* leaves to-day for below with the balance of buoys.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The sugar brokers complain bitterly of the ruinous effects of Mr. Lowe's sudden remission of the sugar duties. Many holders bought their stocks when the current price was 39 and 40 shillings per hundred weight for No. 12. When the budget was presented to the House of Commons, recommending the reduction of duties on sugars, the price suddenly fell to thirty-two shillings at which figure it now stands.

The *Spectator*, a Whig organ, says anarchy in Ireland and England is the alternative of the passage of the Land Bill.

The celebrated horse, *Blue Gown*, which was sold by Sir Joseph Hawley to a Prussian Company, will, after a continental campaign, be brought to Ascot, to train for the gold cup in June.

Lord Penzance declines to postpone the Mordaunt divorce case beyond next Wednesday.

A collision occurred on the Great Western Railroad to-day. The cars were badly wrecked and the fireman was killed. Several were slightly hurt.

The continental cable service is somewhat disordered to-day from some unexpected cause.

The *Times* to-day hints that the Grecian Government are responsible for the capture of foreigners so near its capital, especially when these foreigners are members of a foreign legation.

The money market which has been quite active during the week closed quiet this evening.

The recent Fenian panic in this city was occasioned by the tyling of information of the Chief of Police, that a large number of Fenians had recently arrived from America for incendiary and other unlawful purposes, and that, together with other buildings, the offices of the *Times* and *Pall Mall Gazette* had been threatened with destruction by them. The protection asked for was accordingly granted.

The *Globe* says the police are recording the names of all the strangers at hotels and boarding houses as a measure of safety.

The trustees of the Peabody fund have declined to purchase the Magdalen Hospital.

LIVERPOOL.—There was a great demonstration of rejoicing here on the announcement of the safe arrival of the steamer *City of Brussels.*

PLYMOUTH.—The steamer *Allemania*, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON.—The *Observer* says the Fenians here mean mischief. The Government is authentically warned of their intention to destroy the offices of the *Times* and *Pall Mall Gazette* and other projects eqally violent, but the publication of particulars are withheld.

Increased activity in the iron trade is noticed throughout England.

The schooner *Narita*, of St. John's, N.F., was seen, April 2nd, in latitude 36 degrees, longitude 55 degrees, water logged.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The *Journal Official* publishes the following proclamation by the Emperor:—

Frenchmen,—The Constitution of 1852, drawn up in virtue of the powers you gave me, and ratified by eight millions of votes, which re-established the Empire, has procured for France eighteen years of calm and quiet prosperity, which have not been without glory. It has ensured order, and left the way open to all improvements. Thus more security has been confirmed, and it has taken a large part in the progress of liberty; but successive changes have altered the basis of plebiscitories, which cannot be modified without an appeal to the nation. It becomes indispensable then that the new Constitution shall be approved by the people, as were formerly the Constitutions of the Republic and of the Empire. At these two epochs it was believed even as I myself believe to-day that anything done without you was illegitimate. The Constitution of Imperial and Democratic France may be reduced to a small number of fundamental provisions, which cannot be changed without your consent. Your decision will have the advantage of rendering definite the progress already made, and of placing beyond the influence of political fluctuations the Government. Time is lost too often in barren and embittered controversies, and may be more useful hereafter in seeking for the means of increasing the moral and material welfare of the greatest possible number. I address myself to all you, who, from the 10th December, 1848, surmounted every obstacle to place me at your head; to you who twenty-two years have without cessation guarded me by your suffrages, sustained me by your co-operation, rewarded me by your affection, give me a new proof of confidence in bringing to the ballot box an affirmative vote. You will thus defeat the menaces of a revolution, you will place order and liberty on a solid basis, and you will render easier in the future the transmission of the Crown to my son. You have almost unanimously for 18 years, clothed me with the most extensive powers, be also equally unanimous to-day in supporting the transformation of the Imperial *Regime*. A great nation has no way of attaining its development without resting on institutions which guarantee at the same time stability and progress. To the call which I make upon you to ratify liberal reforms, realized during the last ten years, reply yes. As for myself, faithful to my origin, I shall continue penetrated by your thought and fortified by your will, and confiding in Providence to work without cessation for the prosperity and grandeur of France.

The Emperor Napoleon's proclamation is received with enthusiastic approbation by the organs of the Court, the Ministry and Chamber. Other journals, even those which counsel an affirmative vote on the *plebiscitum* are cold in their expressions.

The public meetings for the discussion of the *plebiscitum* commenced to-day. Two meetings, which were called yesterday for other political objects, dissolved.

Prof. Baville, at Marseilles, has discovered a new plant.

The manifesto of the Intercolonial Association and the Federal Chamber Labor Society, of Paris, issued to-day, recommends members and others to abstain from voting altogether on the 5th of May.

Yesterday a grand reunion of workingmen, of all trades, was held in this city, and after a debate resolutions were adopted favoring a general strike.

One of the manifestoes issued by the labor societies in Paris advises workmen either to abstain from voting on the *plebiscitum*, or to cast blank ballots, and also demands reforms in taxation, and in military conscription, and the erection of a republic.

Ministerial journals say the Marquis de Banneville yesterday presented formally to the Pope the memorandum written by Count Daru before his resignation as Minister of Foreign Affairs. He was obliged to present the memorandum, though it anticipated Ollivier's succession to the charge of Foreign Affairs, because according to diplomatic usage, its contents had previously been communicated to the Papal Government.

M. Ollivier will decline responsibility for the documents, and will maintain an expectant attitude towards the Council.

Launeers, an Ultramontane organ, demands that Government take its stand for or against the memorandum of Count Daru, and reserves until an answer is received from Rome, its opinion of the transaction.

M. Ollivier is to be decorated with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The Chancellor of the Legion of Honor is dead.

The first *Schema de Dogma* of the Ecumenical Council has been promulgated.

A Constantinople telegram says that the Turkish Minister at Heuz reports that the captives retained for ransom by the brigands near Marathon have been killed.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—There is a strong movement in Tyrol, for secession from the Romish church in case the question of infallibility passes in, the Council.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—There are rumors here that the Duke de Montpensier has been wounded at Seville, but telegrams from that city pronounce them false.

In the Cortes yesterday Minister Moret, in reply to an inquiry, said the news from Cuba was satisfactory, but gave no particulars. His answer is considered vague, and creates uneasiness.

Spanish journals have lately abused Lord Derby for attending a banquet at Rome, in the House of Prince Alfonzo. It turns out that the press here has been deceived, and that Lord Derby has not been in Rome. It was probably Denby who is a Roman Catholic.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—An Armenian manifesto, relative to the Ecumenical Council, was torn down by the Turkish mobs yesterday. A serious riot being imminent, the troops were called out.

ROME.

ROME.—The police are active in destroying pamphlets by Hefel Ransaper and Swartzonlin, against Papal infallibility. Photographs of these gentlemen have also been seized.

The third public meeting of the Ecumenical Council will be held at St. Peters to-morrow, Sunday, after mass. The fathers will vote orally, in the presence of the Pope, on the first acts of the Council. The Pope will solemnly promulgate the acts as soon as the vote is counted.

Comparatively few strangers are in the city at present.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—The Fenian Congress adjourned last evening *sine die*. Gen. O'Neil has been re elected President.

The utmost secrecy has been maintained in reference to the proceedings of the Convention, but the impression among those claiming to be well informed, is that a war policy had been determined upon.

THE TWO MADMEN—RIEL AND LEMAY.

From the Ottawa Courier.

The habit is now too common of putting in the plea of insanity as a justification for crimes of the greatest magnitude. McFarland who slew Richardson, whom Beecher married to McFarland's wife, attempts to justify murder by insanity. Everybody who seems to have known McFarland has been struck by some peculiarity of manner in the man at different times. Occasionally he spoke of his distresses, so incoherently and so unnecessarily, and in such odd places as to give rise to the suspicion that his mind was then unstrung and sometimes he borrowed chewing tobacco and swallowed it in such mouthfuls as to lead to the belief that he fancied he was munching dulse instead of the nicotian weed. His mind was a prey to fancy. He was precisely in that condition in which Mr. Pamphile Lemay, the poet laureate of Quebec, now is. He was something mentally other than he is. By turns he was a fool-king like Riel, or a gaping idiot like Lemay. To this last unfortunate our contemporary the *Globe* has taken a particular fancy. The *Globe* asserts that all poets being more or less mad, and Mr. Lemay being only a poet it matters little what he says. It is the French prose writers who are more to be condemned than the parodyist of the crucifixion. Now the truth is, all the French prose writers condemn the stupidity of Mr. Lemay as they smile at the Bombastes Furioso attitude of his hero. French speaking gentlemen of intelligence in Canada are quite as much pained at the idiotic performances of Riel and his apologist, as the *Globe* can be. They are ashamed of the crazy numb-skulls, who resist authority on the plea of "nationalite." Could any intelligent French gentleman in Canada prevent such stupidities as gentlemen speaking French, who are not intelligent indulge in there would be an instant stop put to these puerilities in pure shame. Whom does Riel represent? No one in Canada. The swaggering fool may be an extraordinarily great man among ill-informed people, as a shoemaker, who can read and write in a small village, where that accomplishment is a rarity, may be looked upon as a Cicero or a Demosthenes. The greater fool in this case, however, is the man to whom our friend of the *Globe* has taken an especial fancy—Pamphile Lemay. Pamphile Lemay and Riel are surely good [illegible] tives of men, who have been [illegible] Plessis, a Papineau, a Lafontaine, [illegible] a Cartier and a Chauveau. [illegible] credit—by the grace of Providence [illegible] virtues of poetic license—to the Canadian name and character. [illegible] Lemay and Riel deserve to be linked in history, and they will be. If [illegible] have the luck to be caught, and to [illegible] on his trial for murder, to be like [illegible] insane, he should be sent to the [illegible] Landry, at Beauport, and M. Lemay [illegible] placed in charge of the library [illegible] excellent institution. There are a [illegible] number of poets already in Beauport [illegible] is room for poetry there too. [illegible] dreadful. Cells and cold baths [illegible] what from regular meals, [illegible] door exercise, and such employment [illegible] be agreeable. The imperious [illegible] keeper—the undisputed [illegible] that functionary, awes an ordinary [illegible] but that would be braved by [illegible] will not suffer the cow-clad President [illegible] Republic of Winnipeg to be [illegible] Ontario bigots. We are sorry [illegible] *Globe* make such a use, as it has [illegible] silly letter of Lemay. The poetry [illegible] in style and sentiment was so [illegible] the production of a fool [illegible] culous. The *Globe* makes [illegible] the attempt of an idiot to justify [illegible] defect, with a view to insult the French [illegible] ing inhabitants of the Dominion, who [illegible] no sympathy with either Riel or Lemay [illegible] that alone, perhaps. It may be [illegible] *Globe* simply means to create [illegible] against the French as may [illegible] tionary troops fight among [illegible] defeating the successful object [illegible] tion, ruining Red River, [illegible] ple of Canada, damaging the [illegible] proving the value of some [illegible] the *Globe* had before given. [illegible] ter of surprise not that the *Evenement* [illegible] Lemay, but that any newspaper [illegible] French language, could have [illegible] publish such sentiments as Lemay [illegible] pression to, in prose and verse. [illegible] deed, acquainted with Lemay, [illegible] an excuse offered for his conduct [illegible] don't mind him." It was the act of [illegible] man truly for Riel to cause Scott to [illegible] and it is worse of the French Canadian [illegible] ple, to even attempt to justify the [illegible] The *Globe* is welcome to make what [illegible] pleases of Monsieur Pamphile Lemay [illegible] of Le Monsieur Riel, and that the [illegible] may be profitable to our contemporary [illegible] utmost summit of our wishes.

DEDICATION AT VILLA MARIA CONVENT.—CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME.—On [illegible] day morning, the 17th [illegible] took place of the new chapel attached [illegible] Villa Maria Convent at [illegible] were services in the morning [illegible] the services took place in the [illegible] where an air of neatness, [illegible] and simplicity prevailed. The [illegible] really beautiful. The pretty [illegible] attired in black; with white veils [illegible] good sisters kneeling like olive [illegible] the House of the Lord, and the [illegible] comitants of the worship, [illegible] impassioned Catholic observer [illegible] Holy Writ:—"How I have loved [illegible] nacles O Lord!" The execution of [illegible] *Tantum Ergo* and Lambillotte's [illegible] truly exquisite, and reflected [illegible] the young choristers and Sister [illegible] tique, who is a perfect genius [illegible] The Rev. Mr. Colin of Notre Dame, [illegible] an appropriate sermon in his [illegible] style. In the little congregation [illegible] of our citizens and ladies, [illegible] were Messrs. Leblanc, Cassidy, [illegible] lier, Egan, Delany, Donnelly, [illegible] Mrs. McGee with her two daughters [illegible] reception room after vespers it [illegible] to observe the groups of visitors [illegible] little Convent friends standing in [illegible] But suddenly there came a cloud. [illegible] had arrived for parting and [illegible] fond kiss and shake hands [illegible] we had to say adieu to Villa [illegible] Prince will, we learn, visit the [illegible] the 4th May.—*Montreal Herald.*

I have no hesitation in recommending [illegible] Compound Syrup of H[illegible] patients who suffer from General debility [illegible] disease of the Lungs, knowing [illegible] utterly hopeless it affords relief.

The Supreme Court of [illegible] have issued a perpetual injunction [illegible] and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Pills, holding them responsible for [illegible] position in what they have done [illegible] them from further like injury to [illegible] any class of our people more than [illegible] the interposition of law to shield [illegible] posture, it is the sick and suffering [illegible] unable to protect themselves. A [illegible] universally employed as Ayer's Pills [illegible] classes, both to cure and prevent disease [illegible] as it does, have every security [illegible] t, from counterfeit and imitation.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers [illegible] curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial [illegible] and cheering the afflicted, has passed [illegible] proverb. In the United States, [illegible] marvellous Wafers are known, they [illegible] all opposition and eclipse all rivalry [illegible] for them has steadily increased [illegible] twenty years, until now the sales [illegible] hundred thousand boxes a year. [illegible] bers of the medical profession [illegible] admit that they know of no preparation [illegible] ing such beneficial results as these [illegible] When taken in season they afford a [illegible] cure. Sold by every druggist [illegible] respectable stores throughout [illegible] cents per box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF H[illegible]—I am happy to say I have [illegible] of Bronchitis, from which I suffered [illegible] since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.
I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' [illegible] pound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all [illegible] in any way from disease or weakness of the [illegible] Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.
J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost among [illegible] used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic [illegible] and other affections of the Chest, and [illegible] hesitation in stating."
S. Z. E[illegible]
St. John, N.B.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in [illegible] royal style last month, and [illegible] citizens of the Dominion of Canada [illegible] the birth of their new and rising [illegible] but recovered invalids still feel [illegible] would be too short to celebrate all [illegible] that celebrated Indian Medicine, [illegible] SHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by [illegible] druggists in your locality.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette [illegible] marks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic [illegible] of cocoa has never been surpassed by [illegible] experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the [illegible] tions of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, [illegible] or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' [illegible] vantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, [illegible] Rheumatism, and banish your pains. [illegible] druggists.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still [illegible] display his usual tact and energy [illegible] exalted position to which his [illegible] raised him. We once heard it [illegible] his popularity would one day decline [illegible] know that when a man's advancement [illegible] result of his own intrinsic worth [illegible] tion is fixed and effulgent, like the [illegible] Great Shoshonees Remedy for [illegible] diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. [illegible] all druggists.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

...ement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc. by Railway	12 Noon	9.00		11.50	5.30
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00 12 Noon	9.00	8.00	11.50	
Halifax, N. S., Daily	12 Noon				5.30
St. John, N. B.; daily	12 Noon				5.30
United States	7.00 12 Noon	5.30		11.50	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30	5.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.05				
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.	7.30				
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage		6.05	8.00	11.50	5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00 12 Noon			11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and ...	7.00				
Chelsea, Wakefield, and ... & Ottawa Railway	6.00				6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

...Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

...direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

...—*Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp ... be received until 12.30 P.M.*

MONEY ORDERS.

...Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

...Deposits will be received at this Office. ...st allowed at the rate of Four per cent. ...num, and deposits can be withdrawn at ...me. Five per cent. will be allowed on ...ial deposits in sums of $100, for the with...al of which 3 months' notice will be re...d.

...Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

...Office,
...a, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

...LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

.... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
.... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

...above trains connect at Prescott Junction ...Grand Trunk Railway for all points south ...and west.

...awa Office—York street, corner of Sussex

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

...ew 150 Packages new Goods on view at ...and, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in ...y Department.

...rpets and House Furnishings made a ...ialty. The largest stock of New Goods, ...lowest prices in the city at Garland, ...tchmor & Co.

...ours seeing, the grand display of Millin... and Mantles, and the crowds of people ...ining the Spring Fashions at Garland, ...tchmor & Co.

...ply of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, ...ard, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 ...x street.

...ns Market—Monday—was miserably ... the lines discontented.

Military Examination.—We hear that the ...cers for the Red River expedition are ...assemble at the drill sheds to-night for ...dical inspection, &c.

Promotion.—Lt.-Col. Powell has resigned ...command of the 43rd Carleton Battalion, and is succeeded by Major Bearman.

Work, Work, Work.—The Chaudiere mills ...e on the eve of starting summer operations. ...e energetic proprietors are ever willing to ...ve employment to those who wish to work. ...ow is the time.

Setting up Drill.—Several squads of the 60th ...re out yesterday for the usual Sergeants ...ill on Parliament square. The men seemed ...fresh in their movements as they were after ...ir exercises of last summer.

Pretty Hard.—An old man eighty-five ...ars of age can be found trucking stone on ...ork street, near Taylor's Railway Ticket ...fice. He raised a large family, who have ...ft him in the miserable plight of doing this ...pulsive toil.

Band of 60th Rifles.—We are sure it will ...ve the citizens of Ottawa great pleasure to ...arn that the excellent band of the 60th Rifles ...ill play to-day at 4 o'clock, on Major's ...ill. It is the first time they will have played ...is year on the Hill and no doubt all those ...ho like to hear charming music will be on ...e ground.

Y. M. C. Association.—The meeting of the Y.M.C.A. will, to-night, be held in their ...ew rooms, in Bangs' Block, when an essay ...nd some interesting selections will be read. The meetings are open to the public, and ...ng men are especially invited.

Flooded.—The low-lands near what is ...alled "The King's Road," on the Quebec side of the river Ottawa, are all flooded, in consequence of the rise of the river. Should the ..."snow water" catch the present freshet, there will be every time for the farmers on the banks of the Ottawa for at least a month.

Bad Place for a Fight.—Two water carriers fell out while filling their puncheons at the water's edge near Sterling's brewery. During their quarrel, one of their horses got frightened and backed into the deep water. Peace was immediately restored, and they both turned in to save the sinking animal.

The Weather.—All who could spare time yesterday were out boating on the Ottawa. The air was fresh—the sun shone out in summer splendor—the cheek of beauty assumed the roseate tint—and the oars were plied by strength. Quite a number "excurched" down the river.

Frightful Accident.—A bricklayer named John Kimonson, engaged on a building now being erected on Sussex street by N. Germain, undertook to "stand on his head." Some of the bricks gave way and he was precipitated down the side of the wall. He would have been instantaneously killed had he not fell on the roof of a shed occupied by the Commissariat of the 60th. His injuries are very severe—he was brought to the hospital; we have heard that he is recovering.

Boom Broken.—The boom near the mouth of the river Desert in the Gatineau region broke last Saturday. Some forty-five thousand logs were in consequence carried down the latter river. It is fortunate the waters of the river are very high, or heavy jams might be expected. As it is, many of the logs will be lost. They belonged to the firms of Gilmour Hamilton and Bursall.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—A respectable audience were in attendance at this really amusing place of entertainment. "Black-Eyed Susan"—burlesque—went off splendidly. Lindley is good in every thing he undertakes. The other characters were well sustained. "The Snowbird" seemed to have lasted scarcely five minutes, so briskly was it performed.

Vexed.—As a male person was walking up Wellington Street last night, in company with a woman, two ruffians insulted the pair in the grossest manner. A couple of men happening to pass at the time, caused the fellows to walk off. The woman seemed to be the "man" of the moment, she showed pluck, and her protector expressed his indignation—after his assailants were at a respectable distance.

Police Court—Monday.—Charles Owen Clark, charged with having committed an assault. After examination the case was dismissed with costs.

James Green, assault—another county case—fined $10 and cost.

Bridget Dutton, an insane woman, was brought up. Dr. McDonell testified as to her unfortunate state of mind. The poor creature was committed.

Auction Sale.—We would remind our readers of the Auction Sale to be held to-day at eleven o'clock, by Mr. A. Rowe, auctioneer, at the residence of P. Poulin, Esq., jr., in one of the cottages of the Bishop's, near the French Church, Sussex street. We understand the furniture and effects to be sold are in good order having been but little used, and will be sold without reserve, as Mr. Poulin is leaving the city. Parties requiring furniture will do well to note this

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Use Frazer's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Is Health Worth Having?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

TUESDAY, APRIL 26th,

For the first time in Ottawa, Craven's celebrated Domestic Drama in two Acts, entitled,

MILKY WHITE.

To conclude with Burnand's Extravaganza of

BLACK EYED SUSAN,

OR

The Little Bill that was Taken Up

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER........................MR J MARSHALL.

April 26, 1870. 1332 6

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CONTROL OFFICE, CANADA,
Montreal, 23rd April, 1870.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the

DEPUTY CONTROLLER,

will be received at the above office until noon o

Saturday, the 30th instant,

For the following supplies, viz:

Biscuit, about		160,000 lbs
Beans,	do	22,660 quarts
Tea,	do	13,000 lbs
Sugar,	do	23,000 lbs
Salt,	do	2,400 lbs
Pepper,	do	300 lbs
Tobacco,	do	3,000 lbs
Soap,	do	2,400 lbs
Tin Canisters capable of holding 12½ lbs tea		170
Do do do do 40 lbs sugar		140
Do do do do 1 lb pepper		140

Samples of the above to accompany the tenders.

Tenders will at the same time be received for the supply of live cattle at Fort William, Lake Superior.

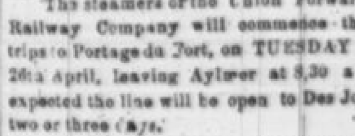
Forms of tender, conditions of contract, and all further information required may be obtained on application at the Control Offices, Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto and Ottawa.

The Deputy Controller reserves the right of accepting the tender for each article separately, and of rejecting any or all tenders.

E H MARTINDALE,
Deputy Controller.

1342 4

J. BAIRD, M.D., C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships and Exhibitions, at the annual value of $125 each; Two Tu... Exhibitions, value $125; the Charles Alexander Scholarship, value $120; the Jo...sons' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the Jane Redpath Exhibition, value $100; the Taylor Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c., may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A.,
Secretary McGill University.

1302 1awt4J

To Let.

HOUSE TO LET.

In New Edinburgh a new BRICK COTTAGE containing ten rooms, with stables and outhouses. A large garden is attached. Possession given 1st May. Rent moderate. Apply to

WM WOODBURN,
McLaren's Mills,
New Edinburgh.

1341 3

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE,
A J STEPHENS,
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1335tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DANIEL EGAN,
Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

UNDER

the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

SATURDAY, THE 30th APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready or inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

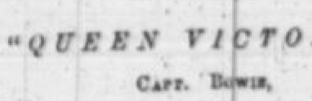
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

ELIZA ANN McCOOMB,

Insolvent, of Ottawa

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I am instructed by ROBERT WATSON, Esq., of Montreal, Assignee to the Estate, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th April, 1870, above the store lately occupied by this Insolvent in Sussex street, opposite the Barracks of the 60th Rifles.

The entire Household Furniture, consisting of a full and rich assortment of articles, attractive to all seeking cheap and fashionable furniture.

Terms cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale to commence at 11 a m.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VALUABLE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, ENGRAVINGS, STOVES, &c.

The undersigned has received instructions from MR PIERRE POULIN, to sell at his residence Bishop's Cottage, Sussex street, consequent on his removal to Montreal, the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany (hair cloth) Parlour Furniture, Centre Tables, Ottoman, Whatnot, &c., Dining Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Engravings, Bedroom Sets, Lamps, Crockery Glassware, Cooking and other Stoves, and the usual Kitchen Requisites. Terms Cash. Sale on the 26 inst. at 10 o'clock.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1335t1

AUCTION SALE.

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses. Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture. Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

☞ Cheapest in the Dominion. ☜

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1288.3 y

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE

OF

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c., &c., to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq, Daly street.

The sale of Paintings will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c., immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale from two to six p. m. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th inst. and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS PLATED WARE, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM is instructed by the Hon' ALEX. CAMPBELL, P. M. G., to sell on TUESDAY, the 26th inst, at his residence Kent Street, off Wellington, and opposite Prince's Terrace, all the Household Furniture therein contained, consisting in part of Easy Chairs, Camp Chairs, Sofas, Oil Paintings, Brussels, Kidderminster and Tapestry Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Side Board, Glass, China and Plated Ware, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen and other Stoves, Trays, Lamps, Water Filterer, &c., &c., and the usual assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

Sale at 11 o'clock, a m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870 1338td

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

his Season's Patterns

☞ "A CHOICE LOT." ☜

Ottawa, April 19th.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned executors offer for sale South half of LOT No. 22, the 5 concession, R. Front Township of Nepean, situated on the Macadamized Road to Richmond, about 11 miles from Ottawa, consisting of 100 acres, more or less, 80 of which are cleared, in a good state of cultivation, and well fenced, with a good comfortable house frame barn and sheds thereon. In the immediate vicinity of this property are two churches and two schools.

For further particulars, as to terms, &c., apply, if by letter postpaid, to the Executors at Bell's Corners, Nepean, Ont.

JAMES DAVIDSON,
ROBT PARK, sen.,
DANIEL CRAIG.
} Executors.

Ottawa, March 28, 1870. 14 1m

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 30th of April, at ten o'clock, a m, all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Set in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Funiture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention, together with a lot of Carpeting. Gas Fixtures and Glass, Chandeliers; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

1341 6

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by ANNA JANE EATON, of the City of Ottawa, wife of Rodney Eaton of the same place, merchant, and the said Rodney Eaton, to Ezra Butler Eddy, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec, Lumber Merchant, there will be sold by public auction on the premises hereinafter mentioned in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY next, the twenty third day of April, A D, 1870, at the hour of ten in the forenoon (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property, to wit:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, being composed of lot number 24 on the south side of Stewart street in that part of the said city commonly known as Besserer Place.

Subject to a prior mortgage existing thereon for one thousand dollars bearing date on or about the eighth day of June, A D, 1866, and made by the said Anna Jane Eaton and Rodney Eaton, in favour of one William Mackey.

TERMS CASH.

All searches, abstracts of title, conveyances, &c., &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Law Office of the undersigned.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Ezra Butler Eddy.

Ottawa, April 16, A D, 1870. 1335 6

WEST END

☞ DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. ☜

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

☽ Alhabasay ☾

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1326d

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

☞ GIVEN AWAY ☜

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Gereborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

☞ Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2,000 as follows, viz, one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m. and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS.

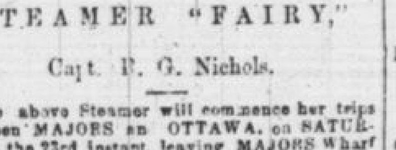
SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m



OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

Capt. F. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA, on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD,
President.

Ottawa April 22, 1870 1339tf

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful,

Apply to J ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

PRIVATE SALE

OF

☞ FURNITURE. ☜

A set of Drawing Room Furniture, Jacques & Hays' best make, and little used; also sundry articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, to be disposed of this week by private sale.

Apply to REV DR REDFORD JONES,
Daly Street.

1341 3

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ STOVES AND TINWARE, ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

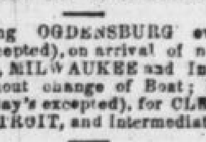
Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

☞ CHINA TEA COMPANY, ☜

BANG'S BLOCK,
ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HATCOCK.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES)

Times Office, Ottawa, April 25, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
BEEF Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 18	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 10
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have ever used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœpaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' [illegible] Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills, Brick Lane, London, Eng.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping TRASK'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and their Organs are sure to suffer and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist,
St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESS^RS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March 20. 1000-4f

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In case of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

JAS. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

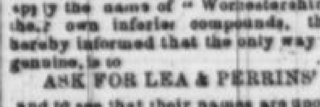
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *manufacturers* and *vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, March 2^d, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice; 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

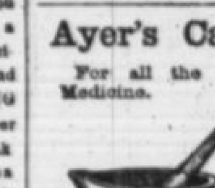
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

*DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.*

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame neck diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to [illegible]

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pre-paid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 487y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire,

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secty of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	18 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or EMRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

TRADE—MARK. ANCHORA VIRTUTE. GARDNER MONTREAL.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

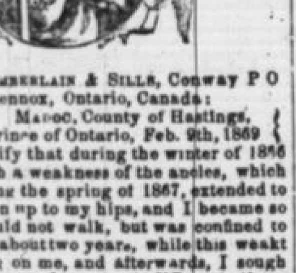
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

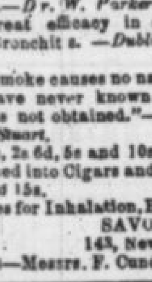
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a litle cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s, "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office [illegible], No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, [illegible] 2, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist, Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee' & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

B. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
3-9 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

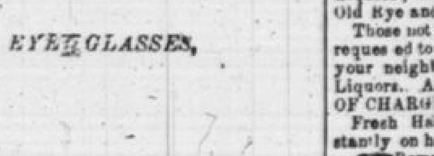
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1343. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27, 1870 PRICE—5 CENTS.

Hardware.

...mas Isaac, Dealer in ...elf and Heavy Hardware, ...ney's Stone Building, ...eau Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

...ember 29, 1869. 1236.t

... Whelan, ... Rideau Street, Ottawa, ... opened his new establishment (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) ... sale at very low prices a large ... selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...s, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...s Pork, Pickled Salmon, Labr. Herrings, ... numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

...—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ..., quite fresh and cheap.

...—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...—Bonal Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hen... Piper's and other brands.

...and Gin—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood ...

Wines—Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...wines, Old Rye, Proof and Whiskey, ... proof and over, at extremely low prices. ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...'s Irish Whiskey. ...'s Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... prices.

...Old Stock, saved from fire ...lling at twenty-five per cent below cost. ... 1166

...'s Telegraph Company ...ated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

...Office—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

Directors: ..., Chairman; D C Thomson, Treasurer; ...foote A Thomson, T H Dunn. ...ond, Manager. 1141tf

... Keepers, Grocers, Provi... Stores and Others.

... give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, Tomato Sauce, ... Ketchup, &c. wholesale. ... of trade during the last four years ... me to enlarge my manufactory I ... to make the wholesale trade my ... purpose. ... I have now is undoubtedly the largest ..., and the question of quality is readily ... by making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... is the best; they will therefore ... comparison with any imported. ... another and important fact is that being ... and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expen... enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ... advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... those who may favor me with their orders. ... Nash, Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ..., Ottawa. ... Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ... Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1198y

... Easton & Co., Commission Merchants, Forwarders, Dealers in ...at, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. Ottawa, End of Little Sussex-st. ... advanced on goods consigned for ... sale. Prompt returns in all cases. ... Easton R. M. Easton

...rs. Duignan's, Sparks Street, Ottawa. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Educational.

Dancing and Deportment.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Piano Tuning.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. Geo. N. Benedict

Musical Academy. Mr. Gustave Smith, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Geo. Hayes, Copper Plate Printer, Bank street, Centre Town, Between Sparks & Queen Street

Dominick Fox. General Commission Agent, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. References. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

Fish, Oysters, Game, Poultry and Fruit. The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city. George Nicholson, No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. Higgins, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

Felix Carbray, Commission Merchant Forwarder, General Agent, &c., &c., No. 3, St. Peter-st. Quebec. Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

Get your Tinwork done at Esmonde's. Look out for the Polar Refrigerator, and buy no others, also the Kedzie Filter. An immense quantity of Baths, In a few days at Esmonde's

U. Life Insurance Company of Maine. Finance Department, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868. No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada: No. 35 The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. Corwin, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance John Langton, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. Corwin, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Canada Central Railway. Notice. Stock Books for the subscription of shares of stock in the Canada Central Railway Company have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In Ottawa, at the Office of the Company.

In Montreal, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. Abbott, St. John Street.

In L'Orignal, at the office of Mr. Justice Daniels.

In Renfrew, at Mr. Wm. Halpenny's office.

In Pembroke, at the offices of Messrs. T. Murray, M. P. P., and P. White.

In Brockville, at the Office of the B. & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the First Day of June next, and immediately thereafter a Board Meeting will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company. By order of the Board, John G. Richardson, President. W. R. Worsley, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

Farm for Sale. A valuable Farm for sale containing Two Hundred Acres of Land, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on John McDonald residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned. Charles Sparrow, Sr, Ottawa. H Lapierre, Solicitor, Ottawa. Or Alex McDonell, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By L. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

Immense Sale of Buffalo Robes, L. B. Tackaberry has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 300 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity. Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1113

Wanted, A Butler. Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to Apt. Hincks, Victoria street. 1332tf

Dr. Robillard, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the Eye and Ear. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Absolute Divorces legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal every where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M House, Attorney. 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

Found. On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a Sum of Money. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

To Let. Sitting Room and Bed Room to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

To Let. The House at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May. Apply to S Christie, No 5 Sparks street. Ottawa April 6 1870. 1327tf

House to Let. To let, the Brick House on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to Mrs T A Cumming, Metcalfe Street. 1327tf

To Let. From 1st May, three good Dwelling Houses on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good Brick Store with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to R Hardy. Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

To Let. A House, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to Jas G. Robinson, The Tea Pot, Sussex street. 1306tM1

To Let, On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to Jno R Arnoldi, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace. 1290t

House to Let. Mrs. Cameron's Cottage opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

To Let. A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—3 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a Cottage. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen. Application to D O'Connor, Office No. 1 Rideau street. Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

For Sale. Clover Seed—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S Christie, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1327tf

A. Rowe General Auctioneer and Commission Merchant. Annual Circular. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. Ottawa, March 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth Annual Circular, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in his line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A Rowe. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1496 tf

J. Bermingham, General Auctioneer. Office and Sale Rooms—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

Sales at Private Residences.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J Bermingham, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries.

Direct Importations, Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam, the following goods:

Port Wine, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

Sherry Wine, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Mies.

Brandy, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

Gin, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

Scotch Whiskey, John Begg's, Lochingar.

Rum, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

Old Rye, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

Guiness & Co's Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

Canada Porter and Ales, Dawes make

West India Lime Juice Champagne,

West India Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

Coffee, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

Teas, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

Sugars and Syrups, all the different numbers and kinds.

Tobaccos, a full assortment,

Reesor's Cheese, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

Factory Cheese, A very superior quality, cheap,

Fruits, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

Green Grapes Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

Spices, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

Flavouring Extracts, All kinds of highest strength

Finnan Haddies, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

Lea & Perrin Sauce, And a variety of other brands; the best.

Crosse & Blackwell's Goods, A full assortment.

Baking Powders, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving. The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by Thos. Patterson, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec. 1869.

For Stylish Signs and Handsome Wall Painting go to Lang's Painting Establishment, A. W. Lang, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

Satchell Bros, Butchers to His Excellency the Governor General

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand Fresh Killed Stall-fed Beef and Mutton. Also, their celebrated Spiced and Salt Round, and Rolled Beef for Parties. To be had at their Stalls, Nos. 5 and 7, By-Ward Market.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway. Alteration of Time.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session. On and from the 14th February, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

Note—Trains are run by Montreal Time. T. S. Detlor, Superintendent. Thomas Reynolds, Managing Director.

Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

1869.] Winter Arrangements. [1870

Trains now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

Going West.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

Going South and East.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 5 a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every Saturday Afternoon (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday. She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. Brydges, Managing Director. Montreal, December, 1869.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H Taylor, Agents

Change of Time.

Brockville & Ottawa Railway. Time Table, No. 23, Commencing on Monday, Nov. 29, 1869

Main Line.

Leave Brockville

4:15 P. M.—Trains will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

Leave Sandpoint.

6:00 A. M.—Trains will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

Perth Branch.

Leave Perth.

5:35 P. M.—Trains will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

Leave Smith's Falls.

10:05 A. M.—Trains will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. Abbott, Managing Director.

Windsor & Annapolis Railway. Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after Saturday, the 18th December, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m. Vernon Smith. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

Tenders

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on Tuesday, the 10th May, For the Supply of 700 Beadsteads, With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department. John Carling, Com of Agriculture and Public Works. Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870. 1339 6 16 2

Eley's Ammunition.

The Boxer Cartridges for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

Waterproof Central-Fire Metallic Cartridges, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "Eley Boxer" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

Boxer Cartridges of .450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

Copper Rim Fire Cartridges of all sizes, for Smith & Wessons, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

Pin Cartridges for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

Central Fire and Pin Fire Cartridges for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition. Eley Brothers, Gray's Inn Road, London. Wholesale only.

Intercolonial Railway.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 635, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. Walsh, Ed. Chandler. C. J. Brydges, A. W. McLelan, Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

Ordnance Lands. City of Ottawa and Nepean. Notice.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of Lots in Nepean, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th April next, is postponed until Friday, 13th May, at the City Auction Mart, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.
On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.
On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa. By Order, E Parent, Under Secretary of State. William F. Coffin, Ordnance Land Agent. Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

New Enterprise. Ladies Outfitting and Fancy Dry Goods Establishment. No. 14 Sparks Sreet, Opposite the Russell House.

This establishment is now open, and the subscribers invite attention to the following Announcements.

The entire Stock is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our Goods are Cheap

Everything known under the general term of Ladies' Underclothing and Baby Linen, Manufactured on the premises.

Dress and Mantle Making. *Having secured the services of Miss Maynard (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.*

Terms strictly cash. Only one price, marked in plain figures

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock. R L James & Co. Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

Splendid Fresh Ground Coffee, At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company, Bangs Block, Elgin Street.

Musical Tuition for Beginners, Classes will be held at Mr. Gowan's Music Hall, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the Piano Forte under the direction of Mr H.B. Fripp, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. Gowan. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tl

Great Bargains! Great Bargains Room Papers! The largest and best assorted stock of Room Papers ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of William McKay, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the Largest Ever Received in this City. Another lot is daily expected from England. 25,000 Rolls of Room Paper To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of Mr McKay's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

Carleton House, 57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S. M. E. Cochran, Proprietor.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style. The halls and apartments are spacious and airy. Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m. Terms $2 00 per day. Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort. Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A Grand Concert In aid of the rebuilding of the Aylmer Convent, Will be held in the Town of Aylmer, on Saturday, 23rd of April, 1870. Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

Geo. H. Lemaitre, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Conscience—Bishop Tache and the Hamilton "Spectator."

From the Ottawa Courier.

A Bishop may be a hero and there is frequently necessity for his being so. It was heroism in the seven Bishops, mentioned by Macaulay and other writers, who found it necessary to stand by the faith that was in them, and of many other Bishops whom we might name, while it was an unnecessary kind of heroism in a Bishop to be present as a combatant at the battle of the Boyne. All Bishops, like other men, need courage. There is a moral courage, which is almost indispensable to the position of a Bishop, of which it would seem the Hamilton *Spectator* is not aware, when he says "there is no reason why, *ex-officio* a Bishop should be a hero." Pope Pius the IX. has, on more than one occasion proved himself to be a hero—as much of a hero as ever was Garibaldi. All men need courage—few possess it. A Bishop is none the less a man, that the Hamilton *Spectator* is unable to notice a priest's humanity through his cassock. The clergy assuredly do educate the conscience. That is their especial business. All the conscience that the writer in the *Spectator* has was probably obtained from contact with some clergyman in his early years. He has seemingly imbibed neither sense nor conscience with his mother's milk. The conscience is the concentration of knowledge—of that knowledge of good and evil, which must be acquired from some source. The conscience is an inward sense of right and wrong, according to the acquired knowledge of right and wrong—an abiding principle of mind which is never obliterated while consciousness lasts. It is impossible to be conscious of wrong without a knowledge of what wrong is, and conscience is the inward feeling of that which is either right or wrong, according to the information of which a being is possessed. If Bishop Tache trained Riel in knowledge at all, he trained him to a conscience, leading him to distinguish between what is generally accepted as right and what is generally accepted as wrong. Is it too much to suppose that a man trained in youth to consider it wrong to sin, might have an inward monitor warning him against the perpetration of wrong in connection with immediate and future consequences? We said that Riel had a conscience, educated by Bishop Tache, and which Riel feared. The expression is not new. There is scarcely novelty in the way of putting the idea. It is precisely the expression of Shakespeare, who says that conscience makes cowards of us all. We simply said that Riel, being a coward to his conscience, would not have slain Scott, except by doing violence to conscientious promptings of the consequences of sin implanted into his heart by his preceptor, Bishop Tache. Was this assertion disrespectful to the Bishop? That venerable prelate is now appealing to men's consciences. He is now successfully appealing to the better parts of men's natures, quieting down the irritation which Riel had stirred up, at Red River. Bishop Tache's power over men's consciences, is the real and only available power, which he possesses. It is the power of right as opposed to wrong, which he himself has received and practices by an inspiration derivable from his sacred calling. Bishop Tache's appeal is as that of the Divine Spirit appealing to human souls. Bishop Tache, in precept and by example, holds aloft the cross of Him, who was all love, and peace, and charity, and good will. There is only one other appeal stronger than this, which is, if possible, to be avoided—the bayonet.

"An aitch-dropper" writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* in deprecation of the "orthoepic crusade" long waging against the Cockney paynims for the recovery of the H. of the 'Oly Sepulchre. According to his theory, the aspirate is a violation of the laws of physiology, and its retention by Irish, Northcountrymen, and Dutch is to be regarded as a sort of conspiracy against the rest of the world to perpetuate an unnatural sound which ought to have been consigned to oblivion with the obsolete guttural in England, as it has been discarded in French, Italian, Spanish, and Greek. Ancient authority is cited in support of modern usage, and Virgil, who wrote "aena" for "ahena" is adduced as the prototype and example of those within the atmospheric disturbance of Bow Bells, whose diaphrams balk the exasperating utterance of such a phrase as "He has heard him;" a feat, by the way, to the performance of which, without the aid of undue emphasis, our Londoner challenges the world of critics. Leaving, then, the dead languages to bury their dead letter H, the writer assumes the offensive and stands forth a champion to avenge the "syllabic death of the medical and final R," and to objurgate the tyrannical conscription of that consonant in "He had no idea—r—of Height." We, in our far-off literary degeneracy, can only wait for our mother country's decision concerning our mother tongue, and, while lamenting that our insufficient pysiological development has not yet raised our aspirations above the barbarous aspirate, wonder at the civilized magnanimity that has so long tolerated in English poetry the anginose line:

"'Ow 'igh 'is Hhonor 'olds 'is 'aughty 'ead."

The Belleville *Intelligencer* raised an alarmist cry and prognostication of disaster to the Red River expedition on the ground that the number of men to be sent is insufficient. It accepts the report that only a thousand men are to be sent, and says very confidently that there is no longer any doubt that one thousand men is the number—seven hundred volunteers and three hundred regulars—the Government has determined to send to establish Canadian authority in the Red River territory. If it be a fact that the numerical strength of the expeditionary force will be thus limited, there will be found many who will agree in the opinion that it would be more prudent to make it stronger; but who may not be as ready to share in the gloomy forebodings of danger from Fenians and disaster to the expedition indulged in by the *Intelligencer*. We may have a confidence that as the honour and safety of the Imperial troops is at stake the officers who have planned and have undertaken the responsibility of commanding have at last made sure of having an adequate force to meet all the risks that can possibly be apprehended. Instead of joining in the outcry, then, it will be better to wait the development of the government policy, which is soon to be unfolded in the House of Commons. It is not a desirable *role* to play at the present juncture that of croakers and alarmists. Volunteering should be encouraged by all fair and truthful means; and we believe that such is the ardour for service against Riel that the Government has only to call in a proper and liberal manner for all the men required to have the battallions speedily filled up with the pick and flower of the active militia force.—*Kingston Daily News.*

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
To the Working Class—E C Allan & Co
Customs Department—R S M Bouchette
Journeymen Tailors Wanted—Blyth & Russell
Furnished Rooms Wanted—Apply at the Times Office.
House to Let—R Lewis
Auction Sale—Hector McLean
Court of Revision—Thomas Miller
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—I B Tackaberry
Piano Forte Instruction—H B Fripp

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236 1 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

THREE THINGS.

There are three matters occupying now, or which have occupied, very lately, the public mind in Canada. The matter of independence was speedily and specially dealt with. Public opinion crushed the very idea out of existence. It is no longer thought of. It is a matter of the past. It is sleeping now and not likely to be awakened into activity for another quarter of a century. The three matters commanding attention are Fenianism, the fractional note Dominion currency, and the Red River embroglio. Fenianism is scared and has produced a "scare." That impudent as imprudent organization is the source of a periodical annoyance to a country, which has done more to exalt the Irish character than any other country under heaven. While, as compared with the "Native American," to be of the Irish persuasion is almost a disgrace in the United States, here that persuasion especially thrives. The Irishman here holds high office; the State, the Bench, the Bar, the Counting House, and the Soil tell of men born in the Green Isle, holding distinguished position. Here the Irishman does not continue to be—hopelessly continue to be—a mere hewer of wood or drawer of water to other nationalities, or, as in the United States the paid servant in high military position, it may be, but to whom the door of high civil employment, unless he be an Irishman of the second degree—an Irish Yankee—is closed, never to be opened. The folly of Fenianism in its aggressiveness towards this country must be strikingly apparent. It is as bad as that other folly, the opposition to the institution of a free system of Government in a land occupied by the half-breed descendants of those who desire simply to extend the area of civilization. The revolt at Red River is as bad as Fenianism in being equally as silly. There was nothing to be feared, from a Canadian invasion, to Red River. That was an invasion of peace, as it will be now, if no opposition be offered to the entrance of the troops, who will be required to obtain forcible possession only because possession could not now otherwise be obtained. But, according to the New York *World*, the third disturbing issue in Canada, much less momentous than Independence or Fenianism, is "the silver question"—nuisance these ever-blessed Canadians term it." The *World* complains of the discrimination in making the current silver in business only worth 20 per cent. less than its ac value, while the Banks take it at 5 per cent. less, and the New York journalist actually laughs at the fractional currency put forth *pro hac vice*, to serve a turn. Now it is notorious that our fractional paper currency is redeemable in gold at its face value on demand, while the United States Government actually at this moment contemplate the issue of a debased fractional coin currency from five cents to half a dollar, which can only be looked upon as a token currency, and as being quite valueless out of the United States. There is to be, says the *World*, a beggarly amalgam coinage, added to ragged flimsy, shinplaster notes. There is to be the old copper cent, of which a few are in circulation; the small copper or nickel penny; the two cent piece; the three cent greenback note; the five cent fractional note; the proposed ten cent debased coin; tenth, the fifteen-cent note; eleventh, the twenty-five cent note; twelfth, the proposed twenty-five cent debased coin; thirteenth, the fifty cent note; and fourteenth the proposed debased half dollar coin—in all over a dozen different forms of a fractional part of a dollar; the coins made from copper silver, nickel, and various amalgamations of these and other metals; and the notes red backed, yellow backed, green-backed, gold stamped, crimson stamped, and of, in some cases, three several issues for a single denomination. Such an *olla podrida* of fractional currency offends those canons of simplicity, neatness, and uniformity which should regulate the appearance of a circulating medium and would be as much of a "nuisance," and as fully merit an expulsion, as silver coin now is in the Dominion."

Surely it must be quite evident to the meanest observer that this is a much more preferable country to live in than the United States, and that while Independence is not desired, and Irishism flourishes while Fenianism is at a discount, fully greater than that imposed upon the Silver currency—the dollar having as the fractional parts exhibited testify an apt motto in the words upon it of *e pluribus unum*.

The Irish element in Canada means peace and prosperity, and not strife and subserviency as in the United States. Here, all classes are equal in the eye of the law, and there is no absurd nativism to exclude from a place of trust any one who is worthy of it.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH.

In our account of the laying of the Corner Stone of the Catholic Apostolic Church in Ottawa on Saturday last, by the Rev. E. J. W. Roberts, we mentioned that we would endeavour to procure for publication a copy of the address delivered by the Rev. Mr Roberts on the occasion. We accordingly present it to our readers:

MY DEAR BRETHREN,—In laying this stone, we hope that He in whose name it is laid will accept the service we desire to render, and bless and protect our undertaking. The building here begun is designed to be a free will expression of our reverence, and of our purpose to honour, worship, and serve Him. It is a kind of thank-offering in remembrance of His mercy and goodness; a visible sign of faith, hope, and charity; a place where "incense and a pure offering" shall be continually offered unto His holy name, and dutiful obedience rendered to His word and commandments. This is the first object we have in view, but there is also another, "Thou shalt love the Lord, thy God, with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind: this is the first and great commandment; and the second is like unto it: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself." To honour God, is our first object; to save our brethren, the second. To fulfil the latter, the House we have begun to build is designed to be a "House of prayer"—prayer for all men, but first of all for "them that profess to call themselves Christians." It is in no sectarian, schismatical, or self-righteous spirit that this work is undertaken. Our aim is to seek blessings for all God's people, and mercy for all men. If our Lord and Master is "especially," the Saviour of them that believe, He is also distinctly declared to be "the Saviour of all men." There is, no doubt, an election of grace for specific purposes; but "God so loved the world"—the whole world and not only the elect—"that He gave His only begotten Son to die for it," and His Son offered Himself as a sacrifice *for all*, for the whole world, and not merely for a fraction part of it. The Holy Spirit proceeding from the Father and Son—was poured out upon the disciples of Christ in order that we should have the selfsame love of God in our hearts; and that in all our works we shall have the mind of Christ. The Church is ordained to be a "House of prayer for all nations," and not a niggardly conventicle for sectarian, party, and selfish ends. Here, we purpose to worship God; here to commemorate His love and mercy in giving his Son to die for us, here, also, to do the work of Christ, who came to *seek* and to *save* that which *was lost*; Who is the Physician *not of the whole, but of the sick*; who came to call, not the righteous, but sinners to repentance; of whom the Pharisees said, "Why eateth your master with publicans, and sinners; who cast out seven devils from Mary Magdalene; who said to the penitent thief upon the cross, "This day thou shalt be with me in paradise;" whose ministry on earth was, and from heaven still is, to save and not to destroy.

We desire to lift up a standard of truth against iniquity, against all that is pretentious, false, and hypocritical, against infidelity and lawlessness; but not one in opposition or hostility to any who believe in God and in His Son, Jesus Christ. With all who have this faith, we make common cause, however imperfect their apprehension of it may be, and notwithstanding the sins and transgressions, owing to their weakness of the faith. For them and ourselves we will make humble confession that we are all "miserable sinners, and implore forgiveness, day by day; and with them take part in declaring the love of God, in witnessing to the sacrifice of Christ, in declaring the gifts of the Holy Spirit, and in warning with spiritual wickedness. We claim to be of the One, Holy, Catholic, Apostolic Church; but not in a spirit of separation. What we assert for ourselves, we assert for all the baptized. Baptism makes us members of the body of Christ, and of one another, bound by the most sacred obligations to follow our Lord and Master, and to love and serve one another. In the services of worship to be fulfilled in this House, all the baptized shall be remembered—all the Clergy and Laity, and all sorts and conditions of men. In fact, this House is designed to be a sort of "Eirenicon," a message and centralizing point of unity and peace. Christ is the true "Eirenicon," the Word of peace from God to man, and we are members of Christ a living epistle declaring God's love, Christ's sacrifice, and the gift of the Holy Ghost. Here all may come to pray, without fear of a [illegible] schismatical, or heretical disturbances. Here, too, to hear the Gospel preached in sincerity and truth—free from the leaven of self-righteousness and hypocritical pretence of superior holiness. We, therefore, invite all who are troubled and heavy laden with the burden of sin; all who are broken and contrite of heart; all who desire comfort and assurance of mercy; all who are willing to serve and worship God, to help in this work, and to join hands with us in bringing it to a happy ending. Amen.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON put a series of questions respecting the expedition to the North West and the policy of the Government, which Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it would not be expedient at present to answer. But the advice of Parliament would be taken as to any expedition involving such a serious responsibility.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD further said, in reply to Mr. MACKENZIE, that the Bill respecting the Government of the North West would very shortly be brought down, being already nearly prepared.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS then announced the changes in the tariff. He proposed to take the duty off wheat and coal, but not off flour.

Other changes were proposed.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON congratulated the Finance Minister for abandoning absurd duties, and proposed that the Opposition should assist him to get rid of other objectionable features in the tariff.

Messrs. WORKMAN and MAGILL said the changes would give general satisfaction.

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE and Mr. ROSS (Victoria) said the tariff was unfair to Nova Scotia.

Mr. OLIVER spoke against the tariff, and charged the Government with great extravagance.

After recess the debate was resumed.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the Government had during the recess reconsidered the policy, and it had been determined to adhere to the tariff resolutions as originally brought down.

A long discussion followed during which Mr. D. A. MACDONALD moved to place flour on the free list; and Mr. CASAULT moved to exempt British coal, but the latter was withdrawn.

The debate was adjourned and the House rose at 1:15.

"Saturday Evening" is declined. Our correspondent can go to the gentleman's gallery if he pleases, and select some spot there where he can be free from the whisperings and silly gossip of the occupants and hear uninterruptedly, to his heart's content.

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION meets at Washington on the 3rd May, and delegates have been chosen by the Dominion Medical Association to represent the medical profession of this country at that very important Congress. Dr. Chas. Tupper, C.B., M.P. for Nova Scotia; Dr. Bayard, for New Brunswick; Dr. Geo. W. Campbell, of Montreal, for the Province of Quebec; and Dr. J. A. Grant, M. P., for the Province of Ontario.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 26, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Mr. WORKMAN presented a petition from the President of the Council of the Montreal Board of Trade, praying for the repeal of duties lately imposed on wheat, and other agricultural productions, as also on coal and salt, such duties being wrong in principle and injurious to the trade of the Dominion; also a petition from the Gas Company of Montreal praying for the repeal of duty on coal.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON called attention to the change in the orders of the day. The Interest Bill had been dropped out of Government orders, and appeared under public orders, with the name of a private member (Hon. Dr. Tupper) attached to it. He would ask if the Government had given up their charge of that Bill.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he supposed that after the amendments that had been carried, the seconder of the most important amendment was entitled to take charge of the Bill. Most undoubtedly he was not going to take any further charge of it (loud cheers and laughter).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said now that the Government had formally abandoned the Bill, it was competent for any member to move the third reading, and he for one would see that the sense of the House was taken on it. He would leave it to be settled between the Government and their supporters, whether they had kept faith with them in abandoning the Bill.

Mr. MACKENZIE thought the member for Chateauguay was mistaken. When a child was thrown away the first one that took it up was entitled to keep it, (laughter.) The hon. member for Cumberland having adopted the cast-off child of the Finance Minister, of course he would take charge of it.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said this was a case of uncertain paternity. He hoped, if the SPEAKER was called on to decide it, he would give Solomon's decision, and order the Bill to be destroyed [renewed laughter].

The following Bills were then read a third time.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—To continue and make perpetual certain Acts and parts of Acts of New Brunswick, relative to the Police Force in the Parish of Portland, New St. John.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—To empower the Police Magistrates of Halifax to sentence juvenile offenders to be detained in the Halifax Industrial School.

Hon Mr. TILLEY moved the House in Committee to consider certain resolutions on vessels imported under the authority of Act 32 and 33, Victoria, Cap. 40. He explained that the object was to authorise two additional ports—one to be in the Magdalen Islands. The Act passed last session provided that 10 cents per ton should be charged at the port of entry to provide for expenses connected with the improvement of the port. In Mabow harbour there was no officer to collect dues, and parties going in derived all the advantage of the harbour without paying for it. He asked authority to appoint officers to collect dues.

The House went into Committee, Hon. Col. GRAY in the chair. The Resolutions were adopted and reported. The Bill was introduced and read a first time.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he did not propose to precipitate the discussion on the Red River affairs, he thought it was due to the House that the Government should give information on certain points. He would therefore put the following questions. Was it true that the Government were preparing to send a military expedition to Red River? If so, what was the nature, object and scope of the expedition, and under what policy was it to be sent? Also what were the relations between the Imperial and Canadian Governments on the subject; what proportion of the expedition were to be volunteers, what proportion of expense was to be borne by each Government? Was the Territory yet transferred to Canada? If not, was it to be transferred before the departure of the expedition. He could not imagine that the Government proposed sending a military force at the cost of this country, composed in part of the volunteers of this country, into a country over which the jurisdiction of this country had not been formally extended. Also whether the Government was at this moment negotiating or had had any communication with the so called delegates from the Red River country, known as the delegates from the Provisional Government, namely, Father Richot, Judge Black and Scott. Finally, when the papers so often promised—the report of Donald A. Smith and other gentlemen commissioned to the Red River country by the Government—would be laid upon the table. He could not think that with the Parliament in session, men assuming the grave responsibility of deciding upon matters of the kind he had alluded to, without taking the advice of Parliament, and Parliament would be recreant in its duty if it allowed the Government to proceed in the matter of a kind compromising, perhaps, the peace of the country, certainly compromising the exchequer of the country to perhaps an incalculable amount, without having submitted to it some statement of the policy upon which their course was based.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The hon. gentleman in the exercise of his responsibility as a member of Parliament has asked certain questions, of course the responsibility is his—it is not mine. I am very glad it is his case and not mine; for I think a majority of this House will agree with me that that responsibility is a very grave one, and will feel that my hon. friend, in putting those questions at all, and in putting them in the way he has to-day, must have some over-ruling principle or reason for doing so, because to any ordinary man, to any man of common sense, it must be evident that these questions are exceedingly inopportune (hear), and in order to show that they are inopportune I will simply answer one of his questions—almost the last in his category. The hon. gentleman asked if the Canadian Government have been or are in communication with any delegates from the North West Territory. The answer to that is simply that they are (hear). They are now in the midst of those communications.

Mr. MACKENZIE—With the delegates?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—They are now, I say, in the midst of them, and they believe that the result of those communications will be a solution of all the difficulties that have so harrassed the Government and painfully engaged the public mind since last Autumn. I believe it is only a matter of days—indeed I may say a matter of hours; and I think that by paying a due regard to reticence my hon. friend might have prevented any unseemly discussion, or rather I should say any undue and premature statement, as to what those communications are. My hon. friend must understand that the Government have, and can have only one object—that object being to settle this unfortunate state of affairs as soon as possible, as economically as possible, and as fairly as possible, with a due respect and regard for the interests of all concerned. I can only tell my hon. friend that it is not in the interest of the people of Canada, or of any portion of the people of Canada, that at this moment these questions should be put, and I take this opportunity at once of stating that it is in the highest degree inexpedient that they should be answered. At the same time, however, I will inform my hon. friend that in a very short time—in a very few hours, and several days before this House can hope to be prorogued—there will be a satisfactory solution of all these difficulties, and the Government will be in a position to give a full answer to all these enquiries, when my hon. friend will find that they have paid due regard not only to the principles and interests, but even to the prejudices of all our people both East and West, and that there will be a happy solution of every embarrassing question (hear, hear). I need not, I think, Sir, further press this point or dwell upon these questions. I can quite understand what the hon. gentleman urges—that this House has a right to full explanations of this grave situation of affairs. I can quite understand that this House has a right to demand, especially full explanations of any matter involving an expenditure of public money.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—[Hear, hear]. That is the point.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I can only assure my hon. friend that the Government fully recognize that right, and that any expenditure of public money which may be made will be with the full sanction and approval of Parliament [hear, hear].

Hon. Mr. DORION said it seemed to him that the whole question was whether any expenditure of public money was going on without the sanction of Parliament. They knew that East and West preparations had been on foot for sending an armed expedition into the Territory. It was proper that this House should be informed whether those preparations were still going on or not, and a plain answer would satisfy members that things were not being done which the Government had no right to do. He hoped, therefore, the Premier would have no hesitation in quieting the public mind by stating whether the public expenditure was now going on with a view to prepare a military expedition for despatch to the Red River Territory, and what was the extent of the preparations if any had taken place. He [Mr. Dorion] could not conceive the Government had any right to order public expenditure for any purpose whatever, without informing the House of its object and extent.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I will only make one remark upon the most unfortunate speech of the hon. gentleman opposite, and it is this, that the Government are making arrangements of a certain kind, which, however, cannot be carried out, and will not be carried out, without an express vote of Parliament. They will appeal to Parliament with every confidence and instead of having these arrangements condemned for extravagance, they will more probably be censured for parsimony. I say no more.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he had only one or two remarks to make upon what had been stated by the Minister of Justice. He (Mr. Holton) had based his whole questions on the fact that considerable expenditure had been already incurred—an expenditure which he regarded as improper without consulting Parliament while Parliament happened to be in session. He would only say that he hoped, with the hon. gentleman, that this matter would find a happy solution within a few hours, or a few days. Certainly no man could have so deep an interest in the realization of that hope as the hon. gentleman himself, who, more than any other man in the country, was responsible for the deplorable dilemma into which we were brought, for he [hon. Mr. Holton] maintained that the whole of this embroglio in the North West was due to the unfortunate management, or want of management, of the hon. gentlemen opposite, to their ignorance of what was doing there, and to their vacillations in doing what required to be done as emergencies arose [hear, hear.] He [Mr. Holton], therefore, joined with the hon. gentleman in hoping that a happy solution would be found for the difficulty.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD could only say, in reply to the hon gentleman, that the Government accepted, and felt the responsibility, and believed they would have the support of a majority of the House, and of the country, in the course which they had taken.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked if the hon gentleman was in a position to say when the promised Bill would be brought down. It had been promised for Saturday, and was not yet before the House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I will explain, that the discussion of this matter is carried on by Government, not with one or two or three alone not with the delegates so-called chosen by the convention—but with other gentlemen also. We are getting all the information we can from gentlemen who have come from that western country. We are discussing, primarily, those clauses which may be considered disputed clauses—clauses in regard to which there are fears and jealousies on the part of the old settlers of the Territory, lest they should be overridden in their rights by the newcomers. I believe that those jealousies are unfounded—but still we have got to overcome them, and to make it clear that there is no intention to do injustice. Saturday, Monday and to-day, myself and my hon. colleague who sits next to me, have been engaged continuously—I may say night and day—in considering these very important questions. This is a matter upon which too much pains cannot be expended. It is a matter in which an enormous sum of money, and perhaps the future of this continent are involved, and therefore my hon. friend will see that it is inadvisable to bring down the measure with undue precipitancy. But I can tell my hon. friend, that last night after going home from the House and guided by communications with people from Red River territory, I prepared a measure which may be brought down almost without delay. There were one or two points to be discussed to-day, and that discussion was going on from morning till half past three, when we were sent for to come down to the House. To-morrow morning the questions under consideration will be settled, and I will probably be able shortly afterwards to bring down the measure. It will be placed in the hands of the draftsman to-night, and when put into form to-morrow, will probably be laid before the House. I think it will be found to be a measure which will meet with satisfaction in all parts of the country, and especially in that part of it, represented by my hon. friend from Lambton [hear, hear].

Mr. MACKENZIE hoped the Government did not intend to continue the services of the agent at St. Paul's, employed by the Secretary of State for the Provinces, as a medium for transmission of despatches to and from that territory. He had systematically colored the despatches from that quarter. He referred to Mr. Wheelock, editor of St. Paul's *Press*, the most rabid anti-Canadian that could be found.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he thought Mr. Wheelock had forwarded everthing sent to him, faithfully.

Mr. MACKENZIE—I doubt it.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL [North Lanark] said he gathered from the remark made by the Secretary of State for the Provinces that he approved of what had been done by the gentleman employed to transmit despatches at St. Paul's, and intended to continue him in that capacity, believing him to have been faithful to his trust. He [Mr. Macdougall] was happy to say, that he had very grave doubts upon that matter, and if the House entered into a discussion of the subject he was prepared to give his reasons for those doubts. The hon. member for Lambton said truly that that gentleman was a most bitter and rabid anti-Canadian. He was editor of almost the only paper in the United States that justified the murder of Scott, and applauded the doings of the rebels at Red River. Even the New York *Herald* had abandoned that cause, and yet the St. Paul *Press* still approved of it. [Mr. Macdougall] was amused to find the hon. gentleman justifying his conduct, and approving what he had done.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the Secretary of State for the Provinces stated no such thing. He simply stated that he believed that Mr. Wheelock transmitted faithfully all despatches sent through his hands. He (Sir John) knew this, because all despatches and papers sent through him by the Government were acknowledged by parties to whom they were always sent. Under peculiar circumstances of that day, if they had not been sent through Mr. Wheelock, who was supposed to be friendly to those on the other side of the lines, they would very likely never have reached their destination. The member for North Lanark had himself received letters through Mr. Wheelock in due course. But these exceptional times had long since passed away, and Government neither sent nor received any correspondence through Mr. Wheelock, since many months back.

On the House going into Committee of Ways and Means,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if it was proposed to consider the clauses in concurrence as they had been passed in Committee. He thought they might as well take the discussion now on the items as at any other time.

Hon. Sir. FRANCIS HINCKS said it could not be denied that there was a difficulty in bringing down proposals for increased taxation, and were not likely to give satisfaction. There was no doubt that there was great discussion regarding the 4th resolution, and numerous remonstrances had reached him against that resolution. It was his duty to receive a great many deputations and letters on the subject which he had submitted to his colleagues, and he had to submit now certain resolutions to the House. It would be most convenient to come at once to the articles most strongly objected, and which had caused the strongest remonstrances, and those, moreover, which were most open to objection. But there were other reasons which led the Government to think it right to such a scheme. The duties they were determined to abandon were those on coal and on wheat, but not on flour. They had also determined to propose an addition to the original words of the resolution respecting salt in the eighth resolution. They propose to add the words "when imported from the United Kingdom or any British Possessions," the words "or imported for the use of sea and gulf fisheries," so that for these purposes it would come in free. The next attention was in the fourth resolution, and it was a mere technical one, the addition of the word "greater" which had been omitted. The next alteration was the correction of an error which had crept in accidentally as it was not intended to put an extra duty on Old Tom Gin, but which was intended to go with ordinary spirits. He proposed also to take grease and grease scraps from the ten per cent list. He proposed also on the eleventh resolution to make such alterations as would remove some, possibly not all the objections on the subject of charges on goods. He proposed striking out the words "on ship board, at the last place of shipment to Canada," to and substitute the words "place where purchased," and in the tenth line add after shipment to; Canada, the words "and the United States." As to the duties on tobacco, great exception had been taken to these and not without reason.

Mr. MACKENZIE before proceeding to these, asked if any charge was to be made with regard to packages.

Hon. Sir. FRANCIS HINCKS—No. With regard to the tobacco duty, the original resolution provided that that should be increased from 5 to 10 cents and from 10 to 15 cents, the duties on the lower qualities being increased 100 per cent., and the higher duties 50 per cent. He proposed now to place the lower class duty at 7 per cent. Besides these alterations, he proposed alterations in additional resolutions and give the Governor in Council power to enact by proclamation the charge upon cigars. Molasses imported for distilling purposes would be subject to a duty of 65 cents per gallon. There would be a drawback allowed upon corn when spirits manufactured from it were exported. It was also proposed to establish an excise duty upon vinegar. It was also proposed to give coasting licenses to vessels navigating inland waters of Canada, and impose a small fee for entrance for all vessels not licensed.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON saw the Government had yielded in most important points to which exception had been taken by his side of the House when the tariff resolutions were first introduced. They had abandoned absurd duties on coal and wheat, and motions and propositions of differential duties in favour of direct importation, but they adhered to indispensable duty on flour and obnoxious duty upon packages. He thought the Opposition would help the Finance Minister to purge his resolutions of several objectionable features which he still supposed them to retain, and he [Mr. Holton] doubted very much whether the absurd duties he had retained would be carried. It would not be wise to discuss the resolutions now, because when they come up for concurrence they might be entirely different [hear].

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD asked whether it was proposed to continue the proposed duty upon insurance and freight. Under the proposed method the tax would fall unequally upon importers.

Hon Sir FRANCIS HINCKS. had taken legal opinion and was satisfied as to the correctness of the duty. By the proposed system goods purchased at Manchester would not be liable to any charges after they had left Manchester.

Mr. WORKMAN said he had listened with great pleasure to the announcements of the Hon. Minister of Finance and thought the whole mercantile community would be very much pleased with his changes, every one of which had been in the right direction.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE thought the people of Nova Scotia had been very unfairly dealt with, and had been taken by surprise. They were willing to suffer some inconvenience on account of Confederation, but the manner in which the Government were carrying on the national policy would cause deep discontent among Nova Scotians.

Mr. MAGILL considered the Finance Minister had made changes in the right direction, and they would not fail to give satisfaction to a majority of the people of the Dominion, especially the abandonment of inland charges. If the duty on coal was abolished, so ought the duty on flour, if that would be for the benefit of our Nova Scotia friends, but the prospect was that flour would be extraordinarily cheap for years to come [hear].

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said, with regard to cigars a great number of inquiries had been instituted to ascertain the weight of cigars manufactured in this country and in Germany, and they had decided to adopt the English plan, and make allowance for moisture of those made in this country.

Some further explanations were made.

Mr. OLIVER said the tariff discriminated in favour of the Canadian miller against the Canadian farmer. If this were national policy, and if we were to be judged by that policy, we would stand very low in the scale of nations. He then entered largely into statistics to show that the tariff was not just, and concluded by charging the Government with great extravagance.

Mr. ROSS (Victoria, N.S.,) said if this were a national policy, may heaven have mercy upon such a nation with such a policy. He considered that the tariff was unjust to Nova Scotia.

Mr. BODWELL objected to the scheme because it was too retaliatory. He thought the tariff on flour discriminated most unfairly in favour of Ontario, and against the Maritime Provinces which were the largest consumers. He thought tax should be placed on whiskey, and not on Indian corn. The duty on salt would greatly lessen the consumption, because farmers could not afford if it was taxed to use it for manure, and for curing hay, &c.

Mr. MACDONALD (Glengarry) said he had no desire as an Upper Canadian to express by his vote a desire to place any burden on Nova Scotia, which would not be pleasing if imposed on Ontario. He therefore moved that it be an instruction to the Committee to add flour and meal to the free list.

Mr. GIBBS was very much astonished that the Government after the badgering it had received should now change the tariff when it had at any rate the recommendation of consistency. If the duty was taken off wheat, the duty should of course be taken off flour. Under the present circumstances if there was to be any principle in the tariff duties it should be removed from flour, wheat, coal, salt, packages, &c. He thought the Government had on introduction of the tariff solved the difficulty as to the variance in the wants of the different parts of the Dominion, but if one part of the tariff was to be dropped it should be dropped entirely.

Mr. JONES opposed the change in the tariff.

At six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

AFTER RECESS.

Mr. JONES resumed the debate and contended that the Canadian farmer would be placed in an unfavourable position compared with the American farmer. He maintained that the duties shall be levied on articles that can be raised here, and that by a duty on American corn and grain a large revenue could be raised to the benefit of the farmers and general community. The heavy taxes levied by the Americans were paid in a great part by Canada, and the feeling in this country was strongly in favour of the protection which he had believed the ministry would carry out, but they appeared to have no policy, but was changed by every deputation that waited on them.

Mr. FERGUSON believed the country had been well pleased with the policy introduced by the Ministry as a whole. He could not see that the Government could go back to that, although he thought they might now return to it with safety as the country which supported the cities should be consulted and satisfied. He could not support the amendment of the hon. member for Glengarry as it would only be making bad worse.

Hon Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said, with regard to the motion of the member for Glengarry he was quite prepared to deal with that. Since the House rose at six o'clock the Government had been in consultation and he would state the position they had arrived at. Early in the afternoon he had stated that the Government had to consider the great many suggestions that had been made since the proposals had been laid before the House. Nearly all of these had been considered and some adopted. The articles of coal and wheat he would alone, at present, refer to. A great many representations had been made to the Government not alone from the cities, but from members of the House more particularly, on the subject of the duty on coal. For the last two or three days, as he believed was well known to the members of the House, the first Minister and the Minister of Militia had been incessantly engaged in the consideration of affairs of the North West, so much so that it was almost impossible for the other members of the Government to have an opportunity of consulting them. Both of them had been engaged from an early hour to-day, and during the whole day on this business. It became necessary then to determine what business should be taken up to-day, and as they saw it was impossible to go on with the North West question, and it was desirable to obtain concurrence on the resolutions, in Ways and Means it was determined to take this up. It became then his duty to submit them to the only colleagues he could consult. He said he did not believe it possible to carry the duty in coal, and as representations had been also very strong on wheat, it was very desirable before asking for concurrence to settle what they should do under the circumstances in which they were placed. They waited considerable time, for one or two hours, for the first Minister, at last he was forced to send for him to be enabled to arrive at a decision. In consequence the first Minister came to the Council. He was not there five minutes, the Minister of Militia was not there at all. It was most desirable that they should have had their assistance. The decision arrived at had been announced in the afternoon. He was referring more particularly to the two articles of coal and wheat, which alone had been the subject of consideration to-day. The conclusion had been arrived at, and the first Minister left to communicate with the Minister of Militia, and it was only at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN contended that all promises made at the beginning of Confederation, that the interests of New Brunswick would be protected had been violated, and that Province was now in a worse position than it would have been if it had not entered into Confederation. The tariff resolutions were a gross injustice to New Brunswick, and he called on all the representatives from New Brunswick to protest against them. He objected to his Province being taxed for the benefit of Nova Scotia or any other Province. It had been admitted, that Ontario could not compete with the Western States in raising corn, but they wanted New Brunswick to buy food for the poorest of her people from Ontario, and the proposed tariff would weigh most heavily and most unjustly upon the poorest classes.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that in 1864 attempts had been made for Reciprocal trade with the United States, and everything had been done to return to the old state of things. If that result had not been arrived at, it was no fault of the Government or Legislature of Canada. The Government has been charged with going too far and as having been humiliated. From 1865 till now they have followed the same course, and have not, nor now do not propose to adopt a retaliatory policy. Before these resolutions were introduced, members brought down petitions from all sections of the country [no, no]. Since 1864 no revengeful policy had been carried out, although the United States had done all possible against Canadian interests. It was hoped that American Statesmen would take a different course. There was not the slightest prospect of this, and the time had come when this country could wait no longer without humiliation, and the Government had thought it was time to act. The Government came down only with the propositions, distinctly stating that they had waited as long as the opinion of the Canadian people would bear, and proposed to lay on such duties as might seem unfavourable to one portion of the country, but favourable to all, and he believed that as a whole it was just. They were determined to adopt a national policy. The Finance Minister had announced it was intended to abandon the duties on coal and wheat on the belief that the rest would be accepted. They had given up these two points with regret, and now it was determined to carry the Canadian policy in its entirety. He called on the coal producers and the wheat producers to carry this out. He believed it to be of the greatest importance, this should be carried, to show that if the people had tariffs, so had we, and that we must have our own Legislation. It might be the particular parts of this tariff might press on New Brunswick, but he would ask them to give up for the moment, as the interests of Canada, as a whole was concerned in having a policy, it might seem hostile, but not hostile to the United States.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said a difficult task of endeavouring to work in union harmoniously and peacefully some local interests had to yield, but he denied that he had disregarded the interest of New Brunswick, at the same time he had been compelled at times to yield in his convictions. It could not be expected that New Brunswick opinions could be adopted in every case, and in some cases he had felt that he ought to have had a larger New Brunswick support than had been accorded to him. He then reviewed the Canadian commercial policy since Confederation with respect to the Provinces and the United States. He admitted that the duty on coal bore heavily on New Brunswick, but one effect of the large importation last year of coal into St. John was the reduction in price of English coal. He maintained that the promises made at the beginning of Confederation had been fulfilled, and he proved this from the statement made by the hon. member for Gloucester. While New Brunswick paid less in 1869 than in 1866, they had more than $5,000 more for roads and other local improvements. In the first year of Confederation New Brunswick got as much from the Dominion as they paid in, and up to the present time they had no reason to complain of injustice being done to them. He never would ask for more than he felt they were entitled to.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL objected to the statements of the Minister of Customs, and showed by figures that his argument was fallacious. The tariff was exciting and intensifying the discontent that had been caused by the previous course of the Government.

Hon. Col GRAY said that not a suporter of the Government left the House without a feeling of humiliation at the abandonment of the policy generally accepted by the members and the country at large, including New Brunswick, which would benefit with the rest. He denied that the policy was a retaliatory policy, as the goods of all nations were admitted alike without discrimination. The hon. gentleman spoke at some length to show that New Brunswick was not badly treated, and that she was in a better position than before Confederation.

Mr. CASAULT strongly opposed the duty on coal, and denounced the policy as Anti-Canadian, Anti British, and one which would have a tendency to delay the procuring of a Reciprocity Treaty. He wished to accept British coal free, just as British salt was accepted. He moved that British coal and coke be added to the free list.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that would be a tax on Ontario in favour of Quebec.

Mr. CASAULT said that would work the same as the exemption as on British salt did.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that Lower Canada did not use any Ontario salt and therefore the cases were not similar. The duty proposed was most differential and he would oppose the amendment.

Mr. WORKMAN said he had seconded the amendment, because he wished all coal admitted free. He had taken occasion during the afternoon to congratulate the Ministry on the dropping of the duty on coal. But when he heard that the Government had again returned to their old tariff, he had never felt so humiliated in his life. He could hardly trust himself to express his utter abhorrence of the conduct of the Government in thus attempting to drag the House through the mud. He came to the House to give the Cabinet a fair support, and he had done so, but if they were to change and tack and turn at every horn as they had done during the last fortnight, they would forfeit the support of many members who have hitherto voted with them. The House had been assembled ten weeks now, and had done absolutely nothing. Only one important measure had yet passed, the Banking Scheme. All the others had either been defeated or withdrawn. This was a state of things that was disgraceful. There was a want of honesty of purpose apparent that was most distressing. He hoped the House would support some of the amendments to the tariff, and show that the Ministry could not come forward at four o'clock and announce one policy, and then at seven o'clock say that they had changed. The whole Dominion had been disgraced by the conduct of the Government that afternoon.

Mr. YOUNG commented on the most extraordinary change that had taken place—the most extraordinary that had been seen probably in any representative body. The policy proposed was detrimental to the best interests of the country. The tariff proposed is not only objectionable from a protectionist and free trade point of view, but is also objectionable as a source of revenue. He protested as a representative of Ontario against exploded theories. It was really the whole population taxed to increase the profits of two or three hundred people. He denied that the farmers wanted protection.

Mr. WHITEHEAD—Where did the petitions come from?

Mr. YOUNG—Not from the farmers, but from a few millers who took the trouble to send petitions round. The only effect of the coal tax would be to add to the burdens of Ontario and Quebec, without being of any benefit to Nova Scotia. He objected to the amendment as unjust to Ontario.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT thought Mr. CASAULT'S amendment was not in order.

Hon. Mr HOLTON agreed with him, and Mr. CASAULT withdrew it.

Mr. BOLTON maintained that there was a great deal of discontent in New Brunswick on account of the commercial policy of the Government.

Mr. FORBES was opposed to the policy proposed and objected to the whole system that had been adopted. The coal tax was illusory and the bread tax was one that effected the poorest class of the community.

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE expressed himself satisfied with the proposals of the Government.

Mr. HUTCHISON said if there had been a retrenchment policy introduced they could have understood it. If, as the Finance Minister said, there was sufficient money, he failed to see why there should be fresh taxation imposed. There were useless salaries spent in Nova Scotia, and the first portion of the National Policy to be adopted should be that of retrenchment of all unneccessary salaries there and elsewhere, and cutting down all other useless expenditures.

Mr. BURPEE suggested an adjournment.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT supported this, and said that they had been favoured with too distinct policies, which there should be an opportunity of discussing then.

Mr. MACKENZIE also supported the proposition, as with two changes in a few hours, and the Government should have an opportunity of changing again.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER denied there were two propositions before the House. There would be other opportunities of discussing the question, but the debate must be closed now.

Mr. MACKENZIE insisted on the adjournment.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, as several of the members desired to speak, consented.

Mr. RYMAL asked if it was the original proposition or the motion of the afternoon made by the Finance Minister.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER stated the adjournment was in the proposition of the member for Glengarry.

The House adjourned at 1:15

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—Sunday next has been definitely fixed by the Fenian leaders as the time for the inauguration of the long contemplated raid upon Canada.

General O'Neil held a long consultation with the Executive Council appointed by the recent Congress this afternoon.

Despatches from Washington were read to the effect that the Government is fully posted as to the particulars of the intended movement, and that the British Minister has been assured that the Neutrality laws will be strictly enforced. What effect this information will have upon the programme already arranged, is not yet known.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The United States steamer *Newbern* sailed to-day via Victoria.

Lady Franklin was a passenger for Victoria.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange, 12 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

The mass meeting held last night [illegible] point of numbers, order and [illegible] the most successful ever [illegible] Montreal. Resolutions passed, [illegible] will be taken to obtain a uniform [illegible] copper currency.

Public gardens of this city open [illegible] day for the first time this year.

Revd. Dr. Burns, of Chicago, [illegible] afternoon. On 4th of May next [illegible] ducted pastor of Cote street [illegible] Church.

A Mrs. Rit[illegible] a passenger by [illegible] Trunk Railway last Friday from [illegible] Montreal, reports to the police that [illegible] her satchel, containing about $5[illegible] in the cars.

FATHER POINT.

The S. S. "Austrian" arrived [illegible] with 57 cabin, 28 intermediate, and [illegible] age passengers.

ST. JOHNS, P. Q.

The funeral of Moise D[illegible] conductor on the Grand Trunk [illegible] last Friday night at Point St [illegible] place this morning. The [illegible] of the citizens was very [illegible] bers of the St Jean Baptiste [illegible] Joseph Societies, of which [illegible] member, also attended. His [illegible] a pension from the above societies [illegible] £40 per year. Deceased leaves [illegible] ren, the eldest of whom is a girl [illegible] years old.

Affairs on the border keep quiet, suspicious movements have been [illegible] St. Armands or St. Alexander to-day.

The military authorities still keep [illegible] The cavalry and military police [illegible] duty, day and night.

Weather cold.

RED RIVER.

CHICAGO.—A person just arrived at St. P[illegible] from Red River, says that when he left, Winnipeg people were wholly ignorant [illegible] excitement in Canada, least of all that [illegible] preparations for war were going on. Everybody was looking forward to pacific arrangement expecting the acceptance of their Bill of [illegible] and the peaceable admission of the North [illegible] Territory as a Province, and the [illegible] some Government acceptable to [illegible] They look for troops to be sent to [illegible] but their presence there [illegible] simply to protect the settlement [illegible] represented in a very excitable [illegible] likely to begin war at any moment.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Mr. Otway, Under Foreign Secretary, stated in the House of Commons [illegible] Government had received despatches [illegible] Athens confirming the reports of the [illegible] the captives in the hands of the brigands [illegible] Greek Government made every effort [illegible] them, but in vain. Negotiations having [illegible] exhausted troops moved against the [illegible] and drove them to a town on the [illegible] Orapo, where they were surrounded [illegible] afternoon. Offers were once more [illegible] the brigands, but were rejected [illegible] o'clock next morning an attack was [illegible] their position. As soon as the troops [illegible] menced to move, Mr. Best and the [illegible] of the Italian Legation were taken [illegible] butchered, and subsequently [illegible] gands found themselves hard pressed [illegible] and Lloyd were killed. The troops [illegible] carried the tower and the brigands [illegible] whose leaders had been [illegible] fled, closely pursued by the soldiers [illegible] are strong hopes that more of the band [illegible] be captured, in which case they will [illegible] merrily dealt with by the Greek authorities.

The British clamour for the punishment of the murderers, and demand indemnity [illegible] law from the Greek Government.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The Russo [illegible] question has been practically [illegible]

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.
UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27.
Will be presented, for the first time in [illegible] Craven's [illegible] Comedy of
MEG'S DIVERSION.
Last night of Burnand's Extravaganza of
BLACK EYED SUSAN,
or
The Little Bill that was Taken.
Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery [illegible] seats can be secured at [illegible] Doors open at 7½. Performance [illegible] at 8 sharp.
MANAGER [illegible]
April 27, 1870.

THE ELEMENTARY CLASSES
FOR
PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION
Commence THIS DAY at GOWAN'S HALL 2:30 p. m.
See advertisement in another column.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870.

WANTED.
Wanted immediately four first class JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.
Apply to BLYTH & RUSSELL, Wellington street.
Ottawa, April 26, 1870.

WANTED.
A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the [illegible] House.
Apply at THE TIMES OFFICE.
1343 6

WANTED.
A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.
Apply to J [illegible] Belmont [illegible]
1330 f

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR
FOR
TEAS AND COFFEES
AT THE
AGENCY OF THE INDIA
—AND—
CHINA TEA COMPANY,
BANGS BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

[Mail timetable (Close A.M./P.M., Delivered A.M./A.M./P.M.) printed sideways; entries: Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway; Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.; Halifax, N. S., Daily; St. John, N. B., daily; United States; Aylmer and offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa; Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa; Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc; Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage; Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids; Osgoode, Russell, and Gloucester, L. & Ottawa Railway; Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau; Tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays — times illegible in alignment]

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

Note.—*Unregistered letters* pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Leave ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive ... 4.10 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, at lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

The 60th Drill.—Several squads were out yesterday for the usual sergeant's drill.

The Market—Tuesday—was well stocked with everything compatible at the present season. The square was pretty well filled, and purchasers were plenty.

Preparations.—The boats at Kingston, intended for the Red River expedition, have been towed down to the place of embarkation, and are being placed in readiness.

Insolvent Sale.—A. Rowe, one of our most popular Auctioneers will, to-day at 11 a.m., offer for sale a valuable collection of household furniture at Mrs McCoomb's (opposite the barracks). He will surely make the most out of the stock.

The Garrison Artillery—Are getting up a band. Our citizens have turned out finely. Already over $600 have been subscribed towards the purchase of instruments. The corps is a good one, and the band will not be behind hand.

The House Last Night.—The active debates in the House of Commons for the past few days, attracted last night, a large crowd of interested and interesting auditors, many of whom were unable to enter the galleries of the House; but whose time was duly made easy by some of the gallant members.

Police Court.—Tuesday.—Two fair cyprians were picked up for wandering about the streets at an early hour in the morning. One, Georgina Lepage, is somewhat familiar with the Police Court dock, but Mary Roberts seems to be more of a stranger. They satisfied the Cadi that they were on their way home and were discharged.

Theft on "The City of Ottawa."—On Monday evening some parties made their way into the lower cabin of the steamer "City of Ottawa" by breaking one of the windows, and abstracted therefrom several curtains and other fixtures. The greater part of the property has been recovered, and is now in the possession of detective O'Neil. Who the thieves are, we are yet not apprized of.

Runaway.—Since the Assizes the only sensation which could be got up was a miserable runaway—aside from parliamentary disputes. How such a lean horse managed to make a run, and how so old an inhabitant managed to fall from a cart at the domicile of Sir John A. we leave the reporter of the *Evening Mail* to make out.

A Narrow Escape.—The day before yesterday two young bloods belonging to the city undertook to run over the falls in Brigham's Creek—now a violent rapid in consequence of the high water—in a skiff. The boat capsized, as a matter of course, and they with much difficulty reached the shore. The boat still remains under water in the midst of a timber jam. Those dangerous experiments should be left to the hardy and practised raftsmen who can master those critical situations.

The Freshet.—The veteran lumber-makers on the Ottawa and its tributaries anticipate a rapid but dangerous drive this spring. The fear is that the freshets from the North will catch the present high tide which is daily increasing. Some years ago a disaster occurred in the breaking of our booms under similar circumstances. Due precaution may prevent an extra and unnecessary expenditure of money among our lumber merchants.

The 60th Band.—Yesterday the splendid band of the 60th came out for the first time on Major's Hill. Several hundreds greeted them as they did the glorious spring day. The programme was short, but performed in fine style. Notwithstanding the dull winter days, Sig. Baineri has kept his band in fine discipline. The members played to perfection.

Change of Route.—The Union Forwarding Company are about to convey the materials to be transported to the Upper Ottawa, by the Richmond road to Britannia wharf, when the steamers will convey them to their respective destinations. The passenger stages to Aylmer, will run on this side of the river until the water falls to such a pitch as to enable them to resume the usual route.

Pianoforte Instruction.—Mr. Fripp's elementary classes for instruction in pianoforte playing commence to-day at Gowan's Hall. It is quite unnecessary to speak of Mr. Fripp as an instructor, to a community among whom he is so well and favorably known. Teaching in a class is not only a cheaper but a better mode of instruction than single lessons. One pupil learns another, and all have the benefits of Mr. Fripp's care, while each has nevertheless his undivided attention. For particulars, see his advertisement in another column.

The Lumber.—About the largest display of lumber to be seen on this Continent, in one place, occupied the Chandiere grounds, both on the Hull and Ottawa sides of the river, last fall—much of it was sent away, as soon as navigation opened this spring. A few days ago the barges in-iced during the winter, were speedily brought up and loaded with the precious cargo. The gigantic piles are rapidly decreasing in size. The grounds will soon be ready for the exporting material of the coming season.

A Skeleton Walrus.—Mr. Couper, a naturalist of this city, has completed the "articulation" of a Walrus, or Sea horse—*Trichechus rosmarus*—discovered last fall at a cutting at Bic. The skeleton is the property of Sandford Fleming, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway. It is now placed in the Western block. Its length is about 11 feet—and according to authorities, it represents the remains of an adult animal. Mr. Fleming states that it was found in blue clay about 100 feet above the present tide mark. If we go back to the history of the animal in our waters, it may be safely calculated that 200 years have elapsed since it ceased to exist on the stratification where it was found.

Well Done.—The following communication speaks for itself. It is such a spirit as that demonstrated by Mr. McClymont & Co, which keeps up a good fire organisation.

New Edinburgh Mills, Ottawa, April 25 1870.

Sir.—As a slight acknowledgement for the services rendered by the several Fire Hook and Ladder Companies at the fire on our premises last Saturday, we beg to enclose to you our cheque for 100 dollars for their benefit, and at the same time to express our thanks to them, and others for their prompt arrival and assistance in arresting the progress of the fire.

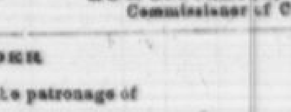
Yours Respectfully,
W McCLYMONT & Co.

John Langford, Esq., Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, Ottawa.

The Theatre.—The performance at the theatre last night afforded a greater degree of positive enjoyment than we anticipated on entering the threshold of "Her Majesty's." The burlesque of "Black Eyed Susan" was superlatively ridiculous and afforded ample room for the display of individual capacity. The acting on the whole was good, and some of the characters were particularly so. Mr. Harry Lindley was inimitably good as the ancient female, and Susan, Susan lovely dear, sang and danced with a vim and nicety, which made all her stage appearances most agreeable. This Company is deserving of encouragement, everything attempted being within the means of the actors and suitable. We are informed that the worthy proprietor of the house, proposes to expend some money in improving the interior, which it very much needs.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 1s 3m



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, April 22, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

UNDER the patronage of LADY YOUNG, Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the *RINK MUSIC HALL*, SATURDAY, THE 30th APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:
LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT,
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL,
C L BERNARD, MR RIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00. May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER, Village Clerk.
Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 183

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.
SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW. The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE: The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS: The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two Thomson Exhibitions, value $125; the Charles Alexander Scholarship, value $120; the Jourvanous Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the Jane Redpath Exhibition, value $90; the Taylor Scholarship, value $ 90.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.
1342 1aw6d

To Let.

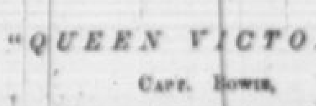
A HOUSE TO LET. In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces, Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds, and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at G. MORTIMER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

HOUSE TO LET. In New Edinburgh a new BRICK COTTAGE containing ten rooms, with stables and out houses. A large garden is attached. Possession given 1st May. Rent moderate. Apply to W M WOODBURN, McLaren's Mills, New Edinburgh. 1341 3

TO LET. TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $150 per annum. Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1338tf

HOUSE TO LET. To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor, DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill. 1335tf

TO LET. To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate. Apply to I B TACKABERRY.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

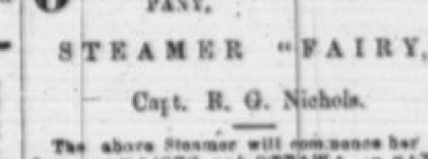
MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," Capt. Bowie,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER "FAIRY" Capt. Nichols.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

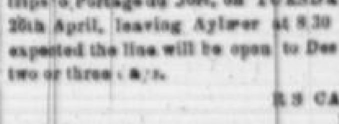


OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER "FAIRY," Capt. R. G. Nichols.

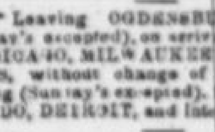
The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA, on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, April 22, 1870 1339tf



NOTICE. The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, April 23, 187 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and keep together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station at the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of ELIZA ANN McCOOMB, Insolvent, of Ottawa.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I am instructed by ROBERT WATSON, Esq., of Montreal, Assignee to the Estate, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th April, 1870, above the store lately occupied by this Insolvent in Sussex street, opposite the Barracks of the 60th Rifles.

The entire Household Furniture, consisting of a full and rich assortment of articles, attractive to all seeking cheap and fashionable furniture.

Terms cash in Bankable Funds.
Sale to commence at 11 a m,

A ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870. 1341td

AUCTION SALE Of a neat collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sets and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses. Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1346td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their CHOICE STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES, In great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK, Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS. Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.*

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE OF VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c. &c., to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq, Daly street.

The sale of Paintings, will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale from two to six p. m. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th inst. and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339td

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves. AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES, NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES, in all colours.

ALSO, *ONE CASE* PRINTED MUSLINS this Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from the REV. C. F. STREET, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, late residence of Mr. Roderick Ross, on MONDAY, the second day of May, at one o'clock p m, all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Centre Tables, Dining Tables, Sideboards, Side Tables, Cane Seat, and other Chairs. Bedsteads, Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, Kitchen Furniture, and many other miscellaneous articles; also will be offered at the same time about sixty volumes of Theological works and other Books; and a fine English Piano, and a splendid silver mounted Flute, cost 50 dollars.

Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343td

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE —OF— BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 30th of April, at ten o'clock, a m, all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Set in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Furniture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention, together with a lot of Carpeting, Gas Fixtures and Glass, Chandeliers; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY,
1341 5 Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of STAPLE GOODS comprising

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid Assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.
1346tf

Alkubasary

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE, WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1338d

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.*

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from J. T. BARTRAM, Esq., to sell by public auction at his residence, eastern side of Metcalfe street, between Maria and Slater streets, on SATURDAY, the 30th April, instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., a general assortment of Household Furniture of the best quality.

Sale positive. Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.
Ottawa, April 26, 1870. 1343td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES TO BE GIVEN AWAY —ON— THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell, by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Gorborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c, may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2,000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c. Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1329 10

By Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF A DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

The subscriber has received instructions from MR JOHN DONELLY to sell by Public Auction, at the Union House, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th APRIL, instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, that very desirable property situate on the eastern bank of the Rideau Canal, adjoining Mr Patterson's property, being part of Lot Letter I, in Concession C, of the Township of Nepean, containing 3 acres of land, with a good Cottage thereon containing 10 rooms with suitable outbuildings attached.

The premises can be viewed any day until the day of sale between the hours of 10 o'clock, a m. and 2 o'clock, p m.

Terms—¼ cash, and the balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
Ottawa, April 16, 1870. 1335td

FOR SALE. A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer. 1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,
Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS — BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS — LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS — SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS, Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.
1331 3m

PRIVATE SALE OF FURNITURE.

A set of Drawing Room Furniture, Jacques & Hays' best make, and little used; also sundry articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, to be disposed of this week by private sale.

Apply to REV DR REDFORD JONES,
1341 3 Daly Street.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents of the following celebrated Pianos: CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and other Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs, Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto
Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254.3m

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock, (A BANKRUPT STOCK), *at a very low figure*,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction. He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE, now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

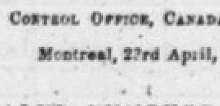
Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember, RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street, C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m



ARMY SUPPLIES.

CONTROL OFFICE, CANADA, Montreal, 23rd April, 1870.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the DEPUTY CONTROLLER, will be received at the above office until noon of Saturday, the 30th instant,

For the following supplies, viz:

Article		Quantity
Biscuit, about		160,000 lbs
Beans,	do	22,000 quarts
Tea,	do	13,000 lbs
Sugar,	do	23 000 lbs
Salt,	do	2,000 lbs
Pepper,	do	300 lbs
Tobacco,	do	3,000 lbs
Soap,	do	2,600 lbs

Tin Canisters capable of holding 12½ lbs tea—170
Do do do do 40 lbs sugar—140
Do do do do 1 lb pepper—140

Samples of the above to accompany the tenders.

Tenders will at the same time be received for the supply of live cattle at Fort William, Lake Superior.

Forms of tender, conditions of contract, and all further information required may be obtained on application at the Control Offices Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto and Ottawa.

The Deputy Controller reserves the right of accepting the tender for each article separately, and of rejecting any or all tenders.

B H MARTINDALE,
1342 4 Dep'ty Controller.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the DIVISION OF PROFITS Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.
Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

TIMES Office, Ottawa, April 25, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 25	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 36 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 19
No. 2	0 13	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides.			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, beware to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

EVERYBODY SAYS So.—Those who have used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœpaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY or consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs are sure to suffer and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evils and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N.B.

Agents—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK ONLY ST. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable use per ise in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. Lyman & Co. Toronto & Montreal.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

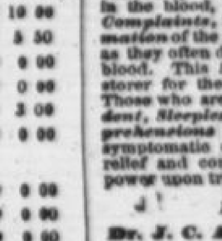
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR. Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BIGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of spinal irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 50c, Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, the Rich Flavoured do, 60c; Very Fine do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H. McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The Map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

F. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 8, 1870.

J. REID, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 15 1m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 487y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

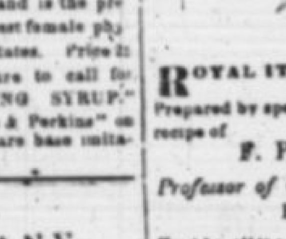
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. G. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A M F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market,

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended as well as confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have extra-ted household effects or real estate for him for sale to certify that he has given satisfaction as regards the prices obtained as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

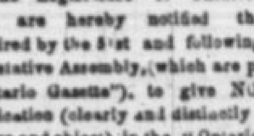
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P,
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the first and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
Halifax	15 00
John's, N. F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

GARDNER'S TRADE-MARK MONTREAL — For sale by DRUGGISTS In Stores AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere. In 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

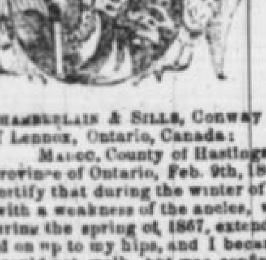
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

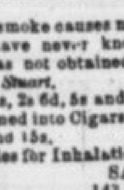
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jet-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the Russell House Hotel, late Times Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA,*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietary interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to E H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease,
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer ...able

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

WANTED,

Information of JAMES and FRANCIS HOYLE from Lindley, Huddersfield, England, and if they will correspond with their friends or with JOSHUA MORTON, Glen Tay, P O, Township of Bathurst, Ont., they will hear of something to their advantage.

18 1 J MORTON.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded* or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its ingagements shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ready to important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea, a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best quality.

Those not having had a trial are requested to call and judge for themselves, your neighbours who have tried our Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick sales and light profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, neuralgia or sciatica? Call from Fraser's Magnetic Pain Cure, GREAT PAIN CURER. Relieves in three minutes Neuralgia, or any pain in the face, is distinguishable from the most intense intenseness of its pain and the rapidity of its attack, may be cured within ten minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER.

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No 1 Flour of all brands, and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1344. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

[TH]OMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

[Wel]lington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

…, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

[JAM]ES WHELAN,

[2]9 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

[HAV]ING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) … for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large … selected stock, comprising Groceries, … Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy … Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, … Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, … and their Vinegars.

[ME]SS PORK, P[I]CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

… numerous other articles necessary to con… a complete stock.

[TE]AS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young … quite fresh and cheap.

[CO]FFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on … premises.

… — Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. … Piper's and other brands.

[HO]LLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, … wood … bottle.

[W]INES— Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine … Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines … prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

…WHINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

… proof and … at extremely low prices; … and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and … Irish Whiskey. … Old Irish Potteen. … and London Porter, pts and qts. … and other Ales. … and Syrups, all grades. … retailers' prices.

[THE] OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE [S]ELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

… the time or bar ains. 1195

[PEO]PLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[Incor]porated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

[OTTA]WA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

… Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treas…; … FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. … MOND, Manager. 1141tf

[TO HOT]EL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI[SI]ON STORES AND OTHERS.

… give notice of my intention to supply … mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, [TOMA]TO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. … increase of trade during the last four years … compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I … decided to make the wholesale trade my … The article I have now is undoubtedly the largest … and the question of quality is readily … by making known the fact that I raise my … from seed procured at any expense … they will therefore … favorable comparison with any imported. … another and important fact is that being … and manufactured in Ottawa thereby … freight, packing, duty and other expen… enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than … importer. … advantages, I think, cannot fail to … those who may favor me with their orders.

[JA]MES NASH, Wholesale and Retail Pickle …, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box …, Post Office, Ottawa. … Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau … Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected … the highest prices given. 1196y

[J]. E. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

…, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

… advanced on goods consigned for imme… Prompt returns in all cases.

J. H. Easton R. M. Easton

[M]RS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated … comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen … the Capital will find superior accommo… by the day or week at moderate terms. N. B.—The house is situated in the immediate … of the Parliament Buildings and the …ral banks. 219tf

Educational.

[D]ANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

[M]rs Robert Stewart having made arrangements … an accomplished lady teacher, announces … her Dancing Classes will commence on …esday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[P]IANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between …wa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, … to their orders for tuning more promptly … heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. … received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction …, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

[M]USICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe…) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o… Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau…, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

[G]EO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank street, Centre Town,

BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

D[OM]INICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally … Ottawa. From his long experi… … he offers his services in engaging … and attending to their rafts while passing … to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

F[ISH], OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHERS,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John-street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stoock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

WANTED,

A BUTLER.

Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. MINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 6m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MOONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouse For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors, Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms, Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm. Allen.

Application to
D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour duridg the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted an. ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evenig Star from Spain, Gazelle from Conac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE.

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run by it; it will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use. finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above ods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 28, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, hat they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

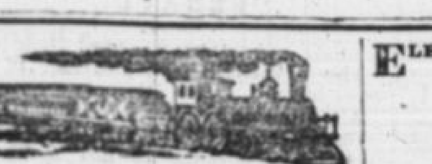
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

Note—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

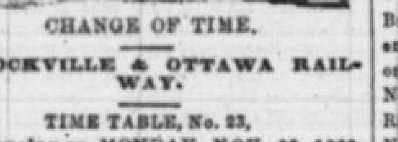
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, December, 1869.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m.,) and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 19 2

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province o Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 270, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing th North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contrac will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term o

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to ca and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dol… half. Application to be made to Mr. Each class to be limited to eight pupils.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the

AYLMER CONVENT,

Will be held in the

TOWN OF AYLMER,

—ON—

SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton Street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

The General Feeling of the Mississagua and Chippewa Nations in Case of War.

[From the Grand River Sachem, April 20.]

As my nation is not so numerous and concentrated in one body together as the Six Nations, our brethren, are, who can raise 800 warriors; but yet from our various bands we can still muster 1000 warriors, at least, composed of the various bands of Mississaguas and Chippewa, and there are more than forty thousand Chippewas, Ottawas, Potawatamies, Crees at Red River, Lake Winnipeg and the Lake of the Woods and Lake Superior.

I hope our Government will deal wisely with the Indian nations, so as to make a bond of peace and prosperity within the country, and suppress the rebellion at Red River, up there, without shedding blood, but if our Government desire to take up weapons of war, to strengthen one another, the Indians will be justified in doing so, to sustain the cause of their great mother and the Government to which they have always been loyal. The Mississagua and Chippewa Nations are always ready to do what they can to assist our Great Queen of England in the defence of our country, and stand side by side of each other. If our Government accept his brother the red man's offer, we are ready to tender our services in the Red River Country. We always profess we are loyal to our good Queen, as we are under Her protection, though our forefathers were not treated as well as they might have been in respect of their land and money, and we, their posterity, have to suffer for their misdeeds.

But now, however, the present generation, are more or less enlightened and educated, and by degrees the red man will come up to the white man his brother. As we so much appreciate our present condition, through the instrumentality of our brother the white man, who brought us the Word of Life, we look forward to be wiser and happier, and to become useful and good citizens.

I see in the *Christain Guardian* published concerning the Indians of the North West their address to our Government, requesting it to do them justice for their lands, &c., they are anxious to be treated with justice for their lands by the English Government. Now these nations have a right to ask for these things, as they claim the country under a better right than the Hudson Bay Company, and they are loyal to England also.

I hope our Canadian Government will comply with their wishes in a satisfactory manner, and by all means let our Government have interpreters and peace makers from Canada, and these should be Indians who can speak their language as well as the English language.

I for one will offer myself in that capacity if our Government so desire it, and I will do all I can to make peace amongst my native brethren up there, in the hope that all things may come right at last.

DAVID SAWYER,
Ex-Chief Mississagua Band of Indians of the Credit.

The *Ottawa Courier* takes us to task for certain observations on our part supposed to reflect injuriously upon Bishop Tache's ability as a commanding statesman—as such a man of nerve, we will say, as were those civil servants of England who, under Sir John Lawrence held our Indian Empire together through the days of Fifty-seven. The *Courier* kindly acknowledges that we are not offensive, but proceeds to assert that we are annoying. With this mild preliminary it goes on to defend its venerable client. If we quote the defence at all—a totally uncalled for defence, because there is no reason why, *ex-officio*, a Bishop should be a hero—we do it only in the same spirit as we recently quoted the Otttawa *Times* in defence of the administration—and with a sincere desire to enforce the old maxim which prays for deliverance from one's friend. The *Courier* tells us what would otherwise have remained unimagined that Riel is the Bishop's pupil! "The man who made Riel what he is, so far as education and knowledge go" is the style in which the *Courier* irreverently refers to that venerable ecclesiastic of whom we never dared to say anything half so disrespectful. "This Riel acknowledged a fear of the Bishop," we are again told—in the same breath that we are censured for hinting that, if he pleased, the Bishop might have exercised terror over this Riel. But the unkindnest cut of all is to come, and, on Bishop Tache's behalf, we protest against the *Courier's* way of putting it." "This Riel had a conscience educated by Bishop Tache which Riel feared." Surely not! We can't believe it. Bishop Tache is not a brave or brilliant statesman, but we protest against making him morally responsible for the conscience of a murder!—*Hamilton Spectator.*

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The journal *Official* contains the following circular of officers of the civil service, signed by all the ministers.

The Emperor addresses a solemn appeal to the nation in 1852 He asked the power to assure order. In 1870, he asked power to establish liberty. Confident of the tittle which is his, by reason of eight millions of suffrages, he does not surrender the Empire to discussion, he submits to a vote only its liberal transformation to vote a 11, yea 11—is to vote for liberty. The revolutionary party secretly attacking the national sovereignty, and misrepresenting the respect which the Emperor … sovereignty in thus consulting the … not the true friends of liberty, but … of these the masses will march in our ranks. Can they ignore the facts that to abstain from voting or to vote, will be to strengthen those who only combat the transformation of the Empire in order that they may destroy it, and with it the political and social organization which France owes her greatness. In the name of the public peace, and liberty, in the name of the Emperor, we demand of you all our devoted labourers to unite your efforts with ours. It is to the citizens we address ourselves, not as ordering but as offering patriotic counsel to our Country, a tranquil future to the end, that on the throne as in the humblest dwelling the son may succeed the father in peace and quiet.

AMERICAN NEWS.

HAVANA.—The English man-of-war *Lapwing*, which arrived to-day from Nassau, says Gen. Jordon, lately Commander-in-chief of the Cuban forces, together with six companies, has arrived at Nassau. Gen. Jordon intends to proceed to New York.

It is announced to-day that the insurgent Gen. Prealts has appeared in the jurisdiction of Haluquin with 500 men.

SAN DOMINGO.—The revolution continues unabated. President Cobial has been declared an outlaw by President Baez, for delivering Salnave into the hands of the Haytiens.

HAVANA.—The government is rapidly checking the revolutionists. President Manajas is making active preparations to attack the rebel General Guslin, fortified near the town of Valencia.

Blossom rock, the most dangerous obstruction in the harbor, was blown up to-day with 22 tons of powder. An immense column of water was thrown to a height of 100 feet—the centre being filled with smoke and stones. Fifty or sixty thousand people witnessed the explosion.

The work at Blossom rock was completed to-day.

The ship *Eli White*, from Sidney to San Francisco, is reported wrecked.

The Government of British Columbia has voted a subsidy to maintain the telegraph system of the mainland, and has levied a duty of 60 per cent there for all imported liquors and spirits arriving.

The latest advices from Peace river, B. C., speak favorably of the gold diggings. The dust is fine and resembles that of Australia assays—17 dollars and 20 cents per ounce. The miners are confident that it is the best money region outside of California or Australia. The district is extensive, and new discoveries are reported daily.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.

Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—G Kennedy

Union Forwarding and Railway Company—R S Cassels

Dwelling to Let—J P Macpherson

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by

1236 I **MAGEE & RUSSELL.**

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.

TOO VALUABLE.

The exact present money value of Canada we had not learned until now. A gentleman, who has the honor of a seat in the United States Senate, and who is alluded to by Field marshal, the Honorable George Brown G. D. F., (Daily *Globe* of Toronto) as the Marquis of Michigan, Mr Chandler, has introduced a series of resolutions in the Senate, with the view of inducing the President of the United States to open negotiations for the annexation of Winnipeg to the United States For this patriotic conduct the New York *Herald* applies another nickname to Mr. Chandler, speaking of him as the Senatorial harlequin, by which name the *World* probably means to convey the idea of buffoon. However that may be, Mr Chandler having delivered himself in these terms, "My God, Mr. President, is that gorged and insolent brute, the Britisher, who owes the United States half the expenses of the late war, to be allowed to gobble up any more territory on this continent," requested the President to appoint Commissioners to treat with the people of the Red River settlement, which it is necessary to add is not likely to be done. This senatorial buffoon, in urging this course upon the Executive of the United States, further insisted that the country to which he had the honor to belong had a *lien* upon the Dominion of Canada for $200,000,000, the amount of the losses by the *Alabama*, and for which amount he is willing to take Canada, with all the ills to which she has fallen heir by the act of Confederation, as security. If Mr. Chandler had done more than this there would have been no reason for us to take offence. It is well to be considered of value, and to know that this Dominion which some people would give away for nothing is really worth to the United States the money consideration of $2,200,000,000 That is a very large sum of money to throw away That which we take offence at is being declared to be in the very same breath an "intolerable nuisance" The Dominion of Canada is not only prospectively of immense pecuniary value to the United States but as she now points all ex[illegible] an intolerable nuisance She now costs the people of the United States $10,000,000 yearly to prevent smuggling. It would be cheaper to the United States to buy Canada as she did Louisiana, Alaska, San Domingo portions of Mexico, and [illegible] $10,000,000 The *Globe*, of Toronto, [illegible] the sort of [illegible] to [illegible]; but that, of course is [illegible] which this Dominion may suffer from the operations of [illegible] within her borders, cannot be put upon the same footing as these committed by a single vessel, sailing under the flag of the Southern confederacy, with 600 vessels of war belonging to the United States in commission at the time, some of which might rather have been despatched to abate the nuisance, and which one vessel ultimately did There is no parallel between the cases. The United States suffer from the contiguity of a British Dominion to the yearly extent of $10,000,000 and that nuisance like all other nuisances should be abated. The difficulty is, how to do it. Canada is not willing to be blotted out. Canada believes in her manifest destiny. Canada is likely to become a power upon this continent. Her growing wealth and strength promises future greatness. Canada is fully as likely to make national progress in connection with Great Britain as if absorbed by the United States. Canada expects to become an independent country, and in time an authority among nations Her vast inland waters. Her interminable forests. Her inexhaustible mines of coal in the North West and Nova Scotia and of gold, silver, copper, antimony, and lead everywhere. Her great corn-fields. Her magnificent water powers The energy of a free people These combined, promise for Canada a future, which no money can purchase. Canada worth $2,200,000,000 now! In fifty years what nation could buy Canada? This country, the Marquis of Michigan may rest assured, is even now much too valuable to be either lost or given away.

The Ontario Medical Council are in Session in Toronto, and a report of their proceedings appears in the *Globe*. By it, we find that our favourably known and skilful citizen, Dr Sweetland, has been named one of the Examiners of the Educational Committee. The excellent attainments and fine mind of Dr Sweetland, admirably fit him this honourable position, requiring as it does, in addition to the requisite knowledge, a taste and delicacy, which all, who know Dr. Sweetland, will unhesitatingly concede that he possesses.

THE POLICY TO BE PURSUED.

There is so much good sense, and so much force of truth in the following remarks, in which a prudent and conciliatory though decided and firm course of policy is recommended, that we commend the article to the perusal of our readers:—

Translated from the Courier D'Outaouais.

Nations which have played a great part in the world have always been surrounded by difficulties during their infancy. Without going back to the remote ages of antiquity, what wars and revolutions desolated the great nations of Europe before they arrived at their state of grandeur of to-day. Even the United States, after having obtained their independence, beheld for several years their trade languishing and party spirit carried to such a degree as to endanger the safety of the Republic. Several States, such as South Carolina, wished to secede from the Union, while Rhode Island and others declined to join it.

Canada to-day appears to have this characteristic of great nations. Certain Provinces accept with repugnance Confederation, and indeed considering the diversity of commercial and other interests, the differences of origin, and the geographical position of our immense territory, it is not surprising.

Other Provinces, such as Prince Edward's Island and the Island of Newfoundland, hesitate to join their fortune to ours, fearing to lose thereby their local influence and the control of their own affairs.

Nor need we be astonished at this; it is the case with the foundation of every great nation Canada only meets at the *début* of her existence as a nation, the lot of her predecessors.

Of all the questions which now occupy the attention of our statesmen, none are so important or more difficult to handle than that of the North West. The whole world is of accord as to the necessity of our acquiring that Territory. Without the vast territory of the North West, Canada would be but a mere strip void of cohesion or power.

Canada has acquired on very advantageous terms the right of the Hudson's Bay Company to the Territory; we have now only to take possession of it and to open it up to civilization, commerce, and colonization.

That Territory contains a population of from 15,000 to 20,000 souls, and which to the present time has been governed by the Hudson's Bay Company. That population seeing that the latter had abandoned their authority thought they had become independent, and allowed themselves to be persuaded by intriguers that Canada intended to conquer them by force and deprive them of their rights, and hence the obstacles which they have created to prevent the acquisition of that territory by Canada

The Canadian Government has a difficult task to fulfil. It has to endeavour to restore peace and order in Red River and to establish a Government with a view to the interests of Canada and the people of the North West. We are of opinion that blunders have been committed on both sides, and that a little more judgment and mutual good will, would have prevented the grave results, which we have now to deplore. But as the actions have been committed, our duty now, is to endeavour to ameliorate their consequences and to adopt a more prudent and a wiser line of conduct for the future.

We hear it said that the Government ought to send a military force to garrison Fort Garry. This expedition should not be undertaken with a design to conquest or revenge, for one must not hold the half-breeds responsible for the unfortunate execution of Scott.

The mission should rather be of a political and pacific nature, and the men who compose it, if men of experience and judgment, would be received as liberators instead of conquerors. The half-breeds tolerate only for a moment the Provisional Government, and long for the opportunity to throw off the yoke of Riel, O'Donohue, and their colleagues.

The latest news from Red River also informs us that the Indians threaten to commit depredations on the half breeds, and that it is only by liberal presents and donations of provisions that they are kept from putting their threat into execution, from which we may safely infer that Canadians would be received as protectors and liberators.

Knowing the design of Riel and his abettors, it is quite absurd to attempt further to accomplish the acquisition of that Territory by delegations such as that of last winter. Their wish is to retain authority as long as possible, and Riel knows well that this summer once over he would be safe in his power for another year.

It is necessary that an adequate military force be sent, and we are convinced that in this proceeding the Government will receive the sanction of Parliament and the country.

On such a question as this passions and prejudices must be buried, and wisdom, moderation and prudence solely consulted. We must forget all distinctions of nationality or race and keep solely in view the interests of Canada.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

The afternoon session was taken up with miscellaneous motions of unimportant notice.

After recess,

Mr. Burpee resumed the debate on the Tariff resolutions, speaking against the Government.

Mr. Cameron (Huron) was in favour of a national policy and would support the Government.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks explained his position since entering the Ministry. It had been determined to carry out the national policy, foreshadowed by Hon Sir John Rose, as Reciprocity negotiations had failed They had now determined to adhere to the original resolutions, and he denied there had been any differences in the Ministry.

Mr. Mackenzie strongly denounced the commercial policy of the Government, and charged them with resorting to every expedient to retain their places.

Hon. Dr. Tupper made an eloquent speech in defence of the Government adopting the national policy, which would more firmly unite the various Provinces.

Hon. Mr. Dorion attacked the Government on their vacillation and want of statesmanship.

The House adjourned at 3:45.

The New York *Tribune* speaks thus of the discreet and amiable poet of *Le Canada* The *Tribune* is sound for once:

"A young poet of much ability, Mr. L. P Lemay, who has translated Longfellow's 'Evangeline,' and who fills the post of Librarian to the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, has come out with a poem to which the speech of Mr. Charles S. Spencer, the most daring blasphemy of Brick Pomroy, and the bigoted intensity of a Southern paper writing on Stanton, are mild, pious and endurable."

The massacre of the English and Italian captives by the Greek brigands seems to have produced more feeling throughout Europe than any event of the kind since the Victoir Noir tragedy. The excitement in London is very great, and the journals are clamorous for immediate intervention in the domestic affairs of Greece. Undoubtedly this sad affair will spur the Greek Government to unusual efforts to extirpate the banditti. The painful particulars of the massacre were related in the House of Commons by Mr. Otway, Under-Foreign Secretary. It appears that the Greek troops drove the brigands to the sea-coast on Friday, and after surrounding them attempted to negotiate for the surrender of the prisoners. Their efforts being in vain, an attack was at once ordered. As soon as the troops began to move the robbers butchered Mr Herbert and the Secretary of the Italian Legation, and subsequently when pressed they also slew Messrs. Vyner and Lloyd At the last accounts the murderers were still flying and the soldiers pursuing. Two of the brigand chieftains were mortally wounded.

THE seems to be, says the New York *World*, at last, renewed vitality in the markets for breadstuffs, attended at the West with considerable speculative activity, and here with a good export demand and steady business for home consumption. It is known that our stock of flour is reduced very low, while of wheat, notwithstanding liberal receipts by rail, the quantity in store has been reduced about two hundred thousand bushels in the past week. Several large vessels have been chartered within the past few days to load with flour or wheat to ports of Great Britain, the South of Europe, and to South America. The shipments of several thousand barrels of flour to Antwerp, and wheat to Spain and Portugal, which we now notice, are not frequent incidents to our export trade in breadstuffs. The scarcity and high price of corn are stimulating the consumption of wheat, especially in the South and British Provinces—as the lower grades of wheat flour are selling at about the price of common corn meal, and it may be safely estimated that the consumption is now thirty per cent. larger than a year ago.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR:—I beg to warn the public against an imposter named William McKinney, who has of late been making very free with my name, and under various false pretences, soliciting money and employment. On more than one occasion, to my knowledge, he has obtained money to defray his living wife's funeral expenses! I need add nothing further.

Yours, &c.,

T. BEDFORD JONES.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870.

CHANDLER AGAIN.

Winnipeg to be Annexed—Buncum in United States Senate.

On Friday last, the Senate took up Mr. Chandler's resolution directing the President of the United States to appoint commissioners to open negotiations for the annexation of the Winnipeg district as a Territory of State.

Mr Chandler (Rep., Mich) said he had offered the resolution in the interest of peace and good will, and proceeded to show the reasons upon which negotiations should be commenced, *first*, that the Government had shown its rights to recognition by maintaining itself for some time against all attempts for its suppression; *second*, that our flag, R. public, which had invited the whole world to come in and occupy the entire continent, could not countenance the theory of a Dominion on our borders, or that any part of this continent belonged to the Crown; *third*, that the injury inflicted upon us in the haste of the British Government to acknowledge the Rebels as belligerents upon the breaking out of the Rebellion, and her spoliation on our commerce during the war, must now be repaired and made good. His friend from Massachusetts (Mr. Sumner) might apprehend that the Alabama claims would be complicated by this proceeding. His answer to that was that he (Mr. Chandler) had long since put on record against the British Government a mortgage on the Dominion lying north of the United States of $2,200,000,000—one half of the expenses of our war. The time had not yet arrived for foreclosing the mortgage, but we should now proceed to collect the interest. He then referred to the vast territorial extent of the Winnipeg district, the people of which, as also the people of British Columbia, were now asking, with an almost unanimous voice, for admission to the Union Four years ago, the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Sumner) had not come up to his own position on the Alabama claims, but he now concurred with him that Great Britain was justly and equitably bound to pay us on half the expenses of our war by reason of her course during the Rebellion.

Mr. Drake (Rep., Mo). remarked that his friend (Mr. Sumner) had probably set a "peg" higher, and got to "Winnipeg" (Laughter)

Mr. Chandler continued, remarking that Great Britain never could and we never expected her to pay these claims in court, and that the United States Government now simply proposed to her, that if she would relinquish her title to any part of our continent we would forgive her the debt. Her title to any American territory would not hold good, it was based entirely upon the fact that the discoverers had raised the British flag upon it. She had the right of conquest, but that involved only the rights possessed by the conquered, not one iota more. It might be said that in the purchase of Louisiana from the French, we had virtually acknowledged this right, but the nation then was weak; to-day, instead of a purchase, we would merely say to the French that their presence there was an intolerable nuisance, and they must leave. So with Canada now. That Dominion had become an intolerable nuisance. It cost us to-day to protect our northern frontier from smugglers alone, more than ten millions of dollars annually, while our Treasury suffered from that cause to the extent of forty millions a year. It there was strength enough in the nation to abate the nuisance it should be abated. Referring to the existence of the Canadian Dominion as antagonistic to our institutions, he said, that if the British Government designed to continue indefinitely her sway there, she must be prepared to maintain it by such a force as would withstand the Government of the United States. He hoped, in the interest of humanity, that the rumour of the fitting out of an armed force to suppress the Red River insurgents would not prove true, as their ultimate destruction would certainly follow. An army of less than 100,000 British regulars would be utterly futile, and if the American people should protest, even these should not be better than a force of 100. He then referred to the facility with which American volunteers were disciplined and inured to the hardships of war as compared with soldiers of other nations claiming that the United States to-day was the strongest military power on earth, and only needed to manifest its strength to secure a favourable hearing by their foreign Governments.

Mr. Ramsey (Rep. Minn.) inquired of the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations (Mr. Sumner) what disposition had been made of a resolution he had introduced similar to the one now pending. He thought the subject would ere long prove of great importance. The action of the British authorities in organizing the Canadian militia, in sending over British regulars, and in calling in the Indians between the west coast of Lake Superior and Red River, would require the attention of the American Government.

Mr. Howard (Rep. Mich.) desired to know whether the Canadian Government were enlisting these Indians in their service?

Mr. Ramsey replied there was no doubt of the fact, and that the coming conflict threatened to involve other Indians on the frontier He also called attention to the report that the proposed expedition was to proceed by way of the Sault St. Marie Canal, in the State of Michigan. He read from a private letter in corroboration of his statement, and to show the difficulty of transportation for the expedition in any other than American vessels that might be chartered for the purpose.

Mr. Howard expressed the assurance that the Michigan State authorities would not permit the act of the Sault St. Marie Canal in furthering any military operations by British authorities. The country need not fear any assent by that State to such an expedition He would go further and say that he had it from an authoritative source that permission would not be given by the United States authorities for the moving of troops within our limits Great Britain had no right to ask any such license, and he predicted that she would not

Mr. Sumner (Rep. Mass) thought the apprehensions which had been expressed would prove to be unfounded; that it was not contemplated by the British authorities to use the canal referred to. He stated that the resolution previously offered by Mr. Ramsey on the same subject was pending before the Committee on Foreign Relations, awaiting the official information upon which the committee might base its action.

The discussion was then terminated by the reference of the resolution on motion of Mr. Chandler, to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 27, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said since the adjournment yesterday he had made enquiries respecting the practice of the House of Lords relating to the furnishing of a statement of expenses to the House of Commons, and had ascertained that although the Lords had for years resisted any inspection on the part of the Commons, they had, within the twelve months past, voluntarily agreed to submit a statement of expenditure. But the indemnity and mileage of Senators was provided for by Act of Parliament, the accounts were not paid out of the contingencies, and he submitted therefore that it was expedient for the House to instruct their chief Clerk to prepare a statement of indemnity and mileage paid to Senators and to appear before the Select Standing Committee (of the other House) on Public Accounts with the same. He made a motion to that effect.

After some discussion, Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL consented to withdraw the motion, with the understanding that it would be brought up again.

The Canada Central Railway Bill was read a first time, and on motion of Hon. Mr. SKEAD, the second reading was fixed for to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON moved concurrence in the ninth report of the Joint Committee on Printing, relating to the expenditure of money for printing for the year ended, June 1869.

The consideration was postponed for two days.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON moved the consideration of the eighth report of the Joint Committee on Printing.

The Postmaster-General concurred in the report, and it was adopted.

The Finance Department Amendment Bill was read a second time.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 27, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT presented a report from the Railway Committee on the Bill respecting the Quebec and New Brunswick Railway, recommending the same.

Mr. HUTCHINSON moved an address for the names of all persons now employed on the survey of the Intercolonial Railway in the County of Northumberland, New Brunswick. He made this motion because he had heard that some persons employed were not doing anything.

Mr. JONES said the system of the Intercolonial was unparalyzed (loud laughter)—he meant to say unparalleled—in regard to extravagance in the employment of useless officers.

Mr. WALSH said that the chief Engineer had protested against the Commissioners cutting down salaries, and the staff was not at all large. With regard to the efficiency of the staff of Engineers and expenses connected with them, the responsibility rested with the chief Engineer.

Mr. JONES said that under the Act the Commissioners were responsible for employees, and would be held responsible by the Country. If Commissioners threw the responsibility on the chief Engineer, what was the use of having them.

Motion carried.

Mr. HUTCHINSON moved for the account rendered by and paid the Sheriff of Northumberland, N. B., charged in the Public Accounts, 3rd June, 1869.

Mr. STEPHENSON moved for the sums paid to Hunter, Rose & Co. for printing the Departmental Reports.—Carried.

Mr. BROUSSEAU moved the adoption of the 8th Report of the Committee on Printing. The report recommends that all documents laid before the House came within the power of Parliament, to be printed according to the contract with the Parliamentary Printer, and that the House has the right to order all such copies as may be required by the House or the Department.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said it had been the practice of the Departments to have reports printed and laid before Parliament instead of in manuscript, and charged against the Departments. The opinion of the law officers was, that these were documents coming within the contract of Parliamentary printing. It had been formerly the practice to bring down important Departmental returns in manuscript, but so much inconvience from delay had been caused that the new practice had been introduced. The Committee to whom the matter was referred, found that these were strictly Parliamentary documents, and came under that contract. Some inconvenience might result from the Departments having to give notice of the number of copies wanted, which must be done during recess when the Committee ceased to exist.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the notice should be given to the clerk of the Committee who represented it.

Hon Mr. LANGEVIN said that if that were understood there could be no objection to the report.

The Report was then concurred in.

Mr. MASSON moved for a statement of the amounts paid for cab hire in Departments. He said the sums for this service were most excessive. He thought it would be better to buy half a dozen asses or mules to carry hon. gentlemen around [laughter].

Motion carried.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) moved for a statement of the monies paid to the Grand Trunk and St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railways for special cars and trains.—Carried.

Mr. JONES (Leeds) moved for an address for a return of the amount received by Alfred Brunell and other officers for seizures in connection with the Inland Revenue Department, since January, 1866.—Carried.

Mr. MORRIS said information had already been given in the return laid before the House last session, and a further statement was now being prepared to bring it down at a later date.

Motion carried.

Mr. SAVARY moved for an address for further correspondence, etc., on the subject of uniform currency between different commercial nations.—Carried.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT presented a report from the Railway Committee, recommending an appropriation of $2,000 to complete a railway map of the Provinces of the Dominion, now being prepared under their superintendance.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the report would be considered by the Government, and probably a sum would be put on the supplementary estimates.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked whether the report of the Commissioners of the North West was ready yet, and when the Bill would be introduced.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the report was in the printer's hands, and would be ready to-morrow or the next day. The Bill will probably be introduced to-morrow.

At six o'clock the House arose.

AFTER RECESS.

The Bill respecting the Quebec and New Brunswick Railway was read a second time.

The House went into Committee on the Bill, Mr. CASSAULT in the chair.

The Bill was adopted with one amendment.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

Mr. SAVARY introduced a Bill to amend the Insolvency Act of 1869. He explained it was to relieve the Judges of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia from certain duties imposed upon them by the Insolvency Act of 1869.

Read a first time.

The debate on the tariff resolutions was resumed.

Mr. BURPEE desired that the people of New Brunswick had been unreasonable in their demands, but had given the Government a fair support in carrying out Confederation. He deprecated invidious distinctions as to Public Works, which, he considered, should be treated on their own merits, and solely with reference to their general usefulness to the whole country. He opposed levying taxes on necessaries of life, as they fell with the most severity on the poorer classes. Considerable revenues of New Brunswick had been derived from dues on vessels, which had been done away with to produce uniformity with Quebec, and this deficiency had to be made up by other duties. He advocated opening up new markets as a more effectual means of bringing about reciprocity, as it would show the Americans we could do without them [hear.]

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) said the Government had been pressed by members on both sides of the House, and numerous petitions had been presented for the adoption of the national policy, and the Government would be unworthy of the confidence of the House if they gave no heed to these representations. He did not consider the re-adoption of the original tariff resolutions humiliating, and was prepared to support the Government. If the duty on coal be retained, so also ought the duty on wheat and flour, in justice to Ontario, whose people would, he believed, sustain the tariff of the Finance Minister.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS wished to make some explanations with regard to the position he now held, and also with regard to his position before he entered the Government. He had only been a very few days in Canada last year when he had the honour of being in confidential communication with the hon. gentleman who had been his predecessor, and at that time he (Hincks) certainly had not the most remote idea that he would be his successor in office. It was well known he (Hincks) had taken an active part in negotiations and discussions resulting in the reciprocity treaty, and there was no hon. gentleman that would not agree that Reciprocity had been of great advantage, not only to this country but to the United States. He was well aware of the state of things in this country when he came back, that various unsuccessful efforts had been made from time to time for a renewal of Reciprocity. At the session of Congress before the present one, resolutions had been unanimously adopted by the House of Representatives, asking the Government of the United States to enter into negotiations with the Canadian Government, with a view to effecting trade relations of a more liberal character than already exist. His own predecessor had been invited to Washington in consequence of that resolution. He then read an extract from the Budget speech of Mr. Rose, in which he referred to the relations of Canada with the United States and foreshadowed the adoption of national policy. It was was with full knowledge that the Government retained sentiments of which Mr. Rose was exponent that he (Sir Francis) accepted office. He found that Mr. Rose had been at Washington and there was no reasonable hope that negotiations would result in arrangements satisfactory to Canada and the United States (hear). Those negotiations had been protracted a considerable time and were in existence during the present session (hear). Hon. gentleman would recollect that in discussions which had taken place, the Government had desired to avoid discussion because negotiations were confidential though not through any desire of the Canadian Government. The Canadian Government did desire secrecy, but every movement had been made in confidence and they were not justified in view of interests concerned to refuse to entertain those propositions, but they had not been in a position to state positively the Government policy or give exactly the state of negotiations, But those negotiations had not amounted to anything. The Dominion Government were not inclined to stand at trifles, but they were not prepared to sacrifice interests of the country to any demand that mightbe made upon us (hear). This was the state of affairs at the commencement, and during the earlier part of the session it became necessary for the Government to come down with a financial policy. He would not now enter into details or discuss the merit of that policy, but considering all circumstances connected with reciprocity, he believed it was the best policy that could be adopted. He must now come to the state of affairs at the present time. It was perfectly well known that a question of most absorbing interest was engaging the attention not only of Government but the whole people of the Dominion, which was the North West question. It was a question of paramount importance and at a time when it was engaging the most anxious consideration of the Government, it became their duty to consider the national policy and carry through the proposals based upon it. He admitted that a very strong pressure had been brought to bear upon the Government by a very large number of their supporters, and by a number of the principle cities of the Dominion with regard to the proposed duties on flour and wheat. It had been suggested in the course of the discussion in this House, that there was difference of opinion in the Cabinet, that there was quarrelling in the Government. He had seen it stated in an evening paper that actually during recess that he (Sir Francis) and the first minister had had a quarrell upon this subject, that the first minister had used insulting words, that in fact he (Sir Francis) had been snubbed (hear). Now it might be a most extraordinary thing, he had no doubt the hon. gentlemen would hardly believe it, but he could say most distinctly that if there had been any difference at all between the first minister and himself upon this subject—and in this he would be bourne out by his colleagues—it was that the first minister was disposed to take too large a share of responsibility upon himself of the error that he admitted had been committed in changing the resolutions. He had considered under the circumstances with the North-West question to settle, it was expedient for the Government to yield to the very strong pressure, and as they believed the people of the Dominion were not prepared for the sacrifices necessary to carry out the national policy, they were not justified in risking a political crisis at this time, and were willing to sacrifice the opinion they had so strongly formed. Then they had deliberately made up their minds to come down with their first policy and ask their friends and supporters to take the same view and give the Government their support. They had been told that they had submitted to degradation. He denied this, and read an extract from the speech of Hon. Sir A. T. Galt on the Intercolonial Railway policy when he had quoted from Earl Russell, Mr. Barring and others to the effect that the financial policy could be changed without involving a change of Ministry. He (Sir Francis) considered a question of this kind could be considered after an adverse vote.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said they did not know the sense of Parliament until the vote had been taken.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS admitted the Government did not stand in the same position as they would had they adhered to the original resolutions. By changing the propositions they had altered their position and had taken the responsibility of arriving at the sense of Parliament, and had determined to adhere to the original resolutions (hear).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Against the sense of Parliament? [hear].

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—The sense of Parliament is omnipotent on such a matter. They, as a Government, had brought down the policy in its present shape, but they found yesterday that a very large number of usual supporters of the Government, who took the same view as the Government, did not consent to do as the Government proposed. One of the difficulties in the way of such changes was, that members did not appreciate sufficiently the reasons that had led to modifications that might be considered desirable, after the Government had given to them full consideration. He had explained yesterday, that owing to the circumstances which they could not control, they had not been able to give full consideration to the subject. Whether that determination would have been altered by fuller consideration he did not know. An hon. member opposite, in a former debate this evening, had been under misapprehension with respect to the Minister of Militia, that the decision had been arrived at without him having an opportunity of consideration.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the hon. gentleman had been understood to say, that there had been only time for a few minutes consultation with the Minister of Justice, and there had not been time for any at all with the Minister of Militia. It had left the inference to be drawn, but the Minister of Justice had consented when he was consulted, and not the Minister of Militia, who had not an opportunity of consulting.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he was glad of an opportunity of explaining what was a complete misunderstanding. What he had stated was, that the Minister of Justice had only time for a few minutes consultation. The Minister of Militia was not present, and they had not had the benefit of consulting with him, and they all knew the benefit of discussion, but he never meant to say that the Minister of Militia was ignored.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Then the Cabinet was unanimous.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Yes. The Minister of Militia was not present, but had given in his adhesion to the decision arrived at. The hon. gentleman might attack him, for what they called his degradation. He attached very little value to such attacks. He was not ashamed of the policy announced at first, and he now proposed to adhere to it. He had no regret to express in seeing that the views of the supporters of the Government did not go with them, and they had shown their willingness to abandon that part of the policy, whose features were most objectionable, and to endeavour to obtain the consent to modify it. They had now, therefore, determined to revert to the original policy and ask the concurrence of the House.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the hon. Finance Minister did not attempt to justify the causes of the Government on proper grounds, but merely because it did not suit the majority of its supporters. The whole policy of the Government appeared to be dictated by the exigencies of the occasion. If an insane man were to propound such a policy as the so-called national one, it might not be laughed at, but it was most astonishing to hear a sensible man propose it. The whole tax that was to bring the United States on its knees, would only collect about $175,000. The people of Ontario did not want any duty on flour. The tax would only irretate the people of the Lower Provinces, without benefiting the farmers of the West. The hon. gentlemen opposite were doing everything in their power to destroy the Union. The House had been deceived into supposing, that negotiations were still going on with the United States. Such was not the case. The policy of the hon. gentleman was aimed at the pockets of the poor man. His taxation was placed upon articles of consumption by the poorer class. He (Mr. Mackenzie) had never seen nor heard of such a miserable abortion of a tariff.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said this was no new policy, as had been proved by the quotation which the Finance Minister had read from the speech of his predecessor. It was strange to think, that the attention of the House should only now have been directed to this policy, which on examination would recommend itself to any intelligent man. Every other lever to obtain Reciprocity had failed, and now it was only right to go back to the state of affairs before Reciprocity existed.

Hon. Mr. DORION said that last year there were 356,000 tons of coal imported into the Province. Of this 4,000 came from Nova Scotia; 196,000 from the United States; and 159,000 from Great Britain to the Upper Provinces; and 26,000 from Great Britain to New Brunswick. Under the new tariff he calculated that 93,000 additional would be imported from Nova Scotia, from which $46,000 would be derived. If a tax was put on flour, Nova Scotia would pay $39,000 on her importations. New Brunswick would pay 15,000, and Quebec $25,000; a total of about $77,000 paid by the different Provinces, in order that Nova Scotia should get the $46,000 on coal. The whole Province was to be taxed to benefit coal mine and salt spring proprietors. He then spoke of the number of the Bills introduced by the Government, and which they had been forced to abandon. The Banking scheme was the only one which had been passed, and that had been so mangled as to be unrecognizable. If the hon. gentlemen themselves did not feel their humiliation, the gentlemen behind them felt it. This had been expressed by the member from Central Montreal. There was not even a pretence of protecting any product or manufacture of Quebec. It was pretended that they wished to induce capitalists to come to this country, yet they altered the tariff every two years, and this had kept out capitalists. He was against taxing flour for the benefit of a few millers in Ontario and Montreal at the expense of the consumers, and for the same reason opposed duty on wheat and coal.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER thought the speech of the member for Hochelaga was more personal than directed against policy. He professed sympathy for the Minister of Finance particularly, but he did not in his present position feel it. (Referring to the Minister of Finance being sound asleep.) He hoped the member for Chateauguay was not in the same position as the Finance Minister who was enjoying a good sound honest sleep. He taunted the member for Chateauguay with his abortion, when Finance Minister, he not having had an opportunity of showing the two sides to his tariff. He referred to the unsuccessful attempt of hon. Mr. Howland to introduce a tariff when colleague of the member for Hochelaga.

Hon. Mr. DORION denied that he was colleague of the Hon. Mr. Howland when he brought his tariff.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER entered into the history of the failure of the member for Chateauguay to produce a tariff, which had destroyed the Government of which he was a member.

Hon. Mr. DORION said that the difference between the two Governments was, that the one of which the member for Chateauguay and himself were members, finding that they could not carry their measures constitutionally, resigned. Had they brought in the tariff which they would cut and carve to please all the deputations from all quarters, irrespective of principle, they might have been there still.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that had they brought in such a well conceived tariff as the financial abilities of the member for Chateauguay could, it would have saved the Ministry and given it strength. He thought the speech of the member for Lambton was one of disappointment, as it contained no argument. He maintained that there would be no ill effect from the proposed duty on corn. The tariff was just and liberal, and considered the position of every tax payer and consumer. The Province of Ontario would have its grain and salt moderately protected, Quebec its course grains, barley and oats, and Nova Scotia its coal. With regard to New Brunswick, although none of its productions would be protected, it would benefit from encouragement to trade resulting from tariff. If anything would induce our neighbours to enter into reciprocity it was Canada keeping its fisheries to themselves and protection of their coal. He was sure the tariff would have a beneficial effect on the whole country, (hear.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON made a general attack upon the Ministers, and especially upon the Minister of Militia, because as he charged they had sunk themselves in the very depths of degradation and even of infamy. He thanked his God he had been endowed with sufficient common sense to prevent him from placing himself in favour of such shame and humiliation as the hon. gentlemen opposite had assumed before the House and country. He proceeded to criticize the retaliatory policy entered upon by the Government, contending that it was a complete surrender of the whole controversy as between Canada and the United States, that it was founded upon unsound economic doctrines, and that it would utterly fail to produce good in any direction, (hear).

Mr. RYAN could not give a silent vote. The policy was introduced as a national policy to bring about Reciprocity with the United States. He might have strained a point to support it. But after the humiliation of last night and the matter had assumed the aspect of being a mere attempt to keep the present occupants in power. Yesterday the Finance Minister announced that with the concurrence of all the Ministry they had resolved to abandon the duty on wheat and coal, yet an hour and a half after recess there had been a shameful exhibit on which cast ridicule on the whole country and tended to prevent Reciprocity. The first effect was a meeting at Montreal at which resolutions were passed denouncing indignantly the conduct of the Ministry. He denied the statement of the Minister of Militia that the Messrs. Allan imported the coal from Pictou mines, the small quantity they did import from there being because these gentlemen were large stockholders there. The duty on coal was a heavy tax on the Province of Quebec. He could only infer from the conduct last night that either one Minister was greater than all the rest, or that there was a power behind greater than all of them. The policy was one that would excite discontent throughout the length and breadth of the land, and he could only announce that he would support the amendment of the member for Glengarry.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said it was rather late to address the House, but if the Government were determined on a division he might take another opportunity. He agreed with the remarks of the member for Lambton and others, He could only understand that yesterday the Government being unanimous in the change proposed, as being for the interests of the country, and a few hours later entirely reversed that, showed that the Government had no fixed policy. As to the national policy, the proposal was either intended to produce trade between the different Provinces or to produce revenue. If it produced the one it could not do the other. He would not detain the House to enlarge on the general bearing of the question. It was a most unfortunate turn affairs had taken. It was dangerous in all respects, and the money consideration was too insignificant to be considered.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said if there was to be a prorogation at all, the discussion should at once take place. The intention of the member for Sherbrooke showed that he proposed to be an obstruction by making further statements at a future period. He had no right to falter with the House, but ought to have been in his place to discuss the matter. It was a well known practice of British Parliament that there was seldom discussion on concurrence and never on the Bill. If he did not forget, the hon. gentleman had himself proposed protective duties on Canadian flour and wheat, and carried it. Did it lie in his mouth to sneer now at this policy? As a statesman he had introduced this very policy. The course taken by the Government was plain and defensible, and he could defend it even in Lambton. Those who usually acted with him (Mr. Mackenzie) would tell him he was wrong, and that the rural constituencies knew he was wrong, and he might use all his influence, and it was great, he could not change it. He (Sir John) appealed to every man who represented a rural constituency, if they did not all support the Government policy—the Canadian policy (no, no.) When great popular pressure was brought to bear upon the Government to retaliate against the illiberal policy of the United States, the Government of which he and the member for Sherbrooke were members resisted the pressure, believing that the irritation in the United States would cease. They had then to suffer obloquy from the member for Lambton and his leader, Hon. George Brown [hear hear]. They had then sent the member for Sherbrooke and Howland to Washington and they went before the Committee of Ways and Means, for which they had no warrant from the Canadian Government. The Government had gone to the very verge of humiliation to obtain reciprocity, and had been taunted with having gone all the length. Now there were fitful attempts by the United States to renew reciprocity, and they had met all these readily. The correspondence which they had had with the United States were confidential, and as men of honour they were bound to keep these secret. As long as there was a channel of hope for renewal they were willing to bear all opprobium of having been faithless to Canada, but now they could demand the support of the House and country in this matter. They would no longer be made the playthings of political parties in a neighbouring republic, and were determined to have a policy of their own. Look at the fisheries which had been left to their mercies year after year. Look to all the interests of the country sacrificed. He had counselled conciliation; but now when a cry comes from one end of the country to the other, they felt bound that the wishes of the people should be granted. He knew the country would support them, and they could show that this policy had been carried against the opposition of the members for Chateauguay and Lambton, and their friends, and show that they were no longer to be trampled on. They might sneer at petitions in support of the policy, and if not, a hen or a chicken, or butter and cheese were to be allowed to enter the United States, without a heavy tax, they could also do the same thing, and if there was to be a war of tariff, so be it. As to the determination yesterday afternoon they had a fixed policy, but rather than risk the loss of all, they were willing to abandon the duties on coal and wheat. But during recess they found their friends were true to the national policy [laughter]. They might laugh, but the House would show that it was true. Those who might suffer from some particular articles would cheerfully yield to the necessities of the boon for a great benefit. They had adopted such a policy as would commend itself to the country. They had put the fisheries in a proper position, and other interests the same. If ever the member from Lambton were shaken from his throne, it would be by having sold himself body and soul against the wishes of his constituents.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT questioned the generosity of the Minister of Justice, attributing to him [Sir A. T. Galt] the policy adopted while he was in office, and for which he was not perhaps as responsible as other members of the Government. Besides the Minister of Justice had, the next year, when he [Sir A. T. Galt] was out of office, had rescinded that policy [hear.] It was absurd to suppose the United States could be coerced by trumpery duties of four cents a bushel on wheat, and other duties of like amount. He held it would be dangerous to carry out a retaliatory policy with regard to Canadian fisheries. He contended the House were entitled to know all about the Reciprocity negotiations, as they were now concluded. He denied that he [Sir A. T. Galt] and Hon. Mr. Howland had gone beyond instructions in communicating with the Committee on Ways and Means at Washington. There was no truth in the statement as they placed themselves in communication with the British Minister at Washington, and had acted with him. He thought after all the changes, the Government should have a little more time to consider the resolutions to see whether they desired further changes.

The division was then taken on Mr. MACDONALD'S [Glengarry] amendment that flour and meal be added to the free list, and resulted in the loss of the motion by a majority of 8. Yeas, 73, Nays, [illegible]

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that it was desirably to have a direct vote on the motion of the Finance Minister. He therefore moved "the previous question."

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD called on the friends of the Government to vote nay.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he was sorry to hear this appeal to the friends of the Government to vote against the Government's own proposition. The Finance Minister at any rate was bound to support the proposal he had made yesterday.

Hon. Mr ANGLIN (amidst considerable excitement), called on the members for New Brunswick to vote yea, against the policy of the Government, which would act so injuriously on that Province. He felt himself justified in doing this, as only three New Brunswick members had voted against the original motion. One of these was a minister; another was in receipt of $3,600 annually from Government for doing he [Mr. Anglin] did not know what, and the other supported the Government on all occasions.

Hon. Mr. RYAN said the hon. member could vote as he liked and do as he liked in and out of the House, and did not care a snap for the hon. member for Gloucester. The hon. gentleman could not "snub" him (Hon. Mr. Ryan), (there). He believed it to the interest of the Dominion to vote as he did.

Mr. McDONALD (Lunenburg) said the members for Nova Scotia could do their own voting and thinking without advice from the member for Gloucester.

After some further discussion the members were called in and the following division resulted—Yeas, 64; nays, [illegible]

Majority for tariff as first introduced 24.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that the words "coal and coke per ton 50 cents" be struck out of the resolution, and also the words "wheat per bushel four cents."

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT raised a point of order that the House had just decided that the previous question should be put now, and had not stated the motion putting it.

Hon. Mr. WOOD quoted May in defence of this point of order.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD acknowledged the point of order to be a good one.

The SPEAKER decided in accordance.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved to refer the resolutions back to a Committee of the Whole to make certain changes in the duties on salt, Old Tom Gin, &c.

Hon. Sir ALEXANDER TILLOCH GALT maintained that this motion was out of order, as the last vote of the House had decided that the vote of the day should not be put.

Some discussion arose when the point was declared out of order, the Speaker ruling that the order of the day should stand when Hon. Sir Francis Hincks moved his amendment to the original resolution on Tuesday.

The House adjourned at 3:45

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April [illegible]

Yesterday p.m. a man named [illegible] jumped into the bay, intending to commit suicide, but was rescued by two men, [illegible] repeated the attempt, and had to be [illegible] prevented from carrying out his purpose.

Mr. John Murphy read an essay on the subject of "Royal Visits," before the Young Men's Christian Association.

A mad dog was destroyed by the police to-day—several persons having narrowly escaped being bitten by the animal.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April [illegible]

The *Minerva* arrived at Quebec [illegible]

The S. S. *Ansboreon* arrived at [illegible] 4 15 a. m., reports having passed the Ship *Perilee Chippewa* of Liverpool [illegible]

FATHER POINT.

FATHER POINT, April [illegible]

Cloudy and dull. No wind. No shipping.

RIVER DU LOUP.

RIVER DU LOUP, April [illegible]

Weather clear and beautiful. Light West wind.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Mr. Bernal Osborne has been awarded the seat in the House of Commons for Waterford Ireland.

The Telegraph Construction Company leased the steamship *Great Eastern* for years to be used in laying submarine [illegible]

The new Egyptian loan recently placed on the markets here is at a premium.

The world congress chess players has been summoned at Baden on the 16th of July.

The ship *Tamerlane* from Havana, [illegible] ed at sea on the 27th of March; her captain and crew have been landed at Dover.

Edmonia Lewis the coloured American sculptor, has received orders from the Marquis of Bute, the well known patron of art, for works from his chisel.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

THURSDAY, APRIL 28,

Will be presented the Petite Comedy of the

DUMB BELLE

To conclude with, by special request, the [illegible] Act Farcical Melodrama, entitled

THE SNOWBIRD.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, [illegible] Seats can be secured at [illegible] Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.............. [illegible]

April 28, 1870.

WANTED.

Wanted immediately four first class JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.

Apply to BLYTH & [illegible], Wellington [illegible]

Ottawa, April 26, 1870.

WANTED.

A FURNISHED PARLOUR and [illegible] four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the [illegible] House.

Apply at THE TIMES OFFICE

1243 6

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails during Session of Parliament.

[illegible]

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland, Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every [illegible] at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by [illegible] will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this office [illegible] at the rate of Four per cent [illegible] deposits can be withdrawn [illegible] Five per cent. will be allowed [illegible] deposits in sums of $100, for the [illegible] of which 3 months' notice will [illegible]

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

[illegible] 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

[illegible] 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., [illegible] 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., [illegible]

[illegible] trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points East and West.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of [illegible]

A. & H. TAYLOR, A[illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

Over 150 Packages new Goods at [illegible] Mutchmor & Co. Full [illegible] every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings [illegible] speciality. The largest stock of New [illegible] and lowest prices in the city at [illegible] Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of [illegible] and Mantles, and the crowds of [illegible] admiring the Spring Fashions at [illegible] Mutchmor & Co.

[illegible] of this season's Lettuce, R[illegible] [illegible] &c., at J. B. Buss & [illegible] Elgin street.

DRILL.—The usual drill was gone through by the 60th on Parliament square [illegible] day.

THE DELEGATES.—Judge Black, [illegible] Richot and A. H. Scott, interviewed [illegible] E. Cartier yesterday.

UPPER OTTAWA NAVIGATION.—The Ottawa steamers are all plying between ports—as far north as has been [illegible]

GOOD BEEF.—On the market yesterday a couple of fine oxen. Some competition made for their purchase—they were bought by James Connolly.

ELECTED.—Mr Kirkpatrick was elected for the county of Frontenac—beating [illegible] Mr. Casterick, by the large [illegible] of 352. So much for Radicalism.

WARNED AGAIN.—The Dominion 'L'Canadienne' has proceeded [illegible] St. Lawrence to do its summer duties [illegible] the fish ties of the lower Province.

AN ACQUISITION.—Our contemporary *Evening Mail* is afflicted with some scribbler who fails to entrance; sensational [illegible] He knows nothing of journalism most likely never will know.

DON'T FORGET.—Bermingham has a sale to-day at 11 a.m., of furniture the residence of G. H. Desbarats, Esq. street. Fine bargains can be had, look out sharp.

BURGLARY.—Mr. Jeremiah Evans [illegible] people who broke into his house last [illegible] and stole $100 in money from his bedroom. The boy's name is Vick, and has since [illegible] with another. Ingratitude [illegible] to the crime—the first the baser.

THE HIGH WATER.—In consequence of high water, a slide at the mouth of [illegible] was carried away. Means have been taken for immediate repair, and the [illegible] will not suffer materially by this.

THE BOOM.—A boom belonging [illegible] on the river Bonnechere near [illegible] on Saturday last. The result [illegible] to a carding and fulling [illegible] belonging to John Childerhouse. [illegible] of timber broke loose, and [illegible] was sustained.

[illegible]—Our readers will [illegible] the great auction sale of choice [illegible] in the village of Gorebourough [illegible] at the Russell House corner, on [illegible] at 11 o'clock, a.m. Parties desiring [illegible] the location will find full particulars in Mr. B. A. Bradley's advertisement [illegible]

[illegible]—Dr. Codd [illegible] volunteers from the Garrison for the Red River expedition [illegible] will be an assembly of the [illegible] on Friday next, when Lt. Col. [illegible] Forrest will make a selection [illegible] of those fitted to go.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Closed A.M.		Closed P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	8.00	11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon	9.00	Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.		11.30	5.30
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			
11.30	12 Noon	9.30	St. John, N. B., daily	8.00	11.30	5.30
8.00		3.00	United States		11.30	5.30
7.00			Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			
			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage	8.00	11.30	5.30
7.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.00
7.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			5.30
7.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and [illegible]			
6.00		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—*Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.*

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Leave .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

DRILL.—The usual drill was gone through by the 60th on Parliament square, yesterday.

THE DELEGATES. Judge Black, Father Richot and A. H. Scott, interviewed Sir Geo. E. Cartier yesterday.

UPPER OTTAWA NAVIGATION.—The upper Ottawa steamers are all plying between their usual ports—as far north as has been applied for.

GOOD BEEF.—On the market yesterday were a couple of fine oxen. Some competition was made for their purchase—they were, at last, bought by James Connolly.

ELECTED.—Mr Kirkpatrick was elected for the county of Frontenac—beating his opponent, Mr Cartwright, by the large majority of 352. So much for Radicalism.

WEIGHED ANCHOR.—The Dominion schooner "L. Canadienne" has proceeded down the St. Lawrence to do its summer duties in protecting the fisheries of the lower Provinces.

AN ACQUISITION.—Our contemporary, the *Evening Mail* is afflicted with some school boy who inflicts untrue personalities on the public. He knows nothing of journalism—and, most likely never will know.

DON'T FORGET.—Bermingham has an extensive sale to-day at 11 a. m., of furniture at the residence of G. E. Desbarats, Esq, Daly street. Fine bargains can be had, therefore look out sharp.

BURGLARY. Mr. Jeremiah Evans had a protege who broke into his house last night, and stole $100 in money from his benefactor. The boy's name is Vick, and has since been arrested with another. Ingratitude is added to the crime—the first the baser.

THE HIGH WATER.—In consequence of the high water, a slide at the mouth of Muskrat river was carried away. Means have been taken for immediate repair, and the timber trade will not suffer materially by the occurrence.

BOOM BROKE.—A boom belonging to Mr. [illegible] on the river Bonnechere near Eganville broke on Saturday last. The result was serious injury to a carding and fulling mill belonging to John Childerhouse. A large quantity of timber broke loose, and a serious loss has been sustained.

GOREBOROUGH.—Our readers will please not forget the great auction sale of choice building sites in the village of Goreborough, to take place at the Russell House corner, on Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock, a.m. Parties desiring to examine the location will find full particulars in Mr. R. A. Bradley's advertisement in another column.

MEDICAL INSPECTION.—Dr. Codd inspected several volunteers from the Garrison Artillery for the Red River expedition yesterday. There will be an assembly of them at the Drill Shed on Friday next, when Lieutenant Colonel Forrest will make a selection out of the number of those fitted to go.

DROWNED.—A man named Louis Perrault, from Quebec, while in the employ of Mr. J. Findlay, while engaged in rafting timber on Thursday last, at the head of the Des Joachim rapids, was drowned. His body was recovered almost immediately after, and interred at Rockliffe.—*Pembroke Observer.*

CORRECTION.—In giving the names of the Delegates chosen to represent the Canadian Medical Association, at the meeting of the American Medical Association at Washington, a slight inaccuracy occurred. The representatives named were nominated by the President, the Hon. Chas. Tupper, C.B., and not chosen by the Association.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The audience was not as good last night as it should have been. The programme was slightly changed. "The Rough Diamond"—and "The Swiss Cottage," two good farces having been substituted for "Meg's Diversion." The burlesque of "Black-eyed Susan," wound up the evening's entertainment. We hope that a better patronage will be extended to this excellent Company.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday.—Joseph Leclaire was brought up for an assault on his wife. In justification he said that every time he came home drunk at night, his wife and son "reconstructed" him with a broomstick and poker, and that he merely asserted his mastership of the domicile by giving his better *half no quarters.* The Cadi took a different view of the question, and wished to supplement the Corporation funds to the extent of $2 00 Mr. Leclaire could'nt see it, and the expenses of the Corporation will be supplemented for his board in jail—one week.

George Stockend was charged with having committed an assault. The party claiming to have been assaulted was proven to have been the assaulter, and he was *mulcted* in the costs.

Francois Dupont and Camille Brazeau "flung themselves" on some good old Rye. They came to recruit at the Union House, and endeavoured to *Riel-ize* the entire establishment. They were interviewed by policeman Graham and became boisterously dignified. Chief Langrell called on Graham to bring them over to the station house. This was a tocsin. They took flight up Queen street, pursued by Graham. Constable Pinard took a buggy and headed them off near Bank street. The two fellows were brought to Court in time to get, each, one week in gaol.

OTTAWA LITERARY —AND— SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting for the election of officers for the ensuing year will be held in the Lecture Room, Sparks street, on FRIDAY, the 29th of April, instant, at 7½ p. m.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

1344 2

To Let.

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

A HOUSE TO LET

In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces, Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds, and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at G. MORTIMER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor.

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

THE ELEMENTARY CLASSES FOR PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION,

Commence THIS DAY at GOWAN'S HALL, at 3.30 p. m.

See advertisement in another column.

H R FRIPP,

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 $ y

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1330tf

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two Th[illegible] Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the [illegible] Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $90; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $ 00

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A. Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

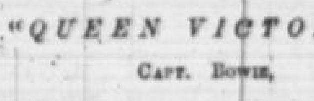
THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

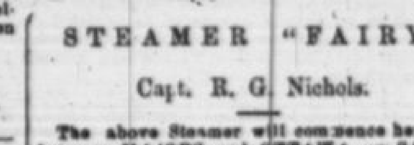
"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

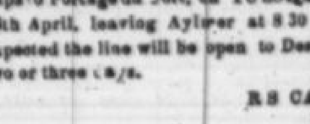
Capt. R. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 10 30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa April 22, 1870 1339tf

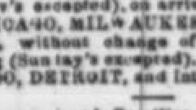


NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8 30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station at the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Book Case, Books, Clock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES, in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are shewing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE *CLOTHING DEPARTMENT*

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.*

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT, MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL, C L BERNARD, MR KIMBER, MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles, CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

---

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT CATALOGUE SALE OF VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,

Carpets, Window Hangings, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Bedroom Furniture, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, &c, to be held on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, a m, at the residence of GEORGE E DESBARATS, Esq, Daly street.

The sale of Paintings will commence at 12 o'clock noon. The Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, &c, immediately after, when the sale of Furniture will be resumed. All will be on view the day previous to sale from two to six p. m. Catalogues will be ready, and may be had from the undersigned on and after Monday next, the 25th inst. and at the house on the day of sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339td

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MACEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

this Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

LEA & PERRINS'

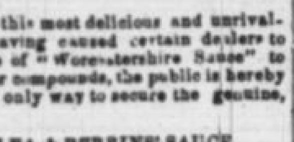
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 3ly1236 law

---

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from the REV. C. P. STREET, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, late residence of Mr. Roderick Ross, on MONDAY, the second day of May, at one o'clock p m., all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Centre Tables Dining Tables, Sideboards, Side Tables, Cane Seat, and other Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, Kitchen Furniture, and many other miscellaneous articles; also will be offered at the same time about sixty volumes of Theological works and other Books; and a fine English Piano, and a splendid silver mounted Flute, cost 50 dollars. Also, a Cooking Stove Box Stoves and a quantity of Stovepipes.

Sale positive and without reserve

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343td

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE —OF— BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 30th of April, at ten o'clock, a m, all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Set in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Funiture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention, together with a lot of Carpeting, Gas Fixtures and Glass, Chandeliers; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

1341 6

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

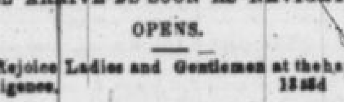
Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf



FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1325d

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from J. T. BARTRAM, Esq., to sell by public auction at his residence, eastern side of Metcalfe street, between Maria and Slater streets, on SATURDAY, the 30th April, instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., a general assortment of Household Furniture of the best quality.

Sale positive. Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 26, 1870. 1343td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES TO BE GIVEN AWAY —ON— THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street, has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions; Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c, may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.

Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents the following celebrated Pianos:

CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM.

—ALSO—

Gabler and Raines' Pianos,
Mason and Hamlin's Organs,
Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also, PIANOS FOR HIRE, With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 13, 1870. 1254 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 1s 3m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 22, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER. Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870, 18 3

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up of a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Brittannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street, C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CONTROL OFFICE, CANADA, Montreal, 23rd April, 1870.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the

DEPUTY CONTROLLER,

will be received at the above office until noon of

Saturday, the 30th instant,

For the following supplies, viz:

Biscuit, about			160,000 lbs
Beans,	do		22,000 quarts
Tea,	do		13,000 lbs
Sugar,	do		23 000 lbs
Salt,	do		2,000 lbs
Pepper,	do		300 lbs
Tobacco,	do		3,000 lbs
Soap,	do		2,000 lbs
Tin Canisters capable of holding 12½ lbs tea			170
Do	do	do 40 lbs sugar	140
Do	do	do 1 lb pepper	140

Samples of the above to accompany the tenders.

Tenders will at the same time be received for the supply of live cattle at Fort William, Lake Superior.

Forms of tender, conditions of contract, and all further information required may be obtained on application at the Control Offices Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto and Ottawa.

The Deputy Controller reserves the right of accepting the tender for each article separately, and of rejecting any or all tenders.

B H MARTINDALE, Dep'ty Controller.

1342 4

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, April 28, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 50	@ 4 75
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 25	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 100 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 60	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring "	1 00	@ 0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 60	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@ 0 00
PROVISIONS—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@ 0 20
No. 1 Firkin	[illegible]	@ 0 20
" 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 15	@ 0 00
apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 50
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@ 10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides.		
Green—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Everybody says so.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast*.—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, [illegible] Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. [illegible] Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

Sunstroke.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Disabled Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

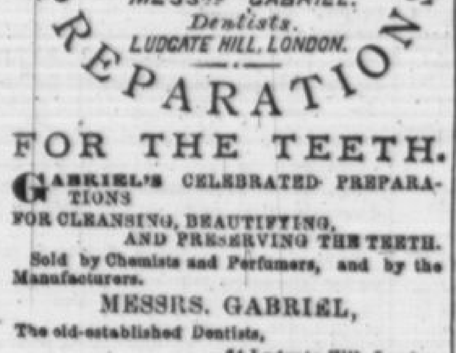
By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b



FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. [illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

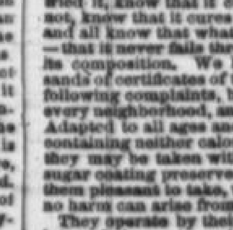
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

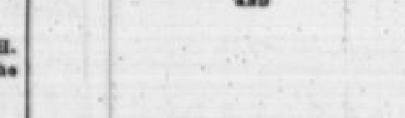
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks treet,
Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 60c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 75c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
15 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and, calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to
P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

J. BAIRD, MD, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 13 3m

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 459y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

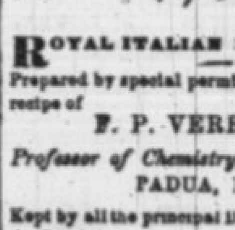
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or [illegible] & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS In town.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets; 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible].

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

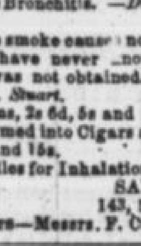
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jn2-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office [illegible] Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, [illegible] 2, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music,

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science*.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease,
Cure for Consumption.

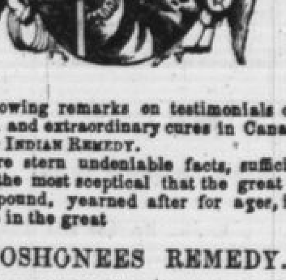
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer t[illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

WANTED,

Information of JAMES and FRANCIS BOYLE from Lindley, Huddersfield, England, and if they will correspond with their friends or with JOSHUA MORTON, Glen Tay, P O, Township of Bathurst, Ont., they will hear of something to their advantage.

13 1 J MORTON.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq, A McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is consistent with safety shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust any important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of [illegible] requested to call and judge for themselves [illegible] your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted and [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and [illegible] stantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and [illegible]
P. BASKERVILLE [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable [illegible] intenseness of its pain [illegible] attack, may be cured [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely [illegible] and contains nothing which [illegible] system either by outward or [illegible] Try it and you will not be disappointed. [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
[illegible]

1364 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 [illegible] and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 18[illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1345. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,
...ington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
...December 29, 1869. 1218,t

...WHELAN,
... RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
...ING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ...Liquors Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*
...SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
...numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.
...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... quite fresh and cheap.
...COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground and roasted daily* on premises.
...Cognac Brandies; Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
...HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
...WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, Sauternes and Madeira Wines ...prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY
...proof and ..., at extremely low prices.
...'s and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and
...'s Irish Whiskey.
...Old Irish Potteen.
...and London Porter, pts and qts.
...and other Ales.
...and Syrups, all grades.
...prices.
...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...ELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
... 1195

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY
...ated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada
...OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treas... ...FOOTE & THOMSON, T H DUNN
...ING, Manager. 1141tf

...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI...N STORES AND OTHERS.
...give notice of my intention to supply ... mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, ...KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.
...of trade during the last four years ...pelled me to enlarge my manufactory ... to make the wholesale trade my ...purpose.
...I have now is undoubtedly the largest, and the question of quality is readily ... by making known the fact that I raise my ... from seed procured at any expense ... it is the best; they will therefore ...favorable comparison with any imported.
...advantage, I think, cannot fail to ... those who may favor me with their orders.
...NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ..., Park street, Ottawa,* or direct Box ..., Ottawa.
...factory on the bank of the Rideau
...Empty Pickle bottles collected ... highest prices given. 1128y

...EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
...at, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA.
...End of Little Sussex-st.
...advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
...EASTON. R. M. EASTON.

...RS. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
...more gentlemen can be accommodated ... comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... will find superior accommodation ... by the day or week at moderate terms.
...B—This house is situated in the immediate ...ity of the Parliament Buildings and the ...al banks. 219tf

Educational.

...ANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
...Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... an accomplished lady teacher, announces ...her Dancing Classes will commence on ...Monday, the 22nd instant.
...urther particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
...ttawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

...IANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ...wa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ...patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ...to their orders for tuning more promptly ...heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

...SICAL ACADEMY.
...GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe... a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o... Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau... corner of King-street. ...June 23, 1868. 775y

...O. HAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
...Bank street, Centre Town,
...BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

...DERICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
...Street, next to the City Hotel,
Ottawa.
...the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ... and attending to their rafts while passing ... of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Walter Smith, Esq.
R W Cruice, Esq.
1334tf

...TERS, GAME, POULTRY and...
...igned begs to inform the public ... always on hand, in season, a large ...store, which will be sold as cheap, ...than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturer and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK
DONE AT
ESMONDE'S.
LOOK OUT FOR THE
POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
AND BUY NO OTHER,
ALSO
THE KEDZIE FILTER,
An immense quantity of
BATHS,
In a few days at
ESMONDE'S

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 14th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000), U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager,
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, st. John street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.
Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.
CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.
Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.
IMMENSE SALE OF
BUFFALO ROBES,
I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 40 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.
Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

WANTED,
A BUTLER.
Good testimonials indispensable. Apply to APT. HINCKS, Victoria street. 1332tf

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOUND.
On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

TO LET.
SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

TO LET.
The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $220 per annum. Possession on 1st May.
Apply to
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.
To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to
MRS T A CUMMING,
1337tf Metcalfe Street.

TO LET.
From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to
R HARDY.
Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.
A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to
JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
1306tM1 Sussex street.

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1292t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

HOUSE TO LET.
MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

TO LET.
A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—5 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c., and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.
Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's building, now occupied by Wm Allen
Application to
D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED—Large Red, White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour, No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons, and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS;
PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."
SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.
BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.
GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried. 2nd class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,
RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."
OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,
GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order
CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make
WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,
WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.
COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. *It will recommend itself*
TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.
SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.
TOBACCOS, a full assortment.
REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.
FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,
FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.
GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin
SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength
FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.
LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.
BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.
3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Bronzing or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.
On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

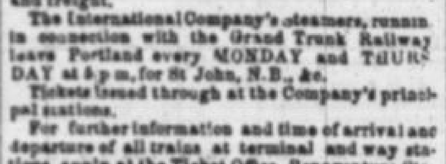
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rosalters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 00
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rosalters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a.m.
Night do do do do do 7:30 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a.m.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a.m.
Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a.m.
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a.m.
Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p.m. via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 3 a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p.m.
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p.m. for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869
MAIN LINE.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.45 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 00 p m, p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.35 p m
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 4.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 5.25 p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.
On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:
Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamer *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.
Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.30 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on
TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,
For the Supply of
700 BEADSTEADS,
With Hair Mattresses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums
Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.
JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1330 & 183

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.
THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.
WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.
The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.
The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges
BOXER CARTRIDGES of .450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.
COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.
PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.
Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.
ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.
Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.
Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.
Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.
The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.
The Commissioners also give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.
Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 2[illegible] miles.
Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.
Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.
Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.
The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.
Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Section Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.
Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.
Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.
A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.
CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN,
NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.
On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2
On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4 5, 6.
On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 14, 15, 16, 17.
Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,
By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.
Department of the Secretary of State Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NEW ENTERPRISE.
LADIES OUTFITTING
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT
NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,
OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.
This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following
ANNOUNCEMENTS.
The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our
GOODS ARE CHEAP
Everything known under the general term of
LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
—AND—
BABY LINEN,
Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
ONLY ONE PRICE,
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES
We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.
R L JAMES & CO.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1329y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND
COFFEE,
At the Agency of the
India and China Tea Company,
BANGS BLOCK.
Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.
Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.
Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS
ROOM PAPERS!
The largest and best assorted stock of
ROOM PAPERS
ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.
The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.
Another lot is daily expected from England
25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER
To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,
57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S
M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.
This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.
The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.
Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.
Terms $2 00 per day,
Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.
Halifax. April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT
In aid of the rebuilding of the
AYLMER CONVENT,
Will be held in the
TOWN OF AYLMER,
—ON—
SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.
Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Railroading.

The railways of Great Britain and Ireland are 13,544 miles in length, and for the week ending April 1, received for freight and passage money $3,783,960, or $229 50 a mile.

About four hundred men are now at work between Elkhorn and Eagle, Wisconsin, building the railroad, and the work is progressing finely all along the line. The road will be completed by September.

General Beauregard is at Marseilles, in connection with a scheme for the construction of a Southern Pacific Railroad from Charleston to Sacramento. It is also rumoured that the Pasha of Egypt has offered him a commission in his army.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas and the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf roads will both be completed to the Southern boundary of Kansas in six days. The former road is surveying its line through the Indian Territory, and have stuck their stakes as far as Fort Gibson.

Richard Coe, of Philadelphia, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling about $40,000 from the Shamokin & Trevorton Railroad Company, the Mahanoy Valley Railroad Company, the East Mahanoy Railroad Company, the Mahanoy & Broad Mountain Railroad Company, and the Colebrookdale Railroad Company, of each of which he was Treasurer. Speculating in stocks explains it.

Notwithstanding the heavy storms, the last of which left two feet of snow on the Central Pacific Railroad, the transcontinental trains have run regularly on time, without an exception, during the Winter. One of the objections to the Pacific Railway, on which most stress was formerly laid, was that during a considerable part of the year the line would be blocked up either in the passes of the Rocky Mountains or those of the Sierra Nevada. This fear is now happily dispelled. At least a worse season than the one just over will be needed to give it foundation for the future.

The Milwaukee *Wisconsin* of the 15th, says: "Mr. O. H. Waldo, President of the Northern Railway Company has just returned from a personal examination of that line of road for about half the distance from Milwaukee to the line of the Sheboygan and Fond du Lac Road. A full engineer corps have been at work for ten days making a careful and thorough survey. So far as they have progressed, the route turns out to be an exceedingly favourable one—even more favourable for cheap construction than was anticipated. The line is already virtually located from Milwaukee to Cedarburg, and the company expect within a few days to conclude a contract for the construction of the road to that point with responsible parties who have already made a proposition to take that job. In the mean time a thorough survey is being made of two different lines beyond Cedar Creek to the Sheboygan Road. The company intend to proceed carefully—locating the line only after full survey. There is now great reason to hope that the company will be justified in building by way of Port Washington and Sheboygan Falls."

The President and the People on the Income tax.

It is denied that the President is opposed to the income tax, and it is stated that he wishes to have the taxes reduced to three per cent. instead of five, with two thousand dollars exception, and the removal of some other odious features. He would then like to have it continued three years. He thinks that at the end of three years the condition of the Treasury will be such as to justify the repeal of the tax entirely.

Such is the information that comes to us by telegraph, upon what authority is not stated, except that the President expressed such views in a conversation. We give it for what it is worth, merely suggesting, however, that it would hardly be just to accept the statement as a fair exposition of the President's views upon so important a question. But, if the President does hold such opinions upon the necessity or desirability of retaining the income tax, we cannot see that it has any very decisive bearing upon the subject. The people are as well able to judge as the President himself, for, unless the figures put out in the recent Treasury statements have lied,—which such figures especially ought not to do,—they have as much and as good information upon which to base their opinions as he has. The people are generally right, be it observed, when they are at all agreed upon any public question, and the demand for the abrogation of the income tax is all but universal. Every day we find new evidence of this state of popular feeling. Right to our hand, and at this moment we find the staid Boston *Journal* urging General Butler to push his resolution abolishing the income tax, and assuring him that "the people will sustain him in doing so. The business men who are disgusted with this inquisitorial, obnoxious, unconstitutional tax, should back him up well with remonstrances against its re enactment." Another good Republican paper calls upon Congress to at once abolish the odious income tax, which has been tolerated only as a war measure. It begs the Republican majority in Congress to "be warned in time, and obey the voice of the people, whose agents they are, before it bid them depart as unprofitable servants."

This is only a sample, but a fair sample, of the views expressed by the most influential Republican journals. It is likely, however, that some of the well-meaning, but less independent sort, will follow the President in this matter, if it shall turn out that he does favour a retention of the income tax; but will such papers then be reflecting the popular as well as the Presidential sentiment? We think not. The popular sentiment, in so far as it has found expression, calls for putting an immediate stop to the income tax, without grace. No half-way measure, no killing it by degrees, will satisfy them. But it is not to be denied that some of the smaller Republican papers have advocated this tax on the ground that the great mass of the American people are not affected by it, and indirectly hint that therefore it should not be abolished, as the party would have about as many votes any way. In opposition to such demagogical arguments, a correspondent of the New York *Tribune* very aptly suggests that the Republican party can afford to act justly. It is, moreover, he adds "a great mistake to suppose that the bulk of our citizens are not inconvenienced by this tax. The writer has seen for a number of years its working, and knows the inconvenience and vexation it causes. Returns have to be made, and many vexatious questions answered, *whether there is any tax to pay or not.* Family and private matters have to be laid open to the inspection of officials and the public, and this fact alone is sufficient to make the law odious. There is a universal feeling against its continuance, and Congress should act accordingly."

This is the popular state of feeling, not only with the enemies, but with the friends of Congress and the Administration, as well as with that large class of citizens who are indifferent to political parties. It will be only the part of wisdom for our friends at Washington to heed and respond quickly and favourably to the public demand. Down with the Income Tax!—*Buffalo Express.*

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING
AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Dwellings to Let—J J Murphy
Bank of British North America—R W Bradford

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

THE HONORABLE MEMBER FOR HOCHELAGA.

A writer in *Stewart's Magazine* speaks in very flattering terms of the Canada House of Commons. He, nevertheless, takes the precaution of saying that every member of that High Court is not endowed with wisdom. Where there is majesty, there is wisdom, and where there is wisdom, there must, of course, be folly. It is needless to particularise the extreme cases either of folly or of wisdom in the House of Commons of Canada, but it is impossible to overlook the fact that gentlemen, who ordinarily are not amendable to the charge of inconsiderately indulging in stupid platitudes and ill-natured personalities, have lately forgotten that loftiness of attitude, alike due to their own character and to their character as leaders of the Opposition. Than the member for Hochelaga, there is possibly no more honorable man in the House of Commons. His high personal character, his parliamentary knowledge and ability, his learning, and his general bearing have all contributed to exalt the name of Dorion. However much the honorable member for Hochelaga may have been opposed to the measures of an opponent, he has, as a rule, been courteous in his opposition. His irony has been directed against a measure; never against the man. His, has been an opposition, the result of circumstances, not the emanation of vanity or disappointment, or spite, or ignorant ill-nature. Mr. Dorion has hitherto never forgotten that a leader of the opposition should be a statesman. He has ever conducted himself with dignity, and has been above reproach. Incorruptible he has not been weak enough to charge others with that of which he himself is incapable. The man seems, however, recently to have undergone a complete change. Mr. Dorion occupies the same seat as he usually does and looks as usual statuesquely grave. There is some change in him nevertheless. His language is more bitter than it formerly was, and he descends to personalities—low vile, particular allusions, which, if uttered in Billingsgate might be mistaken for the utterances of a woman. The shrill screaming tone in which he spoke of the humiliation of Sir Francis Hincks, with whom he had once been politically allied, because that gentleman has consented to assist in ruling the country under the leadership of Sir John A. Macdonald, and to recognise a power in Sir George E. Cartier, which it would be as unjust as unwise to disregard, on Wednesday evening last, was very much to be regretted. It was as much so as the sectional animus which he attempted to arouse in pitting the coal of Nova Scotia against the interests of New Brunswick and Quebec. He stated that Ontario was conceding tariff privileges to Nova Scotia, to the serious injury of the two other Provinces of the Dominion, and that in such concession the Honorable Minister of Finance was acting contrary to his political conscience, and merely acting in obedience to the commands of the Ministers of Militia and Justice. Assuredly this would be humiliating on the part of Sir Francis Hincks. If Sir Francis Hincks were merely the confidential treasurer—the political steward—of the two leaders of the House of Commons, he would certainly have humiliated himself, and he would have lowered the political standing of those whom he seemed to serve. Sir Francis Hincks, however, sees in these two Ministers not the men Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier, but a political idea which this country needs. He perceives that they are the rulers, whom the country has selected to govern at this moment, and that there are none like them to govern should they fail to do so. He stands towards this Ministry in a closer relationship certainly, but otherwise in precisely the same position as he did in 1854, when after surrendering power himself, he considered it expedient to sustain the Morin-McNab administration. He sacrificed himself for the sake of the country. He cared more for Canada than for himself. He had then, as he has now, higher aims than that of personal agrandizement, which those who covet the most never reach. Sir Francis Hincks was not open to the reproach of Mr. Dorion, and we cannot but regret that that reproach should, in its re-action, in any way effect the high character of the honorable member for Hochelaga.

A case of conscience is about to occur. Years ago indemnity was exacted from China for damages inflicted by that Government on American citizens. All the claims have been paid off, but $400,000 still remain as a surplus and it was proposed to pass a law covering it into the treasury. After a thorough discussion of the subject the Senate Committee authorised Senator Sumner to report a joint resolution providing for the return of this money to the Chinese Government. They maintain that it rightfully belongs to that Government, all the claims of our citizens having been satisfied. If the resolution passes Congress it will be the first instance where a government has returned the money that remained after all the claims of its citizens had been adjusted.

MR. JOHN REED.

Poetry—especially ballad poetry—is that species of literature which, in the earliest stages of civilisation, is the most common. As civilisation advances men begin to reason, to speak of cause and effect, to decide and to infer, and to grapple with facts. This they almost necessarily do in prose. There is, however, a poetry far above that which is peculiar to incipient civilisation. The poetry of Shakespeare or that of Byron, or of Walter Savage Landor, to say nothing of the highly polished productions of Moore, Scott, or Campbell, or the grand outbursts of Burns or Beranger, show evidences of as much acquired written knowledge as of surrounding nature, blended with unwritten or traditionary lore, in the description of things past or present.

In this Dominion the poetic element is cropping out strongly, but it is of a kind much above that of Ossian, or some of the earlier Welsh bards, as it is, doubtless, somewhat inferior to that of Goethe or Shakespeare.

Mr. James Reed, who is already most favourably known, not merely as a versifier, but as a poet, has produced some strikingly grand fugitive pieces, and now contemplates writing a book.

He is possessed of much power. From some fly-sheets of the new book, in which is a portion of "The Prophecy of Merlin" we take this sample:—

"But when the fiery wave of war has washed
The world, as gold from which the dross is burned,
The nations shall rise purer, and men's hearts
Shall fear the touch of wrong; the slave ashamed
And angry once to see the pitiless sun
Smile on his chains, shall leap and sing for joy.
Free thought shall take the ancient shield of Truth
And make it bright, showing the Artist's work,
Long hid by stains and rust from longing eyes;
And hoary ills shall die, and o'er their graves
Shall bloom fair flowers, and trees of goodly fruit
To gladden and make strong the heart of man."

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier laid on the table the report of Mr. Donald A. Smith.

On concurrence in the report of the Committee of Ways and Means.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier moved in effect that coal, coke, and wheat be placed on the list of dutiable articles as in the original resolutions.

Hon. Mr. Holton moved that coal and coke be placed in the free list.

Mr. Magill strongly opposed a tax on coal as being injurious to Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Wood contended that the duty on coal would not be a benefit to any interest of the Provinces, but rather an injury.

Mr. Cartwright was opposed to a duty on necessaries.

Hon. Mr. Archibald contended that a national policy would benefit the whole Dominion.

Hon. Mr. McDougall opposed the Government policy, but would not like to see them displaced as he saw no political combination that could take their place. He thought the fate of the Government would be decided by their North West policy.

After recess,

Hon. Dr. Tupper made an eloquent defence of the Government and the national policy, and his own political course. He spoke over an hour, and was loudly applauded.

Fenianism

Hamilton Daily News.

There is nothing new in relation to the proceedings of the Fenians in the United States. Its spirit appears, however, to be fierce and rampant again in England. Seizures of arms have taken place at Manchester and other places, and the office of the *Pall Mall Gazette* was to be protected by an extra force of police, to prevent the execution of threats against the establishment, because of its bold advocacy of Mr. Gladstone's Irish Coercion Bill. The New York Convention was, at the latest accounts, still in session, but its members were by no means working together harmoniously. We should not be surprised if the whole thing ended in a grand quarrel and a complete fizzle. O'Neil will get the Senate deposed if he can, and the Senate will if possible, depose O'Neil Meantime, nobody is likely to be much hurt, and Canada will, in all human probability, remain unmolested for another year at least.

Opening of Navigation.

Navigation may now be considered fairly opened for the season. The first arrival was the schooner *Maple Leaf* from Collingwood on Saturday. The first departure, that of the *Hero*, Captain Meyers, for Colpoys Bay on Monday. This propeller has been thoroughly overhauled and fitted up, and will carry the mail to Colpoys Bay, in place of the *Champion*, which we notice is rapidly getting ready for sea. The *Francis Smith* started on her first trip on Monday evening, meeting with an accident on the way. The *Waubuno* started for Collingwood on Wednesday morning. The schooner *Maple Leaf*, having loaded wheat for Mr. James Sutherland, left again for Collingwood on Wednesday evening. The *Algoma*, which has been at Detroit during the winter, getting thoroughly overhauled, is on her way up to resume her regular trips.

The Fenians—Government will Protect the Frontier.

Washington, April 25—The British Minister and Secretary Fish have information that the Fenian leaders have named May 1st as the day when the raid will be made on the Canadian frontier. The United States authorities have provided means by which, the minute any warlike demonstration is made by the Fenians, they will promptly enforce the neutrality laws. Thus far copies of all secret documents issued by the Fenian officers have fallen into the hands of Secretary Fish and Mr. Thornton, and no movements have been made or contemplated of which they are not advised.

The proposed invasion of Canada has been postponed three times this month, probably on the account of the uncertainty connected with General O'Neill's re-election to the presidency of the Brotherhood; but it has now been definitely settled that the raid will be made on May 1st. There is no truth whatever in the Associated Press despatch from Montreal that Secretary Fish has telegraphed the Canadian authorities that the United States Government are unable to protect the Canadian frontier, and that they must be prepared to repel all invasions. Secretary Fish pronounces the despatch a canard, and without the shadow of a foundation. He says all attempts to violate the neutrality laws will be promptly met, and the parties engaged will be punished.

And now the New Zealanders want to crowd themselves into our family. The correspondent of the London *Times* in that colony writes: "The expediency of declaring the independency of the colony, of refusing to maintain the vice-regal establishment, and even of annexation with the United States, has been freely discussed, and it is only because the case of the colony appears to have attracted considerable attention, and called forth the sympathy of a large and influential section of the English people, that no decided steps have been taken in one of these directions"

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1234

Latest by Telegraph

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 28

Last night the weekly muster of the Queen's Own Rifles took place. The attendance was very small. The battalion is becoming demoralized, owing to official mismanagement, and disgust at the way the Red River expedition is being organized. Col. Gilmour addressed the battalion, contradicting the rumor which lately obtained currency, that he had refused to furnish men for the expedition. He spoke in terms of severe censure of the complaints freely made by volunteers with respect to their not having uniforms or light to drill by, &c., saying that their only duty was implicit obedience. Only four men have volunteered from this battalion, and just one of them has been recommended. The attestation to be taken before enlisting requires them to serve for Red River or elsewhere. They refuse to take such.

Deputy Assistant Commissioner General Marston left yesterday for Fort William, via Collingwood, to take charge of Government stores.

A telegraphic special from St. Paul says:

St. Paul, Minn.—The *Pioneer* thinks the Administration at Ottawa is evidently behind the people in putting down the Red River trouble. While the people are urging action the Government are dallying and losing time and inciting Fenian scares to take attention away from this and other matters. In the meantime settlers can with difficulty keep the Indians quiet, and the question is not so much whether Riel shall be suspended or troops admitted, as will the settlement be able to prosecute and survive an Indian campaign.

The 14th and 17th regiments of the United States infantry, lately ordered from Kentucky to this Department, are to be for service on the western Indian frontier, to meet expected Indian raids, and not for the Red River country as reported.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, April 28.

Arrived from sea, *Lady Westmoreland* from Isle aux Noix, and was sold yesterday for 3900 dollars.

Captains Ollyoh and Desalaberry proceeded yesterday accompanied by the band of the 69th regiment to St. Sauveur, and succeeded in recruiting about 50 men.

Le Canadien newspaper still events its abuse against every thing English.

A carter named Trudelle fell yesterday from his cart and broke his leg. A subscription is being raised for him.

At a meeting yesterday, it was decided to present an address to Arch Bishop Baillarges on his arrival from Rome.

The Clarendon hotel is rapidly approaching completion, and will be ready for the reception of visitors on the first of May. It has a splendid appearance.

In the court of Queen's Bench, the grand Jury returned true bills against Bis Belleau for breaking gaol and larceny, Drolet for rape and McConnell for forgery.

It is now investigating the Cardinal murder case.

Mr. Henri Taschereau is spoken of as Mayor.

In the Burnett vs. Mathens case, judgment was given for defendant.

Dr. Clark of the 69th, examines the recruits for Red River, on Saturday.

HALIFAX.

Halifax, April 28th.

Mr. Levett Chipman, son of the late member, is spoken of as a probable candidate for King's County.

The steamer *Flamborough* sailed to-day for Montreal, to take her place on the route between that port and Picton.

There is still much ice in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Chief Justice Young, at the opening of the Supreme Court to-day, condemned the Local Government's Judiciary Bill, and said it would not remedy the existing evils.

Mr. Sydenham Howe, Dominion Auditor, was this evening married to Miss McNabb, his cousin.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

St. John, N. B., April 27.

The steamship *Tyron*, of the Anchor Line, sailed yesterday for Glasgow. The river is now clear of ice, and the freshet is subsiding.

The Gaspereaux fishery has commenced in the harbor with a fair success.

PEMBROKE.

Pembroke, April 28.

A portion of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's railroad between Pontiac and Chatts Lake, was destroyed by fire last night. Immediate steps were taken to rebuild it. This accident will not interfere with the busines of the Company, Mr Castels, President and Manager, having made arrangements for the conveyance of passengers and freight over the portion of the line destroyed by the fire.

PAKENHAM.

Pakenham, Ont., April 28.

A man named McGibbon and two girls, Sarah Connory and Caroline Dunfield, were drowned while attempting to cross the river this afternoon in a small boat. The river is considerably swollen and is very rapid. The boat struck a tree projecting above the surface, and one of the girls got frightened and seized one of the branches which precipitated the party into the river. The bodies have not yet been found.

FATHER POINT.

Father Point, April 28.

Weather cloudy and mild, light south wind. One ship towards this morning.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Queenstown.—The steamer *Aleppo*, from New York, arrived to-day.

Londonderry.—The steamer *Peruvian*, from New York, arrived in London on the 27th

The Croydon races commenced yesterday. The Woodside Plate was won by "Thunder Cloud." The Croydon Steeple Chase Plate was won by "Castelete," and the great Melesine handicap by "Thunder Cloud."

The Foreign Office has published the correspondence in full relative to the late massacre in Greece.

The details are equally humilating to the Greek Government and to the British legation, and the representative of other foreign powers at Athens.

London.—The strong representations made by foreign powers to the Greek Government with regard to the late massacre have led to the resignation of Gen. Soutzos, Minister of War. His place will be supplied on interim by Velovets, Minister of Interior.

The powers have received from the Sublime Porte a protest against raising a loan from the Vicery of Egypt.

The Sultan has also remonstrated with the Scandinavian Government for coining money at its mint.

The Austrian and Hungarian Bishops have hastened their return to Rome to vote against the dogma of infallibility.

In accordance with the provisions of the Bill for the preservation of life and property in Ireland, recently enacted in several districts in that island, have been proclaimed.

In the House of Commons to-day, the Bill permitting marriage with a deceased wife's sister, was considered in Committee.

Mr. Spencer of Walpole opposed it.

Mr. Gladstone thought the opposition to the bill rested on a narrow basis, Sectarian views might and did differ on the subject. The Bill simply made an allowance for such diversity.

Mr. Beresford Hope vehemently denounced the Bill, and Lord Percy also declared against it.

Mr. Denmar showed that the Bill was silent on such marriages, and Mr. Palmer was for prohibiting them altogether.

The bill was carried in committee by a majority of 73 and reported to the House, after which the sitting was adjourned.

The Mordaunt case came up again to-day before Judge Penzance.

The Counsel for the respondent argued for the story of the proceedings, on the grounds of Lady Mordaunt's insanity, and cited a large number of American cases on which they mainly rested their application.

The Court reserved its decision.

London.—In the House of Commons, Mr. Monsell, Under Colonial Secretary, said an order had been sent to Ottawa, to disband the Canadian Rifles. He added that the Government was still deliberating on the Red River difficulties.

Mr. Torrens moved that a Committee be appointed to investigate the official relations of the Home Government with the British Colonies. He insisted that the Colonies were grossly ill-treated, particularly those of New Zealand and Australia.

Mr. Eastwick, in seconding the motion, urged the lightening of Colonial Relations if England's abdication of her authority had left it possible.

Lord Bury, on behalf of the Colonies repudiated such pretensions. The Colonies were now really self governed and well governed. The system was voluntary, elastic and enduring. He thought such an investigation would not only be unnecessary, but mischievous.

Sir C. B. Adderly supported the policy of the Government. He said the withdrawal of the troops was a return to the most successful Colonial policy, heretofore practised, and would lead to the development of self-dependence and national vitality.

Messrs. Fowler, Maguire and others followed.

Mr. Monsell hoped that the debate would prove that England and her Colonies were not indifferent to each other.

Lord London admitted the Colonies were loyal, but he thought their present relations with the Home Government unsatisfactory, and, therefore, he would support the motion for an enquiry. England was bound to maintain her position as a first-class power, and that she could not do without her Colonies.

After some remarks from C. W. Dilke, Mr. Gladstone rose to speak. He asserted that the Government was a unit in regard to the policy of the Colonial office. The present state of feeling about the Colonies was due to the rapid relaxation of their bonds, within the last 20 years, whereby they had gained practical autonomy. A century would see that if separation should become necessary it would be accomplished without convulsion and violence. Free and voluntary contact was the only possible basis for union. The previous question was then moved to avoid a discussion, and was agreed to by 43 majority.

FRANCE.

Paris.—The Madrid *Epoca* is assured that Frederick of Prussia is a candidate of the Government for the throne of Spain, but the Emperor Napoleon has declared the Senor Alonza Spanish ambassador of Paris would be so grave that it might be the cause of war between France and Prussia.

Alexander Thomas Marice, president of the Assembly under the Provisional Government in '48, died yesterday aged 71.

It is reported to-day that the ex-minister Darue recommended the people to vote yes next May.

Paris.—Mr. Ollivier has addressed a circular to the electors of France. He imposes upon the people the fact that while an affirmative vote means quite and peace, and gives an opportunity for the Emperor and his ministers to accomplish reforms, a negative vote means anarchy, disorder, revolution, and revenge.

It is reported that during the period of the *plebiscite* the Prince Imperial will visit several of the large European capitals.

Yesterday there were many public meetings, not only in Paris, but elsewhere in France, for the consideration of affairs relative to the *plebiscite*. So far as is known there were no disorders whatever.

The despatches excite great interest, and throughout the country the Prime Minister, M. Ollivier, is seeking to frame a compromise between the capitalists and labourers.

A number of Carlists returning to France have been arrested and compelled to remain at their abode. Several of their leaders were seized on the Spanish frontier.

La Presse announces that on the 3rd of May next an amnesty for offences against the Press laws will be issued.

M. Raspeal, the chief of the Radicals, has issued a manifesto pronouncing against the plebiscitum. He advises citizens to remain quiet in case of riots, declaring that all must be decided by universal suffrage and nothing by violence.

The hostility to the plebiscitum in this city is apparently gaining ground.

It was remarked to-day that the Emperor while holding a review was coldly received by the spectators,

PRUSSIA.

Berlin.—It is asserted that other portions will support the action taken by France in regard to the decisions of the Ecumenical Council.

Bulletins from Varzina announce that Bismarck is convalescent, and he may be expected in Berlin about the first of May.

The commercial treaty between the North German Confederation and the Republic of Mexico has been ratified.

GREECE.

Athens.—The excitement on account of the recent outrage by the brigands near Marathon has not yet abated.

At an early hour yesterday morning the bodies of Lloyd and Herbert of the British Legation, arrived near this city in a Grecian Frigate. Later in the day the funeral obsequies were celebrated in this city. The King the diplomatic corps and a great number of citizens and strangers attended. The force in pursuit of the brigands has succeeded in killing or capturing the entire party.

SPAIN.

Madrid.—Brigadier General Merelo left Madrid to-day for Cadiz on his way to Havana, to take command of the Eastern department of Cuba.

ITALY.

Florence.—The citizens of Florence have instituted a subscription for a statue to Sanavola as a protest against the Ecumenical Council; a large sum has been already subscribed.

Rome.—In the Ecumenical Council to-day, 600 fathers voted with one voice for the *constituzo de fide*.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Washington.—The subject of British troops passing through our territory to get into the Red River district was not alluded to in the Cabinet here. It is understood that the Secretary of State and the President had an understanding about the matter to-day, and were in perfect accord on the subject. No such infringement of the neutrality laws will be allowed, and the President does not believe that any such movement is contemplated. However, there is authority for stating that orders have been issued from the War Department, looking to the protection of our territory and the strict observance of the neutrality laws.

New York.—The steamer "Alaska," from Aspinwall, has arrived.

The gun boat "New York" arrived at Gulf San Miguel.

Springfield.—The large factory of the New York Match Company of this city caught fire this morning from a defective flue, and with all its delicate and valuable machinery was completely destroyed. One hundred hands are thrown out of employment. The loss amounts to $200,000.

Richmond, Va.—A large crowd assembled this morning in the upper portion of the Capitol building, where the Supreme Court of Appeals is located, to hear the decision in the Mayoralty case

At about 11 o'clock the floor gave way, the dense weight precipitating the crowd to the floor below, which was that of the House of Delegates. It is impossible to ascertain the extent of the injuries at this hour.

It is supposed that twenty members of the State Legislature are killed or wounded.

The Judges of the Court of Appeals all escaped unhurt

Ex-Governor Wells was badly injured.

L. H. Chandler, Counsel for Mahon, on the Mayoralty case, was injured.

James Mason and Judge Meredith, Counsel for Ellison, were also badly hurt.

About two hundred persons were hurt by the accident.

The greatest excitement prevails; hundreds of persons are on Capitol Square weeping and wailing, as the dead and injured are brought from the building.

Governor Walker escaped unhurt, although on the floor of the Court room at the time.

LATER.

Richmond.—It is believed the Capitol will now be abandoned as a public institution. It was built in 1792. Among the miraculous escapes are those of the Reporters of the *Whig*, *Despatch* and *State Journal*, all of whom were seated immediately on the edge of the parting floor. Among those wounded, whose condition is most doubtful, are Ex-Governor Wells, James Neeson, Thomas S. Bercrok, and Wm. C. Dunham, agent of the Old Dominion Steamship Co. The first is reported better, but Dunham is not expected to live. The calamity appears worse and worse. Now the apparent number killed and wounded is much larger than at first reported. The killed will reach at least sixty-five, and the wounded are known to be over a hundred.

New York.—Gen. Gleason, formerly Chief Executive of the Fenian Brotherhood, arrived to-night from Richmond. It is said he is about to take command under O'Neil in the projected invasion of Canada.

New York.—The *World's* Washington special says there is now an imminent and almost certain prospect of an Indian war.

The advices received yesterday, and telegraphed last night, are supplemented by still more startling.

News, official and unofficial, has been received at the Headquarters of the Army, that within a month at least 20,000 Sioux are expected to be on the war path These, with their allies of Cheyenne and other Northern tribes, will make a formidable force.

Gen. Sheridan had decided a few days ago to establish his headquarters, in May, at Pembina in the northern part of Minnesota.

The 7th and 14th regiments of infantry have been ordered to Sioux city, Iowa, to join with all despatch. The former regiment has been stationed in Virginia, and the latter in Kentucky and Tennessee.

The shifting of regiments to points so remote, to the very heart of the Indian country, is sufficiently ominous, together with the movement already chronicled, of five companies of the 7th cavalry, to Fort Hays for active service.

Gen. Sherman and several of his staff will arrive here next week, on an inspection tour through Minnesota and the other far western Territories.

Thomas Malherin, late of this city, while labouring under an insane delusion, imagined that some men wanted to kill him and wandered off to Long Island and acted so strangely in that street that the people mistook him for a burglar and stoned him to death.

San Francisco.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 1 o'clock last night and another at 7 this morning.

Auburn.—The Auburn only National Bank was robbed to-day of $31,000 and some greenbacks. Three persons, strangers in town, were engaged in the transaction. Two of them went in at the front door and attracted the attention of the only two bank officials who were there while the third robber entered at the back window and going into a vault seized a package of money and made his escape. The officers of the bank have offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest of the scoundrels.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

Ottawa, April 28, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

The Finance Department Amendment Bill was read the third time, and passed.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD moved the second reading of the Canada Central Railway Bill.

The mover said the Bill had been thoroughly discussed in all the details, in another place, and it was unnecessary for him to take up the time of the House. He might say that the orginal charter expired in September next, and that certain propositions had been made from other companies and individuals, whereby the work of making a road could be carried on. The company would have about 500 men at work immediately, and it was expected the branch between this city and Carleton Place would be completed this year. It was desirable to have improved communication between Montreal and Ottawa. The Bill was read a second time, and referred to a proper Committee.

The House went into Committee on the Ferries Regulation Bill. Hon. Mr. SHAW in the Chair. The Committee rose and reported the Bill with certain amendments.

The Bill relating to the Banque du Puple was read a second time and referred to the standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON presented the 11th report of the Joint Committee on Printing, which was read and adopted.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine,

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER presented the report of Mr. Donald Smith of his mission to the North West. He said printed copies would be presented to the members this afternoon.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked for the report of other representatives of the Dominion in the North West Territory. He said that the Minister of Justice had promised to bring down his Bill respecting this Territory to-day. If this Bill was not introduced soon, he (Mr. Mackenzie) would have to bring down the measure himself.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he expected the report of Father Thibault would be in his possession that evening. He (Sir George) and the Minister of Justice had met at his residence that morning, the delegates from the North West Territory—Father Richot, Judge Black and Mr. Scott. The hon. member for Lambton might, if he chose, try his hand at framing a Bill. He (Sir George) would be ready to consider it. The Minister of Justice had not promised to bring down his measure to-day. He said he expected to do so. The Government intended to bring down a measure which would be the happiest thing ever seen. It would be so wise that it would meet the approval of members on both sides of the House.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the Minister of Justice stated that the matter was one, not of days but of hours. Forty-eight hours had passed since then and nothing had yet been done.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL wanted to know distinctly whether the hon. gentleman had had official interviews with the persons representing themselves to be delegates from the North West Territory.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that himself and the Minister of Justice had been holding interviews for three or four days with the gentlemen from Red River, and had been comparing notes with them as to what was best to be done with a view of settling difficulties there.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said, then it was understood that the Government had held official communication with these three persons. He asked for the Report of Col. De Salaberry and also for that of a distinguished reverend gentleman Father Tache who he, (Mr. McDougall) believed, would have great power in settling difficulties there.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that Father Thibault's report was a joint one for himself and Col. De Salaberry. Unfortunately the Government had no report from Father Tache—the Government had had no kind of communication with that gentleman.

Mr. BOWELL asked if these three Red River representatives presented any credentials, and if so from whom.

Hon Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the footing upon which the delegates were treated and all other information in the matter would be given when the Bill was introduced.

A Bill to make provision for the discipline on Canadian Government vessels was read a first time.

The debate on the proposed motion of Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, that the tariff resolutions be not concurred in, but that they be referred back to Committee with a view to make certain amendments.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER rose quickly and said, Mr. Speaker—

Hon. Mr. HONTON said he was afraid the previously question would be moved (laughter).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he was always diligent. He then moved to amend the motion so as to refer the resolutions back to Committee with instruction to strike out coal and coke 50 cents per ton, and wheat 4 cents per bushel, from the amendment. The effect of the amendment is to restore the proposal to tax coal, coke and wheat as by the original proposals.

Hon Mr. HOLTON moved in amendment that the words "coal and coak, 50 cents" be expunged from the motion in the amendment so that the effect of the original motion do remain to instruct the Committee to restore coal and coke to the free list.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN maintained that the rule was clear that an amendment to an amendment could not be put on going into Committee of Supply. The proposal of the Finance Minister must first be disposed of, and if adopted an amendment could be put after the House had been in Committee.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said either one of two things, the motion of the Finance Minister to refer the matter back to the Committee of Supply was either an amendment on a substantive motion. If the former, the amendment by the Minister of Militia could not be moved, as no amendment to an amendment can be moved on going into Committee of Supply. If the latter, then it must be treated as any other substantive motion. The Government must take their choice.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said if the proposal of the Minister of Militia was carried, the point of order could be raised against any proposals to modify or amend them.

The amendment of Hon. Mr. Holton was decided to be in order.

Mr. MAGILL maintained that the most cruel tax that could be imposed by any Government was that on the necessaries of life. The tax on coal was unjustifiable as being a heavy tax on nine-tenths of the people without producing the slightest benefit to even them. It was distinctly a tax against the best interests of the country and imposing taxes on localities already too heavily taxed. As to the duty on flour, if it could raise the price, that extra price would not fall on those who would benefit by the tax on coal alone, but would press on those also who would have to pay the duty on both flour and coal. The very fact of increasing the duty would tend to increase the cost of frieght and thus further discriminate in favour of New York at the expense of the St. Lawrence. Some of the proposals of the Finance Minister would, however, have his support.

Hon. Mr. WOOD—The question before the House was simply whether the House would impose a tax on coal. It was complicated with no other considerations, but should be regarded on its own merits. What interest then would the tax on coal foster in Ontario? None whatever, but would simply be a tax for revenue. In Quebec it would hamper all business and effect it most injuriously. It would foster no interest in New Brunswick—and as to Nova Scotia, for whose benefit the tax is proposed, it could find no market here by such a tax, and the only effect would probably be to raise the price to the poor people there.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER asked how the tax could fall on the poor people without doing any good to the coal owners.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said the matter was plain enough, but he did not regard the coal owners merely. The people of Nova Scotia should know that the whole interests of that Province were to be sacrificed to the interests of a few monopolists, and this was the great national policy that was to bring the people of the United States to their knees. The thing was worse than ridiculous. If gentlemen from Ontario choose to tax themselves, and if members from Nova Scotia [not in the interests of monopolists] choose to do so, he for one would not.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT said if Government succeeded in imposing these duties, they or their successors would be glad of the first opportunity to repeal. He thought Nova Scotians were chasing a mirage in hoping that their coal could be sent up the St. Lawrence and compete in Ontario with American coal.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD said this was not a question simply of duty on coal, as maintained by the member for West Brant, but of the adoption of the whole national policy. The same argument applied to the United States would show that all the States, except, perhaps, to Pennsylvania. Yet such a system had grown up there. The policy now proposed by the Government, was a protective one for fostering the industrial interests of the country. They intended to show the people of the United States that they would no longer be trampled on, but would protect their fishing and other interests, leaving them free as soon as the United States showed a similiar disposition. He had no hope for extending reciprocity, the burdens on the United States being so much heavier than ours. The average duties there amounted to 40 per cent while ours were only $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. But these were things which might be exchanged, such as products of the field, forest, mines, and sea. He pointed out the immense results already obtained by the labors of the miners in promoting ship building, and all other industries. He believed this national policy would give them an opening to the markets of the United States.

Hon Mr. MACDOUGALL had no hesitation in saying he looked with great apprehension upon the policy of the Government with respect to commerce and trade. He could not understand the arguments of the honorable member for Colchester, and it seemed to him that all the arguments of Government supporters eventually destroyed each other. If the object of this retaliatory policy is to force free trade with the United States he failed to see how it could also be a protective policy, adopted for the purpose of encouraging native. He thought, as a former member of the Government, that all correspondence with the Washington Government ought to be laid before the country. As to the policy upon the fisheries, it involved a question of peace or war between the United States and Great Britain. Let them count up the cost of the protection of the fisheries and see if the country would derive any benefit in driving away American fishermen from our coasts. Then owing to pressure brought to bear upon any Government in the distribution of officers and of money, persons unfit for office might be placed in common schooners to protect the fisheries and increase the danger of collision with America. He had made investigations regarding Nova Scotia industries while in office, and had found that coal mines were principally owned by American and Montreal capitalists, The increase of price of coal would not benefit the people of Nova Scotia. The coal of Nova Scotia could not be forced up the St. Lawrence by such duty, for American coal would come in, and if the Government were consistent in their argument they must put on higher duty, so as to drive Nova Scotia coal above Kingston. They would neither protect Nova Scotia coal nor produce revenue by this duty upon coal and flour. He doubted if he would get enough to make up the deficit, which had been caused by circumstances, as he could not say it was the fault of the Finance Minister or the Government. He felt that he would not be doing his duty to his constituents in sustaining the Goverement in this resolution, nor any resolution which would impose duty on our natural products. He had not, however, any desire to see the Government displaced, as he saw around him none of those political combinations, which in his opinion would place the country in a better position. He thought it was preferable to wait until they had announced their policy with regard to the North West, and if that was not satisfactory they must take the consequences [hear].

Mr. ROSS (Victoria) said Nova Scotians regarded the tariff did not go for enough as a national policy, but as a revenue policy it went too far. The feelings in Nova Scotia was that the Government had not done enough to obtain Reciprocity, and he regretted that the correspondence on that subject with, the American Government had not been brought down. He had only voted last night in favour of the resolutions, because they contained duty on coal, and he would not, otherwise, on any account, have voted for Imposition of duty on wheat and flour. If duty on coal were taken off, he would certainly vote against the whole national policy.

AFTER RECESS,

Hon. Dr. TUPPER resumed the debate. He thought the Government had just ground to complain of the conduct of their friends, who had been silent when the important question of public policy had been discussed, leading it to be supposed that they concurred with the opposition; but they had far more reason to complain of those friends who had attended deputations and had promised their support, if a certain policy was adopted, but who did not support that policy when brought down. He was not surprised that certain members objected to having their speeches and votes recorded in the "Hansard," and incomplete as the present "Hansard" was, it could show their inconsistencies (hear).

Hon. Mr. DORION asked if the Government had consulted those members when they changed their policy.

Mr. OLLIVER asked for the names of those members [hear].

Hon, Dr. TUPPER referred to the remarks of the Treasurer of Ontario in speaking to the motion of the member for South Oxford, for the imposition of duties on wheat, flour, corn and coal. The adoption of a national policy would be an element of power to Canada, greater than any other for obtaining Reciprocity. He was pleased to hear again the voice of the Hon. Mr. McDougall, but was astonished at the inconsistent and unfortunate sentiments he had expressed, and which were so different from those he had expressed when on the Treasury Benches—especially with respect to the fisheries question. He referred to the message of President Grant, in which it was stated that American armed vessels would be sent to the fishery grounds, to prevent the infraction of the law by American fishermen, and to protect them. He wished to know how it was that this tariff would neither give a revenue, nor benefit the people of Nova Scotia. He eloquently denounced the conduct of those who had advocated protection by all means in their power, and had then changed to the opposite course; instancing the hon. member for Hamilton. He then proceeded to read a speech made by the Hon. Mr. Wood a few weeks ago, in favour of the protection of Canadian interests. He next made an eloquent defence of his own political course (cheers).

Mr. BODWELL said the eloquent and sophistical arguments of the member for Cumberland were but a poor defence of the vacillation of the Government. He thought the tariff proposed by the Government would have no effect at all on the United States. It was not high enough to make them wish for reciprocal arrangements. The tariff would not benefit the Western farmers, but would be most unjust to Nova Scotia.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS replied to Mr. Bodwell and Hon. Mr. McDougall. He referred to the last tariff, which showed that the latter getleman, as a member of the Government, was then in favour of a policy much the same as that now proposed. It was true that coal was not then taxed, but the reason for that was, that Nova Scotia was not then in the Union.

Mr. MILLS quoted Peel and Cobden, to show that free trade, even only on one side, was better than a retalliation tariff, and spoke at some length against the Government propositions.

Mr. OLIVER contended that the member for Cumberland, and the Finance Minister, had entirely failed to show that a duty on coal would add one bushel to the amount of Nova Scotia coal used in Ontario. The imposition of a duty would simply add to the cost of coal, and hamper trade. He attacked the Government for its vacillation, and charged, that, after the original resolutions had been changed, the Ministry had been coerced by the hon. member for Cumberland, to drop the amendments and go back to the original resolutions.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS gave such statement a flat contradiction.

Mr. OLIVER said the hon. member for Cumberland would not contradict it; he had rather boasted of his power. He went on to oppose certain portions of the Government policy.

Mr. WORKMAN wished to urge the view of large cities, like Quebec and Montreal. The shipping trade of those two cities was very large and important, and largely employed in carrying lumber to English markets, bringing back iron, and hardware, but principally coal, and the imposition of a duty would very much interfere with the freight trade. The manufacturing interests of Montreal were very important, and consumed large quantities of coal. If 50 cents per ton were added to the price of that article, their profits would be reduced so much, and their industry cramped. The forty thousand tons of Anthracite coal, used chiefly in Montreal, must come from the United States, and could not be got elsewhere. The Nova Scotia coal might be excellent in some respects, but it was unsuited to all the wants of Montreal. The petition of the Montreal New City Gas Co. would shew that they could not use Nova Scotia bituminous coal in making gas. Besides, the Nova Scotia coal mines were owned by English and American capitalists, and one of the most important of the coal mines, was owned almost wholly in Montreal. If Nova Scotia would not be conciliated unless she got 50 cents per ton on coal, after getting a million and a half of dollars already, it was time the House knew it, though his first speech had been criticized by the hon. member for Cumberland, for want of logic, but it had the true ring about it, and he had received encouraging letters and telegrams from his constituents. He denied that a national policy would give us Reciprocity; on the contrary, it would stir up ill-feeling among the Americans. It was not a protective policy, as pretended, but simply for revenue purposes. Was it possible that the fuel of every artizan and poor man in every large city, was to be taxed to [illegible] ate Nova Scotia. He was strongly [illegible] to such a course being taken, [illegible] were adopted, the people at the elections would express their [illegible] returning very different men. [illegible] ere I this national policy was [illegible] indeed, and unworthy of a great [illegible] The duty on wheat would be a drawback to large importing [illegible] because outside of the item of [illegible] cause delay and trouble. He [illegible] House would not sanction such [illegible] and if the Government choose to [illegible] vote of want of confidence, then [illegible] issue rest with them, and let the [illegible] know it (hear).

Mr. JONES expressed his [illegible] the policy of the Government, and [illegible] ed the inauguration of the national [illegible] without offending some of the [illegible]

Mr. McCALLUM said he was [illegible] trader, but he desired to [illegible] wishes of the people, although [illegible] terests were opposed to his own. He thought the duty proposed should not be less than $1 a [illegible] ten cents, and a duty on American [illegible]

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) never [illegible] himself to be trammelled by [illegible] came to represent the wishes of [illegible] stituents. They had been led to [illegible] that Confederation would [illegible] Intercolonial trade, and he thought [illegible] tariff should be adopted as a means [illegible] purpose. He deprecated all [illegible] marks against Americans as [illegible] retaliatory policy. He asked if [illegible] wheat coming through for shipment [illegible] do so in Bond.

Mr. STIRTON said the statements [illegible] Minister of Finance that the [illegible] flooded with petitions, for [illegible] a pretext, as the petitions [illegible] on the false statement [illegible] tended to promote reciprocity [illegible] out the absurdity of the [illegible] Finance Minister, and [illegible] proposed taxes would fall [illegible] erity on certain portions of [illegible] He thought free trade was [illegible] to carry out.

Hon. Mr. RYAN (Montreal) [illegible] behalf of the Province of Quebec [illegible] of Montreal, against the imposi[illegible] ties. Instead of being a national [illegible] was a Cumberland policy [illegible] had been called a revenue policy [illegible] Finance Minister, but that [illegible] tleman ought to adopt some other [illegible] of raising revenue that would not [illegible] injuriously, as this would, upon the [illegible] inces of Quebec and New Brunswick [illegible] endeavoring to conciliate Nova [illegible] the Government were causing [illegible] ings and grievances in other Provinces [illegible] he implored the Minister of [illegible] re-consider the matter before [illegible] further.

Dr. GRANT was astonished at [illegible] of the members from Montreal [illegible] Government, who were trying to [illegible] Confederation.

Mr. METCALFE thought the [illegible] coal was chiefly for the benefit of the [illegible] Scotia coal monopolists.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN considered that [illegible] weight of the argument had been [illegible] the imposition of those [illegible] and the House would [illegible] were no Ministerial pressure [illegible] bear upon members.

Hon. Mr. LEVESCONTE [illegible] personal explanation.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the matter [illegible] be discussed in a purely business [illegible] The member for Cumberland had [illegible] the members who differed from him [illegible] the degree of rancour [illegible] him. He combated the arguments [illegible] member for Colchester, and [illegible] that the protective policy [illegible] was most unjust to the country [illegible] but raw material, and the [illegible] had been to admit such, either [illegible] very low rates of duty. If protection [illegible] adopted he would then move [illegible] mittee to ascertain what articles [illegible] wanted protection, and insist [illegible] should be thoroughly protected [illegible] laughter he read an article from [illegible] don *Free Press* commending the [illegible] the Government in abandoning [illegible] ous policy, having received [illegible] despatch, but not the [illegible] specting the proposed [illegible] He warned the House [illegible] the adoption of the principle [illegible] with mischief, as evidenced by the [illegible] of the American industries which [illegible] been protected to the death. He [illegible] there was a growing feeling in the [illegible] States, and he protested against [illegible] ernment forcing on them [illegible] trade, which would be fraught [illegible] much mischief.

The amendment was then put [illegible] Yeas, 62; Nays, 90.

Hon Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER'S [illegible] ment was then put.

Mr. CASAULT moved in amend[illegible] that it be an instruction to the Com[illegible] to make the duty on coal and [illegible] cent. *ad valorem*.

The motion was declared out of [illegible] The orignal motion, as amended, was car[illegible] ried on division, and the House [illegible] Committee and amended the resolutions according to instructions.

The House went again into Committee of Ways and Means, and passed [illegible] the resolutions.

The House adjourned at 1.35.

Translated from the Courrier D'Outaouais.

In our last number we stated what we thought of the duties of the Government and of Parliament in their [illegible] the North West question. We [illegible] give our view of the line which [illegible] adopted by our Franco-Canadian [illegible] jects:—

To begin, let us say a word about the [illegible] West expedition now in preparation [illegible] well understood that the Imperial [illegible] ment will bear almost all the [illegible] this expedition. Canada is only [illegible] to supply a few hundred men [illegible] gent. In fact, she is only requested [illegible] onstrate the interest which she [illegible] question, and in order to obtain [illegible] voice in the coming negotiations.

Rumour gives us to suppose that the [illegible] dition will consist of some 14 or 1500 [illegible] both Imperial and Canadian troops [illegible] expedition will be under the command [illegible] Wolsley, a distinguished and [illegible] experienced military leader, and [illegible] sume the administration of the [illegible] of the Territory on his arrival [illegible] the authority of Sir John Young [illegible] ernor General of British North America [illegible] appears that Col. Casault, of the [illegible] ital, will have command of the [illegible] which will be supplied by the [illegible] Quebec.

If such be the case, the Government [illegible] not have made a better selection. Col. [illegible] ault has already given proofs of [illegible] ty; he has furthermore the [illegible] such a service—tact. [illegible] country would scarcely have [illegible] from acts which might [illegible] they not been associated with [illegible] which have been witnessed [illegible] and which are the cause of [illegible] ties. Now a few words on the [illegible] ulation of the North West [illegible] springs from different origins [illegible] treated by Canada with the [illegible] osity. We should grant them [illegible] concessions. Let us leave them [illegible] use of their laws, their customs [illegible] over their own affairs [illegible] to be the more generous [illegible] and as it is in the interest of [illegible] As we, they are subjects of [illegible] and are entitled to rights equal [illegible] let us see what should guide our [illegible] nadian fellow subjects [illegible] their duty and interest [illegible] cause with our fellow subjects [illegible] The question has ceased to [illegible] betwen Provinces: it is [illegible] question.

If under these circumstances [illegible] Canadians isolated themselves [illegible]

fellow subjects of other origins, they would assume an immense responsibility as regards posterity and would, as we believe, commit an irreparable political mistake. They would, to a certain extent, justify the clamouring of the press of Upper Canada—which has already accused them of sympathy with Riel, O'Donoghue, Lepine and others.

Our fellow countrymen, we consider, felt a natural sympathy, and still do for the half breeds of the North West—but that feeling would not be extended, since the execution of Scott, to those who took advantage of events to usurp a dictatorial authority under disguise, without the shadow of reason, whether in the pursuit of circumstance nor in the interest of the people who are governed.

This authority can have only that ephemeral existence as all such things which have no solid or durable basis. It is therefore, the duty of our fellow-countrymen to assist the Government to establish order and peace in the North West territory, as it is to institute an authority, acceptable and acknowledged by the people, and which will protect them against the Indian tribes who continually threaten them.

The isolation of our fellow countrymen on this important question would be followed by consequences the most disastrous to their own interests.

The peace, the harmony, and the good accord, between the different races is of more value than the hundreds of thousands of dollars which the Government will have to expend in this expedition, without taking into consideration the immense political results which it will have upon the future of Canada.

We further say that our fellow countrymen of French origin will join in this expedition. *Now or never* is the time to affirm and give signs of existence.

What service their presence, under such a man as Colonel Casault will render in the exceptionary corps in which they will take a share, towards the people with whom they must come in contact on their arrival at Fort Garry. Their presence will have the effect of setting aside much of the *prejudice existing towards Upper Canadians in the minds of the French half-breeds. Our fellow country*men, rising to the occasion, and seized with the spirit which animated their ancestors, will not be unwelcome visitors to them. Let them go again to this far off country, and there establish the civilization of their fathers.

To conclude we would advise our fellow countrymen, that under the present difficult circumstances, *do as you have already done, have confidence in your leaders who have till now guided you over a* path of honor and *duty, and which has given* to us that legitimate and national influence which is our power. *These* men are, to-day, in their full force of mission. Their experience and their daily association with their fellow subjects of other origins have placed them in a position to adopt proper expediency and to follow a proper line of conduct

We feel convinced of one thing, that in this matter Sir George E. Cartier, the venerable chief of the French Canadians, will not be wanting in those great qualities which have placed him in eminence, and which have proved so useful to his countrymen. He will always have the moral courage so necessary to a statesman. Wisdom which can unravel political complications, and the experience, and the finesse which bring the greatest enterprise to the most satisfactory conclusions. Every one knows that he has but one object and ambition—to be useful to his country, and countrymen. He is not moved by any love of interest or vanity. He knows all is transient, and that it requires a *Statesman* alone to give an impression passing proof of an assured march of the well concerted interests of the country. Let our countrymen therefore follow in his footsteps, they may rest assured that he will guide them with the wisdom, and the prudence which have ever characterized him, and which will not be wanting to him in this last matter.

LOCAL NEWS

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Mr. Sproat leaves for the West this morning, having paired with the Hon. Mr. Huntington.

Over 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

THE MARKET—THURSDAY—was miserably poor. There were scarcely half-a-dozen of vehicles on the square.

SALE TO-DAY.—The balance of Mr. Pitt's furniture will be sold by Mr. McLean, at one o'clock to-day, opposite the Methodist Church, Metcalfe street.

THE FRESHET.—Our spring flood is doing a sweeping business. The Gatineau Point is deserted—and in lower Hull village a cow was nearly swept away by the fierce tide of water.

NEARLY OVER.—A farmer in trying to cross the Hull bridge at the "Old Brewery" came nearly being carried over by the rush of water. The bridge is submerged, and he had mistaken his way.

ALARMED, BUT NOT HURT.—Yesterday morning during the furious wind, a couple of iron boxes fell from the upper story of the "Tea Pot," on Sussex street. Shortly after a portion of the rain-conductor came down on the sidewalk. An urchin, passing at the time, barely escaped injury.

POLICE COURT—THURSDAY.—James Jones, drunk and disorderly, fined $2 and costs.

John Story, drunk and disorderly, fined $2 and costs.

Annie Maloney, breaking windows, $2 and costs, or one week. She was committed.

THE LONG ISLAND BULKHEAD.—Yesterday the work of constructing a bulkhead at Manotick was commenced. The head will be about 300 feet in length. It is intended to establish a water-guard which was swept away, and will be of material benefit to the surrounding community

GOOD BARGAINS.—To-morrow a fine opportunity will be offered to intending purchasers in a sale of furniture at Mr. Bartram's residence on Metcalfe street, between Maria and Slater streets. Mr. McLean is the auctioneer —he never waits for a small percentage. Sale at 11 a. m.

NOW FOR A BARGAIN.—To-day at half-past 10 o'clock, a large quantity of furniture, &c. will be offered for sale by Mr. Rowe, on the Richmond Road, near Albert street. The articles to be sold, comprise a large assortment of household furniture.

DUST.—While our Corporation can expend money on idle demonstrations, and, under, or defeats in courts of law, it might, perhaps, not be amiss to remind them that a great number of our tax-payers are actually choked with dust during the summer days. For goodness sake lay the dust, and *allay* our fever.

A WRONG QUESTION.—While a couple of ingenious countrymen were being piled into a buggy the night before last, a third, feeling the effects of "old rye," and not knowing that Policeman Pinard was in charge, asked (hic) "Boys, have you any place for me; I'd like to go too?" On discovering the presence of the policeman, he "didn't care to go."

FIRE IN HULL.—An old man, a butcher, named O'Malley, lost a house yesterday morning about four o'clock under peculiar—we hope not criminal circumstances. He had formerly built there, and his house had been consumed by fire. The old man had caused to be erected the walls of a new domicile, when, as it is supposed, some wretch set fire to it. We hope that the facts will come to light.

LOST—NOT FOUND.—One of the country men who was "pulled" before the Cell yesterday, stated that he had come to the city worth $70, and that he had been duly relieved of his incumbrances in the course of the day. The only question with him was that he was too willing to re-assume the responsibility of the $70. Where will he get them?

We were surprised at the very large attendance at Mr. Desbarats sale of yesterday. Many articles brought good prices, while many left well pleased with their purchases. The sale being very extensive could not be finished yesterday, and will therefore be resumed this morning at 11 a. m. A large quantity of furniture yet to be sold. Now is the time for bargains. 1345 1

THE MARSHALL TROOPE.—Night after night this truly able Troupe is becoming more and more popular with the citizens of the capital and certainly their successful efforts to please and interest the public have a claim to their patronage. Last night the playing was as usual, good and entertaining, and a fair audience was in attendance. To-night will be played the sensational play entitled "London," the performance to wind up with the roaring farce "Seeing Lindley." Let all avail themselves of this pleasant opportunity.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 28th instant, the wife of L. F. Dufresne, Esq., of the Receiver General's Department, of a son.

MARRIED.

On the 27th instant, at St. Andrew's, R. C. Church, in this city, by the Rev. J. J. Collins, P. P., assisted by the Rev. Mr. Deucer, John M. Campbell, M. D., Montreal, son of Captain Campbell, formerly of H. M. 87th Regiment, to Ellen [A. M. Duignan, daughter of the late Terence Duignan, Esq., of this city.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

FRIDAY, APRIL 29th,

Will be presented for the first time in Ottawa of the Sensational Drama entitled

LONDON.

To conclude with the Farce of

SEEING LINDLEY.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER........................MR J MARSHALL.

April 29, 1870. 1332 6

TO LET.

Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Alban's Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

Apply to

J J MURPHY, Solicitor, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1345 6

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	0
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	6

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	3
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112 17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851 37	110,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397 54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,680 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors).

R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870. 1345 3

OTTAWA LITERARY —AND— SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting for the election of officers for the ensuing year will be held in the Lecture Room, Sparks street, on FRIDAY, the 29th of April, instant, at 7½ p. m.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

1344 2

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, TORONTO,

Agents for the following celebrated Pianos: CHICKERING, STEINWAYS, DUNHAM

—ALSO—

Gabler and [illegible] new Pianos, Mason and Hamlin's Organs, Prince and Co's Melodeons and Organs.

Arrangements can be made to exchange new for old Pianos on liberal terms. Also,

PIANOS FOR HIRE,

With privilege of purchase.

As we have NO AGENT in Ottawa, parties desiring information will please address

A & S NORDHEIMER, Toronto

Ottawa, January 12, 1870. 1254 3m

WANTED.

Wanted immediately four first class JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.

Apply to

BLYTH & RUSSELL, Wellington street.

Ottawa, April 28, 1870. 1342tf

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

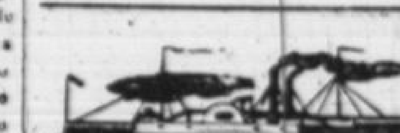
viz:—Ten McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the JOURNALISTS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $160; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4t



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY LINE

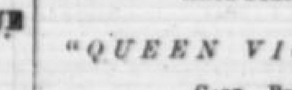
Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAMER "FAIRY,"

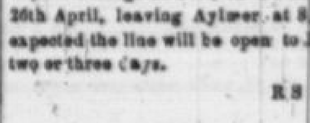
Capt. R. G. Nichols.

The above Steamer will commence her trips between MAJORS and OTTAWA, on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, leaving MAJORS Wharf at 5 a m, arriving at OTTAWA at 9.30 a m, leaving OTTAWA same day at 4 p m, arriving at MAJORS 9 p m.

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday until 14th May, after which Monday and Saturday only.

R W SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa April 22, 1870 1339tf

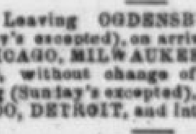


NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S.

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs Baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

Of a neat collection of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Miss THAYER, Edward street, off Albert street, Richmond Road, to sell on FRIDAY, April 29th, 1870, all of her household effects, consisting of Haircloth Sofa and Chairs to match, Centre Table, What-nots, Mirrors, Pictures, Tapestry Carpet, and a very superior Cottage Piano, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Sideboard, Side Tables, Book Case, Books, Crock, &c. The contents of the four Bedrooms, Bedsteads, Bureaus and Glasses, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Carpet, &c. Hall Furniture, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Hall Stove and Pipes. An excellent Cooking Stove, with Furniture, and a large quantity of Kitchen utensils, Crockery, China and Glassware. A quantity of Pot Preserves.

Sale to take place at half past 10 o'clock a. m. Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 18, 1870. 1336td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT, MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL, COL BERNARD, MR KIMBER, MR MITCHELL INNES, 60th Royal Rifles,

CAPT HINCKS, Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1331td

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

this Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

To Let.

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

A HOUSE TO LET

In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces, Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds, and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at G. MORTIMER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $160 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE, A J STEPHENS, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1333tf

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

THE ELEMENTARY CLASSES FOR PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION,

Commence THIS DAY at GOWAN'S HALL, at 2:30 p. m.

See advertisement in another column.

H R FRIPP,

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343tf

WANTED.

A Good FARM HAND, to take charge of Stock, and make himself generally useful.

Apply to

J ASHWORTH, Belmont, Aylmer Road.

1336tf

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from the REV. C. F. STREET, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on Daly street, near St Alban's Church, late residence of Mr. Roderick Ross, on MONDAY, the second day of May, at one o'clock p m., all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Centre Tables Dining Tables, Sideboards, Side Tables, Cane Seat, and other Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, Kitchen Furniture, and many other miscellaneous articles; also will be offered at the same time about sixty volumes of Theological works and other Books; and a fine English Piano, and a splendid silver mounted Flute, cost 50 dollars. Also, a Cooking Stove Box Stoves and a quantity of Stovepipes.

Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870 1343td

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE —OF— BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 30th of April, at ten o'clock, a m, all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Set in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Funiture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention, together with a lot of Carpeting, Gas Fixtures and Glass, Chandeliers; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

1341 6

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Satara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture,

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed;

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1336d

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from J. T. BARTRAM, Esq., to sell by public auction at his residence, eastern side of Metcalfe street, between Maria and Slater streets, on SATURDAY, the 30th April, instant, at 11 o'clock a.m., a general assortment of Household Furniture of the best quality.

Sale positive. Terms Cash

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 26, 1870. 1342td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES TO BE GIVEN AWAY —ON— THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street, has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c, may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.

Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 22, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

WANTED.

A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the Russell House.

Apply at THE TIMES OFFICE.

1343 6

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS

of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CONTROL OFFICE, CANADA, Montreal, 23rd April, 1870.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the

DEPUTY CONTROLLER,

will be received at the above office until noon of

Saturday, the 30th instant,

For the following supplies, viz:

Biscuit, about		160,000 lbs
Beans,	do	22,000 quarts
Tea,	do	13,000 lbs
Sugar,	do	23,000 lbs
Salt,	do	2,000 lbs
Pepper,	do	300 lbs
Tobacco,	do	3,000 lbs
Soap,	do	2,000 lbs

Tin Canisters capable of holding 12½ lbs tea—10
Do do do do 40 lbs sugar—14
Do do do do 1 lb pepper—14

Samples of the above to accompany the tenders.

Tenders will at the same time be received for the supply of live cattle at Fort William, Lake Superior.

Forms of tender, conditions of contract, and all further information required may be obtained on application at the Control Offices Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto and Ottawa.

The Deputy Controller reserves the right of accepting the tender for each article separately, and of rejecting any or all tenders.

B H MARTINDALE, Dep'ty Controller.

1342 4

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office Ottawa, April 29, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	4 10	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 10	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per "	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys "	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
" 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	7 50	@	10 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 10	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 10	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also a delusion. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, to well in the wake of civilization.

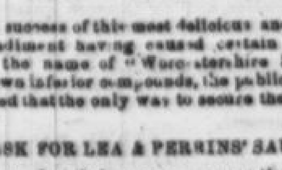
IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is prot ct it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it man once as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take colds and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 4ly1:36 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 1s 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. [illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

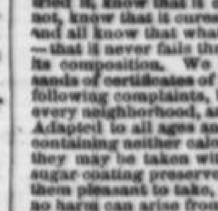
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa August 7, 1869

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

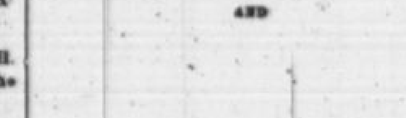
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of *Mrs.* WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15 to 25c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, the Rich Flavored do, 80c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address— The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st. Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the [illegible], including the New [illegible] Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 34 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pre-paid.

Address orders to

F. G. LAURIE, Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's Corp. Ontario. 1d 0m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

N. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HARVEY P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

COSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 368tf GEORGE TAILLON

V. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

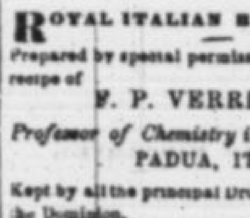
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald.
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P,

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the act and list of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or SHERWICK & GROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in Quarts.

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere. In 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

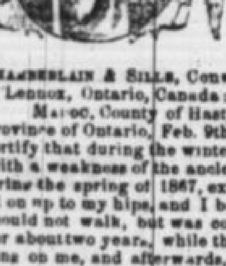
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

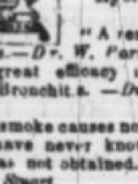
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s,

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 11s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s, an 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall,

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a litle cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Insley, Barristers, Ottawa. Jan-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Union Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietary interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward-Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication. Items of agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls with two houses and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1373 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL. MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 3, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease,
Cure for Consumption.

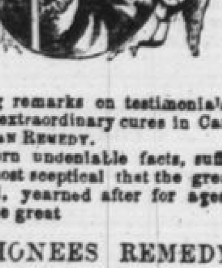
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

WANTED,

Information of JAMES and FRANCIS BOYLE from Lindley, Huddersfield, England, and if they will correspond with their friends or with JOSHUA MORTON, Glen Tay, P O, Township of Bathurst, Ont., they will hear of something to their advantage.

28 7 J MORTON.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq., A. McMaster Esq., H S Howland, Esq., Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as in any other shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance [illegible] not when the premiums are being paid [illegible] losses are being settled, and [illegible] promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjustor losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

No. 86, RIDEAU STREET

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a [illegible] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of [illegible] requested to call and judge for themselves your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—[illegible]

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURE. [illegible] three minutes Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and [illegible] attack, may be cured without [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable [illegible] and contains nothing which can [illegible] system either by external [illegible] Try it and you will not be disappointed. [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, [illegible]

1364 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour [illegible] and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1346. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENRY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., *Always on Hand.*

December 20, 1869. 1238.t

WHELAN, RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand*,) for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Goods, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Sauces, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— fresh Coffee *ground and roasted* daily on premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hennessy's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines, Clarets, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, proof and over, at extremely low prices. Dunville's and 'Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Kinahan's Irish Whiskey. Old Irish Potteen. Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts. and other Ales. and syrups, all grades. producers' prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. the time or bargains. 1105

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY Incorporated under *Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.* HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; A THOMSON, T H DUNN. Manager. 1141tf

SHOPKEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS. I give notice of my intention to supply mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. of trade during the last four years compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I decided to make the wholesale trade my purpose. What I have now is undoubtedly the largest, and the question of quality is readily by making known the fact that I raise my from seed procured at any expense it is the best; they will therefore favorable comparison with any imported. Another and important fact is that being and manufactured in Ottawa thereby freight, packing, duty and other expenses enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than porter. advantages, I think, cannot fail to those who may favor me with their orders. NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle, Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box Postoffice, Ottawa.* Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau. Sale—Empty Pickle bottles collected prices given. 1195y

S. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA. End of Little Sussex-st. advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases. R. E. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the City will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Tuesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Mart, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. MR. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

GEO. HAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, Bank street, Centre Town, BETWEEN SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

DERRICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. John Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1321tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT. The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, or cheaper than any other house in the city. GEORGE NICHOLSON. No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock, Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY, COMMISSION MERCHANT *FORWARDER,* GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c., No. 3, St. Peter-st. QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S. LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awt:M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms. Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out-buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hand for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

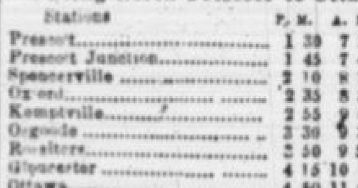
FOR STYLISH SIGNS! AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-fed BEEF AND MUTTON, ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 16th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

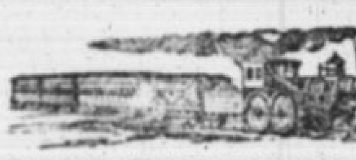
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rosalters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rosalters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a. m.

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 3 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

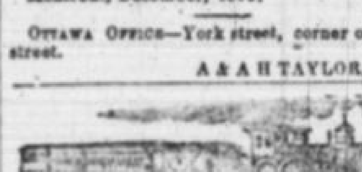
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.35 a m and 7.2 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY, For the Supply of 700 BEADSTEADS,

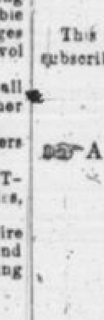
With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Pallisses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING, Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON. WHOLESALE ONLY.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING —AND— FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT. NO. 14 SPARKS SREET, OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING —AND— BABY LINEN, Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.!

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE, At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company, BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tl

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of ROOM PAPERS ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

A GRAND CONCERT

In aid of the rebuilding of the AYLMER CONVENT, Will be held in the TOWN OF AYLMER, —ON— SATURDAY, 23rd of APRIL, 1870.

Ottawa, March 26, 1870. 1317 td

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

The "Consolation" of Pierre—A Deluge of Thanks to all Grades of Society.

From the London Daily Telegraph.

The *Avenir de Corse* publishes the following letter from Prince Pierre Bonaparte, addressed to M. de la Rocca, one of the the witnesses for the defence at the Tours trial:

PARIS, April 2, 1870.

MY DEAR MONSIEUR DE LA ROCCA—It would be altogether impossible for me to answer all the letters and telegrams which I receive from all points of France and foreign countries. And, above all, it would be impossible for me to reply to them with the deep emotion and profound gratitude which I feel for so much precious testimony from the noble sympaty of honest hearts. I beg you to be the interpreter of my sentiments towards those generous friends (let me call them sincerely by that name) whose equitable appreciation confirming the sovereign verdict of the national jury is my best consolation. Thanks to the courageous writers who have been good enough to defend me. They are choice spirits, intelligent champions of right from whose manly inspirations I could have expected no less. I bow with respectful gratitude to those leaders of society whose rank and service enhance the affectionate expressions with which they honour me. Our valiant soldiers, both officers and men, will understand, I hope, without any insistence on my part, what an immense consolation I have found in their cordial expressions, so comfortable to their greatness of soul and their patriotic attachment to the Emperor's family. It is with tears in my eyes, and with pride and sympathy, that I here desire to shake hands collectively with those children of my native isle—with those patriotic Corsicans, ever faithful to heroic traditions, whose blood has flowed freely whenever an enemy of France was to be fought. Let us, the intrepid children of my department, whether military or civil, receive the tribute of the new debt imposed upon my old devotion by their fraternal attitude, in the face of the severe trial just undergone by him who had the great honour to be their representative, and still represents in the Council General one of their most illustrious cantons. Thanks to the officers, cadets, and pupils of the Batavian army. The glorious House of Orange deserves magnanimous servants who know how to do homage as well to the memory of Napoleon as to the good King Louis. Thanks to the Belgian officers who have done me the honour to write to me. Although proud of their autonomy, they are almost Frenchmen. As a commander of orders to the venerable founder of your dynasty I am tempted to exclaim, "am I not your comrade?" Thanks a thousand times to those martyrs of duty, fidelity to the flag, the Hanoverian officers whose congratulations are among the most precious that I have received. Are they not the champions of heroism and misfortune, these companions in-arms of George V., the modern John of Luxembourg? Let me offer respectful homage to those noble women who have designed to shed the balm of their sweet words on him who is sufficiently avenged on calumny by the sympathy of such wives and such mothers. Thanks, gratitude, imperishable remembrances, once more to all right-thinking hearts, to all those humane and generous characters who have held out to me a friendly hand in misfortune. One of my counsel said: "I have come to an age when my powers begin to fail." I myself have almost come to that. But I do hope that before my powers leave me altogether I may prove otherwise than by words that I have never been wanting in the will to render myself useful to my country in the first place, as my duty is, and, next, to every good cause if I could.

PIERRE NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

Whipping at School.

Here is what the Englishwoman's *Magazine* writer says about the punishment of young ladies.

I know one very expensive school for young ladies in Kensington, where for certain offences, whatever their age, the young ladies are birched as follows:

Having retired and put on a dress for the purpose, at an appointed hour the young lady to be punished knocks at the door of the boudoir of the lady principal, who, after serious conversation with her, and sometimes prayer, makes her enter her offence (always a grave one in a book kept for the purpose, which she does. The lady principal then rings the bell, and the matron of the establishment is sent for, to whom the lady principle has inserted the punishment. As she hands the book she says, 'Mrs—, will you be good enough to give Miss—so many strokes (naming the number) with the birch,' pointing with her finger to the entry in the book. The matron takes the book and retires. Presently a maid servant enters and says, "Mrs (the matron) is ready for Miss—.' The lady principal saying, 'I hope this will not occur again,' bows the young lady out; and the said young lady, her heart sinking within her, knocks at the next door, the room where the matron expects her. On entering she is told by the matron to lie accross a narrow ottoman which occupies the middle of the room. Miss—(as a rule there is no refusal) does as she is directed, and the matron then buckles a strap, which passing across the culprit's waist, fastens her to the ottoman. She then without a word, removes the loose dress from below her waist, selects a rod from a stand of rods, and slowly administers on Miss—'s bare person the prescribed number of strokes, counting each as she gives it. When the whipping is over the matron releases her, signs the punishment book, which the birched young lady takes again to the principal's boudoir, who takes the book from her, speaks kindly to her, sometimes kisses her, always shakes her by the hand. She then goes to her own room, resumes her own clothes, and, when she is composed enough takes her usual place in the school and nothing more is said.

MILITARY.

The *Gazette* of April 8 contains the following: "Lieutenant Albert William Money to be Captain by purchase, vice Mortimer James Macdonald, who retires. Dated March 31, 1870."

It has been notified that the Secretary of State for War has decided not to allow lodging allowance to regimental officers during the time they may be on leave of absence, no matter how short the period may be.

Colonel Henry Ponsonby, who is about to retire from the Grenadier Guards, has received the appointment of Private Secretary to Her Majesty, rendered vacant by the death of General the Hon. Charles Grey.

The Artillery Distinguished Service Pension, vacant by the death of Sir W. M. G. Colebrooke, C.B., K.H., has been bestowed upon General Wylde, C.B., colonel commandant of the 10th Brigade. General Wylde has been 66½ years in the service.

Gratuities to soldiers settling in the colonies under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 1866, will in future be paid locally by the Control Paymaster, without previous referrence to the War Office. He will be responsible that the voucher representing the issue in his accounts is supported by a certified record of the soldier's services, by a medical certificate of his fitness to become a settler, and by the authority of the general officer commanding, or the Governor of the Colony.

Lieut.-Colonel Bolton, Brigade Major of Royal Artillery at Montreal, has been appointed Adjutant General on Colonel Wolseley's staff, proceeding on the Red River expedition.

It is reported with some foundation, that Lieutenant General Sir Hastings Doyle, K.C.B.M.G., Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, will succeed Lieutenant General Lord William Paulet, K.C.B., in July, as Adjutant General of the Army.—*Court Journal.*

Col. McNeill, V.C., Military Secretary to the Governor General, has, it is said, been offered a staff appointment on the expedition to Red River.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railway—Thomas Reynolds
To Builders and Contractors—Ira Morgan

One Case "Jouvin" Kid Gloves, in all the new shades, to match the Dress Materials just received by
1236t MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times
SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

THE EXCURSION TO RED RIVER.

The creation of a little army—a force of some 1,800 men—to proceed to Red River and possess that country, *vi et armis*, is a matter of some difficulty. There are officers and men in superabundance. Eighteen hundred men could be armed, accoutred, and despatched in less than a week—in a day perhaps. The difficulty is not in procuring men, but in procuring men in such a way as to please everybody, and in the organization of a force which will meet with general approval. The officers of militia are so anxious to go that they will waive rank to go, and privates volunteer to go, without number, and without, for a moment, thinking of possible hardships, or it [illegible] considerable pay. In Toronto, some newspaper writers recommend the plan of raising a volunteer corps for service in the North West or elsewhere, and do so with an air of wisdom, to which the experienced military heads of the Militia Department scarcely lay claim. Nowhere else is this instructive course pursued by public writers. Elsewhere in the Dominion the opinion may be expressed as to the expediency of sending a large or small force, or no force at all. Elsewhere public writers may even go the length of speaking flatteringly of officers, supposed to have received important appointments, or the reverse. They do not attempt to dictate to the military chief of the Militia Department, in respect to the manner of establishing the army. That is left entirely in the hands of those who conduct the Toronto *Telegraph*. That newspaper says that the course adopted to raise a Volunteer corps for service at the North West or elsewhere, seems to have been conceived in gross ignorance of the strength of the force required for the service. To us there is no such seeming. The course adopted to raise a regular army—the first that Canada has ever known—small, but complete in all that is necessary to constitute an army is one admirably suited to effect the object in view. Men are invited to volunteer from certain Militia corps to be embodied as an army, and, when they have volunteered and have sworn to serve Her Majesty for service in the North West or elsewhere, they are as much a regular service as could be conceived or devised. The *Telegraph* supposes that this army will be composed of two Battalions of 250 men each! It is in no disrespect to the *Telegraph* that we characterise the statement as arrant nonsense. All that is yet proposed is to get suitable men, and a list of such a number of officers, who are willing to go into the proposed army, as will enable those in authority to pick and choose from such list. Now, as captains of companies, men, who have been in the regular service of Great Britain—as a rule—will be preferable to men, who have no true idea of military discipline. It is most desirable that the officers should surrender themselves to the most implicit obedience. There cannot be company independence. All must obey. A volunteer officer does not thoroughly understand this. He has not felt what it is to obey. Even the school-boy in Canada never learns that most perfect obedience without which there can be no discipline and united action. Discipline reduces a thousand men in feeling and in promptitude of reply to a command, to one man. Discipline intensifies and condenses thought and purpose. It converts a line of men—a front and rear rank line—into a stone-wall. It will sink a whole ship's crew without a shriek, and without a struggle for existence. With discipline even a fool may be successful as a general; without it Solomon or Solon, with all their wisdom, would be as weak as was Demosthenes as a general. Captains cannot recommend a course to their commander. They could never be permitted to sneer at the plan of operations as the Toronto *Telegraph* does. They nor the *Telegraph* have no business with the individual merits of officers in command. Nevertheless there is something which at first glance seems objectionable in selecting for military service a gentleman only because he is very distantly related to one who has been an officer of the army. It is a very natural error, however, if error it be. A caricature of the revolt of the Work-house puts into the mouth of a riotous cripple:—"Ve vill have Bill Muggs for our leader" Vy? "Cos, his father was a sodger." Bill Muggses are everywhere to be found and they will always have a preference to other people with non-military ancestors. John Cade himself obtained his commanding influence by inheritance. Men, like poets, are born soldiers. Generals are produced. The last objection of the *Telegraph* is to the effect that volunteers like to know their comrades and to serve under officers they have learned to respect. Possibly they do, but it is always in the interest of the public service to place the young soldier as an atom among men out of his acquaintance. He then finds his level and fits in better. When a disciplined corps have been long together, the knowledge which men have of each other is an advantage—not before. The Red River expedition is not intended to be a pleasure excursion, but the officers in chief command will be selected with the view of making the excursion as pleasant to all parties as possible. Very much will depend upon the people of Winnipeg whether the excursion be a pleasant one or the reverse.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

The Opposition again urged the Government to bring down merely a state of their policy on the North West.

Hon. SIR FRANCIS HINCKS replied they could not make a premature announcement.

A debate of some length took place on the Bank of Upper Canada Bill of Hon. Sir F. HINCKS, to vest in the Crown powers now exercised by the Trustees. The Bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS's Inland Revenue and auditing of Public Accounts Amendment Bill was read a second time.

On concurrence of the Tariff Resolutions, Mr Ross (Prince Edward) moved to exempt salt used in Inland Fisheries. Lost—Yeas, 48; nays, 85.

Mr. McCONKEY moved to strike salt out of the Government Resolution. Lost—Yeas, 52; nays, 82.

Hon. Mr. DORION moved to restore to the free list, flour, meal, wheat, coal and coke.

After debate the motion was lost.—Yeas, 63; Nays, 80.

Mr. THOMPSON moved to strike out rice. Lost—Yeas, 63; Nays, 73.

Mr. CASAULT moved that the coal duty be seven and a half per cent. *ad valorem.* Lost on division; also, that coal and coke from Britain be free. Lost—Yeas, 37; Nays, 91.

Mr. BOLTON moved that Indian corn, when used for other purposes than distilling, be free. Lost—Yeas, 50; Nays, 73.

Mr. McKONKEY moved the exemption of packages. Lost—Yeas, 56; Nays, 67.

Mr. OLIVER moved to reduce the excise on tobacco 1 cent. per pound, and cigars 30 cents. to 25 cents. Lost on division.

Mr. GODIN moved that tobacco of Canadian growth, be sold by the producer free of duty. Lost.

Several resolutions were concurred in.

Order for Superannuation Bill discharged on motion of Hon. SIR FRANCIS HINCKS.

The smallest paper in the Dominion is the Pembroke *Daily Observer*, which has now reached its seventh number. It is a lively interesting, gossippy little sheet. The *Observer* tells us that the first run of timber over the slides of the Joachims Rapids was accomplished on Monday last.

The same paper contains the following paragraph:

STEAMER "JOHN YOUNG"—This boat built by the Union Forwarding Company, to run between Havelock and Chapeau Village, supplying the place of the burnt steamer *Calumet* was launched at Havelock on the 20th instant. It is said that she is the finest boat the Company have, being of neat model and good accommodation. She will commence her regular trips on Monday next.

In the House of Commons (England) on Wednesday, the bill permitting marriage with a deceased wife's sister came up and elicited a heated debate. Mr. Spencer Walpole and Lord Percy opposed the bill, Mr. Beresford Hope vehemently denounced it, Mr. Denman showed that the Bible was silent on such marriages, and Mr. Palmer was for prohibiting them altogether. Mr. Gladstone defended the measure, and attributed the opposition to it to sectarian illiberality. The bill was finally carried in Committee by seventy of a majority, and reported to the House.

THERE is a peculiar journal published in England, known to compilers of newspaper directories as the *Anti-Tobacco Journal*. As a master of fancy, and as an enterprising logician, its pious editor is unsurpassed. To convert the ungodly from their indulgence in the pleasures of the weed, it recently published a history entitled "An awful end of a smoker." It is told by a Pentonville preacher. There was in his district a smoker who had ruined himself by his "bottle and pipe." One day, it appears, he was disputing with his wife on the subject, and, finally yielding, he promised that he would never again smoke, adding, "If I do not keep my promise, may I lose my eyes; may I lose the use of my limbs; may my blood turn to corruption." The reverend story-teller adds that the man, having broken his promise, was punished as he desired. While tapping a beer cask he lost the use of his eyes; he became paralyzed; and on a surgeon attempting to bleed him nothing followed the lancet but as he had previously prayed. Hence the *Journal* draws the moral "Don't smoke." But is not this style of argument simply horrible? If this is the usual character of the argument used by the anti-tobacconists, of whom this paper is an organ, there are more insane people out of Colney Hatch than is generally suspected.

The New York *World* says:—

The catastrophe in Richmond instinctively calls to mind that other dreadful calamity associated with the history of the capital of Virginia—the burning of the theatre in 1811. Then, as yesterday, the lives of many of the brightest and best of the citizens were destroyed, and the details, when known, sent a sickening shudder through the land. The horrors of that day are almost eclipsed by the State House disaster. Of course, somebody is to blame. The building is old. It was either badly constructed or is out of repair. The admission of an immense crowd to the upper story of such an edifice shows extraordinary neglect on the part of the officers of the court. No doubt a rigid investigation will be had; but in the meanwhile is it not well to inquire if life is not tampered with daily in other localities—our own, for instance—where large audiences are in the habit of assembling? The Richmond tragedy mournful though it is, would serve a purpose if it called attention to the condition of all the other rickety public buildings.

HOWE'S *Musical Monthly* is a selection of music, ever interesting, the latest, newest, and the best of the day. No. 10, which we now acknowledge contains the Bucbinder Rinder Waltzes, Leben and Lieben, Merchants Casino, Trumpeter Polka, Country Coquette Polka Mazurka, Pictures in the Air, Faschings Freuden Galop, Plaisir Polka, Sometimes here and Sometimes there Galop, Wild Flame Galop, Elise Polka, Minnie Polka, and the Morning Star Schottische, with a nice variety of songs for piano accompaniment. We can commend Howe, which is only 35 cents a number, and is procurable on the remission of the stamps from Elias Howe, 103 Court street, Boston.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 29

Lieut.-Col. Fielden, of the 60th Rifles, will go to the North West as Provost General commanding the forces, and C. J. Wolseley as Commander-in-Chief.

A small force of 80 engineers and a battery of steel guns will accompany the expedition, as well as a portion of the 60th Rifles.

Dr. Olliver, of the 60th Rifles, has gone to London to inspect the volunteers.

Dr. Woodfall, of the Artillery, performs the same duty in Toronto.

Lieut. Lake, of the Royal Artillery, goes to Collingwood to survey the military stores.

The boats constructing here have been completed.

The contract for female prison labour has been awarded to Messrs. Henny, Colby & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, at 17 cents per day.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 29.

The Bank of Montreal declared a dividend of six per cent. upon capital stock for the current half year.

The City Bank, 3 per cent.

The Rev. James Horncloe, of Georgeville, will be introduced by the Bishop as incumbent of St. Luke's Church on Sunday next.

Dr. Baker Edwards commences next week his course of five lectures on every day science in the philosophy of health.

A requisition to His Worship the Mayor has been presented by the Hon. John Young, Messrs. (Dr.) Masson, George Moffat, Henry Thomas, and a number of others from 210 citizens of Montreal, requesting that His Worship would call a public meeting of the citizens to take into consideration the late action of the Government to collect revenue by taxing the people of the Dominion for fuel and bread. The meeting is to be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 3 o'clock.

About sixty of the volunteers for Red River, from the 5th military district Montreal, were inspected by Lt. Col. Smith, D. A. G., at the military school to-day.

Flour market very firm and generally 5 cents higher; buyers generally holding off.

Another mass meeting held last night on the silver question, resolutions were passed, declaring against American silver, except at discount, was agreed on at Monday nights meeting.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 29.

The ship *Christine* cleared yesterday, being the first instance on record of a vessel arriving discharging, loading and clearing at such an early date.

The Quebec Harmonic Society, give a concert to-night at the National School House.

The Wellington Rifles, 8th battalion have presented their drill inspector, Col.-Sergt. Hicks, with a purse of money.

The Municipal Code is being revised by Mr. McCord, Law Clerk to the House.

Bis Bolduc was tried this morning for the larceny of a pair of shoes, the property of the Government, and acquitted. He was defended by H J Willan, barrister. He was tried afterwards for escaping from gaol, and found guilty.

ST. ARMAND'S.

ST. ARMAND'S, April 29.

The officers and men of Nos. 1 and 2 Companies, 60th Infantry, are stationed here at Hoyle's hotel. Companies Nos. 3, 4 and 5 are stationed at Pigeon Hill, five miles eastward of this Station, under command of Major Rowe; at Frelighsburg, the 52nd Infantry, under Col. Miller; at Hemmingford, 400 men of the local companies, under Col. Fletcher.

The Cookshire Cavalry returned home yesterday.

The possibility of a raid early next week is still positively asserted by persons coming from the other side.

Major Rowe's command here are mostly stout active young country fellows, showing the make of most efficient soldiers.

Weather splendid.

FATHER POINT.

FATHER POINT, April 29.

Weather cloudy and mild. Light West wind.

RIVER DU LOUP.

RIVER DU LOUP, April 20.

Weather cloudy and cool. Stiff N. N. E wind.

The S. S. "Ottawa" inwards bound at 7 a. m.

The steamer "Powerful" at the Brandy Pots.

Two inwards bound vessels off here.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The debate in the House of Commons on the amendment of the Irish Land Bill was of little general interest.

One amendment reserving small allotments to laborers was lost by 66 of a majority.

An amendment offered by Mr. Montague, restraining the number of cottages to one for every 25 acres of tillage was agreed to.

The progress was reported, and after the postponing the debate on the Conventional Bill until Monday the House adjourned.

LONDON.—The *Times* this morning urges the instant passage of the Land Bill as in its present shape, and says the opposition to it has become a serious obstacle to beneficial legislation.

The referees have finally arranged for three matches between the yachts *Sappho* and *Cambria*. Owing to the recent accident to the *Sappho*, the first race of the series will not take place before the 10th of May, to afford time for the necessary repairs.

The time for the second and third contests has not yet been fixed. For the first and second races the course will be 60 miles to windward and return. A triangular course will be adopted for the third race.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £25 000 since last Thursday.

In the House of Lords to-day, the oath was administered to Lord Wolverton, who took the oath for the first time.

The Earl of Clarendon submitted the correspondence in regard to the recent tragedy in Greece. He said the Greek and Turkish Governments were both making active and united efforts to secure the capture of the entire band of assassins and troops were in hot pursuit, over half the gang had been overtaken, of these seven were already captured, and were undergoing examination, and would undoubtedly be executed. Mr. Otway in laying before the House the Government correspondence said, that official information had been received from Athens confirming the worst details of the massacre. He added that at the last accounts the brigands were yet uncaptured and were making for the Turkish frontier. The Turkish authorities, however, were on guard and would arrest the fugitives if they attempted to cross the frontier.

Mr. Otway then said in conclusion that the remains of the victims had been embarked on board the frigate *Antelope* and taken to Malta.

The Earl of Carnarvon thought the Greek Government was responsible for the atrocities of these brigands, but he advocated the suspension of judgment until a thorough investigation had been made.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone promised to bring in a Bill to repeal the Ecclesiastical titles Act.

The House went into Committee on the Irish Land Bill.

Mr. Headlam offered an amendment, obliging the tenant to vacate peaceably at the termination of his lease.

The *Churchman* announces the illness of the Archbishop of Canterbury. It is so serious that he will offer his resignation.

The *Churchman* adds that the Bishop of Winchester will be appointed his successor.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The *Gaulois* (newspaper) says that the ship owners are sadly disappointed in the Suez Canal. Screw steamers are especially sure to meet accidents.

PARIS—Many of the political meetings held throughout the country yesterday were excited and tumultuous. In all of them in this city, shouts of "Vive La Republique" were heard. The prime minister Ollivier was insolently assaulted by the speakers who styled him a renegade and a traitor. On the breaking up of the meeting cries for a republic were repeated and in many cases the people separated singing the "Marseillaise." No rioting has occurred anywhere.

Baron Leiberg, the eminent chemist, is dangerously ill.

For the first time in many weeks there has been an out flow of specie from the Bank of France.

The amount of specie on hand to-day is 8,500,000 francs less than on last Thursday.

The police authorities are making great preparations during the period for taking, counting, and declaring the vote in the plebiscitum.

The Electoral Committee which acted for M. Thiers at the last election, have issued an address to his constituents counselling them to vote no, or abstain from voting.

All the legitimist journals in the provinces pronounce for the negative vote or none.

Several French bishops sent from Rome to request that the priests in their diocese be permitted to vote on the plebiscitum.

Cardinal Mathew has arrived here from Rome.

The *L'Univers* (ultramonton organ) says that Count Daru, while Minister of Foreign Affairs, directed the Marquis De Bouneville to transmit his memorandum to the Pope, and accompany it with a request that its contents be communicated to the Council. The Pope read the memorandum, but did not carry out the request of the French Minister.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—Several of the journals of this city, to-day deny the statement published by the *Epoca* on Tuesday concerning the candidature of Prince Frederick De Prussia and the effect such report had at Paris.

AMERICAN NEWS.

RICHMOND, VA.—An experienced architect who has reviewed the plan of the capitol building, says the girder which gave way was composed of two pieces of timber, bolted together, making, when combined, an arch of 13 by 20 inches. It was formerly supported by columns, which were subsequently removed to improve the appearance of the hall of the delegates.

There have been about 25 additional funerals this morning. Hearses could not be obtained for all of them, and furniture waggons, appropriately draped, had to be used.

At the meeting held to day, it was resolved that the 4th of May be observed as a day of humiliation and prayer and religious observance.

The streets to-night are as quiet as on a Sabbath.

Active measures are on foot for the relief of the destitute families.

HAVANA.—The Spanish authorities this afternoon delivered over the steamer *Aspinwall.*

RICHMOND.—To-day all the houses of business continued closed having crape on the doors and the inscription "closed in consequence of the calamity at the Capitol."

The streets are filled with people.

In the funerals of the dead policemen, both sets of police joined. All the late political feeling forgotten. The bells of the city tolled all day and the streets look like Sunday. A crowd of about 7000 people is now assembled in the park hearing addresses of condolence from Governor Walker, Judge Orr Judge Crumy Gov Wise and others.

Thomas Baldwin, one of the injured, died to-day.

Both Houses of the Legislature held an informal meeting this morning, and agreed to unite with the citizens in any general funeral procedure.

The body of the coloured senator, Bland, was sent home this morning. The hearse is being followed by the white and coloured members of the Senate to the depot.

Ex-Governor Wells is a great deal better to-day.

WASHINGTON.—Some days' ago the Department of State was informed by Minister Sickles and Minister Roberts, that an order had been issued by the Spanish Government for the surrender of the steamer *Aspinwall*. Although sufficient time has elapsed, the Cuban authorities have not acted. It is suspected that the Captain-General is restrained by the opposition of the volunteers.

There is no doubt that a large amount of war material belonging to the Fenians is distributed along the border.

The Detroit *Post* has a long article on the abolition of the death penalty in Michigan. One portion of it, being "eloquence," must pass unnoticed at present; the other, being statistical, is of sufficient force to merit attention. The statistics given show conclusively that the murder rate has not merely increased but has actually decreased since 1847, when capital punishment was abolished. In 1848-9 five were committed for murder, or seven per cent. of the whole number of convicts. In 1869 two out of 250 convicts were committed for murder, or eighth-tenths of the whole number. The average percentage for the twenty-two years during which the death penalty was abolished was one and one-tenth per cent. During the first eleven years the per centage was two and seven-tenths; during the last eleven, one and three-tenths—a truly remarkable decrease, and one which goes far in support of their maintaining that the severest and most deterrent punishment is that of perpetual imprisonment.

General Porter, in his reply to Senator Chandler, states that a member of his court acted in the double capacity of judge and witness for the prosecution. In Prendergast's standing work on military law we find the following in reference to courts-martial: "An officer summoned to attend as a witness at a trial before a court martial cannot properly sit as a member of the court; it being his duty, as a judge, to form his conclusions upon an impartial consideration of the whole of the evidence. This he cannot do where he is himself a witness. The characters of witness and judge are, therefore, wholly inconsistent; and in the only reported instance where judges were called upon to give evidence at a criminal trial, viz., that of Colonel Hacker, the regicide of Charles II., they sat no more as judges during that trial." This rule is so plainly the dictate of common sense and justice as to forbid all denial. Now, referring to the composition and action of the court before which General Fitz-John Porter was tried, may we not naturally inquire how and why it was that Judge Advocate General Holt—who is by law both public prosecutor and counsel for the accused—permitted, without protest, a member of that court to fill the double character of judge and witness?—*New York World.*

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

AN AWFUL CALAMITY

Fifty-six Persons Killed and Two Hundred Wounded.—Horrible Scene in Richmond.—The Floor of a Crowded Court-Room Gives Way.—Falling in of the Walls—A Legislative Caucus Crushed on the Floor Below.—Distinguished Virginians Killed.

RICHMOND April 27.—The sun rose bright and cheerful this morning over a city full of happiness, which by mid-day was turned into mourning and desolation. One of the most frightful and appalling catastrophes occurred at the Capitol building, wholly without a parallel, by which nearly fifty lives were lost, and as many were maimed, and this day is henceforward one of horror and calamity in Richmond's history.

THE SCENE OF THE DISASTER.

Such was the intense interest felt in the decision to be rendered by the State Court of Appeals in the Mayoralty case, to-day, that by 11 o'clock, a. m, a crowd of eager citizens filled the court room, which is located on the upper floor of the Capitol building, on the north side, and immediately above the hall of the House of Delegates. The room is about twenty by twenty five feet, the judges bench at one end being confronted by a small gallery at the other. The entrance to the court room is from a balconied gallery in the upper story, over the Washington monument, on the lower floor, and above is a skylight in the roof, which admits the light. This balcony, or gallery, was also filled with people who could not gain admittance into the court room.

THE CROWD.

At the time of the catastrophy it is estimated that not more than three hundred persons were in the court room, but these filled it to its utmost capacity. A large number of the legal fraternity and members of the press were seated in the room immediately in front of the bench and the gallery. The opposite end was filled with leading citizens, and the centre of the small room was thronged by a crowd, both seated and standing. There was a general conversation or discussion as to the merits of the case going on among the assembled audience, the members of the press were arranging their paper and cracking jokes, as is usual among them, and all were eagerly awaiting the advent of the judges. At length two of their honors entered—Judges Joynes and Anderson—and took their seats, when the conversation lulled among the people, and for the first time there was a perceptible silence.

THE ACCIDENT.

Suddenly, and while awaiting the arrival of the remaining judges, a report as of a smothered gun under the floor was heard, followed immediately by another similar report, and everybody started from their seats and looked towards the centre of the room, from whence the ominous sounds seemed to issue. People there stood up and looked themselves for an explanation of the strange and mysterious noise. But they had not long to wait. There came a crackling sound, as of small timbers breaking, and then the floor was felt giving way in the centre of the room. Simultaneously everybody jumped to their feet, for all felt that danger was imminent, and self-preservation is the first law of nature. But it was too late. Down went the floor with a terrible crash, with its living, breathing, and frightened human freight, dragging with it the gallery and its living mass, and down they went to a distance of nearly twenty-five feet to the floor of the House of Delegates. Then, with the descending mass, the ceiling above, which was somehow attached to the gallery also, came down with another fearful crash, smothering and crushing the living and struggling mass of victims beneath.

PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPES.

A ledge of about twelve feet, on which the bench was located, did not go down, and on this many lives were saved, including the judges and reporters. As soon as the fearful crash had occurred, those who could clutched hold of the windows, stepped out of the gallery and ran out to other rooms, and thus many others were also saved.

THE EXCITEMENT.

The scene which followed is utterly beyond description. Between the two bodies of the floor and ceiling was the mass of people, the force and power of the latter, with the gallery falling upon them, forever silencing their cries for help. It was a scene of horror never to be forgotten by those who witnessed it. To those who remained about and who ventured to look down into the vacant space of the court room nothing was visible but a cloud of thick dust, through which the frantic cries of the victims yet alive could be heard vainly appealing for help.

SPREADING THE NEWS THROUGH THE CITY.

The crash was felt in every portion of the building, even to the basement, out of which the officers ran in precipitate haste, and soon the alarm of the catastrophe was pealed through the city on the bells of the surrounding churches. This sound had the effect of bringing promptly to the scene the Fire Department, besides a large concourse of citizens, who were under the impression that a conflagration had taken place. Hooks and ladders were at once brought into active requisition, and the work of extricating the dead, the mangled, the wounded, and the dying was commenced.

A FORTUNATE INCIDENT.

Luckily, it was an hour prior to the meeting of the Legislature, when the House of Delegates would also have been thronged, and hundreds of others would have been added to the already immense list of killed and wounded. As it was, some fifteen or twenty persons are reported to have been in the house, some of whom escaped, and some were killed, one of the pages among them. An incident of the lamentable occasion is that both the mayors, Ellyson and Chahoon, who were the most interested parties present, went down with the floor into the yawning room beneath, Ellyson escaping unhurt, while Chahoon was slightly injured.

FIFTY-SIX PERSONS KILLED.

It is now positively ascertained that there were fifty-six persons killed in the catastrophe; but the number of wounded has not been accurately ascertained, as many of them walked off. It is supposed, however, that not less than 100 are wounded.

THE CAPITOL BUILDING.

which dates nearly to the revolutionary era, is dilapidated and insecure, and is now but a wreck of what it was, the whole northern side of it being a mass of debris. While the dead and wounded were being removed, many alarms took place, and the people rushed from the building repeatedly in terror of another calamity.

SUSPENSION OF BUSINESS IN THE CITY.

Throughout the entire city business has been suspended, stores are closed, and the community are mourning their irreparable loss. Many of the stores are draped in the emblematic crape. Women and children are crying and weeping in every direction; men are rushing hither and thither, seeking fresh details of the sorrowful tragedy.

NEGRO BRUTES EXULTING.

Shocking, for humanity's sake, to relate, many negroes are exulting over it, deeming it a visitation on the whites, because there is only one negro reported killed. Such an exhibition calls forth the greatest condemnation and disgust.

A MEETING CALLED FOR.

The following call has been issued for a meeting, at which Governor Walker will preside:

To the Citizens of Richmond: A terrible calamity has just occurred, by which many who were in life but a day or two ago now sleep in the calm repose of death. It is fitting upon such an occasion that some public action should be taken expressive of the deep sorrow that prevades every heart; and it is, therefore, recommended that the people assemble on the Capitol square to-morrow at 12 o'clock, to give a suitable expression to their grief and sympathy on this mournful occasion.

RADICAL BLASPHEMY.

Alluding to the calamity, the *State Journal* of this evening thus closes a leading article:

The town is filled with mourning, and every part of the State will, we fear, have occasion to lament the loss or severe injury of valuable citizens. We shall not in this place venture upon a description of the heart-rending details of the calamity. Occurances like these make their own commentary. The human mind stands appalled at the contemplation of them, and fails to measure or appreciate the height and depth of their significance. Let us all stand reverently rebuked before an offended Providence, and bow in pious submission to its awful judgment. Its ways are past finding out, but its purposes, whatever be the form of their manifestation, are ever just and righteous.

REMARKABLE ESCAPES.

Among the miraculous escapes are those of the reporters of the *Whig*, *Dispatch*, and *State Journal*—all of whom were seated immediately on the edge of the parting floor, poor Brock being so far back that he fell into the fearful abyss and lost his life. Several others grasped or clutched hold of doors, windows, and benches, and saved themselves by extraordinary exertions and the interposition of Providence.

NARROW ESCAPE OF GOVERNOR WALKER.

His Excellency, Governor Walker, whose office joins the court room where the calamity occurred, had a narrow escape. By his untiring exertion during the day he was instrumental in relieving the wounded, and having the dead bodies removed much sooner than otherwise would have been the case. With great promptitude the Governor commanded the Capitol to be closed, and prevented the crowd rushing upon destruction, when it was certain their presence could only embarrass the proceedings. Some of the mob disputed the way, but the Governor stood upon the steps, and, single-handed, barred the way, keeping them back until assistance arrived. During the day he was constantly on the scene, giving directions, and by his presence stimulating those who were working to further exertions in releasing the suffering and the dead.

CONDITION OF SOME OF THE WOUNDED.

Among those of the wounded whose condition was most doubtful, were ex-Governor Wells, Mr. James Neeson, Mr. Thomas S Bocock, and William C Dunham, agent of the Old Dominion Steamship Company. The first are reported better to-night, but Mr. Dunham is not expected to live.

PARTICULARS FROM ONE WHO ESCAPED.

A gentleman who narrowly escaped with his life, describing the scene, says:

I was seated at one of the tables with the reporters when the floor caved in, and the crash of ceiling, floors, and timbers followed; my chair thus half fell and I went over the ledge, but, happily, grasped the floor and was for a time suspended; I involuntarily prayed, and heard a clinging companion say, "Lord have mercy upon me, I am gone;" it was a terrible moment which I never shall forget; the crashing of the floor, the shrieks of the mass who went down in their death slaughter, and the frantic efforts of some to escape, with my own slight chances of life, were all fearfully presented in a single instance. When I recovered and got myself back on the platform I had fainted, and was hurried by somebody from the fatal apartment.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

To-night a great meeting of the Cahoon and Ellyson police was held, at which resolutions of respect to the memory of their deceased brethern were adopted, and, it was agreed that both parties should join in and participate in the funeral ceremonies.

THE STATE CAPITOL TO BE ABANDONED.

Both branches of the General Assembly held a session at the Exchange Hotel, merely meeting and adjourning until to-morrow at 12 o'clock, to avoid any interruption in the proceedings. It is believed the Capitol will now be abandoned as a public institution. It was built in 1792, and is now nearly seventy-eight years old.

A private telegram from Richmond says that the court was about to deliver an opinion in favour of Mr. Ellyson, one of the judges dissenting, as the floor fell.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 29, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

After routine business,

The Canada Central Railway Bill was read a third time and passed.

The Quebec and New Brunswick Railway Bill was read a first time.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON presented the Twelfth Report of the Joint Committee on Printing.

The Ferries' Regulation Bill was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON moved the discharge of the order relating to the reporting of the debates of Parliament.

Some debate followed, and the general feeling appeared to be in favour of a full official report being taken and published next session, so that the country would be disabused of the impression that the Senate did nothing.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 29 1859

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) to the non delivery of Mr. Smith's report to the members.

Mr. THIBAULT'S report which was promised to be brought down last night, had not yet been produced. The Montreal and Toronto papers had published it he understood this morning, and he thought the Government had shown great delay, and should have placed the members on the same footing as they placed the public.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said that it was not the fault of the Government as to the printing such documents, they were under the charge of a Committee, who were responsible for their delivery.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the Government were responsible for the publication and distributing of the papers brought down by them.

After a few further remarks the subject then dropped

Mr. WALSH repeated the explanations he had made in the Commintee of Public accounts respecting his having taken the mileage. He had taken the mileage for some time, until he discovered that the Ministers of the Crown drew no mileage and looked up the statute upon the subject. After that he had drawn no mileage, and as to what he had drawn he was fully under the opinion that he was entitled to it. He made these explanations because he had been misrepresented in some newspapers.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he had no doubt the explanations were correct.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL asked when the North West Bill would be brought down.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he was afraid not before Monday.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said that the session was now well advanced, the canals were open and there was no natural difficulty in the way of an expedition, and if they desired to avoid disastors the volunteers should be on their way now. But if the Government had not yet settled the policy among themselves, they were derelict to the interests of the country and of the Crown. Promises had been made for two or three weeks that the propositions would be brought down, and within a day or two they had promised that they would be brought down in a few hours.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he was not prepared to make any statement till the leaders of the Government were in their places.

A MEMBER—Where are they?

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the papers when brought down would show that there had been no want of diligence. It would be found that the whole question had been dealt with in such a way as was compatible with the interests of the Dominion. The Cabinet had been, and still were, a unit on the policy.

Mr. MACKENZIE acknowledged he had a fair right to ask delay till some of his colleagues were in their places. But there had been delay day after day He presumed they did not intend to sit to morrow as no notice of such motion had been given, and here on the last day of another week they had no indication of any agreement having been come to with the Imperial Government. They were within a few days of adjournment, and it seemed as if the matter had been put off systematically to avoid a settlement. He had refrained in the public interest from pressing this matter, but would now give notice of motion for Monday.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he protested against the statement that there had been systematic delay. The hon. gentleman ought to know that grave State matters existed in the territory, and there were serious considerations connected with the preparations for the expedition. If it was to be an expedition of peace, as he hoped and believed it would be, it would be sent under terms satisfactory to the Dominion and to the people of that territory. They would not be driven by taunts to say anything prematurely. The delay in bringing down would be more than made up by the perfecting of a measure, which he believed would solve all the difficulty.

Mr. MACKENZIE said they were bound at least to fulfil their promises. Did the Government intend to sit to-morrow?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—No. He believed that the business would be facilitated more by this than by sitting.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) suggested the adjournment for a month or 15 days if the Government was not ready.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he inferred from the remarks of the Finance Minister that the Government had not yet come to a full understanding with the Imperial Government on the North West question. The Finance Minister had stated that he believed that their measures would meet with the approval of the Imperial Government. The only inference that could be drawn from this statement was that as yet Government had not come to any understanding with the Imperial Government. The House was entitled to information on this point.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said the inference was unwarrantable.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that the hon. gentleman from Chateauguay confounded two things entirely distinct. When he (Hincks) stated that he believed the Imperial Government would be satisfied with the Government measure, he referred to the measure for the Government of the North West, on all details of which it would be impossible to obtain the consent of the Imperial Government. On the North West question there was not the slightest difficulty likely to arise between the two Governments.

Hon Mr. CAMERON (Peel) said the Government had a most important matter to deal with, and they should not be driven to the adoption of a premature policy.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU hoped the spirit of forbearance that had hitherto prevailed would still be cherished, and the Government would not be compelled to give hasty disclosures of their views, of the views of the Imperial Government, or of the views of those parties whom they have given legal shielding.

Hon. Mr. DORION fully admitted that the North West matter was divided into two questions—one the establishment of a Government, and the other the fitting out of an expedetion. With regard to the first, it was referred to in the speech from the Throne, and now, after two months and a half, nothing had been done. Surely they were not unduly pressing in now asking for the measure. With regard to the second question, the Government were making preparations for the expedition, and they could not do so unless they had a settled policy with regard to it, and they were not justified in keeping back that policy from the House.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Superannuation Bill.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON raised a point of order. One clause of the Bill provided for the appropriation of money from the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The message should have been received from His Excellency, recommending the same.

After some discussion, the Bill was allowed to stand over.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Bill to vest the property of the Bank of Upper Canada in the Government.

Hon. Mr. DORION thought the principle of the proposition was a dangerous one. He [Hon. Mr. Dorion] believed that the trust should be vested in one person, who should be authorized to sell the real estate of the Bank for what it would bring. The Government had enough to manage without attending to private estate.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that if something was not speedily done the property of the Bank would be swallowed up by the Trustees, who were conducting the matter very slowly.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said that the Government was a creditor to the amount of one million dollars. There were other creditors to the extent of three hundred thousand dollars. The Government would take care that the affairs were wound up as rapidly as possible.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said that the plan proposed of appointing one Trustee, would, no doubt, reduce the cost now incurred by three Trustees, but it would be open to the same objections or to mismangement, &c. He [Hon. Mr. McDougall] thought it would be better to dispose of the whole establishment to some person or company who might purchase it as a speculation.

Mr. McCONKEY said that the Bill would be most acceptable. In his portion of the country, Trustees had neglected their duty by disposing of real estate at rates much below its value.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that no Trustee would be appointed. The Government would exercise its supervision without any expense, although it might be necessary to employ some sort of professional assistance.

After some discussion, the Bill was read a second time.

The Bill to amend the Act respecting the collection and management of the revenue, the auditing of public accounts, and the liability of public accountants, was, after some remarks, read a second time.

It being six o'clock the House rose.

AFTER RECESS.

The following Bills were read a second time, passed through Committee, and read a third time:

Bill to amend and extend the Act to provide means for improving harbours and channels at certain Ports.

Bill to make provisions for discipline on board of Canadian Government Vessels.

Bill respecting security to be given by officers of Canada.

Bill to amend the Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved concurrence in the report of the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. ROSS (Prince Edward) moved in amendment to the effect, that the fishermen of Ontario should have the same privilege as those of Nova Scotia, in regard to salt used for curing fish. He said that there were 1,500 fishermen in his own county who used salt, and who had to pay one dollar and fifty cents a barrel for their salt, while the Nova Scotians only paid 40 cents. He did not see why the Lower Provinces should have all the favours.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that he could not agree to this proposition. The object of the salt tariff was to exclude American monopolies, who were desirous of obtaining possession of our salt wells, and then they would charge exhorbitant rates for salt.

After some discussion,

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that the salt fields of Ontario covered an area of a hundred miles, and there was no company of monopolists in the world who could buy out the business. Besides this, there was lots of British salt that could be employed. It was absurd to talk of a salt monopoly.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY alluded to the [illegible] oply that took place in petroleum [illegible] years ago. If Lake fishermen could get their salt cheap enough, why did they not get British salt from Montreal? Experience had shown that when exceptions were made on any articles [illegible] was imported under the pretence [illegible] being for the use of the whole [illegible]

After some further debate [illegible] was taken, and the amendment [illegible] Yeas 48; nays 86.

Mr. McCONKEY moved that [illegible] on salt be struck out. He said [illegible] petitions had been sent from [illegible] tuency for this tax, although [illegible] petitions had been forwarded [illegible] The subject had been brought [illegible] County Council, but they declined [illegible] action on it. He opposed the [illegible] adverse to the interests of the [illegible] the benefit of the member for [illegible] his friends. He also opposed the [illegible] an article consumed by every [illegible] Dominion, and which did not [illegible] tion if the object was the [illegible] native industry. He regretted [illegible] taxes should be laid on the [illegible] life for the poor settler, while [illegible] ments were swarming with [illegible]

Lost—Yeas, 52; nays, 82; [illegible]

Hon. Mr. DORION moved [illegible] meal, wheat, coal and coke be [illegible] the free list. He desired to [illegible] would vote for the proposals of the Government, in opposition to the [illegible] their constituents. He at first [illegible] he would have to speak chiefly [illegible] vinces of Quebec and New Brunswick [illegible] he found by telegram that the [illegible] ing of indignation existed in Nova [illegible] The letters and information reaching [illegible] all quarters showed how much the [illegible] were opposed to the [illegible]

Mr. MACDONALD [illegible] the authority from which Hon. Dr. [illegible] had quoted was a young man [illegible] who was an avowed annexationist [illegible] the resolutions relating [illegible] passed by the Provincial Legislature [illegible] were only ten members in the [illegible] and these were avowed [illegible] Every sensible man in Nova [illegible] accept the tariff cheerfully.

Mr. CARMICHAEL denied [illegible] ment. There were only a few [illegible] Nova Scotia interested in coal [illegible] every person was materially interested in the tax on flour. It would be [illegible] by future events, that the people [illegible] not satisfied with this policy, which [illegible] retaliatory one, and which would [illegible] lead to the imposition by the United [illegible] of additional import duties which [illegible] do us incalculable injury.

Mr. WOOD replied to the speech of Hon. Dr. Tupper last night, [illegible] the charge of inconstancy preferred [illegible] gentleman. He said that no [illegible] could be drawn from any previous [illegible] of his, that *he had supported the* [illegible] tive policy. *He argued that* any [illegible] coal *would have to be paid in* [illegible] American coal, which must be [illegible] under any circumstances. He [illegible] the idea that the small tariffs imposed [illegible] the proposed tariff, and the exclusion of their fishermen from our fishery grounds should bring the people of the United States to ask us to renew the Reciprocity Treaty. This was a most absurd idea [illegible] the lips of a statesman like the hon. [illegible] or Cumberland, upon whom the [illegible] all nations were just now [illegible] (Hon. Mr Wood) did not believe [illegible] ciprocity treaty would ever be renewed [illegible] for least not regeneration. It [illegible] known that the Government had [illegible] gone to all sorts of extremes to [illegible] but in vain.

Mr. WORKMAN said that for [illegible] days the feeling on this question [illegible] treal and Quebec, and throughout the whole Province, and the people [illegible] an outrage had been outraged by [illegible] laid on the necessaries of life, [illegible] ostensibly to propitiate Nova [illegible] They were tired of this talk of [illegible] and would no longer suffer the [illegible] founded on it. Since this question [illegible] up he had been humiliated by the [illegible] of certain gentlemen who in the [illegible] had come to him to express their [illegible] cation at his action respecting the [illegible] of the Government, and their [illegible] the coure of the ministry, which [illegible] tended to oppose. Yet ten hours [illegible] wards, they had voted in an [illegible] way. If these gentlemen chose to [illegible] fice their conviction of right to the [illegible] of party, then he thought the [illegible] try was in danger. So long as they [illegible] not see past the silver half dollar [illegible] up before them, then he thought the country was in danger. So long as [illegible] could not see the past the silver dollar held up before them then [illegible] he country was in danger. He [illegible] members to consider the proposal [illegible] support them. When the [illegible] intimation of the change they [illegible] it met with general approval, yet [illegible] two or three members threatened [illegible] pose it, were the opinions of all the members of the House to be rejected [illegible] did not choose to tax the food and [illegible] the poor and needy. He [illegible] the House to consider well the vote [illegible] to be given for the country was looking [illegible] them with anxiety as to the result.

Mr. MAGILL denied the [illegible] made by the hon. member for Cumberland that he was inconsistent. He [Mr. Magill] had been calling for fair [illegible] but not partial protection. [illegible] been calling for protection, the hon. [illegible] ber had been bellowing for [illegible] tax upon coal was most cruel to the people of the cities of the West [illegible] be of no benefit to Nova Scotia, [illegible] not cause its coal to be purchased [illegible] tario.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER read from [illegible] gills speeches, endeavouring to [illegible] that he had supported protection [illegible] proposed by the Government, [illegible] first encouraged the Government [illegible] policy and then voted against [illegible] gain a party advantage. He [illegible] conduct as unmanly and [illegible] and attacked him for expressing [illegible] he had now done after those [illegible] advocated. He then attacked [illegible] tion of the member for Brant [illegible] Wood], stigmatised the member [illegible] tou [Mr. Carmichael], and the [illegible] Montreal Centre [Mr. Workman] [illegible] pressing their pretended sympathy [illegible] poor people of Montreal, [illegible] terests had been largely [illegible] Confederation, and which [illegible] fortune, owing to the tax on [illegible] levied for its benefit.

Mr. MACKENZIE ridiculed the [illegible] Lecturer General of the House, [illegible] member for Cumberland, and [illegible] with the most extraordinary [illegible] tion. He pointed out, among [illegible] ces, that of representing him as [illegible] opposed to the interests of Nova Scotia [illegible] though he had over and over [illegible] incorrectness of the statement [illegible] firmed the statement of the [illegible] Hochelaga respecting the passage of [illegible] lutions in the Nova Scotia Legislature [illegible] posing the proposition for [illegible] wheat, coal, and salt, or for [illegible] ties on manufactured goods from [illegible] per cent. He read the resolution [illegible] which set forth in strong terms [illegible] of the principle on which the [illegible] proposed to be established. [illegible] tions appeared to have been [illegible] mously, having been laid on the [illegible] the House when there were [illegible] members. He showed that the [illegible] treaty had been originally [illegible] instance of the Southern States [illegible] to keep the Provinces here from [illegible] tion, lest they should swamp the Northern [illegible] ing a preponderance to the Northern [illegible] He taunted the member for [illegible] with charging other men with want of patriotism if they did not support the [illegible] try, while all his patriotism had [illegible] at his finger ends, when he thought [illegible] was not to be taxed, and argued [illegible] folly of attempting to coerce the [illegible] States by laying a tax on [illegible] $175,000.

Mr. BOWELL thought the speeches and votes of those who had just urged Government to adopt a protective policy and then voted against, fully justified the attack made on them by the member for Cumberland.

The division was then taken on hon. Mr. Dorion's amendment and resulted as follows. Yeas 62; nays 80.

Mr. THOMPSON [Haldimand] moved to strike out the duty on rice. The amendment was lost. Yeas 63, Nays 76.

Mr. CASAULT moved that instead of fifty cents a ton on coal, there be imposed an ad valorem duty of seven and a half per cent. provided such duty do not in any case exceed fifty cents per ton. The amendment was declared lost on division.

Mr. CASAULT moved that coal and coke be allowed to enter from Ontario free.—Lost, yeas, 37; nays, 95.

Mr. BOLTON moved to place Indian corn when used for purposes other than distilling, on the free list. He said that large quantities of the article were used in this Province, the tax on which, would fall upon the poor.

Mr. MACKENZIE called on the members to support this amendment. Indian corn was largely imported into Ontario for other than distillery purposes.

Mr. STEPHENSON said that if the duty were increase instead of knocked off it would suit his constituency better. The Upper Province produced quite enough corn to supply Nova Scotia.

The amendment was lost. Yeas, 50; nays, 73.

Mr. McCONKEY moved to strike out the duty on packages. Yeas, 56; nays, 7.

Mr. OLIVER moved to reduce the excise duty on tobacco one cent a pound, and to reduce the duty on cigars from thirty to twenty-five cents a pound. Lost on division.

The Resolutions were then severally carried on division till the 13th, on which

Mr. GODIN moved in amendment that Canadian grown raw tobacco be allowed to be sold without excise duty. Lost: Yeas, 2; nays, 77.

The remaining resolutions were then carried.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS then introduced a Bill founded thereon, which was read a first time. The second reading for Tuesday.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the discharge of the order for the second reading of the Superannuation Bill, the Speaker being of opinion that the proceedings should be in de novo.

The House adjourned at 2:45.

LOCAL NEWS

USE Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

OVER 150 Packages new Goods on view at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. Full lines in every Department.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods at lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

FIRST of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.—From Monday next the morning trains will leave at 7 instead of 8 o'clock.

THE RIVER.—The waters of the Ottawa are diminishing to state. This is fortunate for our lumber business.

POLICE COURT—Friday.—A case of drunk and disorderly was settled before the Chief, [illegible] exercise his tender mercies on the Victim of "blue ruin."

LEFT THE FORCE.—Constables Davis, and Durocher, we hear have left the police of the city. They were both efficient officers—constable Davis was a very able detective, and generally liked.

MOVING.—Yesterday a great number of waggons, laden with furniture were moving to the Western portion of the city. Whether it is the "star of empire" we can't say, but "Westward do the people take their way."

BUGGY FOUND.—A lone and lost buggy was found yesterday morning, near the old brewery in Hull, no contemplative horse attached, no sleeping proprietor endeavoring to return from the city. What has become of the horse and the proprietor is not considered to be material, by the inhabitants, as the buggy has been secured.

WRONG.—A lady yesterday wished to go as far as Pooley's bridge, and inquired of a carter, on the Elgin street stand, what the fare might be. He stated 50 cents. She had to walk the distance. Their tariff awards them 25 cents for such a journey, but they sometimes take advantage of the presence of a woman to play the mean game of extortion.

THE MARKET—Friday—was excellent. It made amends for the meagre supplies of the past few days. While vegetables are lowering in price, as well as other articles so plentiful at a spring market, flour, it is anticipated, will be somewhat higher than last week.

RUNAWAY.—As the Hon. Malcolm Cameron was driving up Rideau street yesterday, his horse took fright. During the run one of the axle-trees of the buggy broke. A lady and child, in company with the hon. gentleman, were slightly injured. The horse was caught by Constable Graham.

To-night there is to be a grand concert in the Rink Music Hall, for the benefit of St. Alban's Church, intended to have been under the patronage of Her Excellency Lady Young, but who is, at the present moment, in Montreal, and unfortunately will be absent. The object in view is good, and we earnestly hope that the attendance will be good.

A GOOD TUMBLE.—A span of horses engaged in drawing earth from a cellar now being sunk on Sussex street, opposite York street, while attempting a passage way to the street, fell into the cavity some four or five feet. It caused some amusement to the bystanders to see the laborers unbuckle every strap of harness to relieve the animals, while by detaching the whiffle-trees the matter might have been performed in a couple of minutes.

OTTAWA BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY.—The Red River volunteer members of this corps, will, we have been informed, leave at mid-night for their rendezvous at Brockville The following are the names of the men selected:

Gr. Duncan Thompson,	No. 6	Battery.
" John Osborn	6	"
" David Hamilton,	4	"
" James Rees,	1	"
" William Yuill,	4	"
" Matthew Lyons,	4	"
" James Berke,	1	"

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—The following gentlemen have been elected the officers of this Society for 1870:

President—E. A. Meredith, L.L.D.
1st. Vice-President—Sandford Fleming, C. E.
2nd. Vice-President—A. S. Woodburn, Esq
Secretary—George Kennedy, M A., L.L.B.
Treasurer—James Ogilvy, Esq.
Librarian—David Matheson, Esq.
Curator—Lt.-Col. J. Wily.
Councillors—C. R. Cunningham, Esq., William Porter, Esq., John Langton, M.A.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The local hits given by the members of this excellent company, last night were really good. A few of the drives at the dead-heads were happy. Some of our journals follow the volunteer system, and permit any fellow who may come along to write for them. This is not journalism. A number of these young men scribble a few lines and dead-head their way into places of amusement. The members of the Press are never over-anxious to amuse themselves save for the information or entertainment of the public.

Jim Smiley's Frog.

MARK TWAIN'S MASTERPIECE.

He cotched a frog one day and took him home, and said he calkilated to educate him and so he never done nothing for three months but sit in his back yard and l'arn the frog how to jump. And you bet he did learn him too. He'd give him a little punch behind, and the next minute you'd see that frog whirling in the air like a doughnut—see him turn a summerset, and maybe a couple, if he got a good start, and come down flat footed and all right like a cat. He got him up so in the matter of catching flies, and kept him in practice so constant, that he'd nail a fly as far as he could see him.

Smiley said that all the frog wanted was education, and he could do almost anything, and I believe him. Why I've seen him set Daniel Webster down here on the floor—Daniel Webster was the name of the frog—and sing out:—'Flies, Dan'l flies,' and quicker'n you could wink he'd spring up and snake a fly off'n the counter there and flop down on the floor again as solid as a gob of mud, and fall to scratching the side of his head with his hind foot as indifferent as if he hadn't no idea he'd done any more'n any frog might do. You never seed a frog so modest and straightforward as he was, for all he was so gifted. And when it came to a square jump, ing on a dead level, he could get over more ground at one straddle than any animal of his breed you ever seed. Jumping on a dead level was his strong suit, you understand, and when it came to that Smiley would ante up money to him as long as he had a red. Smiley was monstrous proud of his frog, and well he might be, for fellers that had travelled and bin everywhere all said that he laid over every frog that they seed.

Well Smiley kept the beast in a little lattice box, and he used to fetch it down town sometimes, and lay for a bet. Once a feller—a stranger in camp, he was—came across him with his box, and says:—

'What might it be you ve got in the box?'

And Smiley sorted indifferent like:—

'It might be a parrot, or it might be a canary, maybe; but it ain't, it's only just a frog.'

And the feller took it looked at it careful and turned it around this way and that and says:—

'H'm— so tis. Well, what's he good for?'

'Well,' Smiley says, easy and careless, 'hes' good enough for one thing, I should judge—he can out jump any frog in Calaveras country.

The feller took the box again and took another long and particular look, and gives it back to Smiley, and says very deliberate:—

"Well, I don't see no points about that frog that's any better'n any other frog."

'Maybe you don't,' Smiley said. 'Maybe you understand frogs, and maybe you don't understand them; maybe you ain't only an amateur, as it were. Anyways I have got my opinion, and I'll risk forty dollars that he can outjump any frog in Calaveras county.'

And the fellow studied a minute or two, and then says kinder sad like:—'Well, I'm only a stranger here, and I ain't got no frog, but if I had a frog I'd bet you.'

And then Smiley says—'That's all right. That's all right. If you'll hold my box a minute, I'll go and get you a frog,' and so the feller took the box and put up his forty dollars along with Smiley's and sat down to wait.

So he sat there a good while, thinking to hisself, and tuk the frog out and pried open his mouth, and took a teaspoon and filled him full of quail shot—filled him pretty near up to the chin, and set him on the floor. Smiley he went out to the swamp and slopped around in the mud for a long time, and finally he ketched a frog and fetched him in, and gave him to the feller, and says;

"Now, if you are ready, set him alongside of Dan'l with his forepaws just even with Dan'l's, and I'll give you the word." Then he says, 'one—two—three—jump!' and him and the feller touched up the frogs from behind, and the new frog hopped off lively, but Dan'l gave a heave, histed up his shoulders—so—like a Frenchman, but it wasn't no use; he couldn't budge; he was planted as solid as an anvil, and he couldn't no more stir than if he was anchored out. Smiley was a good deal surprised, and he was disgusted, too, but he didn't have no idea what the matter was, of course.

The feller took the money and started away, and when he was going out of the door he sorter jerked his thumb over his shoulder—this way—at Daniel, and says, again, very deliberate, "Well, I don't see no other points about that frog that's any better'n any other frog.

Smiley stood scratching his head and looking down on Dan'l a long time, and at last he says:—'I do wonder what in the nation that frog throwed off for; I wonder if there ain't something the matter with him; he 'pears to look mighty baggy somehow; and he ketched Dan'l by the nape of the neck, and lifted him and says, 'Why, blame my cat, if he don't weigh five pounds,' and turned him up-side down and he belched out a double handful of shot and then he see how it was, and he was the maddest man! He sat the frog down and took after that feller, but he never ketched him.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11333W6m

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

SATURDAY, APRIL 30th,

Will be presented the Military Drama, in three Acts,

THE FRENCH SPY.

To conclude with the Farcical Absurdity, entitled,

COLD HUCKLEBERRY PUDDING.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....................MR J MARSHALL.

April 10, 1870. 1332 6

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870. 1346 a

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

ALTERATION OF MORNING TRAIN.

NOTICE.

On and from Monday, the 2nd May, THE MORNING TRAIN

Will leave OTTAWA at 7 a. m. instead of 8 in order to connect with the ROYAL MAIL steamers for the East and West at Prescott Wharf.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870. 1346 2

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

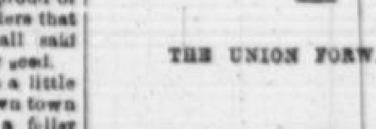
THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1342tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a. m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

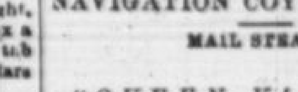
FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a. m., and Ottawa at 4 p. m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

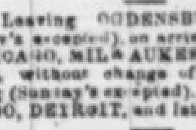


NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a.m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, April 23, 187 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

THE ELEMENTARY CLASSES

FOR

PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION,

Commence THIS DAY at GOWAN'S HALL, at 2:30 p. m.

See advertisement in another column.

H R FRIPP,

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343tf

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

A

UNDER the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Who has kindly consented to be present,

AN AMATEUR CONCERT,

In aid of the funds of St Alban's Church, will be given at the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

SATURDAY, THE 30TH APRIL.

By the kind permission of COL FIELDEN and the Officers of the Regiment, the Band of the 60th Royal Rifles will be present.

COMMITTEE:

LADY MACDONALD, MRS BURRITT.
MRS LANGTON, MRS GRANT POWELL
C L BERNARD, MR KIMBER,
MR MITCHELL INNES,
60th Royal Rifles,
CAPT HINCKS,
Secretary.

Doors open at 8 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.30 o'clock.

Tickets—Price 50 cents. Reserved seats $1.00

May be obtained of the Committee or at Messrs Orme's Musical Depot. 1341td

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THE MOLSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the JOYBANGS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

Dry Goods.

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

his Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

To Let.

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

A HOUSE TO LET

In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces, Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds, and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at G. MORTIMER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

TO LET.

TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.

Apply to EDWARD WALLACE,
A J STEPHENS,
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN,
1333tf Ashburnham Hill.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

TO LET.

Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Alban's Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

Apply to
J J MURPHY,
Solicitor,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1345 6

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1339 tf

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from the REV. C. F. STREET, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, late residence of Mr. Roderick Ross, on MONDAY, the second day of May, at one o'clock p. m., all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Centre Tables Dining Tables, Sideboards, Side Tables, Cane Seat, and other Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, Kitchen Furniture, and many other miscellaneous articles; also will be offered at the same time about sixty volumes of Theological works and other Books; and a fine English Piano, and a splendid silver mounted Flute, cost 50 dollars. Also, a Cooking Stove Box Stoves and a quantity of Stovepipes.

Sale positive and without reserve

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870 1343td

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE.

I. B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from Mrs. Jos. BROWN to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, on Sussex street, below the French Church, on SATURDAY, the 30th of April, at ten o'clock, a. m. all her household furniture, consisting in part of Haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Parlour Sett in Rep, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Side Tables, Cane Seat and other Chairs, Bedroom Setts, together with Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Kitchen Furniture and miscellaneous articles too numerous to mention, together with a lot of Carpeting, Gas Fixtures and Glass Chandeliers; also will be offered at the same time a large double Express Waggon. Sale positive and without reserve.

I B TACKABERRY,
1341 6 Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

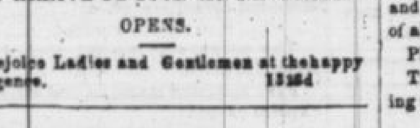
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1340tf JONES & HOLLAND.



FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1326d

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just receved
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1296tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from J. T. BARTRAM, Esq., to sell by public auction at his residence, eastern side of Metcalfe street, between Maria and Slater streets, on SATURDAY, the 30th April, instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., a general assortment of Household Furniture of the best quality.

Sale positive. Terms Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, April 26, 1870. 1343td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Gorsborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to
HECTOR McLEAN,
1336tf Auctioneer.

Boots & Shoes.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

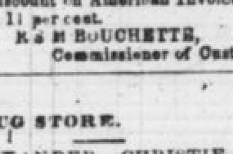
SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 22, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

WANTED.

A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the Russell House.

Apply at
1343 6 THE TIMES OFFICE.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by J. GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assets, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	0
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	0

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	3
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie		Notes of other Banks.	
January	1,146,614	1,799,636	37	75,815	54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857	16	107,321	11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319	80	93,154	02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111	50	104,326	09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693	81	99,151	98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251	76	90,116	44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112	17	146,649	18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301	95	136,991	87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465	29	93,036	20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851	37	110,916	53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397	54	128,332	89
December	1,491,154	1,500,680	83	147,561	10

(By order of the Court of Directors).

R. W. BRADFORD.
Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870 } 1345 3

WANTED.

Wanted immediately four first class JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.

Apply to
BLYTH & RUSSELL,
Wellington street.

Ottawa, April 26, 1870. 1343tf

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times]

Times Office Ottawa, April 30, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 50	@ 4 75
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 12	@ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@ 0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@ 0 20
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 10
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@ 0 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@ 0 00
No. 3 do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

SUNSTROKE—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is a mis-conception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY or consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it man once as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

LEA & PERRINS'

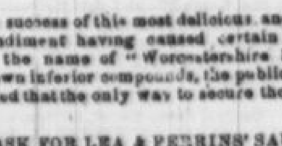
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 1236 1aw

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 1t 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

Dentists,

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. 1236 3aw6m 1aw6m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

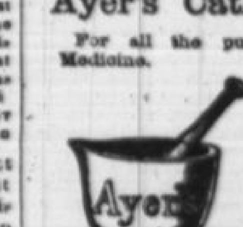
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

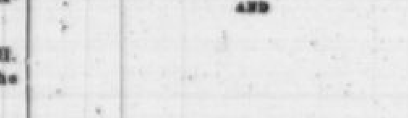
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate It
GRAY HAIR
is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, affecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of Selkirk Settlement, with all the river branches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE.
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

J. BAIRD, M D, C.M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at Baird's Corg, Canada. 16 1m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

J. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission, on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Barton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa,
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awt

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York;
or MERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

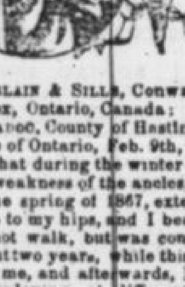
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

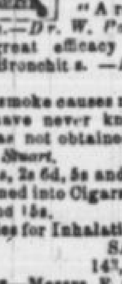
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jeas and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Bunsey, Barristers, Ottawa. 3a3-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co's "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

297tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

E. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—R A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and so pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

384 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R M HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1275 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE;

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number. 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

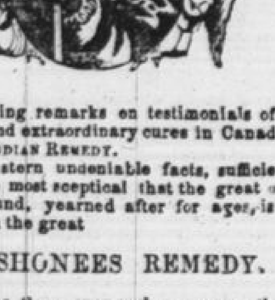
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hesey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

WANTED,

Information of JAMES and FRANCIS HOYLE from Lindley, Huddersfield, England, and if they will correspond with their friends or with JOSHUA MORTON, Glen Tay, P O, Township of Bathurst, Ont., they will hear of something to their advantage.

281 J MORTON.

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonell, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its important interests shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR BARNES.

1298tf

Educational.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 86, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best brands.

Those not having had a trial of our Teas are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried them. Wines and Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with Toothache, Neuralgia, &c.? Relief from Fraser's Magnetic Pain Remedy, the GREAT PAIN CURER. Neuralgia, as sure as in three minutes. Neuralgia, or acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by its intenseness of its pain and its short periods of attack, may be cured within two minutes. Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,

1364 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour of Ottawa and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35 Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

Managing Director.

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Main Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

December 28, 1869. 1236

P. WHELAN,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Family Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABRADOR HERRINGS,

numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Teas, fresh and cheap.

Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily.

BRANDIES—Cognac Brandies; Renault & Co., Pinet, Hennessy's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in bottle.

WINES—Sherries, all grades, Ports of every quality, Burgundy, Sauternes and Maderia Wines, all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

proof and over, at extremely low prices; and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey; Irish Whiskey, Old Irish Potteen; and London Porter, pts and qts.; and other Ales; and Syrups, all grades.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE, SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

1105

TELEGRAPH COMPANY, under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman; D C THOMSON, THOMSON, T H D

Manager. 1141

TO STORE KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

I give notice of my intention to sell retail or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

Of trade during the last four years compelled me to enlarge my manufactory, and intend to make the wholesale trade.

I have now is undoubtedly the best, and the question of quality is readily making known the fact that I raise from seed procured at any expense; it is the best; they will the favorable comparison with any imported; another and important fact is that manufactured in Ottawa the freight, packing, duty and other charges, enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower.

NASH, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, Ottawa, or direct

Factory on the bank of the River.

Empty Pickle bottles collected, highest prices given. 1196

EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex

advanced on goods consigned for sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M.

DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and several banks.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, will commence her Dancing Classes on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber has decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in addition to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month; orders received at Mr. Bermingham's, and at E. Miller's Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral), a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory, Lessons on Piano and Singing, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1869.

GEO. HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Back street, Centre Town,

Between SPARKS & QUEEN STREETS.

DERRICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Cumberland Street, next to the City Hall,

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants of the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in attending to their rafts while in the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Walter Smith, E W Cruice.

1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY, FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he always keeps on hand, in season, every variety of the above, which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLS,
No 85 Rideau